MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1896. TWO CENTS.

*NOTHING GOES LIKE THIS GOES!*
*NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE THIS SUCCEEDS!*

Our Season-Startling Public-Pleasing

## Suit and Overcoat Sale!

One More Great Week And it the last.

That our immense stock may be still further reduced, that no one may escape the opportunity offered, we shall continue this week only to offer

ANY SUIT IN THE HOUSE

**$14.98**

Thus you buy $20.00, $22.00, $25.00 and $30.00 Suits—two big pennies less than half the last price named.

During this wonderful choice sale we place on sale a big line of Men's All-Wool Suits at

**$6.50, $7.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00**

**You Need Not Shiver** and your pocketbook scarcely feel it, when for this week only we're selling our good all-wool Overcoats and Ulsters for such low prices that poor stuffs are no longer wanted.

THE $10.00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS REDUCED TO..... $7.85
THE $12.00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS REDUCED TO..... $9.85
THE $15.00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS REDUCED TO..... $11.85
THE $18.00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS REDUCED TO..... $14.85
THE $25.00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS REDUCED TO..... $18.45

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

Last Days of "Kelly"

F. S. Kelly, the Furniture and Carpet man at 710 and 712 West Superior street, leaves Duluth in a short time, and to close out the balance of his stock in a few days cuts prices to less than the actual cost of manufacture.

**Carpets.**

All wool Carpets at prices ranging from, yard 35c to 50c
That used to sell for 65c and 75c.
Body Brussels, per yard 80c
Former price $1.35.
Brussels Carpets, per yard 45c and 55c
Former price 85c and $1.00.

**Chamber Suites.**

The $35.00 ones now for $20.00
The $30.00 ones now for $18.00
The $18.00 ones now for $12.50

Make your Xmas purchases here where a little money goes a great ways.

Fancy Book Cases, Rocking Chairs, Couches, Extension Tables, Etc

F. S. Kelly, 710-712 West Superior Street.

Your choice of Our Cloth Jackets at ½ Price . . . .

FREIMUTH'S.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

TO THE TEACHERS AND SCHOLARS OF PUBLIC AND SUNDAY SCHOOLS; ALSO YOUNG FOLKS IN THE CITY OF DULUTH:

We have just received, fresh from the shop, the largest 4-horse sleigh in the city, will accommodate 30 people. Can be rented at reasonable prices. Make arrangements ahead; also 2 and 3-seat trap sleighs, pole and single cutters.

Nichols & Thomas, Board of Trade Livery.

Telephone 440.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.

Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861.
103 Trust Company Bldg, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)

CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. 25 000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate if you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

# BERLIN

### The German Reichstag Will Oppose Emperor William's Naval Expenditures.

### And Will Not Vote Money For the Proposed New Warships.

### French Chamber of Deputies Orders the Release of a Socialist.

Berlin, Nov 30.—The debate on the budget was commenced in the Reichstag today. Count Pasadowsky, the secretary of the treasurery, dwelt upon the favorable financial position, and stated that the surplus for 1896-97 would probably be 24,545,000 marks, from which would have to be deducted 9,000,000 marks to cover the supplementary estimates. The current year, he added, was the first since 1875 in which there had been no increase in the public debt. Proceeding, the secretary demonstrated the necessity of increasing the salaries of the public officials, as provided in the estimates. (Cheers from the right.)

Herr Fritzen, Centrist, criticised the estimates of 1897-98 as being less favorable than those of the current year. In so doing, he referred to the dissatisfaction felt by the president at the military pensions. He declared that the increase in the naval expenditures was exorbitant, and insisted that reductions were absolutely necessary. He added that the sum demanded for an ironclad to replace the Koenig Wilhelm, and for the new cruisers, would not be voted as the reichstag was not favorably disposed to the "limitable naval schemes of the government." Continuing, Herr Fritzen said: "We will not allow our very life blood to be drawn, nor will we be allured by the phantom of a world embracing policy, which once before drove the German empire to its doom." (Centrist and Leftist cheers.)

## GOVERNMENT SNUBBED.

### French Chamber Orders a Socialist Released.

Paris, Nov. 30.—In the chamber of deputies today, M. Jourde, Socialist, representing the Chateau division of Seine-Et-Oise, moved that the house order the immediate release of M. Chauvin, the Parisian deputy who was arrested yesterday during the outbreak at Garmaux against the visiting socialist deputies. He said this was not a party question, but concerned the dignity of parliament. M. Barthou, the minister of the interior, replied that the magistrate had allowed the prosecutions because there had been a flagrant offense of the law. But, he added, if the chamber ordered his release and the suspension of the prosecution the government would bow to its decision. The motion was adopted by a vote of 285 to 76.

ITALIAN PARLIAMENT REOPENED.

Rome, Nov. 30.—The Italian parliament was reopened today.

## JOHN SCOTT DEAD.

### End of the Career of a Self Made Man.

Philadelphia, Nov. 30.—Hon. John Scott, ex-United States senator from Pennsylvania, and formerly the general solicitor of the Pennsylvania Railway company, died last night at his residence in this city after a long illness, at the age of 74 years. Mr. Scott was a member of the senate from 1869 to 1875, being succeeded by William A. Wallace. He was born in Huntingdon county, Pa., and had little to aid him in winning the distinction he attained as a politician and a lawyer.

His educational advantages were but limited, being confined to the primitive rustic schools of his home. He studied with Judge Thompson at Chambersburg, who was also the legal preceptor of Senator Henderix, of Indiana, and after his admission to the bar he located in Huntingdon. Mr. Scott leaves a widow and six sons, William W. Scott and Walter Scott, prominent lawyers in Pittsburg; John Scott, Jr., a lawyer of this city; George Scott, a coal merchant in this city; Irvine and Dr. J. Allison Scott, assistant medical director of the Pennsylvania Mutual Life Insurance company.

## DESTRUCTIVE CYCLONE.

### At Least Three People Killed in Oklahoma.

Perry, Okla., Nov. 30.—News reached here of a destructive cyclone at Ralston, a small town on the Arkansas river, fifty miles northeast of Perry. There is hardly a whole house left in the town. Mrs. Dorman and two small children were killed and many wounded. The large store of J. B. Comer was blown down and in Foley's livery barn, fifteen head of horses were killed. In Payne county, fifty miles east of here, many farm houses were laid low and several persons were wounded. After doing its work at Ralston, the storm crossed the Arkansas river and struck the Osage Indian nation and for twenty miles northeast took everything in its path. It seems to have gone to pieces there. The path of the storm was about a quarter of a mile wide.

"TONIE" JOY MURDERED.

Cincinnati, Nov. 30.—At 8 a. m. Thomas Joy, known as "Tonie" Joy and well known in sporting circles, died at the hospital. He was murdered. Some one shot him during the night, but Joy never regained consciousness and the police are unable to get any clue to the murderer or the cause of the murder.

## NEW POSTMASTERS.

### Why Several Officials Were Suddenly Removed.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The president today made the following appointments and removals of postmasters: Illinois, Evanston, Charles Raymond, vice David P. O'Leary, removed; Missouri, La Platta, J. W. Oversteet, vice William E. Cole, dead; Mexico, Luke W. Morris, vice John W. Mason, removed.

The old postmaster at Evanston was charged with going out of his jurisdiction to sell stamps and postal supplies so as to increase the receipts of his office and raise his salary and allowance. This is regarded as a serious violation of the rules and works to the detriment of adjacent offices.

The summary action in the case of the Mexico, Mo., postmaster is the outcome of numerous charges which have been on file here since the political campaign closed. They include pernicious activity in politics, insulting the president and making attacks upon his alleged neglect of office. He is a believer in free silver coinage and the complaints set out that during the campaign he made himself obnoxious by breaking up gatherings of the opposite political faith.

In the neighborhood of 100 postoffices are involved in charges of pernicious activity in politics now filed with Postmaster General Wilson. They include a number of big offices against whose heads serious accusations are made. The policy of the postmaster general has been to act as leniently as possible and make removals only when necessary, and accordingly all the charges, save half a dozen, have so far ben ignored, though action on a number of the others will shortly follow.

## YOUNG MAN SUICIDES.

### Superintendent Marshall of the P. R. R. Takes His Life.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Robert E. Marshall, 34 years old, superintendent of the Altoona division of the Pennsylvania railroad, shot himself at his father's house in Washington this morning. Mr. Marshall was one of the most valued young men in the Pennsylvania service. For some time he has suffered from acute nervous troubles resulting from overwork, and it is to this that the tragedy is attributed. He was a son of J. W. Marshall, at one time a professor at Carlisle college, Pa., consul to Leeds during the war, and assistant postmaster general under President Grant. His wife, who was Miss Tyson, of Maryland, died a year ago, and this doubtless contributed to the condition which brought about his end. He leaves two sons.

## MASONIC TEMPLE.

### Indianapolis Masons Dedicated a New Shrine.

Indianapolis, Nov. 30.—Today is the first of three days that will be consumed in the dedication of the new Temple house on South Pennsylvania street. The dedicatory exercises by Henry L. Palmer, thirty-third degree sovereign grand lodge commander of the supreme council of Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of the Northern Masonic jurisdiction, who will be assisted by Thomas E. Balding, thirty-third degree, of Milwaukee. About 700 members of the order are present from this and adjoining states.

The new temple cost $150,000, is nine stories high and is entirely fireproof. It stands on the site of the old one destroyed by fire several years ago, and is, it is claimed, the most thoroughly equipped of any temple in the United States. The dimensions of the temple are depth, 102 feet, frontage, 80 feet, and the banquet hall, to be used for the first time, is 100 by 60 feet and will seat 800 persons.

## PACIFIC CABLE.

### Conference Meeting Daily at Colonial Office London.

London, Nov. 30.—The Pacific cable conference is meeting daily at the colonial office in secret session. The taking of technical evidence has been finished. This included the evidence of London cable manufacturers and A. H. Preece, the technical director of telegraphs of the postoffice of Great Britain. The commission is trying to finish the commercial evidence this week and will endeavor to complete its report before Christmas. The commercial witnesses include the Canadian merchants in London and the admiralty officers. The principal criticism is expected from George H. Murray, who represents the treasury department. The Australian and Canadian delegates differ only on minor details.

LABOR LEADERS INNOCENT.

Leadville, Col., Nov. 30.—In the district court today the cases against the officers of the miners' union, charged with being implicated in the murder of Fireman Jerry O'Keefe, who was killed during the attack on the Coronado mine Sept. 27 last, were dismissed on motion of the district attorney, who said he had no evidence against them. The hearing in the case of Charles Bone and William Rowe, charged with the O'Keefe murder was begun behind closed doors.

CHAPMAN'S CONTEMPT CASE.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The supreme court has dismissed the writ of error in the case of Elverton R. Chapman, the New York broker, charged with violation of the statutes in refusing to answer questions put by the senate sugar trust investigation committee two years ago. This makes it necessary for Chapman to serve his sentence at least technically. He will doubtless be promptly surrendered by his bondsmen and the case again carried to the supreme court on habeas corpus proceedings to test the contitutionality of the act on which the prosecution is based.

WILL REPRESENT CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Chicago will be represented at the Indianapolis monetary conference which begins Tuesday by H. F. Donoman, William Diskinson and P. B. Weare. These gentlemen have been selected by president William T. Baker to represent the Chicago board of trade in the deliberations of the convention.

A JEWELRY HOUSE FAILS.

New York, Nov. 30.—Isaac Swope & Co., manufacturers of watch movements and jewelry, confessed judgment for $7390 today. The total liabilities are estimated at $75,000 with nominal assets of $50,000. The firm has a branch in St. Louis.

# CANTON

### Distinguished Visitors in Large Numbers Call on the President-Elect.

### Senators and Congressmen Were the Most Numerous of the Visitors.

### A. L. Ordean, of Duluth, Formerly of Canton Visits Major McKinley.

Canton, Ohio, Nov. 30.—Maj. McKinley had many visitors today. In the list of callers the names of many prominent men are found. In fact, there have only on rare occasions been in Canton as many distinguished party leaders as are here today. A number of members of congress about to start for Washington, some having only stopped off between trains en route, and others have come direct to Canton to confer with the president-elect.

Among the early arrivals was Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, who came in over the Fort Wayne road at 10:26 and went direct to the McKinley house, remaining there till 2:05, when he left for the East. He was a guest of Maj. McKinley at lunch and held a long conference with him.

Congressman Charles N. Fowler called for a short visit during the forenoon and had a conference with the president-elect. Hon. M. H. DeYoung, of the Chronicle, San Francisco, accompanied by Mrs. DeYoung, arrived during the early morning and were at the McKinley house for some time, Mrs. DeYoung spending nearly the whole morning with Mrs. McKinley while the gentlemen talked. Congressman H. C. Van Voorhees of the Zanesville, Ohio, district, arrived here this morning, and ex-Congressman R. R. Thomas, of Metropolis, Ill., who reached the city Sunday evening, called at the house during the morning.

A. L. Ordean, a former Cantonian, but now a leading business man of Duluth, Minn., called to pay his respects. Gen. Horace Porter, of New York, who is expected to be chief marshal of the inaugural parade, who has been in Cleveland with Mr. Hanna for several days, came to Canton shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon and went direct to the McKinley home.

## STEINWAY DEAD.

### Noted Piano Maker Succumbs to Typhoid.

New York, Nov. 30.—William Steinway, the piano manufacturer, died today at his residence in this city. Death was due to typhoid fever. Mr. Steinway, who has not been in good health for a year past, was taken ill with typhoid fever about four weeks ago. He was thought to be progressing toward recovery until Saturday morning, when he suffered a relapse. His physician was instantly summoned and remained with him until the end came at a little after 3 o'clock this morning.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday at 10 a. m. There will be private services for friends and relatives and at 1 o'clock the public funeral services will be conducted at the Liederkranz club, by the many societies of which Mr. Steinway was a member. William Steinway was born in Seeben near the city of Brunswick, Germany, March 5, 1836. His father, Henry Enghelhard Steinway was a piano manufacturer of that town. Mr. Steinway was educated in the schools of his native town, learning English, French and music. At 14 he was an expert musician. In 1849 Mr. Steinway's father sent his son Charles to this country to ascertain the possible field for a piano business here.

The report was favorable and in 1805 the eldest Steinway moved to New York city. The business was limited to the manufacture of a piano a week. Nine years later the Steinways built their present factory on Fourth avenue from Fifty-second to Fifty-third street. In 1872 additional factories were established at Astoria, L. I. In March, 1865, Charles and Henry, Jr., died and Theodore, giving up business in Germany, came to New York and assumed a share in the business. William Steinway became the head of the firm in 1889.

In 1867 after the close of the Paris exposition, William Steinway was unanimously elected a member of the Royal Prussian Academy of fine arts at Berlin, Germany. In the same year the grand gold medal was bestowed upon him by King Charles of Sweden. He was also elected a member of the Royal Academy of Arts of Stockholm. On June 12, 1892, Emperor William II of Germany, bestowed upon him the Order of the Eagle, third-class, the highest distinction ever conferred by that country on a manufacturer. On April 15, 1894, William Steinway was elected honorary member of the Royal Italian Academy of St. Cæcilia of Rome, the oldest and most renowned academy of the old world. Mr. Steinway was always active in public affairs. In 1871, he was an active member of the committee of seventy appointed by the citizens of New York to prosecute the Tweed ring. In 1888, he was the member of the national Democratic convention which nominated Cleveland for the second time.

Mr. Steinway was one of the committee appointed to secure the world's Columbian fair for New York city. At a meeting at the city hall, he opened the subscription list with $50,000. When congress finally decided that the fair should be held in Chicago, his patriotism and liberality were exhibited by a subscription of $25,000. In the presidential election of 1892, Mr. Steinway was one of the Democratic electors-at-large for the state of New York and he was unanimously elected president of the electoral college at its meeting in Albany. Mr. Steinway was a member of the original Rapid Transit company and was re-appointed when the old commission was abolished and the new one named. His compensation of $6250 as member of the old commission was distributed by him among fifteen charitable institutions in New York city.

It's a Fake Game and We Can Prove it!

This half price Cloak selling may be considered by the perpetrators a master stroke, but in the end it will prove to be the stroke that breaks the camel's back.

Sunday

Was spent in marking their stuff up in order that they could sell them at half price; such methods and such unmitigated gall is hardly worth our attention.

WE GIVE THE PEOPLE OF DULUTH credit for having at least some idea of values and above all the good judgment of staying away from traps and games of this kind.

Mark You

We are not selling our garments at half price, and we are selling them, "yes" selling more of them than all the other houses combined. That is one of the reasons this half price boomerang sale is sprung upon the people.

We want you to shop

We want you to see what you can get elsewhere for your money, then come to us, and if we can't save you money on Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Suits, Skirts or Furs they won't cost you a cent.

Our Everyday Prices

Will discount any half price quoted elsewhere.

Important Notice

To convince our patrons we are not talking through our Hats we will have on exhibition a few samples of the half price truck for your inspection and comparison with the goods we sell at our

Regular Everyday Prices

and if ours are not better and cheaper take one for nothing.

Panton & White,

Glass Block Store.

# COREA

## Americans Practically Control That Little Country, Not the Russians.

## A Chimerical Steamship Line That Probably Will Not Materialize.

## The Trans-Siberian Railway Pushing on Towards Vladivostock and Hankow.

San Francisco, Nov. 30.—R. W. Irwin, who has been in Japan for thirty years and has represented the Hawaiian government there, first as consul and afterward as the minister, during the greater part of that time, arrived from the Orient on the steamer Doric yesterday. He said: "The statement that Russia has established a sovereignty over Corea is incorrect, although the fact that the king has housed the Russian legation might lend credence to that supposition. Japan's ambition does not extend to Corea. American influence is uppermost in the kingdom, and I am credibly informed that the king is acting entirely under the advice of Americans, Minister Sill, the secretary of the American legation, and an American missionary by the name of Underwood.

"Irwin says that Japan's sole ambition now is commercial and industrial development. The government is encouraging the construction, operation and maintenance of railway and steamship lines and manufacturing industries. He declares, however, that a false impression has been gained of the extent and importance of the steamship subsidies recently offered. The subsidies offered are inadequate for the purpose of maintaining a powerful line of trans-Pacific steamers," he declared. "The Nippon Yuzen Kalasa, which has undertaken to run a line of ships between Japan and Seattle, will think better of the project before two or three years are passed, and the company, which is headed by S. Asano will, in my honest opinion, never materialize. It will be many years before San Diego is the terminus of any Japanese trans-Pacific steamship line that Asano or any Japanese capitalists or corporation may establish. Asano's undertaking is largely a myth.

"Just now the trans-Siberian railway is attracting considerable attention in the Orient. I believe that in three years the trans-Siberian railway will be completed to Vladivostock and to a port on the Yang Tse river, probably Hankow. It stands to reason that the road will tap China if it wants to get business. Its terminus will not be an open port in Korea. It will be a port on the Yang Tse river, the tea market of the world. Russia will build from the Mongolian frontier to Peking with French capital, and China will build from Pekin to Hankow or some other point near by on the river, with British capital. That is the present fixed program, and Li Hung Chang will see it carried out if he lives a few years. He said as much when in England. China's part of the program can only be consummated by doubling her customs duties. She is now taking steps towards the accomplishing of that."

## TYPHUS ANTI-TOXINE.

### German Professors Unearth a New Typhoid Cure.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Commercial Agent Sawter reports to the state department from Germany, on recent experiments by Professors Pfeipper and Kalle with "typhus-anti-toxine." If the hopes of the professors are realized, medical science will receive a most valuabl accession through their discoveries. The expermenters believe that typhus, like cholera germs, may be traced back to the existence in the blood of anti-typhoid substances. The typhoid bacillus is known to exist largely in well and spring water, and the fact that they are frequently the direct causes of infection is recognized by bacteriologists.

Consequently, the experiments, the report sets forth, tend to trace the existence of these germs, and by locating them, preserving numberless lives. It is shown that between the ages of 20 and 25, persons are most prone to the development of the typhus germs. It is claimed that the typhus-anti-toxine can easily and quickly be of great benefit, and especially in time of epidemic.

## EUROPEAN CROPS.

### Early Cold Weather May Reduce the Yield.

London, Nov. 30.—The Mark Lane Express, today discussing the crop prospects, says: "Severe frosts in France and Central Europe has stopped plowing and sowing, and we anticipate a somewhat reduced wheat acreage in the entire region between the Vistula and the Bay of Biscay. Winter has set in throughout Russia, the sea of Azoff was closed to navigation Nov. 24, and navigation of the Baltic is dangerous on the northern and eastern coasts, where there is already much ice. Owing to the rainfall in India, the deficiency in the wheat acreage is reduced. But, while famine no longer threatens, a scarcity seems bound to be felt until the spring of 1898. English wheat maintains a good price in London, but the country markets are less firm. The cause of this is clear. In the counties last week 166,684 quarters of English wheat were offered for sale against 69,530 for the same week of 1895."

### NEW ITALIAN CARDINALS.

Rome, Nov. 30.—At a secret consistory held at the vatican today Canon Giuseppe Prisco and Father Raffaele Merotti, both Italians, were made cardinals. The consistorial advocate, Mgr. Capogrossi, pronounced a percration in favor of the beatification and canonization of Joan of Arc. The pontiff referred the question to the holy congregation on rites for examination and report.

### THE HAMBURG STRIKE.

Hamburg, Nov. 30.—Owing to lack of work, several warehouse companies have been obliged to suspend operations. There are now 13,000 men out on strike.

The instinct of motherhood shows itself in a girl's earliest years. Her doll-baby, or it may be a cat-baby, is her most cherished companion. From the cradle to the grave maternal instinct is the center and source of a woman's womanhood; and all her physical life is influenced for good or bad by the condition of the delicate organism most intimately concerned in reproduction.

Every mother of a growing girl ought to anticipate the earliest indications of approaching womanhood and take every percaution to insure health and soundness in this one particular. The slightest indication of weakness should be corrected immediately by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription the unfailing specific for these delicate complaints.

It gives special strength and healthy tone to the feminine organism, and the nerve centres, thus overcoming many distressing symptoms which are wrongfully attributed to neuralgia or dyspepsia or insomnia but are really caused by an unhealthy condition of the special organism.

Mothers may consult Dr. Pierce either personally or by letter, concerning their children's health or their own, in the most absolute confidence, and will receive professional advice free of charge. Dr. Pierce has been for thirty years chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. The best fruits of his life-long experience are embodied in a thousand-page illustrated book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser," containing explicit directions for home-treatment of many complaints which may be successfully managed without a physician, and a vast amount of valuable information about the human anatomy and physiology. A paper-bound copy will be sent free for 21 one-cent stamps to pay the bare cost of mailing, or cloth-bound for ten cents extra. Address above Institute.


## STOCKHOLDERS PROMPT.

### Trans-Mississippi Exposition Cash Comes Rolling in.

Omaha, Nov. 30.—The time for paying the first assessment on Trans-Mississippi exposition stock closed Sunday night and with but slight exception, every subscriber paid his 5 per cent call. One of the busiest places in Omaha Sunday was the office of Secretary Wakefield. It was the last day for paying the first installment on stock to enable the holders to vote for directors of the company and from the number who paid it appears that the great majority of the stockholders are desirous of having their say as to who shall direct the affairs of the exposition.

Secretary Wakefield was not able to state last evening just how much of the stock had been paid in, but was confident that of over two-thirds of the stockholders had paid up. As to what percentage of the stock this represented, he was unable to state until he had had time to foot up the cash book. At 9 o'clock last evening, there was a large stack of letters on his desk which he was just starting to open and with few exceptions, these contained remittances from stockholders and as a rule they were from the large stockholders.

"Practically all of the large subscribers have paid," said Mr. Wakefield; "I have not yet run across the check of the Burlington, but there are a large number of letters to be gone through with. I understand that the check has been mailed, however. The gas company, the street railway company and Frank Murphy, representing the next largest subscription, have paid, so far as this assessment is concerned, as are also most of the heavy subscribers. The manner by which the subscribers have come up with these payments, is most encouraging to the directory and friends of the exposition and will go a long way to convince the authorities at Washington of the bona fide character of the stock subscriptions."

### "NO UNIVERSITY SIGNIFICANCE."

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 30.—The fact that President Cleveland has purchased a house at Princeton, N. J., where he will make his home after the expiration of his term of office, has given rise to a rumor that he would become dean of the Princeton law school. President Patton of the university, who was in Baltimore yesterday, authoritatively denied this rumor. Said he: "There is absolutely no foundation for such a report. While we are all gratified to have the president and Mrs. Cleveland make their home in Princeton, their doing so has no university significance."

### CABLE SERVICE INTERRUPTED.

New York, Nov. 30.—The Western Union Telegraph company's central cable office reports interruption of St. Lucia and St. Vincent and St. Croix and Trinidad cables, cutting off communication by cable with St. Vincent, Barbadoes, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara. Fast sailing vessels will be employed carrying traffic from St. Lucia to St. Vincent, thence by cable balance of distance; additional delay will be about twelve hours.

### A FISTIC ROUND-UP.

San Francisco, Nov. 30.—Tomorrow Tracy, the clever Australian welterweight, will meet Jimmy Ryan, of Cincinnati, in a ten-round contest, under the auspices of the Golden Gate Athletic club. There will also be a six-round go between Jack Stelzer, Fitzsimmon's boxing partner, and Tom Johnson, and the same number of rounds between Charley Rochette and H. Butler at 140 pounds.

### RACEHORSE MORELLO DEAD.

San Francisco, Nov. 30.—The once 3-year-old king of the turf, Morello, died yesterday morning at the Rees ranch, in Contra Costa county. The Futurity and Chicago derby winner has for over thirteen weeks been suffering from paralysis, and although the ablest of veterinarists did their most to save him, their labors were for naught. In his best days, Morello was valued at over $100,000. His sire was the great stallion, Eolus, and his dam the equally famous Cerise.


### A GOOD INVESTMENT.

On receipt of 10 cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size 50 cents.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street, New York city.

I suffered from catarrh three years; it got so bad I could not work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it. A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut avenue, Boston.

### WINTER TOURS.

Winter tourist tickets to Florida Louisiana, Texas and South to California and West are now on sale via "The Northwestern Line." On Dec. 1 and 15 there is a round trip homeseekers' ticket on sale South and West at one fare plus $2. For the best service shortest lines. See that your ticket is over "The Northwestern Line."

E. W. SUMMERS, Agent.


# EMMA

## A Fifteen-Year-Old Girl Who Made Masks For Robbers.

## Knows All About the Kansas City Street Car Robbery.

## Believed to Know Something About the Alton Road Hold-Up.

Kansas City, Nov. 30.—Fifteen-year-old Emma Layton, an orphan, has been held by the police as an important witness against the four men who Thanksgiving night "held up" and attempted to rob a car full of passengers on the Kansas City and Independence Electric line.

To Mrs. James Townsend, who cared for the girl a year ago when she was brought here from Council Bluffs, Iowa, asylum, she declared that she had made the masks for the robbers and knew of their plans, which were, she claims, concocted at the home of the Ridgeway brothers at Centropolis. The girl talks in a rambling manner, and it is believed that her mind is affected. She was recently released from the House of the Good Shepherd, and it is the theory of the police that she fell into the clutches of the gang.

They also believe that she can tell something of the Chicago & Alton robbery. Eugene Ridgeway, the missing member of the gang, is believed to have been seen at Grayson, near St. Joseph, and the police are working on the clue.

## TESTING PUGILISTS.

### Doctors' Day For Fitzsimmons and Sharkey.

San Francisco, Nov. 30.—Yesterday was doctor's day at the quarters of Fitzsimmons and Sharkey. The same physician waited upon both men and he was there as the National Athletic club doctor. His object was to take chests and test lungs and satisfy himself that the men were in sound enough condition to bear the brunt of as hard a contest as it is popularly believed Wednesday night's event will prove it be. In addition to being doctor's day, it was visitors' day and the camps of the rival heavyweights were fairly overrun with people from town.

As the Sausalito is not within as easy reach as the Cliff, Fitzsimmons did not have such crowds hanging on his heels as did the sailor man, but the Cornishman received adulation enough to satisfy the most pompous pugilist. As for Sharkey, whenever he showed himself on the veranda of the Sulock hotel, there was a crowd waiting to greet him. Fitzsimmons' normal chest measurement was 39 inches. Under forced exhalation it is 37¾ inches, and under forced inspiration it measured 44 inches. The only defect in Fitzsimmons was a slight attack of cold in the head, which will quickly wear off. Sharkey's normal chest measurement proved to be 41 inches. With forced exhalation it was 39¾ inches and with forced inspiration 44 inches.

## URUGUAY'S WAR.

### Its Revolution is Assuming Serious Proportions.

New York, Nov. 30.—A dispatch to the Herald from Buenos Ayres says: The revolution is assuming alarming proportions. The federal troops have met with disaster at the hands of the revolutionists, who crossed the Brazilian border into Uruguay. President Borda has received a dispatch from Cerro Largo, near the Brazilian frontier, which says that Gen. Munz, the Uruguayan commander who pursued Saraiva, overtook the latter and was defeated in a battle which followed. Gen. Muniz is reported to have been taken a prisoner. His son, who was captured on the frontier some days ago, is dead. His body was found by a party making a reconnoisance near Valla De Cerro Largo, in the ruins of a house which had been burned by the rebels. The body was charred, but it was recognized as that of young Segundo Muniz.

President Borda's report also states that before Gen. Muniz met Saraiva in battle, the latter sent a message to the Uruguayan general, saying that if he were not pursued further toward the border, Gen. Muniz' son should be released, otherwise he would be killed. Gen. Muniz replied that his duty to his country was above his love as a father. Gen. Gumercindo Saraiva was the chief of the revolutionary party in Rio Grande Do Sul, Brazil, from April, 1894, until the end of the rebellion there. From the time the rebellion ended until the present time, little has been heard of Saraiva. His surrender practically ended the hostilities in Rio Grande Do Sul, and he has since been living in Uruguay.


We tell your doctor all there is in Scott's Emulsion, just how much cod liver oil, hypophosphites, glycerine. But we do not tell him how these are combined. You have your secrets; this is ours. This knack of making the very best thing has come to us from years of experience with just one thing. We make only Scott's Emulsion—all our energy is bent on making that better than any other emulsion in the world. We have no other business thought. Is it any wonder that it is the standard?

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York.


## THEY KNOW.

### Opinions of Some Skillful Chicago Physicians.


The new article now being used in place of coffee has made many friends, and it may interest these friends and others to know the opinion of some of the well known physicians of Chicago on the subject. The following are extracts from a few of their letters, now on file in the office of the Postum Cereal company, limited, at Battle Creek, Mich.:

Dr. G. E. Bass, South Chicago, Ill.: "I have tried Postum and was well enough pleased that I would like to use more of it. Kindly inform me where it can be obtained in this locality."

Dr. Almond Brooks, 21 Quincy street, Chicago, Ill.: "The test I have made of Postum makes me think I can use it in practice as a substitute for coffee, the use of which I daily prohibit."

Dr. William Bohart, Emerald avenue and Forty-third street, Chicago, Ill.: "Your Postum I have tried and like it very much."

Dr. Joseph P. Cobb, "The Clinique," 3156 Indiana avenue, Chicago: "Your sample of Postum is received and brewed. It is pleasant, and when a substitute for coffee is desired, will I believe, be of value."

Dr. Archibald Church, attending physician to St. Luke's hospital: "Professor of nervous diseases, Chicago Polyclinic and home for crippled children Pullman building, Chicago, in a letter to the Postum Cereal company, limited, Battle Creek, Mich.: "I have made a trial of Postum and think it will serve admirably as a substitute for coffee for those who are accustomed to use sugar in that beverage."

There are many more letters of a like character from prominent physicians in all parts of America, expressing their thanks for the help gained and to be gained by their patients in the use of the health coffee, 'Postum.'"

There is but one genuine original Postum Cereal coffee, with a multitude of imitations offered as "just as good."


## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

It is said that Charles G. Dawes, of Evansville, Ill., is slated for the position of private secretary for President-elect McKinley.

A fete organized at Baroda, India, in honor of the visit of the earl of Elgin, viceroy of India, had a terrible outcome in the killing of sixty-nine persons and the injuring of many others by a great crush of numbers, or a panic which occurred in the course of the fete. Nothing is known as to how the panic developed.

Johnny Branham, a Kentucky mountain desperado, and William Moore, a desperate character from Letcher county, fought a duel in which Branham was shot and instantly killed. Moore escaped. The fight occurred over an old feud.

At Washington Ambassador Pauncefote has been officially notified of the appointment of Maurice DeBunsen as secretary of the British embassy at this capital. The new secretary has been distinguished in diplomatic service in a number of capitals in Europe and the Orient, and he succeeds Viscount Gough, who will go to Germany.

Henry Powers, an insane farmer of Marion, Ohio, escaped from the lasane asylum at Columbus. Powers made his way home to where he had an old mother living and he blew his wife's head off, and killed himself.

Pemposo Ramos Rojo, leader of the band of insurgents who attacked the Mexican custom house at Palomas September last, has been captured and placed in jail at Las Cruces, N. M.

The court house at Eastland, Tex., with all its contents, burned yesterday. The building alone cost $65,000. A defective flue was the cause.

Plague is raging in Formosa and the Japanese are dying like sheep.

Louis Mavery, an Austrian boarding house keeper at King's Camp on the drainage canal, a mile south of Summit, near Chicago, was stoned to death and robbed of over $30 on the tow path between the camp and Summit on Saturday evening. Two negroes, Henry Rucker and John Lattimore are held. Rucker has made a confession implicating Lattimore.

A man giving the name of E. L. Bryan, who is thought to have come from Pittsburg, committed suicide at the Kimball hotel, Chicago, early yesterday morning by taking laudanum. In a table in the room was found a note book in which he described for twenty minutes the feelings he experienced as he was dying.

The house of Luther Greenmah, near Perry, N. Y., burned yesterday morning and the father, mother and three children perished.

W. B. Coe, county treasurer at Dallas, Tex., was found bleeding from a wound in the back of his head in the court house early this morning. He claimed to have had a battle with two men who stole $6000 and made their escape.

## THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Frank Vack, of Chicago, was found frozen to death Saturday afternoon two miles north of Fargo. He was out in the blizzard.

Bishop Walker at Fargo has announced his acceptance of the election as Bishop of Western New York, to succeed the late Bishop Coxe.

At Devil's Lake the weather continues extremely cold, the thermometer indicating from 10 to 20 degrees below zero. The first train from the east since last Wednesday arrived Sunday evening. A train load of sheep—thirteen cars—was caught in the blizzard at Grand Harbor, six miles west of Devil's Lake, and were on the track in open double deck cars during the entire blizzard. Out of 2500 sheep, about 500 perished.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The trustees of the state school of mines at Rapid City, have accepted the resignation of Rev. J. W. Hancher, president of the same, and elected G. G. Bennett, of Deadwood, in his place. The present term is unusually successful as regards attendance. Among the pupils are representatives from distant states as well as from foreign countries. On account of the crowded condition of the school the faculty will present a memorial to the next legislature asking $2000 for an additional building.

It is feared when the effects of the recent blizzard are fully known that the losses of stock all over the state will be heavy.

### A FRIENDLY RECEIVERSHIP.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 30.—Judge Dallas, in the United States circuit court today appointed William B. Given, of Columbia, Pa., receiver of the Pennsylvania Traction company, which operates fifty-nine miles of trolley railway in Lancaster county. It is understood that proceedings were inaugurated by those friendly to the present management; and that steps will be taken at once looking to a re-organization of the property. The road cost over $3,000,000.

### BOSTON'S DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Boston, Nov. 30.—What will probably prove a double tragedy took place in a candy and fruit store this forenoon, when H. H. Holmes shot W. H. Jordan, proprietor of the store three times and the latter succeeded in cutting a deep gash in Holmes' throat before he fell to the floor exhausted from his own wounds. The trouble resulted from a quarrel over an unpaid bill. It is believed both men will die.

### BRITISH STEAMER ASHORE.

Key West, Fla., Nov. 30.—The British steamer Mayfield, Capt. Fargher, from Penarth, Nov. 10, for Galveston, in ballast, ran ashore at 1 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 29 on Elbow Reef. The Mayfield is of 1725 tons register, hails from London and belongs to the Mayfield Steamship line.

### FRENCH BOILER EXPLOSION.

Paris, Nov. 30.—Four persons were killed yesterday at Nanterre as the result of a boiler explosion in a urban factory. The damage done amounts to $100,000.

## LEADING WOMEN MEET.

### Executive Gathering of National Council of Women.

Washington, Nov. 30.—The annual executive meeting of the National Council of Women will be held in this city three days beginning Wednesday. The executive board is composed of the president and one representative from each organization in the council. This session will include three public gatherings of great interest. At these meetings prominent women from all over the country will be present, and the occasion

PRESIDENT MRS. MARY L. DICKINSON.

will be a notable one. Of the three open meetings of the national council one will be given to the consideration of the work of the organizations composing the council. Another will be devoted to the work of the standing committees. Representative workers from all the organizations will thus be heard from in regard to the lines of work unitedly attempted by the council. The third or final session will be given to the consideration of the general subjects

VICE PRESIDENT REV. ANNA SHAW.

which are under the charge of heads of departments. Among these subjects will be religion, philanthropy, education, moral reform, social economics and others. Among the most conspicuous figures at the meeting will be Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson, president, and the Rev. Anna Shaw, vice president of the council. Mrs. J. Ellen Foster is also expected to be present. Mrs. May Wright Sewall will represent the international council, and Miss Frances E. Willard may be present.

## LITTLE GUN CHAMPIONS.

### Revolver Championship of America to Be Decided.

New York, Nov. 30.—The first revolver shooting match for the American championship since 1888 will begin today under the auspices of the Knickerbocker Athletic club. It will close Dec. 5. The conditions governing the contest will be as follows: Any revolver the barrel and cylinder of which does not exceed 10½ inches in length, any ammunition and any trigger pull may be used. The distances will be ten and

THE CHAMPIONSHIP CUP.

twenty yards, and the total of the best two 6-shot targets at each distance to count. When firing the revolver must be held in one hand only, with the arm extended. Silver cups will be awarded to the three contestants making the highest scores. Among the experts whose fine scores are among the club's records are Mes. John Jacob Astor and her brother, Baron Willing; Frank H. Lord, C. S. Richmond, the champion of America; Capt. Albert W. Money, Dr. R. Peyor, R. P. Wilder, Dr. C. T. Adams, Guy Robinson, W. E. Carlin, Theodore Beck, Dr. Boyken, Dr. Wesby and Albert A. Cohen.

### SENATOR CHANDLER'S LETTER

Washington, Nov. 30.—The Post, in a cable letter from London, prints today an advance copy of an important article written by Hon. William Chandler, senator from New Hampshire, for the December issue of the National Review, the Conservative monthly, in which he discusses the late election from the Republican standpoint. His principal object is to encourage European bimetallists to continue their propaganda.

The Review, commenting editorially upon the election of Maj. McKinley, cogmatically asserts that "unless the Republican party settles the silver question before 1900, there will be nothing left of that party after 1900."

### A COLLIERY CLOSED.

Ashland, Pa., Nov. 30.—Packer colliery No. 5 at Park Place, Pa., owned by the Lehigh Coal company, closed down today for an indefinite period, presumably for repairs. Eight hundred men and boys are thrown out of employment.


Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

INFANT HEALTH
SENT FREE
A little book that should be in every home. Issued by the manufacturers of the
Gail Borden Eagle Brand
Condensed Milk
N. Y. Condensed Milk Co.
71 Hudson Street, ... New York

Truth and Honesty
were the main items of the Blatz capital 50 years ago, when this brewery was started, and from these items were drawn the ingredients—highest quality, absolute purity and ripe old age—which have
Made BLATZ The STAR Milwaukee Beer
famous the world over. Call for Blatz. See that "Blatz" is on the cork.
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Telephone 62.

Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco


### RUSSELL SUIT POSTPONED.

London, Nov. 30.—The further hearing of the suit of Earl Russell against Lady Scott, his mother-in-law and three men, for criminal libel, was adjourned for a week today, owing to the illness of Frederick Kant, one of the male defendants.

### MAX ALVARY IMPROVING.

Jenfa, Saxe-Weimar-Eisenack, Nov. 30.—The reports circulated in the United States that Max Alvary, the tenor, is critically ill, are misleading. The singer recently underwent a successful operation, which resulted in a complete cure. He is now taking long excursions daily.

### SOCIALIST RIOTERS ARRESTED.

Caraux, Nov. 30.—The authorities have arrested fifty persons in connection with the socialist demonstration and rioting of yesterday.

### ROWE FOUND GUILTY.

Montezuma, Iowa, Nov. 30.—Richard Rowe, who was extradited from Mexico charged with complicity in looting the Hawesville county treasury in 1895, was found guilty in the district court today.


New remedies are being constantly introduced to the public, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup still maintains its pre-eminence.

DULUTH SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS.
3 West Superior Street.
The only protection of the kind in the city. Safes for rent $5 per year and upwards.
Strictly Fire and Burglar Proof.

Money Easily Made.
We need a representative in each county for our line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.
Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write
RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO, ILLS.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK
A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer
CALL FOR—
FITGER'S BEER

Chichester's English Diamond Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists

A House and Lot for $1300
$50 Cash and $15.25 a month 120 Months.
Other properties on similar easy terms at present values.
Union and Zenith Building & Loan Associations.
Office No. 2 First avenue West.

McMartin & Co.
21-23 FIFTH AVE. W.
Pitch and Gravel, Iron, Tin and Slate Roofing.
HOT AIR FURNACES
Skylights, Cornices, Ventilation Pipe, Chimney Tops, Smokestacks, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, etc.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
TELEPHONE 642.
When you want a first-class job at a reasonable price, call on us.


### NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by James Bale, mortgagor, to William Brewster Wood, trustee of the estate of Thomas Wood, deceased, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of January, 1886, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 23d day of February, 1895, at 3 o' clock p. m., in Book 123 of mortgages, on page 216.

And whereas said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of ninety dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage, and the notes secured thereby on the 1st, 1896, and is yet due and owing upon said mortgage; and also in the failure to pay twenty-seven and 20-100 dollars premium for insurance upon said premises as provided in said mortgage, and heretofore paid by the undersigned, thereby becoming a part of said mortgage debt. Now by reason of said several defaults it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and mortgage notes to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole aount of said debt has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting to the sum of thirty-one hundred sixty-three and 10-100 dollars, principal and interest, and the sum of twenty-seven and 20-100 dollars insurance as aforesaid, in all to the total sum of thirty-one hundred ninety and 30-100 dollars, which amount is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: All of lot number thirty-five (35), East Second street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, excepting a strip of land from the westerly side and adjacent to the westerly line thereof one foot in width and extending from said street to the alley in the rear of said lot; which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff or said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, including insurance so paid as aforesaid, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided

Dated November 23d, 1896.

WILLIAM BREWSTER WOOD,
Trustee of the Estate of Thomas Wood, Deceased,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-23-30-Dec-7-14-21-28.

## Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 36-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

## Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

# WEST END

## Entertainment at Great Eastern Hall Saturday a Complete Success.

## A Musical Program of Excellent Numbers Was Presented.

## Musical and Satirical Drama "Cups and Saucers" Was Given.

The entertainment given at Great Eastern hall on Saturday evening for the benefit of the Church of the Holy Apostles was a meritorious affair and was deserving of a much larger audience than was in attendance. The program was carried out, as prepared, with the exception of the solo by Mr. Brockelhurst, who could not be present. The opening number, a piano duet by Mrs. Kingsbury and Miss Sadie Prescott, was charmingly rendered, and the vocal solos by Miss Maud Kerr, Miss Eva Rockwell and Miss Clara Kenny pleased the audience and met with generous applause. The solo by C. W. Warfield was one of the most enjoyable numbers on the program, and the singer was greeted with loud calls for an encore.

The second part of the program consisted of a satirical musical drama, entitled "Cups and Saucers." Miss Susie Johnson assumed the character of Mrs. Worcester and W. F. Scobie that of Gen. Deelah. Both parts were ably represented and reflected credit upon Miss Johnson and Mr. Scobie.

Mrs. Olund played the accompaniments of the evening in her usual correct and pleasing manner. It is understood the entertainment will be repeated at Lakeside.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Kittie O'Neil, of Marquette, Mich., is visiting Miss Ida Dunleavy.

The pupils of the Fairmount school are making arrangements for a fine entertainment to be given at Christmas time.

William McCrae is making preparations to reopen the Bennett hotel.

The W. C. T. U. will meet in the parlors of the Congregational church Dec. 3. Mrs. R. J. Ellison will conduct a mothers' meeting.

James Medland has gone to Virginia, where he will be employed by the Missabe Railway company as air brake inspector.

Fred Monkhouse and George Harrison have returned from a few weeks' hunt along the north shore.

Dr. Cavanaugh has returned from Hastings, where he spent Thanksgiving at his old home.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Prices This Week at Opening Were Lower.

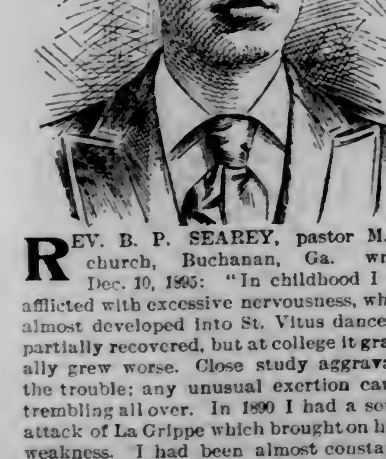
New York, Nov. 30.—The initial prices were a shade below Saturday's final figures with the tendency influenced by concessions in the London quotations for American securities. At the end of the first hour of trading speculation was dull and in the main uninteresting. The market displayed weakness, but the losses were trivial, except in the specialties, in which inside support was plainly lacking. Laclede Gas fell 2 per cent on expectation of an unfavorable legal decision being rendered today.

Prices stiffened fractionally shortly after 11 o'clock with Burlington, Manhattan and Leather, preferred, most conspicuous in the rise. The gains were short lived, however, as increasing firmness in foreign exchange, reflected in advances in posted and actual figures, in some instances, precipitated renewed selling. Sugar fell 1½ and Bay State Gas about a point. The losses in the railway list were continued to fractions. Railroad bonds were dull, but lower in sympathy with the movement in stocks. The sales to noon were 85,100 shares.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.


## Dr. Miles' Nervine Triumphs.

Excessive Nervousness from Childhood. La Grippe Brings on Heart Weakness.



REV. B. P. SEAREY, pastor M. E. church, Buchanan, Ga. writes Dec. 10, 1895: "In childhood I was afflicted with excessive nervousness, which, almost developed into St. Vitus dance. I partially recovered, but at college it gradually grew worse. Close study aggravated the trouble; any unusual exertion caused trembling all over. In 1890 I had a severe attack of La Grippe which brought on heart weakness. I had been almost constantly under treatment for nervous troubles, and changed climates frequently without avail. Last February I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills and since then I have been studying more and working harder than for years and the good effects that have resulted seem to be permanent."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.
DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.


## AGAINST McAULIFFE.

### General Land Department Decision in a Case.

The general land commissioner has rendered his decision in the case of John J. McAuliffe vs. Ole Westling and affirms Register Taylor and Receiver Ryan. The land involved is in section 35-56-5. Both contestants are timber and stone claimants. The land originally was entered by Otto Erickson. He failed to complete his entry within the required time and when he made application to do so later it was denied. He carried the case up and in the interim previous to its decision O. C. Westling made application to file on the land. His application was held in abeyance and when the department ruled against Erickson, he was given thirty days in which to enter the land, as provided by law. John J. McAuliffe the same day that the decision reached here filed a timber and stone claim and it was rejected by the local officers. He appealed to the department claiming to be the first legal applicant. The commissioner decides against him.

## Twenty Degrees Below.

The mercury took a great downward slide this morning, and with one exception broke the record for November. At 7:30 o'clock it registered 20 degrees below zero. On Nov. 29, 1875, it touched 29 degrees below, but the nearest it ever came to reaching that again was in 1884 when it touched 17 degrees. Mr. Kenealy says it will moderate a little tonight and tomorrow, but not a great deal. To night it will probably be from 5 to 10 degrees below. The storm center was east of the Sault this morning and at that point it registered 14 degrees above zero.

## Fire Chief's Report.

The fire commissioners held a regular meeting this morning. Routine business only was transacted. Chief Black's report for the month showed that twelve alarms of fire had been responded to. The losses by fire during the month amounted to $121; insurance involved, $84,100.

## SNOW PLOW COLLISION.

### One Man Killed---Effects of the Big Storm.

St. Paul, Nov. 30.—A Fargo, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Fuller reports of the late storm show it to have been far more serious than was at first anticipated. With two rotary engines working out of Fargo on the Northern Pacific since Saturday morning, No. 1 snowed in five miles east of Valley City, was just reached at 10 o'clock this morning. Only half a mile was cleared yesterday. Drifts in the cuts are six to fourteen feet deep, and frozen like ice mixed with sand. Dynamite is used to loosen it up. The Southwestern branch to Lisbon and Edgeley is still frozen up and no prospects of opening up the road for three or four days. Small towns along the main line are also out of fuel.

A serious accident is reported beyond Oriska today. Two snow plow crews got their orders mixed, and there was a terrible collision, in which one man, a snow shoveler named Hans Hanson, of Mapleton, was instantly killed. A fireman and two section men were seriously if not fatally injured.

## CHIPPEWA FALLS.

### Wisconsin City Threatened With a Winter Flood.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Nov. 30.—A disastrous flood threatens Chippewa Falls. An ice gorge has formed in the Chippewa river, near the Dalles, and the water of the river is backing steadily into the town. From a height of ten feet, it rose to fifteen and a half in two hours today and residents in the lower portion of the city are moving their stock and household effects to protected ground. Great excitement prevails in the city. The thermometer registers 5 degrees below zero.

## BURNED TO DEATH.

### Army Chaplain and Daughter Perish in Flames.

Washington, Nov. 30.—A dispatch received at the war department says that the residence of Chaplain M. C. Blaine, at Fort Ringgold, Texas, was burned this morning, and both Blaine and his daughter were burned to death. Mrs. Blaine escaped uninjured. The chaplain went upstairs to save his daughter and was overcome in the flames before he could make his way out. Chaplain Blaine was a native of Kentucky, but wsa appointed to the army from Pennsylvania.

## CASHIER SUICIDES.

### But the Bank's Affairs Are in Excellent Shape.

Minneapolis, Nov. 30.—A special to the Journal from Fisher, Minn., says that M. Smaker, cashier of the Bank of Fisher, shot himself dead yesterday. His father died insane and he feared following in his footsteps. The bank's affairs are in excellent shape.

## THE TEMPLE QUARTET.

### Scored a Success at a Grand Rapids Concert.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Ladies' Temple quartet, of Duluth, did splendidly here Saturday evening in the musical and literary entertainment given by the Public School Literary society. The large audience was very appreciative, and numerous wishes are expressed that these artistic singers will soon appear here again. Excellent literary numbers were given by Miss Lena McCarthy and C. P. Murphy, and a good recitation by Miss Lulu Smallwood.

Miss Blackburn, Miss Smallwood and Miss Lou C. Smallwood were delightfully entertained by Mrs. Fuller at her home, and the Misses Louden, Shannon and Stroughton were entertained at the hotel Pokegama.


AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only, and sold by all druggists.


# HIGHER

## Wheat Went Up Owing to a Budget of Bullish News.

## The Liverpool Market Was Higher and the Northwest Receipts Were Lighter.

## World Shipments Smaller and the Visible Showed a Light Decrease.

Wheat started strong this morning, with everything tending towards higher prices. The Liverpool market came to the rescue of the bulls. It quoted the price of spot wheat and futures from steady to ½d higher than at the close Saturday, and, of course, the bullish significance of that lay in the fact of its being in spite of the decline of about 1c at Chicago Saturday. The strength imparted from Liverpool was added to by a private cablegram from Paris which called the market there excited and advancing because of cold weather and bad accounts of the crops. Still another source of strength was the smallness of the domestic receipts at leading Western points. Chicago got only 17 cars, against 514 a year ago, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported only 400 carloads compared with 770 a week ago and 1542 on the corresponding day of the year before. The world's shipments were over 1,000,000 bus less than last week's, though larger than last year's. The combined effect of such news was a higher and strong opening, and the rise was maintained for over an hour. Then the bullish feeling oozed out and a decline ensued, but towards the close the market firmed up again and closed at a good advance for the day.

The visible supply was somewhat of a disappointment the decrease being only 1,057,000 bus instead of 1,500,000 bus decrease as had been generally expected. That of course was sufficiently bullish at the reduction given, although from the action of the market after the figures were received, the crowd did not think so. The total in sight was 58,915,000 bus against 63,903,000 bus last year. The amount on ocean passage increased 240,000 bus. The demand at Chicago to go to country millers licked up 35,000 bus at ¾c in store above the December price in the first hour of the session. Later in the day, when the price had declined to 84c Norton & Worthington sold 10,000 bus direct to Liverpool. A sale of 12,000 sacks of flour to go from Baltimore to South Africa was likewise reported.

May wheat opened here 1½c up at 85¼c and sold up quickly to 85½c. After the first hour it declined to 84⅜c and after noon sold down to the split 84-⅛c. Then a recovery set in and it advanced steadily to 85⅛c The close was easy with sellers at 85c, being 1¼c higher than Saturday's close. December closed 1¾c higher at 82¼c. The mills bought 15,000 bus of cash stuff at 1¼c under May, and shippers took 35,000 bus at 1½c under May. Cash wheat closed 1¼c higher and wheat to arrive advanced ¼c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 85½c; December, 83⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 83½c; December, 82¼c; May, 85c asked. No. 2 northern, 81c. No. 3, 76½@77½c. Rejected, 69½@77½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 84½c; No. 1 northern, 82½c. Rye, 40c. No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 3 oats, 18½c. Flax, 76c; May, 80c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 120, oats, 1; rye 1; barley, 7; flax, 22. Receipts—Wheat, 176,461 bus; rye, 6348 bus; barley, 10,620 bus; flax, 27,150 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 310,917 bus; oats, 2806 bus; barley, 10,158 bus; flax, 21,992 bus.

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Showing the stock of grain in store, by grades at Duluth, at the close of business on Saturday, Nov. 28, 1896:

| Wheat. | Bus. |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard | 182,973 |
| No. 1 northern | 812,229 |
| No. 2 northern | 576,25 |
| No. 3 spring | 386,629 |
| No grade spring | 38,64 |
| Rejected and condemned | 86,731 |
| Special bin | 564,184 |
| Total in store | 2,612,64 |
| Decrease for the week | 1,247,576 |
| Amount wheat in store corresponding date last year | 5,248,617 |
| Corn in store | ..071 |
| Oats in store | 141,353 |
| Rye in store | 293,63 |
| Barley in store | 377,839 |
| Flaxseed in store | 1,829,057 |

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Nov. 30.—Money on call easy at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling Exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $1.86¾@4.87 for demand and $1.83½@4.83¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $1.84@4.84½ and $1.87@4.88. Commercial bills $1.82½. Silver certificates 65¼@¾; no sales. Bar silver 65. Mexican dollars 50⅜. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered and coupon, 61¼; 5s registered and coupon, $1.13⅜; 4s registered, ex. int., $1.00; coupon, $1.10¾; 2s registered, 95½; Pacific 6s of '97, 99½c.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 34,000; left over, 2000. Market active and 5@10c higher. Light, $3.35@3.65; mixed, $3.30@3.65; heavy, $3.20@3.65; rough, $3.20@3.30. Cattle, 15,500. Best strong to 10c higher; others steady. Beeves, $3.15@5.35; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.00; Texas steers, $2.90@4.10; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.90. Sheep, 12,000; lambs, 5@10c higher; sheep strong. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 13,231; shipments, 2901. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 140; shipments, 340. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 2135; shipments, 226. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 21,000.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Close, wheat November, 81⅜c; December, 81¼c; January, 82⅛c; May, 84⅝c; July, 79⅝c. Corn, November, 23⅛c; December, 23¼c; January, 23⅞c; May, 26⅞c. Oats, November, 18c; December, 15⅞@¼c; May, 21⅞c. Pork, November, $7.00; December, $7.00; January, $7.92½; May, $8.27½. Lard, November, 3.95; December, $3.95; January, $4.15; May, $4.37½. Ribs, November, $3.97½; December, $3.97½; January, $4.02½@4.05; May, $4.22½. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 91@93c; No. 3 red, 85@87c; No. 2 spring, 82c; No. 3 spring, 79@81c; No. 2 hard winter, 81@83c; No. 3 hard winter, 78@81c; No. 1 northern spring, 84c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23½c; No. 3, 22¾c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 18½c; No. 3, 16@18c. Rye, cash, 42¾c; December, 42¼c; May, 46¼c. Wheat, May, 81@84⅛c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 25@37c. Flax, cash, 75½@76c; cash, Northwestern, 77@78c; December, 74@75¼c; May, 80@81c. Timothy, cash, $2.50; December, $2.60; March, $2.70.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Nov. 30.—Wheat opened higher on the higher Liverpool cables, whereas a lower one was expected. Long wheat came out freely on the advance, much of it influenced probably by the fact that tomorrow is delivery day. The market declined to about Saturday's close and looked weak enough to break badly, but as usual did the other thing and closed strong at a cent advance. The strength is on the greatly reduced receipts and the Russian movement which was less than half that of the previous week. The closing of Black sea and Baltic ports for the winter will leave only one source of supply for Europe, where stocks have lately decreased in spite of the large world's shipments of the past three months. The December liquidation can now be said to be completed and now as long as the news continues bullish as it was today we cannot see anything to prevent a substantial advance in the near future.

Corn and oats dull and easy although receipts are very light.

Provisions strong on light receipts of hogs and covering by shorts. Receipts of hogs last week only about one-half as large as same week last year.

Puts, December wheat, 83½@83⅝-¾c.
Calls, December wheat, 85⅜@86¼-⅝c.
Curb, December wheat, 84⅞c asked.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Name of stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Whisky | 13⅛ | 13⅛ | 13⅜ | 12⅞ |
| Atchison | 14 | 14⅛ | 13⅞ | 13⅞ |
| Sugar Trust | 117⅞ | 117⅞ | 115⅝ | 115⅝ |
| Canada Southern | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| C., B. & Q | 78⅛ | 78⅛ | 77⅞ | 77⅞ |
| St. Paul | 74⅛ | 74⅜ | 73⅝ | 73⅝ |
| Chicago Gas | 72½ | 72⅛ | 71⅛ | 71⅜ |
| Del., Lack. & W | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| General Electric | 32 | 32 | 29⅜ | 29⅜ |
| Erie | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ | 15⅛ |
| Reading | 28⅛ | 28⅜ | 27⅞ | 28 |
| Louis. & Nash | 49⅛ | 49⅛ | 48⅞ | 48⅞ |
| Manhattan | 96 | 96⅜ | 94⅛ | 94⅞ |
| Missouri Pacific | 22 | 22 | 21⅜ | 21⅜ |
| Tobacco | 75 | 95½ | 74⅝ | 75 |
| Chicago & N. W | 104⅜ | 104⅜ | 104 | 101 |
| N. P. preferred | 24⅜ | 24⅜ | 23⅜ | 23⅜ |
| Rock Island | 69⅛ | 69½ | 68 | 68½ |
| Union Pacific | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9 | 9 |
| Western Union | 86⅜ | 86⅜ | 86 | 86 |
| Leather | 59⅜ | 60⅜ | 59⅜ | 60 |
| Lake Shore | .... | .... | .... | .... |

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Nov. 30.—Closing, wheat, futures quiet, ½d higher; December, 7s ¼d; January, 7s ½d. Maize, quiet, ¼d higher. December, 3s ½d; January, 3s.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Nov. 30.—Wheat, closed, November, 82c; December, 82c; May, 83¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 84c; No. 1 northern, 82¼c; No. 2 northern, 81¼c. Receipts, 290 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Nov. 30.—Close, wheat, December, 90⅛c bid; January, 90½c bid; March, 92⅛c; May, 90⅛c bid. Corn, May, 32⅜c. Oats, May, 26½c.

## MARINE MATTERS.

### A Steamer Was Burned and Two Men Cremated.

South Haven, Mich., Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer City of Kalamazoo, owned by the H. W. Williams Transfer company, took fire at about 4:30 this morning, and is almost a total loss. Robert Vanostrando, of this place, and Joseph Land, of Covert, who were on the boat, were overcome by smoke and burned to death. Three other men escaped without their clothing. Vanostrando was a single man, but Land had a family. The origin of the fire is unknown. There was a good insurance on the boat.

FROZEN IN AT WASHBURN.

Ashland, Wis., Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Uganda arrived at Washburn last evening with a cargo of coal for the Ohio Coal company, of Ashland. She was frozen in at Washburn, and can neither come here nor get back out of the bay. An effort will be made to secure tugs from Duluth to break a channel for her to come to Ashland, as the tugs here have all been laid up for the winter.

THE NORTHERN WAVE AGROUND.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Northern Wave, bound up, went aground this morning to the eastward of St. Clair Flats. Assistance has been sent.

WENT AGROUND.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 30.—The steamer Tuscarora bound down, went aground to the eastward of the lower end of the St. Clair canal. The Nicaragua and consorts bound up, then went aground on the west bank opposite the Tuscarora.

THE ERIE CANAL.

Buffalo, Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Reports from the line of the Erie canal today say that all boats are likely to get through before the official closing tomorrow. No ice has formed anywhere thus far.

FEW CARGOES LEFT.

Cleveland, Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is nothing left on this market excepting a few Milwaukee cargoes of coal, which shippers are trying to move at 50 cents. Vessel owners are asking 60 cents.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Olympia, 1:20 a. m.; Yuma, 3:40; Mohawk, 4; North Star, 4:40; Pontiac, 5:15; Duncan, 5:30; Schuylkill, 5:40; Lyon, 6:20; Rosemount, Cort, 6:30; Harper, China, Santa Maria, 6:40; Vulcan, 7:15; Paris, 7:30; Vega, 7:40; Montana, 8:15; Ericsson, Holley, Coralia, 10:40.

Down yesterday: Grecian, 5:40 a. m.; Mesaba and consort, 6; Rhoda, Stewart and consorts, 6:15; Charles Lockwood, Spencer, Pennington, 7; W. Chisholm, 8; Neosho, Gratwick (steel), 10; La Gonda, 10:15; Thomson and consorts, 2:20; Rosedale, 2:40.

There is an unknown black steamer bound down on the head of Hurson's Island The tugs Martin and Haynes have gone to her assistance.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Northern Wave, 10:30 last night; Wade, 10:40; Bangor, 11:40; Weed, 3 a. m.

Up yesterday: Fryer, 10 a. m.; Rees, 1:20 p. m.; Trevor and consorts, 2:15; Naples, 3; Continental, 3:15; Hoyt and consort, 4; Drake, 7:20.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Kaliyuga, Fontana, 4:20 a. m.; Penobscot, 10:20; Alva, 11:20. Down: Nicol, 11 last night; Sheldon, Siberia, 12:40 a. m.; Osceola, Vanderbilt, 2; McWilliams, 4:40; Hadley, 6:20; Andaste, 7; Appomattox, 7:40; Colgate and whaleback, Monarch, Waldo, 10; George Farwell, 10:40; Samuel Mitchell, Mahoning, Harvey Brown, Senator, 11:20.

Later—Down: Mariposa, Magna, 1 p. m.

Up yesterday: Manitoba, 9:20 a. m.; Algonquin, Frontenac, Gilbert, 9:40; Bartlett and whaleback, Oglebay, noon; Roby, 2 p. m. Down: Montana, Mohawk, Ericsson, Corliss, 1:20 a. m.; China, Cort, Olympia, 2:40; John Ketchum, Vulcan, 6:20; Lake Michigan, 6:30; Arabia, 9:30; Italia, noon; Grover, H. Chisholm, 8:30; Cumberland, Nicol, 10.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Wawatam, Neshoto, La Salle, Johnson, Lake Erie, coal.
Departed—Codorus, Moran, Buffalo, flour; Majestic, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Havre—Arrived: LaTouraine, from New York.

GLEASON'S DEMURRER VACATED.

New York, Nov. 30.—Judge Gaynor, in the Queen's county court, Long Island City, today announced his decision as to the demurrer filed by Mayor Gleason to the indictment found against him for violating the alien laws. Judge Gaynor refuses to allow the demurrer. The mayor is indicted for not appointing 100 Jeffersonian Democrats, which party is recognized by the state committee as the regular organization in Queen's county. Mayor Gleason says that the applicants were not competent to serve.

## *One Cent a Word.*

**All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.**

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ALL round handy man. Will do any kind of honest work. I have a family to support. Please give me a call. S. A. Ross 317 Mesaba avenue.

BY A MIDDLE AGED WIDOW LADY, as housekeeper in widower's family. For good home and small wages. Address Mrs. Ross, 76 West Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

FIRST CLASS WAITRESS WOULD like situation in or out of town. Address 102 East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED FOR CHAMBER work. Address 102 East Fourth street.

MARRIED MAN, 36 YEARS OF AGE, would like position as bartender. Address J. F. R., Herald.

YOUNG FRENCH GIRL OF 19 WOULD like position at general housework, is not afraid of work. Write at once to Miss Emma Lapierre, in care of William L., 395 West Superior street, city.

WANTED—SITUATION BY GOOD GENeral servant, who thoroughly understands cooking. Address K 10, Herald.

YOUNG WOMAN WHO HAS HAD TEN years' experience as organist on a pipe organ desires steady or temporary position. Address K 81, Herald.

FOREMAN, COLLECTOR OR ANY SIMilar responsible situation wanted by a man who for six years has been in the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company's service; over three years of which as foreman. For reference please address A. H. Lovstad, 117 East Fifth street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper for widower with children. Address K 83, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING by the day. Mrs. Evans, 121 Fourth avenue west.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS SOME KIND of a job around house or store to do chores or any kind of work; wages no object. Address K 87, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN OF good address, position as housekeeper or place of trust; object, more a comfortable home. Address 330 A, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN, COPYing to do at home. Writes a good hand and will work reasonable. Please address Mrs. A. M. L., postoffice, city.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson; 390 Lake avenue south.

*CLAIRVOYANT.*

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

*MIDWIFE.*

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

*TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

WANTED—A GOOD DRIVING HORSE in exchange for a piano, at N. D. Coon's music store.

*FINANCIAL.*

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| C. M. Hill to George B. Morley, timber in 52 12 | $ 5,000 |
| T. G. Vaughan to William Grettum, ½ lots 1 and 2, block 17, Dodge's addition | 500 |
| O. J. Secord to Charles Beuglet, lands in section 24-59-19 | 580 |
| Ida M. Carlson to Sophia Miller, lot 10, block 13, Stewart's addition, West Duluth | 150 |
| Total | $ 6,230 |

## BIG BANK FAILS.

### Missouri National Bank at Kansas City Closed.

Kansas City, Nov. 30.—The Missouri National bank closed its doors this morning, owing to heavy withdrawals of one of its principal depositors. Deposits are $1,500,000, but a statement of the bank's assets and liabilities are not yet obtainable. The bank was classed as one of the strongest in the Southwest. In the panic of July, 1893, the Missouri National was one of other local institutions to go under, but it soon reopened.

## Coates Interested.

Mayor Truelsen received a cablegram on Saturday from the firm of Coates, of London, dealers in securities, asking if it is true that it has been voted to purchase the water plant and that, in the meantime, the city is building an extension which the company, in its present condition, had found it impossible to undertake. Authority was asked to publish a statement to that effect, if true. The mayor cabled in reply that the proposition to purchase had been carried by a small majority on the face of the returns and that a contest had been instituted.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $228,006,484; gold reserve, $130,407,237.

KANSAS JAIL DELIVERY.

Kansas City, Nov. 30.—Thirteen prisoners escaped from the Wyandotte county jail across the line in Kansas, this morning. Three have since been captured, but although every available officer of the city and county is scouring the country, the ten are still at liberty.


$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.


## *One Cent a Word.*

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

WANTED—MIDDLE AGED WOMAN as housekeeper for widower with three children. Address K 79, Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 321 West Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework, who understands a gas range; none other need apply. 1215 East Second street.

WANTED—COOK AND SECOND GIRL. U. S. G. Sharp, West Duluth.

*WANTED—MALE HELP.*

WANTED—MEN TO CUT CORD WOOD on shares, or will sell stumpage. Address K 90, Herald.

*WANTED—AGENTS.*

MEN AND WOMEN OUT OF EMPLOYment and willing to work can learn of a permanent situation at good wages, by writing at once to P. V. H., Box 283, Augusta, Maine.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

*LOST.*

LOST—FOUR MONTHS' OLD COACH dog; black spots. Finder will be rewarded by returning to M. S. Burrows.

LOST—BLACK AN DWHITE SPOTTED rabbit hound bitch; about fifteen inches high with long brown ears. Finder please report at 227 West Third street and receive reward.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

FOR SALE—ONE NO. 5 RADIANT Home and one No. 3 Art aGrland heaters; also a number of others. Will sell or exchange. Refuss & Co., 25 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—A LADY'S FUR COAT, worn four months. Bust measure thirty-six inches. An elegant garment of South American beaver. Will sell for less than cost of cloth coat. Address K 78, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD HEATING STOVE. Call 30 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $200. Inquire at Tremont hotel.


**For Sale---for $150.**

12-horse power BOILER
and 8-horse power ENGINE
In good condition

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY,
12 West Michigan.


*FRATERNITIES*

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 14, 1896. Work. election of officers. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 9, 1896. Work, election of officers. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Harney and Cathreine Harney, his wife, of Duluth, mortgagors, to American Loan and Trust Company, of Duluth, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of May, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 54 of mortgages on page 475; which said mortgage together with the debt thereby secured was duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company to the undersigned Mitchell Harrison by written assignment dated the 21st day of May, 1892, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 23rd day of May, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 55 of mortgages on page 149; and

Whereas said mortgage and the principal note thereby secured contain provisions that if default shall be made in the payment of the interest due on said principal note as evidenced by any of the semi-annual coupon notes attached thereto, and that if any or either of said coupon interest notes shall remain unpaid for ten days after maturity thereof that then and in such case the holder of said principal note may at his option and without notice to the maker thereof declare said principal sum as well as any or either of said past due coupon notes as fully due and payable as fully as if said principal note was payable on demand and may proceed to collect the same by foreclosure of said mortgage; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of two of said semi-annual coupon interest notes each for the sum of $105.00 due respectively on the 1st day of May, 1896, and the 1st day of November, 1896, payment of which was secured by said mortgage and such default has continued for more than ten days by reason whereof the undersigned holder of said principal and coupon notes has elected to exercise said option and has heretofore duly declared and does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage and all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and

Whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due on said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of $3731.09 principal and interest and $75.00 attorneys' fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot number four (4), East Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 12th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of $3731.09 and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and $75.00 attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 30th, A. D. 1896.

MITCHELL HARRISON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CASH, WILLIAMS & CHESTER,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-30-Dec-7-14-21-28-Jan-4.

## *One Cent a Word.*

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

FURNISHED ROOMS—ALL CONVENiences, in excellent neighborhood. Inquire 113 West Superior.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS bath, electric light, storm windows, fine views. Married couple. 729 West First.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS. 220 SEVenth avenue west.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room with all modern conveniences. 324 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

DOUBLE ROOM FINELY FURnished; steam heat. 31 East Superior street.

ROOMS WELL HEATED: FIRST CLASS board; bath, etc. 120 First avenue west.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

*ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.*

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 212 West Second street.

*TO RENT—HOUSES.*

FOR RENT—A SIX ROOM HOUSE AT Glen Avon. Apply to G. Hood Thompson.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with water. 122 East Third street. Inquire of Paul Bollwien, 202 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with water. 123 East Third street. Inquire at 202 East Fourth street.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVEroom house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

*PROFESSIONAL.*

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

*EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.*

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

*WANTED TO BUY.*

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND roll top desk. Address K 80, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, A FEW SHARES of Consolidated Iron company stock. Jamison 717 Torrey building.

# NOTICE

**Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty-One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated January 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,
NEIL McLACHLAN,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
Commissioners.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21-to-Dec. 1 inc.

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

# THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Building, 229 West Superior Street.

Duluth Publishing & Printing Co.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH
Official Paper of the City of Duluth.
Official Paper of St. Louis County.
HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK
17,148.

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Nov. 30.—During Saturday night the barometer rose decidedly in the region north of Montana, and, with the outflow of the air from the high pressure in that section, the severe cold wave prevailing throughout the country from the Rocky mountains to the Ohio valley and the upper lakes had generally increased in intensity by Sunday morning. In the past twenty-four hours the cold has moderated slightly on the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains, and in the region north of Western Montana. At 7 a. m. today it was the coldest in the Saskatchewan valley, with a temperature of 38 below zero at Battleford, and 20 to 30 degrees below zero in Northern Minnesota, Manitoba and North Dakota. At Moorhead, Minn., the coldest November weather for the past twenty-six years was experienced yesterday, with the thermometer at 26 below zero. It is slightly colder than at the corresponding hour yesterday in the Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys and the western part of the lake region. Light snow is reported at Sault Ste. Marie, and the cloudiness has increased with local snows from Montana northward.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 18 below zero; maximum yesterday, zero; minimum yesterday, 15 below zero.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair with slightly higher temperature tonight and Tuesday; light to fresh westerly winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Fair and continued cold tonight; Tuesday fair, higher temperature; fresh westerly winds becoming variable tonight. For Minnesota: Fair tonight and Tuesday; slightly higher temperature Tuesday; variable winds.

### MUNICIPAL REFORMS.

The Herald has received from the National Municipal league a copy of an article prepared by Charles Richardson, dealing with the many difficulties that confront those who are endeavoring to inaugurate municipal reforms. The object of Mr. Richardson's brochure is to explain why so little progress is made in the improvement of municipal government, notwithstanding the efforts that are made to secure it. There is unquestionably an abundance of criticism of the methods of municipal government from various sources, and many evils have been pointed out that ought to be removed, but it is not at all certain that the proper methods of removing them are pointed out by the reformers who want them changed, because too many of the latter make hobbies of some particular ideas and put them to the front as a panacea for all existing municipal evils, thus disgusting many who would otherwise become interested in the cause.

Of course there have been meritorious reforms presented, but which have failed of adoption because public support was lacking. Mr. Richardson accounts for this by dividing voters into two classes—taxpayers who, he thinks, are a "small minority of the voters," and non-taxpayers—and claiming that the latter take little interest in local government reform because they are not directly concerned. As, he says, their pocketbooks are not affected, they are not interested. This is an erroneous view, however. Mr. Richardson is not justified in reaching such a conclusion. As the Indianapolis Sentinel says, it is a great mistake to imagine that men who pay no taxes, or very small taxes, are not directly interested in good municipal government. They all participate in the blessings of good government and the evils of bad government. A man may pay no tax, but if he pays water rates and gets bad water he suffers from bad government. If he uses the street cars and gets bad service he suffers from bad government. All are directly interested in all sanitary work. All participate in the enjoyment of good streets and pavements, parks, shade trees and everything else of a public or quasi public character. It is a great mistake to suppose that there is any lack of community of interest in good government, or that the great majority of the people do not realize that community of interest, or that they do not desire good government, although they may differ as to their ideas of it or the mode of securing it.

Mr. Richardson sums up the cause of the lack of action by taxpayers as follows, although he says the "list is not complete:"

1. Because they fear that their opposition to influential politicians may be punished by an increase in their assessments for taxation, or by a loss of custom or employment, or by some other action injurious to their personal or business interests.

2. Because as investors, employes or otherwise, they have or hope to have some pecuniary interests in corporations, contracts or offices, which would be much less profitable under a government too pure to be corrupted and too intelligent to be outwitted.

3. Because they believe that it pays better in dollars and cents to submit to existing abuses than to expend the time and money required for a long and difficult series of political contests.

4. Because they consider that national legislation affects their personal interests far more than any probable action of their local government, and that their national party must therefore be supported in its efforts to strengthen itself by securing complete control of local affairs.

5. Because they believe the local machine of the opposition party is still worse than their own, and that to promote its success by wasting their votes on a third ticket would only be jumping out of the frying pan into the fire.

6. Because they have no faith in the possibility of subjecting politics to the principals of common honesty, or public affairs to the methods of intelligent business.

The Indianapolis paper, reviewing these causes presented by Mr. Richardson, concedes that they have some weight, but contends that far more important than any of them, as a cause of failure of beneficial reforms, has been the lack of non-political organization for reform work. Where there has been such organization the work has progressed, and where there has not it has dragged. Where boards of trade and other commercial organizations have taken up municipal reforms, where practical men have formed organizations to secure reforms, there has been success, in a measure at least. The individual citizen may see what is wrong plainly enough, but he knows that he alone can accomplish little or nothing. But with organized effort something can be done, provided it is non-political. With an organization that is well officered, alert, active and prepared to work energetically for the cause, and to go into a city campaign prepared to meet partisan organizations on their own grounds, municipal reform may be made a success. Around such an organization intelligent public sentiment will rally and make itself felt at the polls.

### THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

Those who retain visions of the grand Columbian exposition, and no one who gazed upon its greatness and beauty can ever forget it, will learn with interest that even this magnificent presentation of the treasures of the world in art, in science, in manufactures, in agriculture, is to be surpassed at Paris in 1900. In that year the French people will hold another world's exposition, and they propose that it shall eclipse anything of the kind in the history of the world. Already the preparations are well advanced. The plans were worked out long ago and for many months those who are prominent in the management have been devising new and novel ideas that will be embodied in the exposition.

The Chicago Tribune recently asked the pertinent question, what will the United States do for this exposition? The coming congress will be asked to make an appropriation sufficient to enable our country to make a fitting and creditable display. In his last annual message to congress President Cleveland called the attention of both houses to the invitation from France to participate in the coming great international exposition. Many other nations have already considered and accepted the invitation, and some action must soon be taken by the United States. Conservatives may ask: "Do international expositions pay?" It has ben practically demonstrated that they do pay and pay enormously on the investment. Aside from the value we receive in stimulating and progress among our sister nations, international fairs pay us in dollars and cents—millions of dollars, in fact.

A few statistics which will convince the most skeptical are given by the Tribune. Take, for instance, the last two Paris expositions, which occurred in 1878 and 1889. For the years previous to the exposition of 1878 our exports to France mountaed to $14,098,343. The year after the fair the exports made the astonishing increase to $88,194,041, only lacking $2625 of being twice as much as was exported in 1877. The stimulus seems more or less temporary, as the exports after a few years gradually fell off until the next exposition. But the results for even a few years are seen to be of tremendous value. The second year after the exposition of 1878 the exports still further increased to $98,889,209, and the third year fell off slightly to $89,844,100. More remarkable still is the fact that the United States exports increased in an almost corresponding ratio with all other nations which were represented at the same exposition. With regard to other international affairs the experience of a commercial nature has always been the same.

These facts should be sufficient to convince congress of its duty in the premises. Nearly every other country has already accepted France's invitation to take part in the exposition and congress should not longer delay acceptance by the United States and at the same time make a liberal appropriation so that this country may be fittingly represented. France made a splendid exhibit at Chicago. The United States should be well represented at Paris in 1900.

A Washington dispatch says: "W. D. Bynum, chairman of the committee of National Democrats, is in Washington. He states that a large number of the Democrats who voted for McKinley will remain in the Republican party, provided a conservative policy is pursued. He further says that there is a considerable number of Democrats all over the country who believe in a tariff with incidental protection." It is not plain that any other course is open to the gold Democrats. They cannot again get control of the Democratic party, which is now ruled by the silver men.

A Washington special to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat relates the following: "Tell Mr. McKinley that he will take the lid off of hell if he appoints Whitelaw Reid to a place in the cabinet." This was the message Mr. Platt gave to Mr. Hanna when the latter was in New York. "If there is anything that would prompt me to go to the senate," continued Mr. Platt, "it would be the selection of that man to a place in the cabinet. I would go there to fight his confirmation."

A Chicago dispatch to the morning papers says Moritz Rosenthal, the great pianist, is seriously ill and developing a case of typhoid fever. The cause of his attack, which is not stated, is that the musician never found it necessary to wear underclothing in his native country, and had not adopted the American custom of donning flannels at this season of the year.

The Chicago Tribune says: "A 'rock-ribbed Republican organization' of Boston cheered President Cleveland at its banquet, and an equally rock-ribbed Democratic organization of New York extended a similar courtesy to President-elect McKinley. All that is needed now to make the harmony complete is for Watson to hold a banquet and cheer Sewall."

There is a fierce fight in progress in Mille Lacs county. Read the following from the Milaca Times of last week: "No, the Princeton editor never talks through the top of his hat. He can't. There's a brick in it!" The reply from Princeton will no doubt be lively. Perhaps the Princeton editor may throw that brick.

The Cleveland World has gone into the hands of a receiver. Its editor and principal owner is Robert P. Porter, who was formerly superintendent of the census, and who wrote numerous letters to Republican papers during the recent campaign, urging the necessity of a higher protective tariff.

Charles Gates Dawes, of Evanston, Ill., is said to be scheduled for private secretary when President McKinley enters the White House. Of course he is an Ohio man and a native of Marietta, a town which has contributed another well known private secretary, M. A. Hays.

Dan Stuart is agin in evidence. He wants Corbett and Fitzsimmons to fight to a finish for a purse offered by him and to put up forfeits that they will fight at the place he selects. Dan is very unsophisticated. Does he really believe they want to fight?

The New York Tribune, in reply to a subscriber, says: "You can improve the taste of boiled water by pouring it back and forth from one vessel to another to aerate it." This may be true, but why not adopt the speedier method of putting something in it.

The statement by the Republican organs that Mr. McKinley is "not legitimate prey for the office seekers" will fall upon dull ears. There is a large and very hungry crowd out for the offices, and "no" will not be taken as an answer.

Perhaps the eleven newspaper men who will be in the next congress can wield enough influence to work a few changes in the Congressional Record. For instance, it might be put in charge of a managing editor with a large blue pencil.

Klaw & Erlanger, the theatrical managers, have quit the use of posters and the billboards will no longer bear their paper. They have concluded that they can get more valuable advertising by buying space in the newspapers.

Congressman Pickler, of South Dakota, wants to be the next commissioner of pensions, and President McKinley might do worse than appoint him. His selection would be satisfactory to the old soldiers.

There is a county in Georgia where the people did not know of the recent national election. Happy people!

WITHOUT A FLAW.

Minneapolis Times: Senator Washburn opines that Maj. McKinley is deeply impressed with the responsibility of appointing the cabinet, and hence he does not see much show for Merriam. Certainly a man who has a deep sense of responsibility in politics will never enter into his official family a man who has such a trivial sense of the moral duties in politics, hence it may be assumed that Gen. Washburn's ratiocination is without a flaw. It remains to be seen, however, whether the cabinet will be without one.

SWEET WILLIAM'S AMBITION.

Belle Plaine Herald: Ex-Governor Merriam is sticking to the president-elect closer than a plaster, since the result of the election became known. "Bill" wants to be secretary of the interior, because there are millions in it both for Sweet Will himself and for his friends. Shall he get it? Well, we'll see. The Republicans of Minnesota do not want Merriam to be THE party and should he get the chance of warming a cabinet seat there is certain to be music for the boys and music not pleasing to the ears of Republican bosses.

STRANDED BY EGOTISM.

Kansas City Times: Whatever Mr. Cleveland's message contains boots little. He is a man without a party. Stranded by his own egotism, his disregard of his promises to the people that elected him, and his open treason to the political organization to which he owes all the honors and distinction he ever enjoyed, Grover Cleveland will go out of power without the respect of the party he has assisted into place, with the contempt of the party which he has so shamefully betrayed, and to the intense relief of the mass of the American people to whose material interests his administration has proved the most disastrous, all things considered, of any that has existed since the organization of our government.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

## PLUMS FOR THE FAITHFUL.

### Complete List of Offices at McKinley's Disposal.

Washington special: Here is a complete list of offices, including salaries in the more important cases, to which Mr. McKinley may make appointments:

Treasury—Secretary, $8000; first comptroller, $5000; second comptroller, $5000; first auditor, $3600; second auditor, $3600; third auditor, $3600; fourth auditor, $3600; fifth auditor, $3600; sixth auditor, $3600; treasurer, $6000; assistant treasurer, $3600; register, $4000; cashier, $3600; commissioner of bureau of navigation, $3600; chief of bureau of statistics, $3000; superintendent of bureau of immigration, $4000; supervising architect, $4500; supervising inspector general of steamboats, $3500; superintendent of coast and geodetic survey, $6000; director of the mint, $4500; commissioner of customs, $4500; commissioner of internal revenue, $5000; general superintendent of life-saving service, $4000; supervising surgeon general of marine hospital service, $4000. There will be 363 collectors, special agents appraisers and assistant treasurers.

Interior—Secretary, $8000; assistant secretary, $4500; commissioner of patents, $5000; assistant commissioner, $3000; three examiners-in-chief, $3000; commissioner of pensions, $5000; first department commissioner, $3000; second department commissioner, $3000; commissioner of general land office, $5000; assistant commissioner, $3500; commissioner of Indian affairs, $4000; assistant commissioner, $2000; bureau of education, $2000; commissioner of railroads, $4500; superintendent of census office, $6000; director of general survey, $6000; architect of the United States capitol, $4500; superintendent of government hospital for insane, registers of the United States land offices, receivers of public moneys at the United States land offices, Indian agents and a board of Indian commissioners.

For the war department in Washington there are: Secretary, $8000; assistant secretary, $4500; one major general, three brigadier generals and several staff appointments, including an adjutant general, quartermaster general, chief of engineers, paymaster general and commissary general.

Navy department—Secretary, $8000; assistant secretary, $4500.

Postoffice department—Postmaster general, $8000; first assistant, $4000; second assistant, $4000; third assistant, $4000; fourth assistant, $4000; with 3000 first, second and third-class postmasters.

Department of justice—Attorney general, $8000; first assistant, $7000; four assistant attorney generals, three at $5000, and one at $3000. Outside of Washington there are 125 United States judges, 76 United States district attorneys, 76 United States marshals, and 15 justices of the peace.

Agricultural department — Secretary, $8000; assistant secretary, $4500; chief weather bureau, $4500.

Department of labor—Commissioner of labor, $5000.

Fish commission—Commissioner, $5000.

State in Washington—Secretary, $8000; first assistant secretary, $4500; second assistant secretary, $2500; third assistant secretary, $2500; solicitor of state, $3500. Outside—Fifty-one diplomatic offices, 828 consular service.

The others include a civil service commission, three commissioners and one chief examiner; secretary of national museum, $4000; interstate commerce commission, five commissioners, at $7500 each; District of Columbia, three commissioners, $5000; recorder of deeds and registrar of wills; government printing office, public printer, $4500.

## ON THE GRIDIRON.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: The football is but a good abused; it is not that football in itself is to be condemned; it is all right when played as it should be; but when made a slugging game when the victory is won by brutality, it ceases to command respect. One thing is certain, either these abuses will be abandoned or football will go out of existence as a college sport. People don't want to send their sons to a college where the highest ideal is a great football player. Too many young men have been ruined for life by this game. It costs too much, too great sacrifices have to be made to win an exhibition brutal in many respects.

Chicago Chronicle: These savage games have come to be the fashion, and fixing them on this festival day promises to change it from a bone-picking to a bone-breaking holiday. That, however, is only in passing. The occasion leads to the thought that something ought to be done by somebody either to change the fashion or change the game. Football is fast growing to be repulsive except to that underlying survival of the savage in man which leads him to run to see a fight. Prize fighting used to be the fashion, in a way, but its brutality was so prayed and preached and fulminated at that its professors reduced and diluted it until in its present form it is far less dangerous than walking about the streets among the trolley cars.

Philadelphia Inquirer: As to the college championship this year, it cannot be awarded any more than it could be last year. It is a question whether Princeton or Pennsylvania is superior. New York is not a football town, and her newspaper writers know nothing about the game and are incapable of judging, but critics who have followed the big games this fall admit Pennsylvania's strength, and concede that it is much stronger than Harvard. Princeton played Harvard when the latter's team was composed of several substitutes. Pennsylvania played Harvard when she was at her strongest. While Princeton might beat Pennsylvania, this is by no means certain, and it is most unfortunate that Princeton, which has so many graduates and so many friends in Philadelphia, has not seen fit to play with the university. Harvard is a strong third in the race, while Yale is a very weak fourth. Let us hope that the "big four" will be in harmonious relations by another year. College boys ought not to be children.

Chicago Tribune: The graceful humanities of the older education or the culture of the new may not at first glance seem to have much connection with football as it will be played today by rival college and athletic teams in various parts of the United States. Among the amenities in which Horace, for instance, delighted there is no direct mention of football, though he does, in one of his odes, say "the moment has come for carousal, and the foot is now free to strike the earth in brisk measures." But the context shows that Horace had in mind quite another form of foot exercise to that which will be practiced on the gridiron today in this city and elsewhere. Could Horace witness the game at the Coliseum this afternoon his ideas as to foot exercise in relation to culture would be greatly enlarged, though it is to be feared he would see in the maddening scramble on the home-rush but another reason for his devout prayer—"Gods, grant to docile youth worth's upright manners!" His only difficulty probably would be to know to which of the gods whose names are in "the white book of the muses" he should address his prayer or turn for enlightenment as to the real object and purpose of the contest upon which he looked.

## AMUSEMENTS.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Al G. Field, who is justly termed the Napoleon of minstrel managers, keen and alert to the tastes of his legion of admirers, has equipped one of the strongest minstrel shows ever seen. The first part, which is the creation of Mr. Field's fertile brain, is on a scale of grandeur never before equalled. In it will be found exceedingly funny comedians and sweet human song birds headed by the great lyric tenor, Will Walling. The scenic settings and costumes in this portion of the entertainment are exquisite, the harmonious blending of the colors being remarkable. The olio of European novelties, including Lew Sulley, the prince of entertainers, Eddie Fox, the master in imitations upon the violin, Ollie Young, club expert, Bugert and O'Brien, musical comedy experts, Barber and Roberts, bicycle experts. The performance concludes with Mr. Field's revised edition of "Utopia," abounding in delightful comedy. Surprising feats of agility and dexterity by a score of gymnasts, leapers, high vaulters and introducing Mr. Field's famous Arabia steeds, a fitting conclusion to the greatest minstrel show on earth.

At the Lyceum tonight.

## CUBA AND WEYLER.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The people of the United States sympathize with the Cuban revolutionists because they are struggling to escape from a form of oppression that is a disgrace to civilization, and to obtain the blessings of liberty and self-government. It is a notorious fact that the rule of Spain in that unhappy island represents all that is worst in the cruel and bloody metaphysics of tyranny.

Fort Wayne Journal: Weyler said in the long ago that he would crush the rebellion in Cuba before Easter; that failing, he promised the end would surely come by midsummer. Now he says he will deal the revolution a mortal blow by Christmas. Meanwhile the republic in embryo still lives in the pearl of the Antilles. Madrid is excited and disappointed, and Weyler, the Spanish butcher, continues cruel but remains unsuccessful.

St. Louis Republic: The most conspicuous feature of the Cuban war, so far, appears to be the dynamite gun which the insurgents obtained from this country. The insurgent forces have had two of these deadly instruments of warfare, and in all accounts of battles received from insurgent headquarters they have played the most important part in the defeat of the Spanish forces. The repulse of Gen. Weyler's attacks on the strongholds of the revolutionists are all attributed to the destructive work of the dynamite guns.

Louisville Times: The truth as to the recent campaign in Cuba is finally beginning to percolate through the mass of prepared falsehood sent out as news by Weyler's agents from Havana. The captain general did not achieve a victory in his Pinar del Rio excursion. He met a practical defeat. The only engagements he fought were really insurgent victories; the loss of Spanish troops was heavy, and Weyler's sudden return to Havana was an admission of defeat. Havana is now threatened by the Cubans.

IMPORTANT HISTORICAL WORK.

Minneapolis Journal: It is announced from Duluth that Bishop James McGolrick and associates of the Catholic church are to compile and publish a history of early missionary work among the Indians of the Northwest. There is no field of history more filled with romance of courage, of daring endeavor against odds that would blanch a heart of brass, of devotion for the church and the cross than this work of the early missionaries in New France and the Northwest. Authentic records, open to the general public except those of Parkman, are rare, and there is abundant room for what is now outlined. Bishop McGolrick and his associates have at their hands the best of material for such work, and the bishop has for years made the period under question a study. His own library is full of matter bearing on the subject, while there are the houses of the Franciscans at Superior, Wis., a vast store of material collected with intelligent and loving care during the past fifty years, that has never yet seen the light of day. That these men will add something of material value to the literature and history of the West is to be expected.

BACK TO THE RESERVATION.

Itasca County News: "Poor Lo," after having invested the major portion of his government annuity "in the distilled damnation that slumbers in the meek and mild-eyed demijohn," has returned to the reservation with neuralgia in his hair and a maroon-colored taste in his mouth as a sole remembrancer of the kind and provident care vouchsafed him by a beneficent government.

BEAUTIFUL SEA SHELLS.

Everyone admires them. Since coming South I have received numerous inquiries from Northern people for sea shells, and now I am prepared to answer yes, I can send you shells, for I have made quite a collection of lovely shells, beside those from our own coast, the coral reefs and some lovely ones from the West India islands. I will mail a dozen or more different kinds, no two alike, to any one who sends a stamp for postage. Yours, Mrs. F. A. Warner, Jacksonville, Fla.

## THE RAILROAD MEETING.

### Directors and Business Men Conferred Saturday Evening.

The meeting of the directors of the Duluth & Southwestern railway and representatives of the commercial bodies of the city was held Saturday evening as announced. C. H. Graves, P. S. Anneke, W. Buchanan and James T. Hale representing the railroad company, and C. A. Duncan, of the Jobbers' union; E. D. Cobb, of the Trades and Labor assembly; Ward Amies, of the board of trade; Harry R. Armstrong, of the Commercial club, and G. A. Leland, of the chamber of commerce, were present. H. R. Armstrong was elected chairman.

The railroad project was discussed at considerable length and many matters were gone into which could not be given publicity. The company's intention to apply to the county for aid in the sum of $250,000, as given in The Herald Saturday, was presented. The projectors of the road desire to sound public sentiment before bringing the matter to a vote. They do not wish to cause the expense of an election if they think the proposition will not be favored.

A subcommittee consisting of C. A. Duncan and E. R. Cobb was appointed to draft resolutions to be presented this evening.

## THE OLD WAY

### Of Treating Dyspepsia and Indigestion by Dieting a Barbarous and Useless One.

We say the old way, but really it is a very common one at present time, and many dyspeptics and physicians as well consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others, or to greatly diminish the quantity usually taken; in other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but still the moment dyspepsia makes its appearance a course of dieting is at once advised.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting or starvation to a man suffering from dyspepsia, because indigestion itself starves every organ and every nerve and every fiber in the body.

What the dyspeptic wants is abundant nutrition, which means plenty of good, wholesome, well-cooked food and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it. This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's dyspepsia Tablets are adapted, and this is the method by which they cure the worst cases of dyspepsia; in other words, the patient eats plenty of wholesome food, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest it for him. In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not. One of these tablets will digest 3000 grains of meat or eggs.

Your druggist will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the purest and safest remedy sold for stomach troubles, and every trial makes one more friend for this excellent preparation. Sold at 50 cents for full-sized packages at all drug stores.

The readers of our publications are requested to use Salvation Oil for any and all pains. It is a sure cure, 25 cents.

"Cloaks At Half Price!"

Looks well on paper, but is not so in fact; and not being a fact, we would be guilty of breach of confidence to our trade were we to mislead the public in that way. We will not, under any circumstances, **mark up our Cloaks** and then with big trumpets announce a "Half Price" Sale. We have no reason nor any necessity to do it, for we have none but the very best fitting and stylish garments that are ready sellers every day, as our prices are the lowest. None but misfits and cast-off garments are generally put on the market at half price.

Ladies, Listen What We Will Do!

If you are looking for a garment, look at all the Half Price Sales, then look at ours and at our styles and quality, and if you don't find ours cheaper in every respect, the garment is yours. We mean just what we say.

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

Your choice of Our Cloth Jackets at ½ Price . . . .

FREIMUTH'S.

## "THE PRODIGAL SON."

### An Eloquent Sermon By Dr. G. H. Humason.

"The Prodigal Son" was the subject of Dr. Humason's sermon at the First M. E. church last evening. His text was "Father, give me the portion of goods that falleth to me." Luke 15-12. He said that he had received a few days since, a letter requesting him to preach a sermon on the prodigal son. He did not know the reader, but he felt it his duty to comply with the request.

The parable of the prodigal son is the grandest of any of the helpful things uttered by the Lord. It is the lifting of the veil by the hand of love to show us how the heart of God beats. In it, is the most luminous statement to be found of the development of evil in the soul and the awakening of the better elements. By it, we are taught to hate the sins that defile us and how we should return to our loving Father. Examining the career of the prodigal son as the typical sinner, the first point is his demand for his portion of the goods, which he was supported in making by the custom of the Orient. Self will impelled him to make this demand of a kind father, as it impels to demand our freedom of God. We want to take our health and faculties to do as we please with them. From this state of mind every sin takes its rise—this desire for license. Prodigality means wastefulness, which is a sin, for it is selfishness pure and simple, than which nothing is baser. Our health and mental power do not belong to us and we have no right to waste them.

Then the departure. The father yielded to the demand and so does God. Man is a free moral agent and when conscience is stilled, God bestows his gifts on the unthankful and disobedient. Young people and old, who were then present, had taken their departure; the country of "God forgetfulness," and are now pursuing their selfish ends. They say, as did the prodigal, "we want some fun." They do not want to deny themselves. If they want to drink and be licentious, they are going to do it. They are going into a "far country," as far from restraint as possible. People with little money, little beauty and little time are often jilted. In truth, God, upon such, has often bestowed His richest mercies. Poverty, to a young person, is a jewel, hid in the rough but of destiny. Inherited wealth often undermines the character and leads to ruin.

When the prodigal had spent all, he fell into distress. It is not until the so-called friends that attend on prosperity have fallen away with its departure and one is left alone through affliction or adversity does he begin to think God speaks through some affliction and the attention is called to the vast distance from God that sin has placed the erring one. A soul out of touch with its creator, is like a rudderless ship at sea. When the storm of adversity comes, it is helpless.

The prodigal son was a model penitent. Like him, the sinner should return at once and stand not on the order of his going. Many young men in the city today are feeding on husks, occupied in mean and disgraceful employments. If they would at once arise and return home they would be freely forgiven. Any man or woman who, like the prodigal, awaken to their condition and return at once, blaming themselves only, is sure of forgiveness. Agnosticism, saying there is no father; dogmatism, telling the prodigal that he must wait until he dies before he can see God, nor the church, telling him that only through it can he find Him—does not satisfy. The Father is here and can be found now. Going to Him at once, just as he is, the sinner is sure of a royal welcome.

## ON "SOUL POISON."

### Evangelist Hilton Addressed Young Men at the Armory.

Evangelist George A. Hilton addressed an audience of several hundred men at the Armory yesterday afternoon, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. His subject was "Soul Poison," but in opening, he commended the work of the Y. M. C. A., and urged upon all that they patronize that association. The speaker's text was: "The soul that sinneth it shall die." He said that it would be agreed that anything that is not alive cannot die, from which it is to be concluded that the soul is a living thing. God has provided for the sustenance of life throughout all nature. Plants draw their sustenance from the earth, while the animals seek that food which is due to its nature and which is best calculated to nourish it. From this humanity must force the fact that if it desires to sustain life it must eat the food which God has provided. Tastes can be acquired for things which were never intended to pass the lips of man, but the results are always injurious, causing ill health, and, when carried to their extremes, producing death.

The speaker referred the tendency of bad health to grow rapidly, instancing the arsenic eater, who, beginning with a small amount, gradually increased the dose, until an overdose causes death. He also instanced the drunkard, who, beginning with single drinks, is gradually drawn into the habit until it is too strong for control. All life is sustained from something from without. The soul life is higher than the physical life, and, therefore, more susceptible to evil influence. The speaker referred to his own life, when, for forty-three years he had indulged in the evil pleasures of life, and had poisoned his soul. Profanity was the first soul poison to which he referred. God gave the command, "Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord Thy God in vain," not arbitrarily, but because it was best for the welfare of man and his soul. Profanity, once taken into the soul, spreads its influence until it contaminates the whole spiritual being. Profanity and evil speaking are the excrescences of an evil nature.

Mr. Hilton dwelt at some length upon the social evil, discussed its dire results, and urged the necessity of a moral standard and punishment for man as rigid and severe as it is for woman. In nine cases out of ten the so-called "fallen woman" has been knocked down, and her social assailant still enjoys the respect, or at least the tolerance, of the world. He stated that 64,000 unfortunate women had found their way to the potter's field during the year, while their soul-murderers strut complacently in the open ways of life.

A WORD FOR WILLCUTS.

Anoka Herald: When the Republicans are seeking for someone to whom great credit for the victory of Morris is due, let them not overlook Chairman L. M. Willcuts of the district congressional committee. He proved himself an excellent politician and achieved success of which any Republican might be proud. If there are any plums to distribute, don't forget Lee.

# VALVES

### Aldermen Will Take Another Whirl at Them This Evening.

### Report Approving of Mr. Reed's Recommendation Will Be Made.

### Informal Bids on Twenty-Inch Valves Have Been Secured.

The council this evening will wrestle with the valve problem again. The prospect is that there will be heap much talk. Another resolution on the subject will be received from the waterworks committee. It will recommend that the majority report of the special committee on valves, Mr. Reed's report, be adopted. This resolution will be signed by Aldermen Richardson and Rowley, a majority of the committee. And it is asserted that it will pass, two of the aldermen who supported the majority report last Monday evening having announced their determination to vote for the minority report.

These in favor of the majority report, which gives the Rensselaer people the preference on the large horizontal valves, say, on the other hand, that they have lured another vote into their camp, and that the action turning down Alderman Harker's resolution will be reconsidered and the resolution carried. The supporters of the minority report assert that they have discovered that, failing in the move for a reconsideration, the other fellows will endeavor to kick up a dust with the objection that, on the recommendation of Consulting Engineer Rundlett, 20-inch valves have been substituted for 24-inch, and will endeavor to defer action on that score.

The board of public works, however, has secured informal bids on 20-inch valves from all the original bidders but the Rensselaer, and is prepared to submit the figures, with the recommendation that the 20-inch valves be put in as extra work, which would save time. As Mr. Jones, of the Rensselaer company, is on the ground, having arrived Saturday, a bid from it will undoubtedly be in by evening.

It is said that it has leaked out from the office of the Chicago agency of the Rensselaer company that the council will certainly adopt the majority report of the valve committee this evening. A concern in that city that did not put in a bid, but which is watching the situation, received information that the Rensselaer company is resting calmly in the assurance that it will be given the plum this evening, and started inquiries. How the Rensselaer became assured as to the future action of the council is an interesting question to a good many.

The board of public works will report on the matter of the appointment of an inspector of the construction and erection of the pumping engines at Lakewood. It is probable that T. W. Hugo will get the job.

The recommendation of the special committee on machinery that the height of the pumping engines be reduced from twenty to eighteen feet did not meet with the approval of the engineering department, on the ground that the reduction in the height of the pumping station would destroy the harmony of the proportions of the building. An unsuccessful attempt was made to get the committee to reconsider this feature of the report, and it is possible that somebody whose aesthetic perceptions are developed will bring in a resolution aimed at preventing this ignoring of the essentials of sightliness and artistic effect.

The market ordinance will not be ready in time to be presented to the council this evening, nor will there be much of any business of importance other than the valve contract.

It is possible that a diversion may be provided by the appearance at the meeting of a member of the special committee on valves, with a demand of Mr. Reed that he name the person he refers to in his special report as being "from the first" in favor of the Rensselaer valve. The member alluded to is said to bitterly resent Mr. Reed's remarks, and in a mood to "put up a good scrap," in ring parlance.

### The Turkey Shoot.

The postponed turkey shoot of the Central Gun club took place Saturday on the range at Twenty-first avenue west. The cold weather prevented a large attendance, and it also affected the scores to a great extent. The shoot consisted of four events of ten birds each, with four turkeys on each event, and the four highest averages and the two lowest each earned a turkey. The scores were as follows:

Event No. 1—Little, 10; R. M., Squibb, Wojeck, 8; Shell, Jones, Warren, 7; Williams, 6; Field, 5; Wright, 4; John L., Warfield, 2.

Event No. 2—Wojeck, 8; Wright, Warren, 7; Shell, 6; Squibb, R. M., 5; Little, Jones, Williams, 4; John L., 3; Warfield, Field, 2.

Event No. 3—Little, Squibb, 6; Warfield, Wright, 5; Williams, 4; R. M., John L., Shell, Warren, Field, 3; Jones, Wojeck 2.

Event No. 4—Squibb, Field, 8; Wojeck, 7; Shell, Jones, R. M., 6; Warfield, 5; Wright, Williams, John L., Little, 4; Warren, 2.

Average prizes for the four events—Squibb, 1st; Wojeck, 2d; Little, 3d; Shell and R. M., tied for 4th; Warfield, 11th; and John L., 12th.

### Elks' Memorial Service.

The Elks will have their annual memorial service next Sunday at the Lyceum. Joseph W. Reynolds will deliver the eulogy. A. E. M. Custance will be in charge of the music. The clergymen who will officiate will be announced later.

CHANGE OF TIME VIA THE EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Commencing Nov. 29 "Up-to-date" express leaves Duluth at 1 p. m., arrives in Minneapolis at 5:50, St. Paul, 6:15 p. m. Elegant parlor car, meals a la carte. No change in night express. Tickets and berths Union depot or city ticket office, 422 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

### Xmas '96

Close at hand. Pose for your pictures at Zweifel's. Don't wait for a clear day. His photos are the best. The weather makes no difference. Studios, 20 and 21 Phoenix block.

POWER AND SETTLE

# Great Break in Cloaks--Dropped Half

Don't Pass the Dress Goods Counter Tomorrow.

## Now's Your Chance at Cloaks

**Every Cloth Jacket in this house is now selling at ..... Exactly Half Price!**

Here is deep reason for your immediate thinking.

### The Way of It:

From the moment the doors of this store were first opened, continuous, aggressive buying has been a characteristic feature always prevalent in our cloak room. In some instances sizes are broken; in some instances only a garment or two remains in a line; in some instances the lines are complete. Every garment is new in every feature. Out of some 300 garments it is more than likely you'll find your size, as well as a style that will meet your highest ideas of a Jacket.

We have a motive in launching this great sale besides that of preferring to let these fine garments go now, when they are most needed, and that is to again manifest our great low-price selling system.

### Descriptive:

Probably the most important feature of this great sale is that every garment is of this season's most desirable build, in cut, cast, shape, fit and finish, together with all the newest oddities in storm collars and the latest effects in Friezes, Cheviots, Boucles, Beavers, Kerseys, Meltons, and Fancy Cloths. Beautiful silk linings in fancy changeable and plain silks, in keeping with its garment, altogether making it an unusually advantageous time to secure a fine Jacket. Bear in mind—**none reserved.** Every cloth jacket in the house goes at half price tomorrow.

### Terms:

It is imperative that we decline to exchange goods during this sale.

# ○○ POWER & SETTLE ○○

### IT DID NOT WORK.

#### A Clever Scheme to Do Up the Furriers.

Three Minneapolis fur dealers got together Saturday afternoon, compared notes, and concluded that the advance agent of prosperity had certainly got in his work, says the Times. Each was in possession of a letter, sending in a big order for goods, but making no inquiry as to prices. They were all written and signed by the same young lady, who evidently had implicit confidence in their price list. But they are all a little suspicious of the confiding young lady.

The matter was brought to light by Robert Naumann, the furrier doing business at 403 Nicollet avenue. He, together with Simmon and Julius Brzezinsky, other furriers, all doing business on Nicollet, simultaneously received letters dated Nov. 23, but postmarked from Duluth, while all three of the letters showed that they had been written from little towns in this state. The letter to Brzezinsky was supposedly written from Wolf, Minn.; the one to Robert Naumann from Clinton, Minn., and the last one to Simmon from Shaw, Minn., but were all of them written by the same young lady, who signed herself as Miss Maud Bonham.

The Naumann letter was postmarked at Duluth at 2:30 p. m., Nov. 25, and marked at the same postoffice Nov. 26 at 10:30 a. m.

Simmon answered her letter to Shaw, Minn., and the letter was returned by the postal authorities stating that there was no such place in this state.

In her letter, which is produced below, the writer asks that the goods that she ordered be sent by freight, or, as she terms it, by a bill of lading over the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, care of D. M. N.

Here is the letter sent to Robert Naumann, at 403 Nicollet. It was quite poorly spelled and written, as are all of the letters received by the parties whom she tried to victimize:

Clinton, Minn., Nov. 23-96.

"Robert Naumann.
403, Nicollett ave, Minneapolis.

"Gentlemen. Would you be so kind as to fill my order and send by the St. Paul Duluth Ry by bill lading as it is just the same as c. o. d. but by freight called bill lading cash will be on hand when goods arrive here am willing to pay first class prices for goods so send best. At freight you will be explained how to send goods you can ad freight Charges in addition to my bill of goods
via Miss Maud Bonham Freight St. Paul Duluth Ry. care of D. M. N. not by express my goods comes this way."

Then on the other sheet of the letter this would-be clever swindler modestly states her wants, which are not a few, and which run up to quite an amount. Following is a list of what she wants:

"Seal skin coat Double breasted, size 36, large sleeves price about 225 hundred Dollars. Seal skin collarette, real fluffy and fancy, Muff to Match, large Electric Seal Cape lined with floured silk trimmed in fur finger Gloves of seal if you got them 6 1-2 size.

"please Give this your Earliest attention and Oblige me. St. Paul Duluth Ry.

Maud Bonham Clinton Minn."

In her letter to Brzezinsky she makes her list nearly the same. She wants a sealskin jacket with regulation high collar and large sleeves, and the price is the least item she cares about, only she wishes the garment to cost not less than $225.

She wants a large stone marten neckboa with dogs' heads on and tails of light color, and among the other articles she mentions about the same articles as those in the letter to Naumann. In conclusion to Brzezinsky she adds that she would like her goods this week, but that she could wait a little longer if necessary.

It is needless to say that the furriers did not send on the goods to this lavish customer whom they knew nothing about. Mr. Naumann suspected that the letter was tainted with fraud from the very careless manner in which the ordering was done, and at once set out to notify his neighboring tradesmen, when he was surprised to find each of the other two in receipt of similar letters bearing the name of different towns. He wants business men to be on the watch for orders from this gay feminine swindler.

### The New Bridge.

The masonry work on the piers of the Duluth-Superior bridge was completed Saturday. The pivot pier is forty-six feet in diameter. The piers are twenty-two feet above the water level. The iron for the superstructure is to be shipped within a short time. The piling for the approaches will be driven this winter, and it is hoped to have the bridge ready for use by May 1.

### Quickly Apprehended.

James E. Howard, who says he is an ex-soldier of the regular army, appeared to himself on Saturday afternoon in a suit of underclothing belonging to Capt. Brown, of 346 St. Croix avenue. Detective Donovan found Howard at the Tacoma lodging house later in the afternoon and took him to the station. Howard was found to be wearing his plunders. He was made to doubt as it were and taken before Judge Edson. He was a plain case and in less than one hour after his arrest, Howard was on route for the county jail for thirty days.

BEST AND PUREST.
Solon spring water, 50 per gallon.

### BANK CREDITORS MEET.

#### Security Bank Depositors Took Action Saturday Night.

Depositors of the Security bank, to the number of 150, met in the old Postoffice Hall Saturday evening to discuss the proposed reorganization of that institution. W. C. White was elected president, and W. P. Lardner secretary of the meeting. F. W. Paine was called upon to make a statement of the progress of the reorganization, and stated that about 200 depositors, representing $175,000, had signed the agreement, and depositors representing $30,000 more would have to be secured before the reorganization could be made. Nearly seventy depositors represent this amount, and though every effort had been made to reach them, they had not responded. He was of the belief that if a committee of the depositors who had already signed could be appointed it would have a good deal of effect in bringing in the reluctant parties. They had given no reasons for their failure to embrace the plan, and Mr. Paine had none to suggest.

On motion a committee of twelve was appointed to labor with the refractory depositors, and the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman, after stipulating that the committee should report before Dec. 15. The committee is as follows: M. M. Gasser, chairman; U. G. Wray, Henry F. Harris, E. N. Hall, D. T. Adams, C. T. Crandall, Louis S. Loeb, J. E. Cooley, C. E. Evans, David Sang, Carl M. Johnson, W. D. Williams, W. B. Silven. The committee held a meeting this morning to discuss plans of procedure.

### GROCERS ORGANIZING.

Fred Lorenz, treasurer of the National Retail Grocers' association, is hustling all the time in the interests of the national convention of that organization, which meets in Minneapolis this year. He reports that Duluth and Superior grocers are much interested. He is now visiting different parts of the state in an effort to bring about a meeting of the state association by the middle of January.

### RETURNING PROSPERITY.

#### Indisputable Evidences at the Morley Church Fair.

One evidence that the edge of hard times has been dulled is found in the increased interest of all classes of people in new work. This has been happily illustrated in the preparations which have been making for the Morley church affair, which opens tomorrow and closes Wednesday night at 10:30. The Ladies' Aid society has increased largely in membership, but this alone does not account in full for the interest of a large portion of the community in this annual fall sale. Not only the families of the church and congregations and neighborhood, but nearly the entire list of leading merchants are included in the number. The variety of objects offered for sale will be unusual. In this cold weather coal will find a ready purchaser, and there is coal to dispose of. If your hands are getting rough and chapped it's a sign that gloves or mittens are needed. See our goods and prices before you buy elsewhere. If you are hungry, no better place could be found where, amid music and flowers, the inner man can be calmed and satisfied. Even if you are in trouble come just the same and have the only original full-blooded gypsy fortune-teller explain your woes and your future at so much per woe.

These who just at this time are beginning to turn their thoughts to Christmas will perhaps more than any others appreciate the opportunity offered. Among the six booths which are loaded with things needful for each day of the week will be scattered the fancy work and other things which are the product of many weeks' work by the ladies. Some of these pieces are gems in their way, and you will be pleased with the prices, too. No admission will be charged, and if you are among the timid ones when church fairs are mentioned, come without your purse, so you can look about the booths without danger; and then when you really want to buy something, we will send one of our cash boys after your purse for you. A regular system has been adopted, which includes a cashier, cash boys, and a counter where purchases are wrapped up.

The musical and literary treat offered for Tuesday and Wednesday evenings will no doubt fill the house. Professor Tonning, pianist; Mrs. Pherronet, soprano; Mrs. d'Autremont, reader; Miss Smallwood, soprano; Miss Palmer, violinist; Mr. Cox, reader; Mr. and Mrs. Schultz, of the Cathedral quartet, are among those who are to make attractive these two evenings. The fair only lasts tomorrow and Wednesday, at Morley church, Nineteenth avenue east and First street.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

The Great Eastern

Our Guarantee Goes with every garment that we sell. This is not an idle "bluff," but a business pledge.

Last Week's Offers Repeated!

**The Great Stock Reducing Sale.**

Until the surplus goods now on hand are converted into cash.

**Men's Overcoats.**

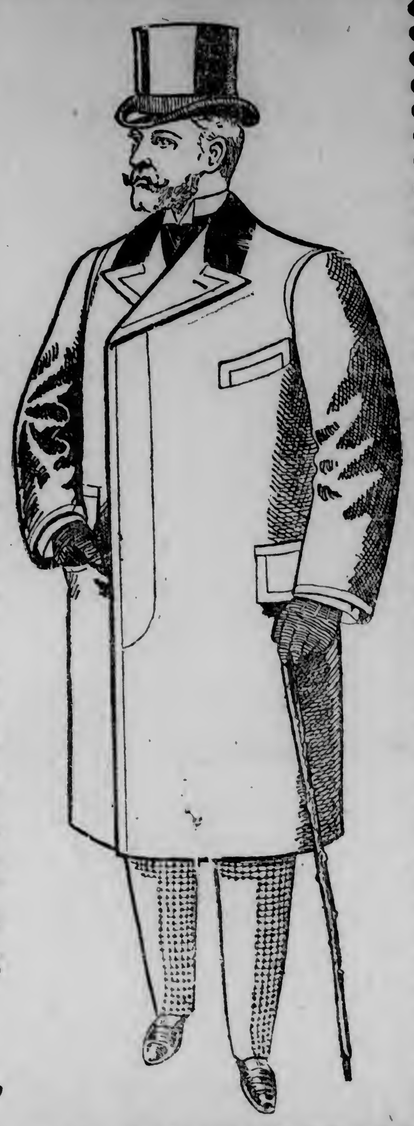
| | |
|---|---|
| $30 and $28 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for | $19.50 |
| $25 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for | $17.50 |
| $20 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for | $14.50 |
| $15 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for | $11.50 |
| $12 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for | $9.50 |
| $10 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for | $7.50 |
| $9.00 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for | $6.50 |

**Men's Suits.**

| | |
|---|---|
| $22.00 and $20.00 Suits Will be sold for | $13.98 |
| $18.00 Suits will be sold for | $11.98 |
| $16 and $15 Suits will be sold for | $9.98 |
| $12 Suits will be sold for | $7.45 |
| $10 Suits will be sold for | $6.45 |
| $8 Suits will be sold for | $5.45 |
| Special lot of 500 Men's Suits, double and single-breasted, | $3.95 |

Careful Spenders are the best savers. These are the people we want to see this week.

M. S. BURROWS, THE CLOTHIER.



# STAKES

**Holders of Liston's Money Tell the Disposition Made of It.**

**M. M. Gasser and F. L. Murray Got Six Hundred Dollars.**

**The Jury in the Stahl Case Against the City Disagreed.**

Some time ago the Pabst Brewing company sued Pat Liston for goods, and L. W. Rolleston, who were alleged to have money belonging to Liston. This morning these gentlemen were brought up to make a disclosure in the clerk's office. Mr. Granger said that he had $200 put up with him by Liston against an equal amount put up by M. M. Gasser on the congressional fight. Liston bet on Towne, and the day after election he asked Mr. Granger not to give up the money, as he wanted to see if there would be a contest. Later, however, the money was turned over to F. A. Patrick for Mr. Gasser, who got it Nov. 9. Asked if he had heard about the garnishee proceedings he said that Mr. Gasser told him there was a rumor of such proceedings. Asked why it was paid over to Mr. Patrick, Mr. Granger said that he supposed it was to get it out of his hands.

L. W. Rolleston disclosed the fact that Liston put up $400 with him on Towne against a bet by F. L. Murray. Liston wanted it held until the question of fraud on the ranges was settled. It was turned over to Mr. Murray on the evening of Nov. 5, and he had no information of the garnishee proceedings.

## THE JURY DISAGREED.

### No Verdict in the Stahl Case Against the City.

A stubborn ten of the jury in the case of Stahl against the city, to recover $5000 for the death of Erick Angstrom, hung up the jury from 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon until 10:30 last night. At that time there seemed to be no possible hope that the refractory ten members could be induced to view the case as the two did, so Judge Ensign put the jury out of its misery by discharging it. The two were very much annoyed at the stubborn conduct of the ten. The latter number are said to have believed that the plaintiff should have a verdict, while the two wanted to give a verdict for the city.

The arguments were long and mighty, but the obstinate ten refused to be reconciled to the views of the two, so early in the proceedings it was clear that a disagreement was the only course. The jury attempted to let it go at that several times yesterday, but Judge Ensign did not release them until last night, after they had been out really thirty-seven hours.

This morning the last jury case, that of Christian Thorenson against the Massachusetts Benefit Life association, was taken up in Judge Ensign's room, but it did not last long. Thorenson took out a $2500 policy in the defendant company, naming his wife as beneficiary. There was a clause in the policy which allowed Thorenson, if he became permanently disabled, to take half that amount and surrender the policy. In this case the plaintiff, after he had been disabled for a year, presented proof of his condition and demanded the $1250. The policy, however, had lapsed before Thorenson made his demand and the company refused it. When the case was taken up this morning the issue came to a head on the question of introducing documentary evidence, and Judge Ensign ruled out the evidence that Thorenson had lost his rights when the policy was suffered to elapse. This practically settled the case and a verdict was directed for the defendant.

Judge Moer at noon was hearing the case of Grace A. Inman against B. B. Inman, her divorced husband, to recover $9500 for rent of the tug Williams. Mrs. Inman claims that she rented the tug to Inman Sept. 19, 1893, and that he used it until July 4, 1896, paying no rent whatever. She also claims that he suffered the tug to fall into bad repair, retained some of her equipments and allowed liens to the sum of $2500 to accumulate upon her. The whole sum, rent and damages included, amounts to $9500. Several witnesses were put upon the stand this morning and testified to the value of the tug before and after she was rented to Inman. H. H. Phelps represented Mrs. Inman and H. R. Spencer represented B. B. Inman.

In two cases of Jacob Fawcett against Edward H. Foster et al, judgment was entered for the plaintiff. The case of the Massachusetts Real Estate company against M. H. Allworth was reported settled and was dismissed.

## Sues a Postmaster.

The United States has begun suit against J. B. Sumner, former postmaster at Pillager, Cass county, and his bondsmen, B. T. Cole and Obadiah Sumner. It is claimed that while postmaster he became indebted to the government in the sum of $107.06 upon which he has only made a small payment and there is now alleged to be due $92.30, which amount the government wants to collect.

## Awarded Him Damages.

John Berglund has secured a verdict against the steamer Centurion for $2500 for personal injuries received in September, 1894, while working in the hold of the vessel at the Pioneer Fuel company's dock. A piece of oak timber fell down into the hold where he was working and crushed his foot. He sued for damages to the amount of $8350. Judge Lochren awarded him $2500.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.

The entire stock at 721 West Superior street selling out, at and below cost. Builders' hardware below cost. Fine locks, knobs, hinges, night latches, all selling below cost. Patented Russia iron heating drums, $2.50, regular price $5. Water fronts for ranges only $2, 6-inch Russia elbows 12 cents, common 5 cents, 5-inch dampers 4c, stove blacking 2 boxes for 5c, best sand paper, 24 sheets for 10 cents, all kinds of files and rasps at cost, everything in the store must go. A set of tinner's tools and machines for sale cheap. 6-inch wall safes 14c, loaded shells, 12-guage, 27 cents, 10-guage 29 cents, powder 25 cents per lb.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

**The Cyclone Has Struck the Cloaks! Tomorrow Your Choice of any Ladies' Cloth Jacket in the House at**

We have no excuse to offer for it, except that we always protect the interests of our many patrons and our own; hence the tremendous reduction tomorrow. You know the magnitude and excellence of our stock and our low prices. It is not needful to say any more.

**1/2 Price**

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Ross, of 907 London road, died Saturday night. The funeral took place yesterday.

The Norwegian Temperance union will give a gold medal contest tomorrow night at the English Lutheran church, corner Lake avenue and Third street. Several teachers of the high school will act as judges.

The ladies of Grace M. E. church will hold their annual fair tomorrow and Wednesday afternoon and evening at the Spellman block, Eighteenth avenue west and Superior street, from 10 to 12 o'clock, and an old-fashioned boiled dinner on Wednesday at the same hours. Oyster and a New England supper both evenings.

The regular meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance union will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the parlors of the First Methodist church.

John Forrenson, employed on the docks at Sixth avenue west, had his foot crushed last evening by a piece of structural iron falling upon it.

John A. Keyes and O. W. Baldwin have formed a law partnership.

A ball will be given next Monday evening at the Kalamazoo block hall. F. E. Blowers, F. A. Noble, Harry Carroll, Philip Hasselblad and W. B. Grubb compose the committee on arrangements.

The reception given by the Young Men's Christian association to the teachers and students of the high school, on Saturday evening, was a delightful affair. An excellent literary and musical program was rendered, after which refreshments were served by the Ladies' Auxiliary.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A son to A. G. and Mattie Fiskett, of 112 West Second street; a son to W. W. and Ruby E. Wilson, of 2710 West Second street; a daughter to Alfred and Aletta M. Johnson, of 2710 West Helm street.

The death of Rudolph Cloutier, aged 10 months, of 1216 Minnesota avenue south, of septicaemia has been reported to the health department.

Officer Fiskett is rejoicing in the advent of a son at his house.

The Somerset Y will meet next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock with Miss Mabel Poessnell, of West Third street.

The annual election of the chamber of commerce will take place tomorrow morning at its rooms in the Chamber of Commerce, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock.

The street railway employes union has elected E. R. Cobb and M. Gleason delegates to the convention of the State Federation of Labor at St. Paul, Dec. 13.

Laura Grose, of 817 East Second street, died Saturday night of diphtheria. She was buried at Forest Hill cemetery yesterday.

Mat Matteson and John Tousson pleaded guilty before Judge Edson today to the charge of drunkenness. They will go up on the hill for a ten days' sojourn. Peter Whalen, a vagrant, was let off with a suspended sentence.

The executive committee of the Associated Charities, at a meeting held Friday evening, re-elected Capt. J. W. Miller secretary for the ensuing year.

The Elks have made arrangements with the Walker Whiteside company to give a benefit Saturday afternoon for the lodge. The play put on will be "The Merchant of Venice."

John McIntosh, of Canada, took out first papers today.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to William B. Henderson, Martin Walden, Henry A. Cress, Arthur Beatty and Robert W. Bradley.

Rev. C. H. Patton gave an interesting review on the various methods of dealing with the liquor traffic at the Congregational church last evening—the Gothenburg, dispensary, high license, local option, etc. The address was practical and helpful, for members of total abstinence societies, some of whom were present.

Mrs. Emely Merritt, delegate to the national convention at St. Louis, has returned and will report to the central W. C. T. U. on Tuesday afternoon in the parlors of the M. E. church.

The decision of Secretary David R. Francis, of the interior, in the case of E. W. Mee vs. S. W. T. Hughart and others reached the local land office today. It was reported by telegraph to The Herald several days ago.

The rumored blind pig that was said to have its stamping ground at Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street appears to have no existence in fact, and the tale seems to have originated in a little neighborhood jealousy.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service, Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

## PERSONALS.

W. H. Tripp, of Cripple Creek, Col., formerly of Duluth, is in the city.

W. R. Jaffray, of St. Paul, is in the city.

W. R. Baumback, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

E. Smith, of Buffalo, N. Y., is at the St. Louis.

G. L. Born, of Manitowoc, Wis., is in the city.

Arthur Perry and Winthrop Coffin, of Boston, were at the Spalding yesterday.

G. H. McEwen, of the Spalding, returned yesterday from a trip of several days to Chicago.

H. W. Hart came up from Rush City today.

Thomas Davidson, of St. Paul, is in the city.

Walter Butler came up from St. Paul this morning.

W. Martin, a well-known Winnipeg grain man, is in the city today.

W. L. Lamprey and Miss Lillian Lamprey, of St. Paul, are at the Spalding.

George G. Williams, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

J. O. Hull, traveling passenger agent of the Lake Shore route, came up from St. Paul today.

W. J. Macdonald, of Chicago, of the firm of E. H. Gay & Co., is in the city today.

Mrs. Adele V. Cormany, late matron of the Women's and Children's home, is the guest of Mrs. W. C. Sherwood.

John Morgan, of Aitkin, is in the city today.

A. J. Thomas, of Ely, is in the city. Duluth today.

G. K. Wentworth, of Chicago, L. R. Wentworth, of Bay City, Mich., and N. R. Wentworth, of Cloquet, are at the St. Louis.

C. M. Bass, of Bessemer, Mich., is in the city.

M. J. O'Rourke, of Ely, came down to Mrs. C. W. Miller, of Virginia, is at the St. Louis.

John Korby, of Ely, is in the city today.

## EJECTMENT SUITS.

### St. Paul & Duluth Road Filed Three Today.

The St. Paul & Duluth railway this morning filed their ejectment suits against Andrew Johnson, Mary Johnson and John Andrews, who are alleged to be illegally occupying land belonging to the road near the intersection of the Duluth & Iron Range with the west line of lot 3, section 23-50-14. The road wants the defendants removed and $500 damages for the detention of the land. Accompanying each complaint was an affidavit of no answer. Hadley & Armstrong, of St. Paul, are the attorneys.

In the case of Andrew Swordling against the Security bank, in which a verdict for the defendant was returned after eight days' trial at the present term of court, the plaintiff has filed a motion for a new trial on the ground that the verdict was not justified by and was contrary to the evidence, and of errors in law occurring in the trial. The motion will be argued in special term Saturday before Judge Ensign.

Skaters' Concert Tonight. Fine Music. Fine Ice.

First indoor skating of the season at new rink, cor. 1st st. & 3d ave E., tonight. Avenue entrance. Admission 25 cents.

## Pearson's Light Expense.

John Pearson, who was the candidate on the fusion ticket for coroner, filed his statement of expenses with the county auditor this morning. The election was extraordinarily inexpensive for him, according to his statement, for the sum of his expenditures was $44.40, of which $20 went to the committee and the remainder for advertising.

## Mlle. Gagnier Assigns.

Mlle. May Gagnier, who has been conducting a millinery business in the Kitchi Gammi building, this morning filed a voluntary assignment for the benefit of her creditors to C. O. Baldwin. The cause of the assignment was a suit by Hill Bros., in which judgment for $425.65 was entered for a balance due for goods sold. An execution was issued and a levy on Mlle. Gagnier's property resulted in the assignment. Allen, Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER, L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

ONE NIGHT, MONDAY, NOV. 30.

AL. G. FIELD MINSTRELS AND UTOPIA.

An entire train of specially constructed cars! 70 people in all—70! Everything new this season! 40 Matchless Minstrel Favorites—40! 30 Acrobats, Gymnasts, Vaulters, Athletes—30! 3 Big Bands of Music—3! The Great Parade starts from the theater at 11 a. m.

A CHOICE Residence Lot AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

Corner lot, fronting on three streets, in best neighborhood, and nearly double usual size. Ask particulars quick of

C. H. GRAVES & CO., Torrey Building, First Floor.

"There are Others" But it will pay you to visit Our Establishment and look over our stock and prices. We manufacture our own goods and can save you money. Our repairing, engraving, and stone cutting is done in the latest style by mechanics of twenty years experience and fully guaranteed. Pay cash for old gold and make to order any design.

Dorner & Co. Manufacturing Jewelers, Metropolitan block—2nd floor, next to Freimuth's.

THE HARVARD ◆ Formerly Cadillac, cor. First Avenue East and Second St. Mrs. John T. Condon, Prop. A family hotel with all the comforts of home. Best Table Board. Finely Furnished Rooms. Steam Heat.

"THE DIGGING OUT"

of decayed teeth is not done by us in the manner indicated above, but by a far more humane and scientific method. We are in the lead with the very latest methods known to dentistry. Everyone who has had experience knows that it is THE EXCAVATING and NOT THE FILLING of the tooth that hurts. We guarantee to excavate the most sensitive teeth without pain and do it with positive delight to both the patients and to ourselves.

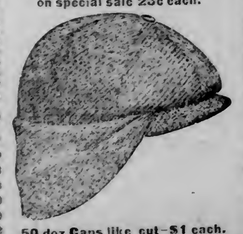
DR. SCHIFFMAN, Burrows Bldg., take elevator on Superior Street

CAP DEPT. First Floor.

50 doz Caps like cut—$1, $1.25 and $1.50 each.

50 doz Caps like cut—on special sale 48c each.

50 doz Caps like cut—on special sale 23c each.



50 doz Caps like cut—$1 each.

100 doz Caps like cut—75c and $1 each.

M. S. BURROWS Complete Outfitter of Mankind.

SUFFEL & CO.

W. L. Douglas $3.00 SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD. A $5.00 SHOE FOR $3.00.

It is stylish, durable and perfect-fitting, qualities absolutely necessary to make a finished shoe. The cost of manufacturing allows a smaller profit to dealers than any shoe sold at $3.00.

W. L. Douglas $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes are the productions of skilled workmen, from the best material possible to put into shoes sold at these prices.

The "Belmont" and "Pointed Toe" (shown in cuts) will be the leaders this season, but any other style desired may be obtained from our agents.

We make also $2.50 and $2.00 shoes for men and $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 for boys. The full line for sale by

We use only the best Calf, Russia Calf (all colors), French Patent Calf, French Enamel, Vici Kid, etc., graded to correspond with prices of the shoes. If dealer cannot supply you, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. CATALOGUE FREE.

SUFFEL & CO., 129-131 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

## A CARD SERVICE.

### New Feature Inaugurated By the Weather Bureau.

The weather bureau has inaugurated a daily card service that will be greatly appreciated. Cards are sent to stores, hotels and public places. They are to be displayed and are to have on them the flag signals and general information, and are also arranged so that a card giving the forecast can be placed upon them each day. The cards with the forecast will be sent out every day so as to be delivered about 10 or 11 o'clock. The forecast will be for the succeeding twenty-four hours.

The flags shown on the card are not displayed in Duluth, with the single exception of the cold wave flag. The flags displayed on the federal building are wind and storm signals and are intended for vessel men. When navigation closes the cold wave flag will be displayed from there. It is now displayed on the Burrows' block.

## Cummings' Hearing.

John Cummings, who was arrested by Officer Ryan while making off with a lot of stuff he had taken from the window of Miss Walsh's shoe store, 13 East Superior street, appeared before Judge Edson this morning on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree. His hearing was set for Friday morning. Bail was fixed at $250, in default of which he was committed to jail.

## Coal Prices

Get our latest prices on coal. Duluth Fuel Co., basement Herald building.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

COME AND SEE US AT THE CORNER OF Nineteenth Avenue East and First St., Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 1-2.

OUR ANNUAL FAIR AND SPECIALTY ENTERTAINMENT.

LADIES' UNION OF THE..... Morley Congregational Church

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

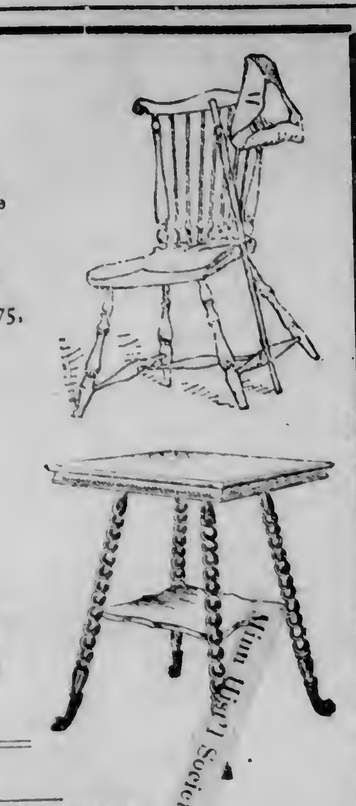
**Christmas is Coming......**

And we are showing the choicest line of useful presents ever shown in Duluth. The prices are placed at the lowest possible point.

**A Choice Table** Like Cut **$2.00**

Other Tables—65c, 95c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.25, $2.50 up to $12.

**A Good Bissell Carpet Sweeper for $1.65.**



Cash or Credit.

COMPLETE HOUSE-FURNISHERS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

First Street and Third Avenue West.

**Ludwig Pianos!**

The most artistic and attractive Pianos ever offered at a medium price.

PIANOS FOR RENT. EXPERT TUNING DONE.

SALESROOMS—Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue W. and Superior St—2nd Floor.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.
E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

**Holiday Books and Novelties!**

We will, as usual, show the finest line in the city of goods suitable for the Holidays.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

The Hudson Bay Company's

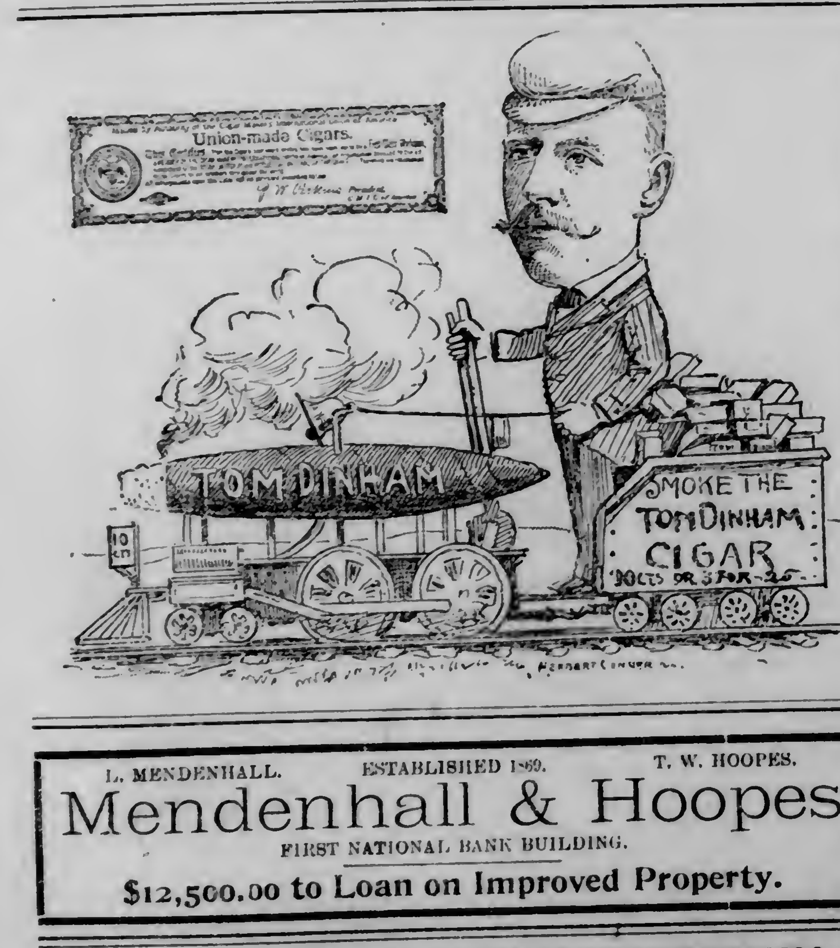
RYE WHISKEY.

10 years in the wood.

A strictly Pure Rye Whiskey for family use. Sold only by

M. Prendergast & Co., Agents

423 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.




L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Who will Miss it .... ??

This ½ Price Cloak Sale at FREIMUTH'S.

# CHIPPEWA FALLS INUNDATED

## The Chippewa River is Rising at the Rate of a Foot an Hour.

## Every Merchant in the City is Moving His Goods to a Safer Place.

## The Wisconsin River Hems in a Milwaukee Road's Passenger Train Near Merrill.

Milwaukee, Dec. 1.—A special to the Wisconsin from Chippewa Falls, Wis., says: The situation in Chippewa Falls is growing more serious every minute. The mammoth ice gorge which formed six miles down the river has backed into the city, and the immense volumes of water coming from above are spreading. Today every merchant in the city is moving to places of safety. The water has filled the basements of the business blocks almost the entire length of Bridge street, and before evening it is expected the water will have reached the court house, eight blocks from the river. There is much excitement in town, but everything is orderly.

About fifty families on the South Side who were forced to move their homes, are reported in want, and relief was immediately dispatched. Some of these families had taken refuge in empty houses, and were without food or warmth.

Bridge Superintendent Callahan, of the Central road, was instructed to blast out the gorge at our east, but he would not undertake the task. He said that all the dynamite manufactured could not budge it, and it seems all that can be done is to sit hands down and watch the approach of the flood.

The water this morning began to rise at the rate of a foot an hour, and it looks as if the entire town would be inundated. It is a critical condition of affairs, but there seems to be no remedy.

### WISCONSIN RIVER.

#### Milwaukee Passenger Train Hemmed in By the Flood.

Milwaukee, Dec. 1.—A special to the Wisconsin from Wausau, Wis., says: The flood in the Wisconsin river continues, and at Granite Heights, ten miles north of here, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul tracks are about half a foot under water for about half a mile. This water is thinly sheeted with ice, which is not strong enough for transfer and yet is enough to seriously impede any attempt to clear the track. No part of the track is yet washed out, but it is not considered safe to attempt to run through the water. The north bound passenger train got through yesterday morning, and was caught by the rise, so that it can only be run now between Minoqua and Merrill.

### EAU CLAIRE'S PERIL.

#### Inhabitants Fleeing For Refuge to the Hills.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Passengers and crews on the incoming trains today confirmed the reports of floods in Wisconsin. Express Messenger Arthur says that the center post of danger is at Eau Claire. He continued: "An express agent whom I relieved at Chippewa Falls told me that a great ice gorge nearly fifty feet high and five miles long had formed near lower portion of Eau Claire. This barricade of ice is forming a reservoir of water which is packed with lumber, drift wood and great floes. The only thing which keeps the flood back is the ice gorge. When that gives way something awful will happen.

"Families are moving away and carrying their household goods to high land. The water has risen everywhere. Four feet of water covers the Wisconsin Central tracks, and it is rising at the rate of six inches an hour. The bottom lands are covered with water and a great loss of stock is said to have been reported by the farmers. Cellars where supplies are kept have been completely filled with water. I hear that the river has already reached the 20-foot mark and is rising rapidly."

The Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul has suspended its service through the Chippeway valley it being utterly impossible to get a train through the flooded country. Logs and limbs from trees are strewn many feet high on the tracks. On some low ground the water rises many feet above the ties. Train crews report that an engine and coach sent out to the lowlands below Durand came back with two score of men women and children on board who were driven from their homes by the flood and were found nearly dead from exposure and cold. The engineer said that he could not finish the trip on account of the water. Burlington bridge at Chippewa is reported by train crews to be impassable. Reed's Landing, above Alma, is said to be totally covered with water and traffic is effectually stopped.

Local railway officials received information that the Chicago, Burlington & Northern road is also seriously handicapped by the ice gorge and rising floods. Passengers on the Wisconsin Central train which arrived from the North at noon report that the water is already five feet deep in the streets of Chippewa Falls and that dynamite is being used in an endeavor to break the gorge.

### DURAND IN DANGER.

#### Country People Driven From Their Homes By Water.

Milwaukee, Dec. 1.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Durand, Wis.: The ice gorge, which began at West Newton on the Mississippi and gradually extended up the Chippewa since Friday, has reached Round Hill, three miles below this city. The nearness of the gorge has forced the water at this higher than at any time during the flood, although the river is slightly falling. The eighteen miles of the Chippewa below Round Hill is one field of packed ice, and the bottom lands over which the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad track runs, are completely submerged at Round Hill. The river is flanked by bluffs which makes a gorge there dangerous to this city, although the wide bottoms on the West Side, making the river over a mile wide at this point, causes the water to rise slowly.

As far as known, no lives have been lost, but those living on the Chippewa bottoms have been rescued with difficulty. Several families on the Buffalo county side were driven from their homes at 2 o'clock Sunday morning by the forming of a gorge at Plum island. Scantily dressed, they waded through the ice and water to a high point on the railroad track, from where they were rescued by a relief train from this place. Several of the party were badly frozen. Others escaped on the ice pack after it formed around their homes. Stock of all kinds have perished and buildings have been greatly damaged, although the growing timber has protected them largely from the grinding ice. Durand has not had a mail since Friday afternoon.

MANY ICE GORGES EXIST.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 1.—Reports indicate that the Chippewa river is filled with gorges at many points. At Flambeau farm the river ran over its banks, destroying 300 head of live stock and ruining a dozen farms and buildings. It is feared today that the course of the river will be changed, throwing it directly on the town and completely inundating it. In that event heavy loss of property and life cannot be averted.

### THE ORDER DENIED.

#### Judge Otis' Ruling in Towne-Dispatch Suit.

St. Paul, Dec. 1.—The answer made by the St. Paul Dispatch to the suit for libel brought by Congressman Charles A. Towne, of Duluth, will stand intact. Mr. Towne did not approve of the answer, and asked the court to order a large portion of it stricken out, the portion being that part which reviews Mr. Towne's political career during the past year. The order of the court was filed this noon by Judge Otis, before whom the motion to strike out was argued at great length. The court, after making the formal order denying the motion, files a memorandum explanatory of this order. It says:

"Defendant's information might be such at the time retraction is demanded as to justify refusal of such demand, which of itself would be a mitigating circumstance and might be shown to rebut the presumption of malice, perhaps inferable from the refusal to retract. While such refusal may or may not be evidence of malice, according to circumstances, I can see no just reason in refusing to defendants the benefit, as they are charged with the burden, of all the conditions existing at the time the publication was made, modified as they may be by subsequent events, including its retraction or its refusal."

A TEXAS NORTHERN.

St Louis, Dec. 1.—Dispatches from various points in Southern and Central Texas indicate that a severe norther, combined with sleet and snow storm prevailed throughout that section. In the vicinity of Houston, a norther blew for three days and the first snow since Feb. 14, 1895, fell to a depth of several inches west of there. No danger is feared as the range is fine. Sugar planters are uneasy, as a big freeze would cause great loss, most of the cane standing in the fields.

STOCK FIRM FAILS.

New York, Dec. 1.—Gale & Felton, stock brokers, of this city, have been declared insolvent and their stock was sold under the rules by the stock exchange this afternoon. This firm has been one of the largest dealers in Bay State gas and it is believed that their failure is a result of the decline in that stock. Mr. Gale is ill with nervous prostration and Mr. Felton is out of the city so that no statement of the firm's liabilities and assets can be obtained at present.

### PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

#### All Ready But the Part Referring to Cuba.

Washington, Dec. 1.—As there will be only one more regular meeting of the cabinet before the assembling of congress, all the members will be present at today's meeting to discuss those portions of the forthcoming message of the president that relate to the business of their respective departments. With one exception the message is practically complete and awaiting only a few finishing touches. This exception is most important, for it concerns the treatment of the Cuban question. In the natural order of things this subject, coming under the head of foreign relations, would occupy a most prominent place in the message, and so might be expected to receive early treatment at the hands of the president.

There is still a gap in that part of the message, however, notwithstanding that several efforts have been made to close it up, for the varying phases of the campaign now in progress in Cuba have made it necessary to change considerably the views the president and Secretary Olney desire to lay before congress in that connection, and probably it will not be until the end of this week and at the latest moments that the missing paragraphs will be supplied. Of course, any expression of opinion as to the nature of the president's views respecting Cuba are only speculative at present, but so far there can be found no warrant for the assumption that he has determined upon any decided change in the policy to be pursued by the administration in this matter.

### NOVEMBER SHOWING.

#### Expenditures of Uncle Sam Show a Deficit of $8,050,024.

Washington, Dec. 1.—The comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States shows during November, 1896, the total receipts were $25,210,696, and the expenditures $32,260,720. The receipts for the five months of the fiscal year amount to $131,650,489, and the expenditures $171,597,335. The deficit for the month of November therefore is $8,050,024 and for the five months $39,946,846, as compared with $15,869,337 for the corresponding five months of last year.

The receipts from customs during November amounted to $9,930,385, from internal revenue $13,104,828, and from miscellaneous sources $2,175,482. This is a loss in customs as compared with November, 1895, of $1,524,929, a gain from internal revenue of $64,744 and a gain of $684,379 from miscellaneous sources.

### A SHARPER CAUGHT.

#### Had His Pockets Full of Checks on Banks.

New York, Dec. 1.—An arrest which the police believe to be a very important one was made in the general post office today. The prisoner is Richard G. Monks, alias Wellington Thornewait, who is wanted for forgery in Bay City, Mich., and if the contents of his pockets show anything, he has been operating on a very extensive scale. There were found on him blank checks on at least 200 banks in the states, all the way from Texas to Maine. He also carried a punch such as is used in banks for punching checks, and a loaded revolver.

The prisoner, who is a good looking, well dressed man of 21 years, had in his pocket a key to a room in the Iroquois hotel in Buffalo, and said he had just come from that city. Among his possessions were also found pictures of two very beautiful young women. The pictures had been taken in Ypsilanti, Mich. Monks will be held to await requisition papers.

### CANADA'S CHANCE.

#### Significant Utterance of an English Publication.

London, Dec. 1.—In the course of an editorial article discussing the probability of tariff revision in the United States and Canada, the St. James Gazette today urges the government to give consideration to the needs of Canada which, it says, constitutes a question of infinitely more importance than those attaching to Guiana and South Africa. The St. James Gazette article continues: "It would be well, before it is too late, for the government and parliament to consider whether the dominion has received the attention it deserves. The consolidation of the empire is an absolute necessity, yet nothing is doing to accomplish what Mr. Chamberlain long ago promised. What has he done and what is he going to do for Canada? Continuing the St. James Gazette points out Canada's temptations, and to the alleged "boast of the Anglophobe American papers that has no chance even of a customs union until Canada joins the United States."

### RAILROAD BUILDING.

#### Colorado Road to Lay 300 Miles of Track.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 1.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mexico, Cuernavaca & Pacific railroad held in this city, directors were chosen as follows: J. H. Hampson, W. O. Staples, Louis Mendez, George L. Hodges, Charles Wheeler, Santiago Mendez, and Francis Gicchicoa. The officers for the year are J. H. Hampson, president and general manager; W. O. Staples, first vice president, and assistant secretary; Charles Wheeler, secretary and treasurer; J. M. Brash, assistant treasurer. An executive committee was chosen consisting of J. H. Hampson, Louis Mendez and C. L. Hodges.

The Mexico & Aculpo Construction company has contracts for the completion of the railway to Aculpo a distance of 300 miles. Grading is being pushed rapidly and it is probably that Cuernavaca will be reached by June, 1897. Practically seventy miles of road are completed, and an equipment has been purchased consisting of six locomotives, 102 freight cars and seven passenger cars.

AIDING THE STRIKERS.

Hamburg, Dec. 1.—The distribution of the strike funds began this morning. Seven thousand men receiving aid, about 14,500 dockers and others are now on strike. The boat men of the Upper Elbe have decided not to strike.

# MONETARY

## Many Boards of Trade Represented at the Indianapolis Gathering.

## Which Is Called to Organize a National Monetary Convention.

## Speech of President Adams Outlining the Purpose of the Meeting.

Indianapolis, Dec. 1.—All the cities invited to the preliminary conference in this city, called by the local board of trade, looking toward a national monetary convention, responded, excepting two. These were Louisville and Kansas City. It was the original intention to hold the first session at 11 o'clock this morning in the Century club rooms at the Denison hotel, but owing to the late arrival of several delegates the initial session was not called to order until 2 o'clock this afternoon. This change of program will probably extend the conference through tomorrow.

When J. C. Adams, president of the board of trade of this city, called the conference to order, the following organizations were represented: Cincinnati chamber of commerce, Chicago board of trade, Cleveland chamber of commerce, Columbus board of trade, Detroit board of trade, Des Moines Commercial exchange, Grand Rapids board of trade, Indianapolis board of trade, Indianapolis Commercial club, Milwaukee chamber of commerce, Minneapolis board of trade, Omaha board of trade and Peoria board of trade.

Mr. Adams said in part: "The Indianapolis board of trade, in common with the business interests of the country, believes that the result of the recent election was an earnest protest against the debasement of our monetary system, as well as a positive declaration in favor of a sound, stable and unfluctuating currency. In furtherance of these views, the board issued a call to the boards of trade and commercial bodies what is known as the Central West, inviting them to send delegates to a preliminary conference, which convenes today. This conference will consider the advisability of issuing more extended calls for a larger convention of the commercial bodies of the principal cities, to discuss the question, what ought to be done to cure the radical defects in our monetary system, and if deemed practicable and for the best interests of all, to create a non-partisan commission, composed of able, experienced and fair-minded business men, whose duty shall be to formulate a plan which will remove existing weak spots in our present cumbersome and defective system; place the finances of the nation on a sound and adequate basis, and prevent the possibility of frequent monetary disturbances.

Permit me to say, gentlemen, that behind this call, in answer to which you have convened today, there lurks no plan, scheme, or policy, by which it is proposed to alter, or change, our present system, on any particular plan or in a special line. Within the last thirty days the people of this country have shown that they are unalterably opposed to a cheap and fluctuating dollar of uncertain value. We must not take this overwhelming expression of the people as a final and complete settlement of the issues involved, nor as an unquestioned acceptance of our present monetary system, but rather as a protest against a step backward. Between the lines of the returns of the recent election there is shown a pronounced public sentiment favoring currency reform, with an evident purpose on the part of the conservative and reflective men to examine into our national finances and remove, with the least possible delay, whatever weakness or defects may appear.

"Different views are entertained as to methods of procedure and details of plans in the matter of currency revision, but after our grievous and costly experience, we are forced to the conclusion that the time has now arrived when the government must either discontinue the banking business, with its expensive and complicated system, or go into it on a broader, better defined and more comprehensive scale. The game is not worth the candle. The burden is too heavy to be borne, and no individual, corporation, or government can conduct business on a safe, sound basis who has demand notes calling for millions of dollars in existence and circulation, which notes are liable in a period of stringency and panic to be brought to the counter for redemption, and when so redeemed, are re-issued, thus acting as a standing menace to the government reserve, and a continual threat to trade and business of the country, causing disturbance and unsettled values of every character.

"The cause of our trouble is not difficult to locate; to determine the best course to pursue and apply remedial legislation that will provide the great nation with a sound, uniform and elastic currency, whether it be gold, silver or paper, is the intelligent purpose and paramount question which will claim the best thought and business judgment of the conference, which you are about to consider the propriety of calling. Politicians are proverbially timid, even to the verge of cowardice, but when sentiment is crystallized and given definite shape by the commercial bodies and business men of the nation, it becomes a moral force and recognized power which our law makers will not ignore or refuse to heed. The attention of the country is centered on this gathering, and well it may, for no movement of recent years embodies so much thought, earnestness of purpose and exalted aim, or has given promise of such fruitful results, as the action you are about to take."

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Cincinnati, Dec. 1.—A charge of murder was today placed against William Farrell and Pat Muldoon, who yesterday claimed to have discovered Thomas Joy at Muldoon's door just after he had been fatally shot. It is claimed that the several witnesses heard quarreling in Muldoon's saloon just before the shot was fired.

### GERMAN REICHSTAG.

#### Still Debating on the Large Naval Estimates.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—The debate on the estimates was resumed in the reichstag today. Admiral Von Hallman, secretary of the navy, declared that to strengthen the German fleet, the value of which was 320,000,000 marks, by new vessels, the sum of 32,000,000 marks annually, or 10 per cent of the value of the fleet should be provided in the budget. The government, however, he explained, only asked for 20,000,000 marks. Continuing, Admiral Von Hallman paid a warm tribute to the sailors of the German warship Iltis, who went down with their ship in a storm off the coast of China cheering for the emperor. This reference to the gallantry of the German sailors was warmly applauded.

Count Von Pasadowski, secretary of the treasury, declared that the title of the federal states to share in the surplus and of the imperial revenue, could not be set aside, although he was willing to abandon the imperial equalization fund; and he expressed the hope that the house and the government would come to an agreement so that the federal states would be protected against excessive claims, and that the redemption of the public debt would actively proceed. Count Von Pasadowski further said that it would be rash at the present moment to express an opinion relative to the working of the sugar tax law, considering the shortness of the time it had been in operation, but the government had not for a moment lost sight of the question of the abolition of sugar bounties.

### CRUISER BROOKLYN.

#### New Fighter Formally Received Into the Navy.

Philadelphia, Dec. 1.—The fighting cruiser Brooklyn, the newest addition to the United States navy, was towed from Cramps' shipyards to League Island navy yard today, where she was formally placed in commission. The white cruiser, as she passed the docks and shipping of this city, was greeted with blowing of whistles, ringing of bells and the shouts of thousands gathered on the boats and docks marked her progress.

After the commandant at the navy yard, Commodore Howell, had receipted for and taken possession of the Brooklyn for the United States government, Capt. A. F. Cook, Commodore Howell and the ship's officers gathered on her deck and went through the ceremonies which formally placed the ship into commission. The flag of the Union was run up at her masthead, the sailors were lined up for a salute to their commander, and the Brooklyn was a part of the navy. Much of the provisions and furniture, as well as the ammunition for the guns, have been at the yard for some days, and it is expected that all will be in readiness to sail in about two weeks.

### GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

#### Several Divisions Hinder the Convention Work.

Indianapolis, Dec. 1.—The general meeting of glass manufacturers was called to order again this morning at 10 o'clock. The members of the Eastern association realized, they said, that their "brothers," who make the glass in this part of the country have a little the best of it on the question of fuel, and they want an agreement so changed that everything would be equal, as they expressed it. They asked for an agreement that would make up what they lost on fuel. What this agreement is was not made public. Apparently the persons attending the meeting do not know for when asked they expressed ignorance.

At noon the information was given out that the meeting had accomplished nothing and would likely be in session all day and perhaps during the evening. The manufacturers in the Indiana gas belt are holding out against those from Pittsburg and other parts of the East and assert that things must be to their liking before they will consent to anything.

### ARMY PROMOTIONS.

#### Examining Board Which Will Meet at Fort Leavenworth.

Washington, Dec. 1.—A board to examine officers for promotion, to meet upon the call of its president at Fort Leavenworth, Kans., has been detailed as follows: Lieut. Col. Joseph Haskell, Seventeenth infantry; Maj. Adna R. Chaffee, Ninth cavalry; Maj. William S. McCaskrey, Twentieth infantry; Capt. John M. Banister, assistant surgeon; Capt. William F. Lippitt, Jr., assistant surgeon; First Lieut. Rowland G. Hill, Twentieth infantry, recorder.

The following captains in the service were ordered before the board: William A. Thompson, Fourth cavalry; William H. Clapp, Sixteenth infantry; Eli L. Huggins, Second cavalry; William C. Forbush, Fifth cavalry; Jacob A. Augur, Fifth cavalry; John S. Loud, Ninth cavalry; Benjamin Progers, Thirteenth infantry; Stephen P. Jocelyn, Twenty-first infantry; Daniel T. Wells, Eighth infantry; Charles Keller, Second infantry.

INDIANA WANTS THE FIGHT.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 1.—There is a well defined effort on the part of some leading sporting men here to secure the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. If it should succeed, it will be under the management of Dan Stuart, with whom the local men are now in telegraphic correspondence. There is plenty of money in sight to make the affair entirely successful, and it is believed there will be no police interference, since several glove fights have been pulled off here recently, with policemen present, the same as in New York. The endeavor to get the fight here is an earnest one, and contrary to action by police authorities, which is not expected, is the only reason, should Dan Stuart agree, to prevent it.

SMALL BANK FAILURE.

Kansas City, Dec. 1.—Today the Bank of Westport, which kept its account with the Missouri National bank, which failed yesterday, suspended. The failure of the Missouri National caused a run on the Westport bank and fearing another run today, it was decided to close. The assets are placed at $31,500, the liabilities at about $20,000. The bank was the only one in Westport, which is a suburb of Kansas City.

A DULUTH INVENTOR.

Washington, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for a snowplow and rudder was today issued to Duncan J. McGregory, of Duluth.

# SHARKEY

## The Ex-Sailor Will Try His Strength Against Bob Fitzsimmons' Science.

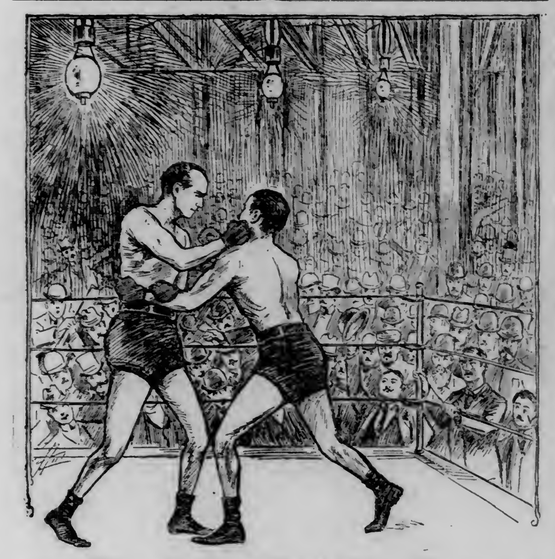
## Great Fight to Come Off at San Francisco Tomorrow Night.

## Measurements of the Men and Points in Favor of Each.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—It is the general impression in sporting circles that Bob Fitzsimmons is "up against" the hardest game of his sporting career in his fight with Tom Sharkey, the ex-sailor boy, which is fixed to come off tomorrow night in this city, before the National Athletic club. For the first time Bob will have many points against him. First, Sharkey is nearly ten years younger than he. Then he is a man of great physical strength, probably the finest-built man for the ring that has donned the mitts for years, barring John L. Sullivan. Then he is dead game. Of this there is no doubt. His record in the navy shows that he doesn't know what fear is. These three points have never yet been united in one of Fitz's opponents. The fight is to be of ten rounds only. If both contestants are on their feet at the end of the time, the referee is to award the fight to the one he thinks has the best of it. The purse is $10,000, winner to take all. The gloves will be five-ounce affairs.

Of course the Australian is a big favorite, but there are a few pretty good judges in California who declare the long Australian will not have such a walkover as he anticipates. Sharkey, they say, has learned much of the tricks of the ring during the past six months. In fact, he has made it his whole business to get knowledge of the art.

The question the California friends of Sharkey are asking is how Fitzsimmons will behave under the sailor's terrible drives. It won't do for Fitzsimmons to simply stay away from Sharkey, for a draw would mean defeat for the Australian. Fitzsimmons must win, and in order to do that he must meet Sharkey in the middle of the ring and exchange blows. Fitzsimmons is so clever with his hands and so shifty on his feet, he naturally expects to dodge in and out



INTERIOR AND RING OF THE NATIONAL CLUB.
(Showing Fitzsimmons swinging on Sharkey's chin, which he states will knock Sharkey out.)

landing an occasional clean blow at long range until his opponent's strength is reduced. Then he reckons upon easy going. Sharkey, on the other hand, will try to make the fight at short range, or depend upon weakening the Australian by his desperate charges and rough infighting.

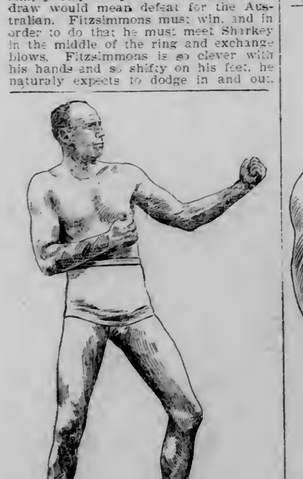
Fitz is really an unbeaten man, while Sharkey has yet to learn all the tactics of ring fighting. The latter beated Joe Choynski, and even Corbett couldn't knock him out, in fact, getting the worst of it, several months ago. Corbett, with his superior science, uppercut the sailor, met his rushes with jabs and swings, but Sharkey didn't seem to mind them, but came right back for more.

Nothing will give a better idea of the chances of the two men than this table of their comparative measurements:

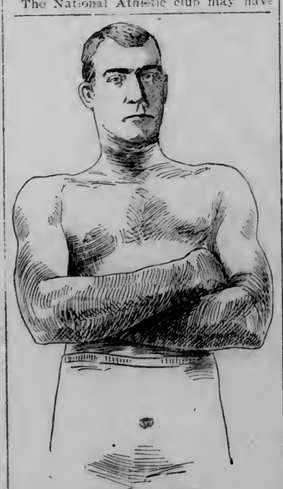
| Sharkey | Fitzsimmons. |
|---|---|
| 5 ft. 8½ in | Height 5 ft. 11¾ in |
| 190 lbs | Weight 174 lbs |
| 17 in | Neck 15 in |
| 44¾ in | Chest 41 in |
| 47½ in | Chest expanded 41 in |
| 33 in | Waist 32 in |
| 22½ in | Thighs 20 in |
| 16¾ in | Calves 13½ in |
| 5 ft. 11½ in. | Arms outstretched 6 ft. 3½ in |
| 12½ in | Biceps 12 in |
| 11¾ in | Forearm 11½ in |
| 7¼ in | Wrist 6½ in |

It will be seen that Fitz has an advantage in height and reach, while Sharkey has more weight and bulk, especially in the chest, thigh and legs.

The National Athletic club may have to select the referee for the fight. Martin Julian, Dan Lynch and several other interested parties met at Sharkey's training quarters last evening, when the question was discussed. Lynch and Julian both submitted a number of names, but no one proved satisfactory to both sides. After some delay it was finally decided to meet Wednesday morning for a final consultation. If no satisfactory agreement can be reached inside of one hour, the club will select the referee according to the articles of agreement. Sharkey and Fitzsimmons both indulged in light work yesterday. Sharkey expects to scale 182 pounds, which will probably be five pounds more than "Lucky Bob." Billy Smith, Danny Needham and George Atlas, will be behind Sharkey, while Julian, Hickey and Stenzler are likely to second Fitzsimmons. Everything is in readiness for the contest and a bigger crowd than witnessed the Corbett-Sharkey battle is confidently expected. Even money that Sharkey does not stay six rounds has been wagered. The betters hailing from the East are all solid for Fitzsimmons, and while 20 to 9 are the prevailing odds in favor of the Cornish man, several bets of $100 to $40 have been recorded.



BOB FITZSIMMONS.



TOM SHARKEY.

Happy wedded life depends largely on the health of the wife. Her health depends a great deal on her knowledge of her physical make-up—the trials she must meet—the measures she must take to preserve her health. She may have this knowledge absolutely free if she will ask for it. It is contained in Dr. Pierce's great medical book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." 680,000 copies of this book have been sold at the regular price, $1.50. As it is now offered in heavy paper covers, it contains the same matter. The 1008 pages with 300 illustrations are the very same. This you have for 21 cents. That pays the expense of mailing *only*. For ten cents more (31 cents in all), you can have the book in fine French cloth.

This book will give you, for a few minutes' reading each day, the best that Doctor Pierce has learned in over thirty years of study and practice of medicine. You have this knowledge condensed, boiled down. There is not one wasted or superfluous word in the book. It is not a book to be hidden away and consulted secretly. A few chapters are especially for women. These are carefully illustrated and free from professional terms. The book is what its name implies. It is an educator for busy people. Send to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

**DR. PIERCE'S PELLETS.** Just one little pimple now and then. They disappear in a day or two, and are only noticed because they are unsightly things and vexatious things. But they are more than that. They are warnings. Signals that the blood is impure; a condition that may terminate in serious illness. Impure blood is due to constipation, and constipation is cured every time by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One "Pellet" in mild cases, otherwise two. Never gripe. Druggists sell them.


## BRYAN'S STORY.

### Told in a Magazine About the Election.

New York, Dec. 1.—In the December number of the North American Review, published yesterday, Mr. Bryan has an article in which he discusses the result of the election as affecting the status of the silver question. The issue on which the election turned he describes as the "greatest issue ever submitted to the American people in time of peace. The declaration of the Chicago convention in favor of the free coinage of silver forced upon the people of this country a discussion of the money question in general, and within the last four months more people have been simultaneously engaged in its consideration than ever before in the history of the world." The result of this study Mr. Bryan declares to be "temporary defeat, but permanent gain for the cause of bimetallism."

Mr. Bryan regards it as a significant fact that the silver sentiment was strongest where the question had been longest considered—that is to say, in the West and South. In Mr. Bryan's opinion the cause of bimetallism made more rapid progress than any cause ever made in such a short time. He expresses his assurance that the election can be by no means regarded as a conclusive settlement of the question at issue. The advocates of free coinage are convinced, he says, that they are laboring in behalf of a large majority of the people, not only here but throughout the world, and, according to the writer, they propose to continue their contest, confident that four more years of experiment will convince many who have thus far resisted arguments.

This confidence, Mr. Bryan says, is confirmed by the history of recent elections. Mr. Greely was defeated in 1872, and yet Mr. Tilden was elected in 1876. Mr. Blaine was defeated in 1884, but Mr. Harrison was elected in 1888. The Republican victory in 1888 was followed by the Democratic victory of 1890 and the election of President Cleveland two years later.

Mr. Bryan counsels the successful party to remember that thousands of Republicans have been held to their party this year by the pledge that it will try to secure international bimetallism.

In reference to the gold standard Democrats, Mr. Bryan feels assured that they cannot stand much in 1900 as they have done this year. They have declared their affection for Democratic principles, while they spared no effort to secure the success of the opposing ticket. "They cannot," he says, "disguise themselves again."

## ELECTION EXPENSES.

### What it Costs to Run For State Offices.

St. Paul, Dec. 1.—Frank M. Eddy, in a certificate filed yesterday with the secretary of state, says that his re-election to congress in the Seventh district cost him $609.65. The statement contains a long list of items ranging in amount from 40 cents for postage on his certificates of nomination to $125.60 for printing lithograph photographs of his countenance.

Alexander McKinnon, fusion candidate for state treasurer, paid $684.50 for his campaign. Of this, $400 went to the Democratic state central committee, and included the filing of his certificate of nomination, the balance being for printing, traveling expenses, etc.

William A. Cant's election as judge of the St. Louis county district court cost him $399.98, including $116.66 to the county committee, $40 for canvassing, $135 for printing and $20 for filing certificates of nomination.

John A. Keyes' expenses were $300 in trying to be attorney general. The only large item in the list is $112 for traveling expenses.

S. M. Owens' expenses as a candidate for congress in the Fifth district amounted to $232.85.

E. E. Lommen, candidate for congress in the Seventh district, expended $187.81 in his canvass, all in small items.

FRENCH WANT NICKELS.

Paris, Dec. 1.—The monetary commission has pronounced in favor of a nickel issue. M. Foville, director of the mint, opposes this decision.

THE BENNINGTON'S TRIP.

San Francisco, Dec. 1.—The United States gunboat Bennington has finished taking on coal and will sail tomorrow for Calao in the wake of the Philadelphia.

RECEIVER DISCHARGED.

Portland, Ore., Dec. 1.—United States Circuit Judge Gilbert yesterday granted the petition of A. E. Burleigh for his discharge as receiver of the Northern Pacific railroad.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.


# SEALING

## Bering Sea Claims Commission in Session at Victoria, British Columbia.

## Further Deliberations Await the Interview Between Pauncefote and Olney.

## Brief Statement of the Case of the United States.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 1.—When the Bering sea claims commission met yesterday Gen. Dickinson stated that he had already filed an answer in the first case, and that the others would be put in as soon as they were got ready for the printers. He then filed a motion to dismiss case No. 26 for $62,827.12, for costs of the Sayward case. The ground of the motion was that those were incurred by the Canadian government and not by individuals, and therefore the claim did not come before the commissioners within the term of the agreement. The sum named was actually paid by the Canadian government, which, as far as the tribunal was concerned, was the British government, Mr. Dickinson said that such a climax as this had a right to be put in the hands of the government.

Mr. Peters was satisfied to let the matter stand over, and he further proposed that judgment be delayed in the Black Diamond and James Gaudin motions until he had heard from Sir Julian Pauncefote, to whom he had wired and who would interview Secretary Olney. Mr. King announced that nothing further would be done in the Sayward costs until counsel again mentioned it. It was then arranged to take up the Carolina case Wednesday. The replies filed by the United States state generally that the seizures were made in good faith by officers of the United States within the line of their duty and authority, and the mandates of the municipal laws of the United States for violation of the statutes of the United States and such seizures were ratified and adopted in good faith by the government of the United States as for violation of their statutes.

Section 2 of the reply reads: "The United States avers that before that time and after seizure of said vessels their apparel, outfit and cargo were wholly or in part the actual property of a citizen or citizens of the United States, and further, that at the time aforesaid the beneficial interest, in whole or in part, of said vessels, the apparel, outfit and cargo, were possessed and owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States, and that said voyage was entered upon and prosecuted in whole or in part for the benefit of citizens of the United States."

The reply further alleges that the damage claims are speculative and excessive as to damages claimed for the arrest and imprisonment of masters and mates of the vessels. The United States avers that the only damages to be considered in the case of any liability on the part of the United States for such arrests and detentions are those for actual pecuniary loss, and are not in their nature primitive or aggregated in the damages.

SLUMP IN LACLEDE GAS.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—Laclede Gas company stock broke Monday to $21.50 a share, the lowest price it has reached for several years. For the past week the stock has been wabbling about between this price and $28, which was offered last Tuesday. A slump then began. The stock dropped to $24 on Wednesday, to $23.50 on Friday and went to $23 on Saturday. Monday it opened at that figure, but the bearish tendency kept it on the toboggan, and brokers think that the end is not yet. The cause of this fluctuation is a rumor that the supreme court of the United States has agreed upon a decision adverse to the gas company in its mandamus suit against the City of St. Louis. This rumor is said to have come from an attache of the supreme court at Washington.

IN AID OF CUBANS.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—City Controller Isaac H. Sturgeon has appointed the following Cuban relief committee: Lieutenant Governor John B. O'Meara, chairman; Col. R. S. McDonald, John F. Cahill, A. N. Millner and Capt. Rosser Roemer. According to the resolutions this committee is to "organize a permanent organization to aid the Cuban people in every lawful manner to alleviate the sufferings caused by the war, and help them to secure a share of the blessings, peace and prosperity which are the inalienable rights of every people on the American continent."

A SALVATION ARMY FEAST.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—A tremendous Christmas feast, the like of which has never before been seen here, will be given by the Salvation Army on Christmas day. Preparations are being made to feed 3000 persons, and the officers are now in search of a spacious hall, large enough to accommodate the above number. All the churches in St. Louis will be visited by members of the army and asked to join in and assist them in this charitable undertaking. They will be asked to distribute tickets and to help them in any other way possible.

MARY'S RIPARIAN RIGHTS.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—Mrs. Mary J. Sweringen has won her famous suits against the city and the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern Railway company. They involve possession of $55,000 worth of real estate on the river front near Dock street. She claimed title on the ground that the property was accretion from the river to land she owned which had been left high and dry by the deposits of years.

JUST A PLEASURE TRIP.

New York, Dec. 1.—Ramon O. Williams, formerly United States consul at Havana, arrived today on the steamer Warra. Mr. Williams said that his visit to Spain was not in connection with any diplomatic mission, but purely for pleasure. "This has been my first vacation in twenty years," he said, "and I have enjoyed myself thoroughly. I visited France, Spain and England, and saw all that was interesting. I had no mission from either Mr. Cleveland or Secretary Olney." Mr. Williams proceeded from the steamship pier to his home in Brooklyn.


New remedies are being constantly introduced to the public, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup still maintains its pre-eminence.


## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

City Treasurer W. M. Muehl, of Seymour, Wis., who has been missing for seven weeks, leaving the municipal finances badly tangled up, has returned. No one knows where he has been.

Some time since, inhabitants of the negro republic of Liberia maltreated natives of the British colony of Sierra Leone, living in Grand Barsa, and destroyed their homes. The alecto made a demand upon Liberia for $1000 indemnity and on the Liberians hesitating to comply with the demand, the commander of the Alecto threatened to land sailors unless the indemnity was paid by noon on the morrow. The Liberians paid the required sum the next morning.

Near McCormick Abbeville county, S. C., an altercation took place between L. J. Williams on one side and J. V. White and L. D. White brothers on the other, in which J. V. White was instantly killed and L. D. White fatally wounded, the latter dying in a few hours after the difficulty. Williams was severely cut in several different places. Knives and pistols were used in the affray.

A legislative inquiry into the workings of the Raines excise law has been commenced in New York. Raines, the father of the law, is chairman.

Martin Julian, on behalf of Fitzsimmons, has accepted Dan Stuart's offer of $15,000 for a finish fight between Fitz and Corbett. Corbett has not yet responded. It is believed the proposed fight will be brought off at Juarez.

Near Conway, Ark., the 2-story frame house of Sam Henderson, colored, was burned yesterday. Five of his children, two of whom were grown, perished in the flames. Foul play is suspected.

Nat Goodwin's divorce case has been dismissed at San Francisco. The case has been settled by his paying Mrs. Goodwin $15,000 in full settlement of all claims for alimony and support.

At San Francisco, a contest was begun yesterday over the $3,000,000 estate of Jacob Z. Davis, who died recently at Philadelphia. The contestants are Rev. Joseph P. Wilson, a Methodist minister of West Virginia, and Mrs. Catherine Stead, respectively nephew and niece of Davis.

President Palma, of the Cuban junta, has received a letter from the camp of Gen. Calixto Garcia, giving details of the capture of Guamaro by the insurgents. The letter says that not only did Garcia's army capture the town, but enough arms and ammunition to fit out 400 recruits, and took 180 Spanlard prisoners.

The existence of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad ended at 12 o'clock last night. It was succeeded by the Philadelphia & Reading Railway company, and will shortly be known as the Reading company.

The report of the life saving service for the year ending June 30, has been submitted. There are 256 stations, fifty-five of which are on the lakes. There were 137 disasters involving 698 peple, but only thirty-six involving 498 people, but only thirty and cargoes imperilled was $12,726,520, and the loss was $1,432,750. The number of vessels totally lost was sixty-seven.

It is reported that Prince Ernst of Windisch-Graetz, a lieutenant in the regular artillery, with a physician named Meade, has been attacked and robbed by brigands at Vizgavona in the interior of Corsica, where he was traveling for his health. The prince had with him much money and valuables.

The two Misses Taft and Miss Jessie Croel, fourteen-year-old girls, all of Orange township, met with a fatal accident at Lyons, Mich., last night. The three were driving home from school at Lyons when they were struck by a Detroit, Lansing & Northern train. Both the Taft sisters were instantly killed, Miss Croel was dangerously injured, the horse was killed and the vehicle was wrecked.

Two brothers, aged 15 and 17 years, named Shoenfeldt, near Silver Creek, Neb., shot Owen Hutchings, a farmer, while milking in his barn. Then they assaulted Mrs. Hutchings in the house with a revolver. She got away from them and hid in the attic. The young outlaws ransacked the house finding about $20. The boys were captured and claim Hutchings owed them money. Hutchings was shot in the back of the neck with a charge from a shotgun.

Police Commissioner Theodore Roosevelt was asked tonight if he would be in favor of permitting the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight to be pulled off in New York. He stated that he must hear all the arguments pro and con before he would make any decision. He stated, however, that if the contest should take place in New York he would be the sole umpire.

## THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

D. C. McKeever, a farmer, was found north of Kensel, frozen to death.

On Sunday two rotary plows on the Northern Pacific only succeeded in cleaning up about half a mile of road near Valley City. The cuts are filled with an icy mixture of sand and snow and in some places dynamite is used to loosen the mass.

About 11 o'clock Friday night Herman Henning, a threshing hand, was relieved of $8 at his room at the Exchange hotel at Sanborn. There are several beds in the same room, and the thief evidently had entered the room with the intention of going to bed, as his coat was found lying on the floor, when he hit upon the idea of robbing Henning. Henning awoke just in time to see the thief make his exit from the room and heard him run down the street. Suspicion rests upon a young man who has been threshing in this vicinity.

The first passenger train to reach Mandan from the west since last Tuesday arrived Sunday night at 8 o'clock. Three others were close behind. Railway officials expect to start these east at 7 o'clock this morning. At present no casualties have been reported, but stockmen expect to hear of great losses to cattle, as the storm must have caught many ranches unprepared.

The body of a man believed to be John Hory, a bachelor, aged 60, was found frozen three miles south of Park Rapids.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The first train from the north since Wednesday arrived at Huron Monday forenoon, bringing an immense amount of mail and many passengers. A train also came in from the west last night. The Great Northern succeeded in getting a snow plow through from Watertown today, and all trains on the Northwestern and Great Northern lines are now running on schedule time. Telegraph lines are yet in bad condition, but will be in perfect order in a day or two.

For the past three years Mitchell has been without a theater, and the corn palace was the only building in town which could be utilized for holding an unusually large crowd. Now Mitchell is to have one of the largest, most commodious and finely arranged playhouses in the state. Joseph Scheuer, of Milwaukee, owns a controlling equity in a large 2-story building which has remained unoccupied for the past six or eight years. Recently he decided to convert it into an opera house, and it will be in readiness in January. It will seat 900 people. L. O. Gale has leased it.

Citizens of Springfield, where large contributions have been made for the construction of the state normal school buildings on which work is now in progress, held a meeting to decide what course to pursue in future in connection with the matter. Secretary Snow reported that nearly $5000 in cash had been expended, and that what still remains in the treasury together with the contributions of labor and material will be almost sufficient to complete the undertaking. Those present felt that they had done enough and the decision was reached to take no further action until after the next legislative session, when an effort will be made to secure an appropriation to finish the building. Until that time nothing will be done toward opening the school.

MAY MOVE A STATION.

Paris, Dec. 1.—The prefectural commission has reported in favor of the removal of the Orleans railroad terminus to the site of the Cour Des Comptes, which was burned during the Commune.

WINTER TOURS.

Winter tourist tickets to Florida Louisiana, Texas and South to California and West are now on sale via "The Northwestern Line." On Dec. 1 and 15 there is a round trip homeseekers' ticket on sale South and West at one fare plus $2. For the best service shortest lines. See that your ticket is over "The Northwestern Line."

E. W. SUMMERS, Agent.


What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation.

Castoria contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D.,
125th Street and 7th Avenue,
New York City.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford Str., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D.,
New York City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



"SAY AYE 'NO' AND YE'LL NE'ER BE MARRIED. DON'T REFUSE ALL OUR ADVICE TO USE

SAPOLIO

Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for LOST MANHOOD and all attendant ailments, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The wrecked victims of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail, $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2799, New York.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Trade Mark.

Bottled Wiener Beer

Carries the above trade mark. It is the only Beer for Duluthians.

Duluth Brewing and Malting Co.



IF YOU WISH TO DRINK

A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer

CALL FOR—

FITGER'S BEER


SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles F. Houghton,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Ella R. Mendenhall and Luther Mendenhall,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 7th day of November, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash on Wednesday, the 23d day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: The westerly ten (10) feet of lot ten (10), and the easterly nine (9) feet of lot twelve (12), West Third street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Nov. 7, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-10-17-24-Dec-1-8-15.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, in Special Term, Nov. 23rd, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of James H. Swan, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mary E. Swan, executrix of the estate of James H. Swan, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Thursday, the 14th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the probate court in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 23rd day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
JACQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Executrix.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-24-Dec-1-8.


Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO, ILLS.


SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Emily H. Hazen,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Ella R. Mendenhall and Luther Mendenhall,
Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 7th day of November, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash on Wednesday, the 23d day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: The easterly forty (40) feet of lot ten (10), West Third street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Nov. 7, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-10-17-24-Dec-1-8-15.

## Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

## Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

# WEST END

## Henry Nelson, a Farmer, Accuses Two Men of Stealing Wood.

## Skating Rink Business Will Be Open to Much Competition.

## St. James Catholic Church Fair Will Open This Evening.

Henry Nelson, a farmer living on the Thomson road on section 15, about two miles from West Duluth, has sworn out warrants against Joseph De Mo[illegible] and a man by the name of Curley Young for stealing wood from his place. Nelson claims that last week while he was away from home his wife sold to these men a certain amount of wood at $2 per cord. They piled as much as possible on each load and then wanted to settle at $2 per load, thereby cheating him out of several cords of wood. The matter was placed in the hands of the county attorney today.

MANY SKATING RINKS.

Several skating rinks are in process of erection in West Duluth and there is a prospect of plenty of competition in this line. The skating rink business is still outside of the compass of trusts and is therefore a free-for-all investment. One is being erected on the bay near the Marinette works, while it is understood that Tony Gisch is the proprietor of a covered rink to be built just this side of the Great Western shops.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH FAIR.

The fair of St. James' Catholic church opens this evening in the Sherwood block on the corner of Central avenue and Gosnold street. The fairs of this church have always been interesting and successful affairs and the prospects are that this one will prove no exception to the rule, as extraordinary preparations have been made by the members of the church. The fair will last several days and refreshments will be served in the evenings by the ladies.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Young Men's Bachelor club will hold their next dance at Great Eastern hall on New Year's eve.

Dr. Forbes and Rev. H. H. Dresser, of Grace church, will exchange pulpits next Sunday morning.

Euclid lodge A. F. and A. M. will hold its annual election of officers at the regular convocation tomorrow evening at Masonic hall.

Neil McKenzie and William Searle and families left today for Tennessee.

Professor Collins, the dancing master, will give a lesson and dance at Great Eastern hall this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Sowner left yesterday for their home in St. Paul.

FOR OVER-INDULGENCE TAKE

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

It preserves and renews the vitality, strengthens the nerves and stimulates the stomach to healthy action.

## Wedding Tonight.

Tonight Miss Marion Philips, daughter of Mrs. Martha Phillips, and Robert Patterson Risher, of Pittsburg, will be married at the residence of the bride, No. 2 Piedmont terrace. The wedding will be a very quiet one and only relatives will be present. Rev. A. W. Ryan will perform the ceremony. Miss Risher, of Pittsburg, will be bridesmaid and S. C. Phillips best man. J. A. Phillips, of Ottumwa, Ia., brother of the bride will give her away. The bridal couple will leave at 11:15 o'clock for St. Paul, and after a short wedding trip will be at home at Pittsburg after Jan. 1.

## The Plaintiff Replies.

In the case of H. E. Smith, administrator, against the Aetna Life Insurance company, the plaintiff has filed his reply to the defendant's amended answer. It is claimed that the defendant's agent accepted the premium, and made no such conditions as alleged in the defendant's answer. It is alleged that the receipt was left with M. M. Clark, and that he was induced to part with it upon fraudulent representations.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $225,357,098; gold reserve, $131,510,352.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

A Little Child With a Little Cold.

That's all! What of it?

Little colds when neglected grow to large diseases and

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral CURES COLDS.

## GETTING AFTER THEM.

### Employment Agencies Have Been Paying No License.

The city authorities are on the war path for the scalps of the employment agency people. It has been discovered that by some unaccountable neglect, the ordinance requiring the payment of a license of $100 per annum and the filing of a bond with the city clerk in the sum of $2000 by the proprietors of these concerns has not been enforced for the past three years. Steps have been taken by the legal department to round them up, and yesterday afternoon Daniel D. Garvey, of the firm of Garvey & White, proprietors of the Duluth employment company, doing business at 427 West Michigan street, was arrested on the charge of doing business without a license. He was released on his own recognizance, to appear at the time to be set by the court, it being the intention to gather in the proprietors of all the agencies and have the cases heard at the same time. There seems to be no reason, aside from negligence, for the failure to enforce the collection of the license fees. The ordinance on the subject is said to be plain.

## NOVEMBER FIGURES.

### Grain Receipts and Shipments For the Month.

The total wheat receipts for the month of November were less than half those of November last and but little more than half those of October. The total was 5,127,518 bushels. In October it was 10,118,518 bushels and in November last year the total was 11,008,959. The total shipments of the month this year were 6,575,252 bushels. In October they were 8,950,839 bushels, and in November last year 9,349,703 bushels.

Flax and barley show large increases. Flax receipts in November were 1,270,827 bushels. In October they were 2,485,449 bushels and in November last year 1,050,783, a gain for this year of 220,044 bushels. Shipments in November this year were 1,633,556 and last year 906,973. Barley receipts last month were 1,058,331 bushels and a year ago 752,783, an increase of 305,548. Barley shipments last month were 1,974,502 bushels and a year ago 1,146,614 bushels.

The growth of this market in the lines of barley and flax has been something enormous. Three years ago Duluth was comparatively unheard of as a market for barley and flax. Today it is one of the leading markets of the country in that respect.

Other receipts for November were as follows: Oats 258,521, last year 152,667; corn 27,342, last year 1584; rye 151,362, last year 109,631. Shipments were as follows: Oats 505,237, last year 22,139; corn 105,080, last year 1584; rye 237,046, last year 38,873.

The total receipts of wheat for August, September, October and November fall about 1,800,000 short of last year. The total receipts of all grains in bushels are larger than those of last year during the same period by about 3,000,000 bushels.

The head of the lakes mills last week ground 95,650 barrels of flour, as compared with 101,720 last week and 114,125 for the same week last year. Shipments were 119,490 barrels, of which 34,680 barrels were foreign. Mill stocks are getting pretty low and only aggregate 36,500 barrels at the close of the week. Last week they were 60,340 barrels and the same week in 1895 were 84,820 barrels.

The railroads received 33,910 barrels this week, against 204,635 barrels last week and 1340 barrels in the same week last year. Shipments last week were 99,785 barrels. Last week they were 255,205 and in the same week in 1895 were 55,315 barrels. Railroad stocks aggregated 89,675 barrels. The total stocks were 126,175. Last week they were 215,890 barrels.

PERSONS WHO SIT ALL DAY.

In counting houses or in manufacturing establishments, inhaling close or impure air, are usually pale, and frequently emaciated. A tonic is what such people require. Operatives, clerks, saleswomen and employers as well as employed, pinned to the desk by cares of business, derive infinite good from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable means of repairing the physical depletion, resulting from too close an application to their special avocations. Dyspepsia, constipation, bilious irregularity and premature decay are arrested by this invigorant and alterative, commended by physicians, and a standard article for thirty-five years past. Fever and ague is checked in its first approaches, and if the remedy is persisted in, entirely eradicated, when chronic, by the Bitters. Rheumatic ailments are also arrested by its blood purifying and diuretic action.

The Duluth Telephone company is now working on its new directory, to be issued Jan. 1, 1897. Parties contemplating taking a telephone who wish to have their names appear in the directory should notify the company at once.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Two days more of the ½ Price Cloak Selling at FREIMUTH'S.

# DECLINED

## Wheat Went Down Today, Losing One Cent of Yesterday's Gain.

## Liverpool Was the Ruling Factor and It Sent Lower Quotations.

## Several Bullish Items That Failed to Send Up the Price.

Liverpool was the ruling factor again in wheat. It sent lower quotations to start with, and that was sufficient to obliterate from the minds of the crowd two matters which they had depended upon to create a firmer feeling. That was seen as soon as trading commenced, the first sale being at a decline of ⅛c from yesterday's sale. The big commission houses which usually have each three brokers in the pit at Chicago with a bunch of orders in their hands at the opening, had a conscious absence of any such demand for wheat on any side of the deal. Such a small outside business was the subject of general remark and its effect upon the pit traders was to make them also keep their hands off the market except in the merest touch and run style. The two matters which had been expected to start up the bull fires this morning, but failed to do so, were Thoman's report and the practical absence of any deliveries on December contracts. The former was very bullish in all its presentments, except its allusions to the condition of the fall sown wheat, and the strong cash position of the market was indicated by the absence of the December deliveries. The decline at Liverpool was apparently considered the most potent factor.

May wheat opened here ⅛c lower at 84½c but quickly recovered and sold up to 85c. The advance was of brief duration, and in a short time the price was down to 84⅜c. It rallied to 84¾c but again weakened and sold down to the split 83⅞-84c. The close was ⅞c lower than yesterday at 84c asked. Shippers bought 20,000 bus of cash stuff at 1½c under May for delivery this week and at 2½c under May for delivery later. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 81½c; December, 82⅝c. No. 1 northern cash, 80½c; December, 81½c; May, 86c asked. No. 2 northern, 80c. No. 3, 75@76½c. Rejected, 68½@70½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 83½c; No. 1 northern, 81½c. Rye, 38c. No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 3 oats, 18½c. Flax, 76c; May, 80c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 207; oats, 2; rye, 5; barley, 16; flax, 33. Receipts—Wheat, 165,088 bus; oats, 1513 bus; rye, 4958 bus; barley, 18,670 bus; flax, 35,173 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 191,274 bus; oats, 101,206 bus; barley 106,020 bus; flax, 276,655 bus.

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended Nov. 28, 1896:

| | Bbls. |
|---|---|
| Production by local mills | 95,661 |
| Receipts by rail | 33,910 |
| Exports | 31,680 |
| Total shipments | 219,271 |
| Stocks in store | 126,175 |

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—Close, wheat: December, 80¼c; January, 80⅝c; May, 83⅛c; July, 77½c. Corn, January, 23⅝c; May, 26⅝@¾c. Oats, December, 18⅝c; May, 21¾c. Pork, December, $6.80; January, $7.62½; May, $7.97½. Lard, December, $3.77½; January, $3.97½; May, $4.20. Ribs, December, $3.80; January, $3.82½@3.85; May, $4.02½. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 90@93c; No. 3 red, 85@88c; No. 2 spring, 81@82c; No. 3 spring, 79@81c; No. 2 hard winter, 81@83c; No. 3 hard winter, 78@80c; No. 1 northern spring, 84c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 18¼c. Rye, cash, 41c; December, 41c; May, 45½@¾c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 25@37c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, 78c; December, 74@74½c; May 79¼@80c. Timothy, cash, $2.60; December, $2.55; February, $2.65; March, $2.70.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Dec. 1.—Wheat closed, December, 81½c; May, 82¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 82⅝c; No. 1 northern, 81½c; No. 2 northern, 80c. Receipts, 109 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 1.—Close, wheat: December, 80½c; January, 89⅝c; March, 91¼c; May, 88⅝c; July, 84⅛c. Corn, May, 32½c. Oats, May, 26¼c.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Dec. 1.—Closing, wheat, spot quiet; futures firm; December, 6s 11¼d; January, 6s 11¼d; ¼d lower; February, 6s 11½d; ½d lower. Maize, spot steady; futures quiet; December, 3s; unchanged; January, 2s 11¼d; ¼d lower; February, 2s 11¼d; ¼d lower.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of H. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—December deliveries as expected were practically nothing. Bradstreet's report showed a small decrease in the world's visible supply and Argentine news was of more unfavorable conditions. Thoman's report was bullish on farmers' reserves. On the other hand the Liverpool market showed an unexpected decline and the pit sentiment was decidedly bearish. There was some good buying but outside business was generally very light and local selling forced a decline which after a number of whipsaws was only arrested at the close by the puts. The primary movement continues very light with considerable export inquiry but not much business done. Operators are on the fence at present, the preponderance of the news being very bullish while the price many consider very tempting to short sellers.

Corn, oats and provisions all dragged with narrow trade and no new featurts.

Puts, May wheat, 82⅛@82¼ ⅜c.
Calls, May whiat, 81½ ⅝@85c.
Curb, May wheat, 83⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Name of stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Whisky | 12⅞ | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 13⅜ |
| Atchison | 14⅛ | 14½ | 14 | 14⅜ |
| Sugar Trust | 115¾ | 117⅛ | 115⅝ | 117 |
| Canada Southern | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- |
| C., B. & Q. | 77⅝ | 78¾ | 77⅝ | 78⅜ |
| St. Paul | 73⅞ | 75 | 73⅝ | 74⅞ |
| Chicago Gas | 71½ | 74⅛ | 71½ | 74⅛ |
| Del., Lack. & W. | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- |
| General Electric | 30 | 31⅜ | 30 | 31⅜ |
| Erie | 15 | 15⅜ | 14⅞ | 15⅜ |
| Reading | 27⅝ | 29⅛ | 27⅝ | 29⅜ |
| Louis. & Nash | 48¾ | 50⅛ | 48¾ | 50⅛ |
| Manhattan | 94 | 95¼ | 93½ | 95¼ |
| Missouri Pacific | 21⅛ | 22½ | 21⅛ | 22½ |
| Tobacco | 74¾ | 75 | 74⅝ | 75 |
| Chicago & N. W. | 104 | 105 | 104 | 105 |
| N. P. preferred | 23½ | 24½ | 23⅝ | 24½ |
| Rock Island | 68 | 69⅜ | 67⅞ | 69⅜ |
| Union Pacific | 8⅞ | 9⅜ | 8⅞ | 9⅜ |
| Western Union | 86½ | 87 | 86 | 86½ |
| Leather | 59⅝ | 61⅛ | 59⅛ | 61⅛ |
| Lake Shore | ---- | ---- | ---- | ---- |

## The Chamber Election.

The annual election of officers of the chamber of commerce was held this morning. T. W. Hugo, who has been president for two or three years, declined a re-election, and G. A. Leland was chosen for the position. The other officers were re-elected, A. Hirsch as vice president; J. P. Johnson, treasurer, and E. R. Brace, secretary. The annual meeting will be held tomorrow.

Skating tonight at Union rink, 10c.

## MARINE MATTERS.

### The Sauber Frozen in at Fort William.

Cleveland, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—A telegram from Capt. Mason, of the Sauber, at Fort William, says that his steamer is frozen in there and that an endeavor is being made to open a channel by sawing and blasting the ice, but it is doubtful if it will succeed.

THE REES AGROUND.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer W. D. Rees, bound up with coal for Superior, grounded above the dyke. Assistance has been sent.

THE QUEEN CITY RETIRED.

Buffalo, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The weather is extremely cold, but no ice has formed at this end of Lake Erie as yet. There is not much laying up on account of weather. Capt. Wolvin wires from Duluth not to send the Queen City back, but to send her to Cleveland to go into winter quarters.

NEW TOW BOAT.

Cleveland, Dec. 1.—The Globe Iron works has closed a contract with Capt. James Corrigan for a large tow boat, to be a duplicate of the one he will have built at Chicago. She will be 376 feet keel, 46 feet beam, and 26 feet deep. The barge will come out next spring, and will tow with the Bulgaria or Caledonia.

THE KEARSARGE DAMAGE.

Buffalo, Dec. 1.—The steamer Kearsarge, which stranded off Round Island on the way down, arrived here yesterday. One compartment is leaking, but it is thought it can be repaired from the inside after her cargo is discharged. She will try to make another round trip to Duluth.

WILL NOT PAY MORE.

Cleveland, Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Shippers who have three or four cargoes of coal to send to Milwaukee still refuse to pay more than 50 cents.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: St. Andrew, 10:20; Bangor, 11.

Later—Up: Wade, 11:20 a. m.; Weed, 1:20 p. m.

Up yesterday: Northern Light, 5 p. m. Down: Pease, Planet, Sequin, Moore, Alaska, 4:30 p. m. Mariska and whaleback, 6:40.

THE WELLAND CANAL.

Port Colborne, Ont., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Rosemount.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Caledonia, 10 last night. Down: Lyon, 11:40 last night, ale, 3 a. m.; Lake Michigan, 4:30; Iroquois, 4:40; Preston, 9; McWilliams, 10.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Linden, 9:20; last night; McWilliams, 10; Siberia, 3:30 a. m.; Nicol, 7:20; Hadley, Arabia, 8; Vanderbilt, 8:20; Waldo, 8:30; St. Lawrence, Harvey Brown, 9:30; Samuel Mitchell, 10; Cumberland, 10:15; Appomatox, Senator, 10:40.

Down yesterday: Italia, 2:15 p. m.; Lyon, 6; Arabian, 7; Iroquois, 8:30.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland—Cleared: Matoa, for Toledo, to load for Duluth.

Gladstone—Arrived: George Orr, Tower, Nebraska, New York. Cleared: Yale, Nebraska, Dyer, Buffalo; Norris Detroit; Joyce, Chicago.

Buffalo—Arrived: Kearsarge, Grecia, Gratwick (steel), La Geodaz.

PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Mich., Dec. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Weed, 7:20 a. m.; Trevor and whalebacks, Hoyt and whalebacks, 8; Northern Wave, 10. Down: Mariposa and consort, 8:20 last night; Rhoda Emily, 7:30 a. m.; Sequin, 11:30

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Nyanza, Rockefeller, 137, 129, Progress, Wilson, 117, 105, 107, Uganda, Lake Erie, coal; Gilbert, Buffalo, light for flour.

Departed—Onoko, Republic, Buffalo, grain; Nicholas, North Wind, Buffalo, flour; Nielson, Russell, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Wera, from Genoa.

## THE DISTRICT COURT.

### The Inman Case Was Concluded This Morning.

The case of Grace A. Inman against B. B. Inman was concluded before Judge Moer this morning, and the attorneys were ordered to submit the case on briefs. The case of Elizabeth K. Brown against the city was referred to George F. Christie to hear and report judgment. In the case of George H. Foote et al against A. Weir et al, judgment for $500 was entered on notes. At noon the case of Thomas W. Thatcher, as administrator for Thomas Thatcher, against Simon Clark et al was on trial. Thatcher claims that he sold to Clark some land, about twenty miles north of town, Clark trading, as part of the purchase price, two lots in Macfarlane's addition. The balance was to be paid in monthly payments. It is alleged that in 1891 Clark deeded part of the property to A. M. Morrison to hinder his creditors, and afterward made an assignment of the rest of it, together with the rest of his property. Thatcher wants the deeds set aside, and the land sold to satisfy his claim of $1260.

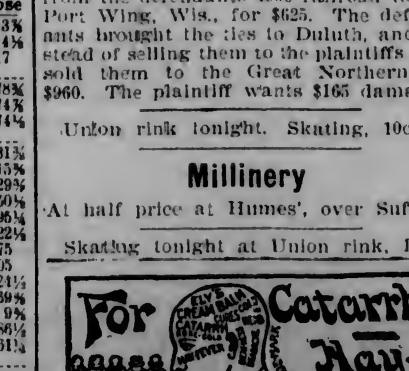
Judge Ensign this morning was trying the case of F. T. Little et al against Pennington & Montgomery. It is claimed that the parties made an agreement by which the plaintiffs were to buy from the defendants 4000 railroad ties at Port Wing, Wis., for $625. The defendants brought the ties to Duluth, and instead of selling them to the plaintiffs they sold them to the Great Northern for $960. The plaintiff wants $165 damages.

Union rink tonight. Skating, 10c.

## Millinery

At half price at Humes', over Suffel's.

Skating tonight at Union rink, 10c.




ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

## One Cent a Word.

**All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.**

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

MALE STENOGRAPHER, NOTARY public, with legal, commercial and railway experience, wishes work by the hour, day or week. Address Notary, 205 McDonnell building, city.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as housekeeper in widower's family; object, comfortable home. Address C. M., Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO HOUSEWORK in small family by competent girl. Address K 77, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man as second or pastry cook in house or restaurant or will take porter work for winter. Best of references can be given. Address A. N., 30 Fourth avenue east.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SITUATION cooking or work in grocery store. Best of references given. K 76, Herald.

WANTED—NURSING OF ANY DEscription by old experienced nurse. Call at 126 East First street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY DRESSmaker to do sewing in families by the day. Call at 126 East First street.

WANTED—BY A SOBER AND RESpectable man, position as packer in store or any kind of inside work. Good reference. Address Packer, 2011 West Seventh street.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework by competent girl. Call at 1705 East Jefferson street.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ALL round handy man. Will do any kind of honest work. I have a family to support. Please give me a call. S. A. Ross 317 Mesaba avenue.

BY A MIDDLE AGED WIDOW LADY, as housekeeper in widower's family. For good home and small wages. Address Mrs. Ross, 76 West Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

FIRST CLASS WAITRESS WOULD like situation in or out of town. Address 102 East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED FOR CHAMber work. Address 102 East Fourth street.

MARRIED MAN, 36 YEARS OF AGE, would like position as bartender. Address J. F. B., Herald.

YOUNG FRENCH GIRL OF 19 WOULD like position at general housework, is not afraid of work. Write at once to Miss Emma Lapierre, in care of William L., 305 West Superior street, city.

WANTED—SITUATION BY GOOD GENeral servant, who thoroughly understands cooking. Address K 10, Herald.

YOUNG WOMAN WHO HAS HAD TEN years' experience as organist on a pipe organ desires steady or temporary position. Address K 81, Herald.

FOREMAN, COLLECTOR OR ANY SIMilar responsible situation wanted by a man who for six years has been in the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company's service; over three years of which as foreman. For reference please address A. H. Lovstad, 117 East Fifth street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper for widower with children. Address K 83, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING by the day. Mrs. Evans, 121 Fourth avenue west.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

*FINANCIAL.*

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 30th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Peter Larson, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Fred W. Erickson, administrator of the estate of Peter Larson, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court, on Thursday, the 24th day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 30th day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-1-8-15.

## ANOTHER SUIT BEGUN.

### E. P. Alexander Contests the Water Plant Election.

Service of summons on the officials named as defendants was made yesterday afternoon in the case of E. P. Alexander against the city, instituted to procure the vacation of the election on the proposition to purchase the gas and water plant and the setting aside of the action of the council in canvassing the ballot and proclaiming the result.

The ground on which this relief is asked is that the election at which the question was submitted was a general state election instead of a general city election or a special election called for the purpose, as provided in section 9, chapter 9, of the general laws, being a part of the city charter. It is set forth that in each of the forty-two precincts in the city, not less than forty votes were cast in favor of both the second proposition, that to buy, and the third proposition, that to build, and that such ballots, not less than 1680 in number, were erroneously counted in favor of the second proposition. H. F. Greene is the attorney for the plaintiff.

SOME GOTHAM FAILURES.

New York, Dec. 1.—Louis B. Hasbrouck has been appointed receiver for Boschoff & Adler, cloak manufacturers on application of the National Park bank a creditor for $14,884. Smith & Gaylor, manufacturers of blinds, doors and trimmings, have made an assignment to J. S. Davenport, without preferences.

Skating tonight at Union rink, 10c.

## One Cent a Word.

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 324 West Third street.

WILL THE GIRL WHO CALLED AT 324 West Third street Monday evening, please call again as soon as possible.

WANTED—SEVERAL PROTESTANT ladies. Good position. Room 1, 120 First avenue east.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS HOUSEmaid. Apply mornings 1721 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 324 West Third street.

*WANTED—MALE HELP.*

*WANTED—AGENTS.*

MEN AND WOMEN OUT OF EMPLOYment and willing to work can learn of a permanent situation at good wages, by writing at once to P. V. H., Box 283, Augusta, Maine.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

*LOST.*

LOST—FOUR MONTHS' OLD COACH dog; black spots. Finder will be rewarded by returning to M. S. Burrows.

LOST—BLACK AN DWHITE SPOTTED rabbit hound bitch; about fifteen inches high with long brown ears. Finder please report at 227 West Third street and receive reward.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

FOR SALE—ONE NO. 5 RADIANT Home and one No. 3 Art aGrland heaters; also a number of others. Will sell or exchange. Refuss & Co., 25 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE—GOOD HEATING STOVE. Call 30 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

**For Sale---for $150.**

12-horse power BOILER and 8-horse power ENGINE In good condition.

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY, 12 West Michigan.

*FRATERNITIES*

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 14, 1896. Work, election of officers. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 9, 1896. Work, election of officers. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 19 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

*CLAIRVOYANT.*

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Harney and Catherine Harney, his wife, of Duluth, mortgagors, to American Loan and Trust Company, of Duluth, mortgagee, bearing date the 20th day of May, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 23rd day of May, A. D. 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 54 of mortgages on page 475; which said mortgage together with the debt thereby secured was duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company to the undersigned Mitchell Harrison by written assignment dated the 21st day of May, 1892, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 23rd day of May, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 55 of mortgages on page 149; and

Whereas said mortgage and the principal note thereby secured contain provisions that if default shall be made in the payment of the interest due on said principal note as evidenced by any of the semi-annual coupon notes attached thereto, and that if any or either of said coupon interest notes shall remain unpaid for ten days after maturity thereof that then and in such case the holder of said principal note may at its option and without notice to the maker thereof declare said principal sum as well as any or either of said past due coupon notes as fully due and payable as fully as if said principal note was payable on demand and may proceed to collect the same by foreclosure of said mortgage; and

Whereas default has been made in the payment of two of said semi-annual coupon interest notes each for the sum of $105.00 due respectively on the 1st day of May, 1896, and the 1st day of November, 1896, payment of which was secured by said mortgage and such default has continued for more than ten days by reason whereof the undersigned holder of said principal and coupon notes has elected to exercise said option and has heretofore duly declared and does hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage and all accrued interest thereon to be now due and payable; and

Whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due on said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of $3731.09 principal and interest and $75.00 attorneys' fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot number four (4), East Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 12th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of $3731.09 and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and $75.00 attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 30th, A. D. 1896.

MITCHELL HARRISON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

CASH, WILLIAMS & CHESTER,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-1-8-15-22-29-Jan-5.

## One Cent a Word.

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

FURNISHED ROOM TODAY. LOWELL block.

FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST CLASS, central location. 507 West Second street.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS bath, electric light, storm windows, fine views. Married couple. 720 West First.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

DOUBLE ROOM FINELY FURnished; steam heat. 31 East Superior street.

ROOMS WELL HEATED; FIRST CLASS board; bath, etc. 120 First avenue west.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

*ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.*

ROOM AND BOARD, DAY OR WEEK; lowest rates in the city. 127 First avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

*TO RENT—HOUSES.*

FOR RENT—A SIX ROOM HOUSE AT Glen Avon. Apply to G. Hood Thompson.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE. with water. 123 East Third street. Inquire of Paul Bollwien, 202 East Fourth street.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

*PROFESSIONAL.*

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

*EMPLOYMENT OFFICE*

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

*WANTED TO BUY.*

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND roll top desk. Address K 80, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, A FEW SHARES of Consolidated Iron company stock. Jamison 717 Torrey building.

*MIDWIFE*

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 329 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

# NOTICE

**Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty-One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated Januray 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,
NEIL McLACHLAN,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
Commissioners.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21 to Dec. 1 inc.

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

# THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Building, 229 West Superior Street.

Duluth Publishing & Printing Co.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
Counting Room - 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK
Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

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| Single copy, daily | $ .02 |
| One month | .45 |
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| Six months | 2 60 |
| One year | 5.00 |

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH
Official Paper of the City of Duluth.
Official Paper of St. Louis County.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK
17,148.

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Dec. 1.—The temperature has risen in all reporting districts, except parts of the Canadian Northwest, and Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. It continued lowest last night in the Canadian provinces, North Dakota, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Upper Michigan. In those sections, the following minimum temperatures below zero were reported: Prince Albert (Saskatchewan), 40; Bismarck, 20; Winnipeg, 32; Moorhead, 20; Port Arthur, 22; Duluth, 21; St. Paul, 8; Marquette, 6; Sault Ste. Marie, 2. Last night's minimum temperature was 8 above zero at Chicago, 20 above at Memphis and 38 above at Denver.

Light snows have been general in Montana, the western part of North Dakota and at lake stations in Michigan; elsewhere fair weather has continued in the various reporting districts.

The conditions are favorable for increasing cloudiness today and snow Wednesday with a decided change to warmer.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 20 degrees below zero; maximum yesterday, 8 below zero; minimum yesterday, 20 below zero; minimum last night, 21 below.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Snow, with rising temperature tonight; Wednesday snow and decidedly warmer; winds shifting to northeast and probably becoming brisk by Wednesday noon.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Dec. 1.—For Minnesota: Snow tonight and Wednesday; slowly rising temperature; winds shifting to east and north. For Wisconsin: Increasing cloudiness, with snow late tonight and Wednesday; warmer in south portion tonight; warmer Wednesday; winds shifting to northeast and becoming fresh Wednesday.

### WOULD RECIPROCITY PAY?

Several leading newspapers in this country have been advocating commercial reciprocity with Canada, on the ground that it would increase the sentiment among the Canadians in favor of political union with the United States. This is a false conclusion, and the Detroit Journal clearly shows that the effect of granting reciprocity to Canada would be the very opposite to that which these papers have pictured. The Journal correctly says that public sentiment in Canada is strongly in favor of commercial union, but not nearly so strong for political union. Indeed, it would be much less strong for the latter if the former were agreed to. On the other hand, if Canada were assured that there could be no commercial union without political union, public sentiment in Canada would become more and more favorable for political union. Simple reciprocity or commercial union with Canada, without political union, would bring no such advantages to this country as would reciprocity with foreign countries which produce so many things which are not produced either in the United States or Canada. The Journal says:

"It is for the reason that our country and Canada are so nearly alike in this respect that reciprocity with her would simply be free exchange of products native to each. Who would be benefited by such a free exchange? The answer to this is that Canada would give us the markets of less than 5,000,000 people in exchange for the markets of 70,000,000 people. Reciprocity with Canada would be a good thing for her producers, but would it be a good thing for the producers of this country?"

Take the lumber business, for instance. Canadian lumber can now enter this country free of duty. Our lumbermen claim that this fact has resulted injuriously to them, and are demanding a revision of the tariff and the restoration of the old duty of $1 per 1000 feet, in order to keep out Canadian lumber with which they say they cannot compete owing to the low cost of production in Canada. A treaty of reciprocity with Canada would continue lumber on the free list, when coming from that country. The same would be true of the iron ore business. There are valuable deposits of iron ore north of the international boundary. The removal of the existing duty might start operations on those properties.

On the other hand what would we gain from reciprocity. As the Journal points out, Canada has an area of territory greater than our own. She produces immeasurably more than she consumes, while this country's consumption of its own products is about 95 per cent on the average. In years when we have a larger surplus than usual, how much or it could we find a market for in Canada, with her present population of less than 5,000,000? Would not, year in and year out, the dvantage be very largely on the side of our northern neighbor? It certainly would. The markets of 70,000,000 people ought to be worth about fourteen times as much as the markets of 5,000,000 people on a full reciprocity basis, which means simply free trade in everything exchanged.

Canada understands this and certainly cannot be blamed for wanting commercial union with the United States. But the moment we agree to commercial union, that moment is the time to say good bye to political union. Having once secured the former without the latter she has accomplished her main object and the further consideration of the latter is indefinitely postponed, so long as commercial union exists. If the United States would force Canada into a political union, the way to do it is to deny the commercial union she now seeks.

### HAWAIIAN ANNEXATION.

A dispatch from Washington to this morning's papers says that ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster, who has just returned from a visit to Hawaii, found that the people of Hawaii still wish to be annexed to the United States. Mr. Foster says: "The present government has the approval of the majority of native Hawaiians, and there is no likelihood that there ever will be a restoration of the monarchy. The English and German elements, however, are opposed to annexation to the United States, because they believe it will interfere with their contract labor, and so affect their interests commercially. The present government, in its administration, is giving satisfaction. Yet this government is only temporary, and the people want to be annexed to the United States. The members of the government are pledged to it, and the present constitution of the republic expresses this expectation. So it is the general belief that the matter should be decided at an early date, if possible."

This statement by Mr. Foster recalls the fact that during the last month of President Harrison's administration, a treaty of annexation, negotiated on the part of the United States by Mr. Foster himself, was before the senate for ratification. That treaty was sent to the senate on Feb. 15, 1893, only nineteen days before the expiration of President Harrison's term of office; and it is understood that in obedience to an intimation from President-elect Cleveland, it was held up by the Democratic senators, and President Harrison went out of office, leaving the treaty hung up in the senate, from whose consideration it was soon after withdrawn by President Cleveland.

In his message to the senate President Harrison said: "Only two courses are now open; one the establishment of a protectorate by the United States, and the other, annexation, full and complete. I think the latter course, which has been adopted in the treaty, will be highly promotive of the best interests of the Hawaiian people, and is the only one that will adequately secure the interests of the United States."

It is true that some things have changed since that message was sent to the senate; but nothing which has the desirability of annexation. The than provisional government has become a permanent and well ordered republic, firmly established, able and competent to maintain itself among the family of nations. The participation of the late queen, Liliuokalani, in the attempted revolt two years ago would do away with the provision to give her a pension of $20,000 a year during her natural life; and it is doubtful if our government would not favorably entertain the proposition to grant the Princess Kaiulani the gross allowance of $150,000, provided by the former treaty. The Republican platform does not expressly declare for annexation; but that "the Hawaiian islands should be controlled by the United States." Still there is no doubt that public sentiment in this country is favorable to annexation, and it is safe to predict that one of the earliest acts of the McKinley administration will be a move in that direction. The commanding position of the Hawaiian islands in the Pacific, on the great highways of commerce between the Pacific coast and the Orient, as well as on the route to Australia, and their unequalled importance from a naval and military point of view, place it beyond doubt that at an early day the negotiations with the republic of Hawaii ought to be reopened, with the result that the Stars and Stripes will float over the old palace at Honolulu.

### WHY WHEAT ADVANCES.

Wheat made another advance yesterday, but the indications this morning were that the close today would show a decline. The market, however, has been advancing quite steadily for some time past, and during the past ninety days has gained 25 cents a bushel. Of course there is a cause for this advance of over 40 per cent, and one need not go far to find it. A very brief investigation will demonstrate that it is a legitimate rise, due to the crop shortages in other exporting countries. The decline of competition and consequent great demand for American wheat has forced up the price, both in our own markets and at Liverpool.

Two countries which usually produce the great bulk of the world's exportable supplies, Russia and America, have this year produced less than an average crop, while two countries, India and Australia, usually exporters, though not large ones, have changed from exporters to importers, and it is quite well settled that the fifth in the principal exporting countries—Argentina—will not have a good crop, even if she does not have a poor one. Last year she exported, in round numbers, 20,000,000 bushels. If she has double this amount to export this year the extra 20,000,000 bushels will fall very much short of counterbalancing the American shortage of over 50,000,000 bushels to say nothing of the shortage in Russia, which is given by one authority as over 80,000,000, but by another much less. A liberal shortage in each is positive.

Consequently it appears there are but three countries this year producing a surplus, and each one has produced an underaverage. This condition is magnified by the fact that India and Australia's deficit in production is double-edged in that, being importers instead of, as usual, exporters, every bushel imported by the two is as two bushels in the world's wheat movement as measured by the former year. Thus, from April 1 to Nov. 30, in 1895, India exported 16,240,000 bushels of wheat. This year she has exported 3,535,000 bushels, a difference of 12,705,000 bushels. For the year ending March 31, 1896, India exported 17,960,000 bushels. She is now importing weekly. If she takes in instead of sends out, reverses her usual course, it is equivalent to drawing from world's stocks two bushels where she only takes one, for instead of adding to the exportable surplus of the world she is taking from it. The same reasoning applies to Australia.

Interior or reserve stocks of old wheat in the United Kingdom and on the continent—representing the importing world—are generally admitted to be lower than usual. This condition is the natural outgrowth of the steady depreciation in prices during the last three or four years, when it was found that no matter at what price wheat could be bought at today it was to be bought cheaper tomorrow. With less than one-half the crops yet gone, receipts at every point are falling off. The visible is lower than usual. The government report suggests a shortage of 60,000,000 bushels in the wheat crop of Minnesota and the Dakotas this year, but some figure it at over 80,000,000 bushels. The winter wheat crop has been absorbed. The receipts from the spring crop so far have been as large as last year, and there is no doubt that the crop is marketed much closer than usual. Duluth elevators will not carry as much grain as usual this year, although the receipts have been very heavy. The shipping demand has exceeded the arrivals. The fact that cash wheat is commanding a premium over futures in every market in America is further evidence of an urgency in the demands upon supplies almost warranting the belief that wheat is intrinsically worth more money today than it is commanding. If Europe wants, as a good authority asserts, 120,000,000 bushels more of American wheat on this crop year, Europe cannot be accommodated, for America has not the wheat to spare, even if she has one-half that amount left for export. Indeed, if it is true that Europe has already purchased round lots of wheat in America for delivery ahead, as evidence existing would suggest, the situation assumes a rather serious form. Thus it will be seen that there are many reasons why wheat has advanced and should continue to advance.

### THE TREASURY PORTFOLIO.

The following is the law of 1789 which, it is claimed, renders Mark Hanna, Cornelius Bliss and other business men ineligible to the secretaryship of the treasury:

"No person appointed to the office of secretary of the treasury, or first comptroller, or first auditor, or treasurer, or register, shall, directly or indirectly, be concerned or interested in the carrying on the business of trade or commerce, or be the owner in whole or in part of any sea vessel, or purchase by himself, or another in trust for him, any public lands or other public property, or be concerned in the purchase or disposal of any public securities of any state, or of the United States, or take or apply to his own use any emolument or gain for negotiating or transacting any business in the treasury department, other than what shall be allowed by law; and every person who offends against any of the prohibitions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor and forfeit to the United States the penalty of three thousand dollars, and shall, upon conviction, be removed from office, and forever thereafter be incapable of holding any office under the United States."

It is likely that this law will be regarded as an ineffectual barrier to the appointment of any of those who, like Mr. Hanna, are engaged in trade and commerce. Mr. Dingley, of Maine, chairman of the ways and means committee, is likely to be the next secretary. No man is better posted on the tariff and other questions that concern the treasury department.

Although King Leopold is, so far as his own subjects are concerned, probably the least popular monarch of Europe, yet the prosperity of Belgium has increased in an altogether phenomenal degree during his reign. In the great mining and idustrial belt of which Liege is the center, the values of plant and output have been quadrupled since he ascended the throne, while the commerce and trade of the great seaport of Antwerp have augmented more than tenfold.

Louis J. Silva, a St. Louis financier who embezzled $100,000 from his employers and received a three year sentence in the penitentiary, was pardoned by Governor Stone on Thanksgiving day. Silva served one year of his sentence. It is not astonishing that, in view of such leniency to criminals, the past week witnessed the departure for parts unknown of two "implicitly trusted" financiers, leaving heavy deficiencies.

Marshall Field, of Chicago, is credited with the belief that if congress would place a tariff of 1 cent a pound on sugar, the chances are that within ten years we should be making our own sugar from beets, and the 1 cent a pound would give us in the meantime sufficient revenue for the government and sufficient protection for the growers of beets. Then Mr. Field would favor a commission to regulate the tariff.

Baron Hirsch has secured at least one monument "more lasting than one of bronze." With the avowed object of commemorating the great benefits which th late baron conferred on the settlers in his Argentine colonies, the heads of families there have decided to give the name of Moses Hirsch to every male child born until the first anniversary of his death.

Emperor William is considering the advisability of recalling all the officers whom he loaned to the Chinese government for the purpose of instructing the Mongolian warriors in the arts of civilized warfare, because one of the German captains recently had serious trouble with a viceroy.

The Omaha Bee asserts that it was a Kentucky revivalist who declared at a valedictory prayer meeting that he had done a good work there. "I am," he said, "like the celebrated Napoleon, who, after Bunker Hill, exclaimed, 'Sic semper tyrannis: I came, I saw, I conquered.'"

The bicycle legislators are getting down to work, and it is probable that several states will enact new and important rulings in this connection. For the benefit of the bicyclists as well as the general public the laws of the road should be revised.

The Philadelphia Record says that the St. Gaudens statue of Peter Cooper "means more to the American people than a gallery full of dancing and vinously exhilarated Bacchantes."

The Indiana state Christian Endeavor convention has adopted strong resolutions denouncing newspapers which print Sunday editions and Sunday bicycling for pleasure.

The Pennsylvania Woman Suffrage association is forty-eight years old and is not ashamed to admit its age. And it still has hope of victory.

A social critic complains that American women do not walk gracefully. And yet they get there just the same.

It was an "eager and a nipping air" that whisked around the street corners last night.

The curlers were warm today, but not because of the weather.

Even below zero weather, finally becomes tiresome.

## THE ROUNDER.

The little cold snap now in progress reminded Amos Shepard of the old days in Tower when the settlers were new to the country. One of the first winters they saw there was an extraordinarily cold one. The thermometer seemed to take a delight in slumping down to depths the settlers never saw before. The cold was of the still, subtle variety, and the settlers would not gain any idea how cold it was by stepping out for a moment. It was only when they looked at the thermometer or took a walk that they realized that it was remarkably cold. In the latter case, before they had walked more than a few blocks the cold would penetrate clear through and it seemed as though every vital organ must be frozen up if they did not immediately reach a fire. When they looked at the thermometer and saw the mercury curled up in the bulb in a discouraged manner they felt inclined to lie down and freeze to death. A record of fifty degrees below was almost an every day occurrence. Many of the thermometers simply showed the mercury all in the bulb and left the rest to the imagination. In others the bulb broke and the mercury dropped out and froze up. Finally Capt. Moreom, now County Commissioner, the Bryanites or the Palmerites? So far as the latter element is concerned there isn't enough of it to do anything.

### POLITICAL SUICIDE.

Cloquet Pine Knot: We cannot understand what claim William Merriam has to a place in the McKinley cabinet. He has accomplished nothing which any good Republican could not have done. As to ability, there are two or three other fellows in the state who know a thing or two and who are clean politically. To give Merriam a position in the cabinet or a seat in the senate means to perpetuate the machine which came so near losing the governorship for the Republican party. It is political suicide for that party to sanction any such scheme.

### AFTER TOWNE'S SHOES.

Washington special to Minneapolis Tribune: There is liable to be quite a strife among the Minnesota delegation for the place on the rivers and harbors committee made vacant by the retirement of Charles A. Towne from congress. McCleary wanted the place at the last session, and it is hinted that "Uncle Loren" may decide to go after the position at the next session. It is understood that a suggestion has been made already that Page Morris be given the place and the entire delegation will be asked to unite in his behalf.

### HONORED LONG AFTER DEATH.

New York, Dec. 1.—A dispatch from Valparaiso, Chili, says: The body of the late President Balmacede was buried in the cemetery at Santiago yesterday. Much pomp attended the service. More remarkable still was the popular observance of the burial. More than 10,000 persons attended the body to the splendid mausoleum prepared by the family in the cemetery. Balmaceda after his sudden death in September, 1891, was hastily buried in a secret place, to prevent profanation of the grave by political enemies.

### NATHAN LAMPSON DEAD.

Browns Valley, Minn., Dec. 1.—Nathan Lampson, the man who during the Indian outbreak in Minnesota in 1862, killed Little Crow, the famous Sioux Indian, is dead, aged 96.

### A GOOD PRESCRIPTION.

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Your wife would soon be well if she would go out into the air," said Dr. Pellet to Mr. Miserly. "She stays at home too much."

"I can't get her to go out at all, doctor."

"I'll give you a prescription which will take her out," replied the astute physician, who then sat down and wrote the following:

"Per outward application—
"One new fall cape.
"One tailor-made gown.
"One new bonnet.
"Pair of gloves to match.
"Take every afternoon and evening."

Absolutely Pure.




The Careful Housewife will use no other.

BACKACHE.

A Very Significant Indication of Organic Derangement.

The back, "the mainspring of woman's organism," quickly calls attention to trouble by aching. It tells with other symptoms, such as nervousness, headache, pains in loins, and weight in lower part of body, blues and "all gone" feeling, that nature requires assistance, and at once. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for twenty years has been the one and only effective remedy in such cases. It speedily removes the cause and effectually restores the organs to a healthy and normal condition. Mrs. Pinkham cheerfully answers all letters from ailing women who require advice, without charge. Thousands of cases like this are recorded.

"I have taken one-half dozen bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it has relieved me from all pain. I cannot tell you the agony I endured for years; pains in my back (Oh, the backache was dreadful!) and bearing-down pains in the abdomen extending down into my limbs; headache and nausea, and very painful menstruations. I had grown very thin, a mere shadow of my former self. Now I am without a single pain and am gaining in flesh rapidly."—MATTIE GLENN, 1561 Dudley St., Cincinnati.

## TO DISSOLVE HIS LIEN.

### Assignee of Richards Lumber Company Sues M. J. Clark.

The Duluth Trust company, assignee for the B B. Richards Lumber company, yesterday afternoon began suit against M. J. Clark, the principal creditor of the insolvent company, to recover $5000 alleged to have been paid to him within ninety days before the assignment, and, therefore, constituting a preference. Another suit was filed to dissolve Clark's lien upon the company's timber, that it may be sold for the equal benefit of all creditors. It is alleged that the bill of sale of the timber to Clark was made with the understanding that it should not be filed, and the company was to remain in actual possession of the pine. Relying on his promise, the company went ahead and made improvements, and it is alleged that Clark knew that the only hope of the creditors was the timber on which he held the bill of sale. The plaintiff alleges that under the conditions Clark is now estopped from claiming his lien. It is also claimed that when Clark filed his bill of sale he knew that the company was insolvent, and he filed it with the purpose of obtaining a preference. Plaintiff also claims that the conditions under which it took the timber made it an innocent purchaser, and rendered Clark's lien inoperative.

## Christian Endeavor Convention.

A most delightful Christian Endeavor convention was held at Cloquet on Friday and Saturday of last week. A goodly number of delegates were present, including several from Duluth. The annual sermon was preached by Dr. Clifford, of the First Presbyterian church. The Duluth Christian Endeavor union was permanently organized by adopting a constitution and electing the following officers: President, Rev. W. J. Johnson, Cloquet; first vice president, Miss Lena McCanning, Grand Rapids; second vice president, Rev. W. W. Newell, Duluth; third vice president, Rev. F. J. Barackman, Sandstone; secretary-treasurer, Miss Ada M. Warner, Cloquet. The district includes Northeastern Minnesota, beginning at Rush City. The conventions are to be held annually on Friday, Saturday and Sunday following Thanksgiving. The place for the next convention is to be determined by the officers.

### RATHER LIMITED.

Lacqui Parle Independent: Judam Bede asks: "What shall Democrats do now?" It might be best to first decide who are

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. | SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

As the Twig is Bent

so the tree will grow. The early lessons of childhood leave a lasting impression. As the home is the true sphere of woman, she cannot begin too young to acquire the art of taking care of it. One of the most helpful lessons she can learn is that

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

is not only the most efficient means of keeping things clean, but the most economical as well. Whether used for washing clothes or cleaning house it proves its worth beyond question. It's never too late for a woman to learn the Santa Claus lesson. Sold everywhere.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

PISO'S CURE For Consumption

For the last 20 years we have kept Piso's Cure for Consumption in stock, and would sooner think a groceryman could get along without sugar in his store than we could without Piso's Cure. It is a sure seller.—RAVEN & CO., Druggists, Ceresco, Michigan, September 2, 1896.

## FATAL TRAIN WRECK.

### Northern Pacific Has a Bad Montana Smash-Up.

Helena, Mont., Dec. 1.—A freight train of thirty cars, loaded with lumber and shingles, going west, got beyond control on a heavy grade, east of the Mullen tunnel, on the Northern Pacific road yesterday evening, and ran away. Twenty-six cars were scattered along a distance of eight miles, where the engine left the track. Ed Jarbeau, head brakeman, was thrown down an embankment with several cars, and killed. Fireman Young jumped and escaped with a broken collar bone, severe scalp wounds and other injuries. Engineer John Flynn's leg was broken, besides internal injuries. Conductor J. McBean's thigh is broken, his back wrenched and his shoulder thrown out of joint.

For a distance of eight miles the track is badly torn up, and it will be forty-eight hours before the damage is repaired. In the meantime, through trains are sent around by way of Butte. It is the worst wreck ever known on the Northern Pacific railway in point of damage to the track and rolling stock.

## COSTLY THREADS.

### Those For Electric Lights Worth $12,000 Per Pound.

Washington, Dec. 1.—United States Consul Morris Ghent, in a report to the state department, says that the European newspapers have been much interested of late in a question propounded as to what is the most expensive product in the world. In the answer given by Milfred Von Miell is charcoal thread, employed as filaments for incandescent electric lamps which in the shape of filaments for thirty candles power lamps is worth $12,000 per pound. It requires 1,500,000 of these filaments to make a pound and their total length would be 187 miles.

## A BIG BLAZE.

### Forty Firms Burned Out in England---Loss $1,500,000.

Bradford, England, Dec. 1.—The fire which broke out in John Holdsworth & Sons' block, Forster square, was much more destructive than at first supposed. About forty firms were burned out, the office of the Anglo-American Cable company and the Commercial Cable company here were destroyed but the damage done is estimated at $1,500,000.

### MURDERERS' LIGHT SENTENCE.

Berlin, Dec. 1.—Grosse and Werner, the two men who in October last, murdered Herr Major Levy, president of the Berlin Barby, stabbing him to death in his bedroom, were sentenced today each to fifteen years' imprisonment.

### WILL TRY IT AGAIN.

New York, Dec. 1.—It is reported upon what is considered the best of authority that Mrs. Augusta Drayton, the eldest daughter of Mrs. William Astor, is about to be married again. The happy man is George Haig, a Scotchman of position, now a member of the firm of Haig & Haig, whisky merchants, with headquarters in London.

### A POPULAR NOMINATION.

London, Dec. 1.—The Daily News contains a eulogistic article on the nomination of Sir Samuel Strong, chief justice of the Dominion of Canada, as privy counsellor, which will enable him to sit on the judicial committee.

The readers of our publications are requested to use Salvation Oil for any and all pains. It is a sure cure. 25 cents.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Duluth Trust Co

Acts as surety on bonds of assignees, receivers, etc. Legal depository for trust funds.

Franklin J. Pulford, President
Edward P. Towne, V. President
Calvin F. How, Sec. and Treas.

BIG G cures in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street, MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

# WEDNESDAY--HOUSEKEEPERS' DAY!

**25c Glass Water Pitchers 10c**

**Glassware Clearing Sale.**

MIRRORS! Good sized Mirrors with American plate glass and finely polished oak frame, worth 29c, only **16c**

WATER SETS! 50c Glass Water Sets, consisting of 6 glasses and 1 Water Pitcher, per set **29c**

ROSE BOWLS! 15c handsome glass Rose Bowls, housekeepers' day, each....... **7c**

VASES! 15c handsome Glass Vases, housekeepers' day, only, each ..................... **7c**

FRUIT BOWLS! 18c—very pretty glass Fruit Bowls, housekeepers' day, each **10c**

SPOON HOLDERS Handsome ruby Glass Spoon Holder, worth 15c, only, each ........ **6c**

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 8 O'CLOCK:

**$1.50 Nickel Alarm Clocks 69c ea'h**

Japanese Tooth Picks, box... **2c**
5c Paper Lamp Shades, each **1c**
5c Paper of Needles, per paper..... **1c**

$1.98 Carpet Sweepers, to close.......... **98c**

SLEDS!
29c Hardwood Coaster only.............. **19c**
35c Hardwood, well made, large sled, only **25c**
65c Hardwood, well made, large sled, only **50c**
$1 Hardwood, well made, large sled, only **79c**
$2 Hardwood, well made, large sled, only **$1.69**

**THE ONE CENT STORE, 109 WEST SUPERIOR ST.**

**5c Glass Tumblers 2c Each.**

**SKATES! SKATES!**

Men's and Boys' Steel Skates, all sizes, worth 40c, go at.................. **29c**
Men's and Boys' Plated Hardened Steel Skates, all sizes, worth 75c and $1.00; 59 and.............. **79c**
Men's and Boys' Nickel Plated Skates, all sizes, worth $1.25.......................... **98c**
Ladies' Steel Skates, all sizes, worth $1.00, go at.......................... **73c**
Ladies' Steel Skates, all sizes, plated, worth $1.25.......................... **89c**
Ladies' Hardened Steel Skates, Nickel Plated, worth $2.00.......................... **$1.29**

The above Skates are the celebrated Barney & Berry's make. The best in the world. Every pair warranted.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 8 O'CLOCK.


# DISPUTED

## Valve Question Was Argued Pro and Con Last Evening.

## Matt Noble Told Mr. Reed He Knew Something About Valves.

## Mr. Reed Replied and the Aldermen Talked Also—Other Matters

The council last evening masticated the valve question again and again hung it up, final disposition being apparently as far off as ever. In order that it might not be said that they accomplished nothing, the aldermen took a fall out of the mayor while they were resting, by reconsidering and passing over his veto the resolution providing for the issue and sale of $1,695,000 worth of bonds for the purchase or erection of a water and gas plant.

Alderman Harker made the motion to reconsider, explaining that when he voted to sustain the mayor's veto at the previous meeting he had done so under a misunderstanding of the nature of the resolution, thinking it was for the placing of bonds already issued. The motions to reconsider and pass passed by a vote of 11 yeas to 3 nays, just the necessary two-thirds.

An ordinance for the issue of $119,000 refunding improvement bonds to take up the improvement bonds of the city of Lakeside, and an ordinance requiring the use of fenders on street cars, were received and referred.

As had been anticipated, the majority report of the waterworks committee, which was introduced after the reports had been read in accordance with the ruling of the chair in the afternoon, recommending the adoption of the minority report of the special committee on valves, which was submitted by D. A. Reed, started a discussion. The resolution provided that the items be awarded to the lowest bidders, with the exception of the 24-inch gate valves. Under this arrangement, the share of the Michigan Brass and Iron works would be $7990; that of the Rensselaer company, 0211, and that of the Prescott company, $1982. The Michigan Brass and Iron works would get the contract for the big horizontal valves, the difference in price in its favor being $1286.

On motion of Alderman Krumsieg, Matt Noble, of the special committee, was given the floor. Mr. Noble had his fighting clothes on, and, metaphorically speaking, he reached for Reed the first thing. As to the charge in the latter's report that the committee had not spent enough time in considering the merits of the valves, Mr. Noble said that the mechanical engineers on the committee were prepared, by reason of their knowledge of valves and their ways, to arrive at a conclusion speedily. As to the two valves submitted to them, Mr. Reed, he said, had himself not been present during the whole time, having absented himself on two occasions for twenty minutes, when, concluded Mr. Noble, "he retired to consult with Mr. Strackbein." Mr. Strackbein is the representative of the Michigan company. Mr. Noble said that Mr. Reed's intimation that the fact that the committee were to receive no compensation accounted, perhaps, for the brevity of their deliberations is unworthy of notice. Speaking for himself, so far as the question of knowledge of the subject in hand went, he said he considered himself qualified to judge of the merit of a valve. In his estimation there is no choice between the two types submitted, everything is in favor of the Rensselaer valve. The Rensselaer 42-inch valve, he said, weighs 22,000 pounds, while the Michigan valve weighs but 18,000, a difference which gives the former a decided advantage at the start.

In response to an inquiry from Alderman Coventry, as to why he had recommended the purchase of any Michigan valves, Mr. Noble said that the Michigan valve works more freely in a vertical position and he had recommended the Michigan valve where it would be used in that position, in view of the difference in price.

MR. REED ON DECK.

Then Mr. Reed went to the bat. He said that, so far as weight is concerned, it lay within the province of the city engineer to reject any valve not properly constructed or in which no allowance had been made for temperature strain. The Michigan company, he said, is willing to submit its plans to the city engineer for approval. One valve may be lighter than another, he said, and yet be superior. He said that, under the award recommended by his report, the cost of the valves will be $11,558.05, while under the award as recommended by the majority report, they will cost $12,938. Further, the Michigan company had stated that it will withdraw in case it is not awarded all the items on which it is the lowest bidder. In this case, the cost will be $14,263. Mr. Reed concluded by asking why Mr. Noble favored awarding three sizes of valves, on which the Rensselaer company is the lowest bidder, if he thought the latter company's make is superior.

To this, Mr. Noble replied that they are the cheaper, all things considered, at that figure.

Alderman Harker then raised the objection that the Michigan company had never made any valves calculated for temperature strain. He said that Mr. Strackbein had asked a man who is making steel pipe for the city whether his valve is heavy enough to stand the strain. This indicated, said Mr. Harker, that Mr. Strackbein is not "onto his job," as it were, and had caused him to lose confidence in him and his company.

Alderman Krumsieg then took a brief promenade on Mr. Reed's collar. "It is ridiculous," said he, "for Mr. Reed to criticise the members of the committee. It is like a kindergarten child setting up to play teacher. He is not a mechanical engineer; he is a civil engineer."

Alderman Crandall said he knew nothing about valves, but he understood that the only difference between the present Michigan valve and the old style is that the former has an additional pin in it somewhere. He said he knew something about buck-saws, though; he had handled one himself, and he knew that a buck-saw is admirably suited for some purposes, but it cannot be used to advantage in sawing a round hole in a board.

More discussion along the same line followed and City Engineer Patton told why he does not favor the Michigan valve.

The motion to adopt the resolution recommending the minority report was then put and lost, the vote being as follows:

Yeas—Aldermen Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens.

Nays—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Trevillion, Hale.

The matter of the armory and market house janitorship was settled at last, in favor of W. J. Nelson, who was awarded the job at a salary of $60 per month. Alderman Stevens brought in a minority report of the committee on public officers, offices and elections, recommending Alfred Broadbridge, who was the selection of the militiamen for the position, but the latter was "turned down."

WEST DULUTH WATER PLANT.

A resolution by Alderman Olafson was passed, directing the board of public works and the city engineer to estimate the value of the West Duluth light and water plant and report to the council, and, also a resolution, from the same source, directing the president of the council to appoint a committee, consisting of three members of the council and a member of the board of trade, chamber of commerce and jobber's union, to confer on the matter of a fair price for the plant named. The chair appointed Aldermen Olafson, Coventry and Sang; W. S. Moore, of the board of trade; John D. Stryker, of the chamber of commerce, and C. A. Duncan, of the jobber's union.

A resolution by Alderman Crandall, providing that the second floor of the Armory and market building, the Armory proper, be turned over to the board provided by the state law, consisting of the commanding officer of the post, the mayor and the city treasurer, was, after some discussion, referred to the city attorney for his opinion. Aldermen Olafson and Sang opposed the measure. They wanted the control of the Armory retained by the city. They feared that the militia would want to use the Armory every night, and that the city would get no benefit from it should it be turned over in accordance with the resolution. Alderman Olafson raised the point that the law on which the resolution was drafted has been declared unconstitutional by the supreme court. The city attorney was instructed to look it up.

During the debate on this resolution, Alderman Coventry had been looking puzzled. As soon as he could get a word in he said he would like to know if the Armory had been turned over to the city. "Yes," said Alderman Sang, laughing, but looking somewhat chagrined, "the Armory has been turned over, the gallery has been paid for and the mayor has stolen a march on us." The face of the alderman from the First resembled a landscape over which the first rays of dawn are straggling, as he resumed his seat. There was a deep silence for a moment, finally broken by a sound like the echo of a laugh from the mayor's office at the other end of the hall.

THE BANKS' BONDSMEN.

Alderman Sang relieved his feelings by getting City Attorney Benham out on the carpet. Mr. Sang inquired about the suits against the bondsmen of the Marine, Security and Bell & Eyster's banks. Mr. Benham, after remarking rather tartly that there is a docket in his office which is a public record and open for inspection, in which the status of all cases is noted, informed the alderman from the Eighth ward as to the standing of the cases. Alderman Sang found fault with Mr. Benham's action in entering into a stipulation with the Security bondsmen, in order that time might be given to reorganize the bank. Mr. Benham said the case had not been delayed a day, and alluded to the fact that he had received no certified copy of the resolution directing a suit anyhow. This stirred Clerk Richardson up. The latter said he is growing accustomed to attempts on the part of others who had neglected their duty to shoulder the blame off on his office. It is the second charge, he said, of the kind in this case. He said he had delivered the copy to the treasurer, where it should go, with the understanding that the latter should turn it over to the city attorney if he did not succeed in getting the money. He had furnished the city attorney with a copy as soon as he found the latter wanted one. Alderman Sang appeared satisfied with the fun he had had, and the storm blew over.

A resolution, by Alderman Sang, was passed, confirming the assessments for improving Grand avenue between Forty-fourth and Fifty-fourth avenues west. A protest against confirming the assessments was received from the Cresley Park Land company and several other property owners were present in person and had their objections noted in the record.

CLAIMS ALLOWED.

The claims of Drs. Carson and Flatt, for the sums of $40 and $10, respectively, for services as Dr. Ewell's assistants in the Hanson case, were allowed.

The claim of Charles Macy for $480 as pound rent, was received and referred to the city attorney. A communication from the board of public works was received, stating that it had fixed the salary of the inspector of pumping machinery at 1¼ per cent on the contract work, payable as the estimates are allowed. Referred. The appointment of E. H. Holden as special policeman at the Lyceum, without pay, was referred.

THE AFTERNOON CAUCUS.

At the council caucus there was considerable discussion over the matter of insurance on the armory and market building. Aldermen Stevens and Harker, of the public buildings committee, reported that they had placed the insurance with a board company at the lowest rate obtainable. Alderman Crandall said he did not believe the rate is as low proportionately as that obtained from the board companies by certain wholesale houses and mills. He was certain, he said, that better terms could have been obtained from non-board companies. This started a discussion as to the reliability of non-board companies, Alderman Crandall saying that as a matter of fact a board company in Duluth may be a non-board company in Minneapolis or St. Paul. He maintained that there are just as reliable non-board companies as those belonging to the board and criticized the committee for placing the insurance before ascertaining what they could do in the way of getting a better rate.

Alderman Harker accused Alderman Crandall of favoring a company having no agent here, to which the latter replied that the company alluded to by the former has a resident agent in Duluth.

THE ARMORY JANITORSHIP.

Alderman Crandall then produced a telegram from the general agent of the company alluded to, offering a lower rate than the one secured, after which broadside the aldermen lined up to tackle the question of the armory and market janitorship. Both the majority and minority reported, recommending W. J. Nelson and A. Broadbridge respectively. They were defeated on the informal consideration, and then the valve matter was taken up. The discussion was at its height when it was discovered that the matter was not properly before the council, and it was dropped.

Some discussion ensued on the normal school site, during which Attorney Briggs was roasted. President Hale appointed himself and Aldermen Crandall and Coventry a committee to confer with the legislative representatives on the subject, and the caucus adjourned.


WE CURE

Diseases of the Liver Kidneys and Bladder Thousands of People Testify to our Success in Curing them after all other means failed

**Dr. J. H. McLEAN'S LIVER and KIDNEY BALM**

IS THE PEERLESS REMEDY WE USE

All Dealers Sell It

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.


## AMUSEMENTS.

AL G. FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

The cold weather undoubtedly kept many away from the Lyceum last evening, and Al G. Field's minstrels had only a fair sized audience. The performance, in most respects, was a very worthy one. The first part is cleverly staged, and the costuming and style were excellent. The chorus and solo work were good, but not above the ordinary. J. W. Norton sang "The Bedouin Love Song" with good effect. He has a pleasing bass voice. Will Walling, the possessor of a high tenor voice, was heard in "Sweeheart, Why Did You Leave Me?" and Harry Sheldon, a tenor, sang "The Old Church Bell." There were but few gags, and they were good and not suggestive of age. Lew Sully and Al Field were the perpetrators of all of these. Sully, also sang a song of his own which was well received. A couple of numbers in the first part were cut.

The specialties in the olio were good. Eddie Fox, one of the old-timers who has not lost his hold upon audiences gave some clever imitations on the violin. Lew Sully's specialty of songs and witticisms provoked great laughter, and he was recalled a half dozen times. Ollie Young did some exceedingly clever club manipulating. Bogert and O'Brien, the musical artists, appeared in a specialty which exhibited their versatile powers, and was decidedly comical as well. Barber and Roberts, the bicyclists, gave an exhibition of expert riding such as is seldom seen. They used both the safety and old style high wheel. The satire on baseball was laughable. The dancing was all good. The acrobatic act by the Mobring brothers was fairly good.

The after piece, "Utopia," is hardly worthy of the claims made for it, although it is laughable, and contains some good chorus music.

WALKER WHITESIDES.

Walker Whitesides, the tragedian comes to the Lyceum Friday and Saturday, Dec. 4 and 5, and will open his engagement with an artistic presentation of "Hamlet," in which character Mr. Whitesides has won a high reputation. With a lithe and symmetrical figure, a face capable of sharply minoring every passion, carriage at once elastic, graceful and majestic and a voice musical, modulated and strong, his execution of his conception of this part is as true to nature as the conception was true to Shakespeare. He is constantly winning recognition by both press and public on the excellence of his presentation of this most interesting character.

Saturday evening Mr. Whitesides will present "Othello." Saturday afternoon a matinee performance for the benefit of the Elks will be given and the "Merchant of Venice" will be the bill.


THE GRANDEST REMEDY.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by the use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.


RESIGNATIONS AT BRUSSELS.

Brussels, Dec. 1.—The burgomaster and sheriff have resigned, owing to the adoption by the communal council of a proposal fixing the minimum wages of communal employes at three francs per day.


BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

CHANGE OF TIME VIA THE EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Commencing Nov. 29 "Up-to-date" express leaves Duluth at 1 p. m., arrives in Minneapolis at 5:50, St. Paul, 6:15 p. m. Elegant parlor car, meals a la carte. No change in night express. Tickets and berths Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER, Northern Passenger Agent.


## FULLERTON'S IDEA.

### Wants to Prevent Cold Storage of Game.

Samuel Fullerton, state game warden, is preparing his biennial report to the legislature, and, according to the Minneapolis Journal, he is to suggest some radical changes in the game laws. His vigorous crusade against illegal hunting and shipment of game has shown him that extreme measures are necessary. In no portion of the state has he found it incumbent upon himself to be more vigilant than in the northeastern portion, that tributary to Duluth. The Journal relates one of his experiences, as follows, and it is one that will be remembered here quite well:

"Mr. Fullerton tells of an interesting experience that he had this year with a company of aristocratic hunters from Ohio, who have been coming into the state regularly for an annual hunt. Last year the commission first got word of their presence, but the men got away with their booty before any arrests could be made. This year there were no arrests, but more than a carload of game was seized at Two Harbors, together with a full assortment of hunting apparatus, including about a dozen very fine guns. The hunters got wind of the coming storm, and got out of the way just in time. It seems that they have been devoting themselves almost exclusively to big game, and the boxes that were captured this year for the most part were filled with moose hides and saddles.

"When the men came into the state this year they landed first at Two Harbors, where they unloaded their ammunition and hunting outfits, coming on to Duluth with nothing to show the purpose of their visit to the state. They are interested in some way in the iron mines of Minnesota, and through this interest were on good terms with some of the tug boats at Two Harbors, through which they had been shielding themselves. At the close of their hunt, recently, the men forwarded their game and guns to Two Harbors, and went themselves to Duluth, where they showed themselves for several days. The game warden at Duluth had been watching for them, and when he saw that they had brought no game with them began to make inquiries. He soon suspected Two Harbors as the point of shipment, and, going there, found the entire quarry with very little trouble. He confiscated everything, and then came back to Duluth to arrest the sportsmen, but, as already indicated, was too late."

It seems now that these men, who had their outfit confiscated, are very anxious to get it back. A few days ago an attorney, representing these fine gentlemen from Ohio, went to St. Paul to open up negotiations with Mr. Fullerton for the return of the guns and hunting outfits. He offered $50 for the return of the goods, but the offer was declined. The commission, in a few days, will put a price upon these articles, and if the sum offered by the men from Ohio is equal to this price, the goods will be knocked down to them and the money put in the state treasury, but it is more than likely that the figure will be a number of times fifty.

Regarding the changes suggested by Mr. Fullerton in his report, the Journal says that he will recommend that a law be enacted making it high misdemeanor for cold storage companies to handle game, especially during the close season. He thinks that in no other way will it be possible for the state to prevent the great slaughter of game every fall season and the ultimate extinction of that game. This year has repeated the experiences of former years, and the cold storage houses of the Twin Cities and Duluth, or many of them, are filled with game, which has been taken solely with a view to profit. The legislature may pass laws until those laws fill a large volume, and yet come far short of protecting the game of the state, unless there is some new and better theory behind them. The present theory of game protection is the creature of an early day, and in many respects is inadequate to meet existing conditions. It is Mr. Fullerton's idea that if there is some system of better and more thorough inspection at the big shipping points, the inducement to pot hunting will be largely removed. Men will not tramp the woods for weeks and months and go to the trouble necessary in the killing and sending of large quantities of game to market if there is no chance for profit. The killing of game for home consumption by farmers and woodsmen, Mr. Fullerton says, is not particularly harmful, and will never depopulate the forests and prairies of the state; but the hunting for profit, he holds, is a very serious matter, and one to which the legislature should give its best thought, if the state is sincere in its desire to continue to rank as one of the best hunting grounds in the country.

The game commission thinks that its agents should have the power not only to enter these storage-houses and make seizures—for this authority they have at present—but to arrest the storage men and subject them to the same heavy fines for having the game in their possession that men are liable to who kill the game in the woods. The commission, obviously, does not believe it is practicable or desirable to police the woods of the state. This would involve an endless expense, and create a small standing army, without accomplishing the desired result. But it does believe it is practicable and desirable to have close inspection of terminal points in the state, and make the storage men liable with the hunters for any violation of the law.

The matter will be laid before the legislature with the indorsement of the whole commission and there are strong hopes that it will meet with a very favorable reception.

## DISCUSSED CUBA.

### Unity Club Considers Spain's Belligerent Possession.

The Unity club, at the meeting in the Unitarian church last night, held a very interesting and timely discussion of "The War in Cuba." Miss Imogene Electra read the first paper, containing an interesting and thorough discussion of the normal wealth of the last monument of Spain's once important colonial holdings. In opening Miss Electra spoke of Spain, her decline, her necessity for income from her provinces beyond the sea, and the manner in which one by one they slipped out of her grasp, leaving Cuba, the ever-faithful, the most important of her possessions at the present time. Cuba has had a diversity of names, but the one given her by the original natives still sticks.

It is an island of wonderful resources, lying in a semi-tropical belt in which vegetation is luxuriant. With the Key West railroad Cuba is really but fifty miles from our coast, yet she is regarded as a foreign island. Her area is 4500 square miles, nearly as large as England, and her six provinces contain 1,600,000 people, in which the whites exceed. The province of Havana contains 450,000 inhabitants, about as many as the city of St. Louis. The average temperature is 77 degrees. The coast is made dangerous by a net work of islands, though there are a number of excellent harbors. The mountains extend nearly across the island from east to west. There is a wet season from May to October, during which yellow fever rages in the coast towns, propagated by unsanitary conditions, though it is almost unknown in the interior.

The island is a valuable one, and but a tenth of it is under cultivation. Vegetation thrives wonderfully and the forests are luxuriant. There are few snakes, but many vicious insects, and the latter have hampered the armies. Sugar in the east and tobacco in the west are the staples, while cattle farms are found in every part of the island. Gold and silver are not mined in paying quantities, but it is said that they exist in large deposits, together with copper, manganese, coal, slate and marble. The inhabitants are composed of four classes: The Spanish; the Creole natives, descendants of French and Spanish with a tincture of native blood; the mulattoes and negroes, and the Asiatic and Malay races. Education has been neglected, though there are fair schools, attended by 30,000, or about 2 per cent of the population. Roads are poor and the railroads inconsiderable, 900 miles in all, but there is good boat service. Of Cuba's exports 97 per cent come to the United States, and with a little American energy a wonderful state could be developed in Cuba.

There are four political parties of various ideas, from the Anton Omlsts to the Union Constitutionalists. There are two high courts, but the captain general can overrule their decisions. The captain general is appointed from the officers of the Spanish army, usually for five years, and he controls everything. There are subordinate officers and legislatures, but they are subject to him. Spain gets Cuba's product at her own prices and buys when she will. Cuba has often sought recognition from the mother country, and the revolution is not a new thing, but so far all attempts have been unavailing. After Napoleon's struggle with Spain, what was left of the Spanish government agreed to give the provinces representation in the cortes, but the Bourbon king prevented the concession from taking effect. There have been four Cuban revolts in the memory of living men, and after the first ones Spain agreed to hear Cuba's complaint. When it was made, however, Spain would not agree that anything was wrong, and she would therefore do nothing. After another revolution, which cost Spain 168,000 men and millions in money, Spain again faithlessly promised reform. Now the revolution is on again, with more prospect of success. There are Cuban voters in the cortes, but they are not enough to have any effect. In Cuba 75 per cent of the offices are held by Spaniards, and the island has been taxed to death by Spain. Gomez and Maceo have made a campaign in the present revolution which entitles them to places among the great generals. Miss Electra concluded by stating that she believed it to be of advantage to the United States to aid the freedom of Cuba.

W. C. White discussed largely the international aspect of the Cuban situation. He considered the campaign of 1895 one of the most brilliant he had read of. Campos and Weyler appear to have met with more than their match, and their enemies are aided by the character of the country, which allows the Cuban armies to dissapate and come together again, with the result of weakening the Spanish army in useless efforts, and thus exhausting Spain's finances so that soon she will be unable to carry on the war, which will then end without the aid of outside intervention.

"Cuba is a wonderful country," said Mr. White. "A ride from the east end to the west end would be equal to a ride from New York to Chicago, while across the widest part of the island would be equal to a ride from New York to Albany. The population is much like that of Virginia, 70 per cent being whites. Spain has drained Cuba by taxation, and Cubans have paid twice as much per capita on the interest of Spain's public loans as have the Spaniards. The taxation is heavy and for purposes for which no other colonies are taxed, while the peculations of the tax-gatherers are enormous. These things are sufficient to account for the revolution.

"There are four courses for the United States to pursue: To recognize Cuba's independence, to recognize her belligerency, to intervene, or to remain neutral. The first course is only open when the mother country acknowledges the independence, or when an independent nation with a definite habitat has been formed. This is not yet the case with Cuba. It is possible to recognize Cuba's belligerency, but the question is of the advisability. If we should recognize Cuba's belligerency Spain would be released from all obligations to care for United States citizens in Cuba in case the revolution was unsuccessful. The only apparent effect of recognition would be the moral support it would give Cuba. It is hard as yet to dignify the revolution by the term war, and while the benefits of recognition would be few it might lead to disastrous entanglements.

"The course of intervention by arms is also untenable. If Spain cannot keep up the war, which seems probable, she will have to recognize Cuba's independence or cede her to some other country. If she was ceded to the United States it would be a common benefit. If to some other nation, it would be occasion for the application of the Monroe doctrine, as Cuba would be an important strategic outpost and a menace to the United States. But while Spain has Cuba there is no occasion for the United States to intervene on the ground of protecting our own safety. The only other reason is that of humanity. While there is cruelty in Cuba on the part of the Spaniards, there is not enough to warrant intervention. If Cuba is let alone it looks very much as though she would work her own way out, and in my opinion the most dignified course is for the United States to preserve a neutral and waiting policy."


SOMETHING TO KNOW.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centers in the stomach, gently stimulates the liver and kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or $1.00 per bottle at Duluth Drug company's drug store.


## Legislative Result.

The canvass of votes cast in the legislative election was completed yesterday. P. R. Vail received 9182 votes in St. Louis county, 560 in Lake and 74 in Cook; total, 9816. G. R. Laybourn received 8799 in St. Louis, 540 in Lake and 74 in Cook; total, 9413. P. C. Schmidt received 8585 in St. Louis, 527 in Lake and 79 in Cook.

The Democratic candidates received the following: M. F. Marlon: St. Louis 7124; Lake, 321; Cook, 90; total 7535. E. G. Wallinder: St. Louis, 6768; Lake, 303; Cook, 92; total, 7163. G. C. Findley: St. Louis, 6960; Lake, 296; Cook, 86; total, 7342.

## Capt. Benson Blameless.

Inspectors Chalk and Monaghan have decided that Capt. Fred G. Benson of the tug B. B. Inman, was blameless in the matter of the alleged collision of the Inman and Singer tug Helm, Capt. A. Paul, master. Capt. Paul entered the complaint. He claimed that the Helm was alongside the schooner Eleanor when the Inman ran up behind the Helm and struck her, almost forcing a collision between the Helm and the Eleanor.

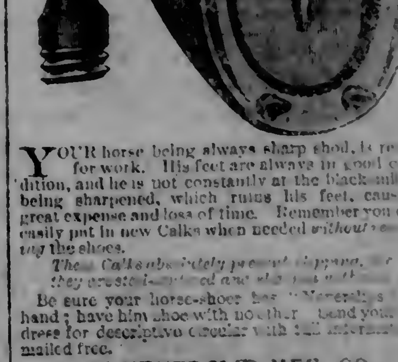

BEST AND PUREST.

Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.

Always sharp shod with the

"Neverslip"

One trial will convince you.



YOUR horse being always sharp shod, is ready for work. His feet are always in good condition, and he is not constantly at the blacksmith's being sharpened, which ruins his feet, causing great expense and loss of time. Remember you can easily put in new Calks when needed without removing the shoes.

These Calks absolutely prevent slipping, as they are steel-centered and always sharp.

Be sure your horse-shoer has "Neverslips" on hand; have him shoe with no other. Send your address for descriptive circular with full information mailed free.

THE NEVERSLIP MFG. CO., New Brunswick, N. J.

AGENTS:

Nichols & Dean, St. Paul,
Minneapolis Iron Stove Co.,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

# Boys' Reefers!

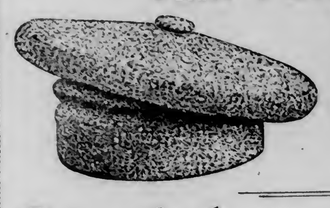
BOYS' DEPT. Take Elevator, Second Floor.

Last night's express brought in a new lot of Boys'

**Chinchilla Reefers**

Made up with high protecting storm collar. Warm and comfortable.

## Misses' and Boys' Tam O'Shanters!



With pull down bands

**75c, $1.00.**

Toques and Golf Caps--

25c, 50c, 75c, and $1.00.

## Special

Men's Hat Dept. First Floor—

100 doz. Men's Golf Caps, satin lining, with pull-down bands ..... **48c**

**M. S. BURROWS,**

THE CLOTHIER.



Two days more of the ½ Price Cloak Selling at

**FREIMUTH'S.**


# UNTRUE

## No Dissatisfaction Among the Members of the Curling Club.

## All Propose to Stick By the Club and Its Location.

## Opening Will Be Held Next Saturday---Big Time Expected.

The members o fthe Duluth Curling club were an indignant lot of men this morning. Their anger arose from the article in this morning's News Tribune, which gave the idea that the club is working at cross purposes, and is threatened with dissolution. There does not seem to be any truth in the statement that some of the members of the club are to withdraw, and curl at Glen Avon or anywhere else.

The article quotes W. W. Preston as saying that he will use the lower floor of his rink as originally intended for curling. It says that Mr. Preston is going to organize a new curling club, and has been approached by members of the present club, who are dissatisfied and will join his new club. Another statement made is that a number of curlers are arranging the play at Glen Avon, and names as among those who will do so Thomas Gibson, R. A. Eva, R. J. MacLeod, R. Hunter, J. Hunter, D. G. Cutler, C. R. Heneage, Guy Heneage, A. R. Macfarlane and others.

The members of the club claim that these statements were probably inspired by Preston. Inquiry fails to find anyone who thinks of leaving the club and joining any other.

Thomas Gibson, who is a resident at Glen Avon, says he had not heard of any move toward curling at Glen Avon. There may be one or two sheets of ice used there this winter by curlers who live out there, but he does not look for any general curling. He said, further, that he proposed to stick by the club. D. G. Cutler spoke in the same manner. "Some time ago," said he, "Mr. Macfarlane talked about having some curling out there for a month or so, and I signed a month's subscription for such a purpose. I though: I might go out there occasionally, especially before the new rink was ready, but I have never though: of leaving the club. The new place I consider much better than the Preston rink will be. The ice will be evener, and will allow better curling."

R. J. MacLeod, who is also given as one of the dissatisfied, is in charge of the work of preparing the ice in the Tait warehouse, and thinks it is going to make a fine curling place. R. A. Eva also has never expressed any intention of leaving the club.

All this talk seems to have grown out of the fact that there may be some curling at Glen Avon this year. The rink will be used for skating, and one or two sheets of ice for curling may be maintained. Whether they will be used to amount to anything is problematical. Some of the residents of Woodland may curl there now and then, but the entire number of curlers out there will scarcely number more than enough to make two full rinks, the number necessary to play.

Another difficulty which would be experienced by a new club would be in obtaining admission to curling associations, and without this membership no club could participate in bonspiels, and a great part of the sport would be lost. A club organized in opposition to the present one, and under the circumstances which now exist, would find difficulty in getting into the association.

Every curler who has been down to the Tait warehouse and looked over the ice now being formed there is more than delighted with it. There will be six fine sheets of ice. Two of these will be ready by tomorrow in all probability.

The grand opening will take place next Saturday evening, and the curlers are going to have a great time. A match may be arranged between President Palmer and Treasurer Donald MacLeod, the loser to serve a supper. At any rate there is going to be all kinds of fun.

## OPENED THIS MORNING.

### Fine Program at Morley Church Fair This Evening.

Before noon today the Morley church fair was under full headway. The preparations culminated in the erection of the candy booth, which is a triangle standing in the center of the room. As all the pews have been removed from the building, the entire floor space is taken up by the present entertainment. Just east of the candy booth stands the justly celebrated gypsy tent. It will prove one of the real attractions this evening. For those who believe in spiritualism, or clairvoyance, or mind reading, this tent will met their wishes and expectations. One of the pretty effects of the room is in having the name of the day which each booth stands for made up in evergreen letters and arranged in the drapery at the top of the booth. The Saturday booth is especially happy in its decorations of snow that sparkles like gems in sunlight. The opening of the booth to the front is even made by snow curtains which are gathered in the center by snow ribbons.

This evening's program will be in itself a complete entertainment, although no admission is to be charged. Readings will be given by Mrs. d'Autremont and Mr. Cox, Mrs. Pierrone will sing a song composed by Professor Penning, who will accompany her. Miss Palmer will play a violin solo and Miss Smallwood, soprano of the Temple ladies' quartet, is to sing. Mr. and Mrs. Schultz, of the cathedral choir, will sing either this evening or tomorrow evening, when an equally good program will be rendered. Morley church is at Ninetieth avenue east and First street.

### Reason For the Delay.

City Attorney Benham this morning received a letter from Davis, Kellogg & Severance, of St. Paul, explaining that the delay in arranging for a conference in regard to the purchase of the West Duluth light and water plant is due to the absence of some of the interested parties. It is stated that the council will be notified of the receipt of the notice of the intention to purchase and that the parties interested will meet any committee the council may appoint.

## SAYS THEY ARE CUTTING.

### Alderman Crandall Claims Board Companies Do it.

Alderman Crandall, in an interview this morning, said that his statements made in the council caucus yesterday afternoon in connection with the insurance on the new armory and market building, to the effect that the board companies are shading their rates in favor of certain mills, and wholesale houses, are based on facts that have come to his knowledge in the course of his investigation of the subject.

"I raised the question in the caucus yesterday afternoon," said he, "for the purpose of calling the attention of the members of the committee having the matter of insurance on the armory in hand to the fact that they might have procured a better rate had they made the effort. I can see no reason why the city should not get as good a rate as any of those wholesalers.

"The fact that the board companies have come down in their rates in favor of some of their patrons shows what is in the pretence that the regular compact rates are as low as they can afford to give us here," continued Mr. Crandall.

"When the council committee, of which I was a member, visited the insurance commission in Chicago, the commissioners conceded that we appeared to have a grievance and promised to investigate with the view of affording us relief if possible. We have heard nothing from them since, and I think it is about time to stir them up a little. There are more board companies in the field just as good as any compact companies. In fact, this howl about non-board companies is a bug-a-boo. A company may be a non-board in our place and is a member of the compact in another. It depends on local conditions. Membership in the compact does not argue anything for a company's stability and responsibility."

## WHY THEY DID IT.

### Aldermen Got Even With the Mayor Last Night.

There is a story back of the action of the council last evening in passing, over the mayor's veto, the resolution providing for the issue of $1,695,000 worth of bonds for the erection or purchase of a water and gas plant. The real reason the resolution was taken up and passed at this time instead of waiting until the court had announced its decision in the Bauman case is due to a desire on the part of the council to score a touch-down to get even with the mayor for having stolen a march on it in the matter of the balcony in the new armory. It will be remembered that the balcony was ordered by the mayor on his own responsibility, much to the disgust of the council. That body would eventually, probably, have ordered the balcony itself, but it resented the idea of the mayor stepping in and taking the matter into his own hands.

In order to admonish him against like invasions on its domain in the future, a little "object lesson" had been prepared for him. It had been arranged, before the final estimate was allowed and the armory turned over, to pass a resolution deducting $50 a month from his salary until the extra cost of the balcony should have been made up. It was anticipated that he would veto this measure, and the intention was to prevent the matter from going any further by sustaining the veto.

The mayor has an ally in the board of public works, however, and the communication accompanying the final estimate was so worded that the fact that it was the final estimate escaped the notice of the aldermen, who passed it in a press of routine business. During the week it was discovered by some of them that they had lost their opportunity, and it was only when informed at the meeting last night did many of them realize that the balcony had been paid for and the armory turned over by the contractors. They now rest satisfied with the honors even.


## COMMON SENSE CURE.

PYRAMID PILE CURE CURES PILES PERMANENTLY BY CURING THE CAUSE.

Remarkable Remedy Which is Bringing Comfort to Thousands of Sufferers.

Probably half the people who see this article suffer from piles. It is one of the commonest diseases and one of the most obstinate. People have it for years, and just because it is not immediately fatal they neglect it. Carelessness causes no end of suffering. Carelessness about so simple a thing as piles has often caused death. Hemorrhages occur from no apparent cause, and loss of blood causes death. Hemorrhages occur during surgical treatment, often causing death.

Piles are simple in the beginning and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it—Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface, and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkly, 601 Mississippi street, Indianapolis, Ind., says: Have been a sufferer from the pain and annoyance of piles for fifteen years. The Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Maj. Dean, of Columbus, Ohio, says: I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years, and two boxes of the Pyramid Pile Cure have effectually cured me.

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure, or will get it for you if you ask them to. It is $1 per package, and is put up only by the Pyramid Drug company, Albion Mich.


### It's Worth Knowing.

The entire stock at 721 West Superior street selling out, at and below cost. Builders' hardware below cost. Fine locks, knobs, hinges, night latches, all selling below cost. Patented Russia iron heating drums, $2.50, regular price $5. Water fronts for ranges only $2. 6-inch Russia elbows 12 cents, common 5 cents, 5-inch dampers 4c, stove blacking 2 boxes for 5c, best sand paper, 24 sheets for 10 cents, all kinds of files and rasps at cost, everything in the store must go. A set of tinner's tools and machines for sale cheap. 6-inch wall safes 14c, loaded shells, 12-guage, 27 cents, 10-guage 29 cents, powder 25 cents per lb.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.


# The Big Jacket Sale Here

Has certainly met with the approval of the majority. There is, and always will be, aggressive methods here.

## Any Cloth Jacket in the house

# HALF PRICE!

If Jackets were ever to be appreciated the time seems now, in the face of the long, cold winter in store for us. So make haste and take advantage of this sale.

# Power & Settle


# FELL OFF

## Receipts and Shipment From the Port Less Than in October.

## Business Done During the Year Equals That of Last Year.

## Lumber Fell Off Heavily But Grain Shows an Increase.

The figures of the custom house showing the receipts and shipments at the port during November show a large falling off from last month and from the same month last year. Shipments of flour, lumber and coarse grains, however, show an increase both over last month and a year ago, though lumber is smaller than last month. The figures follow:

Receipts—Coal, 100,681 tons, against 106,890 last year; sugar, 15,270 barrels, against 17,920 last year; salt, 2339 barrels, against 21,110 barrels last year; total tonnage, 107,615 tons, against 133,153 last year; number of arrivals, 137, against 246 last year.

Shipments—Wheat, 1,094,534 bushels, against 3,139,000 last year; corn, 100,000 bushels, against none last year; oats, 150,000 bushels, against 70,000 last year; barley, 90,000 bushels, against 178,000 last year; rye, 174,470 bushels, against 25,000 last year; flax, 619,584 bushels, against 406,500 last year; flour, 441,175 barrels, against 284,700 last year; ore, 124,809 tons, against 138,695 last year; lumber, 13,184,840 feet, against 5,817,150 last year; total, 173,520 tons, against 307,386 tons last year; departures, 133, against 236 last year.

For the year up to Dec. 1, however, the season on the whole compares favorably with a similar period in 1895. The aggregate tonnage is about the same, and where one staple falls behind another forges ahead to take its place. The figures for the two seasons of navigation up to Dec. 1 are as follows:

RECEIPTS.

| | 1895. | 1896. |
|---|---|---|
| Coal | 647,981 | 739,018 |
| Sugar | 73,275 | 75,666 |
| Salt | 144,847 | 106,248 |
| Logs | 88,038,000 | 47,136,000 |
| Total tons | 988,891 | 977,836 |
| Arrivals | 2,953 | 2,868 |

SHIPMENTS.

| | 1895. | 1896. |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat, bushels | 11,178,500 | 20,343,620 |
| Corn, bushels | ..... | 100,000 |
| Oats, bushels | 266,000 | 1,629,675 |
| Barley, bushels | 298,000 | 1,454,550 |
| Rye, bushels | 50,000 | 865,470 |
| Flax, bushels | 920,500 | 2,237,773 |
| Flour, barrels | 2,639,102 | 2,325,178 |
| Ore, tons | 3,060,173 | 3,345,227 |
| Lumber, feet | 144,574,946 | 206,574,583 |
| Total tons | 4,073,598 | 4,761,525 |
| Departures | 3,006 | 2,873 |

The features of this year were the immense increase in grain, notably the coarse grains, and in lumber. Ore shows a small increase of 285,154 tons. In December this year there will be some wheat and one cargo of lumber to go out, some receipts of merchandise and shipments of flour. The ore record is nearly finished. October was the heaviest month in wheat, 8,033,069 bushels being shipped. Ore shipments reached a record in June of 711,540 tons which has never been touched before or since, and after that ore shipments falled off gradually until the close. The greatest lumber month was May, when 45,148,289 feet were shipped, after which shipments dwindled until November, the smallest month since April.

But the principal characteristic of the year is the size of the cargoes, 2872 departures carrying 687,927 tons more in 1896 than 3006 did in 1895. The figures above include Duluth, Two Harbors and Grand Marais, and do not include cargoes clearing from Superior.

### The Mayor Was Hot.

The mayor is indignant at the misquoting by the News Tribune of his telegram to Coate concerning the result of the election on the water plant purchase proposition. He says that his message was as given in The Herald, and contained no expression to the effect that there is a prospect that the election will be knocked out. "That sheet should be christened the Morning Liar," he said.


# Special to Ladies!

## Tomorrow afternoon

At the auction sale of **Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Novelties, etc.**, every lady will be presented with a beautiful souvenir. Nothing in our stock reserved. Everything offered at your own price.

**Sales—2:00 and 7:30 p. m. daily.**

## The Standard Jewelry and Loan Office,

324 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, ST. LOUIS HOTEL BLDG.



## Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

# FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT

FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street. - - - Duluth, Minn.

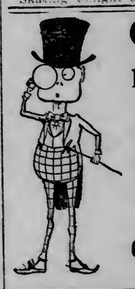

### Coal Prices

Get our latest prices on coal. Duluth Fuel Co., basement Herald building.

### Xmas '96

Close at hand. Pose for your pictures at Zweifel's. Don't wait for a clear day. His photos are the best. The weather makes no difference. Studios, 20 and 21 Phoenix block.

Skating tonight at Union rink. 10c.

## Christmas!

A pair of good—

**Opera Glasses**

is a very appropriate present. A fine line at—

**C. D. Trott's**

106 W. Superior St.



## CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. **25,000 ACRES** to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.



## "THE DIGGING OUT"

of decayed teeth is not done by us in the manner indicated above, but by a far more humane and scientific method. We are in the lead with the very latest methods known to dentistry. Everyone who has had experience knows that it is **THE EXCAVATING** and **NOT THE FILLING** of the tooth that hurts. We guarantee to excavate the most sensitive teeth without pain and do it with positive delight to both the patients and to ourselves.

**DR. SCHIFFMAN,**

Burrows Bldg., take elevator on Superior Street


## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

A false alarm of fire at 10:40 o'clock last night, caused by a volume of smoke coming from a chimney, called the fire department to the corner of Eleventh avenue west and First street.

The young people of the Unitarian church will give a pink supper Friday evening from 6 to 8 o'clock in the parlors of the church at the corner of First street and Eighth avenue east. After the supper a musical program will be rendered.

Maj. Hilton will leave the city tomorrow. Tonight he will deliver a lecture on the subject of "Temperance" in the Central Lake avenue.

Millinery at half price at Humes', over Suffel's.

There were no cases on the police court docket this morning.

The application recently made for a receiver for D. M. Mouser has been dismissed.

A marriage license has been issued to Robert P. Risher and Barion F. Philips, of Alleghany, Pa.

Second papers were issued to Tony Bonnetta, Isak Arvid Norberg, James Erikson, Peter J. Johnson, Eugene Larson, Charles A. Larson, Carl A. Erikson, Gust. Nelson, Gustaf Risberg, Adolph. Dahlberg, Peter K. Anderson and Bruno Kehtel.

Walker Whiteside, the tragedian, will address the high school pupils Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock on "Hamlet." Mr. Whiteside has made a great study of his character and is a fine speaker.

Peter McNaughton, who has been confined at St. Lukes hospital for a month with a broken leg, was discharged today.

The $1,100,000 water bond issue has been over-subscribed in London.

Information was received today that the $100,000 installment of water bonds, deliverable to E. H. Gay & Co., Oct. 30, has been taken and paid for.

Notices have been sent to Capps, Ingram, Singer and Stevens informing them that on Dec. 21 sealed proposals will be received for fire rig service. The contract runs three years and the rigs are subject to call from April 15 to Dec. 10.

Union rink tonight. Skating. 10c.


### Millinery

At half price at Humes', over Suffel's.

Union rink tonight. Skating. 10c.


## PERSONALS.

Miss Dollie Cotter, of Two Harbors, who has been visiting friends in the city for the past few days, returned to her home yesterday afternoon.

G. G. Hartley went to St. Paul this morning.

Mrs. John McKinley and Mrs. A. C. Jones left today for Davenport, Iowa, having been called by the death of their sister, Miss Frizzell.

George K. Taylor will leave Friday for an Eastern trip, going to Buffalo, New York and other points. His mother, Mrs. Taylor, and sister, Mrs. Tice, who are in Minneapolis, will leave from there tomorrow and also go East.

R. R. Dunn is up from St. Paul today.

W. W. Pendergast, Jr., came down from Grand Rapids today.

T. E. Dockery, of Fond du Lac, is in the city.

E. L. Ainsworth, of Chippewa Falls, is in the city today.

W. E. Dickinson, of Florence, Wis., was in the city yesterday.

W. W. Brown came down from Bayfield yesterday.

M. D. Kelly came up from St. Paul last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wright, of Alma, Mich., were in the city today.

O. P. Thomson and J. H. Easton, of Decorah, Iowa, are in the city.

### Sheriff Butchart's Expenses.

Sheriff Butchart filed his affidavit of expenses with the county auditor this morning, showing that he got off with an easy amount of expenditures during the late election, considering the circumstances. He paid $250 to the committee and $183.25 for printing and advertising, making his expenditure $433.25 in all.

E. G. Wallinder, candidate for the legislature, spent $38.67 for printing, $40 on the committee, $4 for cigars, $19.95 for traveling, and 75 cents for postage and stationery, or $103.42 in all.

George C. Findlay, another legislative candidate, paid the committee $40, for printing $22.16, for distributing cards $2.50, a total of $96.16.

H. B. Fryberger, candidate for county attorney, paid the committee $150, for printing $32, livery $26, traveling expenses $23.50, a total of $231.50.


### Millinery

At half price at Humes', over Suffel's.

Union rink tonight. Skating. 10c.



# COME AND SEE US

AT THE CORNER OF Nineteenth Avenue East and First St.,

## Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 1-2.

OUR ANNUAL FAIR AND SPECIALTY ENTERTAINMENT.

LADIES' UNION OF THE..... **Morley Congregational Church**



AMUSEMENTS.

**LYCEUM THEATER,**

L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

A special Dramatic Attraction,

Friday and Saturday, Dec. 4 and 5.

MATINEE SATURDAY.

America's Representative Tragedian.

MR.

## Walker Whiteside

Assisted by a selected company of players, presenting FRIDAY, a scenic production of Shakespeare's immortal creation **HAMLET.**

ELKS' BENEFIT—

Saturday Matinee—The Merchant of Venice.

Saturday Night—OTHELLO.



EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES FOR THE WINTER AT

THE **St. James Hotel**

Excellent Service.

Cuisine up to the Highest Standard.



## MUMS!

Chrysanthemums, incurved and recurved, reds, whites, yellows, gold, bronze, lilac and pink. Cut flowers by thousands; also a lovely stock of potted Mums, Ferns and plants of all kinds, fresh cut Smilax, etc.

25 Per Cent Off Until Election on Everything

**LAKESIDE GREENHOUSES,**

52nd Avenue East.

M. M. GASSER, 211 West Superior St.



## First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.



## THE HARVARD

Formerly Cadillac, cor. First Avenue East and Second St.

Mrs. John T. Condon, Prop.

A family hotel with all the comforts of home.

Best Table Board. Finely Furnished Rooms. Steam Heat.

TWELVE PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 8

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LAST WEEK OF OUR GREAT SUIT SALE!

UNTIL STORE CLOSES SATURDAY NIGHT YOUR CHOICE OF

Any Suit of Clothes in the House for

$14.98

Our Great Suit Sale - - -

Giving your choice of any suit in the house for $14.98, will positively close when our store closes its doors Saturday night. If you are thinking of buying a suit either for now or future wear, don't put it off till this week has gone by. It is your last opportunity of buying

$20.00, $22.00, $25.00 and $30.00 Tailor-Made Suits for Fourteen Ninety-Eight.

Don't Wait--Buy Now--It Is The Time.

You Will Miss It if You Miss It.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The Big Duluth 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Miss E. Harvey,

Formerly of Mme. Boyd's Minneapolis Dress Making Emporium, has finally opened

DRESS MAKING PARLORS

in Duluth, much to the satisfaction of many Duluth Ladies. Miss Harvey certainly deserves the patronage she enjoys here, and will no doubt be able to extend even more satisfactory services than ever now. Orders will be received tomorrow.

Reception Room No. 9, over Big Duluth.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

## RAIN BUILT FIRES.

### A New York Warning to Dwellers in Flats.

The bureau of combustibles and explosives of the fire department has many curious accidents and incidents with which to deal, not the least of them being a class of fires which are due to leaky roofs, says the New York Herald.

Some time ago, before their precautions were as stringent as they are now, fire broke out five times in one day in the same place on West street, and it was Jupiter Pluvius who started each one. Since that time, though no attempt has been made to indict the old mischief-maker for arson, extreme care has been used by the bureau to see that all zinc dust, with which the West street building was stored, shall be kept out of the wet, and thus all temptation to display its galvanic qualities vigorously repressed.

Some of the liveliest times which the bureau has are its controversies with the contractors who use dynamite and giant powder for blasting. Every little while Inspector Murray has "to blow somebody up," as he expresses it, "to keep them from blowing everybody else up." Not only are dynamite cartridges found frequently in the street, where they have been dropped by some workman hunching his coat under his arm while he lights his pipe, but the carelessness with which the foreman in charge of the excavation bangs away calls constantly for correction.

As negligence means the repeal of their license no stone is left unturned to account for the way a few tons of rock have gone sailing into space, wrecking property and maiming human beings in their fall. A rather clever example of this sort of equivocation was brought out by the accident which occured some weeks ago on the land where it is proposed to erect the Herald Square hotel.

Called to acount by Inspector Murray for the tremendous charge he must have put in, and fearing for his precious license, the contractor had his explanation all ready.

"Sure, Mr. Murray," he said, eagerly, "and it's not my fault at all. That cartride had certainly been lying there since the last time the cellar was dug. You know yourself, Mr. Murray, how rocky it is, and, indeed, that's the way it was!"

But Mr. Murray is an old New York boy, and he said:

"H'm! Then you'd better find out how it managed to keep since 1854! There's money in it for you if you can!"

Nor yet are the men who own zinc dust, nor those who dally with the festive dynamite, the only ones on whom the bureau of explosives and combustibles keep its legal eye. You and I, dear reader, and he and she, and every they who rent a flat, are Inspector Murray's prey, if but once the chimney gets afire. It makes no difference if you have but just moved in, if the weary servant maid seeks but to make a cup of tea to keep the little life she has till the going of the vans, so long as the chimney gets on fire, it is you, and not the landlord, who must walk up to Mr. Murray's office and surrender five good American dollars. Not alone as an evidence of good faith is this required, but as an apology, perchance, for having reached that state of general imbecility in which man knows no better than to acept a New York flat as a substitute for a sure-enough vine and fig tree.

## TRAFFIC IN CADAVERS.

### New York Morgue Keeper Admits the Charge.

New York, Dec. 2.—Morgue Keeper Andrew White, arrested for the illegal sale of unclaimed corpses, admitted today that it was permissible under the law. The specific case on which the charges are brought is supported by the receipts of the bodies signed by the Bellevue porter and also the receipt given by the Polyclinic when the body was transferred to that institution.

TRAIN ROBBERS CAUGHT.

Kansas City, Dec. 2.—Jeff Paget, aged 22 years, and Albert Ellis, 21 years, have been arrested by the local police at their homes here for supposed connection with the Chicago & Alton robbery of Oct. 22. The men are scene shifters at a local theater and bear hard characters. The men were placed in the sweat box this afternoon and Paget admitted having planned to rob the Missouri Pacific passenger at Leeds with Oscar Bridges, leader of the electric car robberies. The authorities believe that the prisoners will give information which will lead to the arrest of two other members of the gang. Paget and Ellis are believed to have been the ringleaders of the Alton robbery.

# DYNAMITE IS USELESS

## Chippewa Falls Uses 3000 Pounds of Explosives Without Accomplishing Anything.

## Ice Gorge is Six Miles Long and the Water is Rising Steadily.

## Merchants Again Moving Their Goods From Second Stories---Floods at Other Points.

Milwaukee, Dec. 2.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Chippewa Falls, Wis.: Confusion reigns in Chippewa Falls today and the thoroughly alarmed people are making every effort to leave as little for the incoming waters to destroy as they possibly can. Two hundred teams and drays have rushed hither and thither all day and the streets are littered with various kinds of merchandise which spilled over the sides and ends of the overloaded wagons as they were hurried to places of safety. The water remained stationary until about 3 o'clock this morning, then it began to rise rapidly and inside of four hours an additional rise of eighteen inches had been registered. The river at 10 o'clock is twenty-four feet high and rising. The Spring street merchants who had stored their goods in second floors, determined to take no chances and everything was moved today, and by night there will not be a dollar's worth of material remaining.

Business is abandoned and the city is in a state of tumult. Thousands of people are anxiously waiting the flood and groups of fifty or more excitedly discuss the situation on every corner. Anything is expected and nothing may happen, but the greatest danger lay in the probable changing of the river's course to throw it into the town. This danger is more insured today, for it is plainly to be seen that the water can never cut its way under the fifteen miles of ice gorge which has formed in the bed of the river. In this case the river must flow out around it. Its natural course in this event lies directly behind the town.

Three thousand pounds of dynamite arrived this morning and men have been at work exploding it at various points along the river. The attempt has so far failed to relieve the situation. All buildings on River street are today flooded to the second story and the formation of ice around them is doing serious damage to the structures. The Central depot is under three feet of water and will be carried away before long. The Milwaukee freight depot is in a similar situation and the coal sheds near by are wrecked and torn by the ice.

A report reached here this morning that the gorge at Little Falls dam, eighteen miles above the city, had broken away permitting a rush of water upon the town. If this report is authentic, the entire town will be inundated just as soon as the water reaches us. Manager Irvine, of Chippewa Logging and Boom company, discredits the story. The report has caused considerable consternation and there will be no cessation of worry until the report is denied. Fifty of the largest business firms have abandoned their structures entirely and every resident has made preparations to seek a place of safety in case the worst occurs. An estimate of the damage already done in this city and the rich farming country above it, cannot be made, but it is believed that a loss of $1,000,000 has already been sustained. Not until after the flood has subsided will the full measure of damage be estimated.

A special from Durand, Wis., says the ice gorge below the city forced the water within four feet of the great '84 flood, last night, filling cellars and overflowing the lower streets. The ice has closed in and the line of formation is a mile above the city, the river slightly falling here below Round Hill. The gorge has broken and the river has fallen rapidly there. Should the Chippewa Falls gorge break, Durand will be in great danger, as the bluffs at Round Hill will hold the gorge there.

A special from Black River Falls, Wis., to the Evening Wisconsin, says: The recent floods on Black river surpassed anything in the history of the county at so late a period in the fall. As returns from the lower river county come in much loss of stock and other property is reported. Peet Peterson, a farmer, living a few miles below this city, lost seven head of stock which were feeding in the bottoms and were swept away by the flood, which came so sudden. Losses of a like character are reported at other points. It is reported that the long and expensive fill at the end of the Melrose bridge is washed away and that the new bridge was all right at the time. The break in the jam saved the bridge, as it gave an outlet to the immense body of water held back by the anchor ice which was gorged against the bridge. At numerous other points the highways are reported to be in a demoralized condition.

## THE DOOMED CITY.

### Property Loss May Be Followed By Human Lives.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 2.—An ice gorge has formed a dam in the river at the foot of Bridge street thirty feet high, and the course of the river is slowly changing until it will eventually enter the town. Every merchant of Spring, River, Central and Bridge streets, as far up as Staley street, eight blocks from the river, has moved out, and their buildings are abandoned. The flood excitement is at fever heat, for it is almost certain that the course of the river will be turned upon the town sometime during the day, and great destruction to property as well as loss of life may result.

Three thousand pounds of dynamite were exploded in the gorge today, but without result. Debris and anchor ice would fill in as fast as an aperture was made, and those at work despaired of being able to accomplish anything. It is supposed that Little Falls dam, eleven miles above the town, has gone out, and, if so, an enormous body of water will reach the city by evening. The report was not confirmed, and a great many citizens believe that it is authentic. If it is a fact, then the catastrophe will be indeed terrible.

## MISSISSIPPI RISING.

### Gorge Above La Crosse is Threatening Trempeleau.

Milwaukee, Dec. 2.—A special to the Wisconsin from Trempeleau, Wis.: Over 1,000,000 feet of logs are fast in the ice gorge between here and LaCrosse. They came out of the Chippewa and Eau Claire rivers during the recent floods. The Mississippi at this point has risen seven feet within the last forty-eight hours.

## FATAL CHURCH FIRE.

### Two Firemen Killed at Chelsea, New Jersey.

Atlantic City, N. J., Dec. 2.—Two firemen met death while fighting flames in the St. Monica Roman Catholic church at Chelsea today. They are: William Doherty, assistant fireman, and Thomas Lennig. The fire was discovered by Rev. Father Petri, the pastor, while celebrating mass. At that time the dome was ablaze. A strong breeze was blowing, making the work of the firemen unavailing. Just before the fire became the fiercest, Fireman Doherty ran into the building with a line of hose, intending to work from the inside. He was followed by Fireman Lennig.

Chief Whipple, seeing their danger, ordered them outside, but they would not heed his command. A moment later the walls fell in, burying the two men. After the fire had burned itself out, the bodies of the men were found lying close together, burned to a crisp. The church was completely destroyed, but the valuable vestments of the church were saved. The loss will amount to $20,000.

A BRUTAL MURDER.

St. Louis, Dec. 2.—Intense excitement prevails in East St. Louis over the brutal murder of Christopher Ludwig, aged 52 years, by Harry R. Schmelzer, aged 28 years, which occurred at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The men engaged in a quarrel and Schmelzer struck Ludwig on the head with an ax, killing him instantly. Schmelzer escaped and Chief Carney and a posse are in hot pursuit. Schmelzer was going toward Belleville, when last seen.

MUST BE SOLD.

Louisville, Dec. 2.—Judge Barr, in the United States court this morning, ordered the preparation of a decree of sale of the Kentucky and Indiana Bridge company, which includes bridges on both sides of the river, the New Albany Street Railway company and the New Albany Belt railway. The value of the whole is over $3,000,000, and the claim of the mortgage bondholders is given priority over all other claims.

CHAIRMAKERS MEET.

Milwaukee, Dec. 2.—The meeting of the chair manufacturers called for this afternoon, was not a success in point of attendance. About 100 manufacturers were invited to attend, but only about twenty-five were present. The purpose of the meeting is to organize a state association to be affiliated with the national body.

THE WISCONSIN COUNT.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 2.—The official figures for Wisconsin were canvassed today with this result: McKinley, 268,155; Bryan, 165,528; Leverling, 7509; Palmer, 4584; Bentley, national, 346; Matchett, Socialist Labor, 1314.

INSURGENTS NEAR HAVANA.

Havana, Dec. 2.—It is officially announced that a small band of insurgents last night, close to this city, burned down a great deal of property.

TEXAS MACHINERY O. K.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Chief Engineer Melville has returned from New York where he has inspected the machinery of the Texas. He found it in a satisfactory condition.

## WILL GO TO WASHINGTON.

### Hanna Will Represent McKinley's Tariff Views.

Cleveland, Dec. 2.—National Chairman M. A. Hanna, who has been a guest at the home of President-elect McKinley in Canton since yesterday, it was said today in his office here, would return to Cleveland this evening and start for Washington Thursday afternoon. It is also stated that Mr. Hanna will bear with him to Washington Maj. McKinley's expressed views in regard to immediate legislation, especially in reference to the Dingley bill now pending.

PAYNE WILL GO TOO.

Milwaukee, Dec. 2.—Henry C. Payne, who will leave tomorrow morning for Chicago and Cleveland, states that he will join Chairman Hanna of the national committee, and that the two will then proceed to Washington to transact some preliminary business with reference to arranging for the inauguration ceremonies. When asked as to what the national committee expected to do in reference to the hint some time ago that it would maintain permanent headquarters, Mr. Payne said:

"There has been nothing done in reference to that question as yet, and I do not know at this time whether it will be decided to continue headquarters permanently or not. As it is the duty of the national committee to arrange all matters pertaining to the inauguration, we will go to Washington in a few days to look after some of the preliminary details."

## BLIZZARD VICTIMS.

### Family of Five Russians Perish Near Bismarck.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: The report reached here today from Williamsport, Emmons county, that a Russian family consisting of a man, his wife and three children had perished in the terrible blizzard on Thanksgiving day. It is expected that a number of people were frozen to death in different sections of the state whose deaths have not been reported. Cattle that were not protected nearly all perished. In a band of 200 near here, only thirty were found alive.

## DYING IN JAIL.

### Kast, One of Lord Russell's Accusers, Very Ill.

London, Dec. 2.—Frederick Kast, the groom, who is one of the three male defendants in the suit brought by Earl Russell against his mother-in-law, Lady Selina Scott, and others, is said tonight to be dying in Holloway jail, where he has been confined since his arrest. A magistrate, who was summoned to his bedside, found the prisoner too weak to admit of his deposition being taken. The trial adjourned on Monday last for a week on account of Kast's illness.

## PAPER COMBINE.

### Details of the Movement May Soon Be Known.

New York, Dec. 2.—A special dispatch from Boston to the Evening Post says: William A. Russell and H. M. Knowles, of Boston, two of the most prominent persons in the reported combination to control the paper mills of the country, have gone to New York to attend a meeting at which it is expected details of the combination will be completed.

From one of the leading men in the combination it was learned today that the proposed agreement between the mills will not take the form of a trust or consolidation, but will be a pool to control the output, sales and price of paper used by news publications.

## MERRIAM RETURNS.

### Did Not Discuss the Cabinet With Hanna.

St. Paul, Dec. 2.—Ex-Governor Merriam returned from his Eastern pilgrimage yesterday and has since been the subject of a number of interviews which were entirely without speech, except upon the part of the interviewer. So far as his visit to Mr. Hanna was concerned, the governor declared that it was merely of a social nature, and had no bearing whatever upon the question of the president's cabinet. The subject, he said, was not mentioned during his visit.

RAILROAD SOLD.

Stillwater, Minn., Dec. 2.—D. B. Dewey, receiver of the Minnesota & Wisconsin railway, operating lines from Emerald to Spring Valley and Wildwood, Wis., connecting with the Omaha and Wisconsin Central, made a final transfer of the road today to a new company formed under the name of the Minnesota & Wisconsin Railroad company, officered as follows: Ed Buffington, Stillwater, president; William Dawson, St. Paul, vice president; James W. Jones, St. Paul, secretary; Herman Scheffer, St. Paul, treasurer.

WILL NOT ARBITRATE.

Hamburg, Dec. 2.—At a meeting of the Employes' union today, it was unanimously resolved to reject the proposal to submit the dockers' dispute to a court of arbitration.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The condition of the treasury today shows: Available cash balance, $224,814,196; gold reserve, $134,651,681.

A DIPLOMATIC CALL.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Mr. Cooper, the minister of foreign affairs of Hawaii, who is visiting Washington, paid his respects to Secretary Olney today at the state department, being presented by Mr. Hatch, the Hawaiian minister.

A MURDERER PAROLED.

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 2.—Patrick Elliott was paroled from the penitentiary today. He is one of two brothers who killed two men in a street shooting affray in 1881.

QUITE A DIFFERENCE.

A New York editor once wrote an obituary on a man of some prominence, and among other things he said: "He began his life as a legal practitioner, but was diverted from it by a love of letters." He did not look at the proof and next morning in picking up the paper was confronted with the statement: "He began life as a legal politician, but was diverted from it by a love of bitters."

# MESSAGE

## Much Interest Felt in the Coming Utterances of President Cleveland.

## Crowning Anxiety is What He Will Say About Cuban Matters.

## Belief it Will Contain a Covert Hint of Caution to Spain.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The interest felt by congressmen in the attitude assumed by the administration towards the Cuban insurgents is evidenced by the number of calls Secretary Olney is receiving from such of the senators and members of the house as have arrived in Washington in anticipation of the assembling of congress next Monday. Naturally the secretary's visitors take advantage of the call to seek the latest official news as to Cuba, but as far as can be learned, the department has little information on that subject to communicate.

The one thing that does appear to be established by the testimony of these callers is that the administration contemplates no change in the line of policy it has pursued so consistently since the beginning of the insurrection two years ago. While that part of the president's message which will deal with the subject has not yet been finally reduced to form, it is believed that it will be a brief but cogent presentation of reasons that have influenced the administration in holding to its present attitude.

The events of the past year's campaign will probably be reviewd with the purpose of showing that the insurgents so far have failed to meet the requirements originally laid down by the president as essential to their recognition. They have fought no general engagement to a successful issue, have not established a permanent seat of government and have no support. In other ways they have sensibly changed their condition from what it was a year ago, so that, by the same line of reasoning laid down by the administration in the statement semi-officially published through the Associated Press last spring, there is at present no occasion for a change of policy on our part.

It is presumed, however, that in addition to a statement to this effect, the president will deplore the continuance of present unsatisfactory conditions in Cuba injurious as they are to American interests and under cover of his message may intimate to Spain the necessity of a termination of existing evils at a reasonably early date.

## RIOT AT TRENTON.

### Angry Italian Shoots Two Fellow Workman.

Trenton, N. J., Dec. 2.—Two men were shot, one of them seriously, in a riot today between men who were seking employment on the new Trenton reservoir. Hundreds of men out of work congregated at the reservoir's site, hoping to get employment. Among the crowd were many Hungarians and Italians, and these the other workmen tried to drive away. This attempt was resisted, and one Italian named Salvator, drew a revowly and fired several shots into the crowd. One man was shot in the side and arm. His condition is considered serious. Another man, named William Lennox, was shot in the arm. Salvator was arrested.

## GUN FORGINGS.

### War Department Awards Some Contracts.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Failing, after a readvertisement in his effort to secure bids for supplying steel gun forgings at what he regarded as reasonable rates, the secretary of war has finally awarded the contracts under the last advertisement, the bids being a duplication of those submitted by the steel companies three months ago. Accordingly the Bethlehem Steel company receives the contract for supplying ten sets of 8-inch siege gun forgings at 27½ cents per pound and ten sets of 7-inch howitzer forgings at the same figure. The Midvale Steel company is awarded the contract for supplying twenty sets of forgings for 7-inch mortars at 31 cents per pound and thirty sets of forgings for three 2-inch field guns at 32 cents per pound. No award was made in the case of the forgings for three 2-inch field mortars, where the lowest bid was 60 cents per pound.

GERMANY'S COMMERCIAL LIFE.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—The minister of foreign affairs, Baron Marshall von Bieberstein, replying today in the reichstag to the criticisms of Count von Kardorff, the Agrarian leader, said that the official statements showed that the balance of trade against Germy had been considerably reduced since the conclusion of the recent commercial treaties.

MRS. BEECHER IS BETTER.

Stamford, Conn., Dec. 2.—Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher, who sustained serious injuries at the residence of her son-in-law, Rev. Samuel Scoville, where she was spending the Thanksgiving season is much improved, and was able to sit up today. Some time early Sunday morning, Mrs. Beecher, who is 84 years of age, sustained a fall in moving about her room. Her head struck on some hard point, which made a bad cut, and she was found later by members of the family lying in a pool of blood.

BAD FREIGHT WRECK.

Greenville, Pa., Dec. 2.—A disastrous freight wreck occurred on the Pittsburg, Shenandoah & Lake Erie road near Springboro last night in which the engine and twenty cars were ditched and badly demolished. A broken rail is supposed to have caused the trouble. Engineer Harry Sloss and Brakeman James Bolden, of this city were seriously injured. Samuel Olden and George Kline, who boarded the train at Leadville Junction are missing and are supposed to be buried under the wreck. Traffic was delayed several hours.

## A HORSE FRAUD.

### Which the Trotting Association is Investigating.

New York, Dec. 2.—There were no absentees from the meeting today of the board of review of the National Trotting association. The taking of testimony in the case of the gray pacing gelding known as Charley P, that had started in one of the slow classes in Dover, N. H., in September, 1894, was resumed. The horse in question, with a record of 2:19¼, was found, it is said, to have been an old racer at one time known as George G, owned by John A. Fitzgerald, of Boston, who said he bought Charley P from Clarence B. Clark, of Boston, not knowing the horse was not what he represented it to be.

As soon as he discovered that the horse had a record as George G he refused to surrender his winnings. John Ramsey, trainer for Fitzgerald, gave testimony to show that the latter had bought and raced Charley P in good faith and that he, Ramsey, was ignorant of the fact that the horse had a record. Counsel for Fitzgerald asked that the board rescind its action in expelling Fitzgerald and Ramsey from the tracks, governed by the association, and that Clark, the previous owner, and Wolcott, formerly the trainer of George G, be blacklisted for the fraud which he alleged they had perpetrated upon his client. The board took the case under advisement.

## OMAHA'S EXPOSITION.

### Board of Directors Chosen For the Big Show.

Omaha, Dec. 2.—The first formal step in the management of the Trans-Mississippi exposition has been taken, the election of the board of directors. The election started last night, but the votes were not completed until today. The following representative Omaha citizens will direct the big enterprise: G. H. Wattles, G. E. Markle, Dan Farrell, Deadley Smith, W. R. Bennett, I. W. Carpenter, G. H. Payne, H. A. Thompson, Charles Metz, John R. Evans, G. S. Montgomery, G. W. Holdredge, L. H. Kordl, Thomas Kilpatrick, Herman Kounze, George F. Bidwell, Frank Murphy, C. E. Yost, Z. E. Lindsey, John A. Johnson, E. E. Rosewater, E. E. Brice, Willard Dickinson, L. R. Reed, W. R. Babcock, E. O. Parkenal, Walter Jardine, C. F. Manlerson, John A. Creighton, J. J. Brown, J. H. Millard, C. W. Lyman, A. N. Noyes, E. C. Price, C. M. Wilhelm, J. M. Hussle, J. A. Wakefield, C. F. Weller, F. B Hibbard, Lucian Wells, Arthur C. Smith, J. L. Webster, J. L. Brandels, Alvin Saunders, W. A. Paxton, Sr., Dr. E. W. Lee, Thomas L. Kimball, J. C. Wharton.

There has been no event in Nebraska in recent years in which so much interest was manifested as this election of directors for the exposition. The large hall in which the election was held was crowded to its utmost capacity until after midnight and the halls adjoining were filled with stockholders interested. Electioneering was prevalent in all quarters of the large room and in the halls. The polls were closed shortly before midnight after 25,000 shares had been voted of the 30,000 or more on which the assessment had been paid.

## SUNDAY CONCERTS.

### Will Hereafter Be Given in Carnegie Hall, Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Dec. 2.—After deliberating over the matter for a full year, the board of trustees of the Pittsburg-Carnegie libraray have decided that hereafter the citizens of Pittsburg shall have Sunday concerts in the music hall. This decision was reached after several lengthy petitions for and against the movement had been presented and considered.

Rev. Dr. J. T. McCreery, who represented the union of evangelical ministers, opposed Sunday concerts on the ground that the plan was an entering wedge to destroy the sanctity of the American Sunday, and that it would furnish a stepping stone for other infractions. He also saw danger of the music hall becoming a meeting place for young couples to carry on a clandestine courtship and had numerous other objections to make to the opening.

Notwithstanding these objections, the trustees decided in favor of Sunday concerts, and beginning with Dec. 13 free concerts will be given in the music hall every Sunday afternoon.

## OMAHA BURGLARY.

### Cracksmen's Big Haul in the Heart of the City.

Omaha, Dec. 2.—Expert cracksmen blew the big safe open in the jewelry store of H. Hirschberg this morning, and got away with $5000 in diamonds and cash. The mutilated vault was discovered this morning with not a cent left in the strong box. The work was done in the most systematic manner and the report of the explosion of the dynamite was not heard. The place is located in the heart of the business districts of the city.

ASPHALTUM FIRES OUT.

St. Louis, Dec. 2.—President C. O. Baxter, of the Gibson Asphaltum company, received a telegram saying that the fires which have been raging in the asphaltum mines of the company near Fort Chesne, in Utah, have been extinguished and preparations for recovering the bodies of the dead will be begun at once. These fires have been raging for some time and threatened the destruction of the valuable deposit of asphaltum at that point.

BLENHEIM BLAZING.

Oxford, England, Dec. 2.—A dispatch received here from Woodstock announced that a fire had broken out in the palace of Blenheim. The only details received are that the flames were first discovered in the salon. The fire was confined to the roof.

GOVERNMENT SUSTAINED.

Rome, Dec. 2.—The chamber of deputies today, by a vote of 181 to 26, adopted the vote of confidence in the government, which the premier, Marquis De Rudini asked for yesterday at the close of the debate on the government's colonial policy, but which the house was unable to pass owing to the lack of a quorum which caused the chamber to be adjourned until today.

SHERIFF FOUND DEAD.

Lemar, Iowa, Dec. 2.—W. E. Herron, sheriff of Plymouth county, was found dead by the side of the railroad track between Merrill and Lemars today. Marks in the snow show that he fell or was knocked from a train. The body was cut and bruised by collision with the ground and was frozen.

# ARE LARGE

## Lake Shipments of Grain From the Port This Year.

## Nearly Fifty Million Bushels of Wheat Were Sent Out.

## Whaleback Steamer Pathfinder Hard Aground at the Globe Elevators.

The board of trade figures of shipments of grain by lake during the season just about to close are complete to Dec. 1, and the record mounts up tremendously. Of wheat 47,095,734 bushels were shipped from Duluth and Superior; corn, 453,182 bushels; oats, 4,328,223 bushels; rye, 1,215,459 bushels; barley, 6,560,511; flax, 5,580,797.

Little idea of the immensity of these figures may be gained from looking at the totals. Some faint idea may be gathered by approximating the value of the stuff which passed from the head of the lakes by boat during the season. Estimating the wheat at 60 cents, a very low average price, it makes $28,257,440.40. The corn at 20 cents is $90,636.40; oats at 17½ cents, $757,439.02; barley at 20 cents, $1,312,102.20; flax at 70 cents, 3,576,557.90; total, $34,358,813.62.

Add to this 3345,227 tons of ore at $4, the price in Cleveland, making $13,380,908, and 206,574,583 feet of lumber at $8 per 1000, making $1,652,596, and there is a total of $49,392,317.62, the value of the business done from this port on lumber and grain. This does not include flour and package freight.

## IS HARD AGROUND.

### The Pathfinder Stuck at the Globe Elevators.

The whaleback steamer Pathfinder is hard aground at the Globe elevator, where she has been since day before yesterday. She is loaded and will have to be lightered before she can be released. Ice is making rapidly around her and ice breakers are kept busy keeping her clear. Other boats waiting to load at the Globe elevators have been unable to get there because of the Pathfinder's position, and there are some mighty mad lake captains in consequence.

Extraordinary efforts have been made to feel the boat, but so far they have been fruitless. This morning the Inman tug Dudley had a hole stove in her by a heavy cake of ice, and came near sinking. The Singer tug Zenith, which is breaking ice around the boat, lost her rudder, but is still keeping at it, the tug Excelsior being used to tow her. The big tug, Edna G., of Two Harbors, has been sent for, and will be used in pulling. She has tremendous strength.

When the Wilson and whalebacks arrived yesterday afternoon the barge 117 parted her tow line six miles out. She was left and tugs sent out for her, but though the tugs cruised about until midnight she was not found. They were sent out again this morning after the missing whaleback.

The Russell took out the last load of ore from the head of the lakes yesterday afternoon.

## COAL COMBINE.

### Business Prospects Begin to Look Brighter.

New York, Dec. 2.—The agreement entered into on Feb. 1 of this year by the president of the anthracite coal mining and carrying companies, at the instance of powerful financial interests will expire nominally on Jan. 1, 1897. At the time of the agreement, however, it was arranged that the contract would run on, subject to thirty days' notice. The companies for the first time in the history of the anthracite trade, kept faith with each other absolutely and all interested looked confidently for the banner year of the industry.

Ante-election agitation and disturbance in the money markets, however, caused much loss. Recently business has been very light, more particularly at tide water, where prices, with the single exception of chestnut, which has been in fairly good demand, which are now being cut 25 per cent below the nominal September price. Trade is now improving under the stimulus of colder weather.

### HAMBURG STRIKERS.

Hamburg, Dec. 2.—At meetings which were attended by about 8090 strikers today resolutions were adopted providing for the acceptance in behalf of the strikers of the proposition made by the chief of police, the president of the municipal council and the chairman of the trades court that the dispute of the dockers and their employers be submitted to a court of arbitration to be composed of the officials mentioned and, in addition, one leading employer and four labor representatives, the decisions of this court to require a majority of six out of the eight votes. The reports of the strikers also selected the four men to represent them in the court of arbitration.

### RAILROAD EXTENSION.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Dec. 2.—The Illinois Central has just closed a deal for the purchase of additional right-of-way in this city, the strip in question being perhaps half a mile in length. This not only increases the terminal facilities locally, but would seem to foreshadow a probable Southwestern extension of the road from this point.

### GLASS FACTORIES RESUME.

Pittsburg, Dec. 2.—All the factories under the control of the Pittsburg Plate Glass company in the country resumed operations in full today, after a long idleness. Each factory employs hundreds of hands, and the indications are for a comparatively steady run. Col. A. L. Conger, of Akron, Ohio, one of the directors, says the actual business on hand was not the cause of the resumption so much as the condition of the market and the prospective demand.

### BURGLARS IN KANSAS.

Belleville, Kas., Dec. 2.—Burglars entered the National bank of Belleville last night and blew off the heavy front door of the vault with dynamite, though they failed to get into the money safe. Quite a sum of money and diamonds valued at $350, belonging to private parties, were taken from outside drawers.

That complete despondency or utter despair of living which comes over women who suffer from the peculiar weakness of their sex, is one of the most horrible symptoms. The entire nervous system and the mind are so affected that there seems to be nothing in life worth living for. A woman's whole outlook upon life is darkened by any derangement of the delicate organism which gives her her womanhood.

Some women hardly realize that this is the one and only cause of all their misery. Doctors frequently treat them for neuralgia or dyspepsia or insomnia. Beside this, modest women shrink from the ordeal of examinations and local treatment which doctors are sure to insist upon.

There is no need of these difficulties; there is no need of enduring this misery and unhappiness. Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the complaints of the feminine organism completely and permanently. It is the most perfect remedy ever devised for that purpose. It is the only medicine for women's troubles invented by a regularly graduated physician, a skilled and scientific expert who has spent a lifetime in studying this special class of diseases.

Mrs. Bessie McPherson, of No. 38 South Main Street, Providence, R. I., writes: "If I could only say one little word to my sisters who are suffering each day from the ailments which I suffered from for years. My afflictions were 'female weakness,' inflammation and weak back. The trouble grew so much worse, that I could not bear the weight of my pet cat on my lap. I grew despondent, wishing for death. I only lived and suffered. But the Allwise God wanted me for a better purpose, and if I can only be the means of bringing light and driving sorrow away from one poor mortal, by telling them of that most wonderful remedy, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—my time has been well spent. I took only a few bottles and was completely cured. I hope this will meet the eyes of some poor despondent sister, and cause her to cheer up."

## PRESIDENT DIAZ.

### Again Installed as Chief Mexican Executive.

Mexico City, Dec. 2.—Gen. Diaz took the oath of office as chief magistrate yesterday in the hall of the chamber of deputies, in the presence of a great assemblage of notable people, and immediately afterward in the hall of the ambassadors, in the national palace, he received the diplomatic corps. Sir Henry Deering, British minister, made a speech of congratulation on behalf of his associates. The president did not deliver the inaugural address as is customary in the United States.

It is reported that he will certainly go to Europe next year. All the cabinet ministers, who had resigned in order to leave the president free to name their successors, have been requested to retain their portfolios. Exceptionally cold weather prevails as a result of the northerly gale on the coast. The directors of the Southern Pacific railway have arrived here on a pleasure trip.

## A NEIGHBORS' ROW.

### Caused By a Remark About a Girl.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, Dec. 2.—Two families in Crescent township met in battle array, the second encounter within a week. The results are thus chronicled: Elijah McClure, stabbed five times; Dave McClure, three fingers chewed into mince meat; Orvill McClure, nose broken; James Shadden, stabbed twice, one wound several inches in length; Orrin Shadden, cut over left eye; Arthur Shadden, cut about the head and a portion of his lower lip bitten out.

The fight was between the families of James Shadden and Elijah McClure, both old settlers and neighbors of a generation. The trouble originated last summer between the sons of the neighbors, and grew out of an ungallant remark made by one of the McClure boys about a young woman to whom Arthur Shadden was paying his addresses.

### AMERICAN TIN PLATE.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Consul Ridgeley, at Geneva, in a report to the state department, says there is a small demand in Geneva for American tin plate, more especially for the raw material packed in boxes, also for block sheets packed in bundles. The consul promises, if he receives price lists of American manufacturers, to try and put them in the hands of intending purchasers.

### BIG STOCK RECEIPTS.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 2.—All records of stock receipts at the Kansas City stock yards were broken yesterday, when 1002 carloads of live stock were received. This beat all previous records by 139 carloads. There were received 46,657 animals, including 15,659 cattle, 603 calves, 26,345 hogs, 4551 sheep and 116 horses and mules.

### BUST OF BRECKENRIDGE.

Washington, Dec. 2.—It is probable that early in the next session of congress one of the niches in the wall of the senate chamber made for the reception of busts of those who have held the office of vice president will be filled by a marble bust of John C. Breckinridge. It is the work of James Voorhees and has just been completed and turned over to the government. The bust is said to be a thoroughly accurate reproduction.

### THE ARBUCKLE MURDER.

New York, Dec. 2.—There has been no abandonment of inquiry by the police into the cause of the death of F. P. Arbuckle, of Denver, in this city two weeks ago. Michael Ryan, bartender, was held at the station house for a time yesterday as a suspicious person. Ryan was discharged later.

### GOVERNMENT MUST PAY.

Alexandria, Egypt, Dec. 2.—The court of appeal today issued its decision in the famous case of the caisse of the Egyptian debt and the government, condemning the latter to repay the funds advanced by the caisse for the purpose of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition to Dongola.

### CUNDIFF IS CRAZY.

Guthrie, Okla., Dec. 2.—Judge W. L. Cundiff, one of the most prominent lawyers in the territory, has been committed to the insane asylum. He has become crazed over politics. Cundiff is a personal friend of W. J. Bryan and nominated the latter for congress. His condition is dangerous.

### SHORT OF FUEL.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—The Beaver line steamer Lake Ontario, Capt. Campbell, from Montreal on Nov. 18 for this port, was so delayed by violent gales and head seas that her coal supply became exhausted and she was compelled to put into shore in order to obtain fuel for the voyage.

# ROBBERS

## Hotel Guests In St. Louis Mourn For Their Departed Diamonds.

## Big Planters and Grand Avenue Hotels Where the Robberies Were.

## St. Louis Mills Will All Resume Work in a Few Days.

St. Louis, Dec. 2.—An $800 diamond robbery occurred at the Planters' hotel last night. Mrs. J. E. Gallbraith, wife of the general passenger and freight agent of the International & Great Northern railroad, had a diamond cluster pin and a diamond ring stolen from her room in her absence. Other jewels to the value of $2000 were overlooked by the thief. Mrs. John Whittaker, a guest at the Grand Avenue hotel, reported to the police last night that her diamond ring, valued at $1600, disappeared mysteriously while she was eating dinner at the hotel. Detectives are working on the case.

## ST. LOUIS MILLING.

### Every Mill in the City Will Run Full Capacity.

St. Louis, Dec. 2.—By the first of the year every flour mill in St. Louis will be running full blast. This is the prediction on 'change. Many of the mills are now shut down and others are only running half time. The flour jobbers confidently expect that the price of flour will go up by the first of the year. The millers claim that with wheat as high as it is now, they can't make flour with profit. President Spencer of the Merchants' exchange said: "To me there appears no prospect of wheat declining much in price. All reports are bullish. It looks as if the mills, sooner or later, will have to grind wheat at high prices and charge more for flour."

## AMERICAN BICYCLES.

### Great Chance For Them in Germany Soon.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Pointers for American bicycle manufacturers who desire to introduce their machines in Germany are contained in a report to the state department by United States Consul Lingley at Brunswick. He predicts that the German market will next year grow to very large proportions, and by proper methods American manufacturers can secure a very good share of it. They must, however, begin at once to perfect their plans for the campaign which will open early next spring, and the next season will see in Germany as great enthusiasm in the sport as now exists in the United States. The German wheels are heavy and clumsy, but because their price is lower than that asked for the high grade American wheels, and because the latter are persistently misrepresented by the German merchants, the Americans have been kept out of the market.

### QUESTIONS FROM HUNGARY.

Buda Pest, Dec. 2.—In the lower house of the Hungarian diet today Herr Ploni gave notice of the following interpretation: "Why was there no mention of the foreign situation in the speech from the throne? Has the premier any knowledge of the existence of a treaty between Germany and Russia up to 1890? Are there any indications pointing to a disturbance of the peace? Was the treaty communicated to the foreign office? Will the government submit the treaty to the house? Does the government consider the treaty permissible in view of the Austro-German alliance? And has the government obtained the assurance that Germany has not concluded a war treaty with Russia since 1890?"

### GOODWIN'S DIVORCE CASE.

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Superior Judge Murphy has decided that the answer and cross complaint filed by Mrs. Nat Goodwin to her husband's suit for divorce must be stricken from the records of the case, as having been filed after the action had been dismissed by Goodwin himself. At the same time, his honor held that Goodwin was not in contempt of court for having failed to answer the subpoena served upon him on Sunday night last, for the reason that, the action having been dismissed, the court had no jurisdiction to issue any process of law therein. So the Goodwin divorce case is, for the present, at an end.

### BURLINGTON'S FAST MAIL.

St. Louis, Dec. 2.—An extension of fast mail service via the Burlington route from St. Louis will take effect Sunday, Dec. 6, to points east on the Hannibal & St. Joseph road east of Macon. In accordance with the wishes of St. Louis merchants and their customers on the Hannibal & St. Joseph road east of Macon, the Burlington has arranged to send St. Louis daily papers and mail destined to Monroe, Shelbina, Clarence, Macon and intermediate points via the fast mail out of St. Louis and from Quincy, making delivery of mail at those points from one hour to one hour and a half earlier than the present delivery.

### THE PEASANTS OBJECTED.

Brussels, Dec. 2.—The count of Flanders, brother of King Leopold, and his son, Prince Albert, were the objects of a hostile demonstration on their arrival yesterday at Dollnitz, on the German frontier, where they went on a shooting tour. The peasants of the neighborhood objected to the Prussian beaters accompanying the royal party, and some lively exhibitions of popular disapproval followed.

### REED WILL BE SPEAKER.

Cincinnati, Dec. 2.—The Commercial Tribune publishes the following from Athens, Ohio: "There is not one word of truth in the report. Reed will be the next speaker of the Republican house of representatives. S. H. Grosvenor." The dispatch was an answer by Gen. Grosvenor to an inquiry as to the truth of a report that he had announced his intention to oppose the election of Reed as speaker of the house.

## HER SECRET.

### How a Lady Who Was Thin Became Plump and Healthy.

Few ladies wish to become abnormally fat but there are thousands of women who would give nearly all they possess to increase their flesh and to look plumper, more robust and healthy. They realize that a little more flesh would greatly improve their looks.

"It is certainly strange how difficult it is to increase your weight," said a lady recently. "I know it by my own experience. For months I took various patent foods and other preparations, but it was all useless. I kept as thin as ever. Finally a friend persuaded me to take a little pure stimulant at meal time, and the result was I decided to try pure malt whisky. The result was simply marvelous! I could notice an increase in my weight the first week, and what is more, it greatly improved my health. I am completely cured of the weak, tired feelings from which I used to suffer, and I owe it to Duffy's pure malt whisky."

Thousands of ladies tell a similar story to that related above. By the use of Duffy's pure malt they have gained new life, vigor and strength. Its great stimulative nourishment has built them up and endowed them with a stock of health such as they never before enjoyed. For rounding out thin figures, and giving a fresh color to pale worn faces it is unequaled.

## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Heavy snow storms and extreme cold winds prevail over the northern part of New York state.

The statement of the director of the mint shows that during the month of November, 1896, the total coinage at the mints of the United States was $7,458,722, of which $5,064,700 was gold, $2,305,022 silver and $89,000 minor coins. The coinage of standard silver dollars during the month was $1,911,000.

The monthly statement of the comptroller of the currency shows that on Nov. 30 the amount of national bank notes in circulation was $235,312,103, an increase for the month of $114,446, and for the last twelve months of $21,440,967. The amount of circulation based on United States bonds was $216,609,681, an increase for the month of $99,470, and for the last twelve months of $26,140,158.

Henry E. Abbey, the operatic manager, left a personal estate of only $200, and no realty. His widow is the administrator.

The final hearing of the contention between Bishop Bonacum and his priests has resulted in the sustaining of the priests at every point. They will be restored to their parishes and the bishop prohibited from interfering with them.

At Petersburg, Va., yesterday by the explosion of a copper cylinder used for boiling liquorice, six men, one white, were scalded. Two were very seriously burned. The explosion was with such force that the boiler was thrown through a window and fell in an adjoining churchyard.

President Faure has signed the appointment of Maurice Loewey, the distinguished French astronomer, as director of the Paris observatory. Loewey was born in Vienna in 1833 and was naturalized in 1861. In 1878 he became sub-director of the observatory. He is a member of the French Institute, and of the Academy of Sciences.

The empress of Austria arrived in Paris yesterday. There was no official reception, save the call of President Faure at the railroad station.

Thirteen signed letters from George Washington to Arthur Young, the agriculturist, dated from 1786 to 1793 on farms in America were sold at auction at London yesterday. After some smart bidding the documents were sold for £470.

The town of Breeden, Mingo county, West Virginia, suffered a destructive fire Monday night and but one house was left standing. This belonged to George Chapman, a merchant. The village was small and the loss of $12,000 wipes it out of existence.

Fred Matthews, a laboring man, was shot and killed at Chicago by Alex Hochtsburger, a 16-year-old boy. Matthews had been drinking in a saloon kept by Hochtsburger's father and became involved in a fight with the elder Hochtsburger over the price of the drinks.

Julius Miller, a St. Paul traveling man, suicided at New Ulm last night by cutting his throat. No cause can be assigned for the act.

At Albany, N. Y., last night Jack Everhard, of New Orleans, knocked Billy Ernst out in twenty rounds.

Following is a list of the mayors elected in the Massachusetts municipal elections yesterday: Chicopee, Eldredge, (Dem.); Fitchburg, Rockwell, (Ind.); Malden, Farnham, (Ind.); Marlborough, Bartley, (Rep.); New Bedford, Ashley, (Rep.); Newton, Cobb, (Rep.); Northampton, Mather, (Rep.); Quincy, Adams, (Dem.); Waltham, Bond, (Rep.); Woburn, Feeney, (Dem.).

Leila Farrell, an actress, died at the Park Avenue hotel, New York, last night of gastritis. Miss Farrell's last appearance was with Nat Goodwin in "Little Jack Shepard." Miss Farrell sued some years ago and Nat Goodwin for breach of promise, but the outcome was never made public.

### A GRAND THING AND NOTHING TO PAY.

Just see what Dr. Greene offers to do for all weak and suffering people. He is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. His unparalleled offer to consult with anyone, free of charge, by letter correspondence, is doing wonderful good. If you have any complaint which you do not thoroughly understand, and which you would like cured, write the doctor a letter stating just how you feel and what symptoms trouble you. He will answer it, giving a complete description of your case, explaining the meaning of every symptom, and telling how you surely can get well and strong. He gives most careful attention to each letter, and explains your case so thoroughly that you understand exactly what ails you. All this costs you nothing, you have no doctor's fees to pay, and you don't have to leave your home. The doctor makes a specialty of thus treating patients through letter correspondence, and they may always get well. He is the discoverer of that wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Write to him at his office, 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, and you will undoubtedly be made strong and well.

### CHARLES CUSHMAN DEAD.

London, Dec. 2.—Charles Cushman, the only brother of the late Charlotte Cushman, the great American actress and dramatic reader, died on Monday. He was 78 years of age.

Of all the nerve-tonics—bromos, celeries or nervines—your doctor will tell you that the Hypophosphites are best understood. So thoroughly related is the nervous system to disease that some physicians prescribe Hypophosphites alone in the early stages of Consumption. Scott's Emulsion is Cod-liver Oil, emulsified, with the Hypophosphites, happily blended. The result of its use is greater strength and activity of the brain, the spinal cord and the nerves.

Let us send you a book all about it. Sent free.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

## THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Late reports of the storm which visited the section about Fargo lately show it to have been more serious than was at first supposed. With two rotary engines working out of Fargo on the Northern Pacific since Saturday morning, No. 4, snowed in five miles east of Valley City, was reached at 10 o'clock this morning. Only half a mile was cleared yesterday by the rotaries. The drifts in cuts are six to fourteen feet deep and are frozen like ice mixed with sand. Dynamite is used to loosen up this snow. The southwestern branch to Lisbon and Edgely is still frozen up and the people in the towns along the line are out of wood and coal and there seems no prospect of opening the roads for three or four days. Small towns along the main line of the Northern Pacific are out of fuel. In a wreck of a snow plow this morning John Tallman, a fireman, had his leg broken, his head badly scalded and received serious internal injuries.

The blockade on the Northern Pacific has not yet been broken. Its coast train, which should have reached Minneapolis on Thursday, is stuck in a snow drift at New Salem, forty miles west of Bismarck, and cannot move until a rotary snow plow clears the track. In some deep cuts snow is drifted on the track to a depth of fifty feet. A coal famine prevails here and there will be much suffering unless relief is afforded at once. No services will be held in different churches today and the fuel on hand was distributed among the poor.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The recent storms caught nearly all the farmers with their corn standing in the fields. During the campaign the farmers did not have time to attend to their crops, being so busy with affairs of state. Now that the election is over they are standing in twelve inches of snow in the fields, husking their corn. Considerable grain is yet in the stack, and will remain so until spring.

The trial of W. H. Coney, for causing the death of Commodore Coulson by a bite at Yankton, which was followed by blood poisoning, has been postponed until next term.

There is no prospect that the railroad bridge across the Missouri river at Yankton will be built this winter, but that it will eventually be built is generally believed.

City Marshal Conway, of Niobrara, has received a communication from a captain of the Twelfth infantry, stationed at Vancouver, Wash., requesting him to look out for Roy Clare, who is a deserter from the regular army. Clare is said to have fled with a married woman and her child during the absence of her husband, who had been away from home working to pay for a farm and had forwarded $300 to his wife for that purpose. Clare's parents reside at Niobrara and are highly respected.

The estimated damage to fruit trees in Clay county by the recent ice storms is $5000. It is snowing today and growing colder. Ice on the trees is three inches thick.

### VON DER AHE SUES HANLON.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—President Von Der Ahe, of the St. Louis base ball club, has brought suit against Edward Hanlon, manager of the Baltimore Baseball club, for $800, which amount of money he claims to have lent Hanlon upon the occasion of the "Orioles" final visit to this city last summer.

EACH DROP... ...of Blatz

adds a minute to your life. The precious drops, otherwise called "America's most exquisite Beer," will be delivered promptly if you drop us an order by postal or telephone.

The STAR Milwaukee Beer

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Telephone 62.

Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco

# Notice of Application

## For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Helm Avenue.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of two thousand seventy-seven (2077) dollars and nine (9) cents, upon the real estate benefited by grading and otherwise improving Helm avenue, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-eight avenue west to Thirtieth avenue west, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 1, 2 and 3, block 5; lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, block 6; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 13; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7, block 14, all in Helm Addition; lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32, block 6; the northerly 100 feet of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, and all of lots 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, block 2, all in Marine Division.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.
(Seal)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

# Notice of Application

## For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Jefferson Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of four hundred eighty-five (485) dollars and thirty-nine (39) cents, upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in Jefferson street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Fourteenth avenue east to a point 250 feet west of Fourteenth avenue east, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 7, Banning & Ray's sub-division.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.
(Seal)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

# Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

# ASSESSMENT

## FOR

## Sprinkling District No. 3.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Lake avenue, from Superior street to the ship canal; Michigan street, from Second avenue east to Sixth avenue west; and Fifth avenue west, Fourth avenue west, Third avenue west, Second avenue west, First avenue west, First avenue east and Second avenue east, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Michigan street to Superior street; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred eight (708) dollars and eighty-six (86) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# ASSESSMENT

## FOR

## Sprinkling District No. 5.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of the following streets and avenues in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, to-wit: Third avenue west, from First street to Second street; Second street, from Sixth avenue west to Sixth avenue east; Sixth avenue east, from Second street to Third street, and Third street, from Sixth avenue east to Second avenue east; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of three hundred seventy-two (372) dollars and ninety (90) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# ASSESSMENT

## FOR

## Sprinkling District No. 2.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for sprinkling First street, from Seventh avenue west to Third avenue east; and Second avenue east, First avenue east, Lake avenue, First avenue west, Second avenue west, Third avenue west, Fourth avenue west, and Fifth avenue west, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Superior street to First street; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred five (705) dollars and seventy (70) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# Notice of Application

## For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Fifth Alley.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of two hundred twenty (220) dollars and fifty-one (51) cents, upon the real estate benefited by grading and otherwise improving the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Second avenue west, to Mesaba avenue, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lot 34, West Fifth street, and lots 33, 35, 37, 39 and 41, West Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First Division; lots 39 and 41, block 52, Duluth Proper, Third Division.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.
(Seal)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

# Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

# WEST END

## Alarm of Fire From the Great Western Plant Yesterday.

## A Small Building Near the Plant Was on Fire.

## Machinery For Manufacturing Pipe Rapidly Getting In Place.

An alarm of fire was turned in yesterday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, from the Great Western shops. When the department arrived it was found that the little frame house east of the foundry was emitting smoke, although no blaze could be discovered. The building was formerly used for a pump house, but has been empty for some time. There is a steam pipe running through the base of the building, and while some of the workmen were thawing out this pipe with a torch, the fire was communicated to the building. The department was not long in overcoming the incipient blaze with the chemical engine.

WORK ON THE PIPE.

At the Great Western shops work on the pipe contract is progressing, although but little visible effects can yet be seen, as the machinery is not all in position. Mr. Hugo is giving constant attention to the work, and is pushing it along as fast as possible. At the Marinette shops work is also begun on the city contract, although it is so far chiefly confined to the foundry, where quite an amount of casting is in progress.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

M. Doche, of Chippewa Falls, is in the city on business.

A. E. Overton and wife, of Spirit Lake, welcomed a new boy at their home last night.

The Catholic fair opened up last evening with a large number present. It was an auspicious beginning, and foretold a successful week.

Tony Gisch started a crew of ten men at work yesterday on his new skating rink on Ramsey street, west from the Great Western shops. It will be a covered rink.

Born to P. Schmitz and wife, a daughter.

## Missionary Meeting.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the First M. E. church will serve a chicken pie supper in the parlors of the church tomorrow from 6 to 7:30 p. m. This will be followed by a missionary prayer meeting. The program is as follows:

Singing .................... Congregation
Scripture reading ...... Dr. G. H. Humason
Prayer .................. Mrs. W. A. Shannon
Paper—"Mission Work in the Orient" ............ Mrs. G. H. Humason
Quartet—"Cast Thy Bread Upon the Waters" ..................
Misses Breckenreid and Alexander, Messrs. Starkey and Cable.
Reading—"Japan" ..Mrs. J. A. Watterworth
Singing ..................... Congregation
Paper—"Here and There in the Missionary Field.... Mrs. A. W. Bradley
Recitation ................. Mable Shannon
Quartet—"A Song of Trust" ...............
Misses Breckenreid and Alexander, Messrs. Starkey and Cable.
Remarks ................... Dr. Humason
Hymn 932 and prayer .......................

## Burned an Overcoat.

A blaze in the cloak room of the Adams school called the fire department to the building on a still alarm at 10 o'clock this forenoon. The fire was easily subdued and the loss of one overcoat sums up the damage done. There was a little confusion among the scholars for a time, but order was quickly restored. It is said that the fire originated from a lighted cigarette which was stuffed into the pocket of one of the overcoats hanging in the room, either as a joke or to escape the detection of the smoker by a teacher.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Delano News company have removed to Room 6, over Big Duluth.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

The Duluth Telephone company is now working on its new directory, to be issued Jan. 1, 1897. Parties contemplating taking a telephone who wish to have their names appear in the directory should notify the company at once.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

## HAS BEEN MISUNDERSTOOD.

### Wrong Impression as to the Corrupt Practices Act.

The corrupt practices act, relating to the statements candidates are to file showing the amount of their expenses consequent on their nomination and election or both, has been misunderstood. The idea at first was that the limit of expenses was based upon the whole vote cast at this election. Instead of that it is based upon the vote cast on the particular office for which a candidate is qualifying at the preceding election. This brings the limit down all around, and the smaller the vote two years ago the smaller the limit.

Sheriff-elect W. C. Sargent filed his statement this morning. He says that he expended $389 as follows: Committee, $175; filing certificate of nomination, $10; traveling expenses, $45; printing, $75; advertising, $64; livery, $20.

P. J. Borgstrom, who was re-elected to the office of register of deeds, expended $373 as follows: Filing certificate, $10; county committee, $150; traveling expenses, $25; printing and advertising, $188.

Judge Ayer spent $324.67 as follows: County committee, $268.67; printing and distributing, $46; filing certificate of nomination, $10.

W. D. Gordon gave a $50 to the committee, $28 for advertising and $14 for cards, a total of $92. James O'Neill, who was a candidate for county commissioner, against Mr. Gordon and others, laid out $50 as follows: Filing petition, $10; circulating petition, $15; canvassing voters, $15; printing, $5; two boxes of cigars, $5.

J. C. Mishler spent $365 as follows: County committee, $250; printing and advertising, $60; distribution, $35; traveling expenses, $20.

Tomorrow is the last day for filing statements, and there will probably be a rush of them at that time. None of the committees have yet filed statements.

## JUDGE WILLISTON DECIDES.

### Findings By Him in Two Cases Filed Today.

Judge Williston has sent up findings in two cases heard by him while acting judge of the eleventh judicial district court last term. One is in the case of Louis Boutillier against the C. N. Nelson Lumber company, to recover title to lands in 58-18 said to have valuable ore deposits. The lumber company claimed title by virtue of a deed from Boutillier to one H. A. Wilson and by him to the company dated in August, 1882. Boutillier denied that he ever signed the deed purporting to be from him to Wilson, and alleged fraud in its procurement.

Judge Williston also filed findings in the case of E. H. Breault against Elzar Archambault et al., to enforce a lien on logs. Breault worked as cook in a lumber camp for the defendants, and when the case first came up there was a big question of whether a cook was entitled to a lien upon logs worked by the men for whom he cooked. The court decided that cooks and cookees were entitled to liens. Judge Williston finds judgment for $193.60 for Breault, including two assigned labor claims, and orders the logs sold to satisfy the lien.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Market Today Was Strong and Active.

New York, Dec. 2.—Cabled advices of more favorable monetary conditions on the London exchange, and higher prices for American securities at that center tended toward a strong and active local market, in which gains of sharp fractions were scored in leading shares. The industrials were in good demand, Leather preferred exceptionally high, rising 1⅝c to 62½, chiefly on covering.

The bulls, gratified at the change in the speculative temperament, rendered effective support to their specialties during the first hour. Purchases by the commission houses were on a moderate scale and embraced some of the gold-edged investment securities. The change of front on the part of the London traders and a more general disposition to view the reassembling of congress with less apprehension, were the main factors operating toward improvement. The seasonable weather now prevailing encouraged a revival of activity and strength in the Anthracite Coal shares with New Jersey Central and Lackawanna gaining 1¾ per cent each. Consolidated Gas was conspicuous for wide fluctuations with an improving tendency. Realizations contributed to some erratic changes in the speculative leaders, but the undertone of speculation at 11 o'clock was quite strong.

## Births Are Numerous.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A son to Charles and Colina Unden, 519 East Superior street; a daughter to E. and M. E. Waldgren, of 508 Second avenue west; a daughter to John and Kate C. Scanlon, of 221 Lake avenue north; a son to Gust and Thelda Moler, of 1712 West Second street; twins, boy and girl, to Andrew and Jenny Zenteft, of 2028 West First street; a daughter to B. O. and Georgina Loe, of 301 East Sixth street; a son to William and Cordelia Harrison, of 12 Nineteenth avenue east; a son to H. D. and Minnie Pearson, of 1718 Jefferson street; a son to Ernest and Mary Oman, of 5009 Tioga street.

## The Chamber Meeting.

The annual meeting of the chamber of commerce was to be held at 4 o'clock today if a quorum was secured. The annual reports are to be read and the Duluth & Southwestern railroad proposition discussed.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

# DECLINED

## Wheat Went Down Again Today Under a Decline at Liverpool.

## Weakness Was Also Reported in the Other Markets in Europe.

## Receipts at Northwestern Points Light and France Buying American Wheat.

Liverpool again showed its independence of the American wheat markets today. Opening cables were at a slight advance, although there was a decline on this side yesterday. Northwest receipts showed no improvement, being less than one-half of last year's. The effect of the cables was visible in a rise at Chicago as soon as trading began, but there was no advance on the Duluth board. The price here started lower and then lower quotations came from Liverpool and weakness was reported in the European continental markets.

The Chicago receipts were 32 cars. Minneapolis and Duluth got 316, the total at the three places being therefore, only 348, compared with 1541 cars the corresponding day of the year before. California wheat stocks were reported to have decreased 1,176,000 bus since Nov. 1, and to be now 2,300,000 bus small than they were a year ago. A cargo of No. 2 red winter wheat was sold at Baltimore to go to France; the first American wheat France has bought direct this season.

Trading on the Duluth board was light. May opened ⅛c lower at 83⅞c, declined to 83⅝c, reacted to 83⅞c but weakened again and sold down to 83c. Towards the close it sold up to 83¼c, but closed at 83⅛c being a decline of ⅞c for the day. The elevators bought 20,000 bus of cash stuff a 1½c under May for wheat to arrive this week and 2½c under May for wheat to arrive later. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 83⅝c; December, 81⅝c, No. 1 northern, cash, 81⅝c; December, 80⅝c; May, 83⅛c. No. 2 northern 79⅛c. No. 3, 74½@75¾c. Rejected, 67½@75⅝c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 82⅝c; No. 1 northern, 80⅝c. Rye, 39c. No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 75⅛c; May, 79½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 95; corn, 1; oats, 1; rye, 5; barley, 4; flax, 14. Receipts—Wheat, 170,143 bus; oats, 881 bus; rye, 2136 bus; barley, 71,480 bus; flax, 12,221 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 130,013 bus; oats, 22,650 bus; barley, 166,781 bus; flax, 93,062 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Estimated receipts 78,000; left over, 7000. Light, $3.15@3.45; mixed, $3.15@3.45; heavy, $2.95@3.40; rough $2.95@3.00. Cattle, 17,000. Steers steady. Cows and heifers, $1.60@4.10; Texas steers $2.85@4.15; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.90. Sheep, 16,000. Market steady. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 36,018; shipments, 6542. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 4825; shipments, 1371. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 16,608; shipments, 2046. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 45,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 2.—Money on call easy at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86½@4.86¾ for demand and $4.83½@4.83¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.83½@4.84½ and $4.87@4.88. Commercial bills $4.83. Silver certificates 65⅛@65⅝; no sales. Bar silver 65⅛. Mexican dollars 50⅝. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered and coupon $1.19¾; 5s registered, $1.13¼; coupon, $1.13⅝; 4s registered, $1.09; coupon, $1.10½; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '97, 99½.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—Closing, wheat steady; December, 6s 10¾d; ¾d lower. January, 6s 10½d; ¾d lower; February, 6s 9¾d; ¾d lower. Maize, spot dull; futures dull; December, 2s 11¾d; ¼d lower; January, 2s 11d; ¼d lower; February, 2s 11d; ¼d lower.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Dec. 2.—Wheat weak; closed, December, 80c; May, 81¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81½c; No. 1 northern, 80¼c; No. 2 northern, 78⅝c. Receipts, 221 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 2.—Close, wheat, December, 89@89¼c; January, 88⅞c; March 90½c; May, 87⅞c; July, 83⅛c. Corn, May 32⅛c. Oats, May, 25⅝c.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Close, wheat, December, 79½@¼c; January, 79⅞c; May, 82⅞c; July, 76⅞c. Corn, December, 23c; January, 23⅜c; May, 26⅝c. Oats, December 17⅞c; May, 21⅜c. Pork, December, $6.85; January, $6.67½@6.70; May, $6.82½. Lard January, $3.92½; May, $4.15@4.17½. Ribs, December, $3.85; January, $3.87½@3.90; May, $4.05@4.07½. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 91@93c; No. 3 red, 85@88c; No. 2 spring, 80@81c; No. 3 spring, 78@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 80@81c; No. 3 hard winter 78@80c; No. 1 northern spring, 82c. Corn No. 2, 24c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 18c. Rye, cash, 41c; December, 41c; May, 44½@45c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 25@37c. Flax, cash, 75½c; cash Northwestern 77@87½c; December, 77⅛c; May, 79@80c. Timothy, cash, $2.50; December, $2.55; February, $2.65; May, $2.60.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Slightly higher cables caused a firmer opening in wheat but the selling fever soon set in and the market again closed at the put price. The reported taking of a cargo of wheat for France probably caused more selling than buying for though seemingly confirmed it was discredited by many traders in view of present conditions. The feature of the day was the heavy short selling by a local operator. Though outside business was scarce the market met with good support on the decline though probably most of the buying was against puts. The market refuses to respond to bull news lately and may work a little lower when it will be all the better purchase.

Corn and oats dull and easier.

Provisions advanced in the face of large receipts of hogs. Packers bought freely. The buying of ribs being specially notable.

Puts, December wheat, 81⅜-¼@81¼c.
Calls, December wheat, 81@81⅞c.
Curb, December wheat, 82½c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Name of stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Whisky | 13⅞ | 14 | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| Atchison | 14⅞ | 14⅞ | 14¾ | 14¾ |
| Sugar Trust | 117¼ | 117⅝ | 116½ | 116⅝ |
| Canada Southern | 49⅜ | 49⅜ | 49⅜ | 49⅜ |
| C., B. & Q. | 79⅛ | 79⅛ | 78⅝ | 78⅝ |
| St. Paul | 75⅛ | 75⅜ | 74⅜ | 75 |
| Chicago Gas | 74½ | 75½ | 74 | 75⅜ |
| Del., Lack. & W. | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| General Electric | 31⅜ | 31⅜ | 31⅛ | 31¼ |
| Erie | .... | | | |
| Reading | 29⅜ | 29⅜ | 29⅜ | 29⅜ |
| Louis. & Nash | 50¼ | 50⅝ | 50⅛ | 50⅛ |
| Manhattan | 95⅝ | 95⅝ | 95 | 95⅛ |
| Missouri Pacific | 22¼ | 22⅜ | 22¼ | 22⅛ |
| Tobacco | 76¼ | 76⅛ | 75⅜ | 75⅜ |
| Chicago & N. W. | 106 | 106⅛ | 105⅜ | 106⅜ |
| N. P. preferred | 21⅜ | 21⅜ | 21⅛ | 21½ |
| Rock Island | 69⅜ | 70 | 69⅛ | 69⅛ |
| Union Pacific | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ |
| Western Union | 86⅜ | 87⅛ | 86⅛ | 86⅜ |
| Leather | 61⅛ | 62⅛ | 61⅜ | 61⅝ |
| Lake Shore | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 |

## Coal Prices

Get our latest prices on coal. Duluth Fuel Co., basement Herald building.

## MARINE MATTERS.

### North Star Will Try to Get to Duluth.

Buffalo, Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Western line has turned the Gratwick and Kearsarge to Chicago, but the North Star will try to get to Duluth. The North Wind and Northern King will come down and lay up here. The weather is moderating, and no ice of any kind is formed here.

THE ITALIA RELEASED.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Italia was released from Grosse Point last night after lightering a part of her cargo.

WILL HOLD OUT LATE.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—The tendency among the lake and rail lines is to run their steamers later in the season than last year. It is probable that the Union line will not send out its last boat, which will be the Tioga, before Monday next. The Lehigh Valley line will have its last boats out next Monday. The Anchor line, following a long precedent, quits earlier than the rest, the Susquehanna, which sailed last night, being the last. The Lackawanna's last will go Friday or Saturday.

PORT ARTHUR ICE LOCKED.

Port Arthur, Ont., Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The intense cold has seriously interfered with navigation. The harbor at Port Arthur is frozen over. The Kaministiqua is solid at the lower end of the coal dock. The big American steamer Sauber is both aground and frozen in and the captain expects to be there all winter. The Algonquin and two American steamers arrived today and are lying at the mouth of the channel waiting for orders.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Majestic, 10 a. m.; Shores, 11:20.

Later—Up: Rees, 1:20 p. m.

Up yesterday: Northern Wave, 4 p. m.; Hoyt and whaleback, 5. Down: Manitoba, 2:30 p. m.; Curry, Castalia, Middlesex, 3:30; Spokane, 5; Codorus, Bannockburn, 6.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Lockwood, 2:15 a. m.; Servia, 6:30; Nebraska, 7:30; Alaska (steel), 8; Dyer, 8:30; Mariska and consort, 10.

Down yesterday: Siberia, 12.20 p. m.; Gilchrist, 2; Britannic and consort, 2:10; Colgate and consorts, 4:15; Sheldon, 5:30; Topeka, 7; Mariposa and whaleback, 7:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Ford, 5 a. m.; Livingstone, 5:20; Martin, Wesley, 7:15. Down: Wallula, 11:20; J. C. Lockwood, 4:30; Gilchrist, 4:30; Henry Chisholm, 8; Colgate and consort, 8:10; Mariposa, Magna, 9:40.

Up yesterday: America, Pope, 1:20 p. m.; Nelson Mills, 7. Down: Moore, Mariska and whaleback, Alaska, noon; George Farwell, 1:20 p. m.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Frontenac, Buffalo, light for flour; Ketcham, Buffalo, light for grain; Bartlett, 127, Lake Erie, coal.

Departed—Griffin, Buffalo, grain; Northern King, Buffalo, flour.

MARINE NOTES.

The steamer Tuscarora was released from the bottom at St. Clair flats canal after having lightered 300 tons of her cargo.

At Toledo the schooner J. I. Case has received new decks and hatches, as well as a donkey engine for hoisting machinery. The Case is now a Canadian bottom and will engage in the timber trade.

During the season now closing the steamer J. B. Ketcham has carried 26,00,000 feet of lumber.

The entire Canadian timber fleet is under charter for next season, and it is said that more vessels will be required for the trade.

The steamer City of Glasgow was chartered for another cargo of ore, but on account of the cold weather she could not get it, and was placed for wheat.

Insurance to the amount of $25,000 was carried on the burned steamer City of Kalamazoo.

The schooner Mishicott, which went on the beach, near South Haven some years ago and was partially wrecked, has been sold to Saugatuck parties, who will use her for gathering fruit along the Kalamazoo river.

The Pathfinder was released at 2 o'clock this afternoon. She was fast in the ice, but no lightering was done.

At 3 o'clock nothing had been heard from the missing barge 117, though several tugs were out looking for her.

The Zenith City is laid up for the winter in the Omaha slip.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Southampton — Arrived: Steamer Lahn, from Bremen.

New York—Arrived: Siberian, from Glasgow.

## Noted Indian Lecturer.

The Young People's society of the Unitarian church has secured H. Dharmapala, lecturer for the Maha-Bodhi society, of India and Ceylon, to give two lectures here next week. He is a native of India and spoke as the representative of Buddhism at the parliament of religions. He speaks English fluently and is a very pleasing talker. His subjects will be: Wednesday, "Reconciliation of Buddhism and Christianity;" Thursday, "The Present Condition of India."

## Homeseekers' Excursions.

To Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee, Texas, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, and points generally South and West, on Nov. 17, Dec. 1 and 15, via the North-Western Line (Omaha railway.) One fare plus $2 for round trip.

B. W. SUMMERS, Agent.
405 West Superior street.

The Delano News company have removed to Room 6, over Big Duluth.

# Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Dec. 2, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 14th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of a 12-foot plank sidewalk in said city in front of lots Nos. 33 and 35, East First street, Duluth Proper, First division, and a 10-foot plank sidewalk on Second avenue east adjoining said lot No. 33, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of ten (10) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 2, 10 times.

## Don't bear

the burden of the wash-board any longer. Hasn't it caused enough damage and trouble and weariness? Do you realize the amount of wear and tear that it brings to your clothes in a single year? Get Pearline—get rid of the wash-board and that eternal rubbing. Be a free woman. You ought to see for yourself that Pearline's easy way of washing—soaking, boiling, rinsing—is better for the clothes and better for you.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

## One Cent a Word.

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT porter. Can give good references. Address K 71, Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY AN ALL round printer and newspaper man; but will work at anything. Address M. C. K., Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT OF ANY kind of a respectable character by a young man of 18. Inquire or address W. H. M., 1018 East First street.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND general office man desires position for whole or part time. No objections to leaving city. Address K 75, Herald.

LADY WILL DO DRESSMAKING OR plain sewing cheap, at home or by the day. 512 West Third street.

MALE STENOGRAPHER, NOTARY public, with legal, commercial and railway experience, wishes work by the hour, day or week. Address Notary, 205 McDonnell building, city.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE POSItion as housekeeper in widower's family; object, comfortable home. Address C. M., Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO HOUSEwork in small family by competent girl. Address K 77, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man as second or pastry cook in house or restaurant or will take porter work for winter. Best of references can be given. Address A. N., 30 Fourth avenue east.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SITUATION cooking or work in grocery store. Best of references given. K 76, Herald.

WANTED—NURSING OF ANY DEscription by old experienced nurse. Call at 126 East First street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY DRESS maker to do sewing in families by the day. Call at 126 East First street.

WANTED—BY A SOBER AND RESpectable man, position as packer in store or any kind of inside work. Good reference. Address Packer, 2011 West Seventh street.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework by competent girl. Call at 1705 East Jefferson street.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ALL round handy man. Will do any kind of house work. I have a family to support. Please give me a call. S. A. Ross 317 Mesaba avenue.

BY A MIDDLE AGED WIDOW LADY, as housekeeper in widower's family. For good home and small wages. Address Mrs. Ross, 76 West Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

FIRST CLASS WAITRESS WOULD like situation in or out of town. Address 102 East Fourth street.

SITUATION WANTED FOR CHAMber work. Address 102 East Fourth street.

MARRIED MAN, 36 YEARS OF AGE, would like position as bartender. Address J. F. B., Herald.

YOUNG FRENCH GIRL OF 19 WOULD like position at general housework, is not afraid of work. Write at once to Miss Emma Lapierre, in care of William L., 305 West Superior street, city.

WANTED—SITUATION BY GOOD GENeral servant, who thoroughly understands cooking. Address K 10, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address I. 81, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson 390 Lake avenue south.

*MUSIC.*

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

*FINANCIAL.*

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

*FOUND.*

FOUND—A BUNCH OF KEYS. OWNer can get them at C. S. Prosser's, 129 East Superior street, by paying for this notice.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by John H. Delaney and Mary L. Delaney, his wife, mortgagors, to James Moir, mortgagee, bearing date November first (1st), 1892, and duly filed for record in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on November third (3rd), 1892, at four (4) o'clock p. m. and then and there recorded in Book one hundred one (101) of mortgages, on pages 505, 506, 507 and 508; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on July first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of $157.50, and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, amounting to the sum of $96, which said mortgagors had in and by said mortgage covenanted and agreed to pay, which amount said mortgagee has heretofore been compelled to pay, and has paid, for the protection of said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage; by reason of which defaults, and after the same and each of them, had continued for more than ten days, said mortgagee has heretofore elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, and exchange, and said insurance premiums paid, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of four thousand eight hundred eighty-three and 27-100 ($4883.27) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of the southerly seventy feet (S. 70 ft) of lots numbered eighty-two (82) and eighty-four (84), in block numbered twenty-eight (28), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the register of deeds' office for said St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the thirty-first (31st) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, and interest, and insurance premiums paid, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated November 18th, 1896.

JAMES MOIR,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2-9-16-23.

## One Cent a Word.

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Family of two. 717 East Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 324 West Third street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS HOUSEmaid. Apply mornings 1721 East First street.

*WANTED—AGENTS.*

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

*LOST.*

LOST—FOUR MONTHS OLD COACH dog; black spots. Finder will be rewarded by returning to M. S. Burrows.

LOST—BLACK AN DWHITE SPOTTED rabbit hound bitch; about fifteen inches high with long brown ears. Finder please report at 227 West Third street and receive reward.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

## For Sale---for $150.

12-horse power BOILER
and 8-horse power ENGINE
In good condition.
IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY,
12 West Michigan.

*FRATERNITIES*

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 14, 1896. Work, election of officers. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 9, 1896. Work, election of officers. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

*CLAIRVOYANT.*

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| S. T. Harrison to Isak A. Johnson, wes ½ lot 12, block 45, Endion division | $ 875 |
| J. E. Timmons to T. S. White et al, lands in section 23-67-20 | 600 |
| Superior Short Line Railway company to Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway company, Superior Short Line railway | 100 |
| F. W. Burdick to J. H. Easton, part lot 93, block 18, Duluth proper, Third division | 21,581 |
| J. H. Easton to O. P. Thompson, part lot 93, block 18, Duluth proper, Third division | 10,000 |
| Total | $ 33,159 |

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the receivership of the Security Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota:

Upon the application of A. R. Macfarlane, receiver, and the files in the above entitled matter.

It is ordered that all creditors whomsoever, having claims against the estate of said Security Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota, existing on the 13th day of August, 1896, who desire to participate in the benefits of said receivership, and who have not heretofore filed their proofs of claim with said receiver, shall file their claims with the said A. R. Macfarlane, receiver of said Security Bank duly verified, at his office in the Exchange building, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, in the state of Minnesota, on or before the 10th day of February, A. D. 1897.

It is further ordered that this order be published in The Duluth Evening Herald at Duluth, Minnesota, on or before the 3d day of December, 1896, and on each day thereafter for six (6) days and that a copy thereof be mailed postage prepaid to each of the known creditors of said insolvent on or before the 5th day of December, 1896.

Dated Dec. 2d, 1896.

By the Court.
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of said Court.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-2 6t.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of nine hundred eighty-four dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by William Roche, mortgagor, to John W. Shellenberger, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of February, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of March, 1891, at 11:10 o'clock a. m. in Book 53 of mortgages, on page 36 which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said John W. Shellenberger, to Henry W. Cheadle, by written instrument bearing date February, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the second day of March, 1891, at 11:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 74 of mortgages on page 307 which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by Henry W. Cheadle to N. Beardsley by written instrument, bearing date March 9th, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 9th day of March, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 73 of mortgages on page 326.

And whereas said N. Beardsley thereafter departed this life leaving a last will and testament appointing the undersigned executors thereof to whom letters testamentary have been duly issued out of the probate court in and for Ramsey county, Minnesota.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number one, two and three, in block number thirty-two in Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Thursday, the tenth day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated October 27th, 1896.

CAROLINE B. WOODRUFF,
NELSON B. ELDRED,
NELSON B. BURR,
GEORGE UNDERWOOD,
As Executors of the Last Will of N. Beardsley, Assignee of Mortgage.
RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-28-Nov-4-11-18-25-Dec-2.

## One Cent a Word.

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

FINE, LARGE ROOM, elegant view; hot water heat, electric light; modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen; six minutes walk to Spalding. K 73, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, $5 PER month. 912 East Sixth street.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat, cheap; gas, bath; permit light housekeeping. Apply at once, 305 East Third.

FURNISHED ROOM TODAY. LOWELL block.

FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST CLASS, central location. 507 West Second street.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS bath, electric light, storm windows, fine views. Married couple. 720 West First.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

ROOMS WELL HEATED; FIRST CLASS board; bath, etc. 120 First avenue west.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

*ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.*

ROOM AND BOARD, DAY OR WEEK; lowest rates in the city. 127 First avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 318 West Second street.

*TO RENT—HOUSES.*

FOR RENT—A SIX ROOM HOUSE AT Glen Avon. Apply to G. Hood Thompson.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

*WANTED—TO RENT.*

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping. Call at or address 215 Woodbridge building.

*PROFESSIONAL.*

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

*EMPLOYMENT OFFICE*

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

*MIDWIFE.*

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

# NOTICE

## Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated January 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,
NEIL McLACHLAN,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
Commissioners.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-[illegible] to Dec. 2 inc.

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

# THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Building, 229 West Superior Street.

Duluth Publishing & Printing Co.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK
Every Evening. Delivered or by Mail.

| | |
|---|---|
| Single copy, daily | $ .02 |
| One month | .45 |
| Three months | 1.30 |
| Six months | 2.60 |
| One year | 5.00 |

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.
Official Paper of St. Louis County.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK
17,148.

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Dec. 2.—The temperature has risen decidedly in the western part of the lake region, the Upper Mississippi valley, Manitoba, Minnesota, Missouri and Kansas, and fallen decidedly in Northern Montana. Minimum temperature readings of 40 degrees below zero are reported at Battleford and Winnipeg. The minimum last night ranged thence upward to zero at Kansas City, La Crosse, Marquette and Sault Ste. Marie and to 20 degrees above zero at Denver, 30 degrees above at Chicago and 10 degrees above at Detroit.

Light snow fell at Sault Ste. Marie during the past twenty-four hours and light, scattered snows in the Upper Missouri valley. At 7 a. m. today, the weather in all districts was fair, except snow flurries in Western Kansas.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 10 below zero; maximum yesterday, 2 below zero; minimum yesterday, 21 below; minimum last night, 13 below.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair tonight; Thursday generally fair; warmer Thursday; winds light and variable today and tonight, and becoming easterly on Thursday.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota: Generally fair tonight and Thursday; warmer in northwestern portion tonight; warmer Thursday; light variable winds. For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy with snow flurries tonight and Thursday; higher temperature Thursday; light variable winds.

## THE IDEAL MAYOR.

The never was a mayor of a city who gave perfect satisfaction to the people and there probably never will be such a remarkable official. There are several reasons for this conclusion, the first being that no man can satisfy every one else, and another reason being that no two persons agree in every particular as to what policy the mayor should pursue. Take Mayor Truelsen, for instance. There are many people who regard him as a first-class mayor and laud all his actions as taken for the true interests of the city, while on the other hand there are those who condemn him severely, and say he is a blunderer. When people differ so widely in regard to him, how can we expect that they will ever agree?

The people of Chicago are approaching a city election. Mayor Swift is not a candidate for re-election. He has had a sufficiency of the honor of the position, and is anxious to be relieved from its troubles. There are many men mentioned as probable candidates. Wash Hesing, the present picturesque postmaster, who was a perniciously active politician during the presidential campaign, but escaped removal by Grover because he shouted for gold, is anxious to move from the federal building to the city hall. It is doubtful if Mr. Hesing's ambition will be gratified, although the Republicans and gold Democrats may combine to nominate him. There was a strong demand by the silver Democrats for Governor Altgeld to become their mayoralty candidate, but he absolutely declined and is making arrangements for a trip to Europe. Now there is a gold-sized boom for Carter H. Harrison, Jr., and he is not averse to an election to the important place so ably filled by his father for several years. The younger Harrison does not depend upon his late father's name. He has considerable ability, and is well known personally to a large section of the Chicagoans. There is no doubt that he would be a strong candidate.

Of course, there are others who have aspirations to serve their fellow-citizens, and no doubt some of them would closely resemble the picture of an ideal mayor which many citizens have drawn in imagination. Some of the Chicago ministers have been preaching on the subject, and here is how one preacher described the ideal mayor, according to his view: "The next mayor of Chicago should be a man of affairs. He should be of unblemished reputation, good ability, decision of character, and unflinching courage. He should have the judicial poise of mind that will enable him to hear many things of all men and then select and act upon only what shall make for the public welfare. He should be free of prejudice for or against persons, corporations, parties, creeds, and nationalities, in order that he may do justly by all. He should be frank and open in the discharge of official duty and willing to accept and bear the responsibility of his official acts, whether for the moment popular or otherwise. He should be absolutely free from every obligation to any party or personal machine. He should put behind him all ulterior ambitions and enter office with the high resolve to do his whole duty here and now, as he is given to see that duty, without thought of the effect of his official acts upon his future career. He should under all circumstances realize that he is retained by the city and to his fidelity she has intrusted in large measure the public welfare. He should surround himself with a cabinet of men of like high character and purpose, who will give the city the full benefit of the civil service law and conduct its business without favoritism and upon the strictest business principles."

Chicago would be fortunate, indeed, should such a man be elected to the mayoralty, but the chances are that some man, less independent and more amenable to the direction of the political bosses, and ready to dole out the patronage to the wardheelers and other political hords, will be chosen. Should a man, possessing the qualities described by the preacher be elected, in less than three months more than half the people would be roasting him because he did not see his duty as they saw it, and had the courage to carry his own ideas into execution in opposition to theirs.

## FOR FINANCIAL REFORM.

The conference held at Indianapolis at the call of the board of trade of that city to take some action upon the financial questions of the day, from the standpoint of the business men, has decided to hold a representative convention early next month. The object of this convention will be to frame suggestions to congress in regard to currency reform, and it is believed that these suggestions will have considerable weight with the lawmakers, because they will emanate from representative business men, and be expressive of the sentiments of the commercial world, or at least a large section of it.

It is not improbable that the appointment of a monetary commission, to be authorized by the next congress, will be the leading recommendation. President Baker, of the Chicago board of trade, in an interview the other day, said one object of the conference is to overcome the difficulty which now exists of a diversity of opinion among the business men of the country on the question of finance. "There are many things," he said, "upon which all agree, but when it comes to details there is not the same degree of unanimity, and it was therefore thought that it would be very difficult, if not impossible, to accomplish any radical or permanent reforms without referring the entire question to a commission composed of men who have reduced finance to a science. Such a commission, it is believed, will be able to evolve a plan that will meet all existing requirements and remedy all existing evils. Congress does not contain many expert financiers, and hence it was thought that a commission would be far preferable to leaving the matter to the deliberations of the legislative body. The business men of the country are in accord on certain important matters which need revision and change, and it is only a few politicians who may stand in the way of a practical financial reform. It is believed that this commission, if appointed, would be able to collect the views of all who have given the subject careful study and intelligent consideration, and after due deliberation frame such a bill as would relieve the country of its present embarrassment."

Of course every one will not agree with Mr. Baker and others who support the scheme of a monetary commission. One strong objection to it will be that its appointment would be vested in men who would naturally constitute it to carry out their ideas of financial reform.

## OFFICE-SEEKERS REJOICE.

A Washington special to the Chicago Times-Herald says it is practically decided that President Cleveland will not issue an order placing fourth-class postmasters under the civil service. The president has been strongly urged to do this, and it is understood he had come very near making up his mind to do it, when a discovery was made by the civil service commission which put a quietus upon the plan. The million or more Republicans who have been casting covetous glances at the postoffices throughout the country will doubtless be glad to learn that the Democratic incumbents are not to be kept in office, and that there is going to be more or less of a show for the faithful.

If the fourth-class offices were put under the civil service there would be absolutely nothing left for the Republicans to get in the way of spoils—nothing whatever for the rank and file. For the big bugs of the party there would of course, be ambassadorships, foreign ministerships, consulships, customs and internal revenue collectorships, and the 3500 presidential postmasterships. But the rank and file care little about these plums. They know such prizes go to the leaders, and with them it is a postoffice or nothing. If President Cleveland should chance to take the postoffices away there would not be left more than 5000 appointments all told for the incoming administration to make, the bulk of these being the presidential offices, are usually filled at the expiration of commissions.

President Cleveland would deprive the Republicans even of the postoffices, if he could, but the civil service commission is so far behind with its work now that it cannot take the necessary steps before March 4 to enable the president to carry his wishes into effect.

Martin B. Madden, who is a candidate for United States senator from Illinois, is given the following "endorsement" by the citizens of the ward in Chicago where he resides: "We consider the election of Martin B. Madden to the United States senate, by example as well as by his own character, a public calamity, a disgrace to the country, state, city and ward, an added burden which should not by any self-created and self-seeking machine be placed upon the backs of a people who have never deserved such a fate." Mr. Madden is a machine politician like William R. Merriam, and therefore he does not regard such an expression of popular sentiment as a serious barrier to his aspirations.

## BRUTAL SPORT.

A prize fight is scheduled to occur at San Francisco tonight. Many people will hold up their hands in horror at the idea of such an event being permitted to take place. They will speak of it as brutal, degrading, disgusting, cruel and inhuman. The Herald is not an admirer of the sluggers who pound each other for glory and fat purses, nor of the crowd of toughs and roughs that follow at their heels, but it is not so narrow as to denounce those who take delight in a pugilistic contest, and believe that, with proper legal protection, the rough and tough element would be divorced from the "manly art." It may be that under proper regulations pugilism could be made respectable. Certainly those who refer to it as brutal and cruel have but hazy and incorrect ideas as to what actually occurs at a prize fight.

The fact is that a prize fight is an innocent and harmless amusement, compared with a game of football. There is more downright brutality crowded into five minutes of a football game than can be found in ten rounds of a prize fight between professional experts in the fistic science. If pugilism is to continue under the ban of the law, football should take a place by its side. Football, as played today, is brutal and dangerous, and it cannot be elevating in any sense. The Chicago Tribune a few days ago contained a resume of the football accidents for the season of 1896, with an article calling attention to the brutality of the game. It says that the greatest number of injuries have been reported from the West, where the rules adapted to lessen accidents are less observed than they are in the East. Here is the tabulated summary of the casualties of the season:

| | |
|---|---|
| Number killed | 3 |
| Dangerously injured | 9 |
| Legs broken | 2 |
| Arms broken | 2 |
| Noses broken | 9 |
| Ribs broken | 12 |
| Collarbones broken | 9 |
| Ankles sprained | 22 |
| Shoulders dislocated | 9 |
| Other dislocations | 14 |
| Miscellaneous accidents | 34 |
| Total injuries | 125 |

The three players killed during the season were as follows: Shreve Beatles, aged 15 years, kicked in side during game at Louisville on Oct. 13; appendicitis resulted and the boy died. Walter L. Rhue, at Brooklyn, Nov. 26, thrown in tackle; ribs broken and liver penetrated. Bert Serf, of Nebraska, at Lawrence, Kas., concussion of the brain.

The records of pugilism do not show any occurrences that can be compared to the football casualty list. Very few men have died in the ring. Comparatively few have received serious injuries. The majority escape with hardly a scratch. The most brutal sport is football, not pugilism.

## MUNICIPAL FRANCHISES.

The restriction of municipal franchises is a subject that is receiving considerable attention in many cities throughout the country, and the approaching sessions of state legislatures may account for the special notice which the subject is attracting at the present time. Following is a summary of the provisions of a law prepared by the municipal league of Philadelphia, which it will try to have passed by the Pennsylvania legislature:

"All grants of municipal franchises hereafter made shall be subject to the following conditions, which shall be implied from the grant, whether or not expressly stated:

"1. That the grant shall be for a definite period, not longer than thirty years, and if no period is expressly stated the period of thirty years shall be implied.

"2. That a reasonable annual compensation in the form of a percentage of gross receipts of the business in which the franchise is used, be paid to the city for the use of the franchise, and if no percentage is expressly stated the percentage shall be 5 per centum.

"3. That all structures constructed along, over, upon and under the public streets, and all other structures of a permanent character constructed for the use or operation of the franchise, shall revert to the city, free of cost at the expiration of the grant.

"4. That every franchise so granted shall be subject to such reasonable regulations as to the manner in which it shall be exercised, and as to the service to the public and the charges to the public therefore, as councils may thereafter from time to time impose for the safety, health and welfare of the citizens.

"Before any such ordiance can be passed by a select or common council it must first have been referred to the city solicitor or proper officer, who shall within ten days return it, with an opinion whether the ordiance is so drawn as to guard against misconstruction and to protect the interests of the city."

If such a law should also be passed by the Minnesota legislature, it would prove of incalucable value to the growing towns and cities of the state, which are, as a rule, too liberal in granting franchises and too lax in imposing proper limitations.

The report of the secretary of agriculture, the leading points of which have been made public, is encouraging in many particulars, but his description of the operation of the government seed distributing bureau reads like a bit of burlesque interjected among serious facts. The seeds that were sent over the country during the fiscal year weighed 230 tons and occupied thirty mail cars, the cost of transportation being over $70,000. There were enough of them to plant 115 square miles of garden, and each congressman represented enough to plant about 163 acres. The amount appropriated for the current year at present prices will make the quota double what it was last year.

## MISERABLE MAIL SERVICE.

The Rainy Lake Journal of Nov. 19, which reached the city last evening, contained the following agonizing kick against the beautiful mail service which is given to that section of the state: "Up to the hour of going to press today, sixteen days since election, no mail has arrived, so that we are still in the dark as to whether we are living under Bryan clouds with a silver lining, or whether the bright, beaming, glittering, effulgent golden rays of McKinley, Rothschild and "Hanna, How is You, Ma!" are glinting athwart the Eastern sky! We doubt very much if there is another community in the United States, outside of some remote corner in Alaska, but what has long ere this been supplied with the news of election. The mail service we are getting should have a 10-cent chromo!"

The people of the Rainy Lake region certainly have good reason for kicking like Texas steers against such a miserable mail service. It is outrageous that American citizens residing within less than 150 miles of Duluth should not be able to learn sixteen days after the election who has been elected to the presidency of the republic. It is outrageous that the people residing in that region have such a poor mail service. The postoffice department should attend to this matter without delay. Some arrangements should be made to give better mail facilities to the residents of the Rainy Lake country.

The ingenuity of newspaper managers in devising ways and means to give their publications a circulation, which they have no confidence will be secured by their unaided efforts, is almost infinite. American journals are supposed to be pretty well up in the game, but a Canadian journal in one of the principal cities of the dominion seems rather to lead the procession just at present. It announces that $500 will be paid by a London accident company with a long name to the person whom the editor of this enterprising sheet decides to be the nearest relative of anyone who is killed in a railway accident in the Dominion of Canada or the United States while being a passenger, provided a copy of the said paper is found on the body of the unfortunate at the time of the accident, or if it can be proved that he or she is a subscriber through a news agent or the publishers.

Ambassador Uhl seems to think that his discovery that German beers and wines sent to the United States are adulterated ought to cause the Germans to cease talking about the "unhealthiness" of American food products. But it will not. The Germans will be mad because they were found out.

In eighteen months, according to an Eastern paper, twenty-two banking institutions have gone to pieces in New Hampshire and $4,500,000 in investments lost. The average New Hampshire inan may know how to keep a hotel, but he does not appear to understand how to run a bank.

Argentina has the worst plague of locusts in forty-five years. One thousand five hundred square miles of wheat land were recently cleared in a few hours. At least this is what some of the bulls in the wheat pit assert, and they always tell the truth.

The Apaches keep the army in exercise. Gen. Wheaton reports that in the year just closed the troops in Arizona and New Mexico have marched 42,457 miles in pursuit of the Apaches, and it wasn't a very good year for marching either.

A Pittsburg burglar was recently detected by the marks of his teeth in a pumpkin pie. The moral of this is, according to the Boston Transcript, to take the whole pie and destroy the evidence.

Mr. Breidenthal, the Kansas Populist who is likely to succeed Mr. Peffer in the United States senate, was born in Minnesota. This is a great state for producing politicians.

The Canadians will now hitch an electric power plant to Niagara Falls. They do not intend that we shall have all the benefit of the falls which are common property.

The duke of Marlborough has won great praise for his lavish entertainment of the prince of Wales—and the duchess has paid the bills.

It is said that most of our Cuban tobacco is now coming from Mexico.

## APPRECIATION OF THE GERMAN.

From "A Pilgrim's Reliquary," by E. H. White: I love the Germans, they are a race worthy of their own chivalrous, sublime, romantic Fatherland. What though people do say that a German consists of three things—the pipe, the cloak and the man? So much the better. The pipe is a genial comforter, the cloak a faithful guardian and the man a hearty, kindly, goodly creature, deserving the best offices of both. Yes, I do love the German. He is so genuine. Courteous without fawning, homely but highminded, frank, yet perfectly well bred; the politeness of the German is less the politeness of the lip than of the heart. Equally remote from the punctilious accolade of the Italian, the complimentary paroxysms of the Parisian and that savage shyness which distinguishes a portion of my beloved compatriots, the address of a German to a stranger makes you feel at once that he would do something for you if he could, instead of implying what he could do for you if he would. Indeed, to meet a true born Briton abroad and remark his moody reserve, his barbaric recoil from casual intercourse, you might either imagine him a newly caught aborigini from the Druid forests of Mona, or some spellbound individual like the Ancient Mariner.

## ANOTHER SLANDER.

Superior Citizen: Sixteen wives to one husband seems to be the fashion over in Duluth since Charlie Towne's defeat for re-election.

The readers of our publications are requested to use Salvation Oil for any and all pains. It is a sure cure. 25 cents.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

SEE OUR $2.50 SHOE

SEE OUR $2.50 SHOE

THE FAMOUS
SHOE STORE,
111 West Superior Street.

Special Bargains for Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

For Ladies . . .

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|---|---|
| 500 pairs of Ladies' fine Vici Kid and Calfskin Shoes, needles or new coin toe, every pair worth $4.00 or $4.50; Sale price only | $2.98 |
| Ladies' $5.00 Shoes, all styles, only | $3.50 |
| Ladies' Fine Dongola Shoes, all styles, only | $1.75 |
| Ladies' $3.00 Shoes, only | $1.98 |
| Ladies' $2.00 Shoes, only | $1.35 |

For Men . . .

| | |
|---|---|
| Invisible Cork Sole Shoes, all shapes, every pair worth $4.00; sale price only | $2.98 |
| Men's Patent Leather Shoes, worth $5.00; only | $3.50 |
| Men's Fine Calf Shoes, lace and congress, all styles, only | $1.75 |
| Men's $3.00 Shoes, only | $1.98 |
| Men's $2.00 Shoes, only | $1.35 |

Warm Shoes for Cold Weather.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ladies' Felt Shoes, leather f. xed, patent tie; worth $2.25, only | $1.75 |
| Ladies' Felt Sole Shoes, lace and button, | $1.50 |
| Ladies' Felt Shoes, leather sole, lace, only | 75c |
| Ladies' Felt Slippers, combination felt and leather sole, only | 69c |
| Ladies' Buckle Arctics, all sizes, only | 75c |
| Misses' Buckle Arctics, all sizes, only | 60c |
| Men's Felt Shoes, best quality, lace and congress, only | $2.50 |
| Men's $2.50 Shoes, lace and congress, only | $2.00 |
| Men's Felt Shoes, felt solce, only | $1.50 |

SPECIAL . . . . .

| | |
|---|---|
| 200 pairs of Men's Felt Slippers, leather sole, worth $1.25, only | 75c |
| Ll ys' Felt Slippers, all sizes, worth $1.00 a pair, only | 49c |
| Men's $1.25 Buckle Arctics, only | 85c |
| Boys' Buckle Arctics, only | 70c |

Great Reductions in Misses' and Children's Shoes.

SEE OUR $2.50 SHOE

## THE TALL MAN.

### A Fearful Appeal Made in His Behalf.

Minneapolis Times: Two French physicians who have been making investigations have come forward with a general denunciation of tall men as no good. They instance the giants of the world who have been proverbially dull and men of gloomy disposition, and then they go on to say that the chances are against phenomenally tall men or even very tall men being bright.

There should, however, be a careful distinction drawn between tall men and giants. Gianism has been demonstrated to be a disease. The victims suffer from a malady which produces an enlargement of the pituitary, and this, more than any other growth of the bones, produces their extraordinary height. But men within certain limits grow tall without suffering decreased or absorbed mentality. It will not do to denounce the tall man when the world has seen so many examples of his being able to hold his own.

The real reason why the tall men do not come to the front oftener is that they are modest as they are extended. Little men usually bustle about to such an extent that people believe that they make up in width of views what they lack in stature. In their absorbing ambition not to be over looked they simply overdo the thing and make those whose command of the horizon is larger believe that they must get out of the way or the little fellows will run over them. The tall man is always looking down on some one, but if any one believes that it is a comfortable situation he should get himsef into it for once and discover how unpleasant it is to carry on conversation with the assistance of a telephone neck. It is this excruciating experience that makes the tall man as a rule reticent. His reticence is mistaken for pride, pride is believed to be the evidence of doubt of his own powers, doubt proves deficiency, deficiency in the tall man can arise from only one thing—development of the body at the expense of the brain and nervous system. Hence, the short man easily arrives at the conclusion that the tall man is a misfit and that he is the only perfect being going. Perfection being accorded him, he might easily conquer the world, but he always spoils his chances by marrying a tall woman, who holds him back. This is the only reason why men under five feet six have not already exterminated those over five feet nine.

## INDIANS WANT BIKES.

Rainy Lake Journal: Will wonders never cease? A wild Chippewa Indian came into this office the other day and by means of much hitchee jabber, a little English and some signs, he finally made us understand that he wanted a bicycle catalogue, and when it was handed him he went away smiling and happy. It is not unlikely that his winter's fur catch may go to swell the coffers of some wheel maker, and the first thing we know the Indians will be constructing bicycle-paths all over these big woods, and the picturesque birch bark canoe will have to go, alle same white man's hoss!

## EDITORS ON TRIAL.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—The trial of Herr Leicurt, Baron Von Luelzov, Herr Bloetz, Herr Berger and Herr Foellmer, the journalists, who are charged with Libeling Count Von Eulenberg, Baron Mareshal Von Bieberstein and Prince Alexander Von Hohenlohe, commenced today. The case arises from the two-fold versions of the czar's and Emperor William's toast at Breslau, and the alleged libels are contained in comments on the modified official version of the toast and in asserting that the publication of the first version, which the libel construed as unfriendly to Germany, was due to the irresponsibility of the government and to English influences.

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO, ILLS.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK
A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer
CALL FOR—
FITGER'S BEER

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of the assignment of the B. B. Richards Lumber Company, a corporation, insolvent:

Notice is hereby given that the B. B. Richards Lumber Co., a corporation, has made an assignment to the undersigned, for the equal benefit of all its bona fide creditors. All claims must be verified and presented to the undersigned for allowance.

Dated Duluth, Minn., November 18th, 1896.

THE DULUTH TRUST COMPANY,
Assignee,
Duluth, Minnesota.

COTTON, DIBELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Assignee.
Chamber of Commerce Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Sewal M. Chandler and Eva G. Chandler, his wife, Llewellyn P. Totman and Dora F. Totman, his wife, and Everett Totman, (unmarried), mortgagors, to Aaron A. Wolfersperger, mortgagee, bearing date November ninth (9th), 1891, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on November ninth (9th), 1891, at 3:35 o'clock p. m., in Book fifty-two (52) of mortgages, on page five hundred and fifty-three (553); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum due upon one of the notes secured by said mortgage, amounting to the sum of six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven ($6667) dollars, which became due on November ninth (9th), 1893, with interest thereon from May 5th, 1896, to this date, no part of any of which has ever been paid.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of six thousand seven hundred fifty-five and 88-100 ($6755.88) dollars, principal and interest.

And said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

And whereas said mortgage originally covered, and was a lien upon, certain real property therein described, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: All of Everett Park Addition to Duluth, located in the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter (se¼ of se¼) of section thirty-four (34), township forty-nine (49) north of range fifteen (15) west of the fourth principal meridian, according to the recorded plat of said Everett Park Addition to Duluth, on file and of record in said register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; but certain lots and blocks of which addition, hereinafter particularly described, have since been released by said mortgagee, from the lien and operation of said mortgage, in accordance with the provisions thereof, to-wit: Lots numbered eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20), in block numbered twenty (20); and all of blocks numbered six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10), all in said Everett Park Addition to Duluth, according to said recorded plat thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered seventy-four (74), in Harrison's Brookdale Division of Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file of record in said register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the thirty-first (31st) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, insurance, exchange and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time allowed by law.

Dated July 6th, 1896.

AARON A. WOLFERSPERGER,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-11-18-25-Dec-2-9-16.

DR. DIX'S Celebrated Female Powders never fail. 10,000 ladies declare them the safest and sure where all other remedies have failed. Particulars 4 cents. DR. S. T. DIX, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

DULUTH SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS,
3 West Superior Street.

The only protection of the kind in the city. Safes for rent $5 per year and upwards.

Strictly Fire and Burglar Proof.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Miles and Candace J. Miles, his wife, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the first (1st) day of February, A. D. 1891, given to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars ($1000.00) and interest according to the conditions of one certain promissory note for said amount, made by said Alexander Miles payable to the order of said William E. Lucas on the first day of January, A. D. 1899, with interest thereon at the rate of eight (8) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually according to the terms of coupon notes thereto attached, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the seventh (7th) day of February, A. D. 1891, at four (4) o'clock p. m. in Book 102 of mortgages at page 481; which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by said William E. Lucas, mortgagee, to John H. Upham, of Duluth, Minnesota, by an instrument in writing bearing date the seventeenth (17th) day of October, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the seventeenth (17th) day of November, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock and 10 minutes a. m. in Book 147 of mortgages at page 34; and whereas said mortgage contains a provision that if default shall be made in the payment of said principal sum secured by said mortgage or of any installment of interest or any part thereof on the day whereon the same is made payable and such default shall continue for a period of ten (10) days, or if default shall be made in any of the conditions, agreements and covenants contained therein, then the mortgagee, his legal representatives or assigns may elect that the principal sum thereby secured, together with the interest accrued thereon and all sums of money paid in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, shall be immediately due and payable and may enforce payment thereof; and whereas default has been made in the payment of interest on said mortgage evidenced by two coupon notes for forty dollars ($40.00) each, due respectively on the first (1st) days of January and July, 1896, and also in the non-payment of the taxes upon the premises covered by said mortgage for the year 1894 amounting to fifty and 15-100 dollars ($50.15), which said amount of taxes has heretofore been paid by said John H. Upham, the undersigned assignee of mortgagee, which non-payment of taxes is in violation of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage and whereas said defaults and each of them have continued for more than ten (10) days from the time of the happening of said defaults; and whereas the said John H. Upham, assignee of mortgagee, by reason of said defaults does now so elect and declare the whole of the principal sum secured by said mortgage together with the interest accrued thereon and all sums of money paid in accordance with the terms of said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and eleven and 94-100 dollars ($1111.94) principal and interest and fifty and 15-100 dollars ($50.15) taxes paid, and

Whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and whereas no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein described and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered sixteen (16), in block eighty-six (86), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the ninth (9th) day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorneys' fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 23th, 1896.

JOHN H. UPHAM,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

STEARNS, WATROUS & STEARNS,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee,
407-408 First National Bank building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-25-Dec-2-9-16-23-30.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nels Peter Johnson and Hedda Louis Johnson, his wife, mortgagors, to George R. Green, mortgagee, bearing date July first (1st), 1892, and duly filed for record in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July twenty-eighth (28th), 1892, at 1:20 o'clock p. m. and then and there recorded in book one hundred one (101) of mortgages, on pages 473, 474, 475 and 476; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on July first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of $24, and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, which said mortgagors had in and by said mortgage covenanted and agreed to pay, amounting to the sum of $6.38, which amount said mortgagee has heretofore been compelled to pay, and has paid, for the protection of said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage; by reason of which defaults said mortgagee has heretofore, and after the same, and each of them, had continued for more than ten days, elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, and said insurance premiums paid, and exchange, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred fifty and 22-100 ($650.22) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered seventy-four (74), in Harrison's Brookdale Division of Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file of record in said register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the thirty-first (31st) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, insurance, exchange and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated November 18th, 1896.

GEORGE R. GREEN,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2-9-16-23.

# Never has an attempted fraud on the public been exposed so quick as the so-called half price sale on Cloaks.

*Sing—Truth always prevails; deceit always fails.*

Last Monday we stated in this paper that if any Lady wanting a Cloak would please look around and get the prices in the so-called half price sales and then come here and get our regular prices, and if our prices on our first-class goods are not lower the garment is yours.

## What was the result?

Our Cloak Room was busier Monday and yesterday than at any time during this season—we sold more Cloaks and we know it, than all the half price Cloak sales.

## And Why?

Because we did, and do exactly what what we say—the Ladies find just what we advertise, and under no circumstances would we attempt to deceive the public. We never saw a more disappointed lot of ladies coming in our Cloak room than in the last two days, and this is what one lady said, (and we are permitted to use her name if necessary): "I went in one store to get me a Jacket that I priced at $16.00 last week expecting to get it for half price—$8.50, but lo, and behold, I was told that it was $30.00, and half of that would be $15.00."

## You see the point?

Perhaps that lady had no reason to be mad. This very Jacket happened to be an English Kersey, $12.50 regular, and never asked more for it. Another lady who lives in the Hotel St. Louis Block read of the half price sale and was very much pleased, for she had seen a Child's Coat last week for $10.00, and saw a good chance to make $5.00. She started right for that Cloak rack where that particular coat hung, and said, "I want this," and handed the saleslady a five dollar bill, but imagine her disgust and disappointment when she was told that the garment was $18 00. The lady didn't buy it, and perhaps she was not disgusted with such proceedings. Just such talk we have heard from the ladies these last two days.

## Tomorrow==

Come here and we will sell you the best 36-inch heavy $12.50 Coat for..... **$6.00**

The best 26-inch heavy coat for ..... **$5.00**

The very best English Kersey Jacket that others claim to sell for $30, ours are..... **$12.50**

As stated, look around at all the so-called half price sales, and if you don't find our coats better and cheaper you don't need to pay one cent for it.

Silberstein & Bonds Company.


## AMUSEMENTS.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

Walker Whiteside will appear at the Lyceum Friday night in "Hamlet," Saturday afternoon, for the Elks, in "Merchant of Venice," and Saturday evening in "Othello." There is not in the whole of Shakespeare's characters one so exacting, one requiring so much experience and art as Hamlet, yet Mr. Whiteside exhibits in it a marvelous talent. He is a very painstaking actor, careful of both gesture and facial expression. That Walker Whiteside is already great no playgoer will deny; that he is a finished artist, and a devout student none will dispute. He is indeed the new Hamlet. Full of grace, nervous energy an flooded with enthusiasm, Walker Whiteside plays as few men play in this age of farces and farce-comedies, and it is to be hoped that none will have cause to regret, by staying away from the theater, this opportunity to see one who, in many critics' estimation, is America's representative tragedian.

## Cecilian Choral.

Next Tuesday evening the Cecilian choral will give its concert, which has been under rehearsal for several weeks at Turner hall. Mrs. S. M. Stocker is directing it, and Mrs. J. N. McKindley is accompanist. The program is as follows:

Japanese chorus .....Jonciercs
Cecilian Choral.
Solo—Miss McKay.
"Minuetto" (from Op. 7) for two pianos .....Grieg
Mrs. D. H. Day and Miss Theresa Lyzan.
"The Bluebell" (from the Flower Songs) .....Mrs. H. H. A. Beach
(Unaccompanied.)
Cecilian Choral.
Solo ..... Selected
F. W. Thompson, Mrs. Bufort piano.
"Etude" .....Chopin
(For piano.)
Mrs. J. A. Stephenson.
"The Lost Chord" .....Sullivan
"Valse Tyrollenne" .....Raff
(For two pianos, eight hands.)
Mrs. Day, Miss Lynn, Mrs. Stephenson, Mrs. Stocker.
"The Dragon Flies" ....Graben-Hoffman
Cecilian Choral.
Solos .....


CHANGE OF TIME VIA THE EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Commencing Nov. 29 "Up-to-date" express leaves Duluth at 1 p. m., arrives in Minneapolis at 5:50, St. Paul, 6:15 p. m. Elegant parlor car, meals a la carte. No change in night express. Tickets and berths Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.


## THEY ALL LIKE IT.

### Curlers Are Pleased With the New Warehouse Rink.

Every curler who has visited the Tait warehouse where the new rink of the Duluth Curling club is being prepared is more than pleased with the place. It is only about a fifteen minutes walk from Third avenue west. The six rinks, which are being put in, will all be ready for use by next Saturday, when the grand opening will take place. There will probably be two rinks completed by tomorrow night. The building is excellently adapted to the purpose. The floor is very solid and there is little or no danger of the ice leaving. R. J. McLeod, who is at the head of the ice committee, thinks that when once laid the ice will need but little attention for the winter, more than ordinary flooding.

The electric wiring is progressing rapidly, and will be completed in a day or two. It will require about seventy-five lights for the entire place. A waiting room is yet to be built, but it will be completed by Saturday. The lockers for stones are nearly ready and a number of the stones are down there already.

The process of making ice in a curling rink is a more delicate operation than most people have any idea of. It must be solidly and evenly laid or there never can be good curling. A bed of saw dust is laid and this is wet down gradually until it is all frozen. After the saw dust is all thoroughly frozen the flooding is proceeded with. It takes a large amount of warm water to make good ice and a water heating apparatus has been put in. There will be no trouble in freezing the ice because there are large doors on each side of the warehouse which can be thrown open, giving proper ventilation.

The curlers are anticipating a lively winter. The Superior club is to have a three days bonspell and the Duluth players will take a hand in it. A carnival is talked of by the Superior people and that would give aditional zest to the sport, but carnival or no carnival the bonspell will be held. The Duluth players, too, are liable to have a bonspiel this year. With six rinks they will be amply able to accomodate clubs form two or three cities.


THE MODERN MOTHER

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.


# RETURNED

## H. W. Pearson at Home After a Long Prospecting Trip.

## He Went Through Several Western States Looking For Coal.

## Has a Theory of His Own Different From All Accepted Ones.

H. W. Pearson returned yesterday morning from an extended trip in the West. As has been hinted before, Mr. Pearson has been looking for coal beds in localities indicated by the application of a theory of his own in regard to the formation of coal deposits. If true, it will not only mark an era in the annals of trade, but will necessitate the re-writing of text books in geology, which latter result is far the mord interesting to the scientific mind. It is not too much to say that if Mr. Pearson's theory is proven his name, in the annals of scientific discovery and research will be entitled to rank with those of Newton and Galileo.

After having deduced working principles from his theory, Mr. Pearson put it to a test by locating on a map of England the places where, according to it, coal deposits should be found. A comparison with a chart showing the locations of the coal mines which are or have been worked in that country, showed that they tallied in every instance with the locations fixed by Mr. Pearson, with one exception, which was a location indicated by him where coal has not yet been discovered.

Armed with this proof that in positiveness but just fell short of that afforded by actual experiment, Mr. Pearson presented himself before a man who is prominently identified with the development of the Northwest and whose resources are ample to thoroughly test Mr. Pearson's theory. In the few minutes that were at first grudgingly alowed him, the latter so interested the man of resources that he gave him all the time he wanted to explain his idea. The result of this interview was that Mr. Pearson had placed at his disposal a sum ample to prosecute his researches in the West, and it is from this trip that he has just returned. He left near Sept. 1, and during his absence traveled 13,000 miles, his journeying taking him into Montana, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, Utah and Colorado.

This much Mr. Pearson was ready enough to say, but when asked if he is satisfied with the results obtained on this trip, he shied like a colt. The business he is engaged in renders it necessary, he said, that he should say nothing for the present. As Mr. Pearson spoke, his face wore a smile. It was a very pleasant smile—so pleasant that it would be remarkable on the face of a man who had traveled 13,000 miles for nothing. In fact, it is understood that Mr. Pearson, in one instance, at least, found indisputabel proof that he is on the right track. He came upon a place where prospecting for coal was going on. He was convinced that the situation was too low down on the mountain and offered to indicate the proper place for a reasonable consideration. His proposition was scornfully refused and he left them to their own advices. By subsequent investigation, he proved that his surmise was correct and that coal was to be found higher up.

When asked as to business conditions on the coast, Mr. Pearson became communicative at once.

"The towns on the Pugat sound coast," said he, "were boomed beyond their possibilities and away beyond any of the towns in this country. People here have no idea of what a far West boom is. And the reaction has been correspondingly great. I saw handsome stone buildings vacant, with the great plate glass windows boarded up as if the owners never expected to rent them again.

"The extensive coal mines in Washington are handicapped by the Vancouver mines, where Chinese labor is employed at $1 a day. In Washington the mine owners have to pay $2.50 per day. The duty of 50 cents a ton does not offset this difference and the consequence is that in mines in Washington where from 100 to 200 men should be employed, they are working gangs of twenty-five or so. There is six times as much coal shipped to San Francisco from Vancouver than from Washington." Mr. Pearson says that the duty would have to be $1.25 a ton to equalize the difference in wages.


A GOOD INVESTMENT.

On receipt of 10 cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size, 50 cents.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren Street, New York city.

I suffered from catarrh three years; it got so bad I could not work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it. A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut avenue, Boston.


## Has Earned a Rest.

The display of the great American flag on all of Uncle Sam's public buildings is a very good thing, and public orators, and private ones, too, have told and retold how it fires the hearts of the people with patriotism and feelings of liberty and great joy when they gaze. Possibly this is true, but it is hard to believe that any such emotions would thrill one who gazes up at the flag that tries to wave majestically over the government building. It looks as though it had gone through the war and never been given a rest since. It is dirty, torn and altogether an unsightly object. It has done its duty, and a new one should be hung out.


A Perfect Infant Food — Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk

"Infant Health," is a little book of great value that is sent FREE on application.

N. Y. Condensed Milk Co.
71 Hudson Street, New York


## A MOTHER KNOWS.

### Some Things People Don't Think of.

"Just why it is that children at the breakfast table will beg for a little coffee day after day, I am unable to say, except that they have a deeply-rooted desire to have what their parents do in the same way of food and drink, then I believe they naturally like something hot to sip with a spoon; at any rate, the demand is there and I'm blest if it isn't hard to get over, when one has three or four in the family, but we can't give our young folks coffee to drink. Everyone knows its effect on children and it seems almost criminal to set before the innocents something we know will harm them."

So speaks a thoughtful mother and to such the grain coffee, Postum, comes as a blessing to solve the vexed question.

Dr. H. W. Pierson, "Medical Advance," 6351 Stewart avenue, Chicago, says: "We know of your Postum and are very much pleased with it. Decidedly opposed to the use of both tea and coffee."

Postum will pass for coffe with nine out of ten people if they are not warned in advance. It has the deep seal brown of old Java and changes to the rich golden brown of thick Mocha when cream is added. It is made wholly and entirely of pure grains of the field, wheat, etc., such as are intended by the Creator for man's use in this latitude. Postum, the health coffee can be drunk as freely as water without any of the ill effects of coffee, and in a week or ten days' time, the old coffe user will note a marked change in his feelings and flesh. It makes red blood in the natural way and agrees with babies or grown people. Made by the Postum Cereal company, limited, of Battle Creek, Mich.

Beware of fraudulent imitations of the original Postum Cereal Grain coffee. Insist on Postum.

## Pilgrim Church Fair.

The ladies of Pilgrim church will hold their annual sale of useful and fancy articles Friday afternoon and evening of this week. A chicken pie supper will be served at 6 o'clock. The booth containing kitchen aprons and laundry furnishings will be in charge of Mrs. F. M. Sudley and Mrs. George Gray. The white aprons will be sold by Mrs. W. S. Horr and helpers. Bags of all shapes and sizes will be exhibited by Mrs. Coman Ames, Mrs. Covey and Miss Roe. A large line of fancy articles and embroidery will be shown by Mrs. Wardwell Mrs. Weiss, Mrs. Webber, Mrs. Myers and Mrs. Brace. The housekepers' booth at which cakes, pies, preserves and jellies are to be sold will be looked after by Ms. McConnadle. Home made candies will be made and sold by the Friends in Council. For the children there will be a miniature Coney island, from whose sandy shores treasures can be excavated for the small sum of a nickel. There will be a short program for the children at 8 o'clock. The supper is in charge of Mrs. R. A. Webster, Mrs. Christie and Mrs. Drew.

## A Rescue Home.

The St. Cloud Woman's Home association is sending out circulars appealing for assistance in the work of its Reserve home. Several have been received in Duluth with the request that the object of the home be made as public as possible. It is not a local institution, but is intended to be open to everyone needing its good offices. Its main object is to reclaim women who are living a life of degradation and shame. During the past year it has saved from a further life of sin and found homes for several, all of them from other cities. To carry on the work the managers are obliged to rely on the assistance of people in general and they are now askin gthe aid of the churches and people throughout the state. They ask their assistance, not only in a financial way, but in seeking out any girl or woman who may need the society's care. Mrs. G. C. Hull, of St. Cloud, is secretary, and as references the following are given: S. S. Parr, superintendent of schools; G. W. Stewart, attorney and alderman; J. F. Bradford, president of the Humane society; Dr. George A. Junk, city physician, and all ministers of St. Cloud.

## Elocutionary Contest.

An elecutionary contest was held by the Norweglan Temperance union at the English Lutheran church last evening. The prize was a gold medal. The contestants were Miss Anna Weeks, Miss Mary Wall, Miss Jennie Hoodahl, B. Caskell and Albert Olson.

Misses Helwig, Sale and Matthauer, high school teachers, acted as judges. B. Gaskell was declared the winner and was awarded the medal. The contestants gave recitations relating to the temperance cause. Considerable ability was exhibited by all. There was a large audience, which evidenced, by its liberal applause, that it was pleased with the entertainment.

## More of Mr. Castner.

W. H. Castner, the cigar man, who was arrested at LaCrosse for giving worthless checks and obtaining goods under false pretenses may not be tried at that city, the case against him being a rather slim one. In that event it is quite likely that he will be brought to Superior, as he is wanted there for similar offenses. St. Paul and Red Wing are also said to be anxious to get a whack at the gentleman. A Superior deputy sheriff will attend the LaCrosse trial, and if Castner gets off he will immediately arrest him and bring him to Superior. Castner is well known in Duluth and spent some time here last summer introducing the Pavilion cigar.

## Evidently a Fake.

The Superior Telegram last evening had a dispatch purporting to come from Tomah, Wis., which was as follows: "The Zenith company, which started out from Duluth, Minn., and played here to small houses for one week has stranded, and the baggage of the members has been attached to pay board bills." No such company ever started out of Duluth, and the thing is evidently a fake.

## Were No Bidders.

The Barclay at Superior was to have been sold by Receiver Kennedy yesterday, but when the hour for opening bids arrived there was only one, and that was withdrawn. The sale was thereupon adjourned to Dec. 21, when the mill will be disposed of at public auction.

SPANISH CABINET CRISIS.

London, Dec. 2.—The Evening Standard publishes a dispatch from Madrid saying that in spite of official denials there are persistent rumors circulating in the Spanish capital of the existence of a cabinet crisis.

The annual sale of useful and fancy articles will be held at Pilgrim church Friday afternoon and evening, Dec. 4. A chicken pie supper will be served at 6 o'clock. Useful and fancy articles of every description will be on sale. Housekeepers can buy their pies and cakes for Sunday. A portion of Coney Island has been removed to one of the side rooms, from which treasures for the children can be dug for a nickel. A turkey shoot for the boys is one of the attractions. A program will be given at 8 o'clock.

## PHILLIPS-RISHER.

### A Pretty Wedding Celebrated Last Evening.

Miss Marion Phillips, only daughter of Mrs. Martha Phillips, and Robert Patterson Risher, of Pittsburg, Pa., were married last evening at the home of the bride, 2 Piedmont terrace, Rev. Dr. Ryan, of St. Paul's Episcopal church, officiating. The rooms were tastefully decorted with palms and roses and a beautiful effect was produced by the glow from pink shaded lights.

At 8:30 o'clock the wedding procession advanced through the parlors to a small tea room opening from the front parlor, which had been transformed into a bower, the decorations being in green, white and pink. The bride was escorted by her brother, J. A. Phillips, of Ottumwa, Iowa, and they were preceded by Miss Risher, of Pittsburg, as maid of honor. During the progress of the bridal procession Mendelssohn's wedding march and the bridal chorus from Lohengrin were played by Miss Shepard.

At the arch way between the parlor and the tea room, Dr. Ryan had taken position and there the ceremony was performed, the bride being given away by her brother, J. A. Phillips. T. C. Phillips was best man. After the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Risher entered tea room and received congratulations, after which a wedding supper was served in the dining room. The bride was attired in a gown of ivory satin with short train, long sleeves and high neck. The veil was held in place by a magnificent broach of pearls, a gift from the bride's mother. She carried a bouquet of bride roses and maiden hair ferns.

Only about thirty guests were invited, and they by verbal invitation, by reason of the family's recent bereavement. Mr. and Mrs. Risher will make a short Eastern tour and will be at home after Jan. 1 at Dravorsburgh, Pa.

## Farmers' Bulletins.

The department of agriculture issues bulletins containing much valuable information to farmers and others interested in agricultural matters. They are distributed by members of congress, and people living in the Sixth district who desire may obtain some of these bulletins by addressing the member from this district, Hon. Charles A. Towne, Duluth. Among the farmers' bulletins, which may be of interest to the farmers of this district, are the following:

The culture of the sugar beet; the rape plant, its history, culture and uses; some destructive potato diseases; leguminous plants for green manuring and for feeding; important insecticides; washed soils, how to reclaim them; barn yard manure; the feeding of farm animals; foods, their nutritive value and cost; hog cholera and swine plague; flax for seed and fiber in the United States; weeds, and how to kill them; scuring of milk and other changes in milk products; Alfalfa, or Lucerne; silos or silage; mats, composition and cooking; potato culture; Kadir corn, characteristics, culture and uses; onion culture; farming drainage; fowls, care and feeding.

## DeLacy Moves Again.

The Port Wing Herald, A. De Lacy Wood's last newspaper venture, lived only for about half a dozen issues, and yielded up the ghost, and the printing office outfit arrived in this city, billed to A. De Lacy Wood, Superior, yesterday, and will be forwarded there today, perhaps. Mr. Wood says he has designs on the daily field in Old Superior, but the belief is general that he is going to launch his journalistic craft in Frazee City, Minn., in a few weeks.

CABLE TO HAYTI.

Washington, Dec. 2.—The Postal Telegraph Cable company announces the opening of its new cable connections, known as the United States and Hayti Telegraph Cable company, between New York city and Cape Hayti, in the republic of Hayti. This connection with the Postal Telegraph company causes a reduction in the rates to points on the West Indies and South America of from 10 to 30 per cent.


## Heart Disease Cured.

WHEN a well known minister after suffering for years with heart disease, is cured, it is not surprising that he should publish the fact for the benefit of others. Rev. J. P Smith, 1045 Fulton St., Baltimore, Md., writes: "For years I suffered from a severe form of heart disease. I used Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and my heart is now in good condition. Recently, other afflictions came upon me. There was humming, painful sensations on top and back of my head. Fifteen minutes reading would make me almost wild; there were pulling and drawing sensations in my legs all the time, so that I could not sit still. In this condition I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and its effect was simply wonderful. I heartily commend your remedies."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elhkart, Ind.


STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of William T. Smith, Fred Koors and Julius A. Brayton, as co-partners, as Smith-Koors & Comapny, and as individuals:

Notice is hereby given that William T. Smith, Fred Koors and Julius A. Brayton, doing business under the firm name and style of Smith-Koors & Company, and as individuals, of Duluth, in said county and state, have by deed in writing, dated November 14th, 1896, made a general assignment to the undersigned of all their property not exempt by law, from levy and sale on execution for the benefit of all their creditors, without preferences.

All claims must be verified and presented to the undersigned for allowance.

Duluth, Minnesota, November 14th, 1896.

HENRY FOLZ,
Assignee,
631 West Superior street,
Duluth, Minn.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Assignee,
204 Lonsdale Building.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2.


We Are Prepared for Winter--
SO WILL YOU BE WEARING OUR WINTER CLOTHING.

# Overcoats and Ulsters.

We are prepared for it with the biggest, best and cheapest stock you ever saw under one roof. You'll be well prepared for the weather if you get one of these worthy coats at such a low price.

## $5, $7, $8.50

Each of these sums will get you a good Ulster, warm and wearing.

**$10 and $12** gets Frieze Ulsters that cannot be beaten at the price. If you want to pay more money you may, as we have higher priced Ulsters.

NOBBY, STYLISH, SERVICEABLE—

## Sack Overcoats - -

as low as **$8, $10** and **$12,** in black and blue Beavers and Kerseys. These are good coats, but we have some that run higher in price.

**Bring the Boy Along**--Cape Overcoats and Ulsters for the small and smaller boys, very low in price. Big stock, new, nobby styles. Prices run from **$1.50 to $7.00.**

**The Russian Vest.** You are earnestly requested to call and examine the new M. & S. Russian Vest, made from best woolen fabrics, lined with flannel and interlined front and back with textile buckskin; the **Most Practical Cold-Weather Garment** ever devised, and one whose utility will be seen at a glance.

C. W. ERICSON
THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER

219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.


# An Ordinance.

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUE OF ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED NINETY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS GOLD WATER AND LIGHT BONDS OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

The Common Council of the City of Duluth doth Ordain:

Section 1. Whereas, the common council of the city of Duluth has heretofore duly caused to be submitted to the qualified voters of the city of Duluth, at a general city election, held in said city, on the 3rd day of November, 1896, the following propositions:

1. Upon the proposition of issuing additional water and light bonds of the city of Duluth to the extent of one million six hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars ($1,695,000) for the purpose of erecting or purchasing a water and light plant.

2. Upon the proposition of expending the moneys derived from the sale of said bonds in purchasing a water and light plant already in existence in the plant in said city, said bonds to be issued and sold by the common council as the same may be needed to pay for said plant, or to discharge or take up the bonded indebtedness of said plant.

3. Upon the proposition of expending the moneys derived from the sale of said bonds in erecting a water and light plant in said city, said bonds to be issued and sold by the common council as the same may be needed for that purpose.

And whereas, at said election, which was duly and legally held within said city, on the said 3rd day of November, 1896, a majority of the voters present and voting upon the said several propositions, did cast their votes in favor of the first and second propositions, and did cast their votes against the third proposition, according to the canvass and return of said vote to the city clerk of said city, and according to the result of said election, as ascertained and declared by the common council;

And whereas, it is deemed necessary that such bonds to the amount of said one million six hundred ninety-five thousand dollars should forthwith be authorized and sold for the purpose of providing a fund with which to purchase an existing water and light plant in said city, according to the direction contained in said proposition two.

Now, therefore, pursuant to such election, and to the authority thereby given, the common council of the city of Duluth does hereby authorize and direct the issue of water and light bonds of the city of Duluth to the amount of one million six hundred ninety-five thousand dollars, all said bonds to bear date December first (1st), A. D. 1896, and to be of the denomination of one thousand dollars each, with interest coupons attached to the same at the rate of four and one-half per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of June and of December in each year, the principal thereof made payable in thirty years, from the first day of December, 1896, both principal and interest to be made payable in gold coin of the United States of the present standard of weight and fineness, at the American Exchange National bank in the city of New York.

Section 2. The city clerk of said city is hereby ordered to cause notice to be published in The Duluth Evening Herald, and the daily Pioneer Press, of St. Paul, once in each week for three successive weeks, of the time and place when thereafter the common council of said city of Duluth will receive and examine sealed proposals for the purchase of fourteen hundred thousand dollars of said bonds, the sale to be awarded to the highest responsible bidder, at a sum not less than the par value thereof, with interest accrued to the date of delivery. That the bidder to whom said fourteen hundred thousand dollars of bonds shall be awarded shall be required, at the option of said city, to take the remaining two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars of said issue of bonds or any part thereof with in fifteen days after notice in writing of said city's election to have him take the same, such notice to be served personally or by mail to the usual postoffice address of such bidder.

Section 3. All bids for said bonds shall be accompanied by a certified check or a certificate of deposit upon a national bank, payable to the order of the city of Duluth, without condition, for the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or a good and sufficient bond in that amount, conditioned that he will take the bonds within ten days after the same shall be awarded on his bid. All bids shall be unconditioned and shall contain a waiver of all illegalities, and such bids shall not be conditioned upon the approval of said bonds or their validity by any attorney or attorneys.

In cases of all bids received and not accepted accompanied by a certified check or certificate of deposit, such check or certificate of deposit shall be forthwith returned. In case said bonds are awarded and the bidder to whom they are so awarded refuses to accept said bonds, the said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars shall be forfeited to and retained by the city of Duluth as liquidated damages for the breach of contract on the part of said bidder. Such certified check or certificate of deposit of the successful bidder shall be credited to him on account of the purchase price of said bonds in the manner following, that is to say: Said city of Duluth shall retain said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars until the last installment of said bonds shall be delivered, at which time the said amount, with interest thereon at the rate of four and one-half per cent per annum from the 14th day of December, 1896, shall be credited to said purchaser on such last installment of bonds sold as a part of the price thereof.

Section 4. The mayor of said city is hereby instructed to cause said bonds to be properly executed, sealed, attested and countersigned, as provided in section 9, chapter 9, of the charter of the city of Duluth, and the acts amendatory thereof, said bonds to be delivered to the purchaser or purchasers forthwith upon the payment therefor.

Passed Nov. 16, 1896.

JAMES T. HALE,
President of the Council.

Attest:
C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate seal)

Passed Nov. 30, 1896, notwithstanding the objections of the mayor.

JAMES T. HALE,
President of the Council.

Attest:
C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.
(Corporate seal)


McMartin & Co.
21-23 FIFTH AVE. W.
Pitch and Gravel, Iron, Tin and Slate Roofing.
HOT AIR FURNACES
Skylights, Cornices, Ventilation Pipe, Chimney Tops, Smokestacks, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, etc.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
TELEPHONE 642.
When you want a first-class job at a reasonable price, call on us.

**Bleached Cottons.**
We find in our reserve room of Domestics, 3 cases of
**Fruit of the Loom Muslin . . .**
In manufacturers' remnants of 10 to 20 yards. Take all you want while it lasts at
**6 cents per yard.**

# GREAT PREPARATORY CLEARANCE SALE . .

**Bargain Counter No. 1.**
Manufacturers' remnants of
**Outing Flannels..**
Nearly 10,000 yards light or dark colorings, every yard worth 10c and 12½c; while they last,
**5 cents per yard.**

# PANTON & WHITE

Announce a great six-days Clearance Sale, preparatory to opening up our wonderful display of Christmas and New Years' Merchandise. This will be a sale that will leave behind it a record which we will be proud of. In our present crowded condition we are compelled to sacrifice many lines of goods, irrespective of cost, in order to make more ROOM for the proper display of the grandest assortment and exhibition of HOLIDAY GOODS ever shown in this city. The sale begins Thursday morning, December 3rd, and continues for six days, ending Wednesday night, December 9th.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—It is impossible for us to give a complete list of the Bargains here; we therefore submit a small sample lot of them for your careful consideration. Don't wait until the last day—come as early as possible. At those prices the quantities will be depleted very soon, although we have plenty of them when this goes to press.

Yours Respectfully, PANTON & WHITE.

## A Silk Sale
The greatest Novelty Silk Feast the city has ever known commences here Thursday.

AT 29c—Extra heavy all Silk, Satin in Persian and Dresden designs; also double warp Surah Silk in street shades, 75c and $1 qualities, yard ..... **29c**

## Again
AT 50c—Black Brocaded Gros Grain Silks in large, middling large, and small designs for separate skirts, waists or dresses, 75c quality; sale price..... **50c**

## A Black Goods Sale.
**The "Glass Block's" Black Dress Goods Section is a busy, hustling mart.**

AT 57c—For this sale we show new French Cancihe Cloths for the separate skirt—New Mohair Broches—new all-wool Cords; all-wool Mattelasses, new Jacquards, 50-inch Serges, $1 and $1.25 qualities; sale price.... **57c**

## Again
AT $1.25—50-inch Ladies' Diagonal Worsteds, 50-inch Basket weaves; Priestley's weaves, English Cravenettes, Broches, Mohair fancies, etc., $1.50, $1.75 and $2 qualities; sale price..... **$1.25**

## A Colored Dress Goods Sale.
**A Colored Dress Goods upheaval that will be the topic of talk for fifty miles around.**

AT 39c—Silk, Wool and Mohair Mixtures, in a beautiful line of color combinations, all the new shades represented, 75c qualities; sale price..... **39c**

## Again
AT 89c—Heavy 3-Toned Diagonal Fancies, French Friesses, canava cloths, canvas weaves, rough suitings, $1.25 qualities; sale price.... **89c**

## At 98c.
Heavy Rough Scotch Novelties, fancy Etamines, Silk and Wool fancies, heavy rough Plaid Mixtures, English Rough Suitings, $1.50 and $1.75 qualities; sale price..... **98c**

## Remnants.
Big cleaning up of all Remnants of Black and Colored Dress Goods. The enormous selling the past few days causes the odds and ends to accumulate faster than they can be cleared; all the plain and staple weaves, and this season's novelties well represented; lengths ranging from 1 yard to 8 yards, sold in the piece at 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2 a yard; all go at just

**Half Price.**

## Satin Damask.
15 pieces 72-inch heavy Satin Damask, new designs, such as others sell at $1.15 a yard; special, per yard..... **85c**
5-8 Napkins to match, at, per dozen..... **$1.50**

## Carpet Dept.
P & W
Ten rolls Khorassan Ingrain Carpet, the heaviest 2-ply Carpet made, beautiful colorings and designs, worth 85c—Preparatory Sale..... **59c**
P & W

## CLOAK DEPT.

**A SWEEPING REDUCTION.....**
A legitimate cut that will benefit our patrons. No fake games resorted to in this house. No marking up and then down to half price.

**JACKETS AND CAPES.**

$5.00 Ladies' heavy Cloth Jackets, all up to date garments, with Napoleon storm collars, the new sleeve, new back, and as perfect fitting as any Jacket could be made. They will be sold Thursday, Friday and Saturday, and Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday..... **$2.98**

$7.00 Ladies' heavy Beaver Jackets, Box or Fly fronts, some of the very latest button effects; all tailor-made; guaranteed to fit or money refunded. They will be sold Thursday, Friday and Saturday and for 3 days of next week, at..... **$3.98**

## Embroideries and Laces
P & W
Our entire stock of remnants and embroideries irrespective of cost or value, formerly sold from 15c to 50c a yd; pick while they last—per yd **5c**
P & W

## Millinery Dpt.

Another big tumble in the price of Millinery; get posted before you spend your money.

**ALMOST GIVEN AWAY!**
19 each for your pick of 500 Misses' Untrimmed Felt Hats, worth up to 98c each; for this sale.... **19c**

**LADIES' TRIMMED HATS**
100 Ladies' Trimmed Hats, no two alike; worth $3.95 up to $5.25. Pick ..... **$2.48**

**Again** 78 Ladies' Handsome Trimmed Hats, worth up to $7.50 each. Pick..... **$3.95**

We want our Millinery Dept. for the display of..... **HOLIDAY GOODS**

## Japanese Rugs in Oriental Designs.
P & W
Size 18x36, worth 50 for.....25c
Size 28x54, worth $1.25, for...69c
Lay in a stock while they are cheap; this is the chance of a lifetime.
P & W

## Druggist Sundries Dept.
This department is to show so many new novelties in fine Perfumes, Toilet Soaps, Brushes and Combs and other Toilet Novelties that it necessitates a clearance of our heavy stock of Staples, and the most satisfactory way to do it is to quote such prices as will make you purchase.

| | Regular Price. | Preparatory Price |
|---|---|---|
| Paine's Celery Compound | $1 00 | 69c |
| Castoria | 35c | 23c |
| Scott's Emulsion | $1 00 | 69c |
| Pierce's Favorite Prescription | $1.00 | 69c |
| Beef, Iron and Wine | $1.00 | 65c |
| Garfield Tea | 25c | 19c |
| Borax, per lb | 15c | 8c |
| Cod Liver Oil | $1.00 | 70c |
| Ayer's Cherry Pectoral | $1 00 | 65c |
| Piso's Cure for Consumption | 25c | 19c |
| Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound | $1 00 | 67c |
| Pond's Extract | $1 00 | 68c |
| Whisk Brooms | 15c | 10c |

## Jewelry Department.
**A PERFECT BONANZA FOR THE BARGAIN SEEKER.**

| | Regular Price. | Preparatory Price |
|---|---|---|
| "The Hustler" Alarm Clocks | 98c | 79c |
| Photograph Frames | 35c | 25c |
| Mirrors | 25c | 19c |
| Mirrors | 75c | 59c |

## Notion Department.
**SMALL WARES AT SMALL PRICES.**

| | Regular Price. | Preparatory Price |
|---|---|---|
| King's Cotton | 3c | 2c |
| Button Hole Twist | 3c | 1c |
| Omo Dress Shields (all sizes) | .... | 19c |
| Milward's Needles | 5c | 4c |

## Art Department.
This way and no other can we possibly make the desired room for our Holiday Goods that have been arriving by the carload.

| | Former Price. | Preparatory Price. |
|---|---|---|
| 1000 pounds German Knitting Worsted | 18c a skein. | 14c |
| 700 boxes Ice Wool | 10c a box. | 8c |
| Fancy Silk Top Head Rests | 39c each. | 25c |
| Embroidery Silk | 4c a skein. | 1c |
| Satin Pin Cushions | 40c each. | 29c |
| Fancy Japanese Cushion Tops | 39c each. | 28c |

## Flannel Department.
Read for yourself and be convinced.
500 yards full Bleached White Domet Flannels, heavy soft quality, such as they sell at 5c everywhere—special, per yard..... **3½c**

## Mackinaw Wool Flannels.
4500 heavy Mackinaw Wool Flannels in plain red, plain gray, stripes, checks, etc., very suitable for shirting, etc., worth 50c a yard—special..... **33c**

## Blankets and Comforters.
You cannot afford to pass this.
3000 pairs large size Gray Blankets, heavy, well fleeced, such as others sell at 75c, Glass Block price—per pair ..... **49c**

## Twilled Sateen Comforters.
1500 full size, extra weight, twilled Sateen Comforters, clean fillings, well made, sold the country over at $1.00—special, each..... **75c**

## A Wash Goods Sale.
AT 12½c—Fleece lined Wrapper Cloths, Persian Wrapper Cloths, Cashmere Silks, New Percales 36 in., New Cretonnes, 182 cotton Batts—special **12½c**

## At 3½c.
Apron Ginghams, Dress Ginghams, Light Shirting Calicos, Cotton Batts, special ..... **3½c**

P & W
## Chenille Portiers
75 pairs handsome Chenille Portiers, 3 yds long, heavy fringe top and bottom, with fancy dado at each end, 36 inches wide, in any color you want, worth $3.50; Sale Price per pair **$1.95**
P & W

## CLOAK DEPT.

This is the opportunity of your life. If you have not the money borrow it, but don't miss a chance of this kind.

**CLOTH CAPES.**

$10.00 Beautiful Persian Capes, extra full sweep, high storm collar, edged with Thibet fur, lined throughout with silk; garments that need your inspection; it will pay you. We will sell these garments Thursday, Friday and Saturday and three days of next week for..... **$6.29**

$10.00 French Coney Capes, 30 inches long, full sweep, lined with either silk or satin lining; these garments will be sold Thursday, Friday and Saturday and three days of next week for..... **$5.25**

P & W
## Ladies', Misses' and Boys' Ties.
1000 of them at the ridiculous price of—each..... **5c**
Some are worth 25c.
Investigate offers of this kind.
P & W

## Handkerchief Dept.
We have just received another lot of 500 dozen Ladies' handsome Embroidered Hdkfs in Swiss and Linen; they are MANUFACTURERS' SECONDS; in other words they are all damaged more or less; some of them it will be impossible to find the damage; they are goods that are worth, if perfect, from 25c up to $1.50 each; your pick of the lot on Bargain Counter No. 3 for, each..... **15c**

## RIBBON DEPT.

**A LUCKY PURCHASE**
of 500 pieces all-silk, double-faced Satin Ribbons, bought by us from one of the largest manufacturers in the United States at about half their value. We offer them to you at a slight advance on the price we paid for them.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 12—Worth 25c, only | 15c |
| No 16—Worth 30c, only | 17½c |
| No. 22—Worth 35c, only | 20c |
| No 40—Worth 40c, only | 25c |
| No. 60—Worth 50c, only | 29c |

**JUST THE THING FOR FANCY WORK.**

P & W
## Shoes and Rubbers
For Ladies and Gentlemen, Young Ladies and Young Men, Boys, Misses and Infants at prices that will surprise and please you. Come and see our Bargains.
P & W

## Ladies' Vests.
Ladies' Silver Gray Jersey Ribbed fleece lined Vests, elegantly finished yoke band pants to match, commonly sold at 50c; clearance sale special ..... **25c**

## Ladies' Underwear.
Ladies' fine Australian Wool Sanitary Underwear, soft, heavy, fine, elegantly made and trimmed, commonly sold at $1.25; clearance sale special ..... **79c**

## Ladies' Hose.
Ladies' Oxford Wool and Cotton Mixed Hose, full seamless and ribbed top, formerly 18c; clearance sale special..... **9c**

## Ladies' Hose.
Ladies' 4 by 1-rib Blk Lamb's Wool Hose, full fashioned foot, soft and heavy, worth 39c; clearance sale special..... **25c**

## Gents' Hose.
Gents' English Merino Half Hose, full seamless, 136 needle knit, dark or medium, always 35c per pair; clearance special, 2 PAIRS FOR..... **35c**

## Gents' Underwear.
Gents' extra heavy fleece lined Underwear, shade of natural ribbed tail, common bargain price 75c; clearance sale special..... **49c**
**98c PER SUIT.**

## House Furnishings.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tin Wash Basins, | 3c |
| Large size Scrub Brush, | 4c |
| Pastry Boards, | 19c |
| Wire Tea Strainers, | 1c |
| Round Folding Card Tables, | $1.19 |
| Picture Easels, | 69c |

**Closing Out Prices on Rockers—Some Big Snaps.**

## Crockery Dept.

| | |
|---|---|
| GLASS CREAMERS, GLASS SUGARS, GLASS SPOON HOLDERS, GLASS BUTTER DISHES, GLASS PICKLE DISHES | 5c EACH |
| Glass Sauce Dishes | 1½c |
| Fancy Decorated Jap Teapots, | 29c |
| White China Cups and Saucers, pair | 12c |

## Toys.

| | |
|---|---|
| Spinning Tops, | 5c |
| Trumpets, tin, | 5c |
| Wheel Barrows, | 19c |
| Wood Nursery Chairs, | 25c |
| Sleds, hardwood, | 23c |
| Pop Guns, | 5c |

Remember, this Great Sale begins Thursday, Dec. 3rd, and continues for six days. The Bargains are for our retail customers only and dealers trying to buy at the above prices will be refused.
**Put in your winter's supply now while you can save money.**

# PANTON & WHITE'S BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

# It Takes Courage

To slash prices below cost and shut the eyes to losses. But it is an act of wisdom with us. This great stock of Suits and Overcoats must be reduced, and that quickly. We can take no chances on waiting until after the holidays to do the slashing. We are doing it right now at the most opportune time, when you want clothes, and at a time when they'll do you good. Don't wait an hour longer—come today.

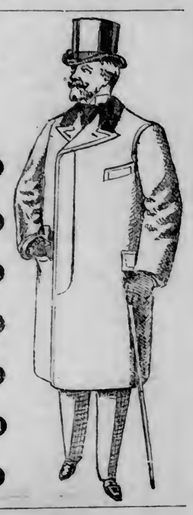
## Men's Suits

Go for this—

| | |
|---|---|
| $22.00 and $20.00 Suits Will be sold for..... | $13.98 |
| $18.00 Suits will be sold for..... | $11.89 |
| $16 and $15 Suits will be sold for..... | $9.98 |
| $12 Suits will be sold for..... | $7.45 |
| $10 Suits will be sold for..... | $6.45 |
| $8 Suits will be sold for..... | $5.45 |
| Special lot 500 Men's Suits, double and single-breasted | $3.95 |

## Men's Overcoats

Go for this—



| | |
|---|---|
| $30 and $28 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for .... ..... | $19.50 |
| $25 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for.... | $17.50 |
| $20 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for... | $14.50 |
| $15 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for... | $11.50 |
| $12 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for..... | $9.50 |
| $10 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for..... | $7.50 |
| $9.00 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for..... | $6.50 |

**M. S. BURROWS** The Clothier...



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**PATENTS.**

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.
Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861.
103 Trust Company Bldg, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)


MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of three thousand six hundred (3600) dollars, which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Adolph P. Swanstrom and Emily Swanstrom, his wife, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Carrie A. Moore, mortgagee, said mortgage bearing date the 1st day of April, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1891, in Book 62 of mortgages, page 292, which said mortgage was executed to secure the payment of one certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage, in the sum of three thousand dollars ($3,000) payable on the 1st day of April, 1894, with interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum, said note being signed by said mortgagors, as makers, and payable to the order of and delivered to the said mortgagee, and said mortgage contained the provision that the said mortgagors should pay all taxes and assessments that should for any and all purposes be payable, assessed or imposed upon said premises or any part thereof, before the same should become delinquent. And that upon failure to do so, the said Carrie A. Moore, mortgagee, was authorized to pay such taxes or assessments and any or all sum or sums so paid, should be added and imposed as an additional lien upon said premises described in said mortgage and should be secured by and collectable as a part of said mortgage and bear interest at the same rate as the indebtedness therein secured.

Whereas heretofore the said mortgagors failed and neglected to pay and cancel the taxes upon said premises in said mortgage described, for the year 1895, and the same having become delinquent, the said mortgagee thereafter and on the 17th day of November, 1896, having paid taxes against said property in the sum of $366.78 and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof or the said amount of taxes so paid.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to-wit: Lots numbered one (1), two (2) and three (3), of block sixty-nine (69), Oneota, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes heretofore paid by said mortgagee, as hereinbefore set forth, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

November 17th, 1896.

CARRIE A. MOORE,
Mortgagee.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Carrie A. Moore, Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2-9-16-23-30.


AMUSEMENTS.

**LYCEUM THEATER,**
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

A special Dramatic Attraction.
Friday and Saturday, Dec. 4 and 5.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
America's Representative Tragedian,
MR.
**Walker Whiteside**
Assisted by a selected company of players, presenting Friday, a scenic production of Shakespeare's immortal creation **HAMLET.**
ELKS' BENEFIT—
Saturday Matinee—The Merchant of Venice.
Saturday Night—OTHELLO.

Next Attraction—Two Nights.

The Legitimate Irish Comedian
JOSEPH
**MURPHY**
And his New York Stock Company.
Dec'ber 7. **SHAUN RHUE**
Introducing Mr. Murphy's wonderfully successful Song.
"A HANDFUL OF EARTH."
Dec. 8, THE **KERRY GOW**
Played by him with unparalleled success for twenty consecutive seasons.

**THE HARVARD**
Formerly Cadillac, cor. First Avenue East and Second St.
Mrs. John T. Condon, Prop.
A family hotel with all the comforts of home.
Best Table Board. Finely Furnished Rooms. Steam Heat.


ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 1st, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Karl Anne deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Erick N. Holmerud, of the county of St Louis, representing, among other things that Karl Anne, late of the county of St Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1896, at the county of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is one of the heirs of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to D. D. Murray granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court on Thursday, the 24th day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth the first day of December, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-2-9-16.

# INSIDE

### Some Interesting History Behind the Beginning of Alexander's Suit.

### Impression Gained Ground That Bauman Would Dismiss His.

### The Alexander Case Was Instituted to Forestall Such Action.

The institution of the Alexander suit attacking the validity of the recent election on the water and gas plant propositions, knocked all out of shape, it is said, a little scheme that was all cooked up and of which the action of the council on Monday evening last in passing the resolution for the $1,695,000 bond issue over the mayor's veto was a part. The other part arranged for was the withdrawal of the Baumann suit.

W. J. Macdonald, of Chicago, representing E. H. Gay & Co., arrived in Duluth on Monday. This city, admirable as it is as a summer resort and healthful as it is in the winter, is not usually the Mecca of tourists in the latter season, and it was not generally supposed that Mr. Macdonald had come here for anything else than business. Nor had he. He displayed considerable activity and accomplished a good deal before evening. During the day, he saw somebody and that somebody else saw somebody else and that afternoon an alderman who voted to sustain the veto received a call from one of his constituents. The latter told the alderman how much his friends desired to return him to the council, if he desired it, or to put their shoulders together to help him to some other office should he desire it. The constituent remarked incidentally that if the alderman could, without doing his convictions too much violence, vote to pass the resolution his so doing might contribute to increase the ardor with which his friends would whoop it up for him when the time came.

When the alderman entered the council chamber in the evening, he was buttonholed by one of the attorneys for Gay & Co., who manifested a lively interest in the alderman's political future and gave him much the same advice as had the constituent. The alderman was not induced to change his mind, however, and lined up with the nays.

During the preceding week, the plaintiff in the Baumann case had been persuaded that it was his part as a good citizen to dismiss the case. This move was anticipated, however, by the commencement of the Alexander suit. Another case which will be an attack along a new line may be started in a few days.

## CITY BRIEFS.

**Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.**

Two carloads of steel plate for the force main pipe, the last of the lot ordered from Chicago, arrived today.

The street car company had a force of men out today engaged in cutting down the ridges of ice and snow that had formed between the rails.

At a regular meeting of Duluth lodge, No. 10, A. O. U. W., last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: P. M., Fred Koors; M. W., Joseph Shepherdson; foreman, G. C. Kohagen; overseer, Hugh Allen; guide, Fred Ehling; financier, E. Kugler; recorder, Judge John Boyle; I. W., Otto Wolfort; O. W., O. Leid; trustee, P. Sjoselius.

A marriage license has been issued to Bert Eckert and Mollie Mooney.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to August H. Melander and Aaron Olson.

Charles Larson, who has been operating a saloon at 903 West Superior street, made an assignment this morning to Alexander Sang.

There was a clean police docket again this morning.

## THE HOSPITAL FAIR.

### Booths and Those Who Will Be in Charge.

The committees which have been at work for several weeks arranging for the bazar to be given for St. Mary's hospital met this morning to arrange a number of matters and to review the work so far accomplished. The fair is to be given for the benefit of the building fund of the hospital and the object is one so worthy that the business men of the city have given liberally without urging to aid it. As everyone knows St. Mary's hospital, although conducted by Benedictine sisters, has always been nonsectarian and patients have always been received and taken care of no matter what their religion is and regardless, too, of whether they had any money or not.

The fair will open Wednesday of next week in the Columbus building at the corner of First avenue west and Superior street and will continue one week. For the residents on the ranges special provision has been made. The Duluth & Iron Range road and Duluth Missabe & Northern railroad will give half fare rates from any points along the line on Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 14 and 15.

There will be six booths and they will be in charge of the following persons: Fancy booth, Miss Murray, Mrs. Kenyon, Mrs. Monahan; flower booth, Miss Dodge; gypsy booth, Mrs. Phalen; Japanese booth, Mrs. C. F. Hartman, Miss Lydia Poirier; Italian booth, Miss Lulu Fielsger, Miss Sheridan; ice cream booth, Mrs. Frank Burrows. Each day dinner and supper will be served and the dining room will be in charge of a committee of ladies who declare that they will discount any hotel or restaurant in the city.

A program will be given each evening, on the opening evening the Hoare-Phalen orchestra will play. The Lachmund trio will play and other vocalists will also give numbers.


When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.


## CHRISTMAS ARTICLES.

### List of Those to Be Found in the Library.

"I heard the bells on Christmas day
Their old familiar carols play,
And wild and sweet
The words repeat,
Of peace on earth, good will to men"
—LONGFELLOW.

The following is a partial list of the many articles on Christmas, for school and home, which can be found at the public library:

SERMONS, HISTORY, ETC.

Arnold—"Comment on Christmas," in "St. Paul and Protestantism," p. 147, 200.
Arnold, E.—"An Indian Christmas Time," in "Wandering Words," p. 161, 824-89.
Brooks, P.—"Sermons for Christmas Eve and Christmas Day," in "Sermons for the Church Year," 252 B.
Brand—"Popular Antiquities," see index, 390 B.
Beard—"Christmas Festivities and Home Made Gifts," in "American Girl's Handy Book," p. 317, 790 B.
Curtis—"Holiday Saunterings," in "From the Easy Chair."
Everett—"Christmas," in "Mount Vernon Papers," p. 11, 818 E.
Fremont—"Christmas in Lotos Land," in "Far West Sketches," p. 13, 917-5.
Hunt L.—"Inexhaustibility of the Subject of Christmas," in "Essays," "The Seer," 824-7.
Hutton—"Christmas Day in Olden Times," in "Other Times and Seasons," p. 163, 814.
Irving—"Christmas," "Christmas Eve," "Christmas Day," in "Sketch Book," 818.
Kingsley—"Christmas Peace," in "Village, Town and Country Sermons," 252, K 61.
Mabie—"Christmas Eve," in "My Study Fire," p. 35, 814-4.
Martin—"Some Christmas Sentiments," in "Windfalls of Observation," p. 263, 814.
Stevenson—"A Christmas Sermon," in "Across the Plains," p. 302, 917-28.
Talmaydn—"From Manger to Throne," 232-9.
Wagner—"Christmas Customs," in "Manners, Customs and Observances," see index, 390, W 12.
Jackson, H. H.—"A Simple Bill of Fare for a Christmas Dinner," (ethics) in "Bits of Talk About Home Matters," p. 179, 173 J.
Warner—"The Advent of Candor," in "As We Go," 817-41; "The Burden of Christmas," in "As We Were Saying," 817-41.

POETRY.

Bayly—"The Mistlebough," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3, 810-8.
Carlton—"The Christmas Baby," in "Farm Legends;" "Christmas Week," in "Rhymes of Our Planets;" "Festival of Good Cheer," in "Farm Festivals;" Song, "The Christmas Tree," in "Farm Ballads;" same, in "Rhymes of Our Planets," 811.
Carey—"Christmas Poems," in "Poems," p. p. 34, 36, 162, 219, 220, 228, 287, 811 C.
"Christmas Carols," (Old English), in "Open Sesame," vol. 1, 810-8.
Cook—"Christmas Holly," in same, vol. 1.
Craik—"Christmas Carol," in same, vol. 1.
Dodge—"Christmas" "Christmas Eve," "A Santa Claus Messenger Boy," "Not Only in Christmas Time," in "When Life is Young," 811; "Christmas Bells," in "Rhymes and Jingles," 811.
Doane—"Christmas Hymn," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2, 810-8.
Field—"The Peace of Christmas Time," in "With Trumpet and Drum," 811; "Christmas Treasure," in same; Same, in "Little Book of Western Verse;" "Christmas Hymn," in same; "Chrysomasse of Old," in same, 811.
Hemans — "Christmas Carol," in "Poems," vol. 5; Same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 1.
Holland—"There's a Song in the Air," in "Puritan's Guest," p. 81, 811.
"I Saw Three Ships," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
"In Excelsis Gloria," in same.
Jackson—"Christmas Symphony," in "Poems," 811; "Christmas Night in St. Peter's," in same; Same in verses.
Keble—"Christmas Day," in "Christmas Year," p. 20, 245 T.
"Knighting of the Sirloin of Beef," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2, 810-8.
Larcom—"His Birthday," in "At the Beautiful Gate," 811; "Woman's Christmas," in same.
Longfellow—"Christmas Bells," "Flower de Luse," in "Poems," vol. 3, 811; "Christmas Carol," "By the Fireside," in "Poems," vol. 1; "King Oleof's Christmas," "Poems," p. 255.
Lowell—"Christmas Hymn," in "Poems," 811.
Mackey—"Under the Holly Bough," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Milton—"Ode on the Morning of Christ's Nativity," in "Poems," 821.
Mitchell, W.—"Christ of the Snows, a Norwegian Legend," in collected poems, 811; "St. Christopher," in same.
Moore, C. C.—"Night Before Christmas," in Whittier's Child Life in Prose," p. 811, W. 61.
Penlsson.—"Christmas," in "The Child's World," p. 117, 372, 2 P.
Riley—"Little John's Christmas," in "Rhymes of Childhood," p. 811; "Who Santy Claus Wuz," in same; "For This Christmas," in "Armazindy;" "What Christmas Fetches the Wiggleses," in "Green Fields and Running Brooks."
Rosetti, C. G.—"Christmas Carols," in poems, p. 821; same in "Open Sesame," vol. 1.
Laugster—"Christmas Songs," in "On the Road Home," p. 811; sam in "Little Knights and Ladies," p. 811.
Scott—"Christmas," in Marmion Canto 6,; introduction, p. 821; "Christmas in the Olden Time," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3, 810-8.
Sears—"It Came Upon the Midnigh Clear," in "World's Best Hymns," p. 245; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 2; "Calm on the Listening Ear of Night," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3.
Shakespeare—"Song of the Holly," "Ae Yon Like II," act 2; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Smith—"The Christmas Tree," in "Poems of Home and Country," p. 811.
Tate—"While Shepherds' Watched Their Flocks," in "World's Best Hymns," p. 245, h. 22; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 1.
Tennyson—"Christmas Bells," "In Memoriam," canto 104, see poems p. 821; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 3; "Birth of Christ," in poems; same in "Open Sesame," vol. 3.
Thomas, Edith—"Mist, Kris Kringle," "Christmas Boughs," "The Shivering Tree," in "In the Young World," p. 811.
Wesley—"Christmas Day," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Whitcher—"Christmas Carmen," in poems, p. 811.
Whitney — "Christmas Greeting," "Christmas Tide," "Christmas Wish," "Christmas Message," in "From Dreamland Sent," p. 811, w.
Wolcott—"Santa Claus' Sister," "Our Christmas," in "Song Blossoms," p. 811, W.

STORIES.

Aldrich—"Christmas Fantasy," in "Two Bites of a Cherry," p. 831.
Alcott—"A Christmas Dream," in "Lulu's Library," vol. 1, p. 813; "Country Christmas," in "Proverb Stories;" "Merry Christmas," in "Little Women;" "Plays at Plumfield," in "Jo's Boys;" "Surprises," in "Jack and Jill."
Anderson—"The Fir Tree," in "Fairy Tales," p. 839, 8 an.
Asbjornsen—"Round the Yule Log," "Christmas in Norway," p. 839, 8 As.
Butterworth—"No Room in the Inn," in "Old New England," p. 813; "The Parson's Miracle," and "My Grandmother's Grandmother's Christmas Candle," p. 813.
Davis—"A Recruit at Christmas," in "Van Bibber and Others," p. 813.
Dickens—"Christmas Books," p. 823; "Christmas Stories;" "Christmas Dinner," in "Sketches by Boz;" "Christmas Carol," in "Little Classics Laughter," p. 820; "Christmas at Wozzlewig's Warehouse," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3, p. 810-8; "Christmas Goose at the Cratchitts," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Dodge—"Hans Brinker," "Christmas in Holland," p. 813.
Boyesen—"Hjeeps Grimlund's Vacation," in "Boyhood in Norway," p. 813.
Eggleston—"Christmas Club in Duffel's," p. 813.
Ewing—"A Christmas Morning Play," in "The Peace Egg," p. 823; "Snap Dragons," p. 823.
Field—"First Christmas Tree," in "Little Rock of Tales," 1st ser., p. 813; "Joel's Talk With Santa Claus," in "Holy Cross."
Grant—"A Bachelor's Christmas," p. 813.
Gaskell—"Christmas Stories and Sunshine," in "Lizzie Leigh," p. 823, G.
Gaecher—"Legend of St. Christopher," in "Legends of the Rhine," p. 398-2, G. 93.
Hale—"Christmas in Narragansett," p. 813.
Harte—"The Christmas Gift that Came to Rupert," in "Mrs. Skagg's Husbands," 813; "How Santa Claus Came to Simpson's bar," in same; same, in "Tales of the Argonauts," 813.
Harris—"The Conscript's Christmas," in "Balam and His Master," 813.
Hofer—"Child's Christ Tales," 232-9H.
Howells—"Christmas Every Day," 813.
King—"Christmas Story of a Little Church" in Stories of Time and Place," 813.
Lutz—"Legends and Stories of the Holy Child Jesus," 232-9 L97.
Molesworth—"Christmas Tree Land," 823; "A Christmas Child."
Moulton—"Just a Little Bit of Christmas," in "Bedtime Stories," 813.
Murray—"How John Norton, the Trapper, Kept His Christmas," 813.
Ogden—"Christmas Stories from French and Spanish," 813.
Page—"Charlie Whittier's Christmas Party," in "Pastime Stories," 813; "How the Captain Made Christmas," in "Burial of the Guns;" "Polly, a Christmas Recollection," in "Ole Virginia," 813.
Sidney—"Tressey's Christmas," in "Two Modern Little Princes," 813.
Stockton—"Christmas Before Last," in "Ree-man of Orn," 813; "Christmas Shadrach," in "Watchmaker's Wife;" "Christmas Week" and other stories; "Christmas Truants," in "Fanciful Tales."
Stowe—"Christmas, or the Good Fairy," in "Mayflower," 813.
Stuart—"Christmas Gifts," in "Golden Wedding," 813.
Thackery—Christmas books, 823.
Thorpe—"Year's Best Days," 823.
Trowbridge—"Carl Robson's Christmas," in "Young Joe and Other Boys," 813.
Ward—"Trotty's Christmas," in "Trotty Book," 813; "Madonna of the Tubs," 813.
Wharton—"Christmas in 1776," in "A Last Century Maid," 813; "Roy's Christmas," in same.
White—"Riley's Christmas Tree," in "When Molly Was Six," 813.
Wiggins—"Bird's Christmas Carol," 813; "Piccola," in "The Story Hour," 813
Wilkins—"Christmas Jenny," in "New England Men," 813; "Stolen Christmas," in same; "Where the Christmas Tree Grew," in "Young Lucretia."
Woolson—"A Christmas Party," in "The Front Yard and Other Stories," 813.
Woolsey—"Christmas Boxes," in "What Katy Did at School," 813; "How the Cat Kept Christmas," in "New Year's Bargains;" "Fir Cones," in "Just Sixteen;" "Pink Sweet Meat," in same; "What the Pudding Brought," in "Barberry Bush;" "What Was on the Christmas Tree," in "New Year's Bargain."

For further references consult the cumulative index and periodical indexes in reference room.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

## Board Meets Friday.

The board of county commissioners will hold its last regular meeting before the new board organizes Friday afternoon. There will be an adjourned meeting Jan. 1 or 2 to wind up the business of the board, after which Commissioners Helm, Miller and Swenson will give way to Commissioners Kauppi, Berg and Williams.

Friday the board will probably let the road contracts, receive bids for the mortuary vault at the poor farm and accept the St. Louis bridge.

## It's Worth Knowing.

The entire stock at 721 West Superior street selling out, at and below cost. Builders' hardware below cost. Fine locks, knobs, hinges, night latches, all selling below cost. Patented Russia iron heating drums, $2.50, regular price $5. Water fronts for ranges only $2, 6-inch Russia elbows 12 cents, common 5 cents, 8-inch dampers 4c, stove blacking 2 boxes for 5c, best sand paper, 24 sheets for 10 cents, all kinds of files and rasps at cost, everything in the store must go. A set of tinner's tools and machines for sale cheap. 6-inch wall safes 14c, loaded shells, 12-guage, 27 cents, 10-guage 29 cents, powder 25 cents per lb.

The Delano News company have removed to Room 6, over Big Duluth.


Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers.

**"THE DIGGING OUT"**

of decayed teeth is not done by us in the manner indicated above, but by a far more humane and scientific method. We are in the lead with the very latest methods known to dentistry. Everyone who has had experience knows that it is **THE EXCAVATING** and **NOT THE FILLING** of the tooth that hurts. We guarantee to excavate the most sensitive teeth without pain and do it with positive delight to both the patients and to ourselves.

**DR. SCHIFFMAN,**
Burrows Bldg., take elevator on Superior Street

# PRICE IS PULLING

**The heavy trade to this store as well as the superior character of the goods we sell. These Cloaks are Selling with a speed unprecedented in Duluth.**

## Cloaks at Half Price.

Tomorrow's cloak buyers are going to be exceedingly fortunate, if saving money is of any importance, and if style and fit count for anything, as there will be three hundred and fifty (350) garments on sale here. It is quite impossible to tell of each one separately, and if we attempted to, 'twould likely confuse, besides a glance from you will disclose their cheapness and goodness more fully than a page of prose. They range in price from $3.00 to $18.50, showing almost every new fabric and every new effect in collar and cut.

Before going out have a look at the new oddities in Fur Collarettes, Ripple Capes, and long Fur Capes of all kinds.

A Fresh Shipment of

## Children's Jackets and Gretchens

have just arrived for tomorrow's trade; they are very moderate in price and in unusually desirable styles.

## Separate Skirts and Separate Waists

in mohair, flannel, silk and fancy cloths that are made up in accordance with the most Modern Fashion requirements at from $2 upwards.

## Millinery.

We charge no more and in many instances less, so you'd just as well wear a hat that is stylish. $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00 hats here comes from the same designer and maker as the $20.00 ones. All special orders executed promptly and expertly.

## Hosiery and Underwear

Down to 15c a pair for fast black Hosiery for ladies in wool, cotton and fleece lined goods, and ranging up through the great lines at 25c, 35c and 50c are all of the best standard makers that sell here. One of our great offerings tomorrow will be 35 dozen regular 50 cent Stockings at 3 pair for $1.00. Another shipment of that Camel's Hair Underwear for boys and girls at 25c, 10c rise a size, will be put on sale tomorrow.

## Combination Suits . . .

in wool, silk and cotton at moderate prices. Headquarters for Vester's famous SWISS ribbed woolen Underwear.

# POWER & SETTLE.



**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.**

THE Superb ROUTE

Trains for points East leave Duluth Union Depot at ..... **4:10 P. M.** Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a. m.
Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House block and Union Depot.


NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Annie McLean and Angus McLean, her husband, mortgagors, to Frank P. Phillips, mortgagee, bearing date December ninth (9th), 1892, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December twenty-third (23d), 1892, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred three (103) of mortgages, on page two hundred fifty-seven (257) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on June first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of $32; and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, which said mortgagors had in said mortgage covenanted and agreed to pay, by reason whereof said mortgagee heretofore has been compelled to pay, and has paid, the sum of $20 for such insurance premiums to protect said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of fifty-three and 24-100 (53.24) dollars, for such interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The easterly twenty-five (25) feet of the southerly seventy-nine (79) feet of lot numbered five (5), in block numbered one (1), of Fleischer and Cremer's rearrangement of block fifty-six (56), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for said St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, insurance and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within the time allowed by law.

Dated November 9th, 1896.

FRANK P. PHILLIPS
Mortgagee

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-11-18-25-Dec-2-9-16.

# It Takes Courage

To slash prices below cost and shut the eyes to losses. But it is an act of wisdom with us. This great stock of Suits and Overcoats must be reduced, and that quickly. We can take no chances on waiting until after the holidays to do the slashing. We are doing it right now at the most opportune time, when you want clothes, and at a time when they'll do you good. Don't wait an hour longer—come today.

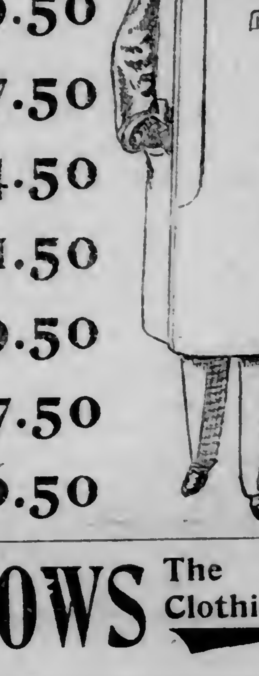
## Men's Suits

Go for this—

$22.00 and $20.00 Suits Will be sold for...... $13.98
$18.00 Suits will be sold for................ $11.89
$16 and $15 Suits will be sold for.............. $9.98
$12 Suits will be sold for.............. $7.45
$10 Suits will be sold for.............. $6.45
$8 Suits will be sold for.............. $5.45
Special lot 500 Men's Suits, double and single-breasted $3.95

## Men's Overcoats

Go for this—



$30 and $28 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for .............. $19.50
$25 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for.... $17.50
$20 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for... $14.50
$15 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for... $11.50
$12 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for...... $9.50
$10 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for...... $7.50
$9.00 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for...... $6.50

**M. S. BURROWS** The Clothier...



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**PATENTS.**

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.
Estab'd Washington, D.C. 1861.
103 Trust Company Bldg, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)


MORTGAGE SALE.—
Default having been made in the payment of three thousand six hundred (3600) dollars, which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Adolph F. Swanstrom and Emily Swanstrom, his wife, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Carrie A. Moore, mortgagee, said mortgage bearing date the 1st day of April, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1891, in Book 62 of mortgages, page 262, which said mortgage was executed to secure the payment of one certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage, in the sum of three thousand dollars ($3000) payable on the 1st day of April, 1894, with interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum, said note being signed by said mortgagors, as makers, and payable to the order of and delivered to the said mortgagee, and said mortgage contained the provision that the said mortgagors should pay all taxes and assessments that should for any and all purposes be payable, assessed or imposed upon said premises or any part thereof, before the same should become delinquent. And that upon failure to do so, the said Carrie A. Moore, mortgagee, was authorized to pay such taxes or assessments and any or all sum or sums so paid, should be tacked and imposed as an additional lien upon said premises described in said mortgage and should be secured by and collectable as a part of said mortgage and bear interest at the same rate as the indebtedness therein secured.

Whereas heretofore the said mortgagors failed and neglected to pay and cancel the taxes upon said premises in said mortgage described, for the year 1895, and the same having become delinquent, the said mortgagee thereafter and on the 17th day of November, 1896, having paid taxes against said property in the sum of $366.78 and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof or the said amount of taxes so paid.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to-wit: Lots numbered one (1), two (2) and three (3), of block sixty-nine (69), Oneota, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes heretofore paid by said mortgagee, as hereinbefore set forth, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

November 17th, 1896.

CARRIE A. MOORE,
Mortgagee.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Carrie A. Moore, Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2-9-16-23-30.

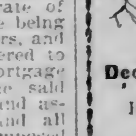
*AMUSEMENTS.*


**LYCEUM THEATER,**
*L. N. SCOTT, Manager.*

A special Dramatic Attraction,
Friday and Saturday, Dec. 4 and 5.
MATINEE SATURDAY.
America's Representative Tragedian,
MR.
**Walker Whiteside**

Assisted by a selected company of players, presenting FRIDAY, a scenic production of Shakespeare's immortal creation **HAMLET.**
ELKS' BENEFIT—
Saturday Matinee—The Merchant of Venice.
Saturday Night—OTHELLO.

Next Attraction—Two Nights.



The Legitimate Irish Comedian
**JOSEPH MURPHY**

And his New York Stock Company.
Dec'ber 7, **SHAUN RHUE**
Introducing Mr. Murphy's wonderfully successful Song,
"A HANDFUL OF EARTH."
Dec. 8, THE **KERRY GOW**
Played by him with unparalleled success for twenty consecutive seasons.



**THE HARVARD** ◆
Formerly Cadillac, cor. First Avenue East and Second St.
Mrs. John T. Condon, Prop.
A family hotel with all the comforts of home.
Best Table Board. Finely Furnished Rooms. Steam Heat.


ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 1st, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Karl Aune deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Erick N. Holmerud, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things that Karl Aune, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1896, at the county of St. Louis died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within his county, and that the said petitioner is agent for the heirs of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to D. D. Murray granted,

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court on Thursday, the 24th day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth the first day of December, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-2-9-16.

# INSIDE

### Some Interesting History Behind the Beginning of Alexander's Suit.

### Impression Gained Ground That Bauman Would Dismiss His.

### The Alexander Case Was Instituted to Forestall Such Action.

The institution of the Alexander suit attacking the validity of the recent election on the water and gas plant propositions, knocked all out of shape, it is said, a little scheme that was all cooked up and of which the action of the council on Monday evening last in passing the resolution for the $1,695,000 bond issue over the mayor's veto was a part. The other part arranged for was the withdrawal of the Baumann suit.

W. J. Macdonald, of Chicago, representing E. H. Gay & Co., arrived in Duluth on Monday. This city, admirable as it is as a summer resort and healthful as it is in the winter, is not usually the Mecca of tourists in the latter season, and it was not generally supposed that Mr. Macdonald had come here for anything else than business. Nor had he. He displayed considerable activity and accomplished a good deal before evening. During the day, he saw somebody and that somebody else saw somebody else and that afternoon an alderman who voted to sustain the veto received a call from one of his constituents. The latter told the alderman how much his friends desired to return him to the council, if he desired it, or to put their shoulders together to help him to some other office should he desire it. The constituent remarked incidentally that if the alderman could, without doing his convictions too much violence, vote to pass the resolution his so doing might contribute to increase the ardor with which his friends would whoop it up for him when the time came.

When the alderman entered the council chamber in the evening, he was button-holed by one of the attorneys for Gay & Co., who manifested a lively interest in the aldermen's political future and gave him much the same advice as had the constituent. The alderman was not induced to change his mind, however, and lined up with the nays.

During the preceding week, the plaintiff in the Baumann case had been persuaded that it was his part as a good citizen to dismiss the case. This move was anticipated, however, by the commencement of the Alexander suit. Another case which will be an attack along a new line may be started in a few days.

### CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Two carloads of steel plate for the force main pipe, the last of the lot ordered from Chicago, arrived today.

The street car company had a force of men out today engaged in cutting down the ridges of ice and snow that had formed between the rails.

At a regular meeting of Duluth lodge, No. 10, A. O. U. W., last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: P. M., Fred Koors; M. W., Joseph Shepherdson; foreman, G. C. Kohagen; overseer, Hugh Allen; guide, Fred Ehling; financier, E. Kugler; recorder, Judge John Boyle; I. W., Otto Wolfort; O. W., O. Leld; trustee, P. Sjosslius.

A marriage license has been issued to Bert Eckert and Mollie Mooney.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to August H. Melander and Aaron Olson.

Charles Larson, who has been operating a saloon at 903 West Superior street, made an assignment this morning to Alexander Sang.

There was a clean police docket again this morning.

### THE HOSPITAL FAIR.

### Booths and Those Who Will Be in Charge.

The committees which have been at work for several weeks arranging for the bazar to be given for St. Mary's hospital met this morning to arrange a number of matters and to review the work so far accomplished. The fair is to be given for the benefit of the building fund of the hospital and the object is one so worthy that the business men of the city have given liberally without urging to aid it. As everyone knows St. Mary's hospital, although conducted by Benedictine sisters, has always been non-sectarian and patients have always been received and taken care of no matter what their religion is and regardless, too, of whether they had any money or not.

The fair will open Wednesday of next week in the Columbus building at the corner of First avenue west and Superior street and will continue one week. For the residents on the ranges special provision has been made. The Duluth & Iron Range road and Duluth Missabe & Northern railroad will give half fare rates from any points along the line on Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 14 and 15.

There will be six booths and they will be in charge of the following persons: Fancy booth, Miss Murray, Mrs. Kenna, Mrs. Monahan; flower booth, Miss Dodge; gypsy booth, Mrs. Phalen; Japanese booth, Mrs. C. F. Hartman, Miss Lydia Poirier; Italian booth, Miss Lulu Fiebiger, Miss Sheridan; ice cream booth, Mrs. Frank Burrows. Each day dinner and supper will be served and the dining room will be in charge of a committee of ladies who declare that they will discount any hotel or restaurant in the city.

A program will be given each evening. On the opening evening the Hoare-Flaaten orchestra will play. The Lachmund trio will play and other vocalists will also give numbers.


When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.


### CHRISTMAS ARTICLES.

### List of Those to Be Found in the Library.

"I heard the bells on Christmas day
Their old familiar carols play,
And wild and sweet
The words repeat,
Of peace on earth, good will to men"
—LONGFELLOW.

The following is a partial list of the many articles on Christmas, for school and home, which can be found at the public library:

SERMONS, HISTORY, ETC.

Arnold—"Comment on Christmas," in "St. Paul and Protestantism," p. 147, 204.
Arnold, E.—"An Indian Christmas Time," in "Wandering Words," p. 161, 824-89.
Brooks, P.—"Sermons for Christmas Eve and Christmas Day," in "Sermons for the Church Year," 252 B.
Brand—"Popular Antiquities," see index, 390 B.
Beard—"Christmas Festivities and Home Made Gifts," in "American Girl's Handy Book," p. 317, 790 B.
Curtis—"Holiday Saunterings," in "From the Easy Chair."
Everett—"Christmas," in "Mount Vernon Papers," p. 11, 818 E.
Fremont—"Christmas in Lotos Land," in "Far West Sketches," p. 13, 917-5.
Hunt L.—"Inexhaustibility of the Subject of Christmas," in "Essays," "The Seer," 824-7.
Hutton—"Christmas Day in Olden Times," in "Other Times and Seasons," p. 163, 814.
Irving—"Christmas," "Christmas Eve," "Christmas Day," in 'Sketch Book," 818.
Kingsley—"Christmas Peace," in "Village, Town and Country Sermons," 252, K 61.
Mable—"Christmas Eve," in "My Study Fire," p. 35, 814-4.
Martin—"Some Christmas Sentiments," in "Windfalls of Observation," p. 263, 814.
Stevenson—"A Christmas Sermon," in "Across the Plains," p. 302, 917-28.
Talmaydn—"From Manger to Throne," 232-9.
Wagner—"Christmas Customs," in "Manners, Customs and Observances," see index, 390, W 12.
Jackson, H. H.—"A Simple Bill of Fare for a Christmas Dinner," (ethics) in "Bits of Talk About Home Matters," p. 179, 173 J.
Warner—"The Advent of Candor," in "As We Go;" 817-41; "The Burden of Christmas," in "As We Were Saying," 817-41.

POETRY.

Bayly—"The Mistlebough," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3, 810-8.
Carlton—"The Christmas Baby," in Farm Legends;" "Christmas Week," in "Rhymes of Our Planets;" "Festival of Good Cheer," in "Farm Festivals;" Song, "The Christmas Tree," in "Farm Ballads;" same, in "Rhymes of Our Planets," 811.
Carey—"Christmas Poems," in "Poems," p. p. 31, 36, 162, 219, 220, 228, 287, 811 C.
"Christmas Carols," (Old English), in "Open Sesame," vol. 1, 810-8.
Cook—"Christmas Holly," in same, vol. 1.
Craik—"Christmas Carol," in same, vol. 1.
Dodge—"Christmas," "Christmas Eve," "A Santa Claus Messenger Boy," "Not Only in Christmas Time," in "When Life is Young," 811; "Christmas Bells," in "Rhymes and Jingles," 811.
Domett—"Christmas Hymn," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2, 810-8.
Field—"The Peace of Christmas Time," in "With Trumpet and Drum," 811; "Christmas Treasure," in same; Same, in "Little Book of Western Verse;" "Christmas Hymn," in same; "Chrysimasse of Old," in same, 811.
Hemans — "Christmas Carol," in "Poems," vol. 5; Same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 1.
Holland—"There's a Song in the Air," in "Puritan's Guest," p. 81, 811.
"I Saw Three Ships," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
"In Excelsis Gloria," in same.
Jackson—"Christmas Symphony," in "Poems," 811; "Christmas Night in St. Peter's," in same; Same in verses.
Keble—"Christmas Day," in "Christmas Year," p. 20, 245 T.
"Knighting of the Sirloin of Beef," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2, 810-8.
Larcom—"His Birthday," in "At the Beautiful Gate," 811; "Woman's Christmas," in same.
Longfellow—"Christmas Bells," "Flower de Luse," in "Poems," vol. 3, 811; "Christmas Carol," "By the Fireside," in "Poems," vol. 1; "King Oleef's Christmas," "Poems," p. 255.
Lowell—"Christmas Hymn," in "Poems," 811.
Mackey—"Under the Holly Bough," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Milton—"Ode on the Morning of Christ's Nativity," in "Poems," 821.
Mitchell, W.—"Christ of the Snows, a Norwegian Legend," in collected poems, 811; "St. Christopher," in same.
Moore, C. C.—"Night Before Christmas," in Whittier's Child Life in Prose," p. 811, W. 61.
Penisson.—"Christmas," in "The Child's World," p. 117, 372, 2 P.
Riley—"Little John's Christmas," in Rhymes of Childhood," p. 811; "Who Santy Claus Wuz," in same; "For This Christmas," in "Armazindy;" "What Christmas Fetches the Wiggerses," in "Green Fields and Running Brooks."
Rosetti, C. G.—"Christmas Carols," in poems, p. 821; same in "Open Sesame," vol. 1.
Langster—"Christmas Songs," in "On the Road Home," p. 811; same in "Little Knights and Ladies," p. 811.
Scott—"Christmas," in Marmion Canto 6,;" introduction, p. 821; "Christmas in the Olden Time," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3, 810-8.
Sears—"It Came Upon the Midnight Clear," in "World's Best Hymns," p. 245; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 2; "Calm on the Listening Ear of Night," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3.
Shakespeare—"Song of the Holly," "As You Like It," act 2; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Smith—"The Christmas Tree," in "Poems of Home and Country," p. 811.
Tate—"While Shepherds' Watched Their Flocks," in "World's Best Hymns," p. 245, h. 22; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 1.
Tennyson—"Christmas Bells," "In Memoriam," canto 104, see poems p. 821; same, in "Open Sesame," vol. 3; "Birth of Christ," in poems; same in "Open Sesame," vol. 3.
Thomas, Edith—"Mrs. Kris Kringle," "Christmas Boughs," "The Shivering Tree," in "In the Young World," p. 811.
Wesley—"Christmas Day," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Whittier—"Christmas Carmen," in poems, p. 811.
Whitney — "Christmas Greeting," "Christmas Tide," "Christmas Wish," "Christmas Message," in "From Dreamland Sent," p. 811, w.
Wolcott—"Santa Claus' Sister," "Our Christmas," in "Song Blossoms," p. 811, W.

STORIES.

Aldrich—"Christmas Fantasy," in "Two Bites of a Cherry," p. 831.
Alcott—"A Christmas Dream," in "Lulu's Library," vol. 1, p. 813; "Country Christmas," in "Proverb Stories;" "Merry Christmas," in "Little Women;" "Plays at Plumfield," in "Jo's Boys;" "Surprises," in "Jack and Jill."
Anderson—"The Fir Tree," in "Fairy Tales," p. 839, 8 an.
Asbjornsen—"Round the Yule Log," "Christmas in Norway," p. 839, 8 As.
Butterworth—"No Room in the Inn," in "Old New England," p. 813; "The Parson's Miracle," and "My Grandmother's Grandmother's Christmas Candle," p. 813.
Davis—"A Recruit at Christmas," in "Van Bibber and Others," p. 813.
Dickens—"Christmas Books," p. 823; "Christmas Stories;" "Christmas Dinner," in "Sketches by Boz;" "Christmas Carol," in "Little Classics Laughter," p. 820; "Christmas at Fezziwig's Warehouse," in "Open Sesame," vol. 3, p. 810-8; "Christmas Goose at the Cratchitts," in "Open Sesame," vol. 2.
Dodge—"Hans Brinker," "Christmas in Holland," p. 813.
Boyesen—"Biceps Grimlund's Vacation," in "Boyhood in Norway," p. 813.
Eggleston—"Christmas Club in Duffel's," p. 813.
Ewing—"A Christmas Morning Play," in "The Peace Egg," p. 823; "Snap Dragons," p. 823.
Field—"First Christmas Tree," in "Little Book of Tales," 1st ser., p. 813; "Joel's Talk With Santa Claus," in "Holy Cross."
Grant—"A Bachelor's Christmas," p. 813.
Gaskell—"Christmas Stories and Sunshine," in "Lizzie Leigh," p. 823, G.
Guerber—"Legend of St. Christopher," in "Legends of the Rhine," p. 398-2, G. 93.
Hale—"Christmas in Narragansett," p. 813.
Harte—"The Christmas Gift that Came to Rupert," in "Mrs. Skagg's Husbands," 813; "How Santa Claus Came to Simpson's bar," in same; same, in "Tales of the Argonauts," 813.
Harris—"The Conscript's Christmas," in "Balam and His Master," 813.
Hofer—"Child's Christ Tales," 232-9H.
Howells—"Christmas Every Day," 813.
King—"Christmas Story of a Little Church" in Stories of Time and Place," 813.
Lutz—"Legends and Stories of the Holy Child Jesus," 232-9 L97.
Molesworth—"Christmas Tree Land," 823; "A Christmas Child."
Moulton—"Just a Little Bit of Christmas," in "Bedtime Stories," 813.
Murray—"How John Norton, the Trapper, Kept His Christmas," 813.
Ogden—"Christmas Stories from French and Spanish," 843.
Page—"Charlie Whittier's Christmas Party," in "Pastime Stories," 813; "How the Captain Made Christmas," in "Burial of the Guns;" "Polly, a Christmas Recollection," in "Ole Virginia," 813.
Sidney—"Tressey's Christmas," in "Two Modern Little Princes," 813.
Stockton—"Christmas Before Last," in "Bee-man of Orn," 813; "Christmas Shadrach," in "Watchmaker's Wife;" "Christmas Week" and other stories; "Christmas Truants," in "Fanciful Tales."
Stowe—"Christmas, or the Good Fairy," in "Mayflower," 813.
Stuart—"Christmas Gifts," in "Golden Wedding," 813.
Thackery—Christmas books, 823.
Thorpe—"Year's Best Days," 823.
Trowbridge—"Carl Robson's Christmas," in "Young Joe and Other Boys," 813.
Ward—"Trotty's Christmas," in "Trotty Book," 813; "Madonna of the Tubs," 813.
Wharton—"Christmas in 1776," in "A Last Century Maid," 813; "Roy's Christmas," in same.
White—"Riley's Christmas Tree," in "When Molly Was Six," 813.
Wiggins—"Bird's Christmas Carol," 813; "Piccola," in "The Story Hour," 813.
Wilkins—"Christmas Jenny," in "New England Men," 813; "Stolen Christmas," in same; "Where the Christmas Tree Grew," in "Young Lucretia."
Woolson—"A Christmas Party," in "The Front Yard and Other Stories," 813.
Woolsey—"Christmas Boxes," in "What Katy Did at School," 813; "How the Cat Kept Christmas," in "New Year's Bargain;" "Fir Cones," in "Just Sixteen;" "Pink Sweet Meat," in same; "What the Pudding Brought," in "Barberry Bush;" "What Was on the Christmas Tree," in "New Year's Bargain."

For further references consult the cumulative index and periodical indexes in reference room.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

### Board Meets Friday.

The board of county commissioners will hold its last regular meeting before the new board organizes Friday afternoon. There will be an adjourned meeting Jan. 1 or 2 to wind up the business of the board, after which Commissioners Helm, Miller and Swenson will give way to Commissioners Kauppi, Berg and Williams.

Friday the board will probably let the road contracts, receive bids for the mortuary vault at the poor farm and accept the St. Louis bridge.

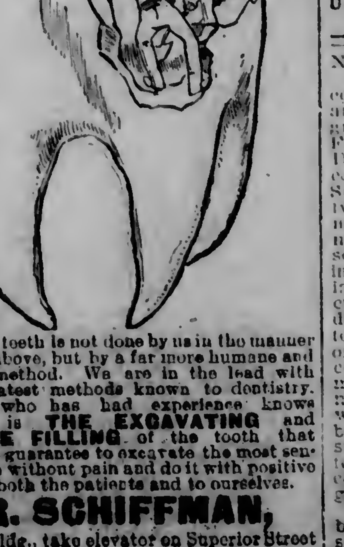
### It's Worth Knowing.

The entire stock at 721 West Superior street selling out, at and below cost. Builders' hardware below cost. Fine locks, knobs, hinges, night latches, all selling below cost. Patented Russia iron heating drums, $2.50, regular price $5. Water fronts for ranges only $2. 6-inch Russia elbows 12 cents, common 5 cents, 5-inch dampers 4c, stove blacking 2 boxes for 5c, best sand paper, 24 sheets for 10 cents, all kinds of files and rasps at cost, everything in the store must go. A set of tinner's tools and machines for sale cheap. 6-inch wall safes 14c, loaded shells, 12-gauge, 27 cents, 10-gauge 29 cents, powder 25 cents per lb.

The Delano News company have removed to Room 6, over Big Duluth.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers.


**"THE DIGGING OUT"**



of decayed teeth is not done by us in the manner indicated above, but by a far more humane and scientific method. We are in the lead with the very latest methods known to dentistry. Everyone who has had experience knows that it is THE EXCAVATING and NOT THE FILLING of the tooth that hurts. We guarantee to excavate the most sensitive teeth without pain and do it with positive delight to both the patients and to ourselves.

**DR. SCHIFFMAN,**
Burrows Bldg., take elevator on Superior Street



# PRICE IS PULLING

POWER AND SETTLE DULUTH

**The heavy trade to this store as well as the superior character of the goods we sell. These Cloaks are Selling with a speed unprecedented in Duluth.**

## Cloaks at Half Price.

Tomorrow's cloak buyers are going to be exceedingly fortunate, if saving money is of any importance, and if style and fit count for anything, as there will be three hundred and fifty (350) garments on sale here. It is quite impossible to tell of each one separately, and if we attempted to, 'twould likely confuse, besides a glance from you will disclose their cheapness and goodness more fully than a page of prose. They range in price from $3.00 to $18.50, showing almost every new fabric and every new effect in collar and cut.

Before going out have a look at the new oddities in Fur Collarettes, Ripple Capes, and long Fur Capes of all kinds.

**A Fresh Shipment of**
## Children's Jackets and Gretchens

have just arrived for tomorrow's trade; they are very moderate in price and in unusually desirable styles.

## Separate Skirts and Separate Waists

in mohair, flannel, silk and fancy cloths that are made up in accordance with the most Modern Fashion requirements at from $2 upwards.

## Millinery.

We charge no more and in many instances less, so you'd just as well wear a hat that is stylish. $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00 hats here comes from the same designer and maker as the $20.00 ones. All special orders executed promptly and expertly.

## Hosiery and Underwear

Down to 15c a pair for fast black Hosiery for ladies in wool, cotton and fleece lined goods, and ranging up through the great lines at 25c, 35c and 50c are all of the best standard makers that sell here. One of our great offerings tomorrow will be 35 dozen regular 50 cent Stockings at 3 pair for $1.00. Another shipment of that Camel's Hair Underwear for boys and girls at 25c, 10c rise a size, will be put on sale tomorrow.

## Combination Suits . . .

in wool, silk and cotton at moderate prices. Headquarters for Vester's famous SWISS ribbed woolen Underwear.

# POWER & SETTLE.



**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.**

THE Soo ROUTE

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at ...... **4:10 P. M.** Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a. m.
Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House Block and Union Depot.


NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—
Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Annie McLean and Angus McLean, her husband, mortgagors, to Frank P. Phillips, mortgagee, bearing date December ninth (9th), 1892, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December twenty-third (23d), 1892, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred three (103) of mortgages, on page two hundred fifty-seven (257) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on June first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of $32; and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, which said mortgagors had in said mortgage covenanted and agreed to pay, by reason whereof said mortgagee heretofore has been compelled to pay, and has paid, the sum of $20 for such insurance premiums, to protect said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of fifty-three and 24-100 (53.24) dollars, for such interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The easterly twenty-five (25) feet of the southerly seventy-nine (79) feet of lot numbered five (5), in block numbered one (1), of Fleischer and Cremer's rearrangement of block fifty-six (56), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for said St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, insurance and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time allowed by law.

Dated November 9th, 1896.

FRANK P. PHILLIPS,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-11-18-25-Dec-2-9-16.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

# SUFFEL & CO.
129-131 W. Superior St

## SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE.

## Dress Goods 20% Discount!

20 per cent discount on all Black Dress Goods.
20 per cent discount on all Colored Dress Goods.
20 per cent discount on all Silks and Velvets.
20 per cent discount on all Dress Flannels and Broadcloths.
20 per cent discount on all Novelty Dress Goods.
Fibre Chamois 15c a yard for regular 35c quality.

**DRESS LININGS**
20 PER CENT DISCOUNT.
20 per cent discount on all Silesias.
20 per cent discount on all Lining Cambrics.
20 per cent discount on all Hair Cloths and Rustle Linings.
20 per cent discount on all Dress Trimmings.

**DOMESTICS**
10 PER CENT DISCOUNT.
10 per cent discount on all 9 and 10-4 Sheeting.
10 per cent discount on all Bleached Muslin.
10 per cent discount on all Unbleached Muslin.

10 per cent discount on all Lonsdale and Hockly Cambrics.
10 per cent discount on all Prints and Ginghams.
10 per cent discount on all Outing and Cotton Flannels.
10 per cent discount on all Shirting.
10 per cent discount on all Table Linen, Napkins and Towels.
10 per cent discount on all Blankets and Comforts.
10 per cent discount on all White Goods

**HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR**
10 PER CENT DISCOUNT.
10 per cent discount on Ladies' Wool and Camel's Hair Underwear.
10 per cent discount on Ladies' Equestrienne Tights and Union Suits.
10 per cent discount on all Children's Underwear.
10 per cent discount on all Men's Underwear.
10 per cent discount on Muslin Underwear.
10 per cent discount on all Ladies' Hosiery.
10 per cent discount on all Children's Hosiery.

**WINTER CAPES!**
HALF PRICE SALES NOT IN IT WITH US FOR LOW PRICES.
LADIES' $2.00 CAPES REDUCED TO ..... 75c
LADIES' $3 00 CAPES REDUCED TO ..... $1.00
LADIES' $4 00 CAPES REDUCED TO ..... $1.48
LADIES' $5 00, $6.00 and $7 00 CAPES GO AT ..... $1.98
WE HAVE ABOUT 100 CAPES LEFT—THEY MUST GO—IF YOU WANT ONE OF THEM, COME QUICK.

20 per cent discount on all LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS.
10 per cent discount on LADIES' DRESSING SACQUES
10 per cent discount on LADIES' OUTING FLANNEL NIGHT DRESSES.
10 per cent discount on LADIES' EIDERDOWN HOUSE JACKETS.
10 per cent discount on LADIES' HOUSE WRAPPERS.
10 per cent discount on all MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

We Offer for this week only, at
**29c a Pair**—Actual value 50c—
to dozen Pairs MEN'S FINE IMPORTED ENGLISH CASHMERE SOCKS, our 50 and 60c quality; all go at the very low price of—PER PAIR ..... **29c**
Not more than Six pairs to a customer at this price.

**CORSETS.**
10 PER CENT DISCOUNT.
10 per cent discount on C. B. Corsets.
10 per cent discount on all Thompson's Corsets.

**CORSETS.**
10 PER CENT DISCOUNT
10c per cent discount on all Warner Bros.'s Corsets.
10c per cent discount on all Ferris Good Sense Waists.

**KID GLOVES**
We offer at 75c a pair, worth $1; 360 pairs Ladies' Embroidered Back Kid Gloves, very latest style at
Per pair ..... **75c**
Always sold at $1.

# SHOES!
## Great Clearing Sale of Shoes

Our entire stock now being sold regardless of value. If you need Shoes take advantage of this great sale. WE MUST HAVE MONEY. The people receive the benefit. READ PRICES!

**LADIES' SHOES.**
Ladies' $1.50 Shoes, sale price ..... 98c
Ladies' $2 00 Shoes, sale price ..... $1.25
Ladies' $3 00 Shoes, sale price ..... $2.00
Ladies' $4 00 Shoes, sale price ..... $2.43
Ladies' $5 00 Shoes, sale price ..... $3.48
Ladies' $6.00 Shoes, sale price (Burt's make) ..... $3.98

**MEN'S SHOES.**
Men's $2 50 Shoes, sale price ..... $1.50
Men's $3 00 Shoes, sale price ..... $1.98
Men's $4 00 Shoes, sale price ..... $2.98
Men's $5 00 Shoes, sale price ..... $3.50
BANISTER'S $8.00 Patent Leather Shoes, sale price ..... $5.00

SPECIAL SALE OF CHILDREN'S SHOES. SECURE BARGAINS.

**SUFFEL & CO.**


# KILLED

**Peter Dzinimski, a Lineman, Fell Off Bunnell's Roof Today.**

**He Was Descending a Ladder and Lost His Balance.**

**His Neck Was Broken and Death Was Instantaneous.**

Peter Dzinimski, residing at 826 East Fourth street, and employed as a lineman by the Commercial Light and Power company, was instantly killed this morning by a fall from a storm shed at the rear of the residence of Miron Bunnell, 1306 East Superior street. His skull was crushed, his jaw broken and his right arm fractured. He was dead when picked up. The brains were oozing from the head, presenting a terrible sight.

The body was sent to Bayha & Tibbett's undertaking rooms by the company to be prepared for burial.

The roof of the shed is on a level with the top of the first story, but the house has a double basement, which, with a distance of about fifteen feet to the bottom of a gulley in the rear, makes the distance the unfortunate man fell a considerable one.

According to the story of the man who was working with the deceased, the latter had just finished nailing a cleat to the wall, and had turned, evidently to descend, when he pitched forward and fell headlong with a cry, striking on the projecting roof of the lower basement and then rolling to the bottom of the gulley. The dead man leaves a wife and two children.

## PERSONALS.

O. Jones, the representative of the Rensselaer valve works, left the city today. He will return in time to watch future developments in the valve question.

Cyril Promberger, who had a severe fall last week, has fully recovered.

W. J. Power, of 416 West First street, who is employed in the Eastern Railway company office, was taken to St. Mary's hospital yesterday suffering from typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Case, of St. Paul, are at the St. Louis.

John C. Hill, of St. Paul, was in the city today.

J. P. Welch, of Stillwater, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Powell and son, E. S. Powell, of Little Falls, have arrived here to make their home, and are temporarily at the St. Louis hotel. Mr. Powell is to have charge of the tea and coffee department of the Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

John M. Martin, of Ada, formerly a well-known citizen of Duluth, is in the city today. He is now engaged in the practice of law at Ada, but for some time has been very sick. He is still rather weak.

John C. Eden, of St. Paul, was in the city today.

Frederick S. Duncan, of Englewood, N. J., is at the Spalding.

E. W. Peet, of St. Paul, one of the well-known investment brokers of the state and director of the St. Paul & Duluth road, is in the city.

Walter Butler came up from St. Paul this morning.

L. W. Wolcott, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

C. W. Turner came up from St. Paul last evening.

William Sauntry came up from Stillwater last evening.

Neil McKenzie and family, of West Duluth, left yesterday for Tennessee, where they will reside.

Walter G. Grimmer, of Manitowoc, Wis., is in the city and will be here two or three days.

Harry Hurdon will leave in a day or two to spend about ten days at Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Rouchleau are in New York.

H. E. Gilman, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

J. J. Sweeney left yesterday afternoon for St. Louis. He will remain there for some time.

State Grain Inspector A. C. Clausen, of St. Paul, and Commissioner Nathan Kingsley, of Austin, are in the city today.

Dr. A. L. Darms and wife came down from Eveleth today.

P. R. Vail came down from Ely this noon.

J. C. McGillivery, of Biwabik, is in the city.

W. W. Miller, special United States land agent, left yesterday for Macon, Ga., to attend the marriage of his daughter.

H. R. King, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.


# FREIMUTH'S

Has the news reached you of the

# Half Price Cloak Sale!

And do you realize what it means? This cold and severe weather makes the use of warm outer garments imperative. Our tremendous price cut makes the possession of it comparatively an easy matter. Don't buy a Cloak before you have seen our superior stock and get our prices. But come soon—come at once and get the pick before the choicest garments are gone.

REMEMBER TOMORROW WE WILL SELL
$10.00 Jackets at ..... $5.00
$15.00 Jackets at ..... $7.50
$18 00 Jackets at ..... $9.00
$20.00 Jackets at ..... $10.00
$25.00 Jackets at ..... $12.50

**Underwear.**
Special for Tomorrow.
Ladies' heavy ribbed Union Suits in natural gray, regular price $1.25, tomorrow only ..... 95c
Ladies' heavy Florence wool Union Suits, regular price $2 50, tomorrow only ..... $1.98
Ladies' all wool Florence Combination Suits, sold all season at $3.25, price tomorrow ... $2.50
Ladies' Luzerne Co.'s Vests and Pants, regular price $1.00, tomorrow ..... 69c
Ladies' extra heavy quality Camel's hair Vests and Pants, cheap at $1.25, tomorrow ... $1.00

**Jersey Leggings.**
Children's heavy Jersey Leggings, regular price $1.25, tomorrow ..... $1.00
Misses' Jersey Leggings, regular price $1.50, tomorrow ..... $1.25
Ladies' Jersey Leggings, regular price $2.00, tomorrow ..... $1.50
Ladies' heavy wool Equestrienne Tights, perfectly fast black, cheap at $1.50, tomorrow ... $1.00

**Mittens.**
Ladies' heavy wool Mittens, cheap at 35c, tomorrow ..... 25c
Ladies' double Silk Mittens, cheap at $1 00, tomorrow .... 75c
Ladies' lined real Mocha Mittens, extra quality, cheap at $1.50, tomorrow ..... $1.25

**Fascinators**
10 dozen Wool Fascinators, cheap at 75c, tomorrow only. 50c
5 dozen Ice Wool Fascinators, cheap at $1, tomorrow only .... 75c
5 dozen Ice Wool Fascinators, cheap at $1.38, tomorrow only ..... $1.00

**Crockery Dept.**
Nut Picks—
100 sets nickel plated Nut Picks, six picks to a set, Thursday, per set ..... 15c
Banquet Lamps—
50 polished brass Banquet Lamps, complete with central draught burner fancy colored silk shade, worth $3, Thursday, each ..... $1.95
Vase Lamps—
Decorated Vase Lamps, complete with 10-inch shade and burner, regular price $2 48, Thursday, each ..... $1.78
Fruit Plates—
Gold band Carlsbad China Fruit Plates, worth 15c each, Thursday, each ..... 9c
Tea Sets—
3-piece China Tea Sets, consisting of Tea Pot, Sugar Bowl and Cream Pitcher, special for Thurday, per set ..... 95c

**Hardware Dept.**
Potts' Irons—
Mrs. Potts' nickel plated Irons; three irons, handle and stand to the set, Thursday, per set ... 65c
Toilet Paper—
12 rolls good quality Toilet Paper, Thursday ..... 25c
Wash Basins—
Steel Enamelled Wash Basins—
11-inch size, each ..... 12c
12-inch size, each ..... 15c
13-inch size, each ..... 18c

**Toy Dept.**
Kid Dolls—12-inch Kid body Doll with open and shut eyes, worth 40c, special for Thursday, each .... 29c
Jointed Dolls—14-inch jointed Dolls, with curly hair, Thursday, each ..... 29c
Dressed Dolls—Good sized Dressed Doll, good value at 75c each, Thursday ..... 55c

# WARM FOOTWEAR.

You will find warmth and protection in a pair of our Frost Proof Felt Shoes, with felt or leather soles, button or lace, for Ladies and Children.

## SPECIAL PRICES:

Ladies' felt sole lace Shoes, none more comfortable, usual price $1.50 ..... $1.00
Ladies' Hand Turn, warm lined, Button or Lace Shoes, $2.00 value ..... $1.48
Ladies' Hand Turn, high top Carriage or Opera Boots, warm lined, worth $2 50 ..... $1.75
Ladies' Buckle Overshoes, $1.00 the price wherever you go, ..... 63c
Ladies' Fancy Slippers, warm lined, sizes 2½ to 4, always $1.50; half price ..... 75c
Children's Fur Trimmed Juliets, red or black, sizes 8½ to 10½ ..... 85c
Children's Buckle Overshoes, spring heel ..... 48c
Ladies' warm lined Slippers of all kinds ..... 50c AND UPWARD

A Large Line of High Button or Buckle Overshoes, Storm Alaskas and Rubbers of Every Description in Ladies', Misses' and Children's. Crochet and Hand Knit Slippers, all colors. Lamb's Wool Soles. Overgaiters.

Best Qualities. FREIMUTH'S Moderate Prices.



# KILGORE & SIEWERT
LONSDALE BUILDING.

People Who Read Our Ads

and pay attention to them know that it isn't an accident that this business has prospered. They know that our trade hasn't increased almost daily by reason of luck or liking. There are three reasons, told in three words, why we gain permanent patrons—quality—courtesy—economy.

EVERY NEW AND GOOD THING IS HERE FOR THE HOLIDAYS—

Rich Neckwear, Suspenders, Bath Robes, Smoking Jackets, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Initials, Mufflers, Caps, Gloves, Mittens, Sleeve Buttons, Scarf Pins, Silk Umbrellas, Canes.

Sole Agents DUNLAP & CO.'S HATS, JOHN B. STETSON & CO.'S HATS.

KILGORE & SIEWERT, 304 West Superior Street, Lonsdale Building.


## QUICKLY APPREHENDED.

### Two Men Arrested For Robbing Ernest Voss' Room.

The room of Ernest Voss, a lodger at 1928 West Michigan street, was broken into last evening and silverware and clothing to the value of $40 was carried off. Entrance was effected by breaking the lock with a hatchet. When Voss discovered his loss and gave an alarm, it was remembered by a woman in the house that she had seen J. H. Johnson and John Hendrickson, two woodsmen who had been rooming at the place for some time, hanging about the door of the room during the afternoon. A tour of the second-hand stores, which was made by the detectives, resulted in the discovery of portions of the silverware at Abelson's, 26 West Superior street, and Goldberg's, 511 West Superior street. The description of the men who disposed of the goods at these places pointed also to the suspected ones, and this morning they were arrested by Detective Troyer on Superior street near Nineteenth avenue west. They had on their persons some rings and other small articles of the silverware stolen. The time for their preliminary hearing on the charge of grand larceny was to be fixed this afternoon.

### Under New Management.

G. H. Apfel, whose reputation as one the most successful first-class barbers in the city has long been established, assumes control of the Lonsdale barber shop today. Mr. Apfel will conduct this shop in strictly first-class style, and will doubtless receive the large patronage his efforts will merit. The shop in the Providence building will continue, as heretofore, under his management.


# COME AND SEE US
AT THE CORNER OF Nineteenth Avenue East and First St.,

## Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 1-2.

OUR ANNUAL FAIR AND SPECIALTY ENTERTAINMENT.

LADIES' UNION OF THE..... Morley Congregational Church


## A TRIFLE WARMER.

### Thermometer Did Not Go So Low Last Night.

Last night was not so cold as the nights previous, but anyone who faced the wind for a considerable distance believed it colder. Though blowing only lightly, it was unusually keen and penetrating. The lowest point touched by the mercury was 13 degrees below zero. The night before the lowest was 21 degrees and Sunday night it was 20 degrees. The maximum was reached last night a little after midnight. At 7 o'clock this morning it had risen 3 degrees and registered 10 degrees below. Yesterday morning at the same time it was 10 degrees colder, or 20 below.

The weather data for the month of December extending over a period of twenty-five years, the life of the bureau in this city, shows the mean temperature to have been 17 degrees. The warmest month was in 1877, when the average was 34 degrees, and the coldest in 1872, average 5 degrees. The highest temperature recorded was 54 degrees on the 12th in 1891 and the lowest 31 degrees below on the 25th in 1879. The average precipitation has been 1.34 inches. The greatest was 3.89 inches in 1879. The greatest snow fall in any twenty-four hours was five inches on the 11th in 1886. The average number of cloudy days was 12; partly cloudy, 11, and clear, 8. Prevailing winds have been from the southwest, and the highest velocity was sixty miles from that direction on the 16th in 1874.

In prolonged severity, the cold wave now being experienced in this section has not before been equalled in this season since the establishment of the weather bureau office at Duluth. For the past four days, Nov. 28 to Dec. 1, inclusive, the mean temperature has been 8 degrees below zero. The nearest to this for any four days, in the early winter, to and including Dec. 1, is a mean temperature of 3 above zero for Nov. 28, 29, 30 and Dec. 1, 1875, though at that time a minimum temperature of 29 degrees below zero was recorded on Nov. 29, while the minimum of the present cold wave was 21 degrees below on Dec. 1.

## THE STUNTZ CASE.

### Case Brought By Assignee Davidson on Trial.

In district court this morning Judge Ensign was hearing the case of A. D. Davidson, as assignee for the State bank, against George R. Stuntz, to oust the latter from his home on First street, which it is claimed Stuntz wrongfully withholds. Stuntz's story is that in 1891 he had a mortgage on his homestead just about due, and he had to go away on an exploring trip. He went to M. O. Hall, of the State bank, and told him about it, and Hall said he would take care of it. This put his mind at rest, and Stuntz went about his business. He alleges that when he came back he found that Hall had allowed the mortgage to be foreclosed, had himself purchased the sheriff's certificate of sale and had turned it over to the bank.

Stuntz did not like this manner of caring for his property, so he set himself down in his homestead and refused to recognize the bank's ownership therein. He still continues to preserve this attitude, and the assignee of the bank seeks to have him legally thrown out of his home. The case was on trial at noon.

Judge Moer at noon was hearing the case of the Butler-Ryan company against W. B. Silvey et al., to enforce a lien of $14,972 on the Providence building. The plaintiff was the contracting firm which built the Providence building, and it alleges that the above amount is due. That it is due is not disputed, but the defendants claim that the lien was not filed within the legal time, and that for the balance due the plaintiff has been given a note secured by good collateral. The issue is whether the lien was filed within the legal time after the building was completed or not. To determine this the court has to decide whether certain work which was done on the building was in the nature of repairs or whether the building was not completed until after that work was completed. If the work was repairs, the plaintiff is too late with his lien.

The case of the Central Trust company, of New York, against the Minnesota Car company et al. was set for trial Dec. 28.

## THE HEALTH REPORT.

### City is in Remarkably Good Physical Condition.

The report of the health department for November has just been completed by Secretary Rossiter. By it, it appears there were but thirty-five deaths during the month as against forty-three during the corresponding month last year. The death rate is seven per 1000, against nine per 1000 for the month in the year preceding. A curious feautre of the showing is the number who have died from blood poisoning, there having been four, the largest number in any month in the history of the department. Death found a number of victims among the elderly, eight of those who were claimed by him being over 60 years of age. Diphtheria leads in the number of victims, five having succumbed under the disease. There were but fourteen cases of typhoid fever reported from the city during the month, and there were no deaths from this cause.

The report in detail is as follows: Causes of death—Diphtheria, 5; septicaemia, 4; old age, 4; accident and violence, 3; pneumonia, 3; gastro-enterels, 3; consumption, 2; convulsions, 2; capillary bronchitis, 2; 1 each from cholera infantum, hydrocephalus, cerebral hemorrhage, meningitis, tubercular meningitis, cancer of uterus, cancer of stomach. Of those dying, 6 were under 1 year of age, 4 from 1 to 5, 5 from 5 to 10, 3 from 10 to 20, 6 from 20 to 40, 3 from 40 to 60, 4 from 60 to 80 and 4 over 80. Born in Duluth, 14; in other states, 11; foreign born, 10. Males, 19; females, 16. Married, 12; single, 23.

Births—One hundred, as against 92 for the same month last year. Males, 64; females, 36. Twins, 2 pairs; still born, 3, illegitimate, 1.

## VERY LITTLE SICKNESS

### The School Children Are in Good Health.

The first of the weekly reports of the absences from the schools on account of sickness, which will hereafter be submitted, discloses, according to Health Officer Routh, a very satisfactory state of affairs. The absences, most of which were on account of colds and other trivial ailments, were as follows: Jackson, 34; Cleveland, 2; Emerson, 23; Adams, 10; Irving, 4; Franklin, 4; Washington, 10; Jefferson, 5. There were none from the Longfellow school. The inspectors were unable to reach the Lincoln, Endlon and Bryant schools this week. Aroused by a report in circulation that there were thirty teachers absent from duty on account of sickness, Dr. Routh caused inquiry to be made. The thirty dwindled to one, a teacher at the Cleveland school.


**Grand Program by Union Band At New Rink Tonight.**
Ice is in fine condition.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS


## Conveyed to the Omaha.

A deed was filed in the office of the register of deeds yesterday by which the Superior Short Line Railway company sold its line to the Omaha road for $100. The deed is dated August, 1895. The Omaha assumes a mortgage deed of $1,500,000 dated June 1, 1895. The property consists of ten miles of main line and thirty-three miles of siding running from Lake avenue in Duluth to Rice's Point, and thence across to connect with the Omaha in Superior, and it includes all the docks, depots, etc.


**$2. PER CORD DELIVERED.**
Stratlar loads, $1.50 and 75c. Pine stove wood office, 1st st. and 4th ave. w. Phone 515.


MISS E. HARVEY.

Formerly Mme. Boyd's head assistant, of Minneapolis, is opening dressmaking parlors in Duluth. Miss Harvey is by no means unknown by the ladies of Duluth. On the contrary, she possesses a very enviable reputation as a modiste here as well as in her native city.

"There are Others"
But it will pay you to visit
Our Establishment
and look over our stock and prices. We manufacture our own goods and can save you money. Our repairing, engraving, and stone cutting is done in the latest style by mechanics of twenty years experience and fully guaranteed. Pay cash for old gold and make to order any design.
Dorner & Co. Manufacturing Jewelers, Metropolitan block—2nd floor, next to Freimuth's.

# First National Bank
OF DULUTH.
United States Government Depositary.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIOBT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier.
Money Sent to All Parts of the World.
Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

A CHOICE
# Residence Lot
AT A GREAT BARGAIN.
Corner lot, fronting on three streets, in best neighborhood, and nearly double usual size. Ask particulars quick of
C. H. GRAVES & CO., Torrey Building, First Floor.

# CHEAP FARMS
In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.
J. R. GAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

TWELVE PAGES--PART TWO--Pages 9 to 12

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1896.

## CONTESTS

### Nice State of Affairs in the South Dakota Legislature Reported.

### Majority of the Seats Held By Republicans to Be Contested.

### This is Due to the Hot Fight Over the Senatorship.

Pierre, S. D., Dec. 2.—Reports of legislative contests become more numerous, and from indications when the legislature meets at least a majority of the Republicans will find their seats contested. The reason for this comes from the different senatorial aspirants. The followers of Kyle assert that the Pettigrew element started contests in districts which would, if the contestants succeeded, strengthen the Pettigrew forces in the legislature, and give them an advantage over the Kyle element. This started the Kyle forces to initiating contests, and the two factions will fight it out on the floor of the house.

The factional fight is likely to kill the chances of the contestants of either faction and leave the Republicans in their seats, as the members of neither faction will be willing to vote to seat men who would strengthen the opposition, and this strength, with the Republican members, will be strong enough to retain the Republicans in their seats. Again the beginning of the contests has carried the matter so far that it is likely to bring a reaction, and many of the contests be dropped, and never be pushed to a finish. If crowded too far it is not improbable that the Republicans will withdraw, and forming a "rump" legislature, select a senator of their own choosing and send him to Washington to make a fight before the senate for his seat.

If the Populists, or rather fusionists, are not satisfied with their working majority of both houses, and attempt to carry things with a high hand in the opening of the session, very queer political complications will result before the session is many days old.

## A SLEEPY WADENA GIRL.

### Goes to Sleep on All Conceivable Occasions.

Wadena, Minn., Dec. 2.—The professional services of physicians have been secured this week in one of the most peculiar cases which in long years of practice has ever come to the notice of those hereabouts. It is the case of Miss Hoff of Shell City, daughter of Rev. Mr. Hoff, well known in the northern portion of this county. The young lady, who was in the city the first of the week with her father, is perfectly healthy and is strong and vigorous in every way; but she is troubled with a peculiar complaint, which seems to be getting more pronounced at time passes.

The trouble with Miss Hoff is that she has hard work to keep awake. If she sits down for a few minutes during the day she falls at once into a sound sleep, and several times as she was about the house she has been known to fall asleep standing up. She is easily awakened by those around her, but if left alone she falls off again into another nap. Her parents have lately become worried about her.

The trouble has been gradually coming on for some months, and the young lady is now extremely drowsy. The case is a remarkable one and will undoubtedly excite considerable interest among the medical fraternity.

## NORTHERN FISHERIES.

### The Season Opened at the Northern Lakes.

Rat Portage, Man., Dec. 2.—The winter fishing season began yesterday, and great preparations have been made by the many local fishermen and large companies operating on the Lake of the Woods. Last season was a poor year for the dealers, the conditions for fishing being bad, the weather stormy and the water high, but it is expected that after Jan. 1 there will be many applications for new licenses. The sturgeon is becoming gradually depleted in these waters, and it is to be hoped that successful methods of artificial propagation may be introduced.

Caviare, that highly prized and costly product of the sturgeon, owing to the decreased catch of the fish, was not shipped in such bulk as during previous years, but the prices were so much better that the receipts exceeded those of other years. Last year's shipments of caviare from this district amounted to about 150,000 pounds, and the price was 40 cents a pound. The sturgeon are shipped almost exclusively to United States wholesale centers, but the caviare goes to Germany. There it is carefully examined and the best kept for home use, while the rest is labeled "finest quality Russian caviare" and shipped back to American markets. Russia is the greatest caviare exporting country in the world, the sturgeon being taken chiefly in the Volga district. A curious thing in connection with the preservation of this delicacy is that only one kind of salt can be used. It is a German product, and is shipped to every part of the world where there are sturgeon fisheries.

Lake of the Woods fishermen are now wondering whether Canadian fish will come under the ban of high protection in the United States. The fish business has been till this year the most important factor in the interests of the district, and is now only exceeded by the gold mines.

A DEAD CLERGYMAN.

Fort Worth, Texas, Dec. 1.—Rev. J. Morganwell, of the First Baptist church, died this morning of apoplexy. He was one of the leading ministers of Texas.

FREE TO EVERY MAN.

THE METHOD OF A GREAT TREATMENT FOR WEAKNESS OF MEN.

WHICH CURED HIM AFTER EVERYTHING ELSE FAILED.

Painful diseases are bad enough, but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his aid in the shape of a combination of medicines that not only completely restored the general health, but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor, and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the method of this wonderful treatment free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost, because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist, nor do I pose as an enthusiast, but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a remedy as the one that cured me. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the information, but send for it, and learn that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get are worth a fortune to some men and mean a lifetime of happiness to most of us. Write to Thomas Slater, box 296, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain sealed envelope.

## INDIANS ARE PLEASED.

### Mille Lacs Tribe of Chippewas Get Their Annuities.

Little Falls, Dec. 2.—Mayor Nate Richardson, who has for many years transacted the business and acted in the capacity of confidential adviser for the Mille Lacs tribe of Chippewa Indians, received a letter from Head Chief Wan-we-com-ic, stating that he had been notified that the Indians would receive a payment of the annuities due them on Monday.

Mayor Richardson also received a letter from Gus Beaulieu, stating that the Indians would be paid this year, receiving $7 per head, including squaws and children.

The Mille Lacs Indians have not been paid their annuities for six years, and it is thought that the reason for withholding the payments was the desire of the department to induce the Indians to remove to the White Earth reservation and accept land in severalty.

The Indians have resisted all efforts toward removing them to White Earth and still refuse to go, and it is now evident that the department has given up the idea of moving them, and will give them their payments at Mille Lacs.

There are now, Judge Richardson says, six payments due them. They have received but one payment since the treaty in 1889. The other payments, he thinks, will be made soon, and the Indians will get all the money due them.

There are about 700 Indians, including the Sauk river tribe, and the total amount to be distributed will be about $5000.

The chief's letter to Mayor Richardson indicated that the Indians were greatly pleased at the prospect of receiving their annuities, and stated that it would relieve a great deal of suffering and want among the tribe, and place them in good shape for the winter.

A LUMBER CONVENTION.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—A call for a national convention of lumber interests, to be held at Cincinnati, Dec. 15, to urge a restoration of the tariff on lumber, was issued yesterday by W. B. Judson and J. F. de Baugh, publishers of the Northwestern Lumberman and the Timberman. After condemning the tariff act of 1894, and urging the necessity of concerted action, the call concludes:

We, therefore, on behalf of the trade, call a convention of the lumber industry of the United States, to be held at the Grand hotel, in the city of Cincinnati, on Tuesday, the 15th day of December, 1896, to which convention every lumbermens' organization of the United States, whether local, state or sectional, or devoted to any particular branch of the lumbering industry, is invited and urged to send delegates. The invitation is furthermore extended to individual members of the lumber trade to be present and to take part in the deliberations and action of the meeting.

CONVENT INMATE SUICIDES.

Cincinnati, Dec. 1.—A special from Brookville, Ind., says: Clara Fisher, a novice in a convent, temporarily at home in Hamburg, convalescing from an attack of typhoid fever, which had unbalanced her mind, hanged herself Sunday. She had, by crawling over the haymow, entered an unused apartment of the barn, the door of which was frozen shut, and hanged herself. She was not found until after an all day search.

ELECTRIC CAR COLLISION.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 1.—As a result of a head end collision between two electric cars near Pasadena, P. G. E. Frost, a Chicago capitalist, lies at the Westminster hotel in this city in a critical condition. He was pinned in the wreck and sustained a fracture of the right leg above the knee. His foot was badly crushed and his head cut by broken glass. Two friends who accompanied him were also injured.

DISTILLERY ACTIVITY.

Peoria, Ill., Dec. 1.—The Great Western distillery has commenced mashing 3000 bushels of grain per day, and by the end of the week will be running six thousand bushels. The Monarch is increasing rapidly to the same amount. Both houses belong to the American Spirits Manufacturing company.

JOCKEY M'LAUGHLIN'S JOB.

New York, Dec. 1.—James McLaughlin, the old-time jockey, has signed a contract with Burns & Waterhouse, of San Francisco, and Sacramento, to run their stables for one year.

JOHN KELLY DEAD.

Brainerd, Minn., Dec. 2.—A tramp, whose name is unknown, was found dead in Deware's saloon yesterday. He came into the saloon about midnight and asked to be allowed to stay all night. He was given a place to sleep in the card room. When called to get out at 5 o'clock he was found dead from alcoholism and exposure. An acquaintance of the dead man says he went by the name of "John Kelly," and that his home was somewhere in Michigan.

New remedies are being constantly introduced to the public, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup still maintains its preeminence.

## CONFIDENT

### Fitzsimmons Says He Has a Sure Victory Ahead of Him Tonight.

### Sharkey Says His Opponent Will Realize There Has Been a Fight.

### Sailor is Popular But Betting is 20 to 9 on Fitzsimmons.

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Both Fitzsimmons and Sharkey have ceased training, and retired early at their respective quarters, fully primed for their meeting in the arena of the National Athletic club tonight. When Fitzsimmons was weighed yesterday morning in his fighting togs he tipped the scales at exactly 173½ pounds, and this will be about his weight when he goes into the ring tonight. He has never stripped as heavy in any battle he has ever fought, but the added flesh is as hard as nails. His trainers are beaming all over with their belief in victory tonight. Hickey is perfectly confident. He thinks the affair will last about three rounds, and that Fitz will put Sharkey out with a punch.

"This battle is going to be a short, quick go," said Fitzsimmons. "I suppose Sharkey will play endurance, but even if he were able to keep away from me, which he cannot, I can stand the endurance part of it as long as he can. It's a cinch, and I never thought it was anything else from the day the match was made." Ring experts express the opinion that Sharkey is in almost too fine condition, but say that his youth and sound constitution will help him to take on some strength during the rest today.

Sharkey is confident of victory. He believes he will win inside of seven rounds. He said he was going to put up a fight that would surprise "somebody." "I can hit just as hard as Fitzsimmons can," was the way he put it, "and he will know before the fun is over that he has been in a fight." As yet he has not seen Fitz, and what he knows of the Australian is second hand knowledge. He read carefully every word of the newspaper account of the Australian's manner of training. He was interested in reports he has heard of Fitzsimmons' heavy right hand jabs, and it may have been just pure chance on his part, but the sailor has developed his left arm hitting powers.

That Sharkey is the popular favorite, while Fitz is the choice of the talent, was conclusively proven at the pool rooms last night, for Sharkey money was never lacking when Fitzsimmons' cash was anxious. So strong were the sailor's backers that the odds veered from even money that Sharkey would be put out in six rounds to 9 to 10 that he would stay. Some money was placed on Fitz at 10 to 4, but the betting settled at 20 to 9, and big money went into the pools at this figure. The seating arrangements are as nearly perfect as the capacity of the pavilion will permit.

The ring has been established in the center of the building. Around it has been constructed a quadrangle of 172 boxes, with eight seats each. Stretching away in every direction seats will rise after the style of a modern theater to the number of 8000. The gallery is similarly arranged, with the exception that benches will be provided for the spectators. The seating capacity in this part of the hall is limited to 4000. Over 12,000 of the 14,000 seats provided have been disposed of up to this morning. It is predicted that the big hall will be hardly large enough to accomodate the crowd that will clamor for admittance at the last moment.

BLAZING COAL SHEDS.

Boston, Dec. 1.—Fire today in the coal sheds of the Boston & Maine railroad at the rear of the state prison at Charleston, did $80,000 damage, the fall of a portion of the shed upon the tracks of the Fitchburg division blocked traffic for several hours. Fireman Ryan slipped on the ice while working at the fire and sustained a fracture of the leg.

THE OLD WAY

Of Treating Dyspepsia and Indigestion by Dieting a Barbarous and Useless One.

We say the old way, but really it is a very common one at present time, and many dyspeptics and physicians as well consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others, or to greatly diminish the quantity usually taken; in other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but still the moment dyspepsia makes its appearance a course of dieting is at once advised.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting or starvation to a man suffering from dyspepsia, because indigestion itself starves every organ and every nerve and every fiber in the body.

What the dyspeptic wants is abundant nutrition, which means plenty of good, wholesome, well-cooked food and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it. This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's dyspepsia Tablets are adapted, and this is the method by which they cure the worst cases of dyspepsia; in other words, the patient eats plenty of wholesome food, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest it for him. In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not. One of these tablets will digest 3000 grains of meat or eggs.

Your druggist will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the purest and safest remedy sold for stomach troubles, and every trial makes one more friend for this excellent preparation. Sold at 50 cents for full-sized packages at all drug stores.

## THE PROMOTER'S FIELD.

### His Interest is Identical With the Prospector's.

The prospectors of Rainy Lake, for the most part, are new to the business, with experience in their line limited to this section only, and for that reason have little or no idea of what is necessary to aid in the disposal of their properties to men of means who will develop them and prove their worth, says the Rainy Lake Journal. They do not seem to comprehend that the promoter is, and always has been, a real factor in bringing attention of capitalists to other localities, and as a matter of fact will be and is of essential importance in securing capital for development of the Rainy Lake gold fields, in fact Cecil Rhodes and Barney Barnato, who did so much for the South Africa gold mines were simply prospectors. But, in his endeavor to bring capital into these gold fields, he has been very sadly hampered by the shortsighted policy of the prospectors themselves, who so far, except in limited cases, seem indisposed to grant him the necessary written option of sufficient length of time to enable him to call the attention of capitalists to the particular property in hand, and thus eventually make a sale.

Such a policy can have no other effect than to retard sale and ultimate development of properties in this region, as no promoter can bring capitalists to interest themselves in property, unless they are sure that when they make up their minds to take it, it will be free of other incumbrance and is open solely to them, either as a bonding proposition of for outright sale. They are right in this particular, and prospectors should see it and understand it in this light, which instead of retarding a sale will actually hasten the deal, and for that reason they should be willing to do all in their power to aid the promoter in effecting a sale, and give him the required written option. The writer knows of a number of good properties in this gold region that for years have been on the market to the first comers, the owners of which have refused to give written options to promoters and for that reason have lost sales that otherwise might have been accomplished for them at good round figures in the course of three or four months.

The writer has had some experience in this matter and knows what he is talking about, and for that reason if any of his prospector friends really desire to sell their property, and in order to help matters along will give him a sole written option of not less than three months' duration, he is in a position to call the attention of Canadian, American and foreign capitalists to the properties thus placed in his hands, and if such properties will stand the test of examination by expert mining men, will have no trouble in effecting sales, and bringing considerable money, sorely needed, into these new and rich gold fields. The promoter surely is no less anxious to effect sale than is the prospector, as in that rests his commissions. In reality their interests are identical, and for that reason there should be a mutual endeavor to bring about something which will be profitable individually to both, and collectively to the whole of the gold fields, as each sale made will serve to advertise the whole region, and bring about in time other sales and subsequent development into paying gold mines.

## ON TRIAL FOR MURDER.

### Slayer of Martin Heiman to Be Tried.

Stillwater, Dec. 2.—Frank Koplin, now confined in the county jail here, will be put on trial for his life early next week. Koplin is charged with the murder of Martin Heiman, at Oak Park, in June last. Koplin was a worthless character, who believed in subsisting on the generosity of others, and when Heiman, who was his brother-in-law, refused to support him any longer, it is alleged he shot him from behind. The only excuse Koplin gave at the time was that Heiman had defamed him while conversing with neighbors. The trial will awaken considerable interest, as the sympathy of Stillwater people is against Koplin. He has not outlined his system of defense.

CLARKSON'S MINNESOTA AIDES.

The following Minnesota members of the G. A. R. are appointed aides de camp on the staff of Commander-in-Chief Clarkson: Henry A. Castle, St. Paul; W. M. Bates, Duluth; Daniel Fish, Minneapolis; W. D. W. Pringle, Hastings; J. H. Baker, Mankato; C. W. McKay, Fergus Falls; J. F. French, Windom; R. M. Tyler, Fairmont; A. T. Koerner, Litchfield; J. M. Glunt, Staples; T. A. Harris, Crookston, G. A. Whitney, Wadena; D. B. Searle, St. Cloud; P. D. Winship, Park Rapids; John McCallum, Ortonville; W. F. Bacon, Hastings; J. M. Tucker, Hastings; Isaac E. West, Duluth; Maj. H. C. Wilkinson, U. S. A., Ft. Snelling.

THE IRON RANGE'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Duluth & Iron Range railroad from Duluth to Tower holds the key to the situation so far as concerns securing the traffic this winter to and from the Rainy Lake gold fields, says the Rainy Lake Journal. Its station at Tower is the nearest railroad point to the gold mines. The company has expended several thousand dollars already in the construction of stage roads, which of course are merely preliminary to the future extension of the railroad, and it is entitled to its share of the freight and passenger traffic to the New Eldorado. And, mark you! when the first locomotive makes its appearance in the Rainy Lake gold region it will have "Iron Range" emblazoned in big letters on the side of the tender. In other words, the Iron Range this winter will secure all the traffic into the gold fields, and it is going to keep it.

SECTS TO AMALGAMATE.

Ligonier, Ind., Dec. 2.—Steps have ben taken toward a consolidation of the Mennonite and Amish religious denominations in the United States and Canada. The aims and objects of these two denominations are similar and the proposed amalgamation will unite in one body two powerful religious sects. The district conferences of the two churches will name delegates and a delegate body will convene to consume the union. Every church in the United States and Canada will thus take action and an international conference will be held in Elkhart county in 1897.

LEAVES THE TURF.

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Walter Hobart, the young millionaire, has retired from the turf. Mr. Hobart has been a liberal purchaser of thoroughbreds in the past few years. He paid big prices for yearlings and must have invested $50,000 in his stable. His lucky purchase of Bright Phoenbus, out of which he got rich, is a matter of history. While the string did not do as well as expected this season, it is safe to assert that Hobart is not a loser in his short career on the turf. He has about twenty-five thoroughbreds at present.

DAN STUART IMPROVING.

St. Louis, Dec. 1.—A special from Dallas, Tex., says that Dan Stuart, who has been very sick with interlocking of the bowels, is reported to be resting easy now. He was attacked suddenly and for a time his life was despaired of.

TANNER WILL HEAD THEM.

Chicago, Dec. 1.—The Tribune says: The First regiment, I. N. G., will march in the inaugural parade on March 4. Their place in the procession will be near the president's personal escort. Governor-elect John M. Tanner will ride at the head of the Illinois militia.

## LUXURY

### Senate Chamber at Washington Has Been Gorgeously Fitted Up.

### Solons of the Senate Will Scarcely Know Where They Are at.

### First Renovating of the Old Room For About Thirty Years.

When congress reconvenes in December the historic old senate chamber will be transformed and improved to such an extent that the august and reverend senators will scarcely recognize the place, says a letter in Philadelphia Times. For that glorious hall of Benton and Sumner and Conkling is now undergoing a complete regeneration, and in the course of a few weeks it will have been changed from perhaps the most primitive and antiquated legislative chamber in the civilized world into the most modern one, equipped with a multitude of devices and conveniences that are not only fully abreast of the city, but considerably in advance of it. Aged and venerable senators, like Morrill, of Vermont, who has occupied a seat in the chamber for thirty years, will no doubt wonder where they are when its newly acquired splendors first burst upon their astonished vision. And the younger and more festive senators, whose eyes so constantly revert to the galleries to catch the smiles and glances of their fair occupants, will see the spectators, not crowded in old painted wooden benches as of yore, but seated luxuriously in rising tiers of opera chairs, richly cushioned and upholstered in dark red leather, and constructed after a unique pattern. They will see the walls renewed and fresh, and at night the chamber will be illuminated brilliantly with beautiful clusters of incandescent electric lights above the tinted glass ceilings, and not only in the galleries, but on the senate floor everybody will be more comfortable by reason of the many novel improvements in the reconstruction, heating and ventilation of the restored chamber. The temperature in the summer will be kept cool and equable by means of a cold storage system, and at all times and seasons will be promoted by the best modern agencies that money can buy. And thus greater inducements and incentives than ever will prompt aspiring statesmen to attempt to "break into" the United States senate.

Just now the old senate chamber, that has not been changed materially for more than thirty years, is completely gutted, and the interior is filled with a confused litter of mingled bricks, mortar, lumber, iron and flying dust. The entire floor and all the brick walls and piers beneath it have been taken out, to be replaced by a new iron floor, topped by a wooden one of cherry. The homely, old-fashioned galleries have been demolished, and will be superceded by handsome balconies like those of our best up-to-date theaters. The seating capacity of the old balconies accommodated 1500 people, but the arrangement of the benches always resulted in jamming and disorderly crowding on great field days. There will be only 700 chairs in the new galleries, but each one will be a reserved seat, and when they have all been filled the limit of capacity cannot be stretched, and thus overcrowding will be avoided.

These gallery chairs will be remarkable from the fact that they are to be supplied with an original ventilating device. Each chair will have two mahogany legs or supports, and under these, forming a part of the legs, will be an apparatus for diffusing an equable current of fresh air of the right temperature in and around the clothing and body of the occupant. The air will be supplied continuously from shafts underneath the floor, and will be diffused evenly from apertures in the supports, so that there will be no drafts. The cost of these ventilated chairs will be $3000 or $5.14 apiece.

The senators' mahogany desks down on the senate floor will also be fitted with similar ventilators. In rebuilding the senate floor five inches will be gained in the width of each row of seats without taking away any of the chair room behind the desks. Thus there will be a gain in all of twenty inches, there being four rows of seats, and this gain can be utilized hereafter by the addition of a short row of desks at the two corners of the chamber, thus practically increasing the capacity of the chamber itself. This is important, inasmuch as the admission of new states will demand greater capacity for the presence of new senators.

The ventilation scheme is elaborate and ingenious. It is now being carried out under the direction of the architect of the capitol, Edward Clark, in accordance with scientific plans prepared by Professor S. H. Woodbridge, professor of physics in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Boston. The need of improved ventilation in the senate does not strike the average visitor in the gallery as urgent, but ever since one lordly and reverend senator, a few years ago, removed one of his summer shoes to ease a lacerated toe, and placed the wounded foot on a colleague's desk, there has been a deal of joking in the senate on the subject of ventilation, and there are officials in the senate who now remark that the present ventilation scheme is the sequel of that jocular agitation.

First, a cold storage plant, to cost $15,00, will be established in the terrace at the west front of the capitol. It will be operated by the usual ammonia process and will include a refrigerating machine, a tank, an insulator and an engine. Exceedingly cold brine will be supplied to the air in the system of air ducts reaching from the terrace to the distributing shafts. This will take the humidity out of the air and reduce its temperature, and can be controlled that the requisite supply of cool air can be given to the senate even in the most torrid Washington summer weather. Associated with this cold storage plant will be fresh air and steam heating systems. The steam heating plant in the senate basement is undergoing reconstruction, and suitable arrangements will be provided to furnish this steam heated air to automatic fans at a definite temperature. The old fans and steam engines have been removed, and newer and more efficient fans will be substituted, to be driven by electric motors directly connected with the shaft fans. The pure outside air supplied to the steam heating coils will be brought from the stone tower at the northwest section of the capitol grounds, and after being properly warmed, will be diffused through the heating shafts. The temperature will be regulated by a special controlling device.

If the temperature in the senate should change one degree either too warm or too cool, the device will shut off the hot air to mix with it until the desired temperature is restored. If too cold, the supply of cold air is restricted in a similar way. The air supply, whether heated for winter or artificially cooled for summer, will be forced from the various plants with an even pressure through the air shafts under the air-tight flooring of the senate and galleries, through the desk and chair legs and through the diffusing boxes. The pressure will be controlled by regulators under each chair, desk and the foul or consumed air will escape through especially designed appertures in the ceiling and will be drawn thence to the outside by a special fan placed on the roof of the connecting corridor, joining the senate wing to the old central building.

The paneling around the gallery walls will be renewed and painted in lighter and more modern designs, and the lower walls of the chamber will be restored and colored in light pearl with gold damask panels. The press gallery will likewise be restored in an improved form, and ventilating chairs will supplant those of the abandoned pattern.

The substitution of incandescent electric lights above the glass ceiling will be a great improvement over the old gas lamps. In former times, unless carefully watched, the gas lights at the ceiling would increase the temperature of the chamber as much as 10 degrees in the course of half an hour, and oftentimes the sudden heat would shatter the glass and endanger the devoted lives of senators below. Finally, 150 arc lights will be distributed and erected throughout the capitol grounds, and the use of gas will be discontinued in the grounds as well as in the capitol itself. All these improvements will be finished before the 1st of November.

## WOMEN WHO SMOKE.

### Opinions of Men Regarding the Habit.

The up-to-date American girl smokes. Whether this is due to the example of the women of the smart set in England or to "higher education" is an unsettled question, but the fact remains that smoking among the fair sex is almost as firmly an established thing as bicycles and tight sleeves, says the New York Journal.

Now it would be interesting to know what our prominent men of affairs and society think of this widely spreading, if innocent, vice that is so popular among women of the day. So a Journal woman started out to get their opinions.

"The idea is horrible! horrible!" said Mr. Depew. "We have done away with one illusion in this progressive age, that man should work and slave for woman to keep her in beauty and luxury. We have resigned that to the age of chivalry, and women are now crowding to the front and adopting our professions, but when she adopts our vices she loses her peculiar charm. Well, perhaps, smoking cannot be called a vice exactly, but certainly it is a weakness. Besides smoking makes breath bad and a lovely woman with a bad breath—oh, perish the thought."

Center Hitchcock, whos is one of the most "eligible" bachelors in the smart set—young, clever, good looking, with the figure of a young Hercules, and heir to a large fortune—said:

"I do not object to seeing a woman smoke, if she does so gracefully. What objection could there be? There is a great opportunity for artistic poses. After all, I suppose it is simply a matter of custom—you remember that a princess of the strictest and most exclusive court in Europe, the Spanish, shocked beyond description the good people of Chicago by smoking a cigarette in public."

In the art world the famous painter, Edward Moran, who took issue with Chartran in his criticism of American art, was seen. "What do I think of women who smoke?" he said. "I cannot think on the subject at all—cannot consider it in the province of women to smoke. It is abominable. After it comes the bottle; both are convivial, the one leads to the other."

Ex-Congressman John S. Wise, of Virginia, was one of the most popular members in the house. The belles of Washington turned out en masse when he was to speak, and his desk was hidden in an avalanche of flowers. "I think that women can find more congenial and appropriate amusements," said Mr. Wise. "Pretty lips were made to be kissed—I would not like to kiss a woman who had been smoking, and I never saw a pretty woman I did not want to kiss."

Reginald De Koven was found in the artistic den where he composes his delightful operas. "Why shouldn't a woman smoke?" asked Mr. De Koven in mild surprise. He watched his own cigarette end its existence in the ashes of the tray and then continued: "No, I do not object to the idea—perhaps it is because I have lived abroad so much, where all women of caste smoke as a matter of course. At the afternoon functions of all women of Spain, Italy, Russia, France, and very often in England, the cigarettes are served as surely as the tea.

"I think that the men of the last generation are apt to believe that smoking leads to a general degeneracy. They are very wrong. The idea is absurd. In fact, I think that a pretty woman never looks more enchanting than when she is smoking. If she has any charm or piquancy it is accented then."

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, in command of the army of the United States, said:

"Smoking has greatly increased in this country since the war, and I have not a doubt that it is due to a great extent to the example of Gen. Grant, who was an inveterate smoker. It was the cause of his death, you remember. The tobacco poisoned his throat and a cancer ensued. He spoke to me about it just three months before his death. In regard to women smoking, I think it is not well for the woman who is teaching lisping lips the first words of love and prayer to do so with a cigarette in her own lips."

Edgar Saltus, "the prose laureate of pessimism," whose scientific works have won for him a first place in the ranks of modern thinkers, said:

"In regard to cigarette smoking, and, for that matter, in regard to a great many things, were I a woman my motto would be 'Pourquoi pas?' But I would take care not to live up to it."

AFTER THE CYCLONE.

Lieut. "Jim" Johnson of Battery A tells the story of a pathetic incident of the cyclone that visited this city in May, says the St. Louis Republic.

"We sent out an ambulance from Jefferson barracks the day after the cyclone," said the lieutenant. "It was placed at the disposal of one of the charitable organizations and for several days was kept busy collecting clothing for children.

"One day the ambulance was making the rounds in the West End and made its last stop at a residence which bore every evidence of being newly occupied. The furniture was not yet in place and the hall was piled high with trunks and boxes. A maid answered the bell and went in search of her mistress. A lovely, sad-faced woman in black came to the door.

"'We are in search of children's clothing, madam,' said the collector. 'There seems to be a dearth of it at the hospital.'

"The mistress of the house caught her breath painfully. 'Yes, wait,' she said, and hurried away. The maid came soon carrying a dainty bed on which a child of 3 or 4 might have rested. They carried the pretty, lace object to the ambulance and returned to find the sad woman in black bearing in her arms a pile of delicate garments, such as a daintily nurtured child would wear. The sad-faced woman folded the little dresses with tender touch and tears fell slowly upon their whiteness as she smoothed and patted them as she would an infant's bed.

"'Have you any children, madam?' asked the collector.

"'I had until Wednesday, but our only child was killed by the cyclone.'

"She rested her head on the pile of little garments and wept heart-brokenly.

"By degrees she told her story. The family had lived in the South Side, and their home had been destroyed by the fearful storm. The baby's tender body had been crushed by falling stones. The mother was sending baby clothes, no longer needed, to the mother whose children had been spared."

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

BEST AND PUREST.

Solon Springs water, 10 cts. gallon.

NERVURA MAKES THE CURES.

Vice-President Massachusetts Total Abstinence Society Cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura.

Vice-President S. Louise Barton Tells of Her Wonderful Cure by Dr. Greene's Nervura. The Most Perfect Medicine to Take.

VICE-PRESIDENT MRS. S. LOUISE BARTON.

If you need medicine, do not fail to take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is indeed the great strengthener, the great invigorator, the great restorer of health, strength and vitality. It stands today pre-eminently above all other remedies as the one great curer of the people. No other remedy approaches it in marvelous power to make the sick well. No other medicine in the world ever had so many testimonials of cure from all classes of our people—senators, judges, legislators, mayors, state officials, doctors, while thousands upon thousands of cures are effected among the common people everywhere. It is the one medicine which always cures.

Vice president of the Massachusetts Total Abstinence society, Mrs. S. Louise Barton, of 4 Union Park street, Boston, Mass., is another added to the long list of prominent people cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura. She says:

"I am glad to give my testimony in regard to the great worth of Dr. Greene's Nervura. Two years ago my husband and myself, both slowly recovering from a severe illness, found ourselves unable to sleep, and becoming by reason of this so nervous and weak as greatly to retard our recovery.

"By the advice of a friend (after trying various other remedies) we began to take Dr. Greene's Nervura. It acted like a charm, giving us refreshing slumber and also returning strength. I had been troubled with dyspepsia and found, to my surprise, that as my strength returned I was being cured of this disease also. I have relied on it ever since when wearied with my brain work, and found it the best thing I have ever tried."

Now is the time you need this grand remedy. Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is the true cure. It is just what your system requires. It will take away that weak, tired, languid and nervous feeling, drive away the blues and mental depression, cure the aching head, the weak back, the kidney and liver trouble. In fact it will put you in sound condition, give you strong muscles, pure blood, good digestion, natural sleep, renewed energy, high spirits and the light elastic step of vigorous and perfect health.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is a physician's prescription, the discovery of the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, hence it must of necessity be perfectly adapted to cure just these conditions. The doctor can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

# PROCEEDINGS

—OF THE—

# Board of County Commissioners.

**Of St. Louis County, Minnesota.**

Auditor's Office, St. Louis County, Duluth, Minn., Nov. 6th, 1896.

Th board of county commissioners met at 2 o'clock p. m., this 6th day of November, 1896, pursuant to call.

Present — Commissioners Swenson, Miller, Morcom, Dinham and Chairman Helm.

Absent—None.

The minutes of the last meeting were read, and upon motion of Commissioner Swenson, were approved.

Judge S. F. White presented the board with a copy of the mandate of the supreme court of the state of Minnesota, ordering the re-instatement of R. S. Cowden as fireman for court house and jail, and asked the board also to reinstate John T. Russell as watchman for the court house in accordance with stipulated agreement made with the county attorney at the time proceedings were begun in the Cowden case.

COMMUNICATIONS AND PETITIONS.

From H. H. Hart, clerk of executive committee of Minnesota State Conference of Charities and Correction inviting this board to appoint one or more of its members as delegates to the fifth annual meeting at Red Wing, Nov. 17-19, 1896.

Order received and filed.

From Wesley Matthews, of the town of Kelsey, urging an additional appropriation of $200 for the Kelsey road.

Referred to superintendent of roads with directions to report to this board.

From Eugene Demars, Joseph LeClair, John Paradise and Frank Collins, of Eveleth, complaining that they sub-contracted for the clearing of four acres of the right-of-way of the Miller Trunk road under the Charles H. Chaffer contract and demanded their pay, that payment was refused, and they ask this board to take such action as shall enforce a settlement of their claims.

Referred to committee on claims and accounts.

From B. Wintergerst, of the town of Culver, certifying that the house of Mrs. Richters had been moved by the road foreman in a satisfactory manner.

Ordered received and filed.

From Martin Brodahl, asking that he be appointed inspector on the Miller Trunk road for the section under contract to P. McDonnell.

Ordered received and filed.

From Alfred LeRicheux, secretary of the board of education, asking this board to authorize the county treasurer to pay to the treasurer of Independent school district of Duluth, all sums arising from levies made for state loans to school district numbered 1, 2, 3 and 16, said loans having been assumed by said independent school district.

Referred to committee on claims and accounts.

Form Thomas Dahl, G. A. Sjoselius, L. B. Manley and a large number of other residents of St. Louis county, urging this board to adopt the plans of C. M. Horton which were submitted for the Short Line Park bridge and authorize said C. M. Horton to construct the same.

Referred to committee on highways and bridges.

From James Beatty, Samuel Owens, George Hunter and thirty other residents of the city of Tower and townships 62-17 and 62-18, asking this board to authorize and direct that the portion of the Miller Trunk road, from the crossing of the Tower and Itasca road to the head of Lake Vermilion, be cut out and bridged so as to make it passable for teams the coming winter.

Referred to superintendent of roads, with directions to investigate and report.

From A. N. Snyder, William Gustafson and forty-two other residents and Flood-settlers living in and about Floodwood, urging this board to appropriate an additional sum of money for the Prairie Lake road sufficient to build the same through one mile of swamp, and representing that it is impossible to use the portion of the road already built to any extent until the section of the road above referred to is completed.

Referred to superintendent of roads, with directions to investigate and report.

From Frank Amsley, Charles Borg, T. McCraig and thirty-three other freeholders in townships 57, range 18, asking that a road be established and opened from the corner post separating sections 10 and 11 in said township, and running thence north between sections 10 and 11, 2 and 3 to the intersection of the Grant road, it being the purpose to change the route of the Iron Junction and Eveleth road to conform to the above lines, and the petitioners allege that such change in the location of said road would save the county the expense of building two miles of road.

Referred to superintendent of roads with directions to investigate and report.

From James Wilson, T. W. Murphy, and eighty-two other citizens, residents and taxpayers of Hibbing and Sturgeon lake and the immediate vicinity, urging this board to make an appropriation for the purpose of improving the road from Hibbing to Sturgeon lake in order to make it passable, and representing that the cost of such improvement would be between $500 and $1000.

Referred to superintendent of roads with directions to investigate and report.

From J. J. Olson, Lars Nannan, CharlesGronquist and twenty-four other freeholders of St. Louis county, asking for the location and establishment of a road or highway running into more than one town in said county, and not within the limits of any incorporated city, as follows:

Commencing at the section corner between sections 28, 29, 32 and 33, in township 50, range 15, thence south on section line between said sections 32 and 33, and sections 4 and 5, in township 49, range 15, to the section corner between sections 4, 5, 8, and 9, in township 49, range 15, thence east on the section line, between said sections 4 and 9 to the section corner between sections 3, 4, 9 and 10, township 49, range 15.

Proof that copies of the petition had been posted according to law accompanied the petition.

Referred to superintendent of roads with directions to investigate and report.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

Register of deeds showing that his office had earned and turned over to the county treasurer, for month of October, 1896, the sum of $458.65.

Ordered received and filed.

Clerk of court, showing that his office had earned fees, during month of October, 1896, amounting to $1210.15, and that he had collected and turned over to the county treasurer during said month the sum of $924.70.

Ordered received and filed.

Overseer of poor farm, showing cost of conducting the poor farm in month of October, 1896, as follows:

Groceries and supplies, $559.29; amount paid help, $64; total, $623.29.

Credits claimed are for 8 burials, $40; 22 loads of wood, delivered, $55; board bill, $17.50; 2 pigs sold, $4; total, $116.50.

Ordered received and filed.

County physician, showing that there were 27 county patients in hospitals Oct. 1; admitted during month, 31; discharged, 32; died in hospital, 6; in hospital, Nov. 1, 20.

Ordered received and filed.

Superintendent of poor, showing total expense on account of paupers during month of October was $4267.56, as follows: Provisions, $1458.10; fuel, $125.65; clothing, $342.46; burials, $101.95; transportation, $643.39; poor farm, $623.29; hospitals, $705.32; miscellaneous, $268.

Ordered received and filed.

Superintendent of roads, showing expenditures on county roads during month of October, 1896, amounting to $11,442.73, as follows:

Schultz road, $486.85; Seville, $142; Cloquet river, $160.50; Culver, $211.85; Maple Grove, $69; Prairie lake, $927.70; Janzig, $351; Canosia, $310.62; Industrial, $400; Grand Lake station, $528.31; Midway, $399; Proctorknott, $491.22; Lakke, $327.25; McComber, $506.55; La Vaque, $908.05; Culver extension, $500; Normanna, $173.75; Iron Junction and Eveleth, $422.50; Town line, $173.22; McKinley and Virginia, $468.45; Grants, $411.17; Ralph, $83.77; Mountain Iron and Hibbing, $688.52; Byrne, $256.31; Tower and Masaba, $589.88; Tower and Itasca, $544.25; Erickson, $865.71.

Ordered received and filed.

The superintendent of roads also reported expense on county roads from moneys and appropriations out of the "new road fund," as follows:

Rice Lake, $1182.27; Crane lake, $596.98; Howard and Gnesen, $987.41; total, $2766.66.

Ordered received and filed.

The board of audit submitted a report under date of Sept. 22, 1896, showing the condition of the county treasury on that date, from which it appears that there was a total cash balance on hand at that date amounting to $666,782.15, made up of the following items:

Cash on hand, $1247.19; checks and drafts, $1924.06; town, village and school orders, $482.98; advanced to Independent school district of Duluth, as shown by school treasurer's receipt, $95,000; advanced to town of Morse, as evidenced by city treasurer's receipt, $5000; advanved to town of Morse, as evidenced by town treasurer's receipt, $500; expense account not audited, $44.24; certificates of deposit, sinking funds, $28,312.10; deposits in banks subject to check, $322,085.55; deposited in insolvent banks, $212,726.16; total, $667,322.23, less check received for taxes and deposited in bank for which tax receipts were not issued, $540.13; leaving total net cash balance of $667,782.15.

Ordered received and filed.

On motion of Commissioner Dinham, the board took a recess of fifteen minutes.

The board was called to order after recess, all members being present.

The following resolution was introduced by Commissioner Miller:

Whereas, the board of county commissioners of St. Louis county, Minnesota, has heretofore duly caused a special election to be held within the limits of said county for the purpose of authorizing the issue of county road bonds of said St. Louis county; and,

Whereas, at said election, which was held within said county on the 10th day of March, A. D. 1896, a majority of the voters present and voting at said election cast their votes in favor of authorizing the issue of county road bonds of said county to the extent of $150,000 for the purpose of constructing and improving certain county roads; and,

Whereas, a majority of the voters present and voting at said election did also cast their votes in favor of authorizing said board of county commissioners to issue and sell said bonds to pay for the construction and improvement of county roads,

Now, therefore, be it resolved, that, pursuant to such election and to the authority thereby given, the board of county commissioners of the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, does hereby authorize and direct the issue of county road bonds of the county of St. Louis to the amount of $150,000, all of said bonds to be of the denomination of $1000 each, with interest coupons attached to same at the rate of four per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of January and of July in each year, the principal thereof to be made payable in twenty years from the first day of July, 1896, both principal and interest to be made payable at the American Exchange National Bank, New York city; and,

Be it further resolved, that the chairman of the board of county commissioners of said county be and is hereby instructed to cause said bonds to be properly executed, sealed, attested and countersigned in manner as by law required, and that one hundred and forty (140) of said bonds be delivered at the par value thereof, to E. H. Gay & Co., of Boston and Chicago, at their banking house in Boston, in such amounts and at such times as herein specified, namely:

$40,000, November 1st, 1896.
$25,000, January 2nd, 1897.
$25,000, February 1st, 1897.
$50,000, March 1st, 1897.

Provided that said E. H. Gay & Co. may tak nep and pay for all or any part of the issue prior to the times specified.

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

By Commissioner Dinham:

Resolved, that $250 of the sum heretofore appropriated on the Rice Lake extension road, and $100 heretofore appropriated on the Normanna road, together with a further sum of $150 heretofore appropriated for the Second commissioner district, be and the same is hereby set apart for the improvement of the McComber road.

Resolved further, that $450 out of the sum heretofore appropriated for Commissioner District No. 2 be and is hereby set apart for the improvement of the Schultz road.

Commissioner Swenson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

By Commissioner Miller:

Whereas, the independent school district of Duluth has assumed to pay the state loans outstanding against school districts 1, 2, 3 and 16, since incorporated, and included in the boundaries of said independent school district;

Now, therefore, be it resolved, that the county treasurer be and is hereby authorized to pay to the treasurer of said independent school district all moneys collected or to be collected by reason of tax levies made to meet the payment of said state loans.

Commisioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote:

By Commissioner Swenson:

Resolved, that the contract for furnishing coal at court house and jail for the ensuing year be and the same is hereby awarded to the Ohio Coal company, in accordance with their bid, submitted Oct. 6, 1896, same being declared to be the lowest bid.

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote:

By Commissioner Miller:

Resolved, that the sum of $320 be and is hereby appropriated out of the proper funds for payment of salaries of the following named persons:

| | |
|---|---|
| William Hayeroft, fireman | $ 70 00 |
| George K. Swan, janitor | 65 00 |
| A. F. Swanstrom, watchman | 50 00 |
| James N. Gray, assistant superintendent poor | 75 00 |
| Charles Shogran, clerk for superintendent poor | 60 00 |
| Total | $ 320 00 |

And the county auditor is hereby directed to issue his warrants for same when the salaries become due.

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote:

To the Board of Commissioners, St. Louis County Minn.:

Gentlemen:

I herewith submit the pay roll of my office for November, 1896:

| | |
|---|---|
| S. S. Williamson | $ 125 00 |
| A. M. Ingalls | 805 00 |
| W. M. Hillis | 80 00 |
| William Franke | 80 00 |
| Charles R. Fossett | 80 00 |
| Total | $ 450 00 |

Respectfully,
L. H. WHIPPLE,
County Treasurer.
By S. S. WILLIAMSON,
Deputy.

By Commissioner Miller:

Resolved, that the sum of $450 be and is hereby appropriated out of the county revenue fund in payment of clerk hire in the county treasurer's office for the month of November, 1896, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue his warrants for same according to law.

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of the County of St. Louis, Minnesota:

Gentlemen:

I have the pleasure of herewith handing you a list of the clerks now employed in this office, and their salaries, as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| E. O. Lee | $100 |
| W. F. Markus | 75 |
| Thomas Clark | 65 |
| Emily Leeson | 50 |
| Mrs. E. R. Mather | 50 |
| G. L. Wedan | 50 |
| Otto Erickson, from 1st to 15th | 20 |
| Total | $410 |

Respectfully submitted,
P. J. HORGSTROM,
Register of Deeds.

By Commissioner Miller:

Resolved, that the sum of $410 be and is hereby appropriated out of the county revenue fund in payment of clerk hire in the register of deeds' office for the month of November, 1896, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue his warrants for same according to law.

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota:

Gentlemen:

I hereby submit for your approval the payroll registration of the clerk of the district court for the month of November, 1896.

| | |
|---|---|
| W. West | $125 |
| S. E. Peachey | 90 |
| W. A. Kennedy | 90 |
| J. S. Moody | 75 |
| H. C. Wedmark | 65 |
| D. H. Abell | 65 |
| Total | $510 |

Respectfully yours,
JOHN OWENS,
Clerk.

By Commissioner Miller:

Resolved, that the sum of $510 be and is hereby appropriated out of the county revenue fund in payment of clerk hire in the clerk of court's office for month of November, 1896, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue his warrants for same according to law.

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

To Board of County Commissioners:

Gentlemen: Please appropriate the sum of $1220 out of the county revenue fund for payment of clerk hire in my office for month of November, as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| A. J. Wasgatt | $125 00 |
| Alex Schultz | 90 00 |
| L. A. Marvin | 100 00 |
| F. W. Sturc | 90 00 |
| Asa Dailey | 80 00 |
| T. B. Perry | 80 00 |
| C. A. Broughton | 80 00 |
| C. L. Rakowsky | 80 00 |
| Y. Sanderall | 80 00 |
| Amelia Smith | 75 00 |
| E. C. Clough | 70 00 |
| H. E. Hanson | 70 00 |
| N. N. Ole | 70 00 |
| A. Godenius | 65 00 |
| C. A. Peterson | 65 00 |
| Total | $1220 00 |

Respectfully,
O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.

By Commissioner Miller:

Resolved, that the sum of $1220 be and is hereby appropriated out of the county revenue fund for payment of clerk hire in the county auditor's office for month of November, 1896, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue his warrants for same according to law.

Commissioner Swenson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

A petition for organization of a new town was presented, as follows:

To the Hon. Board of County Commissioners, St. Louis County, Minnesota:

Gentlemen:

We, the undersigned, residents and legal voters residing in township fifty-eight (58) north of range nineteen (19) west of the 4th P. M., in St. Louis county, Minnesota, hereby petition your honorable body to cause said territory to be organized under the provisions of chapter 10, General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1878, and acts amendatory thereof.

That the same be organized under the name of the town of Scott.

That you fix the place for holding the first twon meeting at the residence of Charles M. Scott, located on the e½ of se¼ of section 35, in said township.

That you make such further orders as to you may seem proper.

Names of petitioners: Charles M. Scott, Ole L. Olson, George Souver, Oscar Bjaskavist, James Rafferty, Charles Peterson, Frank Tibaz, Louis E. McLaughlin, John Orfald, Sievert Thompson, Lars O. Nordrand, Henry Salem, Louis Hogen, W. N. Daniels, Lucy Logern, August Jimson, F. J. Edbury, Gus Johnsonn, Fred Erickson, Herman Grub, Charles Larson, John Mueller, Edward Grace, Andrew Anderson, Calvin McIver, Calvin Cole, C. Wilhelm Gustafson.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

Charles M. Scott being first duly sworn upon oath says: That he is a legal voter and resident of the territory described in the foregoing petition.

That the signatures annexed and subscribed to said petition are the signatures of legal voters residing in said township, and that said petition is signed by a majority of the legal voters residing in the terrjtory sought to be organized.

Affiant states further that he has knowledge of the facts above set forth.

CHARLES M. SCOTT.

Sworn to and subscribed to before me, this 25th day of September, 1896.

CHARLES L. RAKOWSKY,
Notary Public,
St. Louis County,
Minnesota.

(L. S.)

Upon motion the following order was made, and notice of first town meeting given.

ORDER FORMING TOWN OF "SCOTT."

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis ss.

Whereas, a petition signed by twenty-seven (27) legal voters and residents of township 58, range 19, has been presented to the board of county commissioners of St. Louis county, praying that it be organized into a town, under the name of "Scott,"

Resolved, that township 58, range 19, of the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, be and the same is hereby organized as a town under the name of town of "Scott" as provided by chapter 10, general statutes of 1878, and acts amendatory thereof.

That the residence of Charles M. Scott located on the e½ of se¼, section 35, in said town be and the same is hereby designated as the place for holding the first town meeting, and that said first town meeting be held at the said residence of Charles M. Scott, in said town of "Scott," on Thursday, the 26th day of November, 1896, and that notice of the time and place for holding such first town meeting be issued and given as prescribed in section 4 of the statutes hereinbefore referred to.

By order of the board of county commissioners of St. Louis county, Minnesota.

J. C. HELM,
Chairman of Board of County Commissioners.
Attest:
O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.

NOTICE OF FIRST TOWN MEETING.

Notice is hereby given, that the first town meeting of the town of "Scott," county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, this day organized by the board of county commissioners of said county will be held at the residence of Charles M. Scott, located on the east one-half of the southeast one-quarter (e½ of se¼), of section 35, township 58, range 19, on Thursday, the 26th day of November, 1896, from nine (9) o'clock in the forenoon to five (5) o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of electing officers for said town of "Scott," and also for the purpose of transacting other lawful business.

There shall be elected at said town meeting, three supervisors, one of whom shall be designated on the ballot as chairman, one town clerk, one treasurer, one assessor, two justices of the peace, two constables, and such other officers as are required by law to be chosen.

The meeting will be held at the residence of Charles M. Scott, located on the e½ of the se¼ of section 35, in said newly organized town of "Scott."

Dated this 6th day of November, A. D. 1896.

J. C. HELM,
E. MORCOM,
H. T. DINHAM,
ALBERT SWENSSON,
CHARLES G. MILLER,
County Commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota.
Attest:
O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.

Upon motion of Commissioner Swenson the board went into executive session.

Upon motion of Commissioner Dinham the board went into open session.

Upon motion of Commissioner Miller, the board adjourned, to meet at 9:30 o'clock a. m., Nov. 7, 1896.

9:30 o'clock a. m., Nov. 7, 1896.

The board of county commissioners met at 9:30 o'clock a. m. this 7th day of November, 1896, pursuant to adjournment.

Present — Commissioners Swenson, Miller, Morcom, Dinham and Chairman Helm.

Absent:—None.

A communication from Mrs. M. E. McGann, of Bailey Island, Maine, addressed to the county treasurer, was presented and read, alleging the loss of three interest coupons of $15 each, due Jan. 1, 1896, for interest on certain county bonds of this county, and asking that the county treasurer be authorized to pay said amount.

Referred to committee on claims and accounts.

The county surveyor submitted a report, giving his recommendations in reference to proposals and plans submitted by contractors on Oct. 6, 1896, for construction of highway bridges across the Cloquet, St. Louis, Whiteface and Paleface rivers.

Orders received and filed.

Commissioner Helm submitted and had read the opinion of Billson, Congdon & Dickinson relative to the duties of the county treasurer and board of audit in designating county depositories.

Ordered received and filed.

By Commissioner Swenson:

Resolved, that the contracts for erecting four iron bridges over the Cloquet, St. Louis, Whiteface and Paleface rivers, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, be and the same are hereby awarded to L. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis, in accordance with proposals submitted by him Oct. 6, 1896, same being declared to be the lowest and best bids conforming to the plans and specifications, and the chairman of this board is hereby authorized to enter into contracts with said L. H. Johnson, provided satisfactory bonds in the sum of $10,000 for each bridge structure be furnished.

Commissioner Swenson moved the adoption of the resolution.

Commissioner Miller moved to amend by substituting the name of Hugh Steele instead of L. H. Johnson.

The amendment was declared lost for want of a second.

The original resolution was then declared adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—Commissioners Swenson, Morcom, Dinham and Helm.

Nays—Commissioner Miller.

By Commissioner Dinham:

Resolved, that the chairman of this board be and is hereby authorized and directed to name a committee, to consist of himself, the county treasurer and county attorney, whose duty it shall be to investigate and advise this board, not later than Nov. 23, 1896, upon the feasability of requiring the county treasurer to give a bond, to be signed by two or more surety companies in lieu of a personal bond, as heretofore required, also as to whether the same plan may not be adopted in requiring bonds for county depositories, and if so, to ascertain the cost of procuring such sureties.

Commissioner Swenson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote:

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred certain fire warden bills, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

C. G. MILLER,
E. MORCOM,
H. T. DINHAM,
Committee.

Resolved, that the following bills for service of fire wardens be and the same are hereby allowed, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue his warrants for same according to law.

FIRE WARDEN BILLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Charles Johnson, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 2 25 |
| Eric Erickson, two and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 2 75 |
| Gust Wister, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 2 25 |
| Peter Hilgemo, one and one-fourth days' work, Grand Lake | 1 87 |
| William Selmer, two days' work, Grand Lake | 3 00 |
| Crist Boland, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 2 25 |
| Victor Johnson, three days' work, Grand Lake | 4 50 |
| John Bergstrom, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 1 87 |
| Gust Bergstrom, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 1 87 |
| Charles E. Peterson, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 1 87 |
| John Peterson, two and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 5 00 |
| John Erickson, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 2 25 |
| J. P. Johnson, six days' work, Grand Lake | 12 00 |
| Robert Stanley, two and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 3 75 |
| Robert Karlson, one and one-half day's work, Grand Lake | 1 50 |
| Ole Berg, one and one-half days' work, Grand Lake | 2 25 |
| W. Mathews, three days' work, Kelsey | 4 50 |
| Alex Fraser, ten days' work, unorganized | 20 00 |
| Charles Schelin, one day's work, New Independence | 1 50 |
| G. A. Ringquist, one and one-half day's work, New Independence | 3 00 |
| Frank Slycker, two days' work, Herman | 3 00 |
| William Slykar, one and one-half days' work, Herman | 2 25 |
| Emil Kelly, three and one-fourth days' work, Herman | 4 87 |
| Charles Jakowitz, two days' work, Herman | 3 00 |
| Peter Fishan, two days' work, Herman | 4 00 |
| C. Wallin, nine days' work, Midway | 18 00 |
| Olaf Gulbranson, four days' work, Midway | 8 00 |
| E. Andette, one-half day's work, Culver | 75 |
| John A. Johnson, two days' work, Culver | 3 00 |
| Enander Nilson, one day's work, Culver | 1 50 |
| Jules Colombe, four days' work, Culver | 8 00 |
| C. O. F. Peterson, one-half day's work, Culver | 75 |
| E. Chapne, three and one-half days' work, Industrial | 5 25 |
| L. Chapne, three and one-half days' work, Industrial | 5 25 |
| Charles Fitzpatrick, one day's work, Industrial | 1 50 |
| J. C. Lund, four days' work, Industrial | 6 00 |
| Fred Williams, four days' work, Industrial | 6 00 |
| Henry Lanegrin, six days' work, Industrial | 12 00 |
| Louis Johnson, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| Frank C. Almy, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| E. Fredericksen, three and one-half days' work, Industrial | 5 25 |
| J. Tagnett, two days' work, Industrial | 3 00 |
| J. Amdt, three and one-half days' work, Industrial | 5 25 |
| L. T. Hoakenson, one day's work, Industrial | 1 50 |
| John Brams, four and one-half days' work, Industrial | 6 75 |
| Charley Johnson, two and one-half days' work, Industrial | 3 75 |
| Oluf Olson, seven and one-half hours' work, Industrial | 1 12 |
| Gust Anderson, one day's work, Industrial | 1 50 |
| Olaf Olsen, four and four-fifths days' work, Industrial | 7 20 |
| H. E. Lunt, six hours' work, Industrial | 90 |
| H. Christofferson, eight hours' work, Industrial | 1 20 |
| Joseph Levendoski three days' work, Industrial | 4 50 |
| Nick Lygsbad, four and a half days' work, Industrial | 6 74 |
| Aug. Carlson, three days' work, Industrial | 4 50 |
| Fred Peterson, two and a half days' work, Industrial | 3 75 |
| Otto Simonsen, four and one-tenth days' work, Industrial | 9 60 |
| Aleid Richard, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| A. Brosseau, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| A. Johnson, three and four-fifths days' work, Industrial | 5 70 |
| A. Sandberg, four and three-fifths days' work, Industrial | 6 90 |
| Joseph Reno, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| W. H. Bain, three days' work, Industrial | 4 50 |
| John J. Hohn, two and four-fifth days' work, Industrial | 4 20 |
| B. Wintergerst, four days' work, Industrial | 6 00 |
| A. H. Steffen, three days' work, Industrial | 4 50 |
| Stan Schwartz, one and three-fifths days' work, Industrial | 1 95 |
| E. Andette, two days' work, Industrial | 3 00 |
| M. Rokkala, two and one-fifth days' work, Industrial | 4 20 |
| H. Reno, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| Nick Olson, four and four-fifths days 'work, Industrial | 7 20 |
| H. Hanson, fourteen and four fifths days' work, Industrial | 28 80 |
| J. L. Perrault, two and nine-tenths days' work, Industrial | 4 35 |
| Oliver Jackson, five and two-fifths days' work, Industrial | 8 10 |
| James Erickson, seven days' work, Industrial | 14 00 |
| Albert Aaron, five and three-fifths days' work, Industrial | 8 40 |
| Frank Brousseau, two and two-fifths days' work, Industrial | 3 60 |
| Gust Peterson, eight days' work, Industrial | 12 00 |
| M. Longtin, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| Jerry Pelletier, five days' work, Industrial | 7 50 |
| Peter Johnson, posting notices, McDavitt | 4 60 |
| George Perry, posting notices, unorganized | 10 00 |
| Thomas McDonald, posting notices, Mesaba | 4 60 |
| J. F. Hobbes, posting notices, unorganized | 10 00 |
| Andrew Myles, posting notices, unorganized | 30 00 |
| John Berg, two days' work, Midway | 3 00 |
| August Berg, three days' work, Midway | 4 50 |
| L. P. Thorberg, three days' work, Midway | 4 50 |
| Adolph Thorberg, two days' work, Midway | 3 00 |
| Emil Thorberg, two days' work, Midway | 3 00 |
| A. Magnuson, one day's work, Midway | 1 50 |
| Louis Archambault, two days' work, Herman | 3 00 |
| Total | $512 26 |

Commissioner Swenson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred the surveyor's payrolls for the month of October, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

C. G. MILLER,
E. MORCOM,
H. T. DINHAM,
Committee.

Resolved, that the following described payrolls for surveys made upon county roads, and for other services performed during the month of October, 1896, be and the same are hereby allowed and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue county orders for same according to law, to-wit:

| | |
|---|---|
| Miller trunk road, office work | $258 00 |
| Miller trunk road, Woodworth, deputy | 339 45 |
| Miller trunk road, Henry, deputy | 465 09 |
| Miller trunk road, Chapin, deputy | 555 85 |
| Miller trunk road, Coe, deputy | 328 70 |
| Miller trunk road, Paradis, deputy | 265 06 |
| Swan Lake, Craig, deputy | 345 37 |
| Kelsey, Gordon, deputy | 80 00 |
| Total | $2637 52 |

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred the pay rolls for labor performed on county roads during the month of October, 1896, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

C. G. MILLER,
E. MORCOM,
H. T. DINHAM,
Committee.

Resolved, that the following pay rolls for labor performed on county roads during month of October, 1896, be and the same are hereby allowed, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue county orders for same according to law, to-wit:

ROAD PAY ROLLS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Prairie Lake, Langney, foreman | $893 50 |
| Seville, Jeffrey, William, foreman | 142 00 |
| Grand Lake Station, Daniels, foreman | 493 51 |
| Industrial, Peterson, foreman | 378 50 |
| Midway, Jeffreys, C. W., foreman | 399 00 |
| Maple Grove, Hall, foreman | 119 00 |
| Proctorknott, Hohn, foreman | 491 22 |
| Proctorknott, Gulbranson, foreman | 77 50 |
| Janzig, Long, foreman | 338 00 |
| Lakke, Carlson, foreman | 372 25 |
| Culver, Keen, foreman | 211 48 |
| Culver extension, Nelson, foreman | 500 00 |
| Erickson, McDonald, foreman | 834 61 |
| Cloquet River, Brislow, foreman | 160 50 |
| Canosia, Armstrong, foreman | 310 62 |
| LaVaque, Tischer, foreman | 908 05 |
| McComber, Stack, foreman | 433 85 |
| McComber, Wagner, foreman | 73 00 |
| Schultz, Anderson, foreman | 57 00 |
| Schultz, Halden, foreman | 423 85 |
| Normanna, Larson, foreman | 173 75 |
| Town Line, Lilja, foreman | 152 00 |
| McKinley and Virginia, Dundas, foreman | 468 45 |
| Tower and Mesaba, Thorp, foreman | 578 88 |
| Tower and Itasca, Foley, foreman | 544 25 |
| Ralph, Anderson, foreman | 68 75 |
| Mountain Iron and Hibbing, Kapois, foreman | 636 62 |
| Iron Junction and Eveleth, Borg, foreman | 418 87 |
| Byrne, Nelson, foreman | 256 31 |
| Grant's, Stolberg, foreman | 392 12 |
| Miller Trunk, Flint, foreman | 496 00 |
| Howard and Gnesen, Thomas, foreman | 960 02 |
| Rice Lake, Amory, foreman | 1,170 02 |
| Crane Lake, Harlow, foreman | 532 50 |
| Total | $14,465 98 |

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred various claims and accounts against St. Louis county, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

C. G. MILLER,
E. MORCOM,
H. T. DINHAM,
Committee.

Resolved, that the following bills and accounts against St. Louis county be and the same are hereby allowed and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue county orders for same according to law, to-wit:

COUNTY POOR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Benson & Applequist, groceries for county poor | 28 00 |
| C. H. Oppel & Sons, groceries for county poor | 13 00 |
| W. B. Pratt & Co., groceries for county poor | 22 50 |
| J. A. A. Lindwall, groceries for county poor | 19 00 |
| Isacson & Kauppi, groceries for county poor | 42 00 |
| M. H. Martin, groceries for county poor | 16 00 |
| James Gondsey, groceries for county poor | 12 00 |
| Ely Cash Grocery company, groceries for county poor | 5 00 |
| D. C. Christopher, groceries for county poor | 3 25 |
| Frozzi & Sanicola, groceries for county poor | 31 00 |
| Jackson & Co., groceries for county poor | 241 75 |
| Itasca Mercantile company, groceries for county poor | 5 00 |
| T. J. Anderson, groceries for | |

county poor .... 25 00
A. Borgen, groceries for county poor .... 25 00
Brand & Donald, groceries for county poor .... 97 00
H. E. Bartholdi, groceries for county poor .... 32 00
O. O. Berg, groceries for county poor .... 4 00
Bradley & Parsons, groceries for county poor .... 10 00
Gust Bergquist, groceries for county poor .... 4 00
Sarah Brown, groceries for county poor .... 3 00
De Vaisl, Dryer & Le Duc, groceries for county poor .... 15 00
D C Christopher, groceries for county poor .... 5 00
Richard Dinham, groceries for county poor .... 13 00
O. J. Edstrom, groceries for county poor .... 18 00
A. Grams, groceries for county poor .... 3 00
Charles Gasper, groceries for county poor .... 4 00
P. Hamstad, groceries for county poor .... 13 50
W A. Hansel, groceries for county poor .... 16 50
S. W. Hill, groceries for county poor .... 23 00
A. P. Johnson, groceries for county poor .... 3 00
Johnson & Moe, groceries for county poor .... 135 63
F. Johnson, groceries for county poor .... 8 75
P. L. Johnson, groceries for county poor .... 16 00
Kulling & Russell, groceries for county poor .... 4 00
Mosher & Knittle, groceries for county poor .... 37 00
Meden & Morton, groceries for county poor .... 8 00
Milner & Ebert, groceries for county poor .... 5 00
McEwen Bros., groceries for county poor .... 4 00
M. M. Gasser, groceries for county poor .... 133 25
M. B. O'Meara, groceries for county poor .... 5 00
Nunon & Lynch, groceries for county poor .... 37 00
C. H. Oppel & Sons, groceries for county poor .... 14 25
Peter Peterson, groceries for county poor .... 5 00
A. Peterson, groceries for county poor .... 5 60
Olson & Peterson, groceries for county poor .... 43 00
Rustad & Johnson, groceries for county poor .... 5 00
R. H. Rathbun, groceries for county poor .... 32 00
William P. Raley, groceries for county poor .... 92 00
George Schulenberg, groceries for county poor .... 9 00
Sletten Bros. & Talboys, groceries for county poor .... 9 00
Sundeen & Johnson, groceries for county poor .... 22 00
Sovde & Taile, groceries for county poor .... 28 00
J. C. Sovde & Co., groceries for county poor .... 124 00
H. H. Salmon & Co., groceries for county poor .... 2 50
Charles Standahl, groceries for county poor .... 4 00
O. Tauling, groceries for county poor .... 3 00
U. C. Tower, groceries for county poor .... 9 00
J. Wilkey, groceries for county poor .... 10 00
Ohio Coal company, coal for county poor .... 27 70
P. George Hanson, coal for county poor .... 7 30
C. A. Young, wood for county poor .... 45 00
A. P. Carlson, milk for county poor .... 2 00
William Spencer, medicines for county poor .... 1 50
S. J. Nygren, medicine for county poor .... 8 75
Kelly Hardware company, hardware for county poor .... 9 90
R. R. Forward & Co., hardware for county poor .... 7 75
A. Fox & Co., hardware for county poor .... 4 50
Suffel & Co., dry goods, for county poor .... 3 00
I. Freimuth, dry goods for county poor .... 36 79
A. Freimuth, dry goods for county poor .... 60 95
A. Freimuth, dry goods for county poor .... 45 10
Mark & Abrahamson, dry goods for county poor .... 1 75
S. L. Johnson, shoes for county poor .... 4 00
Johnson & Liljander, shoes for county poor .... 34 15
J. J. Lauerman, shoes for county poor .... 21 25
C. H. Oppel & Sons, shoes for county poor .... 4 25
N. L. Summerfield, clothing for county poor .... 12 75
W. S. Settle, clothing for county poor .... 1 50
Williamson & Mendenhall, clothing for county poor .... 48 58
S. Morterud, clothing for county poor .... 16 43
Kastmer & Neuman, clothing for county poor .... 5 50
M. Glassner, clothing for county poor .... 26 00
C. W. Erickson, clothing for county poor .... 42 00
A. G. Walker, shoes for county poor .... 28 65
A. Lofgren, medicine for county poor .... 5 50
N. F. Russell, milk for county poor .... 6 00
G. Grochaw, rent of house for county poor .... 5 00
Sarah J. Hannah, rent of house for county poor .... 2 00
Ray T. Lewis, rent of house for county poor .... 4 00
John Lundberg, rent of house for county poor .... 3 00
Annie Mair, rent of house for county poor .... 5 00
M. Rud, rent of house for county poor .... 3 00
W. Hocking, rent of house for county poor .... 5 00
Aron Olson, rent of house for county poor .... 6 00
James F. O'Neil, rent of house for county poor .... 10 00
Charles Schell, rent of house for county poor .... 5 00
Charles Stai, rent of house for county poor .... 6 00
Henry Schuman, rent of house for county poor .... 4 00
Mrs. Walter Fish, board and care of county poor .... 20 77
Helene Havdall, board and care of county poor .... 6 00
Steven Moe, board and care of county poor .... 11 00
Iver Olson, board and care of county poor .... 6 00
Andrew Olson, board and care of county poor .... 6 00
Woman's Home, board and care of county poor .... 54 00
Woman's hospital, board and care of county poor .... 68 24
Fred Ratt, board and care of county poor .... 18 00
E. P. Savage, board and care of county poor .... 4 00
Erick Supala, board and care of county poor .... 5 00
William Smith, board and care of county poor .... 5 60
St. Mary's hospital, board and care of county poor .... 202 54
St. Luke's hospital, board and care of county poor .... 345 43
Virginia hospital, board and care of county poor .... 31 49
M. J. Durkan & Co., coffins for county poor .... 46 95
Biwabic Hardware company, coffins for county poor .... 17 50
John Wenberg, coffins for county poor .... 55 00
E. Downie, livery for county poor .... 14 00
I. H. Dibbell & Son, livery for county poor .... 2 00
M. Stewart & Co., livery for county poor .... 14 00
R. S. Lerch, livery for county poor .... 52 00
A. P. Cook, postage stamps for county poor .... 4 10
Duluth Paper company, stationery for county poor .... 1 47
W. H. Alexander, work and transportation furnished county poor .... 15 75
Thomas G. White, work and transportation furnished county poor .... 1 00
H. G. Johnson, work and transportation furnished county poor .... 8 00
W. M. Prindle, office room for superintendent of poor .... 45 00
Home Bros., office room for assistant superintendent of poor, .... 12 00
Woman's hospital, rent of hospital .... 45 00
R. C. Sloan, rent of office for county physician .... 15 00
Smith & Smith, medicine for county poor .... 12 95
A. J. Braden, medicine for county poor .... 20 00
J. J. Eklund, medical attendance for county poor .... 2 00
Dr. J. B. Noble, salary assistant superintendent of poor .... 8 33
W. W. Browne, salary assistant superintendent of poor .... 18 66
John Peterson, labor on county poor farm .... 30 00
Maggie Sheeley, cook county poor farm .... 20 00
Serina Budryska, service at county poor farm .... 4 00
Julia Burk, service at county poor farm .... 10 00
Maggie O'Keefe, nursing county poor .... 6 00
Richard Dinham, groceries for county poor farm .... 31 10
C. H. Oppel & Sons, groceries for county poor farm .... 40 02
Gust Bergquist, groceries for county poor farm .... 16 25
McEwen Bros., groceries for county poor farm .... 31 31
M. M. Gasser, groceries for county poor farm .... 21 40
R. H. Rathbun, groceries for county poor farm .... 49 45
Olson & Peterson, groceries for county poor farm .... 17 46
J. C. Perry, feed and oats for county poor farm .... 34 50
George S. Munsey, meat for county poor farm .... 27 25
Elder & Boness, horse shoeing for county poor farm .... 15 00
Kelly Hardware company, hardware for county poor farm .... 18 02
Ernest Miller, cows for county poor farm .... 135 00
F. Scott & Co., medicine for county poor farm .... 5 05
C. W. Ericson, underwear for county poor farm .... 47 85
Williamson & Mendenhall, underwear for county poor farm .... 22 25
A. Wieland, shoes for county poor farm .... 14 10
Schiller Cigar company, tobacco for county poor farm .... 11 00

COUNTY GENERAL.

Henry Haskins, services humane officer .... 25 00
Duluth Gas and Water company, water and gas for county jail .... 41 85
Duluth Gas and Water company, water and gas for court house .... 33 97
Commercial Light and Power company, light for county jail .... 30 10
Commercial Light and Power company, light for court house .... 58 17
L. J. Taussig, rent of rooms for county attorney .... 32 00
Duluth Trust company, rent of rooms for county surveyor .... 30 00
Northwestern Fuel company, coal for county jail .... 22 44
Northwestern Fuel company, coal for county court house .... 119 19
Ohio Coal company, coal for county jail .... 24 80
Emil Ebert, work on county jail .... 6 10
J. W. Stewart, burial of John E. Fossett .... 35 00
I. H. Dibbell & Son, labor and material for St. Louis Agricultural society .... 750 00
J. B. Noyes & Co., lumber for St. Louis Agricultural society .... 500 00
St. Louis County Agricultural society, labor and material for St. Louis County Agricultural society .... 480 00
St. Louis County Agricultural society, lumber for St. Louis County Agricultural society .... 500 00
East End Ice company, ice for county court house .... 4 65
White & McKeon, attorney fees and expenses Cruden case .... 67 75
Thomas Holder, spring water for court house .... 27 65
W. G. Gillespie, labor on records .... 4 00
R. H. Doran, labor on records .... 4 00
Zepheim Jalen, labor on records .... 7 00
Deitz & Co., labor on court house .... 4 50
C. H. Oppel & Sons, soap and gold dust for county jail .... 15 50
Crowley Electric company, electric lamps for court house .... 14 40
Western Union Telegraph company, clock service for October .... 2 00
Kelly Hardware company, hardware court house .... 95
E. F. Barker, rubber stamps for auditor .... 2 10
Farrell & Sullivan, water and gas fitting for court house .... 77 50
Henry Lyes, labor on court house .... 3 75
F. I. Salter, insurance on county jail .... 48 00
George K. Swan, labor washing towels court house .... 1 62
George H. Vivian, deputy clerk of district court fees .... 33 50
George E. Arbury, for postage and telegraph messages, county attorney .... 2 50
William Elder, labor as typewriter, county attorney .... 7 25
C. R. Smith, typewriting, coroner's case, Virginia .... 3 60
George P. Silliman, transcript of evidence .... 5 50
A. A. Farrington, transcript of evidence .... 25 20
Max Shaperio, livery, deputy corner, Virginia .... 10 00
Richard Williams, clerk fees for deputy coroner, Virginia .... 2 55
William O'Hara, constable fees for deputy coroner, Virginia .... 9 15
Daniel Garrison, mileage as constable, Virginia .... 48 00
Daniel Garrison, livery as constable, Virginia .... 4 00
J. D Taylor, legal charge for services, Virginia .... 42 50
Rudolph Belanger, constable fees at Virginia .... 4 30
James McAlpin, constable fees at Virginia .... 5 00
G. Carli, witness fees at Virginia .... 1 12
Remigo Zamborn, witness fees at Virginia .... 1 12
Clement Parity, witness fees at Virginia .... 1 12
William Beslow, interpreter at Virginia .... 2 12
City of Tower, municipal court fees, Tower .... 5 19
David Pickard, constable fees, Tower .... 23 60
Arthur Peck, constable fees, Tower .... 39 60
W. Braddish, witness fees, Tower .... 1 12
West Duluth Sun, for notice of bids and contract work .... 8 50
Duluth Evening Herald, for publishing ballot and commissioners' proceedings .... 185 05
Duluth News Tribune company, for notice of bids, etc., county roads .... 14 50
J. J. Le Tourneau & Co., for 45,000 ballots, county roads .... 245 00
The Ely Times, for notice of bids county roads .... 3 40
The Hibbing Sentinel, for notice of bids, county roads .... 7 75
M. Wesenberg, for notice of bids, county roads .... 4 50
A. B. Lange, for notice of bids, county roads .... 11 25
Vermilion Iron Journal, for notice of bids, county roads .... 3 25
Vermilion Iron Journal, for notice of bids, county roads .... 3 25
Duluth Book and Paper company, two sets Minnesota reports, stationery, ink, etc .... 358 41
Christie & Collier, blank books and stationery .... 150 25
Nugent & Brown, blank books and stationery .... 12 00
Nugent & Brown, verified claims of fire warden .... 9 50
Rankin & Greer, postal cards for clerk district court .... 8 50
John Owens, clerk of court fees .... 646 05
P. J. Borgstrom, postage, register deeds .... 25 65
O. Halden, postage, express, telegraph messages .... 35 07
W. W. Butchart, postage, sheriff .... 10 00
W. W. Butchart, board of county prisoners .... 816 45
W. W. Butchart, fees sheriff .... 818 45
R. J. Harper, for election returns from Proctorknott .... 6 80
J. S. Wade, for election returns from First precinct, Third ward, city district .... 1 20
H. H. Salmon, for election returns Third election district, Town of Biwabik .... 19 00
E. B. Glass, for election returns Eight precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 6 20
Vivian Prince, for election returns Second ward, city of Virginia .... 18 20
G. C. Blackwood, for election returns Town 50-20, Prairie Lake precinct .... 14 40
G. C. Blackwood, for service judge of election Lake precinct .... 7 50
D. N. Lindstrom, for service judge of election, Lake precinct .... 7 50
William King, for service judge of election, Lake precinct .... 7 50
Morris Kolstad, for getting ballots from McDavitt township and return .... 13 20
B. C. Prant, for getting ballots from Duluth to Eveleth and return .... 16 20
James Morrison, for clerk of election, precinct Whiteface, town 52-20 .... 4 80
Charles E. Budden, for returns from First precinct, Fifth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 30
Charles Schelin, for returns from town of New Independence .... 8 20
Ed McNeal, for returns from Second ward, town of Mesaba Mountain .... 16 00
Fred Lerch, for returns from First ward, town of Mesaba Mountain .... 16 00
C. J. Halling, for returns from Third precinct, Seventh ward, city of Duluth .... 1 60
John Peterson, for returns from town of McDavitt .... 13 20
W. N. Donaldson, for returns from Third precinct, Fifth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
B. O. Wiggins, for returns from Fourth election district, City of Virginia .... 17 00
J. D. Moore, for service as judge of election precinct Whiteface, town 52-20 .... 24 05
A. J. Beers, for returns Sixth precinct, Sixth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 80
J. H. Delaney, for returns from First precinct, Sixth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 40
W. C. Auld, for election returns from Fourth precinct, Second ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
W. W. Browne, for getting ballots for town of Biwabik .... 17 60
James H. Hooper, for getting ballots for town of Nichols .... 16 20
Fred Seymour, for getting ballots for town of Rice Lake .... 2 60
E. J. Poirier, for getting ballots for town of Morse .... 25 00
W. C. McCrimmon, for getting ballots for town of Canosia .... 3 60
C. R. Withey, for getting ballots for town of Mesaba .... 16 00
J. D. Gilchrist, for getting ballots for town of Mountain Iron .... 16 20
Joseph Gadory, for getting ballots for town of Industrial .... 5 80
Peter Schaefer, for getting ballots for city of Ely .... 24 20
John Anger, for getting ballots for township of Floodwood .... 13 40
G. C. Blackwood, for getting ballots for township 50-20 .... 15 00
J. D. Moore, for getting ballots for town of 52-20 .... 15 00
Henry Johnson, for getting ballots for township of 53-21 .... 16 00
William Janzig, for getting ballots for town of Herman .... 3 00
Martin Kusnierek, for getting ballots for town of Gnesen .... 4 00
H. B. Hill for getting ballots for town of Midway .... 3 40
W. J. Ferguson, for returns from Third precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
J. C. Hessian, for returns from Fourth precinct, Fourth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
Martin Lepak, for returns from town of Gnesen .... 3 80
James Connelly, for returns from Second precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 2 20
Olaf Gulbranson, for returns from town of Midway .... 3 00
Amos S. Daniels, for returns from Second precinct, Fourth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
H. Longtin, for returns from town of Industrial .... 5 40
Thomas F. Brady, for getting ballots for town of Stuntz .... 18 40
Henry Agnew, for getting ballots for town of Duluth .... 2 60
John Coslin, for getting ballots for city of Virginia .... 16 20
George Lerch, for getting ballots for town of Missabe Mountain .... 16 20
C. J. Lowman, for getting ballots for town of Breitung .... 20 20
M. F. Marion, for getting ballots for city of Tower .... 20 40
Charles Schelin, for getting ballots for town of New Independence .... 6 40
Wesley Mathews, for getting ballots for town of Kelsey .... 10 10
Frank Anisley, for getting ballots for town of Clinton .... 14 00
A. L. McGregor, bringing returns from Fifth precinct, First ward, city of Duluth .... 2 00
E. C. Holliday, bringing returns from Fourth precinct, First ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
John Gill, bringing returns from town of Nichols .... 16 00
Thomas Fawcett, bringing returns from Second precinct, Second ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
W. H. Record bringing returns from Second precinct, Fourth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 60
M. A. Snyder, service as clerk, Floodwood precinct, 53-21 .... 8 70
P. O. Turburg, service as clerk, Floodwood precinct, 53-21 .... 8 70
John Lawson, bringing returns from Third district, Mesaba Mountain township .... 20 00
Henry Johnson, making two ballot boxes .... 50
O. P. Willner, bringing election returns from Third precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 2 40
F. J. Reinert, bringing election returns from Third ward, Virginia .... 20 00
S. P. Ireland, bringing election returns from town of Morse .... 25 00
J. G. Vivian, bringing election returns from Fayal township .... 20 60
H. L. Darms, bringing election returns from Eveleth .... 20 60
Henry Johnson, service as judge of election, Floodwood, town 53-21 .... 24 70
John Ward, service as judge of election, Floodwood, town 53-21 .... 8 70
B. F. Clough, service as clerk of election, Prairie Lake precinct, town 50-20 .... 7 50
C. J. Loman, bringing returns from Second precinct, town of Breitung .... 20 00
J. H. Jeffery, bringing returns from Fourth precinct, town of Breitung .... 20 00
D. W. Owen, bringing returns from First precinct, town of Breitung .... 20 00
Henry Agnew, bringing returns from Sucker River, town of Duluth .... 4 20
P. W. Haley, bringing returns from town of Mesaba .... 16 00
A. A. Hall, bringing returns from town of Floodwood .... 13 00
Charles M. Thomas, bringing returns from Third precinct, First ward, city of Duluth .... 1 40
H. J. Eaton, bringing returns from First election district, city of Virginia .... 17 40
Richard Williams, bringing returns from Fifth district, town of Biwabik .... 18 40
B. Wintergerst, bringing election returns from town of Culver .... 7 00
J. J. Zesley, service as judge of election, Whiteface precinct, town 52-20 .... 7 80
C. E. Evens, bringing election returns from Third precinct, Second ward, city of Duluth .... 1 10
J. A. Lanlan, bringing election returns from Fourth precinct, town of Biwabik .... 19 00
Thomas Gordon, bringing election returns from Fourth precinct, Seventh ward, city of Duluth .... 2 00
R. W. Stack, bringing election returns from Fourth precinct, Sixth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 50
David Nelson, bringing election returns from Second precinct, Sixth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 40
J. H. McPherson, bringing election returns from First precinct, Seventh ward, city of Duluth .... 1 60
John Tobin, bringing election returns from First ward, town of Kelsey .... 5 00
Louis Erickson, bringing election returns from First ward, town of Kelsey .... 5 60
C. D. Pattinson, bringing election returns from Third precinct, Sixth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 60
E. B. Engren, bringing election returns from town of Canosia .... 3 40
J. M. Ewans, bringing election returns from Second precinct, town of Stuntz .... 18 00
J. A. Blix, bringing election returns from Fourth precinct, Third ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
Joseph Heppertin, bringing election returns from First ward, city of Ely .... 26 00
Frank Kent, bringing election returns from Third ward, city of Ely .... 26 00
B. Wintergerst, getting election ballots for town of Culver .... 7 60
J. McCraig, bringing returns from town of Clinton .... 15 00
L. A. Barnes, bringing returns from Fifth precinct, Seventh ward, city of Duluth .... 2 20
J. A. Rud, bringing returns from Mountain Iron .... 16 00
Robert Moore, bringing returns from Fourth precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 2 20
W. A. Thayer, bringing returns from Seventh precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 3 60
P. A. Falstad, bringing returns frm Third precinct, Tnird ward, city of Duluth .... 2 20
J. L. Heasley, bringing returns from Second precinct, Fifth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
John Peterson, bringing returns from Grand Lake .... 4 60
A. J. Sullivan, bringing returns from Fifth precinct, Mesaba Mountain .... 17 00
D. J. Cameron, bringing returns from First precinct, town of Biwabik .... 19 00
Peter Hendrickson, use of room for election, Whiteface precinct, town 52-20 .... 7 80
James Campbell, bringing returns from Rice Lake .... 2 80
Andrew Gulbrandson, bringing returns from Hermantown .... 2 60
J. S. Martin, bringing returns from Second precinct, First ward, city of Duluth .... 2 00
G. W. McAdam, bringing returns from Fifth precinct, Sixth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 70
O. G. Osman, bringing returns from Fifth precinct, Fourth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
T. B. Scott, bringing returns from Second precinct, Third ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
H. M. King, bringing returns from Fifth precinct, Fifth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 60
Wallace Warner, bringing returns from First precinct, Second ward, city of Duluth .... 1 40
John C. Wesenberg, bringing returns from First precinct, First ward, city of Duluth .... 2 20
George W. Danielson, bringing returns from First precinct, Fourth ward, city of Duluth .... 1 20
W. J. Quinn, bringing returns from Fifth precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 2 20
Mike McNeal, service as judge Whiteface precinct, town 52-20 .... 7 80
Carl Sandberg, service as clerk, Whiteface precinct, town 52-20 .... 4 80
J. A. McIntyre, bringing returns from First precinct, town of Stuntz .... 18 20
E. T. Neid, bringing returns from Second ward city of Ely .... 27 00
Joseph Brieton, getting ballots from town of Grand Lake .... 4 00
J. D. Murphy, bringing election returns from city of Tower .... 20 40
W. J. Smart, bringing election returns from First precinct, Eighth ward, city of Duluth .... 2 20

COUNTY SPECIAL ROAD.

John Hawkinson, labor as superintendent of county roads .... 135 00
John Hawkinson, freight on tools for county roads .... 10 82
G. R. Hall, inspector on bridge, .... 22 50
L. C. Meining, inspector on county roads .... 85 00
J. S. Grover, inspector on county roads .... 85 00
Ole Sassos, inspector on county roads .... 85 00
William Doyle, inspector on county roads .... 85 00
Marcus Skomars, moving house for county roads .... 56 25
Duluth Paper company, stationery for inspector county roads .... 3 50
F. Johnson, labor on Vermilion road .... 4 00
Jacob Stubler, labor on Vermilion road .... 37 50
Lewis & Kruse, blacksmithing for county roads .... 2 65
H. L. Selden, labor on Mountain Iron and Hibbing roads .... 33 00
S. Collins, blacksmithing for county roads .... 5 50
F. Davis, railroad fares for men for county roads .... 20 04
Kelly Hardware company, dynamite and etc., for county roads .... 21 50
Marshall-Wells Hardware company, tools, etc., for county roads .... 78 90
W. H. Congdon & Son, tools, etc., for county roads .... 35 51
James Tippett, blacksmithing for county roads .... 6 40
Lant & McNaughton, tools for county roads .... 2 75
Prescott & Mars company, tools for county roads .... 20 02
Eveleth Hardware company, tools for county roads .... 6 80
Lake Superior Powder company, dynamite, etc., for county roads .... 52 78
A. Hawkinson, tools, etc., for county roads .... 28 47
E. Fiebiger, tools, etc., for county roads .... 6 00
Henry Meeker, labor for county roads .... 12 00
A. Oestruch, blacksmithing for county roads .... 11 45
William Doyle, freight for county roads .... 1 10
Poirier & Nordstrom, tents for county roads .... 28 60
McKay & Hall, tools for county roads .... 34 20
East End Livery, boarding county road team .... 35 00

NEW ROAD FUND.

William Randall, labor on Miller Trunk road ....$ 629 00
Charles H. Chaffer, labor on Miller Trunk road .... 1423 13
Gulbranson Bros., labor on Miller Trunk road .... 2859 40
P. R. Haley, labor as inspector on Miller Trunk road .... 56 66
S. B. McMeekin, labor as inspector on Miller Trunk road .... 70 83
D. Callahan, labor as inspector on Miller Trunk road .... 56 65
Martin Sorensen, labor as inspector on Miller Trunk road .... 70 83
F. Davis, transportation for men on Miller Trunk road .... 55 06
F. Davis, board for men on Miller Trunk road .... 48 60
W. H. Congdon & Son, tools for men on Miller Trunk road .... 1 30
Kelly Hardware company, tools for men on Rice Lake road .... 11 25
Kelly Hardware company, tools for men on Howard and Gnesen road .... 27 39
Jasper Williams, canoe hire for Miller Trunk road .... 10 00
Morris Thomas, use of tools on Howard and Gnesen road .... 21 50
E. Fiebiger, fuse for Rice Lake road .... 1 00
A. T. Albertson, stationery for Miller Trunk road .... 7 50
Abbie A. Shea, board for men on Miller Trunk road .... 28 58
R. H. Rathbun, groceries for Miller Trunk road .... 104 34
McKay & Hall, groceries for Miller Trunk road .... 11 95
Jackson & Co., groceries for Miller Trunk road .... 26 43
Cayal Store company, groceries for Miller Trunk road .... 16 39
Albert Kitto, groceries for Miller Trunk road .... 81 88
Albert Kitto, groceries for Miller Trunk road .... 68 96
Albert Kitto, groceries for Miller Trunk road .... 7 12
Meining Hardware company, tools for Howard and Gnesen road .... 18 50

Commissioner Swenson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

Mr. Chester, of the firm of Cash, Williams & Chester, appeared before the board to ask that some action be taken looking to a settlement of the case of the State of Minnesota vs. Arthur Scott, of Virginia.

On motion the matter was referred to the county attorney, with authority to settle upon payment of $200 to be covered into the county treasury to the credit of the complaining witness, Rachel Harala, and to be paid out on orders of Commissioner Morcom.

Upon motion of Commissioner Miller, the board adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock p. m. this 7th day of November, 1896.

2 o'clock p. m. Nov. 7th, 1896.

The borad of county commissioners met at 2 o'clock p. m. this 7th day of November, 1896, pursuant to adjournment.

Present — Commissioners Swenson, Miller, Morcom, Dinham and Chairman Helm.

By Commissioner Morcom:

Resolved, that W. T. James be and is hereby appointed assistant superintendent of poor at Ely, with salary fixed at $200 per annum.

Resolved further, that the salary of Dr. C. G. Shipman, the assistant county physician at Ely, be reduced from $500 to $400 per annum.

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

William Haycraft tendered his resignation as engineer for court house and jail, to take effect Nov. 9, 1896.

Upon motion of Commissioner Dinham the resignation of William Haycraft was accepted and ordered filed.

A. F. Swanstrom tedered his resignation as watchman for court house, to take effect Nov. 9, 1896.

Upon motion of Comissioner Morcom the resignation of A. F. Swanstrom as watchman for court house was accepted and ordered filed.

Upon motion of Commissioner Miller, R. S. Cawden was appointed to the position of engineer for court house and jail and John T. Russell was appointed to the position of watchman for court house, said appointments to take effect Nov. 9, 1896.

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Your committee on taxes and assessments, to whom was referred certain applications for correction of assessments and abatement of taxes, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

C. G. MILLER,
E. MORCOM,
T. C. DINHAM,
Committee.

Resolved, that the following applications for correction of assessments and abatement of taxes be and the same are hereby recommended to the state auditor with the approval of this board, to-wit:

C. A. Field, William Moses, Patrick Greaney, Masonic Temple association, R. H. Palmer, Joseph Roy, M. H. Alworth, Viola M. Stoddard, G. S. Ames, Lottie Millbrook, Everett Totman, Jemima Nelson, F. W. Stone, Richard Sloan.

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

Upon motion of Commissioner Morcom the sum of $150 was appropriated out of the county special road fund, in addition to sums heretofore appropriated, for the improvement of the Grant road.

Upon motion of Commissioner Miller the action heretofore taken by this board limiting contracts on county roads to five-mile sections was rescinded.

By Commissioner Miller:

Resolved, that the county auditor be and is hereby authorized and directed to call for bids for the construction of the Miller trunk road from mile post 30 to mile post 50 and including the one and one-half miles, more or less, of said road necessary to be built to connect the grade of the old Swan Lake road with section No. 4, or that portion under contract to Gulbranson Bros.

Resolved further, that the county auditor be and is hereby authorized and directed to call for bids for that portion of the Miller trunk road located between the crossing of the Tower and Itasca road and the head of Lake Vermilion as shown by plans and specifications in the office of the county surveyor.

Commissioner Swenson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote, except as to that portion of the resolution relating to call for bids on Miller trunk road from crossing of Tower and Itasca road to head of Lake Vermilion, on which Commissioner Swenson requested to be recorded as voting nay.

Upon motion the county attorney was authorized and instructed to postpone the hearing in case against the bondsmen of the Security bank to Dec. 15, 1896.

Upon motion of Commissioner Dinham the board adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock p. m. Nov. 23, 1896.

2 o'clock p. m. Nov. 23, 1896.

The board of county commissioners met at 2 o'clock p. m. this 23d day of November, 1896, pursuant to adjournment.

Present — Commissioners Swenson, Miller, Morcom, Dinham and Chairman Helm.

Absent—None.

Bids for construction of Miller trunk road were submitted and read from the following named persons: E. J. Amory, James Dowling, A. & D. Sang, J. J. C. Davis, Roger Loughney, P. McDonnell, Frank J. McDonnell, M. W. McDonald, William Cavanagh, Harry Roberts, John Armstrong, John and Peter Gulbranson and James and George Beatty.

Referred to committee on highways and bridges.

Correspondence addressed to the county auditor was submitted and read with reference to pine and hardwood timber owned by Murphy & Darr in sections 5 and 9, township 57, range 17, in the right-of-way of the Miller trunk road, also with reference to the pine and other valuable timber located in the right-of-way of the Mountain Iron and Hibbing road, in sections 31, 32 and 33, township 58, range 20.

Referred to committee on claims and accounts.

Arvin Bagley, of West Duluth, submitted an application for appointment as assistant superintendent of poor, which was read and ordered received and placed on file.

[illegible]

Eugene Demars, James Leclair, Frank Collins and John Paradis submitted a receipt in full for work done on Chaffee contract, about which complaint was made to this board at their last session.

Ordered received and filed.

Morris Kalstad, John Peterson and twenty-five others, presented a petition urging this board to appropriate an additional sum of $500 for the improvement of the Byrne road, and for the particular purpose of getting out corduroy, and doing other kinds of work that can be done most advantageously during the winter season.

Referred to superintendent of roads, with directions to investigate and report.

Lars Wangenstein, Charles Klingensmith and twenty-one other residents and settlers of townships 57, ranges 18 and 19, asking for the construction of a county road, to commence at the corner between sections 16, 17, 20 and 21, township 57, range 18, and running thence west on section line to section corner, between sections 14 and 23, township 57, range 19.

Referred to superintendent of roads, with instructions to investigate and report.

Commissioner Swenson introduced a resolution to relinquish all the rights of St. Louis county to a private roadway, commencing at the intersection of First street and Twenty-eighth avenue west, in the city of Duluth, and running thence in a southwesterly direction through section 5, in township 49, range 14, to the intersection of what was formerly known as Cliff avenue and Fifth street, in Hazelwood addition.

Referred to county attorney, with instructions to advise this board if the county has vested rights in the property described, and as to whether the proceedings contemplated by this resolution would be legal.

By Commissioner Morcom:

Resolved, that the action taken by this board at their session, held Nov. 7, 1896, by which W. T. James was appointed assistant superintendent of poor at Ely, and by which the salary of Dr. C. G. Shipman, as assistant county physician, was reduced from $500 per annum to $400 per annum, be and the same is hereby rescinded.

Resolved further, that the action of this board as taken at a session thereof, held Oct. 6, 1896, accepting the resignation of Dr. C. G. Shipman as assistant superintendent of poor, at Ely, be and the same is hereby rescinded, and said C. G. Shipman is hereby restored to said position of assistant superintendent of poor, and his salary as such officer is fixed at the sum of $100 per annum as heretofore paid.

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote:

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred sundry fire warden bills, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

CHAS. G. MILLER,
H. T. DINHAM,
E. MORCOM,
Committee.

Resolved, that the following bills for services rendered by fire wardens be and the same are hereby allowed, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue his warrants for same, according to law, to-wit:

William J. Bates, unorganized towns .... $30 00
E. B. Engren, town of Canosia .... 16 00
William Riness, town of Canosia .... 15 60
Henry Hanson, town of Canosia .... 1 50
C. E. Fenton, town of Canosia .... 5 50
W. C. McCrimmon, town of Canosia .... 1 50
Oscar Hanson, town of Canosia .... 1 50
William Beyer, Rice Lake township .... 1 50
R. Matschegeske, Rice Lake township .... 1 50
F. Schibitske, Rice Lake township .... 1 50
A. A. Miller, Rice Lake township .... 8 00
Ely La Beaux, town of Herman .... 3 00

Total .... $87 10

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote:

To the Board of County Commissioners:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred various claims against St. Louis county, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

CHARLES G. MILLER,
H. T. DINHAM,
E. MORCOM,
Committee.

Resolved, that the following bills against St. Louis county be and the same are hereby allowed, and the county auditor is hereby directed to issue county orders for same, according to law, to-wit:

Joseph C. Helm, canvassing election returns .... $12 00
V. Prince, canvassing election returns .... 32 20
W. W. Browne, canvassing election returns .... 32 00
O. Halden, canvassing election returns .... 12 60
Buffer & Co., meat for poor farm .... 7 34
P. E. Dowling, publishing notices, etc., contracts .... 21 15

Commissioner Morcom moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

County Treasurer L. H. Whipple submitted propositions of several surety bond companies under which they agree to become sureties to St. Louis county on behalf of the county treasurer and other county officers, and for bank depositors.

Ordered received.

The county surveyor notified the board in writing that the Short Line Park bridge structure was completed and ready for inspection and acceptance.

Ordered received.

Upon motion of Commissioner Miller, the board went into executive session.

Upon motion of Commissioner Miller, the board went into open session.

By Commissioner Dinham—

Whereas, the question has been raised as to whether it is cumpulsory on the part of the county auditor to publish the "expiration of redemption list," as heretofore required by the provisions of Section 1654, statutes of Minnesota, for the year 1894, and

Whereas, this board believes it to be in the interest of the taxpayers and the public generally that such list be published in accordance with the provisions of said statute.

Therefore, be it resolved, that the county auditor be and is hereby directed to publish the list and notice of the time for redeeming lands heretofore sold for taxes, as required by the statute hereinbefore mentioned.

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

By Commissioner Miller—

Whereas, various and sundry suits are pending in the district court involving the levy and collection of taxes against properties owned and controlled by corporations and individuals, the results of which are of great importance to the county and public generally, and

Whereas, it is the opinion of this board that the county attorney has not sufficient time to devote to these cases, in connection with his other duties.

Therefore, be it resolved, that the committee on taxes and assessments be and is hereby authorized and directed to employ such counsel as it may deem necessary for the collection of taxes and for the speedy termination of suits

pending therefor, subject to the approval of the board.

Commissioner Miller moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

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The committee on poor farm presented and had read recommendations of German & De Waard, architects, together with plans and specifications of improvements for the St. Louis county poor house, and of a mortuary vault for the poor farm.

Ordered received and filed.

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Upon motion of Commissioner Morcom the board adjourned to meet at 1 o'clock p. m., Nov. 24, 1896.

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One o'clock p. m., Nov. 24, 1896.

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The board of county commissioners met at 1 o'clock p. m., this 24th day of November, 1896, pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Commissioners Miller, Morcom, Dinham and Chairman Helm.

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Absent—Commissioner Swenson.

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By Commissioner Dinham:

Resolved, that the sum of $5000 be and is hereby appropriated out of the new road fund, in addition to sums heretofore appropriated, for the purpose of cutting and hauling corduroy and grubbing out the right-of-way for the Howard and Gnesen road.

Resolved further, that the sum of $5000 be and is hereby appropriated out of the new road fund, in addition to the sums heretofore appropriated, for the purpose of cutting and hauling corduroy and grubbing the right-of-way for the Rice Lake road.

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote:

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By Commissioner Morcom:

Resolved, that the county auditor be and is hereby directed to advertise for bills for the construction of a mortuary vault at the poor farm, in accordance with plans and specifications on file in the county auditor's office.

Bids will be required to be submitted for a stone structure and for a brick structure.

Said bids to be submitted at the session of this board, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m., Dec. 4, 1896.

A bond or certified check in a sum equal to 10 per cent of the amount of each bid will be required with each proposal.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Commissioner Dinham moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted by a unanimous vote.

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Upon motion of Commissioner Miller the county attorney was authorized and directed to commence suit against the bondsmen of the Iron Exchange bank.

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Upon motion of Commissioner Miller the chairman was authorized and directed to name a committee of three, of which he shall be a member, for the purpose of inspecting the Short Line Park bridge.

The chairman named Commissioners Swenson and Dinham as the two members of the committee to act with himself.

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No further business appearing, on motion of Commissioner Dinham, the board adjourned.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.
Per A. J. WASGATT, Deputy.

(L. S.)

# OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

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Council Chamber,
Duluth, Minn., Nov. 30, 1896.
Regular meeting.
Roll call.

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Present—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Absent—Aldermen Christensen, Harwood—2.

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Upon motion of Alderman Hanson the minutes of the last meeting were approved.

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PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

From the mayor: Appointment of E. H. Holden as special police officer—Public offices, officers and elections; summons and complaint in the matter of E. P. Alexander vs. City of Duluth—City attorney; Crosley Park Land company, protest against confirmation of assessment for improvement of Grand avenue in Lakeside—Streets, alleys and sidewalks; City attorney, requesting pay for bonds engraved—Received and filed; George R. Stuntz and Matt Hurley, applications for position as janitor of the armory and market house—Public offices, officers and elections; H. L. Shepherd, an offer to sell chairs to the city—Purchasing and supplies; pay rolls for November, bills of Drs. Carson and Flatt, claim of James F. O'Neil—Claims and accounts; Fred Peterson et al., for use of the town hall at Lakeside for church purposes—City property, buildings and markets; Theodore Macy, for payment of his claim against the city—City attorney; Alfred Swanson, application for liquor license at No. 1105 West Michigan street—Police and license; report of special committee, consisting of T. W. Hugo, Matt Noble, W. B. Patton, Arthur J. Harker, James E. Evans, upon the matter of valves, etc., for waterworks, and the minority report of D. A. Reed—Waterworks committee.

Board of public works: Report relative to the excavating of a trench from the pump house to the new reservoir site, estimate to C. J. Fredrikson for construction of pump house—Waterworks; communication fixing salary of inspector of pumping machinery at 1¼ per cent on contract work inspected—Public offices, officers and elections.

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Alderman Harker moved that the action of this council one week ago in regard to the mayor's veto of the ordinance authorizing the issuance of $1,695,000 water and light bonds be reconsidered, and the said action was declared so reconsidered upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Hanson, Harker, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—12.

Nays—Aldermen Dahl, Krumsieg—2.

The question being upon the passage of the ordinance, notwithstanding the mayor's veto, the ordinance was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Harker, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—11.

Nays—Aldermen Dahl, Hanson, Krumsieg—3.

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REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred pay rolls for November, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

JOHN COVENTRY,
DAVID SANG,
C. T. CRANDALL,
Committee.

Resolved, that the pay rolls of the various departments of city work for the month of November, 1896, be and are hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw orders on the city treasurer in favor of F. J. Voss, treasurer, to pay the same, as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| City officers | $1910 01 |
| Health department | 805 58 |
| Board of public works | 449 68 |
| Engineers and inspectors | 1075 40 |
| Assessor | 269 00 |
| Poundmasters | 290 00 |
| Police department | 4270 00 |
| Fire department | 6522 99 |

Alderman Coventry moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred the claim of Dr. W. Ewell for medical services, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

JOHN COVENTRY,
DAVID SANG,
C. T. CRANDALL,
Committee.

Resolved, that the claim of Dr. W. Ewell for $150 on account of medical services rendered one Albert Hanson, be and is hereby allowed to the extent of $100, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same; provided said Dr. W. Ewell shall file with said city clerk a receipt in full for all claims hereunder.

Alderman Coventry moved the adoption of the resoution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred claims of the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company against the city of Duluth, and the counter claim of this city against the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

JOHN COVENTRY,
DAVID SANG,
C. T. CRANDALL,
Committee.

Resolved, that the claim of the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company for $43, on account of repairs to bridge No. 39, made necessary by wreck of sewer in November, 1887; and the claim in the sum of $124.58 on account of re-arrangement of Fifth avenue approach to the Sixth avenue west viaduct, not included in the original plan, be and is hereby allowed, and the total amount of said claims, namely, $167.56 is hereby ordered to be deducted from the claims against the St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company, as follows:

For a share of the expense incident to approaches to Sixth avenue viaduct, $136.75, macadamizing railroad crossing at Fifty-fifth avenue west, $591; and the city attorney is hereby authorized to collect the balance of account, namely, $560.17 from said St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company.

Alderman Coventry moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on fire department, to whom was referred requisition of board of fire commissioners for two horses, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

THOMAS TREVILLION,
THOMAS OLAFSON,
Committee.

Resolved, that the requisition of the board of fire commissioners for authority to purchase two horses for use of fire department, be and is hereby allowed.

Alderman Trevillion moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on public offices, officers and elections, to whom was referred applications for position as janitor, engineer or master of the new market house and armory building, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

THOMAS OLAFSON,
I. J. RICHARDSON,
Committee.

Be it resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth that W. J. Wilson be and is hereby employed and designated as the custodian of the market house and armory, whose duty it shall be to attend to the heating, lighting and care of said building, at the compensation of sixty (60) dollars per month, until otherwise ordered by this council.

Alderman Olafson moved the adoption of the resolution.

Alderman Stevens offered a minority report substituting the name of Alfred Broadbridge for that of W. J. Nelson. The minority report was declared lost upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Crandall, Hanson, Krumsieg, Nelson, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—7.

Nays—Aldermen Coventry, Dahl, Harker, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang—7.

The original resolution was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Dahl, Harker, Krumsieg, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Trevillion—9.

Nays—Aldermen Crandall, Hanson, Nelson, Stevens, Mr. President—5.

Passed Nov. 30, 1896.

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To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to whom was referred resolution presented by Alderman Dahl at the last meeting, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of said resolution, which is as follows:

DAVID SANG,
JOHN COVENTRY,
Committee.

Resolved, that the board of public works be and is hereby directed to fill in the alley in block 146, Duluth Proper, Second division, adjacent to Twenty-fifth avenue west, at a cost not to exceed $20.

Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

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To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks to whom was referred the report of the board of public works, ex-officio commissioners in condemnation proceedings for an easement of slopes, etc., on Seventh alley, from Fifth avenue east to Sixth avenue east, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

DAVID SANG,
JOHN COVENTRY,
Committee.

Whereas, the report of the board of public works, ex-officio commissioners in condemnation proceedings, who were appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth to view the premises and assess the damages for taking private property for public use, to-wit:

To obtain an easement for slopes for cuts and fills and for retaining walls on both sides of the alley between Sixth street and Seventh street, from Fifth avenue east to Sixth avenue east.

Has been filed in the office of the city clerk, and the said city clerk having given the notice required by law, by the publication thereof in the official paper of said city, to the effect that the said award had been returned, and stating therein the time when at a meeting of the common council of said city said report would be confirmed unless objections were made in writing by persons interested in any lands required to be taken; and it appearing to the common council of said city that no objections have been filed in writing to the confirmation of said report, and the common council having duly considered said report.

Be it therefore resolved, that the said report and award of damages and the expenses in making the same, as filed by said commissioners, be and the same are in all things hereby confirmed;

Resolved, that the city treasurer be and hereby is instructed to set apart in the city treasury of said city, out of the general fund, to and for the persons and parties entitled thereto as shown by said report, to be paid to them respectively, the amount of money awarded to each as damages and expenses, as the same may more fully appear by reference to said report.

And the city clerk is hereby directed to file with the register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, within ten days from the passage of this resolution, a notice of these condemnation proceedings, giving the general course of the improvement and describing with reasonable certainty the land taken therefor and affected thereby, with a statement of the improvement or use for which said land is so taken, and shall also cause an accurate survey and profile of said improvement to be made and filed at the same time in the office of the register of deeds of said county, and in the office of the board of public works of the city of Duluth.

Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

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To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred estimate to contractors, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
J. W. ROWLEY,
I. J. RICHARDSON,
Committee.

Resolved, that the estimate made Nov. 20, 1896, by the board of public works, to C. J. Fredrikson on his contract for the construction of pump and boiler house at Lakewood amounting to $1208.89, be and is hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vot :

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

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The committee on waterworks presented a report, signed by Aldermen Rowley and Richardson, recommending the adoption of a resolution awarding contracts for valves, etc., to Michigan Brass and Iron works, Renssallaer Manufacturing company, and the D. Clint Prescott company, in accordance with the report of D. A. Reed.

The resolution was declared lost upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens—6.

Nays—Aldermen Coventry Crandall, Dahl Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Trevillion, Mr. President—8.

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INTRODUCTION AND CONSIDERATION OF ORDINANCES.

"An ordinance to provide for the issuing of bonds of the city of Duluth, in the sum of $119,000, for the purpose of purchasing and paying certain maturing improvement bonds of the village of West Duluth and city of Lakeside, and providing for the form thereof," and "An ordinance requiring any person, partnership, or corporation, owning or operating a street railway in the city of Duluth, the cars of which are propelled by electricity or cable, to provide such cars with a suitable fender," were given their first reading and referred to the committee on ordinances and judiciary.

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MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS.

The following named persons were present and made verbal objections to the confirmation of assessment against the property fronting on Grand avenue, in the city of Duluth, formerly the city of Lakeside, from Sampson avenue to East avenue, so far as the same related to property owned by them, as follows: G. V. Quillard, southerly ½ of block 33, London addition, for the reason that he had already paid heavy assessments upon said property; D. T. Denton, lots 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 65, London addition (no reason given); J. J. Durage, lot 16, block 93, London addition (no reason given.)

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By Alderman Sang:

Resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth, as successor to the city council of the city of Lakeside, that

Whereas, the common council of the city of Duluth, as successor to the city of Lakeside, did on the 16th day of November, 1896, by resolution then and there duly adopted, levy a final assessment against all the property fronting on Grand avenue, in said city of Duluth, formerly the city of Lakeside, from Sampson avenue to East avenue of said city of Lakeside, in which said resolution this council ordered and directed the board of public works of the city of Duluth, as successor to the city of Lakeside, to make out an assessment roll for said assessment; and

Whereas, said board of public works has prepared said assessment roll as so directed, which said assessment roll is now on file with the city clerk of the city of Duluth; and

Whereas, this council, as successor to the said city of Lakeside, has caused said assessment roll to be duly published in an official newspaper in the city of Duluth for at least three (3) times before this date, the first publication thereof being at least ten (10) days before this date, as required by law, together with a notice to the effect that the common council of the city of Duluth, as successor to the city council of the city of Lakeside, would, at the city hall, in the city of Duluth, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., of Monday, the 30th day of November, 1896, meet to review and confirm such asssessment of said assessment roll; and

Whereas, the common council of the city of Duluth, as successor to the city council of the city of Lakeside, at a regular meeting of said common council, held in the common council rooms, in the city hall, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., of Monday, the 30th day of November, 1896, has duly reviewed and considered said assessment roll, and heard all objections to the same, and being fully advised in the premises;

Now, therefore, it is hereby orderd that said assessment so made and published, as aforesaid, be and the same is hereby in all things ratified and confirmed, and the city clerk of the city of Duluth, as successor to the city recorder of said city of Lakeside, is hereby ordered and directed to turn said assessment roll of said assessment over to the city treasurer of the city of Duluth, as successor to the city treasurer of the city of Lakeside for collection in the manner acquired by law.

Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

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By Alderman Coventry:

Be it resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth, that the city clerk be and he is hereby directed and required to draw an order on the city treasurer in favor of Ellsworth Benham, city attorney, for the sum of $463 for the purpose of making the third and final payment on the contract of the city with the Homer Lee Bank Note company, of New York, for furnishing 1106 steel engraved water and light bonds.

Alderman Coventry moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.

Passed Nov. 30, 1896.

Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

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By Alderman Olafson:

Resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth that the board of public works and the city engineer be and are hereby requested to estimate the value of the plants of the Duluth Water and Light company, and to report to this council at its next meeting.

Alderman Olafson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.

Passed Nov. 30, 1896.

Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

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By Alderman Olafson:

Resolved, that the president of this council be and is hereby requested to appoint a committee of six, consisting of one member from the board of trade, one from the chamber of commerce, one from the jobbers' union, and three from this council, to confer with the Duluth Water and Light company, successor to the West Duluth Light and Water company for the purpose of obtaining a price at which said Duluth Water and Light company will sell its plants to the city of Duluth, in accordance with the ordinance of the city of Duluth, passed April 8, 1895, and agreeable to the provisions of the resolution passed by this council Oct. 5, 1896.

Alderman Olafson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon a vote by acclamation.

Passed Nov. 30, 1896.

Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

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The president announced as such committee, board of trade—Watson Moore; chamber of commerce—John D. Stryker; jobbers' union—C. A. Duncan; Common council—Aldermen Olafson, Coventry and Sang.

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By Alderman Richardson—

Whereas, at a meting of this council held Nov. 23, 1896, a resolution was duly passed authorizing the issuance of an order upon the treasurer of the city of Duluth for the amount of an estimate to Allan Black, for steam heating and plumbing market house and armory building, in the sum of $1035, and thereafter two orders were duly issued by the mayor, city clerk and comptroller of said city bearing date Nov. 24, 1896, in the sum of $917 and $118, which aggregated the amount authorized by said resolution; and

Whereas, the order for $118 was duly paid by the city treasurer, and order No. 1757 for the sum of $917 dated Nov. 24, 1896, payable to Allan Black is still unpaid, there having been no funds applicable to the payment thereof;

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth, that the action of the mayor, city clerk, comptroller and treasurer of said city in the issuance of said orders for the above stated sums, be and is hereby, in all things ratified, approved and confirmed, and the treasurer of said city is authorized to pay the last mentioned order upon presentation, out of any funds in his hands applicable to the payment thereof;

Resolved further, that hereafter when the foregoing last mentioned order or any order issued in lieu thereof shall be presented for payment and not paid for want of funds, the treasurer of said city of Duluth is hereby authorized with the consent of the holder of said order to make payment thereon of the accumulated interest, and the proper officers of said city are thereupon authorized to issue in lieu of said order, to the holder of said order, a new order for the principal sum then due thereon, provided there are no funds in the hands of the city treasurer applicable to the payment thereof.

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—14.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 30, 1896.
Approved Dec. 1, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

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Alderman Crandall offered a resolution turning over the armory conditionally to the state according to provisions of section 1763 of the general statutes of Minnesota for 1894. Upon motion of Alderman Sang the resolution was referred to the city attorney to report on at the next meeting of the common council.

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No further business appearing, upon motion of Alderman Coventry, the council adjourned.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate Seal.)

# Notice of Application

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**For an Order Confirming Final Assessment for Grading Palm Street.**

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Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of forty-one hundred ninety-three (4193) dollars and seventy-one (71) cents upon the real estate benefited by the grading of Palm street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Arlington avenue to the west line of Duluth Heights, Fifth division, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessments affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 1; lots 6 to 14, inclusive, block 2; lots 18 to 34, inclusive, block 3; lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 4; lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 5; lots 17 to 30, inclusive, block 6; lots 3 to 16, inclusive, block 7; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 8; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 9; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 10; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 11; and lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 12; all in Duluth Heights, Fifth division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# Notice of Application

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**For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Seventh Alley.**

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Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of four hundred forty-four (444) dollars and eighty (80) cents, upon the real estate benefited by the grading of the alley between Sixth and Seventh streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Fifth avenue east to Sixth avenue east, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93 and 95, East Sixth street; lots 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92 and 94, East Seventh street; all in Duluth Proper, First Division. Lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 6, Norton's Division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

# Notice of Application

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**For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Fifth Alley.**

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Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of six hundred seven (607) dollars and twenty-five (25) cents upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-sixth avenue west to Twenty-seventh avenue west, with an outlet in Twenty-seventh avenue west to the alley between Third and Fourth streets, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessments affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions: viz:

All lots in block 119, Duluth Proper, Second division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# ASSESSMENT

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FOR

**Sprinkling District No. 6.**

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Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn.,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Third street from Second avenue east to Fifth avenue west and Fourth street from Fifth avenue west to Sixth avenue east in the city of Duluth, Minnesota; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of three hundred ninety-one (391) dollars and seventy-one (71) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# Notice of Application

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**For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Seventeenth Avenue West.**

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Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of one hundred forty-nine (149) dollars and twelve (12) cents upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in Seventeenth avenue west, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Piedmont avenue west to Superior street, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Lots 276, 278 and 280, block 56, and lot 274, block 57, Duluth Proper, Second division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# ASSESSMENT

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FOR

**Sprinkling District No. 4.**

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Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Superior street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-third avenue west to Fourteenth avenue west and Piedmont avenue in said city, from Fourteenth avenue west to Eighth avenue west; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred thirty-six (736) dollars and ninety-three (93) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

# ASSESSMENT

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FOR

**Sprinkling District No. 1.**

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Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for sprinkling Superior street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Eighth avenue west to Ninth avenue east; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D., 1896., at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred seventy-three (773) dollars and ninety-four (94) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shal have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1896. TWO CENTS.

## Christmas is not far off!

It will be a bright, merry Christmas, too, if each one tries to make it so. Useful gifts are the fashion now-a-days and it is a good, sensible fashion. We are glad it is so for we shine when it comes to useful gifts. Four great floors are loaded with them.

(Goods laid aside for Christmas delivery if you wish.)

**A Chafing Dish or a dainty Tea Kettle**

MAKE CAPITAL PRESENTS.

Chafing Dishes--
$3.65, $4.75, $5.75, $5.80, $6.35
Five o'Clock Tea Kettles--
$2.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3 65, $5.75

These all have burners which are perfect and are fully guaranteed. Cooking Rules with all dishes.

Complete House-Furnishers.

**French & Bassett**

First Street and Third Avenue West.

MONEY SAVING SALE OF

# PIANOS

This week we have marked down to a trifle above actual cost, a number of NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS of several of the most popular Eastern makes. No economically disposed purchaser can afford to miss this opportunity. A decided advantage may be gained by prompt action, as at these unprecedented figures selections will be made early from this stock.

2 New Upright Pianos, each ..... $220.00
1 New Upright Piano ..... $175.00
1 Fine Full Sized Upright ..... $275.00
1 Cabinet Grand Upright ..... $250.00
2 Elegant Cabinet Grand Uprights, each ..... $295.00
1 Knabe Upright at $150.00 reduction from regular price.
1 Steinway Upright at $125.00 reduction from regular price.
1 Large Sized Upright with Plectra Phone attachments ..... $315.00
1 Cabinet Grand ..... $250.00

Easy monthly payments may be arranged.
Modern Stool and Scarf included.

Immediate Attention Invited.

**Duluth Music Co**

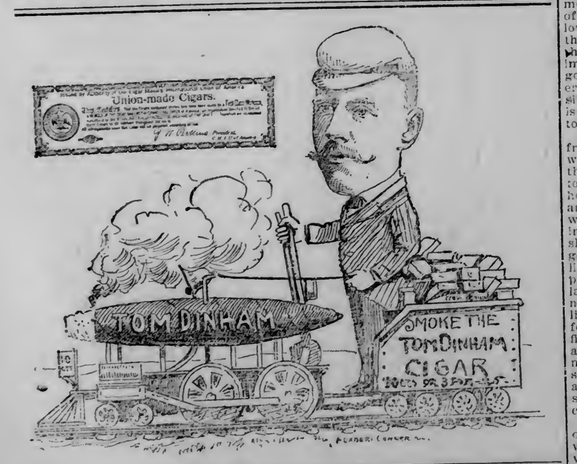
Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

# Holiday Books and Novelties!

We will, as usual, show the finest line in the city of goods suitable for the Holidays.

**Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,**

323 West Superior Street.




The Hudson Bay Company's

# RYE WHISKEY.

10 years in the wood.

A strictly Pure Rye Whiskey for family use. Sold only by

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# WORSE

## Another Rise in the Water at Chippewa Falls Reported Today.

## United States Engineers Are Trying to Overcome the Ice Gorges.

## Thrilling Escape of a Family of Four People This Morning.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 3.—With the thermometer still hovering not very far above zero and the water again climbing, the outlook for the threatened valley is still rather uncomfortable. For fifteen miles between Chippewa Falls and Eau Claire, and for nearly the same distance at Durand, the river is a mass of packed ice and timber and hourly becoming worse. The water has backed up flooding parts of Durand and lower levels in this city, but the worst damage is really what threatens, rather than what has actually occurred. The lumber mills are all surrounded and partially engulfed by the water which is frozen and seized them in its icy clutches. Nearby business places and dwellings are in the same predicament, although being a little farther away from the river channel, their situation is not so serious.

The railroads are not suffering so much as might be expected. The Omaha runs along high bluffs and has not in the least been hampered in its workings. The Wisconsin Central tracks are lower and have at times been covered by the water so that many of their trains had to use the Omaha tracks. Last night the water dropped over a foot and they used their own tracks, but today the water started up again and their line had to be abandoned entirely. The river branch of the Milwaukee & St. Paul has stopped all business for the present, its line extending along the course of the Chippewa river where the ice gorges and floods prevail.

One of the great uncertainties is the way the water rises and falls. It will crop up for an hour or more and the people begin to hope for relief from their fears and then the water rises faster than before and their fears are redoubled. The water seems to find occasionally crevasses in the ice and the filling of these lowers the waters which immediately rise again afterwards. In this way the level was lowered twelve inches during the night and then climbed five inches in two or three early morning hours. Further attempts to break the ice will be made today. Col. W. A. Jones, United States army, of St. Paul, in charge of the government engineering works in this section, arrived during the night and will confer with the authorities in regard to another attempt to break the ice dam here. Until he looks over the ground thoroughly he cannot say just what action may seem necessary to relieve the situation here.

Along the river there are a number of critical situations. In this city there are more fears from the result if the Little Falls dam should break than over the local flood situation. It is feared that a break in this Little Falls dam thirty miles above here would carry nearly everything away here. In the same way the people of Eau Claire fear the result if the ice gorge here breaks too suddenly, while those below Durand are entertaining the same fears for the outcome there. The water yesterday reached 24 feet 8 inches, the highest yet, and later dropped back nearly a foot, but at 8:30 o'clock this morning had again risen to the highest figures of yesterday and was still rising slowly.

At 9 o'clock Col. Jones, accompanied by the mayor and Manager Irvine, of the logging company, drove down the river to Gravel island, six miles from here, where an attempt will again be made to break the gorge. Yesterday several attempts were made there, but they resulted in no particular improvement. At that point there is a stretch of smooth ice, with gorges piled up below and above. Work was begun on the lower end of the upper gorge, but as the ice was torn away from there it immediately lodged against the lower gorge, and no special benefit to the general situation resulted. That being the situation after yesterday's blasting, it is hard to say what may be decided on today.

There is still a good deal of moving from threatened houses today, as the water is rising rapidly, and the only thing for the people to do seems to be to get away from the flood. Yesterday, however, saw the most of the exodus, and the people today are generally watching the rising water and wondering when it will stop. Owing to the shortage of water caused by the ice gorge and flood combined, the electric light works worked but part of their plant last night, and aside from a few large lights on the down-town street corners, the people went to bed by candle light. Big floods have been known before, and hard freezes, but this is the first record of the combination of flood and freeze up, although there is in the memory of the first settlers a strong story of a similar occurrence fifty years ago, when the Chippewa valley was swept from end to end by just such a combination of flood and freeze.

If the heavy snow and rain that fell on the 3000 square miles of water shed which drains through the Chippewa river valley ceased a week ago, it is hoped that the greatest portion of the water has gone off and that the situation will not grow much worse. All of this is guess work on the part of those who are studying the situation and hoping for relief. Many offers of relief have been received from various quarters, but nothing has yet seemed necessary along that line, although relief will be needed by some before the end of the trouble comes.

Col. Jones, after an extended trip along ther iver and viewing the big ice gorge from various points, says that he could not give an opinion yet as to what was best to do, but that he had found the ice pack or gorge extended eighteen miles and that while the water was rising in Chippewa Falls, the river itself was falling and that he did not believe the danger was so great just now. Further than this he would not speak until he had investigated more thoroughly.

A delegation of thirty or forty citizens of Eau Claire arrived in the city at noon and called on Mayor Lindley, of Chippewa Falls. Mayor Henry Day, of Eau Claire on their behalf spoke briefly, expressing the sympathy of the sister city in this disaster and offering any assistance that may be in their power to give.

### THRILLING ESCAPE.

## Heroic and Successful Fight for Life This Morning.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Chippewa Falls says: The thrilling escape of a family of four persons four miles below this place, occurred this morning. A man named Barker lived with his family, consisting of his wife, two small girls and a boy, in a house built upon an island in the Chippewa river. The ice had piled up so formidably about their dwelling and seemed to threaten every minute to crush it like an egg shell, that they determined to abandon it and make for the shore.

Barker strapped the younger girl to his back and Mrs. Barker did the same for the other. The boy then grasped his father's hand and the little party set on on their perilous journey across the mountainous gorge and mad for the shore. They leaped from cake to cake, advancing with considerable rapidity until they reached a point where the ice had formed a seemingly impassable gorge. Without hesitation, they started to clamber up the slippery eminence. When about half up the older girl slipped and recoiled back, but was rescued by her father and the race went on.

By this time a large crowd of spectators had gathered on the shore and were shouting cheers of encouragement to the brave little family. After a desperate struggle, they finally reached the firm ice near the shore where the waiting spectators lent their assistance and the little party was rescued in safety.

### DROWNED OUT FIRMS.

## Some of Those Who Have to Move.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 3.—A special to the Wisconsin from Chippewa Falls says: The following concerns have been drowned out and compelled to move from the flooded district: Postoffice; Goddard & Watson, druggs; Good Luck Drug company, druggs; C. B. Morse, jewelry; Clark & Taivo, general store; Lange Bros., bakery and general store; L. F. Martin, hardware and furniture; Eli Hodge, saloon; Jack Murray, saloon; E. Poznonski, dry goods and clothing; Heller & Jacobs, dry goods; Pieper, livery stable; P. Crowell, boots and shoes; Weyenberg Bros., boots and shoes; Robert Gailey, furniture; Barney McHugh, saloon; A. Adams, barber shop; P. Bergevin, clothing; Gus Pederson, saloon; Boston Clothing company; Mrs. G. M. Link, restaurant; P. Morey, saloon; James Bowler, barber shop; American house and all saloons and boarding houses on River street; P. Morris, grocer; George S. Raymond, barber shop; A. McDonald, bakery and restaurant; I. Hamlin, blacksmith shop; McNeil's carriage factory; Caesar's harness shop; R. Congsman, saloon; Jenkins Bros., dry goods; Webb & Fletcher, hardware; public library, Herald office, Independent office.

### WOMAN'S SUICIDE.

## Jumps From the Sixth Story Window of a Hotel.

New York, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Eliza H. Cummings, a wealthy woman of Hillsboro, Ohio, committed suicide today by jumping from the sixth story of the Hotel Empire, where she was a guest. Mrs. Cummings arrived at the hotel three weeks ago, accompanied by her brother, Thomas Hilden and his two daughters. Mrs. Cummings, who had been demented for some time, was being treated by a specialist, and a trained nurse was in constant attendance upon her.

While Mr. Hilden and his daughters were at breakfast Mrs. Cummings contrived to elude her nurse and escaped to the hallway. Then she climbed to the sixth floor, walked to the rear of the corridor, opened the window and jump d from the fire escape. She landed, apparently head foremost, between two piles of stone. Her death was instantaneous. The suicide was about 55 years of age.

### OTTAWA FIRE.

## Loss of About $400,000 in Canada's Capital.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 3.—A terribly disastrous fire broke out in Mrs. Turner's confectionery establishment on Sparks street today. It extended to MacDonald Bros. furnishing store and then to the store of G. M. Holbrooke, clothier, whose building as well as Turner's and MacDonald's were gutted and everything consumed. On the top floor of this building was Scottish Rite hall. All the paraphernalia is lost. Holbrooke's building is utterly destroyed, as is the Masonic hall, which was on the upper floor. From Holbrooke's the fire continued to the large dry goods establishment of C. Ross & Co. Only part of the front wall is standing. The loss is about $400,000.

EGYPT'S WAR LOAN.

Cairo, Dec. 3.—Lord Cromer, the British agent here, has informed the Egyptian government that he is authorized to state that in the event of that government deciding to repay to the commission of the Egyptian debt, the £500,000 ($2,500,000) advanced to meet the expenses of the Anglo-Egyptian expedition to Dongola, Great Britain is prepared to advance such sum of money as the Egyptian treasury is unable to provide for such purpose. The action of rGeat Britain in this matter is the result of the decision yesterday of the court of appeals at Alexandria that the funds of the commission should not have been used for the war expenses and that the Egyptian government must pay back the money advanced.

MRS. LEASE'S DIFFICULTY.

Wichita, Kan., Dec. 3.—The story about the sheriff's service on Mrs. Lease is an ordinary foreclosure of a mortgage on her homestead. The amount involved is $1400 and costs. Mrs. Lease is in New York at this time, and it is not known whether she will redeem or permit the property to go. The home is a pretty one, apparently worth more than the amount involved. The notice of sheriff's sale appeared this week among the legal notices.

A WIDOW'S PENSION.

Washington, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A widow's pension has been granted to Carrie B. Taylor, of Duluth.

# TAWNEY

## Congressman From the First Minnesota District Opposes the Dingley Bill.

## Says Why He Objects to Its Passage at This Session.

## Advantage to the Republicans of Having an Extra Session.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Mr. Tawney, of Minnesota, one of the Republican members of the ways and means committee of the house, is one of those who strongly oppose the passage of the Dingley bill at this session of congress. "I fear the Greeks bearing gifts," said he to an Associated Press representative today. "If some of the Democrats who opposed the bill at the last session now are ready to yield to the treasury's demand for more revenue, they will do so because they realize that in the end it will prove an embarrassment to the Republicans by frustrating with delay the full consummation of the Republican policy. Every one understands that the result of the election means a complete revision of the tariff on protective lines.

"If the Dingley bill should become a law at this session an extra session would not be justifiable, and the complete revision would be postponed until the long session of the Fifty-fifth congress. This would keep business unsettled for eighteen months, perhaps longer, and would send us into the congressional elections after a long and probably bitter fight with a tentative measure. It would give our political adversaries an immense advantage. An extra session, on the other hand, would be advantageous both from a business and political standpoint. The business interests will not be content until the complete revision is accomplished. The sooner they know exactly what schedules are to be in force the sooner will the confidence that comes from certainty as to future conditions be restored.

"Politically, considered, no one can gainsay the advantage which must accrue to the Republican party from having a tariff law in force for fifteen months before the congressional elections. The law by that time would have demonstrated its merits, indicated its ability to produce revenue and stimulate business and placed it out of the power of its opponents to use speculative argument against it. The next session would probably be short. Every Republican member of the ways and means committee of the house has been reelected to the Fifty-fifth congress and this winter we can frame the new bill and have it ready when the new congress is called in extra session. It could be passed by the house, allowing ample time for discussion in two or three weeks and I can see no reason why the bill should not be a law June 1."

Representative Sereno E. Payne, of New York, another Republican member of the ways and means committee, takes the position that the Dingley bill should be passed at this session, if possible, or that some measure to increase the revenue should be adopted.

Representative Ellis, of Oregon, who arrived today, says that the Pacific coast will make a bid for a cabinet position. The names of Judge Wayne Wire and Michael H. DeYoung, of California, he says, are most frequently mentioned. Mr. Ellis says the sentiment among the Republicans of the coast is unanimous for the passage of a tariff bill. There is, however, he says, a divided sentiment in regard to the Dingley bill. Many would like to see it passed at this session and wait for the regular session for a complete revision, while others would prefer an extra session.

A SLAP AT GERMANY.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The president has issued a proclamation suspending after January next, the operations of the act which relieves German vessels entering United States ports from the payment of tonnage dues and other shipping charges. This action was taken upon proof that American vessels are denied corresponding privileges. The shipping charges under our laws are based on a sliding scale. The president's action doubtless will arouse widespread interest in shipping circles.

The president's proclamation will go into effect the morning of Jan. 3, after which date the vessels of Germany entering our ports must pay shipping charges ranging on a sliding scale of from 6 to 30 cents per ton per annum.

SENSATIONAL DIVORCE CASE.

London, Dec. 3.—A dispatch from Paris says that a sensation has been caused there by an action for divorce commenced by Princess De Wrede against her husband, Prince Adolph De Wrede, who is a brother of the Austrian minister at Munich. It is reported that Prince Adolph, a few days ago, went through the form of marriage with an American heiress at Geneva, Switzerland.

EDITORS ON TRIAL.

Berlin, Dec. 3.—The trial of Herr Leckert, Baron Von Luetzow, Herr Ploetz, Herr Berger and Herr Poellmer, the journalists who are charged with libelling Count Botho Zulbulenberg, Baron Marschall Von Bieberstein and Prince Alexander of Hohenlohe, was resumed today. Prince Alexander Von Hohenlohe, Baron Marshall Von Biebenstein, Privy Counsellor Holstein and Counsellor of Legation Hammann were in attendance as witnesses.

GENERAL STRIKE PROBABLE.

Hamburg, Dec. 3.—Various meetings of the strikers were held this morning to consider the situation in view of the refusal of the employers to submit the dispute to a court of arbitration, and it was resolved to call upon the strikers' committee to declare a general strike.

NORTHWESTERN DIVIDENDS.

New York, Dec. 3.—The directors of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock and a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent on the common stock.

### SHARKEY WAS HURT.

## A Foul Blow Was Undoubtedly Given Him.

San Francisco, Dec. 3.—A certified check for the amount of the purse was given to Sharkey by Referee Wyat Earp after the fight last night. Some of Fitzsimmons backers talk of enjoining the bank from paying the check, but it is not believed such action, if taken, would cause the bank to withhold payment to Sharkey. It is claimed that as the check was certified, the bank has no option but to pay its holder. It is also claimed that the decision of the referee is final, and not susceptible of appeal to the courts.

Physicians and newspaper men who participated in or witnessed the examination of Sharkey after he was carried from the ring say he was visibly wounded below the belt. Doctors say his condition is serious, but not dangerous, and have ordered him to remain in bed at least two or three days, stating that exercise, or any movement might aggravate his injuries. Sharkey was seen in bed at his hotel this morning. He was resting easily, though suffering some pain and inconvenience. Witnesses of the fight declare this morning that a foul blow was undoubtedly delivered, but many believe it was accidental.

CHECK NOT HURT.

San Francisco, Dec. 3.—The Anglo-Californian bank, on which the check for $10,000 was drawn by the National club, has just refused payment. The check was presented by Lynch, Sharkey's backer. The bank officials told Lynch they must decline to pay the check until the courts decided that Sharkey was entitled to the money. The bank officials say they are acting on legal advice.

### SOCIALIST LIEBKNECHT.

## Creates a Sensation in the German Reichstag.

Berlin, Dec. 3.—The reichstag today resumed the discussion of the budget. Herr Liebknecht, Socialist, made a long speech on many subjects. Referring to the panegyric of the secretary of the navy, Admiral Von Hollmann on the sailors of the German cruiser Iris, lost with nearly all hands off the coast of China, who went down cheering for the emperor, Herr Liebknecht said that as to the crew, they had not displayed greater courage than thousands of miners in the course of their work. Thereupon the president of the reichstag, Baron Von Berenberg, interposed, rebuking the speaker for deprecating the gallantry of the sailors. Herr Liebknecht, in no way concerned by the rebuke, continued, that threats had been held out that the reichstag might be dissolved if the naval estimates were defeated.

Behind that threat, he asserted, was a certain condition—whereupon no one knew what he would do on the morrow or the day after. Such a state of things was unworthy of the reichstag. Herr Liebknecht was called to order by the president, but resuming his remarks, he said that the trial of Herr Leickert and the other newspaper men, now in progress, showed that intrigues of the basest description were conducted in their regions. In conclusion, the Socialist deputy asserted that his party would not vote a man nor a groschen for militarism or cavalism. Dr. Von Boetticher, minister of the interior, replied to Herr Liebknecht.

### SENATORS CALL.

## Thurston Would Refuse a Cabinet Position.

Canton, Dec. 3.—John M. Thurston, of Nebraska, accompanied by ex-Congressman William Mason, of Illinois, reached Canton this morning and during the day had an extended conference with President-elect McKinley. Mr. Mason says his call on Maj. McKinley is purely of a social nature and he will return to his home today. Senator Thurston is enroute to Washington for the short session.

In an interview he said he would not accept a cabinet position if tendered him, because he believes it to be his duty to remain in the senate where every Republican is needed. The tariff, he said, would not be satisfactorily disposed of before a special session. "Personally, I have been a high tariff man," he said, "and bleive that this country needs a vigorous protective policy in force. To that end we will work." Senators Mitchell and McBride, of Oregon, will reach here also this afternoon.

### A BLOODY BATTLE.

## Five Men Killed in a Kentucky Feud.

St. Louis, Dec. 3.—A special from Lexington, Ky., to the Post-Dispatch says: A fight between old man Harrison and two sons and Morgan and two sons, Tom and Caleb, occurred today in one of the mountain counties. As a result the elder Morgan is dead and both sons are dying. Both of the Harrison boys are also dead. The bloody battle was fought with revolvers.

The Morgan family were strong supporters of D. G. Colson and the Harrison family supporters of John D. White in the recent election for congressman in Letcher county. William Morgan and his three sons, Thomas, Caleb and John, were going to the mill when they met William Harrison and his sons Jim and Henry. In the pitched battle which followed, old man Morgan fell dead at the first fire and when the fight was over Jim and Henry Harrison lay dead and Tom and Caleb Morgan dying.

AN OLD PRAYER BOOK.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 3.—A copy of the book of common prayer of the Church of England, abridged and edited by Benjamin Franklin at London in the year 1773, was sold for $250 at auction last night. The firm of Dodd, Mead & Co., of New York, were the purchasers. They bought the book, it is claimed for a client. This famous prayer book is supposed to be the only copy in America, and is perhaps the only copy in existence today, as no other has been found to date. Experts set the price it would bring at $300. The book was included in the valuable collection in the library of Professor Henry Reed, of the University of Pennsylvania.

MRS. MINK DEAD.

Watertown, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Mrs. Sarah E. Mink, national president of the Woman's Auxiliary Army of the Republic, died at her home, in this city, aged 59 years.

BISHOPS APPOINTED.

Rome, Dec. 3.—The pope held a consistory today and appointed several bishops, including the Rev. Edward O'Dea, of Portland, Ore., to be bishop of Nesqually, which embraces the state of Washington. The king of Servia was present at the public consistory today.

# BLEW UP

## Large Amount of Dynamite Exploded at Lakewood This Morning.

## Pat Cobey Had a Thrilling Run to Save His Life.

## Shock Severely Felt at Lester Park and Further West.

One hundred pounds of dynamite, stored in a magazine half a mile east of Lester river and about 800 feet south of the Two Harbors road, blew up at 8:30 o'clock this morning. No one was injured. The shock was terrific and was plainly felt at points five miles away from the scene.

Pat Cobey, who was in charge of the operation of heating the explosive, was engaged at his work in the small shed where it is stored. He had a kettle of hot water on the stove, in which he was "cooking" several sticks of the stuff. Chancing to look around, he was horrified to find that the shelf on which the dynamite was stored, and which was soaked with the glycerine that had exuded from the explosive, had caught fire from the heat of the stove. The flames were already licking the boxes in which the dynamite was stored.

To hesitate meant total annihilation any instant. Cobey made up his mind pretty soon. With a yell he cleared the stove and went through the door at a single bound, and until he had reached a point 200 feet away he only struck the ground in high places.

The concussion was severely felt in Lester Park. Houses shook and windows rattled. One gentleman who was taking a late breakfast avers that the shock knocked a spoon out of his mouth. It is expected that dentists will have some work to do replacing teeth fillings that were loosened by the explosion.

The shanty was placed more than 300 feet from the trench where the men are at work and none of them were exposed to any danger. There was not enough left of the structure to make a toothpick, and the ground where it had stood was scooped out to a depth of several feet. A battery used to discharge blasts, and which was worth about $75, was destroyed, which, with the value of the shed itself and the dynamite, makes the total loss about $150.

### KILLED THEM ALL.

## The Insurgents Rout Spanish Troops Near Havana.

Havana, Dec. 3.—The insurgent attack on Guanacarcou, on the outskirts of this city, on Tuesday last was a much more serious affair than at first stated. According to insurgent accounts, Guanabacoa was attacked simultaneously at several points, while another insurgent force fired upon the Spanish outposts. The garrison of the fort, it is added, left that place to resist the attack on the town, but was ambuscaded between stone walls and attacked by about 300 insurgents; in spite of the gallant defense made, all the Spaniards were killed. It is admitted that a number of insurgents were also killed, but here again, the number is not stated. On the other hand, the insurgents are said to have burned seventy-four houses in Guambarcou, instead of one house as the reports at first stated.

LEEWARD ISLANDS FLOODED.

London, Dec. 3.—An official dispatch received here from St. John's Antigua, capital of the Leeward Islands, says that serious floods have occurred in the island of Montzerrat. Much property has been destroyed and seventy-five persons have been drowned. The Leeward islands form part of th British West Indian islands. Montzerrat has an area of about forty-seven square miles.

THE ARGENTINE BOUNDARY.

Lima, Peru, Dec. 3, via Galveston, Tex.—Advices received here from Bolivia confirm the report that a hitch has occurred between Bolivia and the Argentine limit commission. The president gives a banquet to the Spanish minister today, and it will be followed by a reception.

HORSEWHIPPED BY GIRLS.

Guthrie, Okla., Dec. 3.—At Araphoe Ruth Richenberg and Jessie Feddler, respectable young women, have created a sensation by publicly horsewhipping Silar Richardson, a prominent business man, whom they alleged had insulted them. Both women have been arrested.

BANK OF COMO SUSPENDS.

London, Dec. 3.—A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Milan announces that the Luraghierra company, bankers of Como, have gone into bankruptcy, and it is stated by the same dispatch that the bank of Como closed its doors at the same time.

DENVER INHUMANITY.

Denver, Col., Dec. 3.—An appeal to the Humane society has been made on behalf of Grace Solomon, aged 21 years, who is violently insane and is kept without any clothing, chained to the wall in an apartment over a pawn shop in this city, of which her father, J. Solomon, formerly of Glasgow, Ky., is proprietor. The father is desirous of having the young woman placed in an asylum but the mother refuses her consent.

MINE OWNER'S FATAL FALL.

Victor, Col., Dec. 3.—John Ople, part owner of the Puzzler mine on Straub mountain, was killed by falling down the shaft 120 feet. His fall was due to the breaking of the rope on which he was descending. Mr. Ople was formerly manager of "Diamond Joe" Reynolds mining property in this state and before coming to Colorado, was inspector of mines in Pennsylvania.

POSTMASTER REMOVED.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The president has removed E. B. McClanahan as postmaster at Waukegan, Ill., and has appointed William A. Melody as his successor. The removal is stated to be due to inattention to the business of the office and too much activity in politics.

# SHARKEY

## Given the Decision in His Go With Bob Fitzsimmons.

## Sharkey Was Knocked Out Completely in the Eight Round.

## But Referee Earp Decided it Was By a Decided Foul.

San Francisco, Dec. 3.—Tom Sharkey's luck, which dragged him out of obscurity six months ago, stood by him again last night when he won on an alleged foul, the stakes of $10,000, in his contest with Bob Fitzsimmons. Over 20,000 people saw the fight, but as far as science goes he was not in it from the call of "time" in the first round until he was carried senseless from the ring in the eighth.

There were several good preliminary bouts before the great affair of the evening, and it was quite late before Fitzsimmons and Sharkey entered the ring.

Wyatt Earp, the famous Arizona stage driver, who has figured in many a gun fight on the border, was chosen referee in the afternoon, but it was only after the most strenuous objection on the part of Fitzsimmons that he was allowed to officiate.

One of the most notable differences in the men was in regard to height, the New Zealander being 5 feet 11¾ inches, and Sharkey 5 feet, 8¾ inches. Each of the men weighed about 175 pounds. The seconds for Fitzsimmons were Martin Julian, Dan Hickey and Jack Steizner, and for Sharkey, George Allen, Australian Billy Smith and Danny Needham. Fitzsimmons objected to the bandages on the sailor's hands and Referee Earp ordered them removed. Following is the fight by rounds:

Round 1. The men advanced to the center of the ring and sparred a moment. Fitzsimmons feinted several times with his left, but Sharkey gets away. Fitzsimmons lands lightly right on head. Sharkey clinches. Sharkey swings left at Fitzsimmons' body, and a moment later lands a hard left swing on Fitzsimmons' neck. Sharkey landed right and left on Fitzsimmons' head and ducked a vicious left swing. Sharkey tried with right for head, but Fitzsimmons got away. Sharkey ducked a hard right swing. Sharkey tries for body, and rushes Fitzsimmons, landing left on body. Sharkey landed left, and got same in return. Fitz knocks Sharkey down with right twice on jaw. Round ended with Sharkey in corner and Fitzsimmons trying for neck.

Round 2. Fitzsimmons standing up before timers called. Men sparred and Fitz landed light left on face. Sharkey rushes, but Fitz clinched. Fitz swings right and left, but missed. Sharkey landed left on chest. Fitz tried left for face, but got light left on head. Fitz ducked head left. Sharkey ducked left and clinched. Fitz swung right, but missed, and then landed left on head. Fitz landed right right on head. Fitz landed left on body. Sharkey missed right and left for the head. Sharkey landed right and left on head and neck and got two in return. Fitz ducked a right swing. Fitz tried left for the head, and missed. Round ends with Fitzsimmons aggressor.

Round 3. Fitzsimmons rushed, but Sharkey ducked and clinched low. Sharkey tried left for the body, and then clinched. Fitzsimmons swings right and left on the head. Sharkey swings right and left, but with little effect. Fitz staggered Sharkey with his right. Sharkey swings left on head. Fitz swings left, but Sharkey ducks. Sharkey landed left on face. Sharkey landed hard left on the wind and got away. Sharkey ducks a hard left swing. Sharkey doing most of the leading for the wind, and again landed left on wind. Fitz evidently laying to get in right on the jaw.

Round 4. Sharkey landed left. Sharkey knocks Fitz down with a left swing. He then ducks left swing and landed left on wind three times without a return. Fitz fighting carefully. Sharkey ducks right swing. Fitz landed left. Sharkey landed left on face and wind and rushed Fitz to the ropes. Fitz clinched. Fitz tried left for head twice and missed. Sharkey tries for wind and missed. Sharkey landed left on wind and got left on head. Sharkey landed left swing on head, staggering Fitz. Fitz swung right and left, staggering Sharkey. Honors even.

Round 5. Both men stand up before call of time. Fitz tried right for head. Sharkey clinches and threw Fitz. Sharkey bleeding from cut over left eye. Fitz landed left on face. Fitz tried left swing but missed. Fitz swung left on neck and left on wind. Fitz landed left and right swing on head. Sharkey ducks and clinches. Sharkey landed left on face twice lightly. Fitz landed right on head. Sharkey tried right and Fitz clinched. In a scrimmage Fitz landed right on face twice and knocks Sharkey down. Fitz tried left for face and Sharkey clinched. Sharkey clinched to avoid Fitz's swings. When Sharkey fell under the ropes Bob kindly assisted him to his feet. Round ended in a clinch.

Round 6. Fitz rushes and Sharkey clinches. Fitz landed left on face twice. Sharkey landed lightly left on head. Fitz swung right and Sharkey ducked and clinched. Sharkey ducks into a left upper-cut. Sharkey clinches. Fitz landed right and left swings. Fitz now leading lefts for wind. Sharkey landed left for face. Fitz landed right and left on jaw and Sharkey ducks. Sharkey appeared tired at end of the round. Round ended with Sharkey clinching.

Round 7. Fitz swung left on head. Sharkey landed left on wind. Fitz swinging for the head and Sharkey ducking. Sharkey swung right for the head but missed. Fitz landed left on face. Fitz swung left on face twice and got left and right lightly on head. Sharkey struck Fitz in a clinch and missed. Fitz landed left jab over damaged eye. Fitz staggered Sharkey with right and left on head. Sharkey swung wild for the head with right and left. Fitz jabs Sharkey in the face twice with left. Sharkey clinches to avoid punishment. Sharkey punched Fitz in the wind with left. Fitz appeared tired and not forcing the fighting. Sharkey appeared fresh.

Round 8. Fitz led with left for face and missed, but a moment later landed right swing on head twice. Sharkey clinched and rushed Fitz for the ropes. Fitz tried left on head and countered with right on head. Fitz swung right and left on head. Fitz swung right on head and Sharkey came back with left on wind. Fitz jabbed Sharkey in face with left and swung right on jaw twice. He then landed his right arm blow on face.

After two minutes and a half of the eighth had expired Fitz landed right for jaw and then put his left crook on the chin, which put Sharkey on the floor with a smash. Bob jolted Sharkey under the chin with his left and the sailor went over backwards. As he fell he put his hand to his groin. He made no attempt to rise and was carried unconscious from the ring. The foul, if foul it was, could not be seen from the press stand, but Referee Earp gave his decision in spite of Fitzsimmons' protest.

Sharkey recovered consciousness about half an hour later. He was apparently badly injured, his groin being swollen. He says he had Fitzsimmons going until the eighth round, when the foul occurred. Wyatt Earp, the referee says the foul was deliberate. Fitzsimmons, just before striking his left hook that apparently knocked Sharkey out, hit the sailor below the belt with his fist. Earlier in the fight, in a break away, Earp says Fitzsimmons deliberately struck Sharkey over the eye with his elbow, making a bad cut. Earp was tempted to give Sharkey the fight then and there, but the sailor made no claim and he allowed the contest to proceed.

Fitzsimmons was seen at the Baldwin hotel after the fight. He said: "I have been robbed. I have always fought fairly and I did not foul Sharkey. If there was a foul, it was unintentional."

### EARP'S STATEMENT.

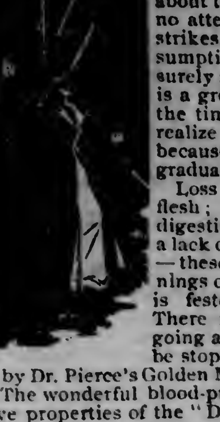
### Fitz and Sharkey Air Their Views.

San Francisco, Dec. 3.—Referee Earp whose decision of the Sharkey-Fitzsimmons fight caused an indignant demonstration from the crowd at the ringside last night, stated this morning that when he decided the contest in favor of Sharkey, he did so because he thought Fitzsimmons deliberately fouled him and under the rules the sailor was entitled to the decision. He would have been willing to allow half fouls, that is fouls that might be considered partly accidental—to pass by with only a reprimand, but inasmuch as this he could only do his duty.

He said: "There is one thing I regret. I should have given Sharkey the fight earlier in the contest. In the fourth round, I think, it was, Fitzsimmons landed a left-handed blow and returned with his elbow, cutting Sharkey's eyebrow open. The sailor should have had the fight then. The foul blow of the eighth round, was seen plainly by me. Fitzsimmons smashed with his right on Sharkey's shoulder, and then with an uppercut with the left he struck the sailor below the belt. Sharkey was leaning over and the blow knocked him down. It was clearly a foul and before the sailor moved, I mentioned that the fight was over. The first blow had been weak and I believe that the second was intended for an uppercut, but it struck foul. No man until now has ever questioned my honor. I have been in many places and in peculiar situations, but no one ever said, until last night that I was guilty of a dishonorable act. And I will repeat that I decided in all fairness and with a judgment that was as true as my eye-sight. I saw the foul blow."

Fitz said after the fight: "Earp knows, and so does Sharkey that I did not hit the sailor where they say I did. My left landed straight in his stomach, where I had a right to hit him, and no other place. His lying down and groaning was all a part of the game. There was no need for me to foul him, because I had him whipped anyway and could have finished him before the end of the round. It don't make any difference though. As I telegraphed Dan Stuart last night, I am willing to meet both Sharkey and Corbett in the same ring any night Stuart wants to pull the fight off. I will say one thing for Corbett, and that is that I don't blame him for saying that he was robbed of the Jackson fight in this town. No pugilist can get a square deal from the thieves who handle fighting in this city and it is a safe bet that the last big fight San Francisco will ever see was pulled off last night."

Sharkey has this to say of the affair: "I am certain that Fitzsimmons fouled me deliberately to save himself from defeat. It was getting too plain to him that I was gaining in strength, while he was going down hill, so to speak, and rather than be knocked out, he thought he would lose on a foul. Had he not delivered that nasty blow which crippled me, I would certainly have finished him in that round—the eighth—I believe it was. I am sorry that the question of supremacy was not settled on its merits rather than in this way. I can beat Fitzsimmons, and I would far rather have knocked him out than win the purse on a foul. I don't think he will be anxious to meet me again, however, but if he is—well, I am ready to make arrangements. I am in the boxing business as a profession. I intend to win the world's championship if the decision in this contest has not already given me the right to that title. I am not going to pose as a talking fighter either. If anybody wants to meet me, they will always find me willing."

People are terrified if a lightning bolt strikes near them, and pray to be delivered from sudden death; yet death by disease plays all about them and they pay no attention to it until it strikes them down. Consumption kills just as surely as lightning and it is a great deal nearer all the time. People never realize how near it is because it steals on so gradually.

Loss of appetite and flesh; poor sleep; poor digestion; nervousness; a lack of energy and force—these are the beginnings of consumption; it is festering the blood. There is no need of its going any further. It can be stopped right where it is by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.

The wonderful blood-purifying and nutritive properties of the "Discovery" prevent and cure consumption by renovating and vitalizing the circulation. It arrests wasting processes and rapidly builds up healthy tissue and solid flesh. It promotes perfect digestion; active strength and nerve force.

Mrs. Rebecca F. Gardner, of Grafton, York Co., Va., writes: "When I was married I weighed one hundred and twenty-five pounds. I was taken sick and reduced in health. My doctor failed to do me any good and I fell away to 90 pounds. I had dyspepsia so bad that I could not eat anything. I thought I was not long for this world. Finally I gave up and my husband nearly went crazy. One day in one of your little Memorandum Books I saw where some people had been cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. My husband got me two bottles. I began using it and thank God and you I began to improve. When I began taking the 'Discovery' my weight was 90 pounds and now I weigh 140 pounds and have only taken two bottles. I cannot say anything too much about the medicine. My husband says I look younger than I did the first time he ever saw me. I am a well woman, and do all my house work, tend to my fowl and cow and do some work in the garden. It is a miracle that I am cured."

Dr. Pierce's 1000-page book, "The Common Sense Medical Adviser" is sent free paper-bound for 21 cents in one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only*; or cloth-bound for 31 cents. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.


# MORTON

## Secretary of Agriculture Does Not Mention German Food Restrictions.

## But the Administration is Looking Into it Very Closely.

## Morton is Also a Supporter of the Indianapolis Money Convention.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Secretary Morton in his annual report did not go into the European restrictions on the importation of American food products, especially the German and French requirements as to the specification by the United States of our export pork. He had discussed the matter in his previous report. The question will not be dealt with by the president in his message, except possibly by passing reference. Nevertheless the whole question is receiving the earnest attention of the administration. Relation could not profit among trade, but practical relation has been hinted at by Ambassador Uhl in the case of Germany and by our consul general to Austria, Max Judd. Mr. Uhl has suggested, in view of the required inspection of our pork imported into Germany, that it would be reasonable to require a certification by the German government of the purity of the beer and wine exported by Germany to the United States.

Secretary Morton with considerable difficulty has obtained from our agents in Germany official reports bearing on the local inspection of pork in that country, which, it is claimed, conclusively will prove that their own inspection of pork does not effectively prevent trichinosis, and that the real purpose of requiring an inspection by the United States government is to prevent American competition. The large number of cases of trichinosis in Germany is due to the pork being cooked underdone there. No inspection can determine absolutely whether trichinae exists in pork. A microscopic investigation of one muscle furnishes no guarantee that other muscles are free from trichinae, and the reports now in possession of the agricultural department show that large numbers of cases of trichinosis resulted from eating pork inspected and certified by the German government.

Last year 21,497,221 pounds of pork which had been microscopically inspected by this government, were exported to Germany and France, the only countries requiring this inspection. The cost of this to the United States was $60,485, or over ⅓ of a cent a pound. If, after the facts to be shown in the reports at the agricultural department are submitted to the German government, this restriction is not removed, Secretary Morton is in favor of compelling the owners of the pork exported to pay for the inspection. He does not believe it is the province of a government to pay the cost of a trade requirement of another country in order to sell products in a foreign market.

### CURRENCY REFORM.

### Indianapolis Convention Endorsed By Secretary Morton.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Secretary Morton is very much interested in the success of the movement inaugurated by a preliminary meeting of the representatives of some of the commercial organizations of the country at Indianapolis to day to secure a general convention of the representatives of commercial, banking and business associations for the purpose of framing a practical scheme of currency reform to be urged on congress. He has long been of the opinion that if the business interests of the country would formulate their demands a to remedial financial legislation and were a unit in its support, they could bring enough pressure to bear on congress to compel action in the line of their wishes. Almost a year ago Secretary Morton made this suggestion in a speech at the New York board of trade and transportation. On that occasion he said:

"Why cannot the New York board of trade and chamber of commerce formulate such legislation; have it approved by all the commercial organizations of the United States, and by petition present it to congress and demand its enactment? Why should wage earners, bankers, traders, merchants, manufacturers and railroad men who use vast sums of currency in their practical every day affairs leave the finances of the country to be settled by mere politicians? Why leave all, at this critical and crucial period, where integrity, honor and the glory of our common country are imperilled, to the advocates of a financial scheme that would dishonorably pay those whom we honestly owe? Did not that class enact the Bland-Allison law of Feb. 28, 1878?"

The Indianapolis preliminary convention at which the boards of trade of a few cities in the Middle West were represented, he believed, is in line with his suggestion, will be eagerly taken up by the business and commercial bodies of the country. If they can agree upon a comprehensive plan of currency reform, he is confident that congress will accept and enact it into law.

## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.



# MUNYON'S GOOD WORK

## He Changes Suffering and Sorrow to Health and Happiness.

## SICK PEOPLE CURED

### Munyon's Improved Homeopathic Remedies Place the Means of Self Cure Within the Reach of All.

**Rich and Poor Alike Provided With Home Remedies That May Be Relied Upon as Sure Specifics For All Disease—Get Munyon's Guide to Health From Your Nearest Druggist Buy a 25 Cent Munyon Remedy and Cure Yourself.**

With Munyon's Remedies everyone can become his own doctor. No experimenting, no guess-work, no purging, no nauseous doses. The cure is certain, quick and permanent. Munyon's system is to build up, not tear down; to strengthen, not to weaken. If you are sick, cast aside all other medicines, bury prejudice; step into the nearest drug store, and ask for a Munyon "Guide to Health." It will cost you nothing, and will tell you how to cure yourself, after everything else has failed. In any event, your cure will cost you but a trifle. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients in all parts of the country attest the wonderful efficacy of Munyon's Remedies in the cure of every curable disease.

Munyon's Remedies at all druggists, mostly 25 cents a vial.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.


### IN ITASCA COUNTY.

### Interest in Organizing Cass and Beltrami Counties.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The progress towards organizing Cass and Beltrami counties is of much interest in this adjoining county of Itasca, where men who have large interests in the new district have waited for years for the development which now seems to be at hand. Some have gone to attend the meeting to be held in Beltrami next Saturday, when measures to further the organization are to be adopted.

Frank Lydick is at the Eble & Russell hospital suffering from a bruised back, caused by being caught by a load of logs at Bovey & Delaittre's camp 1, Split Hand. His injuries are painful, but apparently not very serious.

Alwin Kremer, who broke two bones of his left ankle last week while jumping at the high school gymnasium, is improving nicely and expects to be out about New Year's day.

Tuesday evening Pokegama tent, of the Knights of the Maccabees, elected officers as follows: F. F. Price, sir knight commander; Philip Caselberg, lieutenant commander; George D. Smith, record keeper; John F. Metzger, finance keeper; Dr. Thomas Russell, physician; P. H. Varley, sergeant; C. Bohn, master-at-arms; L. McKinnon, first master of the guards; Emil Liechke, second master of the guards; C. Dallis, sentinel.

Itasca lodge A. F and A. M. is giving a series of socials during the winter.

New officers will be installed this week in fraternal societies here as follows: Waubana lodge, Knights of Pythias—George F. Meyers, chancellor commander; Charles Kearney, vice chancellor; M. L. Toole, prelate; E. A. Kremer, master of the work; George Sawyer, master-at-arms; H. E. Graffam, keeper of the records and seals; C. T. Glover, master of finance; Thomas Trainor, master of the exchequer. The Pythians will open the social season with a reception and installation this evening.

Grand Rapids lodge, I. O. O. F. elected George Riddell, noble grand; L. F. Knox, vice grand; John De Shaw, recording and financial secretary; George F. Meyers, treasurer. The Daughters of Rebecca selected the following officers: Mrs. Woodruff, past noble grand; Miss Della Brown, noble grand; Mrs. T. McAlpine, vice grand; Mrs. E. S. Stevens, recording secretary; Mrs. T. H. Hennessy, financial secretary; Mrs. W. V. Fuller, treasurer.

MURDERER PARDONED.

Topeka, Kans., Dec. 3.—Ed Mosley, who has been in the penitentiary for thirteen years for murder, has been pardoned by Governor Morrill. Mosley and his mother, Mrs. Martin, were convicted in Lyon county of murdering an old woman, Mrs. Lucinda Welsh, in 1883, for her money. Both were sentenced to hang, which in Kansas means life imprisonment. Mrs. Martin died soon after being taken to prison.

AN ARMY WEDDING.

Leavenworth, Kans., Dec. 3.—The marriage of Lieut. C. C. Smith, Second cavalry, and Miss Fannie Graham, daughter of Maj. J. G. Graham, of this city took place in the First Episcopal church last night. The church was decorated in yellow and white, cavalry and infantry colors and was a military wedding throughout. Army people were in attendance from several Western posts. The young couple left immediately for San Antonio and Southern points.

### THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The Northern Pacific Railway company has commenced suit against Joseph Lamont, proprietor of the Headquarters hotel, in Fargo. The company will make an effort to eject Lamont. The hotel is Northern Pacific property but Lamont claims to have a lease for ninety-nine years. The road claims that it is not responsible for the leases of the old company.

Much interest is taken at Jamestown in the contest for the office of state senator from this district, between B. W. Fuller (Rep.), present senator, and E. M. Sanford (Fus.). The latter has, apparently a majority of thirteen votes, and the canvassing board has issued the certificate of election to him. Fuller alleges many irregularities in the counting of ballots by precinct boards, that the county canvassing board counted the ballots from two precincts from which they had no official returns and that illegal votes had been accepted and counted for Sanford. It seems to be the general opinion that when the ballots are recounted it will be found that votes cast for Fuller were counted, unintentionally, probably, for Sanford, and that the former will overcome the small majority by which he is seemingly defeated.

The jury in the case of O. J. Warner vs. George Gussner, after being out eighteen hours, were unable to agree at Bismarck. This was a damage suit for $7500, which plaintiff demanded from Gussner for the alienation of his wife's affections. Gussner is a prominent merchant, and the case has attracted considerable interest.

Anxiety is felt for the safety of Rev. E. H. Strachan, formerly pastor of the Robert Street Methodist church at Fargo, but now of Enderlin. Wednesday morning he left the farm of ex-Mayor Carter, of Wahpeton, seven miles below Hankinson, and he was to have driven to Enderlin, sixty-five miles, stopping at Hamblin over night. He has not yet reached Enderlin, and, as the drive was across the country and away from telegraph lines, nothing can be heard from him. It is feared he was lost in the Thanksgiving day storm.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The roller mill at Kimball is doing its share toward beating the coal trust, bran instead of coal being utilized for fuel. As it would be impossible to feed the furnace in the ordinary way without endless toil, Engineer Perkins invented a contrivance that feeds the bran to the fire box automatically. The ingenious device requires little, if any, attention. The bran comes down from a floor above the engine room in a 4-inch spout, at which point it strikes a trough about seven inches square, open at the top, running across the top of the boiler above the fire box. At each end of the trough is a 3-inch spout running down the side of the boiler into the fire box. The bran, as it enters the trough at one end, drops into the first conductor to the fire box and the overflow is carried across to the other conductor by a revolving screw. A cut-off at each end regulates the amount fed to the boiler. In case of a stoppage an overflow spout drops the bran on the floor of the engine room and warns the engineer. The contrivance holds the steam guage to eighty pounds for hours at a time without regulating.

The Press of Miller and the Journal of St. Lawrence, are indorsing W. S. Majors, senator from this county, for the United States senate. Mr. Majors has served two terms in the legislature, and has just been elected a third time. He supported Kyle six years ago, when both were state senators at Pierre. He has beautiful, soft, red whiskers, nearly two feet long, and is the idol of the Populists of this part of the state, as well as a great favorite with the middle-of-the-road people of his party throughout the state. If Senator Majors is really a candidate for the place, he will give Kyle a hard race.

The recent storm has proven serious for sheepmen about Pierre. Henry Seville reports passing a pile of 1400 sheep which belong to a Montana man, all smothered. The losses of the sheepmen range from a few head up to 200, which is the highest individual loss so far reported by home men. So far as has been learned at least 2000 are lost, with a large part of the sheep range to hear from.

P. J. Wylie, a prominent business man of Vermillion, committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver. No cause is known for the deed.

### MR JONES ENTERTAINS.

### Valve Agent Feasted Some Aldermen at Boyle's.

Octavus Jones, the agent of the Rensslaer Valve company, entertained some of the aldermen and others at a little supper at Boyle's on Monday evening. There was Welsh rarebit, oysters on the half and good things galore, followed by a smoke. Mr. Jones who is a gentleman of exceeding suavity of manner, proved himself an excellent entertainer and it was in the wee small hours that the gathering broke up. The opinion is expressed by a good many that the unsettled condition of the valve question has, indeed, its compensating features.

AN OBJECTIONABLE TAX.

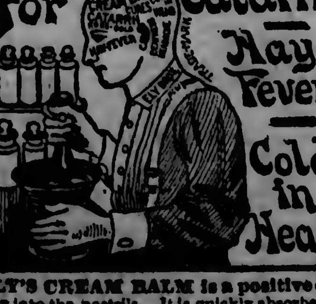
Manchester, Iowa, Dec. 3.—A committee representing eighty-five of the taxpayers of Colony township, Delaware county, have instituted proceedings to enjoin the county treasurer from collecting the special tax voted to aid in building the proposed Mississippi, Colesburg & Manchester railway. The line was originally projected from Colesburg to this city, but the plan was changed after the tax was voted to run to Dyersville and connect with the Chicago-Great Western which company was to operate it. A deficit in the notice of election is alleged. Contracts for building and ironing the road were under negotiation, but are postponed by reason of the injunction proceedings.

CLEVELAND MORNING FIRE.

Cleveland, Dec. 3.—Fire, which originated from a lamp explosion, entirely destroyed works No. 2 of the Variety Iron company, near the corner of Hamilton street and Case avenue, early this morning. The loss will be between $40,000 and $50,000, fully covered by insurance. One hundred and fifty men are thrown out of employment. The plan will be rebuilt at once.

EVERY-DAY EXCURSIONS

To all parts of the world can be arranged for any day in the year, for one or more persons, upon application to any principal ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Itineraries carefully prepared for excursions to California, Florida, Mexico, China, Japan, and to any part of Europe. Estimates furnished, including all expenses. Tickets furnished for the complete journey. It is not necessary to wait for any so-called "Personally Conducted Excursions." In these days of progressive enlightenment, with the English language spoken in every land under the sun, one does not need to depend upon the services of guides for sight-seeing but can go it alone or in small family parties, with great comfort and security, and at one's own convenience. Write to J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St Paul railway, St. Paul, Minn., for details if you are contemplating a trip.


**ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure.** Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.



## What is

# CASTORIA

**Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.**

**Castoria** destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation.

**Castoria** contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D.,
125th Street and 7th Avenue,
New York City.

"**Castoria** is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
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"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D.,
New York City.

**Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.**

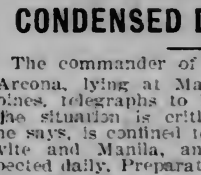
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



"SAY AYE 'NO' AND YE'LL NE'ER BE MARRIED. DON'T REFUSE ALL OUR ADVICE TO USE

# SAPOLIO





Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for **LOST MANHOOD** and all attending ailments, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by **Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains.** They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great **NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER**, bringing back the **pink glow to pale cheeks**, and restoring the **FIRE OF YOUTH** to the patient. By mail, **$1.00** per box or 6 for **$5** with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. **Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2399, New York.**

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.


### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The commander of the German cruiser Arcona, lying at Manila, in the Phillippines, telegraphs to his government that the situation is critical. Spanish action, he says, is confined to the defense of Cavite and Manila, and an attack is expected daily. Preparations have been made to remove resident foreigners to a place of safety.

Ernest Bachner, aged 52, one of the best known citizens of Minneapolis, took his life yesterday by shooting himself through the head at the family residence. Financial troubles and despondency over the deaths of his brother and son are assigned as the cause.

The Northwestern Miller gives the following milling output last week at Minneapolis: 320,930 barrels against 283,855 barrels for the corresponding week in 1895.

An explosion of dynamite at Jay, Me., yesterday killed one Italian, fatally injured another and maimed several others. The man who was killed was blown to pieces.

Atlanta, Ga., had a snow storm yesterday, hard and heavy enough to stop the street cars.

At Chicago yesterday afternoon four children of Paul Bartcovitch, a laborer, were burned to death at 1216 North Fifty-third street. The oldest child was 6 years old. The building caught fire and when the mother came home there was only the ruins and charred bodies of her children.

Vice President and Mrs. Stevenson and their daughter, Miss Letitia, have returned to Washington for the congressional season and taken apartments at the Normandie.

At Pottsville, Pa., by the arrest of Charles Rubinsky the federal authorities say they have broken up a daring gang of swindlers who during the past five years have obtained goods valued at many thousands of dollars from merchants of New York, Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia and other cities. The ringleaders of the gang are said to have been three brothers, Harry, Abraham and Charles Yarrowski. Several others are fugitives and are in Africa.

Casper Hartlein was hanged in the state prison at Wethersfield, Conn., shortly after 1 o'clock this morning for the murder of Louise Marie Trebbe, at South Manchester, Feb. 29 last. The execution was the second held in the state by the automatic gallows, and the method proved to be a complete success.


New remedies are being constantly introduced to the public, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup still maintains its preeminence.


# Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times

# Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-four dollars interest which became due and payable on January 1st, 1896, and in the payment of a like amount which became due July 1st, 1896, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Albert Poirier and Margaret Poirier, his wife, mortgagors, to American Loan and Trust Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 11th day of March, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 14th day of March, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 54 of mortgages on page 342; which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company to the undersigned Mercantile Trust Company of Providence, R. I., which is now the owner and holder thereof by written instrument bearing date the tenth day of March, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 12th day of March, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 55 of mortgages on page 48.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage and of a certain agreement extending time for the payment of same and has remained for a period of more than ten days, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole amount secured by said mortgage is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of eight hundred sixty-four and 80-100 dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number forty-five (45), in block number eighty-two (82), of Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Friday, the 11th day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated October 28th, 1896.

MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, of Providence, R. I.,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-29-Nov-5-12-19-26-Dec-3.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Joseph C. Helm,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Smith-Fee Company, a corporation, Edward S. Smith, Fred W. Smith, Charles H. Eldridge, Watson S. Moore, R. H. Hunt, Theodosia L. Morgan, Isaac S. Moore, Charles S. Morrow, Hugh H. Janeway, S. E. Smith, Mary F. Dagget, Isabelle Reynolds, J. M. Smith, John Fee, and M. H. McMahon, as assignee of the Smith-Fee Company,
Defendants.

Upon the amended complaint in this action and the affidavit of J. H. Whitely, one of plaintiff's attorneys.

It is hereby ordered that all the creditors of the defendant, the Smith-Fee Company, exhibit their claims herein and become parties to the above entitled action within six months from the date of the publication of this order as hereinafter provided, by making, filing and serving upon plaintiff's attorneys a complaint in intervention, setting forth their respective causes of action, duly verified, and that in default thereof, that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment, which shall be rendered in said action, and from any distribution which shall be made in said action under said judgment.

It is further ordered that all such pleadings so exhibited of creditor's claims herein shall be filed and considered according to the rules of this court.

Let this order be served by publication thereof in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper published in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, once in each week for six successive weeks.

Dated November 11th, 1896.

S. H. MOER,
Judge.

McGINDLEY & WHITELY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys
409-412 Providence building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-12-19-26-Dec-3-10-17.

# WEST END

### Ed Armstrong's New Dray Office Causes Considerable Comment.

### Original Style of Furniture and Magazines to Read.

### Masonic Lodge Elects Officers and Adopt Resolutions of Respect.

Ed Armstrong, the drayman, has opened an office in Fox's building on Central avenue. There is something very peculiar about the office furniture which is puzzling a number of people about town. In the west end of the office stands a hazard table covered with a number of the latest magazines. Of course Ed is not going to run a gambling room, and the only significance that can be attached to this is that some of the West Duluth sports have grown wealthy, retired from business and given Ed a bargain on a table. But the magazines; there is the rub. Some say that Ed's little aldermanic bee has whispered to him to establish a free reading room and public library somewhat after the Carnegie style. Others claim that Ed has several men working under him, and that he is such a generous hearted fellow that he is going to give them an extra hitch in their salaries and also furnish free reading material during the long winter evenings. Everybody has come to the conclusion, however, that Ed has started out to be a public benefactor.

MASONIC ELECTION.

The following election of officers took place at the regular communication of Euclid lodge, A. F. and A. M., last evening: W. M., D. C. Prescott; S. W., L. A. Barnes; J. W., J. W. Bodilly; secretary, N. C. Kingsbury; treasurer, E. B. Follett. The committee appointed at the preceding communication to draw up resolutions appropriate to the decease of J. E. Fossett reported as follows:

Whereas, in the order of providence, our beloved brother, Capt. John E. Fossett, has been called to the grand lodge above:

Therefore resolved, that we extend to the bereaved family the genuine sympathy of Masons, and pray that the Supreme Architect of the universe may grant unto them the consolation of His grace;

That we extend to all the brethren of our illustrious order who numbered him among their friends and acquaintances our fraternal sympathy in this our common loss;

That we mourn not as those who are without hope, since in the life of our departed brother there was all the elements of immorality. Rarely have Masonic virtues been so fully exemplified in any life. He was a good and true man and a worthy Mason. "We shall meet, but we shall miss him." Since he has gone "to that far distant country whence no traveler returns," and whither our own steps are inevitably leading, may we personally live as truly and die as triumphantly as he lived and died.

We will long remember his fervent supplications as chaplain of our lodge, and trust that the Deity to whom in prayer he led us in our devotions may be our guide until we all meet beyond the flight of time in the land of immortal light.

JAMES COCHRANE,
A. F. HUNTOON,
N. C. KINGSBURY,
Committee.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

John Home, formerly the senior member of the firm of Home Bros., leaves today for Milwaukee to reside in the future. Mr. Home was the pioneer merchant of West Duluth, and during his residence here has been one of its most enterprising and substantial citizens. He leaves the city with the regrets of a host of friends both in social and business circles.

Peterson & Co. have opened a notion store in the building occupied during the political campaign by the silver people.

### METHODS AND METHODS.

The bargain season at some of the stores has commenced in earnest and from present indications it is a case of honest merchandising against dishonorable methods. Lincoln said, and wisely said: "You can fool all the people part of the time, some of the people all the time but you can't fool all the people all the time." Is it honest for a merchant to take an article that he never sold for more than $7 and mark it $14 or a $10 article and mark it $18 and so on throughout his entire stock, and tell you these goods are going at half price. We tell you it is an imposition on the intelligence of the people and ought to be resented by them. A half price sale means half the regular price to an honest, reliable merchant. Such fake methods are never resorted to by men of experience. Schemes and deals of this kind can only be accounted for by inexperience in honest commercial life. The big store has taken up the implements of war and from this date on the fur will fly as it has never flown before. We have just issued a mammoth circular containing a sample of the bargains we are going to give during the next six days; it is a room-making sale preparatory to opening our mammoth display of holiday merchandise. When this goes to press the big store is crowded with purchasers at every department. We predict this to be the biggest sale of the season at the Glass Block store.

PANTON & WHITE.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

"Pretty Pill" says Pretty Poll

She's just "poll parroting." There's no prettiness in pills, except on the theory of "pretty is that pretty does." In that case she's right.

**Ayer's Pills**

do cure biliousness, constipation, and all liver troubles.


## CHARGED WITH CRUELTY.

### Arrest at Tower By the Humane Society.

Humane Officer Haskins returned from Tower today, where he has been investigating a charge that Charles Tengcove, the mail carrier between Tower and Rainy Lake, has been ill-treating his horses. Mr. Haskins says that he found Tengcove's animals in a terrible condition. The latter had four horses in a dilapidated stable at Tower, in which there was not a particle of fodder of any kind. The beasts were terribly emaciated, one of them actually trembling with weakness. In their hunger, they had gnawed the boards on the sides of the mangers clear off level with the bottom and had the poles separating the stalls nearly in two. Mr. Haskins says he was told that one of Tengcove's teams had been overcome with weakness at the dam at the head of Vermilion river, about twenty-five miles from Tower, and that one of the animals had died there.

Mr. Haskins, accompanied by Deputy Humane Officer Archie Phillips, who had reported the case to the Humane society, drove to the dam and found the body of the dead horse, which showed every evidence of having died of starvation. The greatest indignation prevails at Tower over the matter, and the names of a number of witnesses were voluntarily furnished in case they should be needed.

Mr. Haskins and Mr. Phillips waited on County Attorney Arbury this afternoon for the purpose of getting him to institute proceedings here. This is the second time complaint has been made of Tengcove to the Humane society. Proceedings were instituted against him on the former occasion, the case being tried at Tower and resulting in his acquittal.

The society hopes that by procuring the case to be tried here, a conviction may be secured. At least, said Mr. Haskins, the evidence will not be wanting.

Yesterday afternoon, Mr. Haskins and Mr. Phillips addressed the school children of Tower on the work of the Humane society. The drive to the dam and return was made with the thermometer at 40 degrees below zero, Mr. Haskins says, and was an experience he would not care to repeat.

## ELECTION EXPENSES.

### Congressional Committee Spent Five Thousand Dollars.

Today is the last day for filing statements of expenditures under the corrupt practices act, and there were a number of statements filed in consequence this morning. The largest one was by T. W. Hugo, treasurer of the Republican congressional committee. The law requires that these statements shall show from whom all the money comes and to whom it is paid. Any one who has any curiosity as to the resources of the Republican congressional committee will have to talk to C. H. Graves about it, as the statement shows that all the money used by the committee came from him, in the form of cash and checks in various amounts and at various dates. The whole amount received was $5203.01, and the expenditures were $5102.86. The committee had $100.15 in the Marine bank, and this just balances the receipts and expenditures. The statement of expenditures is itemized, and it shows that most of the money was used in traveling expenses for the speakers and hall rent, in advertising and in canvassing voters.

One of the largest items was one of $419.50 for T. H. Presnell for "naturalizing." Oct. 28 the committee paid out $16.25 for fireworks, and it must be admitted that the money went a long way when one recalls the big parade held about that time. Just before Oct. 31 which was flag day, $6 was expended for flags. The receipts and expenditures are all between Aug. 19 and Nov. 9.

Page Morris' statement has the merit of brevity. It follows: "Hotel and traveling expenses, $197.50."

J. B. Middlecoff, chairman of the Republican county committee, filed his statement yesterday afternoon. The campaign fund consisted of $3424, received mostly from candidates but partly from business men and politicians. Tams Bixby had friendship enough for the local candidates to put up $50 in their cause. The expenditures were $3472.48, just $48.48 above the receipts. There are still unpaid debts amounting to $1125.81. It is said that the committee wants to make another levy to pay these bills, but as none of the candidates could put up their proportionate amounts without exceeding their limits under the act, this is regarded as impossible.

Treasurer-elect L. H. Whipple's expenditures came to $274.92, all itemized in small amounts, the nature of which is not specified. There is a considerable amount for advertising, $42 for traveling and $12 for tickets to entertainments.

Gustav Swendson, the fusion candidate for county auditor, spent $248.28 as follows: Committee, $125; traveling, etc., $21.28; printing and advertising, $102. R. S. Powell, fusion candidate for judge, laid out $231.50 as follows: Committee, $100; contributions to meetings, $19; papers and advertising, $21; distributing cards and canvassing voters, $20; traveling, etc., $50.50.

M. F. Marvin, fusion candidate for the legislature, expended $106.17 as follows: Traveling, $24; committee, $50; printing, $32.17. J. K. Wightman, fusion candidate for register of deeds, made expenditures amounting to $161.89: Committee, $84.74; printing, $36.50; traveling, $40.65.

BAD PLACE TO WORK.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Two men were killed and two others seriously wounded today by the giving way of a dump cart at the extension of the wheel pit tunnel. The men were precipitated down the hole. This makes five deaths inside of two weeks on this piece of work.

NEW CYCLE RECORDS.

Denver, Col., Dec. 3.—Arthur Gardiner, of Chicago, established two new professional bicycle records on the Denver quarter of a mile unpaced, flying start, in 26 1-5 seconds and a half-mile in one minute flat.

# ADVANCED

### Wheat Went Upward Today and Gained One Cent Over Yesterday.

### Weakness at the Start Due to the Cables Being Unsatisfactory.

### Later Cables Came Higher and Other News Was Decidedly Bullish.

The opening tone of the English wheat markets showed them to be less responsive to the bearish feeling which existed in American markets yesterday than had been expected of them. While that did not wholly change those inclined to sell short, from bearishness to bullishness, it stopped the depression for a time from degenerating into the complete demoralization whither it was tending. Liverpool quoted spot wheat and futures both ½d lower and London advised an advance of ⅛d per quarter at English country markets. May wheat advanced quite steadily and it touched 83c, but suddenly the bidder hand felt heavily upon the market again and flattened it out like heated iron on an anvil. One of the matters most generally talked about at Chicago was in reference to the apparently authorized statement that Armour & Co. will deliver 2,000,000 bus of wheat on December contracts sometime after navigation closes. The early rally had been caused by higher late cables and reports which accompanied them that Argentine crop prospects were unfavorable. Northwest receipts were again light, not much over a third of last year's and this had a bullish effect. Chicago received 314 cars and Minneapolis 251, and Duluth 101, the total at the three places numbering 573 cars, compared with 126 on the corresponding day of last year. A item of news from Beerbohm said the Australia's requirements of wheat for 189 would be 100,000 tons, which is 3,733,00 bus so that for another year we will have Australia with us as a good cash customer The Atlantic port clearances of wheat and flour equalled 273,000 bus. San Francisco advised a sale to Australia of 50,000 bus of flour, and the reports from there speak of daily purchases of wheat for both Australia and the Cape.

May wheat opened ⅛c lower at 82⅝c but soon sold up to 83⅜c. Then a weak spell set in and the market flattened out the price descending again to 82⅝c Towards the close considerable strength developed and May sold up to 84⅛c, the highest point of the day. The close was 1⅛ higher than yesterday at 84⅛c. December closed 1⅝c higher. The elevators bought 20,000 bus of cash stuff at 1½c under May to arrive this week and 2½c under to arrive next week. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 84⅝c; December, 83¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 82⅝c; December, 81⅝c; May, 84⅛c. No. 2 northern 80½c. No. 3, 75⅝@79⅝c. Rejected, 68⅝@76⅝c. On arrive—No. 1 hard, 83⅝c; No. 1 northern, 81⅝c. Rye, 38c. No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 3 oats, 18½c. Flax, 86c; May, 89½c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 104; oats, 1; rye 6; barley, 6; flax, 15. Receipts—Wheat 161,164 bus; oats, 737 bus; rye, 1702 bus; barley, 10,237 bus; flax, 15,061 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 20,000 bus; barley, 20,736 bus

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 30,327; shipments, 5724. Cattle official receipts yesterday, 15,747; shipments 3744. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 16,735; shipments, 1495. Estimated receipts hogs today, 35,000; left over, 8000. Market active and 5@10c higher. Light, $3.25@3.50; mixed, $3.20@3.50; heavy, $3.00@3.45; rough $3.00@3.15. Cattle, 13,000. Best steady others weaker. Beeves, $3.45@5.45; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.05; Texas, $2.80@4.15; stockers and feeders, $2.75@3.90. Sheep, 14,000. Steady; lambs weak.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Dec. 3.—Closing, wheat, spot dull; futures firmer; December, 6 10½d; ¼d higher; January, 6s 10½d; ¼d higher; February, 6s 10½d; ¼d higher Maize, spot dull; futures quiet; December 2s 11½d; ½d lower; January, 2s 10½d; ¼d lower; February, 2s 10½d; ½d lower.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 3.—Money on call easy at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86½@4.86¾ for demand and $4.83½@4.83¾ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84@4.84½ and $4.87@4.88. Commercial bills $4.82¾. Silver certificates 65½@65¾; no sales. Bar silver 65½. Mexican dollars 50¾. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered and coupon, $1.12¾; 5s registered, $1.13¾; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.09; coupon, $1.10½; 2s registered, 96½; Pacific 6s of '97, $96½.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, Dec. 3.—Wheat closes 1½c higher than yesterday. The local crowd evidently sold too much and as usual could not buy it back on the break. Liverpool followed our yesterday's decline but Argentine advices were the most bullish we have yet had. The selling early in the day looked important and was very deceptive but when the market turned many leading houses were noted on the bearing side and vague rumors of mysterious cash wheat operations made short sellers very apprehensive. There is a large short interest. An early depressing feature was the closing down of the Duluth and Superior mills. A strong item was the London Times' estimate of Australian requirements but the figures were not so large as some previous estimates. The close was very strong and if outside business comes we are likely to have the January bulge this month.

Corn, oats and provisions all closed at nearly top prices but the strength was mainly derived from the wheat pit.

Puts, May wheat, 82⅝@82⅞c.
Calls, May wheat, 83⅝@83⅞c.
Curb, May wheat, 83⅞c bid.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Name of stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Whisky | 13½ | 14⅛ | 13½ | 13⅝ |
| Atchison | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| Sugar Trust | 116⅝ | 116⅝ | 115⅝ | 116 |
| Canada Southern | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| C., B. & Q. | 78½ | 78⅝ | 77⅞ | 78⅝ |
| St. Paul | 74⅝ | 75⅛ | 74⅝ | 75⅛ |
| Chicago Gas | 75⅝ | 76½ | 75 | 76⅛ |
| Del., Lack. & W. | 31⅞ | 32½ | 31⅞ | 32⅛ |
| General Electric | | | | |
| Erie | 29⅛ | 29½ | 29 | 29⅝ |
| Reading | 50 | 50⅝ | 50 | 50⅛ |
| Louis. & Nash. | 95½ | 97⅛ | 95⅝ | 96½ |
| Manhattan | 23 | 23 | 22⅞ | 22⅞ |
| Missouri Pacific | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ | 76½ |
| Tobacco | 105⅝ | 105⅝ | 105½ | 105⅝ |
| Chicago & N. W. | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ | 24⅝ |
| N. P. preferred | 68⅝ | 69⅝ | 68⅝ | 69⅝ |
| Rock Island | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ | 9⅝ |
| Union Pacific | 86⅝ | 87 | 85⅝ | 86⅝ |
| Western Union | 61½ | 62⅝ | 61½ | 62⅝ |
| Leather | | | | |
| Lake Shore | | | | |

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Close, wheat, December, 80⅝c; January, 81¼c; May, 83⅝@⅞c; July, 78⅛c. Corn, December, 23⅝@⅞c; January, 23½c; May, 26½c. Oats, December, 18⅝c; May, 21⅝c. Pork, December $6.95; January, $7.72½; May, $8.07½. Lard, December, $3.82½; January, $3.95½; May, $4.17½. Ribs, December, $3.90; January, $3.92½@3.95; May, $4.07½@4.10. Whisky on the basis of $1.13 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 80@80c; No. 3 red, 86@86c; No. 2 spring, 78½@79c; No. 3 spring, 76@78c; No. 2 hard winter, 77@79c; No. 1 northern spring, 81c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23c. Oats, cash, No. 2, 18c. Rye cash, 41c; December, 41c; May, 44½c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 32@33c. Flax, cash, 71c; cash, Northwestern, 78@79c; December, 76c; May, 80⅝c. Timothy, cash, $2.55; December, $2.55@2.60; February, $2.70; March, $2.70.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Dec. 3.—Wheat, strong; closed, December, 81⅛c; May, 82⅝@⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 82⅝c; No. 1 northern, 81½c; No. 2 northern, 80c. Receipts, 251 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 3.—Close, wheat, December, 90c; January, 90c; March, 91½c; May, 89c; July, 81⅛c. Corn, May, 32½c. Oats, May, 26½c.

## MARINE MATTERS.

### Ice in Mud Lake Several Inches Thick.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The heavy snow storm of the night and early morning ceased at 11 o'clock. It is reported there are four or five inches of ice in Mud Lake.

THE SHORES DISABLED.

Detour, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Adella Shores, down-bound, broke the water bottom in her boiler when ten miles out from here early this morning. She returned here and has sent to Sault Ste. Marie for men to make repairs.

THE GLASGOW ASHORE.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—An underwriters' dispatch says the steamer City of Glasgow has been ashore at Whitefish Point, Lake Superior and is leaking some. The steamer is under charter for a cargo of coal to Milwaukee, after delivering her grain cargo at Buffalo.

RELEASED BY DYNAMITE.

Bayfield, Wis., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer City of Bangor, which was stuck in the ice at Washburn last night, was released by the use of dynamite and reached the elevator at midnight. She loaded 215,000 bushels of oats and left for Port Huron at 11 o'clock this morning, being the last boat of the season from Washburn.

Bayfield, Wis., Dec. 3.—The steamer City of Bangor, Capt. Carol, one of the largest grain carriers on the lakes, steamed into Washburn through the ice last evening and stuck fast within fifty feet of the dock and cannot move either way. She cut her way through five miles of solid ice, but when approaching the dock lost her headway and gave up. She was to have loaded 250,000 bushels of corn and oats for Port Huron. Dynamite will be used to break the channel from the ice, as there is no tug to be had.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Curry, 2:40 a. m.; Cistalia, 7:20; Codorus, 8; Spokane, 8:20; Bannockburn, 9:20; Elfinmere, 9:40; Down yesterday: George Farwell, noon; Saxon, 5 p. m. Departed: Genoa.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Kearsarge, 7:15 a. m.; Lagonda, 9:40. Down: George Orr, 2 a. m.; Curry, 10:10; Maricopa, 10:30. Down yesterday: Schuylkill, 1:20 p. m.; Schoolcraft, Bourke, 2:20; Elphicke, 3:20; Rhodes, 9.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Nichols arrived down at 11 last night and the Onoko at 5 this evening. The Glasgow, Moran, North Wind, Nichols and Onoko are here awaiting better weather.

Later—Down: Bulgaria, Shuck, noon; St. Andrew, 1:40 p. m.

ANOTHER ADMIRALTY DECISION

Judge Severens has just handed down his decision in what has been known as the "Ohio" case. This was the fouling, in 1890, of the steamers Siberia and Mather with the steamer Ohio, which was adjudged to be damaged on the survey as reported by the United States commissioner, $46,347.11. The case was first tried before Judge Hammond, who found all vessels in fault, and decreed two-thirds of the Ohio's damage against the other boats. An important point of law here arose, and the Siberia and Mather excepted to the commissioner's report as exorbitant, and raised the question whether the owners of the Ohio had the right to recover demurrage, which was included in the commissioner's report.

This was made on the ground that the Ohio's owners by abandonment had parted with their title and right to the use of the vessel, and they therefore could not recover demurrage, which is profit that they claim they would have made from her use.

Judge Severens, however, overruled all exceptions and confirmed the commissioner's report, excepting that he adds to such report and enlarges the damages recoverable by the Ohio by allowing interest on all claims since 1890. The total amount thus decreed amounts to, in round numbers, $64,000.

MARINE NOTES.

Canadian Premier Wilfrid Laurier is of the opinion that the deepening of the St. Lawrence canals should be done jointly by the United States and Canada, inasmuch as they are and will be used by both countries as means of common travel.

Capt. Patrick Murphy, who a few years ago retired from the position of pilot on the United States steamer Michigan, died at Erie yesterday in the seventy-third year of his age.

The steamers Kearsarge and Gratwick take package freight from Buffalo to Chicago and will winter at the latter port.

Menominee seeks the establishment of weather signals at that point.

At Cleveland the Rockefeller barge Whitworth is in dry dock for new frames and plates, and the steamer Choctaw for bottom repairs.

Capt. Robert Pringle has qualified as master of the steamer J. C. Ford. Capt. Pringle sailed the steamer Australasia.

When the steel steamer E. C. Pope took on her cargo of wheat at Fort William Nov. 18 the mercury registered 10 degrees below zero and ice five inches thick formed in Kammistiquia river.

There is on the congressional calendar a compromise measure involving a thorough revision of the navigation laws, under title of a bill to amend the laws relating to navigation.

The lost barge 117 was found late yesterday afternoon off the Amnicon river, and was brought to Duluth at 8 o'clock last night in tow of the tug Anderson.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Penobscot, Weed, Lake Erie, coal; Northern Light, Buffalo, mdse.

Departed—Yakimia, Pathfinder, Sagamore, Buffalo, wheat; Gilbert, Arnold, Centurion, Buffalo, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Venetia, from Stettin.

Queenstown—Arrived: Germanic, for New York, from Liverpool.

CHANGE OF TIME VIA THE EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Commencing Nov. 29 "Up-to-date" express leaves Duluth at 1 p. m., arrives in Minneapolis at 5:50, St. Paul, 6:15 p. m. Elegant parlor car, meals a la carte. No change in night express. Tickets and berths Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

## One Cent a Word.

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

WANTED—FIRST CLASS WAIST AND skirt hand. Call at room 9, over Big Duluth.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL, 12 TO 14 years of age. Louis Hammel, 1423 East Third.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three grown people. Apply mornings, 1029 East Second street.

WANTED — FIRST CLASS HOUSEmaid. Apply mornings 1721 East First street.

*WANTED—MALE HELP.*

WANTED—GOOD CANVASSER WHO is a hustler. 4 Palladio building.

*WANTED—AGENTS.*

MEN AND WOMEN OUT OF EMPLOYment and willing to work can learn of a permanent situation at good wages, by writing at once to P. V. H., Box 283, Augusta, Maine.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

*LOST.*

LOST—FOUR MONTHS' OLD COACH dog; black spots. Finder will be rewarded by returning to M. S. Burrows.

## THE DISTRICT COURT.

### Stuntz Case Ready For Argument---A Virginia Case.

Judge Ensign yesterday afternoon heard the last evidence in the case of A. D. Davidson, as assignee for the State bank, against George R. Stuntz, to evict the latter from his homestead, upon which the bank holds a foreclosed mortgage and from which Stuntz steadily refused to be tempted. The arguments in the case were continued until the court calendar is completed.

This morning Judge Ensign took up the case of D. C. Christopher against S. Oberg et al, from Virginia. The parties are all Finlanders, and some time ago Christopher bought out the defendants. He claims that an agreement was made by the defendants that they were not to enter the grocery business again in Virginia for two years. Soon after the sale, however, the defendants opened a new store two blocks away from the old stand and drew away all Christopher's trade among the Finlanders. He wants the defendants restrained from continuing in business and $3000 damages for the alleged violation of the contract.

Among the cases which will probably be reached tomorrow is what is undoubtedly the most important case of the term, inasmuch as it develops a new legal question of much importance in this section. The case is that of the Republic Iron company against the Moon-Kerr Lumber company, in which the state of Minnesota has intervened, and the question involved is whether mineral leases on state lands includes the timber on the leased lands. The land in question, in 58-18, was leased by the state to the Republic Iron company for mining purposes. Afterwards the state sold the pine stumpage to the Moon & Kerr Lumber company, which entered upon the land and proceeded to cut the timber. The iron company brought suit to have this stopped, claiming that the timber was included in the mineral lease, and asked $1500 damages for timber already cut. The lumber company answered that it had purchased the timber from the state, and the state intervened to say that the timber was not included in the mineral lease, except so much as might be necessary for mining operations, and that the lumber company would not prevent the iron company from getting that much timber.

The question involved is a new one and of vast importance. George B. Edgerton, assistant attorney general, is in the city to attend to the state's side of he question. While & McKeon represent the Republic Iron company, while Cash Williams & Chester represent the Moon & Kerr lumber company.

## SECRETARY OF STATE BERG

### His Biennial Report Has Been Prepared.

St. Paul, Dec. 3.—The annual report of Secretary of State Berg has just been completed and will soon be ready for distribution. The report is really a biennial, for, owing to the scarcity of money in the printing and binding fund, Mr. Berg issued no report a year ago, but simply had printed and distributed the list of notaries, as required by law.

The report just issued shows that during the two years ending July 31 of the present year, the department has chartered 247 new corporations, of which 242 were for charitable, religious, benevolent or social purposes. Fees paid into the state treasury on capitalization, as provided by chapter 225, general statutes 1889, for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1895, were $13,320 and for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1896, $91,985.

The fees of the last year were notably augmented by the incorporation of the Northern Pacific Railway company, which paid as fee on the capital stock of $155,000,000 the sum of $77,525. Record and other official fees received by this department and paid into the state treasury for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1895, amounted to $1,492.85, and for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1896, $1541.35. The amount expended for printing and binding in 1896 was only $25,514.85, an enormous decrease from the total of 1895, which ran up to $71,986.36.

This is partly accounted for by the completion of the state geological survey and a special appropriation of $16,000 for that. The total expenditure on that item last year was $18,231.23. Then in 1895, there were the laws and the house and senate printing, which, including the manual, amounted to about $24,000. The paper bills for 1895 amounted to $13,185.83, and those for 1896 to $5884.67. The stationery bills for 1895 were $3162.13 and for 1896, $702.34.

HAMMERSTEIN'S TROUBLES.

New York, Dec. 3.—Application for a receiver for the property of Oscar Hammerstein, the music and theatrical manager and for an injunction restraining him from disposing of any of his assets, was made today before Judge Smythe in the supreme court. The applicant is A. M. Byers & Co., of Pittsburg, who hold a non-satisfied judgment for $800 against Hammerstein for material and labor. Judge Smythe withheld his decision until he could examine the affidavits which accompanied the application.

FOUGHT IN A HOSPITAL.

Chicago, Dec. 3.—An eight-round prize fight has taken place in the county hospital here. The principals were Eddie Santrey, of Chicago, and Jimmy Carroll, of Omaha, both featherweight pugilists of note. A purse was made up by about twenty-five employes and young doctors who were giving a reception to Chief Clerk M. R. Mandelbau, and the pugs were brought to gether in a large carpeted room. The fighting was warm from the start. Santrey knocked his opponent out in the eighth round. Among the spectators were three women.

## One Cent a Word.

### All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

WORK WANTED BY A FIRST-CLASS chambermaid. Is willing to leave town providing the fare is paid. Address K 47, Herald.

WANTED—OUNG MARYRIED MAN wants employment in grocery store, clerking; gives best of references. Please address K 91, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED dressmaker, work by the day or at home. 13 West Second street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPEtent porter. Can give good references. Address K 74, Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY AN ALL round printer and newspaper man; but will work at anything. Address M. C. K., Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT OF ANY kind of a respectable character by a young man of 18. Inquire or address W. H. M., 1018 East First street.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND general office man desires position for whole or part time. No objections to leaving city. Address K 75, Herald.

LADY WILL DO DRESSMAKING OR plain sewing cheap, at home or by the day. 512 West Third street.

MALE STENOGRAPHER, NOTARY public, with legal, commercial and railway experience, wishes work by the hour, day or week. Address Notary, 205 McDonnell building, city.

YOUNG WOMAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as housekeeper in widower's family; object, comfortable home. Address C. M., Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO HOUSEwork in small family by competent girl. Address K 77, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man as second or pastry cook in house or restaurant or will take porter work for winter. Best of references can be given. Address A. N., 30 Fourth avenue east.

YOUNG MAN WISHES SITUATION cooking or work in grocery store. Best of references given. K 76, Herald.

WANTED—NURSING OF ANY DEscription by old experienced nurse. Call at 126 East First street.

WANTED—SITUATION BY DRESS maker to do work in families by the day. Call at 126 East First street.

WANTED—BY A SOBER AND RESpectable man, position as packer in store or any kind of inside work. Good reference. Address Packer, 2011 West Seventh street.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework by competent girl. Call at 1705 East Jefferson street.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 230 Lake avenue south.

*MUSIC.*

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; coacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils. Insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

*FINANCIAL.*

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

*SCOTT'S ELECTIC SPIRITS.*

MAKES THE EYES CLEAR AND bright. Best thing in the world for the eyesight. Cures sore eyes, granulated eyesight and relieves pain. Sold at 214 West Superior street. 50c per bottle.

*WANTED TO BUY.*

WANTED—GOOD SECOND HAND ONEhorse express or delivery wagon. Address, with description and price, L 66, Herald.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

**For Sale---for $150.**

12-horse power BOILER and 10-horse power ENGINE In good condition

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY, 12 West Michigan.

*FRATERNITIES.*

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 14, 1896. Work, election of officers. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 9, 1896. Work, election of officers. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

*EMPLOYMENT OFFICE*

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

*MIDWIFE.*

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

*PROFESSIONAL*

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

## One Cent a Word.

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

FINE, LARGE ROOM, elegant view; hot water heat, electric light; modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen; six minutes walk to Spalding. K 73, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. $5 PER month. 912 East Sixth street.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat, cheap; gas, bath; permit light housekeeping. Apply at once, 305 East Third.

FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST CLASS, central location. 507 West Second street.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS bath, electric light, storm windows, fine views. Married couple. 720 West First.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

*ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.*

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT room, with board, for two gentlemen. References required. 223 East Third street.

ROOM AND BOARD, DAY OR WEEK; lowest rates in the city. 127 First avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 318 West Second street.

*TO RENT—HOUSES.*

FOR RENT—A SIX ROOM HOUSE AT Glen Avon. Apply to G. Hood Thompson.

*CLAIRVOYANT.*

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Valeria S. Page to O. D. Kinney, lots 13, 14, 15, 16 and part lot 16, block 26, Portland division .....$ 13,580
Duluth Mining Investment company to J. McAuliffe, lot 25, block 9, Eveleth ..... 250
J. J. McAuliffe to Susie R. Caldwell, lot 25, block 29, Eveleth..... 375
A. C. Van Hagen to Marietta Burnside, part lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, block 9, Dodge's addition..... 1,600
Marietta Burnside to C. T. Andrews, part lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, block 9, Dodge's addition..... 50
Arvin Bagley to C. E. Peaslee, Rec., lots 18 and 19, block 17, Proctor..... 110
Rasmus Nelson to W. T. Medbrod, ½ lots 1 and 2, block 24, West Duluth, First division..... 1,200
John Fernlund to John Christiansen, lands in section 30-62-17..... 100
Bertha Flohr to Mary A. E. Zimmerman, ½ lot 4, block 65, Bay View addition, No. 2..... 100
August

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

# THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 229 West Superior Street.

Duluth Publishing & Printing Co.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

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Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.
Official Paper of St. Louis County.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Dec. 3.—A shallow barometric depression has moved east to the Upper Missouri valley and the provinces north of that section, causing a change to much warmer in the Canadian Northwest, the Lake Superior region, and all districts lying between the Rocky mountains and the Mississippi valley. Light, scattered snowfalls have resulted in the Canadian provinces, and from the Northern Rocky Mountain region east to Lakes Superior and Huron. Snow flurries continued at 7 o'clock this morning in parts of the Canadian provinces, Northern Minnesota and Upper Michigan; fair weather was reported elsewhere. The temperature at that hour was lowest north of Minnesota, ranging from 16 below zero at Winnipeg to 10 below zero at Port Arthur, and was highest at Denver and Rapid City, with the thermometer at 42. It continued below the freezing point last night in the Central valleys as far south as Memphis.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 6; maximum yesterday, 8; minimum yesterday, 13 below zero.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Light snow tonight and Friday; decidedly warmer tonight; light to fresh easterly winds becoming fresh westerly by Friday afternoon. JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy and warmer tonight and Friday with snow flurries in northern portion; fresh southerly winds. For Minnesota: Snow flurries tonight and Friday; warmer tonight; fresh southerly winds.

### PUBLIC ECONOMY NEEDED.

The Orange Judd Farmer directs attention to a reform that is imperatively needed everywhere, and that is a reduction in the cost of administering state, county and local affairs. There is hardly one of these but what costs more to operate now than formerly. To be sure, the total expenditure should be larger now than twenty or thirty years ago, wherever population and wealth have increased, but the injustice lies in the fact that in many of our states expenditures per head of population, or for each $1000 of taxed property, show an enormous increase. The Farmer presents a table showing the increase in state extravagance, which it says has been compiled with much care and with the assistance of the governors, treasurers and auditors of the various states.

The statistics presented in this table are startling. Except in Michigan, Wisconsin and Maryland, state expenses have increased far more rapidly than "valuation." That is, expenses have increase in amount of property taxed to pay these expenses. Except in Wisconsin, state expenditures have increased far more rapidly than population. It is thus shown that the expense per capita of state administration costs today several times more than it did in 1860. In Maine, the increase per capita is 175 per cent. Vermont 216, Massachusetts 215, Connecticut 528, New Jersey 309, Michigan 69, Iowa 71, while in Minnesota state expenses per head of population are now 334 per cent greater than in the year first noted. Wisconsin has the proud distinction of showing a slight decrease in per capita expense, and in Illinois the increase is only 15 per cent. State expenses for each $1000 of taxed property show an enormous increase, except in one or two states, Connecticut and New Jersey being marked offenders in this respect. Statistics are given for twelve states, and it is probable that about the same exhibit could be made for other states not included in the table.

The figures given for Minnesota are interesting and furnish food for much reflection upon the extravagance that prevails in the conduct of the state institutions. In 1860 the state expenditures were $138,846, while in 1895 they were $5,476,909, an increase of 3844 per cent. This far exceeds the increase credited to any other state in the list. It is a fact that Minnesota's expenditures now exceed those of Illinois, which state shows an increase of only 181 per cent during the same period. From 1860 to 1895, valuation in Minnesota has increased 1628 per cent; population has increased 815 per cent; expenses per capita have grown from 89 cents to $3.47, an increase of 334 per cent, and expenses per $1000 have climbed from $3.77 to $8.57, or 127 per cent. There is no state in the entire Union where the expenses per capita are so great as in Minnesota. There is no state where the expenses per $1000 equal those in Minnesota.

The showing is not one of which Minnesota has any reason to feel proud. The statistics indicate that gross extravagance exists in the conduct of our state institutions and that a reform in this respect is necessary in order to relieve the burden of taxation now imposed upon the people. It is time to lop off some of the unnecessary expenditures, and the coming legislature should undertake the duty fearlessly and with an honest intention to wipe out the needless offices. There are many state offices that are sinecures and should be abolished.

Dr. Parkhurst is reported to have referred, in his Thanksgiving sermon, to coal dealers as "demons, blood suckers, thieves and murderers." No doubt Dr. Parkhurst has cause for anger, as he gazes at his coal bill, but is he not too severe in his denunciation?

### THE MEXICAN PRESIDENT.

A dispatch yesterday announced that President Diaz has been once more inaugurated as chief magistrate of Mexico. This is the beginning of his fifth term as president, and the fact that he had practically no opposition for reelection shows how fully his services to the republic have endeared him to the Mexican people. With the completion of the term which he has now commenced, President Diaz will have ruled over Mexico for twenty years. The fact that he has not given any evidence during the past sixteen years of any desire to assume imperial power and that there has been no movement to turn the republic into a monarchy with Diaz as emperor, shows that the fears that long continuance in power lead to Caesarism are not always justified. President Diaz has been retained in power because of the great progress which Mexico has made under the policy which he has steadily developed.

Progress has been the watchword of his administration. An able and enlightened statesman, he has neglected no opportunity to advance the material interests of Mexico in every way, and he has not failed to educate the better classes of the Mexican people to the advantages of his progressive policy. In a recent review of the Diaz administration and the notable progress for Mexico, which has marked it, the Omaha Bee said: "He has encouraged the development of the material resources of the nation, has invited the investment of foreign capital by fostering industries, has given inducements for the building of railroads and in every way has stimulated enterprise. He has been the dominating force and influence in all that has contributed to the advancement and prosperity of Mexico and he has maintained peace and order, repressing with a firm hand every manifestation of the revolutionary spirit which formerly prevailed and by periodical outbreaks rendered Mexico a most unsafe country in which to do business. He has given the country a stable government, not in all respects, perhaps, strictly in harmony with republican forms, but a government suited to the people and which commands the respect and confidence of other nations. President Diaz is said to have plans for the still further development of the country and there is every reason to expect that he will continue to foster and promote all enterprises that make for the progress and prosperity of Mexico."

Much of the capital that has been invested in Mexico is American capital. There are many Americans who have gone there to settle and develop the country's wonderful resources. For these reasons we are naturally deeply interested in the progress of our neighbors, and in maintaining friendly relations. There is every reason to believe that peace and good will will continue to bind the two nations together. Certainly so long as President Diaz remains at the head of affairs in Mexico, there will be no hostility evinced towards the United States.

### NEEDED LEGISLATION.

The St. Cloud Journal-Press says: "There is one thing that calls for the prompt attention of the legislature, and that is the re-apportionment of the senatorial districts in this state. This should have been done years ago, and it was a great injustice to the northern part of the state that it was not done. This injustice grows more pronounced every year, as this section of Minnesota has a greater increase in population than the southern counties. Another thing that should be done is to elect next year half of the senators for two years and the balance for four years, so that the upper branch of the legislature would not be held away from the people for four years at a stretch. It is much safer to trust the people than it is any set of men who may be elected to represent them."

The injustice of the present representation given to the northern portion of the state in the legislature is apparent to everyone. Take, for instance, the district of which Duluth is the center. It now has one senator and three representatives, while its population entitles it to at least two senators and six representatives, figuring on the basis of representation in the southern part of the state. It is possible that the legislature will be willing to give the northern counties their rights in this matter, but this is not certain and it therefore behooves the northern representatives to do all within their power to obtain a majority of the members pledged to do justice to the district now unjustly treated. The suggestion has been made that a convention of the Sixth district be held to consider the question of reapportionment and decide upon a plan of action.

The St. Cloud paper's suggestion in regard to the election of senators should be adopted. There is no doubt that it was the intention of those who framed the constitution that half of the senators should retire at each two-year period, and this custom was abandoned because of a decision by an attorney general who contended that the constitution did not read that way. Better lawyers than he took the opposite view. There are good reasons why, after the next apportionment, half the senators should be elected for two years and half for four years, and thus the old system be revived, and the strongest of these reasons is that the senate would thus be made more responsive to the public will.

The Oshkosh Northwestern says: "Nor is the Pioneer Press very tenacious as to the particular place Minnesota shall have in the cabinet. For, after setting forth in most glowing terms the special fitness and capabilities of Governor Merriam for the management of national finances, it says that if it were thought best to give Mr. Merriam the interior portfolio, his qualifications for that position are quite as eminent. Minnesota appears to have a cinch in Governor Merriam." The Northwestern is right. Governor Merriam is "available" for anything that President McKinley has at his disposal. He would jump at any portfolio in the cabinet and he would take a foreign mission or any other old thing. It is his only chance. He cannot get anything in Minnesota, because the people will not allow it.

### TAPPING THE TREASURY.

Gen. Bend, according to the St. Paul papers, is in a spirit of enthusiasm. The general thinks it "would be a great card for the state of Minnesota to send to Washington the military of the state" to attend the inauguration ceremonies. He would send 1200 men, and of course Gen. Bend would go at their head, providing the state paid his expenses. Therefore he wants the legislature to make an appropriation for the expenses of this junketing trip.

The general's idea will hardly find much favor with the already tax-ridden people of Minnesota. If the legislature finds there is more money in the state treasury than is required by the costly and extravagant institutions scattered over the state, let the tax levy be reduced for the next two years. In another column will be found some striking statistics in regard to the extravagance of our state government. In view of these figures, it would be shameful for the legislature to throw away money on a junketing trip for Gen. Bend and the state militia to Washington. If Gen. Bend or any other militia officer wants to see McKinley inaugurated, let him foot his own bills.

Efforts will be made this winter to have congress pass the Pacific cable bill, which was favorably reported to both senate and house last spring. The bill obligates the United States government to pay to the cable company the sum of $100,000 annually in quarterly installments for the period of twenty years. From the company it demands that it shall complete a line from San Francisco to Honolulu by Jan. 1, 1898, and from Honolulu to Japan and China via the Midway islands by Jan. 1, 1898. Payments are not to be made until the cable is in working condition. The bill will no doubt provoke considerable discussion, but its passage is doubtful.

James H. James was quoted in a Minneapolis paper the other day as saying that Mr. Towne intends to remove to Colorado, and now the story is being published all over the state as a fact. It is absolutely devoid of truth. Mr. Towne intends to remain in Duluth, as he has stated in public, and it is strange that, as the campaign is over, such lies about him should continue in circulation. Of course in Duluth such a statement by Jimmy James would create a laugh, but he is not so well known in Minneapolis and some people there may take him seriously.

Several hundred women, the dispatches say, witnessed the 'Frisco prize fight last night. This is an innovation, and may be the means of placing pugilism on the plane of respectability, inasmuch also as Police Commissioner Roosevelt and Dr. Parkhurst, of New York, have given the sport their approval.

Despite the fact that he was knocked out and carried from the ring unconscious, Sharkey won the fight from Fitzsimmons, because the referee decided that the latter committed a foul. This gives the fat purse to Sharkey, and makes good all bets placed on him.

An agitation has been started in Chicago for the adoption of a curfew law. It will probably die out soon. The whole idea of such laws is wrong. They infringe on the natural rights of parents, and tend to stamp as outlaws children of a tender age.

A late rumor at Washington is that Mr. Dingley will be secretary of the treasury, and that Mr. Hanna, if he goes into the cabinet at all, will be secretary of the navy. What a fine "Sir Joseph Porter" Mark would make!

It is unfortunate that the pugilistic contest at San Francisco last night ended in a row, because it gives both men a chance to boast for another year about their superior prowess.

Some people look upon Dwight L. Moody's attempt to convert New York as less likely to succeed than the man in Massachusetts who is trying to invent perpetual motion.

A Chinese woman has been arrested in New York for bigamy. It is the first case on record, and it shows that the Chinese soon acquire American vices as well as virtues.

President Cleveland's decision to leave the country and take up his residence in New Jersey is surprising, particularly as it is said he goes to New Jersey voluntarily.

An Ohio man has an egg, which he asserts is forty years old. He might be able to sell it to some boarding house.

If the choice of secretary of war is narrowed down to Fred Grant and Gen. Alger, there really is no choice.

### CATCH IT BOTH WAYS.

New York Financial News: Moreton Frewen, the English bimetallist, is in Washington, a guest of Senator Don Cameron. Discussing the Indian famine and cheaper silver, he said:

"If India has plenty of produce to export—wheat, cotton, jute and other things—the balance of trade is favorable, so that India is a large consumer of her own money metal, silver. As matters stand, however, India is importing wheat, and therefore exporting silver to pay for the wheat. If the famine is serious, as I fear, it may effect the exchanges not only with India, but with China and Japan, the cheaper rates for silver greatly stimulating the exports of both countries."

That is to say, if India has plenty of crops to export, she competes with our farmers, but is a buyer of silver—a standoff.

But if India has famine, she ceases to buy silver, and it goes down. Her poverty compels her to push out exports of manufacture to meet needs and balances, and she competes with our manufactures. At the same time cheap silver stimulates exports from China and Japan as well as from India, and we catch it both ways.

### THE IMMORTAL.

Ernest Renan: Whilst the foolish or frivolous, wicked man shall wholly perish in the sense that he shall leave nothing behind in the general result of the labor of his species, the man devoted to the good and the beautiful shall participate in the immutability of that which he loved. Who is he that sees today as much as the obscure Galilean who, 1860 years ago, threw into the world the chalice which divides us and the words which unite us? The works of the man of genius and the man of probity thus escape alone the universal decay, for they alone are computed in the sum of things acquired, and their fruits go on increasing even when ungrateful humanity has forgotten them. There is nothing lost; that which makes for the good of the most unknown of virtuous men counts more in the eternal balance than the most insolent triumphs of error and of evil.

## WHY SADIE DIED.

### Young Actress' Death Due to Cerebral Hemorrhage.

Sydney, N. S. W., Dec. 3.—(Copyright 1896 by the Associated Press.)—The representative in this city of the Associated Press, acting upon instructions received, has investigated the death of Miss Sadie McDonald, the well known American actress, and finds there is no foundation for the sensational reports circulated on the subject in the United States. There is no truth in the statement that Julian Harris, the manager of the company with which Miss McDonald was playing, is holding back "shocking news," or any other news of the death of the young actress.

Miss McDonald died suddenly early on Sunday morning last of cerebral hemorrhage of the spine, in all probability due to over exertion. Her disease was quickened by a severe fall which she sustained recently while practicing hand springs at the Princess theater, Melbourne, for the last production of the "Milk White Flag," which she appeared in. Her remains were interred here on Monday last, the funeral being attended by many theatrical and other friends, and by all the members of the company she belonged to.

## KILLED BY SOMALIS.

### Italian Officers Massacred in East Africa.

Zanzibar, Dec. 3.—The massacre of Senor Cecchi, the Italian consul here, the captains of the Italian warships Volrado and Staffett, and about six other Italian officers, by the Somalis at Magadoxo, on the coast of Somaliland, East Africa, occurred on Saturday last, Nov. 28. The party was accompanied by seventy Askaros on a trip into the country when the party was attacked and thirty of the Askaros and eight or nine Italians were killed.

### STORY OF THE MASSACRE.

Rome, Dec. 3.—Further advices from Zanzibar, which have just been received here, give additional details of the massacre of Senor Cecchi, the Italian consul, and the Italian officers who were with him at Magadoxo, Somaliland. It is stated that fourteen Italians were killed. The caravan was attacked during the night by Somalis. The latter were repulsed at first, but rallied and again attacked the retreating caravan. The Italians and their escort of Askaras fought desperately, but were eventually overcome. When the news reached Magadoxo a detachment of troops was sent to the assistance of the caravan, but they arrived too late to save the caravan. The rescue party recovered twenty-seven bodies and arrested many Somali tribesmen who took part in the massacre. These prisoners were punished in an exemplary manner.

## CORBETT'S MESSAGE.

### Scores Fitzsimmons and Challenges Sharkey By Wire.

New York, Dec. 3.—At the conclusion of the Fitzsimmons-Sharkey fight in San Francisco last night James J. Corbett telegraphed Sharkey as follows:

"Tom Sharkey, San Francisco, California: Am very sorry at Mr. Fitzsimmons' tactics in this contest with you, which prevented you getting a decision over him in a full 10-round contest without a foul. I am ready to meet you on or before Jan. 1, 1897. James J. Corbett. 2:40 a. m."

### KILLED BY POACHERS.

London, Dec. 3.—The Daily News has a Berlin dispatch which says: Count Finckenstein, an intimate friend of Emperor William, has been found mortally wounded in the woods on his estate at Maritz, near Brieseen. The Vorwaerts says that the count is supposed to have been killed by poachers. He was one of the wealthiest land owners in Germany.

### AUSTRALIA'S SHORT CROP.

Melbourne, Dec. 3.—On account of the crop deficiency, Australia requires 100,000 tons of wheat and flour from America. Half of that quantity, it is said, has already been ordered.

### MRS. WILSON DEAD.

New York, Dec. 3.—Mrs. Elizabeth C. Wilson, widow of Henry Wilson, of St. Louis is dead, at Montclair, N. J. She was 65 years of age. Mrs. Wilson was a direct descendant of Rev. Judah Champion, of revolutionary fame. She was a niece of former Governor Williams, of Vermont, and a cousin of Chancellor Livingston. Mrs. Wilson was one of the oldest members of the Daughters of the Revolution.

Absolutely Pure.

The Careful Housewife will use no other.

MELANCHOLY WOMEN.

AFRAID SOMETHING DREADFUL IS GOING TO HAPPEN.

How a Little Baby Girl Rolled the Clouds Away.

Of course a woman will naturally see the dark side of everything when tortured by some form of female disease, which her doctor cannot or does not relieve. No wonder she is melancholy when head and back ache, pains run through the whole body and loins, nerves are weak, stomach out of order, digestion poor, sense of fullness and bearing-down, poor sleep and appetite, always weak and tired, irregular menstruation, whites, etc.

She probably is not so fortunate as to know that all female ailments are indicated by these never failing symptoms, and are controlled by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; all female weaknesses quickly disappear by its use. It has been the thinking woman's safeguard for twenty years, and all druggists sell large quantities of it because it can be relied upon.

Still another woman speaks:

"I wish you would publish my name with your testimonials. I want every one to know that your Vegetable Compound has made me well and strong. I sing its praises all the time. When I was first married I was very weak and had female troubles badly; Oh, I was so weary, sick and melancholy, but the Vegetable Compound built me up, and now I have a dear baby girl, and I am so happy. No home is complete without a dear little baby and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to roll the clouds away."—MRS. GEO. CLAUS, 35 Danforth St., Buffalo, N. Y.

## FIELD AND STREAM.

### Handsome Holiday Number of the Sportsmen's Monthly.

The Christmas number of Western Field and Stream promises to be an exceptionally attractive one. In addition to the usual excellent matter of interest to sportsmen in general, the number will contain short stories by William Bleasdell Cameron and G. M. Fairchild, Jr., both well known writers of northland life and romance, and a descriptive article detailing the experiences of a party of ladies and gentlemen in ascending Mount Tacoma, the highest mountain peak in the United States. This narrative is accompanied by effective illustrations, taken during the progress of the ascent, the most striking of which will show the party grouped upon the summit and exultant in the accomplishment of a perilous feat.

There will be other stories and hunting sketches, most of them illustrated, and a charming poem by Lolita Belle Wylie, the young Georgia poetess. A letter on "A Composite Breed of Setters," by F. H. F. Mercer, will engage the attention of all dog lovers. The frontispiece is a reproduction of a beautiful hunting scene by C. A. Zimmerman, the artist, entitled "On the Alert." There will be the usual quota of bright and seasonable things from the veteran sportsman and editor, Charles Hallock, and the junior editor and New York representative of the magazine, Mark Biff.

A story of "Quail Shooting," by Mark Biff, and other well written papers of subjects of more than ordinary interest and importance to sportsmen in general will appear in the book, and the handsome half-tone illustrations which have contributed in no small degree to the success of the magazine, will be fully up to standard, both in number and beauty. The frontispiece will be peculiarly appropriate and attractive, as a reproduction of one of the famous hunting pictures of C. A. Zimmerman, entitled "On the Alert."

In the editorial pages, the senior editor, Charles Hallock, will continue the discussion upon the movement for uniform game laws, which has aroused such keen interest among sportsmen and game protective clubs throughout the country. Mr. Hallock is the one man best fitted to advance this cause, and in the present instance he is enlarging upon a work begun by him more than twenty years ago, when as the founder and proprietor of the Forest and Stream, he became actively engaged in the promotion of all that pertains to the welfare and fostering of legitimate field sports.

## WEARY OF WAITING.

### Settlers Begin Legal Fights in the Land Office.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Dec. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—There are many maps of Minnesota now hanging in offices of the Twin Cities that show the northern part of Itasca county as unexplored. These should soon be replaced by new ones for, although the county is as large as Massachusetts, nearly every township of it has been explored. Some have not been surveyed, and upon a portion of these unsurveyed townships some of the settlers have waited anxiously for years to file their claims with the United States land officers.

A notable illustration of this feature was seen not long ago when the surveys of township 60, range 24, were opened for filings at the Duluth land office. One settler, L. S. Card, had lived in that township for over ten years. He settled there in January, 1886, under the pre-emption law, which has since been repealed—several years ago. The timber and stone act for land entries has since become quite popular. Mineral leases and mineral laws for both iron and gold have become applicable an dare in use in and about the township where Mr. Card and fifty fellow settlers had little, or no, expectations of mineral rights up to a few years ago and, during the ten years of waiting, Mr. Card has been on the anxious seat, holding his rights against the claim jumper, packing supplies on his back and by canoe forty-five to fifty miles, and even now he has the anonyance of having a counter claim under the timber and stone act filed upon the land by a perfect stranger, necessitating the expense of attorney's fees for looking after the interests of the actual settler at the land office, although said actual settler has perfect confidence that the contesting claimant will never dare to appear to substantiate the affidavit he made in filing the timber and stone entry.

The testimony for Mr. Card has just been taken here before Judge Rasmussen and was carried to Duluth this morning by Attorney P. H. Seymour, who will present it at the Duluth land office. The case will give some idea of the mutations of time with which many of the settlers on unsurveyed land in Northern Minnesota have had to contend. It will be remembered that the opening of the plats of township 60, range 24, last July caused unusual excitement at the Duluth land office.

Capt. John Mallman returned yesterday to the Arcturus mine, twelve miles northeast of here, where the recent discoveries of iron strengthen the probabilities of the branch railway being built next spring from the Duluth & Winnipeg road into the West Mesaba range. He is operating for Minneapolis parties, and the results thus far warrant them in having the shafts sunk thirty feet deeper. Shaft No. 2 is down 120 feet and shows fifty feet of ore. Shafts Nos. 1 and 10 each twenty feet of ore. Capt. Mallman says that, while the results have been very gratifying to him, yet he does not feel like giving particulars, as the parties who are interested desire to carry the Arcturus forward on their own account.

There have been no serious delays to trains and no snow blockades here this season, although the snows have been quite heavy. The passenger train was delayed an hour and a half one night, which was the worst. Tuesday morning was the coldest here thus far, the thermometers showing from 40 to 44 below, while at Pokegama dam, where it is always several degrees colder, the report for the government showed 51 degrees below. The cold has moderated steadily since, and is now settling down to pleasant, sunshiny weather.

### GROWL FROM GROCERS.

St. Louis, Dec. 3.—The wholesale grocers of Missouri, Kansas, Kentucky, Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska, backed by their respective state associations have had a meeting here and arranged to demand of the railway companies and other transportation corporations better rates on sugar between New Orleans and points in the territory represented in the conference. The basis of adjustment to be the prevailing rates on this commodity between New Orleans, New York and other Eastern points.

### A FOREIGN PASTOR.

Denver, Dec. 3.—The Central Presbyterian church, of this city, has sent a cablegram to Rev. George F. Pentecost, of London, England, inviting him to accept the pastorate of that church at a salary of $5000 per year.

### BREMEN STRIKE ENDED.

Bremen, Dec. 3.—The strikers at a meeting held here today, adopted an agreement concluded with the warehouse company and a committee from the strikers, of a settlement of the dispute, and therefore, the strike here is over.

### DENIED BY MR. HAIG.

London, Dec. 3.—George Haig, of the firm of Haig & Haig, says that there is no truth in the statement that he is engaged to marry Mrs. Augusta Drayton, the eldest daughter of Mrs. William Astor, who some time ago obtained a divorce from J. Coleman Drayton on the ground of desertion and non-support.

### THE PATIENTS ESCAPED.

New York, Dec. 3.—The administration building of the New Jersey state institution for feeble-minded children at Vineland, took fire at midnight and was totally destroyed. Loss, $25,000. The teachers and inmates lodging in the building and who numbered only twenty-five were aroused in time to leave the building with most of their effects. There was no panic among the 200 occupants of the other eight buildings of the institution.

The readers of our publications are requested to use Salvation Oil for any and all pains. It is a sure cure. 25 cents.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

will be turned upside down more of the time if you use Santa Claus Soap. If you do your own washing this means rest for you. If you hire it done, it means money for you. If time is ever elaborately thrown away, it is over a wash tub with a poor soap.

Santa Claus Soap

is made to wash clothes as they should be washed. It distinguishes friend from foe—your clothes from the dirt—and spares one while it strikes the other. You must use soap; why not the best? Suppose you are now suited,—you will feel no worse when you are better suited. Try Santa Claus. Santa Claus Soap has long been made and has friends everywhere. Sold everywhere. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

PISO'S CURE For Consumption

For the last 20 years we have kept Piso's Cure for Consumption in stock, and would sooner think a groceryman could get along without sugar in his store than we could without Piso's Cure. It is a sure seller.—RAVEN & CO., Druggists, Ceresco, Michigan, September 2, 1896.

Duluth Trust Co

Acts as surety on bonds of assignees, receivers, etc. Legal depository for trust funds.

Franklin J. Pulford, President
Edward P. Towne, V President
Calvin F. How, Sec. and Treas.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

MEDICAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, druggist

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK

A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer

CALL FOR—

FITGER'S BEER

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO, ILLS.

# RAILROAD

## Chamber of Commerce Heard and Discussed the Resolutions Yesterday.

## A Special Meeting Next Wednesday to Consider the Question.

## J. A. Keyes Suggests Action in Reference to the Normal School.

The chamber of commerce held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon, and the reports of the president and secretary were read, and G. A. Leland was introduced as president, he having been elected the day before.

The report of G. A. Leland, who represented the chamber at the conference with the officials of the Duluth & Southwestern railroad, was made. He presented the resolutions adopted by the conference committee, which were as follows:

We, the undersigned committee appointed by the chamber of commerce, board of trade, Commercial club, Trades and Labor assembly and jobbers' union, met as requested in joint conference with the directors of the Duluth & Southwestern Railway company, who explained and outlined their project in all its details and as to their future course, provided St. Louis county gave them sufficient encouragement in the matter of aid to still further prosecute the consummation of it. We have carefully considered the question in all its phases, as to whether the time is opportune for the county to take up a question of this kind, and whether the project is a meritorious one from a commercial and railroad standpoint, and whether its construction and completion would increase the wealth and population of our city and county and give sufficient additional employment to labor, together with other benefits to warrant the county in granting the aid requested, under the existing circumstances. We believe that it can afford to do so, for reasons, several of which are set forth below:

MUST HAVE TERRITORY.

The affairs of this city and county are conducted as a fixed charge and expense that need not be materially increased in a population several times larger than it is, and in our judgment we have nearly reached the limit of population that can be supported in this city merely as a port of transfer, and in order to increase it we must have greater facilities for distribution so as to induce the location of manufactories here. If we expect to become a manufacturing center of iron and steel and their products, we must have a larger territory tributary to us for their sale and use, as the country west of us is now our only market, and if it were sufficiently large, it has uncertainties that will not be met in that part of the southern portions of our state and northern Iowa that would be reached by the proposed Duluth & Southwestern railway, where crops are more certain, owing to a more diversified farming, and it is very important to all of St. Louis county that our food supplies from that section should be cleared by coming direct before we can compete with other places as manufacturers, lumbermen and miners. We particularly need independent lines of railroad leading to the northwest and southwest that can be controlled and operated in the interest and for the benefit of Duluth, entirely independent of the cities of Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis, which are now our competitors for manufacturing and jobbing trade, and which have been built up and fostered by their railroads.

The Duluth & Southwestern railroad is projected to run from Duluth in a line almost south through Red Wing to at least the southern boundary line of this state, tapping, we are informed, an excellent belt of hardwood timber many thousand acres in extent, and containing many millions of feet, principally white oak. This tract of timber is at present inaccessible, but being within seventy miles of Duluth, would, with a line of railroad from here, be of great value to this city for use in manufactures of various kinds, while the refuse could be used in the making of charcoal, which will be required in large quantities in the iron and steel business. This fuel cannot be gotten at present owing to the small quantity of hardwood near the city. At Red Wing the road would reach the eastern side of the most fertile, thrifty and well populated district in this state, one hundred and sixty-five miles from Duluth, being a route twenty-seven miles shorter than by way of St. Paul, and correspondingly shorter to Duluth by it, and making direct connections with independent lines of railroads to all the important cities of the southwest. Existing lines of railroad that connect Duluth with that district are so incumbered by their connections with lines of road controlled by Twin City or Chicago influences that Duluth and St. Louis county are practically barred out of that territory, which from our geographical position we should naturally supply with all their requirements in the way of Eastern manufactured goods, coal, lime, salt, lumber, etc.

BETTER FOOD SUPPLIES.

On the other hand, it is estimated that at least 50 per cent of the food supplies of St. Louis county are obtained from that section of the state, and only a very small part of this is shipped direct to our city, but is handled by Twin City commission men, and we have not only to pay additional charges on their account, and two local rates of freight, but we must necessarily receive our supplies in poorer condition than would be the case if they could be shipped direct.

Such a road would make our city a corn market, and would bring in soft wheat to blend with the hard, which our millers are very much in need of.

We are satisfied that the selection of the proposed route of the Duluth & Southwestern railway, and the scheme for its promotion are good ones, free from the entanglements of other cities and railroad systems, and that it will be made a Duluth road. The application for aid as suggested for our approval would fully protect the interests of the county. The amount asked for will be $250,000 in bonds payable in thirty years, or at the option of the county, in a lesser time after the year 1911, in lawful money of the United States. The bonds would bear interest at 5 per cent, and are not to be delivered to the railroad company, nor is any interest to accrue on said bonds, until the road is completed from the southern boundary of this state to Duluth, and the locomotives and cars running thereon into this city via the city of Red Wing. An exchange of stock for bonds is provided for, and the limit of the time for completion of the road is the 1st of December, 1900.

It is also provided in said application that the principal erecting and repair shops and the general offices of said road shall be located in the city of Duluth.

The promoters express a desire to abide by the decision of the bodies represented at this conference as to the advisability of submitting the proposition to a vote of the people, feeling that if it cannot be endorsed that it would entail an unnecessary expense to the county and themselves to press the project further.

It is our opinion that this proposition should meet with the unqualified approval of the citizens of St. Louis county, and we know of no railroad project that could be suggested and that could be completed by the construction of a like number of miles that would add so much to the future prosperity of our county.

Respectfully submitted,
G. A. LELAND,
Chamber of Commerce.
WARD AMES,
Board of Trade.
E. R. COBB,
Trades and Labor Assembly.
C. A. DUNCAN,
Jobbers' Union.

Mr. Leland said that H. R. Armstrong, the Commercial club's representative, has also agreed to sign the report, but had not been found since it was drawn up.

Mr. Leland read a letter from Cutler & Gilbert in reference to freight rates to Southern Minnesota. They had an order for cement from Rochester, and found the freight 16 cents per barrel more from Duluth to Rochester than from Chicago, although the distance from the latter point is considerably more.

Another communication from the Mankato board of trade to the jobbers' union was read. This presented the inequalities in freight rates from Duluth to Southern Minnesota points, as compared with rates from Chicago. Duluth has such an advantage in distance that it ought to control the situation, but through the rates fixed is not able to. Concerted action is suggested.

Mr. Leland moved the adoption of his report, and E. C. Gridley supported the motion.

A. Hirsch spoke in opposition to it. He did not think the benefits would be anywhere near so great as represented in the report, although he admitted it would be of considerable benefit. The hardwood territory referred to has been pretty well skimmed over, he said. The food supplies and farm products coming here from Southern Minnesota are less than 10 per cent instead of 50, he declared. He made the statement that the county of St. Louis would better afford to pay $250,000 to Jim Hill for the building of the Possson branch or the Duluth & Winnipeg for an extension to the boundary.

E. C. Gridley made an argument in favor of the report. He said Duluth roads that will be for Duluth are needed, and he looked to this to be a step in that direction. The Omaha road he cited as running trains in here to the disadvantage of the city. It is not a Duluth road in fact. He looked to the building of this as a declaration of independence. The Ironton plant has to pay as much to get iron to the Pacific coast from here as Carnegie does from Pittsburg. The voting of this bonus will prompt the voting of three quarters of a million more along the line.

R. S. Munger said in reference to the freight to the Pacific coast from the East is cheapened by the fact that the iron is taken from Pittsburg to New York and from there around Cape Horn to the Pacific coast.

T. W. Hugo suggested that the matter be made the special order of business for some meeting to be held later. R. S. Munger moved that it be made the subject for a meeting next Wednesday.

Col. Harris made a speech favoring the road, and prefaced it by the statement that he was one of its attorneys. He did not believe that any man who opposed it can have the interests of Duluth at heart.

Mr. Munger's motion was carried, and the matter will come up then.

THE NORMAL SCHOOL.

J. A. Keyes brought up the normal school matter. He said that it is absolutely necessary that the title to the site be cleared before the legislature meets. If there is a suggestion of a cloud upon it the legislature will give no appropriation. To get one Duluth must present a solid front and fight for it, and it will take almost the whole session to get it through. The representatives from here must be backed up by a strong delegation of citizens. He moved that it be made the special order of business next Wednesday along with the railroad matter.

T. W. Hugo said that he could assure Mr. Keyes that the matter has not been neglected. Attorney Briggs has expected to get the case before the supreme court very soon. The school board has been watching the matter.

Mr. Keyes responded that if Mr. Briggs got this case advanced on the United States supreme court calendar it would be one of the first occasions on which the court had done such a thing.

The subject was finally made the special order of business for the next regular meeting, Wednesday, Dec. 16.

President Hugo's report, a synopsis of which will be found elsewhere, was read. Secretary Brace also read his report. He commended the work of the officers, and reviewed the principal matters which have come before the chamber during the year.

G. A. Leland was then escorted to the chair by T. W. Hugo. He commended the reports of the president and secretary, and said it would be his duty and pleasure to carry out many of the suggestions made.

The routine work of the meeting was rather brief. C. E. Judd & Co. have offered to print the secretary's report in a revised edition of "Illustrated Duluth," issued by them, and the matter was referred to the executive committee.

A communication from an outside body in reference to the bill in congress establishing an executive department of commerce and manufactures was received. President Hugo said this was considered at a meeting in St. Paul at which Senator Davis was present, and he approved of the idea. The matter was dropped for the present.

## PRESIDENT HUGO'S ADDRESS

### Makes Many Excellent Suggestions to the Chamber.

The annual address of President Hugo to the chamber of commerce, delivered yesterday afternoon, was a lengthy document and contained many excellent suggestions.

The business of the chamber has been handled very economically this year, he said. An equitable adjustment of back dues was suggested and a new and fair start arranged for. The ideal way to support the chamber is for the city or county to furnish a competent secretary and provide a place for the transaction of its business, making the chamber, in a measure, one of its boards, or departments, but allowing it to transact that business without interference, and to have the other expenses of the chamber paid by the dues of the members, from a reduced annual fee. Another scheme to make it self-supporting would be by the club feature, but this does not seem to be the time to branch out in that way.

"The chamber has a great chance for doing good in the cultivation of friendly and close relations with our neighbors of the western part of this state and the Dakotas, especially North Dakota. With this port the natural shipping point for their immense grain fields, and the fact that Fargo is but a couple of miles closer to St. Paul than to Duluth, while St. Paul is 152 miles from Duluth, and the cheaper lake freights are claimed by the St. Paul wholesale men as a reason why it is to the advantage of the Dakotas to trade with them, it seems strange that we do not get a better share of their patronage. The chamber can help in this direction by making a determined effort to push the claims of Duluth in that field, and by becoming acquainted with the people of that section, by business men's excursions or by friendly visits.

"I still believe that the idea suggested by me last summer would be a good one to put into practice, which would bring to our city, periodically, the people of the surrounding towns, the inducement being special and low rates to be given by the railroads, or the other means of transportation used, according to the season; the chamber would be engaged in paying work, as it must be undertaken by some organization. St. Paul, Minneapolis and even Chicago are playing in our back yard, and we should see to it that our neighbors do not become infatuated with them and leave us inconsolable. We should furnish the reason for the reduced transportation rates, and the people will come in because of the lessened cost. We should study the needs of those towns and help them in their efforts to build themselves up; their success means our success, and their failure our shame; Duluth must hold St. Louis county business against all comers, or Duluth's business will be 'held by the enemy,' to our discomfiture."

Mr. Hugo also urged the creation of a sentiment in favor of home protection. Home institutions should be favored in every possible instance. "Let it be considered a shameful action for a person to purchase outside of our city the smallest thing that can be purchased or obtained in it, and we will be on the sure track towards progress and prosperity," said he.

The establishment of postal savings banks ought to receive the chamber's consideration. "The sight of poor creatures with money in our banks begging for the necessaries of life, while a receiver is taking his time in winding up the affairs, is more than pitiable, it is exasperating, and if there is anything that would tempt a person to become imbued with anarchist, socialistic or any of those objectionable notions, it is a realization of such things as I have recited, and which I know to be facts," said he.

The fact that Duluth has almost secured assay and hydrographic offices was referred to, and energetic work to make them sure was urged. Duluth ought also to have the office of supervising inspector of hulls and boilers, he said.

Another recommendation was made as follows: "From the experience of the past few storms it seems necessary that some steps be taken to protect the base of Minnesota Point and the outer harbor front, and if there is anything on earth that will make the entrance of the piers any more safe and easier to find, we must have it. Our navigation interests are too important to permit of anything being neglected that promises a more convenient and safe ingress into the best harbor in the world.'

"During the coming winter both congress and the state legislature will be in session, and many matters of interest and importance will no doubt be referred to the chamber, or ought to be, consequently it should be prepared to present an opportunity for all the people of Duluth to consult on any such matters, and to that end I suggest that negotiations be reopened with the Business Men's association and any other organization, with the view of combining the forces and securing a strong and united representation of the interests of the city, for we will be weak if all are not represented. The multiplication of bodies which may take dissimilar views on important subjects when discussed separately, will often defeat each other, whereas if the duscussions were held jointly a result would be arrived at which would be satisfactory to all and something be gained. Every effort should be made to secure a united body of business men, or the result of our efforts will be frittered away in keeping up a multiplicity of organizations, the principal portion of whose work will be to pay rent and secretary's fees and elect officers; there will not be enough members in any one to secure a strong committee on any subject, and the work will be practically void and ineffective. One strong organization, well officered and able to secure good committee material, is better than a dozen weak, single-minded institutions, each on the verge of bankruptcy, with no strength, no coherence, no committees, each half doing the same thing and none doing anything vigorously.

"The securing of the normal school appropriation and the passage of a truancy law ought to be favored and immigration encouraged." He concluded as follows:

"These are but a few of the many things that can occupy the attention of the chamber, demanding the best efforts of its members, and does not include the various municipal questions which come up from time to time; but as long as the public work progresses in a reasonably satisfactory manner I suggest that the public officials be not interfered with, as they have a great many difficulties to contend with, of which the general public are not aware, and any interference will only complicate and hinder the work. Still, no relaxation of our endeavors to have the water and other public questions speedily settled should be allowed, but the chamber should be in a position to offer assistance rather than be a retarding influence.

"Many matters particularly pertaining to county affairs will no doubt engage our attention, and they must be met in a spirit of fair compromise and allowance; in all those public affairs we must not expect a degree of impossible perfection from those elected to represent the imperfect elector, nor should we approach any of those questions under the influence of the idea that every man in a public position is in a pillory, and that we have the right to cast all the filth and dirt at him on which we can lay our hands. If the wrong man is elected it is our own fault; the remedy is in our own hands, and if our cowardice or lack of interest hinders us in asserting our rights or our power, we should, in a great measure, blame ourselves and take the medicine until we learn to be good citizens ourselves. Let us not waste our time in striving after ideals so far above our reach as to be liable to be misunderstood by the average citizen, but rather let us try to make the best deal and the most favorable compromise practicable; let us take the world and the people as they are and make the best we can out of both; this is the best world we know of, and the people are the best in the world.

"Concluding, I hope the legitimate work of the chamber will be pushed and that the citizens of Duluth and the county of St. Louis will not censure it for non-action if they are forced to remain quiet for lack of their support, nor find fault with its action if it does not agree with their ideas on the subject, if those better posted do not make their information known, and as the chamber is not a close corporation by any means, but the people's open court, every citizen should feel free to communicate with it, and be present at its meetings, taking part in the discussions, even if not a member; the only right reserved to the actual members being that of voting.

"To the faithful few who have manfully stood by the institution through thick and thin I desire to express my gratitude and sincere thanks, and assure you that among the many pleasant recollections of a busy unsentimental career the two years spent as your presiding officer will stand out prominent and bright with the reflected light of your confidence and esteem."

## THE JOBBERS' UNION.

### Railroad Scheme Favored at the Meeting Yesterday.

The Jobbers' union, at a meeting held yesterday afternoon, appointed a committee to draft resolutions favoring the proposition to bond the county to aid the Duluth & Southwestern road. This action is in line with the recommendation of the report of the joint committee of the Jobbers' union and the chamber of commerce, which was submitted yesterday. There was an extended discussion on the report, and the almost unanimous opinion was expressed that the proposed line to the South and Southwest will be of incalculable benefit to Duluth.

The union endorsed the movement set on foot by the Trade league of Philadelphia, looking to the promotion of a sentiment favoring the lengthening of the term of the president of the United States to six years.

A resolution was passed also endorsing the Frye bill, providing for the creation of the office of secretary of commerce and manufactures.

A communication was received from the secretary of the organization formed for the purpose of arousing public opinion in favor of taking the tariff question out of politics, stating that it is desired to hold another convention similar to that held in Detroit last summer. The union favored the idea of a convention.

## AMUSEMENTS.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

One of the most talked-of actors on the American stage today is Walker Whiteside, who will appear at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday in a round of the greatest Shakespearean characters. Each quarter of a century since the bard of Avon penned his matchless lines seems to have furnished a master for their interpretation. There is but little doubt that Walker Whiteside is the pre-eminent figure in this line of the present period. With the passing away of Booth, Barrett and McCullough, it seemed to many delvers into the almost limitless scope of Shakespearean thought that the present would fail to find any person gifted by nature in all respects fitted for a pre-eminent delineation of the masterpieces which all but breathed and lived with the genius of Shakespeare. The coming of Mr. Whiteside is regarded by hundreds of thousands of people as in the nature of a gift of the Creator.

JOSEPH MURPHY.

Next Monday and Tuesday Joseph Murphy, the Irish comedian, will appear at the Lyceum, presenting "Kerry Gow" and "Shaun Rue," with which his name is inseparably associated. It is a fact noted by managers that Mr. Murphy fills their theaters with people who are not regular patrons of the play-house. It is a national holiday for many when Murphy plays, and his "Shaun Rhue" and "Kerry Gow" are recognized as classics of Irish comedy from the extremes of the North, South, East and West. Mr. Murphy is an annual favorite, and his magnetic personality and unique manner attracts a following probably possessed by no other star, except Joseph Jefferson.

SOMETHING TO KNOW.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centers in the stomach, gently stimulates the liver and kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or $1.00 per bottle at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

## THE DIXON'S LAST TRIP.

### Iced All Over From Stem to Stern.

The steamer Hiram R. Dixon of the A. Booth line of steamers, came into port yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. She was iced all over, from stem to stern and from water line to hurricane deck, and Capt. Hector's face was a mixture of smiles and icicles when his staunch craft was finally made fast to the company dock.

It was a cold trip, too; the thermometer away down at the 32 degree below zero notch, and the pleasing accompaniment of a 40-mile wind. There was quite a party of passengers and lots of camp and household equipage and although the steamer had a good passenger and freight list.

Speaking of the trip, Capt. Hector said: "Well, it was a pretty rough one; mighty cold, too. It's warm down here to what it is in Port Arthur. I don't believe anyone had courage to size up a thermometer there for a week past. When we passed Fort William there were three vessels trying to make port; one of them was the Canadian Pacific boat Athabasca, but there was too much steam on the lake to allow us to make out the others. The W. F. Sauber was a little way off the dock at Fort William, but she was aground, frozen in, and four locomotives pulling on her, and when I left they hadn't budged her.

"No, we didn't see anything of the whaleback 117, for we couldn't see anything much more than a ship's length from us, on account of the steam. The harbors are all pretty well frozen up and we gave the Isle Royale folks a parting salute of the whistle until next spring."

The Dixon has made twenty-seven round trips of 500 miles each, and fifteen excursions of thirty miles each; a total mileage for her of 36,450 miles. The Hunter, of the same line, has made 131 round trips of 220 miles each, sixteen excursions of thirty miles each and two of 150 miles each; making her total mileage for the season 29,600 miles. The S. B. Barker, the other boat sailing from this port has made sixty-four round trips of 220 miles each; eight excursions of thirty miles each; two of 150 miles each; and four of twenty miles; a total of 15,700. The Camp, which is at Bayfield has logged about 10,000 miles, and the Anderson about 3000 miles and other boats of the fleet sufficient to make over 100,000 miles of water travel accomplished by the Booth steamers for this season, not counting the Rainy Lake and Crane lake boats or those at the other end of Lake Superior.

The season's record has been a very good one; not a pound of freight lost; not a passenger hurt and the boats have had good luck all the way through; owing to careful and competent masters.


## COMMON SENSE CURE.

PYRAMID PILE CURE CURES PILES PERMANENTLY BY CURING THE CAUSE.

Remarkable Remedy Which is Bringing Comfort to Thousands of Sufferers.

Probably half the people who see this article suffer from piles. It is one of the commonest diseases and one of the most obstinate. People have it for years, and just because it is not immediately fatal they neglect it. Carelessness causes no end of suffering. Carelessness about so simple a thing as piles has often caused death. Hemorrhages occur from no apparent cause, and loss of blood causes death. Hemorrhages occur during surgical treatment, often causing death.

Piles are simple in the beginning and easily cured. They can't be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it—Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface, and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkly, 601 Mississippi street, Indianapolis, Ind., says: Have been a sufferer from the pain and annoyance of piles for fifteen years. The Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Maj. Dean, of Columbus, Ohio, says: I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years, and two boxes of the Pyramid Pile Cure have effectually cured me.

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure, or will get it for you if you ask them to. It is $1 per package, and is put up only by the Pyramid Drug company, Albion Mich.


## WILL REJUVENATE.

### Business Men's Association Will Take New Life.

A movement is on foot to revivify the Business Men's association, which has been hibernating since the chilling winds of the winter of business depression commenced to blow. As a member said recently, it is time now that the association came out of its hole. Why it should be in the hole at all, with $400 in the treasury, is a question. The member referred to gave it as his opinion that the time is coming when investors all over the country, who are now closely watching the situation, will begin to move to sow their dollars where their faith impels, and that now is the time to begin to call their attention to the advantages of Duluth.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

## The Security Funds.

An informal conference was held yesterday afternoon between Aldermen Krumsieg and Richardson, of the council finance committee, and A. R. Macfarlane, F. W. Paine and W. P. Lardner, of the Security bank, relative to the proposed reorganization of the bank. It was arranged that there should be a joint meting of the finance committee of the city council, school board and county commissioners with the receiver and reorganization committee of the bank to discuss the matter further. The conference will be held at the court house tomorrow afternoon.


FOR OVER-INDULGENCE TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

It preserves and renews the vitality, strengthens the nerves and stimulates the stomach to healthy action.


Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.


BEST AND PUREST.

Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.



# FREE BUTTONS!

AN ELEGANT BUTTON FREE with each package of

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES

AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A COLLECTION OF BUTTONS WITHOUT COST.


## BAPTISTS IN SESSION.

### Quarterly Rallies Held Today and Tomorrow.

The second quarterly rally of the Lake Superior Baptist association opened this afternoon at the Bethel Swedish church, corner of Ninth avenue east and Third street. The program is as follows:

2:30 p. m.—"Drawing Near to God."
3:00 p. m.—Subject for prayer—Mal. 3:10, led by Mrs. M. E. Mears.
4:00 p. m.—1 Sam. 7:1-12. Need of Revival, led by Pastor Linden.
5:00 p. m.—Confession: Psalm 51, led by C. O. Girard.
6:00 p. m.—Prayer for the Holy Spirit's power upon our churches, pastors and officers, led by Dea. C. Powell Grady.
7:00 p. m.—"Prayer and Missions and Revival;" Pastor Loughridge.
7:30 p. m.—Address in Swedish by Pastors Lundin and Hasselblad.
8:00 p. m.—Waiting before God—Isaiah 59:1-2, led by Pastor Larson.
8:30 p. m.—"My Expectation is From Him."—Lessons from the Upper Room, led by Pastor Swartwout.

FRIDAY MORNING—THE WOMEN'S SESSION.

9:00 a. m.—Devotional talk, by Mrs. J. O. Milne.
9:30 a. m.—Paper, Mrs. Alex Fraser.
9:45 a. m.—Paper: "How can we Increase interest in Foreign Missions?" Mrs. C. O. Girard.
10:00 a. m.—Prayer for our Sister Missionaries; led by Mrs. F. R. Swartwout.
10:30 to 12:00—"Our Home Mission Work." Conducted by Mrs. W. W. Billson.

The sixth quarterly raly of the Baptist Young People's association will be held tomorrow at the same place, the program being as follows:

AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:30—Praise service.
2:45—Address of welcome, Rev. Mr. Larson.
3:00—President's address, Alvin Bousfield.

PAPERS:

3:15—"Practice as Well as Theory."
DISCUSSION.
3:30—"How Interest Younger Members," Grace Hoopes.
DISCUSSION.
3:45—"Living up to Our Opportunities," Harry Giffin.
4:00—Junior session—
"The Relation of the Juniors to the Church," Marion Chambers.
"The Juniors and Foreign Missions," Alice Billson.
4:15—Reports from societies.
DISCUSSION.
Business—Collection.

EVENING SESSION.

7:30—Song service.
8:00—Question box.
8:15—Address.

CONSECRATION MEETING.

## Two Men Missing.

A week ago H. A. Wagner, formerly postmaster at Beaver Bay, and Peter Beargrease, the well known halfbreed mail carrier, left Beaver Bay in a sailboat bound for Two Harbors, from whence they were to go by rail to Duluth. Since their departure from Beaver Bay two parties of men have arrived from there at Two Harbors, but no one has seen or heard of Wagner and Beargrease. It is feared that they have been lost on the lake, though there is a possibility that they made shore. Those who know Beargrease well do not seem to be alarmed, and say that he has been missed on previous occasions and turned up all right.


DAMAGING A REPUTATION.

The reputation, originally good, of many proprietary articles, is in some instances damaged by that most egregious of all business follies, flamboyant advertising. The public soon becomes disgusted with an article concerning which statements are made with the evident design of hoodwinking it, by reckless claims of impossible merits. It has ever been the aim of the proprietors of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to make the published allegations relating to it conform with reason and proven facts. That they have succeeded in this laudable design is shown by the fact that their remedy is not only popular but widely respected. Experience without the aid of bombast, has demonstrated that it is a safe tonic of the first order, a safe and thorough remedy for and preventive of malarial diseases, a salutary anti-spasmodic and remedy for debility, and a capital corrective of disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels.



## Is this good security?

The Climax Building & Loan Association has the following described security offered for a loan of $3000:

A business lot with all public improvements made and paid for, taxes paid, worth at present value $2500, on which is a building insured for $3500 and worth at least $4000. Total security $6500.

Several agents for Eastern loaners offer to loan the amount at 6 per cent interest, charging a commission of 2 per cent to the borrower. This mortgage will be bought if enough shares and certificates of deposit are issued in the next ten days.

Chan Smith, Secy.,
Office No. 2 First Avenue West.



BIG G CURES (a) in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.



BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.



Always sharp shod with the "Neverslip"

One trial will convince you.

YOUR horse being always sharp shod, is ready for work. His feet are always in good condition, and he is not constantly at the blacksmith's being sharpened, which robs his feet, causing great expense and loss of time. Remember you can easily put in new Calks when needed without removing the shoes.

These Calks absolutely prevent slipping, for they are self-centered and sharpen with use.

Be sure your horse-shoer has "Neverslips" on hand; have him shoe with no other. Send your address for descriptive circular with full information, mailed free.

THE NEVERSLIP MFG. CO., New Brunswick, N. J.

AGENTS:
Nichols & Dean, St. Paul,
Minneapolis Iron Stove Co.,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



WE CURE Diseases of the Liver Kidneys and Bladder Thousands of People Testify to our Success in Curing them after all other means failed

Dr. J. H. McLEAN'S LIVER and KIDNEY BALM

IS THE PEERLESS REMEDY WE USE

All Dealers Sell It

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

The Great Eastern Duluth

Men's Underwear and Hosiery!

First Floor—

It is no boast to say that never has such an elegant showing been brought together in any other store in Duluth. The underwear has been selected with such great care, and the wants of every man, whether rich or poor, has been so carefully looked after that everyone can find just what they want at the right price.

Wives and Mothers

Who buy Underwear for husbands and sons will find the GREAT STORE a particularly good place to make your purchases, as the selection is so much greater and the prices lower than any other place, quality considered.

Handsome and Useful

Christmas Gifts for Men!

Take Elevator, Second Floor—

Smoking Jackets, Bath Robes and Dressing Gowns!

Special Prices $3.95 to $14.50.

Ladies are

Already making their selections of these beautiful garments. By paying a small deposit any garment can be selected now, laid away and delivered at any time the purchaser desires.

M. S. BURROWS

The Clothier.


# ARGUING

**Attorneys Are Explaining the Water Election Matter to the Court.**

**Mr. Greene Had the Floor Nearly All of the Forenoon.**

**Gives Several Grounds For Declaring the Election Invalid.**

The Baumann election contest came up before Judge Moer in district court this morning, J. L. Washburn and T. J. Davis appearing for the city and H. F. Greene for the contestant. The proceedings upon which the argument was based were short, and even with a large interpolation of objections, did not consume much over half an hour. It was agreed that the resolutions, etc., connected with the water elections of 1894 and 1896 were to be in evidence, and the city clerk was instructed to prepare copies of them, to be submitted to the court before the case is taken under advisement.

The first witness called was J. H. Brigham, one of the inspectors appointed by the court to canvass the votes cast at the late election. He testified that he participated in the canvass, and helped to make the report, which he identified, together with the abstract of the votes in each precinct.

These papers were offered in evidence, and the official report was received without objection. The city objected to the abstract by precincts, on the ground that it was not admissible under the contests and that there was no authority for its making. The report was sufficiently full, and the abstract was not necessary, and would only encumber the records.

Mr. Greene said that the detailed report might be used to correct possible mistakes in the main report. After considerable argument over this point, the city's attorneys withdrew their consent to the entry of the original report, stating that if the objection to the detailed report was sustained, they would not insist upon their objection to exhibit "A," the main report.

Judge Moer said that looked like forcing the court, which did not look like good practice.

Mr. Washburn said that the action had prejudiced no one.

Judge Moer said he had some doubt as to the admissibility of either. There seemed to be no provision in the statute for any report to the court, and the question seemed to be whether the condition of the ballots did not have to be proven like any other fact. Aside from that the only objection to exhibit "B" was that it lengthened the records, though there seemed to be no particular reason in having it in.

Exhibit "B" was withdrawn, and exhibit "A" reoffered and received without objection, Mr. Washburn wanted to know that "B" was not going to be offered again before agreeing to "A," but the court cut him short, and let it go as it was.

MR. BAUMANN TESTIFIES.

Mr. Brigham was excused, and E. C. Baumann took the stand. He said that he lived at 426 Sixth avenue east, and was a lawyer. Asked if he was a qualified elector, the question met an objection, which was overruled. Witness said yes, and said that he was a property holder and the contestant in this claim.

The original notice of contest, with proof of service and filing was offered and duly objected to. The objection was sustained, and the contestant rested.

Mr. Davis asked Mr. Greene to concede that there were three existing water plants in Duluth, only one of which was owned by the Duluth Gas and Water company, and is included in the purchases. Mr. Greene had never heard that the Lakeside plant was an independent corporation, but he took Mr. Davis' word for it and made the required agreement. The city then rested, and Mr. Greene opened for the contestant.

Mr. Greene said that this is the sixth election held on the water question, beginning in August, 1891. The law did not seem to be drained of points for agreement, however. The grounds were stated to be lack of authority of the council to submit, at a general election, not enough votes for proposition 2, and that the council had already been ordered to build by an election, and had exhausted its authority in calling water elections.

The last ground was argued first. It appears to be a dangerous authority to allow the council to call an indefinite number of elections. The question is whether the law gives the council the authority to call the election of 1896. The people voted a year ago not to buy for $1,856,000, and this time the price was lower. If the council could submit the proposition twice, it could call thirty of them, and could weary the voters into voting for what they do not approve. By these six elections the opposition to the purchase has been tired out. Either the council has authority to call but one election, or its power is unlimited. When the voters had expressed their will once the council should follow that view and call no more elections.

The position of the other side is that the council can call elections and issue bonds to an unlimited extent. The bonds are to be first liens, and the object of that was to give them credit. If an indefinite number of bonds can be issued, all first liens, what is the use of the term "first lien?" Already $1,100,000 bonds have been sold, which are first liens. What is the value of that lien if the city is to issue $1,695,000 more. There are plants at West Duluth and Lakeside to be purchased, and probably New Duluth and Fond du Lac sold franchises. As more than one set of bonds cannot be first liens, the law did not contemplate more than one election.

Mr. Greene next argued that the council had no authority to submit the proposition at a general election. Most of this ground was gone over in the ante-election proceedings, so Mr. Greene did not take up a great deal of time with it. As a specimen of the confusion caused by the excitement of the general election, Mr. Greene named some of the remarkable methods of voting adopted at the water election. This showed, said he, that it was impossible to get a fair election at a general election. The policy of the law was against it. Not only has the law to be forced to uphold the election, but the court has to judicially legislate to get around the plain language of the law that such elections must be held on general, city or special elections.

Mr. Greene next took up the question of what the people of Duluth voted for Nov. 3, and read considerable law, showing that courts had held against votes in the nature of certain of the methods of voting. The vote of 2040 people for both building and buying was especially dwelt upon. If there were two propositions, both of which were voted for, the vote would undoubtedly be thrown out. In the case of Truelsen against the city, the first three propositions were the same as those in this election. There were 208 votes cast for both the second and third propositions, and they were taken out by the lower court, though the upper court did not decide this question.

The matter was not concluded at noon, and Mr. Greene continued his argument this afternoon. It was not expected that the case would be finished today.


Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

·DR· PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.


## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The 5-year-old son of John Drennan, of the police force, had his right leg broken while coasting yesterday afternoon. He lost control of his sled and it dashed against a post.

The subject of "Intolerance and Charity" will be discussed at Pilgrim church this evening. An important business meeting of the church will follow the service.

A meeting of the Duluth Cycle club was held last evening and the revision of the charter was discussed. An adjournment was taken to next Wednesday when final action will be taken.

A number of happy young people assembled at the home of Miss Clara Palmer and enjoyed the gracious hospitalities of the hostess. A program consisting of charades, musical and literary numbers, followed by refreshments was given.

The birth of a son to Charles and Lillie A. French, of the Hotel Missabe, was reported to the health department this morning.

A permit has been issued to C. J. Glen for the erection of a skating rink on Ramsey street, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth avenues west, to cost $750.

Humane Officer Haskins and Deputy Officer Phillips, of Tower, will shortly start on a tour of the schoolhouses in the county, addressing the children in behalf of the Humane society in an endeavor to get them enlisted in the work.

John Peterson, a drunk, was let off with a suspended sentence by Judge Edson this morning.

Curly Young and Joseph Demo, who are accused by Hendricks Nelson with cutting eight cords of wood without permission, were arraigned before Judge Edson this morning on the charge of petit larceny. They pleaded not guilty and waived a jury trial. The trial was set for tomorrow morning, bail being fixed at $50 each, which was furnished.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to J. Johnson, Thomas Christie, John Nelson, August Lingren, Alfred E. Walker and Gust Carlson.

A marriage license has been issued to Chris Hendrickson and Gina Gunderlang.

A reception and dancing party will be given at the rooms of the Endion club this evening. This is the first of a series of receptions to be given this winter, and a very enjoyable time is expected.

T. W. Hugo was yesterday afternoon appointed inspector of pumping machinery by the board of public works.

Jean Morris Ellis will give private phrenological examinations with charts every day this week from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. at Parlor G, St. Louis hotel.

Ladies of Glen Avon church have charge of the opening of the Glen Avon rink, Saturday and Saturday evening. Good music in the evening. A delightful time promised.


You Save TWENTY LOAVES of BREAD Every Time You Buy a Barrel of DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.


## PERSONALS.

John DeLaittre, the Minneapolis lumberman, was in the city last evening.

Max Toltz, bridge engineer of the Great Northern road, was in the city last evening.

G. L. Weiss, of Cleveland, is at the Spalding.

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent of the St. Paul & Duluth road, came up from St. Paul today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Dimaker, of Dollarville, Mich., are at the Spalding.

J. G. Ketchum, of Tower, is in the city.

Assistant Attorney General George B. Edgerton came up from St. Paul today.

D. Burnett, of Toronto, is in the city.

S. C. Pier, of Portland, Or., is at the Spalding.

Charles Deyette, of Spokane, Wash., is in the city.

Thomas H. Canfield, of Lake Park, was in the city today on his way home from Chicago.

G. K. Wentworth, of Chicago, and J. Wentworth, of Bay City, Mich., lumbermen, who have been at Cloquet looking after their mill interests there, were in the city today.

E. C. Brown, of Jamestown, N. Y., was in the city today.

F. Dearborn, of Austin, is in the city.

J. H. Nolan, of Escanaba, Mich., is in the city.

E. M. Allen, of Eau Claire, was in the city last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Jerome will return to Saginaw to reside.

R. F. McClallon, of Princeton, is in the city today.

C. C. Schaible, of Cleveland, is at the St. Louis.

W. E. Seelye came over from Brainerd today.

Jean Morris Ellis will give private phrenological examinations with charts every day this week from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. at Parlor G, St. Louis hotel.

## MAYOR INVESTIGATES.

**Can Find Nothing Crooked in Mr. Turner's Business.**

Mayor Truelsen today called on J. C. Turner, proprietor of the Northwestern Mining and Milling exchange, in the Chamber of Commerce building, for the purpose of ascertaining for himself the manner in which the business is conducted. It was this establishment that was referred to in a recent attack on the mayor and police department, in which it was charged that gambling institutions are being conducted with the connivance of the authorities. The mayor says that Mr. Turner told him that he has a connection with a board of trade commission house wire and that he receives the same quotations that are received there. In support of this statement, the mayor says, Mr. Turner showed him receipts for sums paid for the use of the wire. "If Mr. Turner is conducting an illegitimate business," said the mayor, "then so are the board of trade and the grain commission houses."

## Hair Cut or Shave?

C. G. Firoved has assumed the management of the Columbia barber shop. Mr. Firoved during his long engagement in the business in this city has made a large circle of acquaintances who will be pleased to learn of his locating in the commodious centrally located quarters in the Columbia block. With skillful barbers and every equipment for a first-class shop and fine bath rooms in connection, Mr. Firoved will doubtless receive a large patronage.

## Refuses to Accept.

Rev. M. Larson has resigned as pastor of the Swedish Bethel Baptist church. The congregation has refused to accept the resignation, and the matter is unsettled. Mr. Larson has received a call from the First Swedish Baptist church of Rockford, Ill., but has not determined what to do. He will leave tomorrow for Rockford, and will spend Sunday there.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS.

South and West, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Tickets and particulars, ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

**Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.**

## BALDWIN INTERFERED.

**Objected to an Arrest Without a Warrant.**

In the case of Jacob Schude, charged with assaulting Louis McGregor, which was on trial before Judge Edson this morning, the defendant was discharged on motion of Attorney C. O. Baldwin, who raised the point that Schude had been illegally arrested, having been taken after nightfall on a warrant charging him with a misdemeanor, without the necessary authority endorsed thereon.

When the court announced its ruling, Schude lost no time in skipping. Detective Troyer also skipped. The latter dove out the back way and overhauled Schude in front of the city hall. Mr. Baldwin, who had seen Troyer's move, rushed out just in time to see his client being led into the police station. He followed and demanded of Troyer to know what he was about. The latter said he wanted Schude.

"You have no warrant, have you?" inquired the attorney.

The detective conceded that he had not that article with him.

"Do you want to go?" said Baldwin turning to his client.

"You bet," responded the latter.

"Well, walk out, then," said Mr. Baldwin, who was getting warmed up, "and let's see who will stop you."

Schude made for the door and bolted up Superior street in the direction of West Duluth, while Troyer and Secretary Force watched his disappearing form and told each other what they thought of attorneys.

## AT PILGRIM CHURCH.

**Chicken Pie Supper and Sale of Fancy Articles.**

The annual sale of useful and fancy articles will be held at Pilgrim church Friday afternoon and evening, Dec. 4. A chicken pie supper will be served at 6 o'clock. Useful and fancy articles of every description will be on sale. Housekeepers can buy their pies and cakes for Sunday. A portion of Coney Island has been removed to one of the side rooms, from which treasures for the children can be dug for a nickel. A turkey shoot for the boys is one of the attractions. A program will be given at 8 o'clock. No admission charged.

Our young society people will be out in full force at the opening of Glen Avon rink, Saturday of this week.

## They Return Thanks.

The Ladies' Relief society of the city of Duluth wish to publicly express their thanks to the Hinkley fire committee for the donation of $762.74; to the Needle Work guild for 568 garments; to Benjamin F. Crane for $25; to the pupils of the high school for $7.61, and two suits of underwear, three glasses of jelly, two baskets of apples, three cans of vegetables; to the union service at West Duluth, $3.60; to the M. E. church for Thanksgiving dinners sent to eight families; to the Endion school for dinners to two families; to Williamson & Mendenhall for turkeys; also to the general public for the generous patronage accorded the charity ball, the net receipts of which are $448.50.

MRS. A. M. MILLER, President.

MRS. C. MARKELL,
MRS. D. C. PRESCOTT,
Vice Presidents.

MRS. DAVID BUCHANAN, Secretary.

## Thinks it Exaggerated.

J. H. Roberts came up from Eau Claire, Wis., this morning. He thinks the situation at Chippewa Falls is being exaggerated on the outside. There is no great danger to Eau Claire, he says, unless there should be a spell of soft weather. In that case there might be trouble. The river is frozen back for five miles.

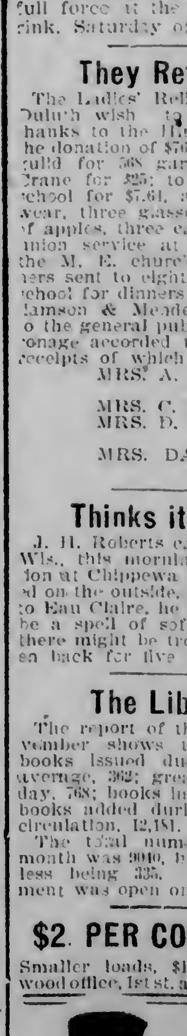
## The Library Report.

The report of the public library for November shows the following: Number books issued during month, 8327; daily average, 362; greatest number issued any day, 768; books in circulation Dec. 1., 2978; books added during month, 290; cards in circulation, 12,181.

The total number issued the precious month was 9010, but the daily average was less being 335. The circulating department was open only 23 days in November.


$2 PER CORD DELIVERED.

Smaller loads, $1.50 and 75c. Pine stove wood office, 1st st. and 4th ave. w. Phone 545.



Christmas! A pair of good— Opera Glasses is a very appropriate present. A fine line at— C. D. Trott's 106 W. Superior St.


# IMPROVED

**A. L. Ordean Finds Business Conditions In Much Better State.**

**Looks For the Calling of a Special Session of Congress.**

**Major McKinley is Besieged With Callers---Summer at Canton.**

A. L. Ordean, president of the First National bank, returned yesterday from a trip to Eastern cities and to his former home, Canton, Ohio, which enjoys great distinction now by reason of being the home of the president-elect. Mr. Ordean has known Mr. McKinley intimately for years.

"The president-elect is a very busy man," said Mr. Ordean. "He has callers innumerable. Many men of national prominence call on him daily and he, of course, must give each one considerable time. Then there are a large number of men who are coming not in delegations as they did before election, but singly with personal ends to be furthered. They want to see him alone. They want office for themselves or patronage to distribute and it is really trying for Mr. McKinley, who is a very gracious man, to find time to entertain them. It seems wrong, too, that he should spend so much time this way when there are such weighty questions for him to consider.

"Canton had a great summer, such a one as she will probably never see again. It was a remarkable experience for the place and it seems unnatural for them to be so quiet now. The town was crowded all summer. Delegations paraded the streets every day and evening. Even the streets were paraded daily, the main ones being insufficient to accommodate the crowds. Every delegation brought a band and the air was filled with noise and music."

"How did you find business conditions in the East," was asked.

"There is a decided improvement. The election of McKinley entirely allayed the fear of a change in the money system and has eased things up wonderfully. There is actually a congestion of money in New York and it can be had cheaply. I do not mean by this that it is easy to get loans. They are very particular as to security. If a man goes to the banks with gilt edged collateral he can get money, but he cannot go to them with merely a plausible scheme and get it. A number of Western boomers are there already trying to float schemes, but they find it useless to try.

"The business revival will not come suddenly or with a rush. It will manifest itself slowly. In our section it is showing itself by the opening up of the mines and the sending of men into the woods, which would not have been the case if Bryan had been elected, not this winter at any rate. From these beginnings a generally better condition will grow and times will be easier. But none of us will be made millionaires very suddenly.

"In the East they do not look for very much legislation at the coming session of congress. It will be short and it will be hard to accomplish much in the way of tariff or other legislation. The calling of a special session is looked for very shortly after the inauguration. There is undoubtedly is urgent need of legislation along certain lines and to wait until next December is too long a time."

## Dismissal Agreed on.

In the case of the state against Emile Peterson, a West End druggist, who was sued because he sold Bob Benson a preparation made up of nux vomica and other things, which was not compounded by a full registered pharmacist, a stipulation has been filed in district court dismissing the case providing Peterson pays $50 and $7 costs. Half of this goes to the state pharmacy board and half to the schools.

W. C. Kilgore, assignee for Charles N. Stockwell, doing business as Avery & Co., has filed a petition in which he states that he has completed his duties and desires to be discharged.

## Foresters Elect Officers.

At a meeting of Court Commerce, No. 3383, I. O. F., held last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: C. R., O. W. Baldwin; V. C. R., George T. Hughes; F. S., F. L. Young; R. S., Frank Crassweller; treasurer, L. L. Forest; chaplain, John E. Davies; S. W., William B. Henderson; J. W., C. H. Stevens; S. B., James Wilson; J. B., Willis Gordon; court physicians, W. W. Routh, M. D., and W. H. Salter, M. D.; trustees, W. G. Park and J. G. Harris; finance committee, Joseph Bourgeault and A. I. Youngs. Matthew Noble was recommended to the high court for the position of court deputy.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink, Saturday this week.

THE GRANDEST REMEDY.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by the use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

## New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company is now working on its new directory, to be issued Jan. 1, 1897. Parties contemplating taking a telephone who wish to have their names appear in the directory should notify the company at once.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink, Saturday this week.

## UNIONS TAKE NOTICE.

The unions desiring to affiliate with the Label League are requested to elect three delegates to meet in conference with the Label League committee on the night of Dec. 15, in Electrical Workers' hall.

C. G. FIROVED, Chairman.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink, Saturday this week.

**Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.**


Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Harlman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

You can Drink our Bottled Export Wiener Beer For a Lifetime and it will not make your nose red.

DULUTH BREWING AND MALTING COMPANY

Trade Mark.


## The Whist Scores.

The Whist club scores made last evening in the seventh play of the tournament were as follows:

NORTH AND SOUTH.

| | |
|---|---|
| Moer and Smith | 220 |
| Hegardt and Wilson | 218 |
| Langer and Knowlton | 217 |
| Waugh and Parsons | 213 |
| Wyman and McCreary | 211 |
| Total | 1,088 |
| Average, north and south, 217 3-5. | |

EAST AND WEST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tinkham and Roy | 181 |
| Wilson and Buchanan | 173 |
| Sargent and White | 170 |
| Wray and Hilton | 169 |
| Foster and McCreary | 169 |
| Total | 862 |
| Average, east and west, 172 2-5. | |

## Will Continue it.

It has been decided by the executive committee of the Teachers' Lecture association to go on with this winter's course as originally planned. It is the design to make the course of especial interest to the teachers in their work and addresses will be delivered by a number of prominent educators.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

## Xmas '96

Close at hand. Pose for your pictures at Zweifel's. Don't wait for a clear day. His photos are the best. The weather makes no difference. Studios, 20 and 21 Phoenix block.


COMBS!

Sterling Mounted $1.25

Our Prices on Sterling Silver Goods Are at least 15 per cent below those named anywhere else in the country. To prove it visit our store and see the splendid stock and prices.

F. D. DAY & CO. FASHIONABLE JEWELERS.

MUMS!

Chrysanthemums, incurved and recurved, reds, whites, yellows, gold, bronze, lilac and pink. Cut flowers by thousands; also a lovely stock of potted Mums. Ferns and plants of all kinds, fresh cut Smilax, etc.

25 Per Cent Off Until Election on Everything

LAKESIDE GREENHOUSES, 52nd Avenue East.

M. M. GASSER, 211 West Superior St.

FOR XMAS DECORATIONS.

Such as Tree Ornaments, Candies, Fine Chocolates, Cigars, Cake, Nuts, Stationery, etc., call on

W. H. SANSAM,

Open Sunday. 515 East Fourth St.


AMUSEMENTS.


LYCEUM THEATER,

L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

A special Dramatic Attraction, Friday and Saturday, Dec. 4 and 5. MATINEE SATURDAY.

America's Representative Tragedian,

MR. Walker Whiteside

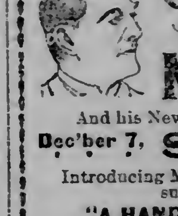
Assisted by a selected company of players, presenting FRIDAY, a scenic production of Shakespeare's immortal creation HAMLET.

ELKS' BENEFIT—

Saturday Matinee—The Merchant of Venice.

Saturday Night—OTHELLO.

Next Attraction—Two Nights.



The Legitimate Irish Comedian JOSEPH MURPHY

And his New York Stock Company.

Dec'ber 7, SHAUN RHUE

Introducing Mr. Murphy's wonderfully successful Song, "A HANDFUL OF EARTH."

Dec. 8, THE KERRY GOW

Played by him with unparalleled success for twenty consecutive seasons.

THE HARVARD

Formerly Cadillac, cor. First Avenue East and Second St.

Mrs. John T. Condon, Prop.

A family hotel with all the comforts of home.

Best Table Board. Finely Furnished Rooms. Steam Heat.

CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

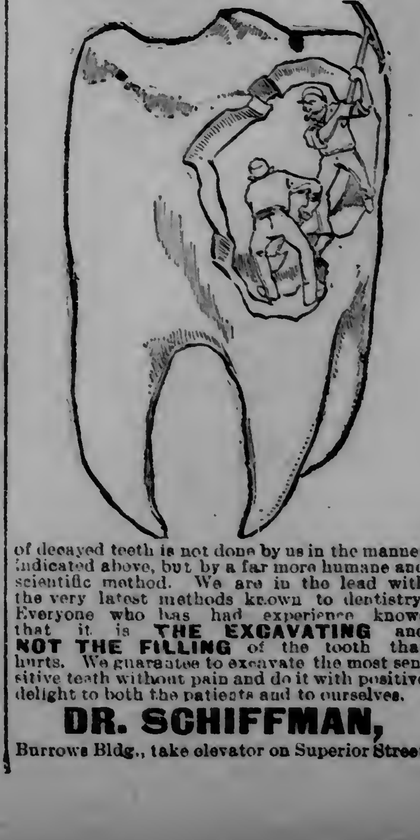
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES FOR THE WINTER AT THE St. James Hotel

Excellent Service.

Cuisine up to the Highest Standard.

"THE DIGGING OUT"



of decayed teeth is not done by us in the manner indicated above, but by a far more humane and scientific method. We are in the lead with the very latest methods known to dentistry. Everyone who has had experience knows that it is THE EXCAVATING and NOT THE FILLING of the tooth that hurts. We guarantee to excavate the most sensitive teeth without pain and do it with positive delight to both the patients and to ourselves.

DR. SCHIFFMAN,

Burrows Bldg., take elevator on Superior Street

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.


## LAST CALL TOMORROW!

The Greatest Value-Giving Suit Sale of the Nineteenth Century.

Store Closes Saturday at 10:30 p. m. — The BIG DULUTH — Store Closes Saturday at 10:30 p. m.

### But One Day More

Tomorrow, Saturday, of our Great Suit-Choice Sale, giving Your Choice of Any Suit of Clothes in the House for

**$14.98.**

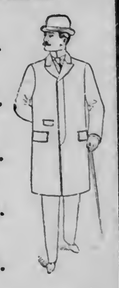
**Bear in Mind**--For only one day more you can go through our entire stock of fine Suits that have been selling at $20, $22, $25 and $30 and take your choice from any for $14 98. The stock is still large, the assortment is immense, the values are wonderful. Don't miss your last chance tomorrow. We positively must refuse to sell one and all any suit next week for less than at regular prices.

All-Wool, Well-Made Suits at--
**$6.50, $8.00, $9.00 and $10.00**

WE PUSH THE
**..OVERCOAT BUSINESS..**
MORE THAN EVER.

An immense stock and the selling of it quickly prompts us to make the lowest prices ever named for good absolutely All Wool Overcoats.

Overcoats by the Thousands . . . . . $10.00 reduced to $7.85.
Overcoats by the Thousands . . . . . $12.00 reduced to $9.85.
Overcoats by the Thousands . . . . . $15 00 reduced to $11 85.
Overcoats by the Thousands . . . . . $18.00 reduced to $14.85.
Overcoats by the Thousands . . . . . $25.00 reduced to $18.85.



BEAUTIFUL, BRIGHTEST, BEST
**Boys' and Children's Clothes.**
NONE LIKE THEM FOR STYLE OR VALUE.

$2 50, $3 00, $3.50, $3 95 and $5 00 FOR BOYS' ALL-WOOL SUITS
$1.45, $1.95, $2 50 and $2 95 FOR BOYS' CAPE OVERCOATS
$1 95, $2.95, $3.50 and $5 00 FOR BOYS' REEFERS
$2 95, $3 50, $3 95 and $4 95 FOR BOYS' GOOD WARM ULSTERS

Barney & Berry Club Skates, Fine Coasting Sleds, Pocket Knives and Tool Chests given away with Boys' and Children's Clothes entirely FREE OF COST.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. — The BIG DULUTH — 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.



## Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.



L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

## Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.


## THE LUMBER TARIFF.

### Convention to Be Held at Cincinnati on Dec. 15.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The national lumber tariff convention, to be held at Cincinnati, O., Dec. 15, promises to be the most thoroughly representative body of lumber men ever called together, and truly national in scope. Though the call was issued only four days ago, and many lumber organizations have no opportunity to take action. Advices by mail and wire give assurance of success.

The Southern Lumber Manufacturers' association has appointed a committee composed of the following: J. A. Freeman, Millville, Ark.; J. C. Enoens, Jackson, Miss.; John L. Kaul, Hollins, Ala., J. B. White, Crandia, Mo., and Louis Werner, St. Louis, Mo. Word has been received from the Pacific coast that the fir and cedar institutions would be represented at the convention and from individual sources have come assurances of co-operation.

Other bodies who have appointed committees to attend are the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's association, embracing the Mississippi valley, Western Wisconsin and Eastern Minnesota, the Wisconsin Valley Lumbermen's association, the Duluth Lumbermen's exchange, the Mississippi Valley Cotton association and the Southern Cypress and Shingle association.

## ELECTRIC WIRES.

### Caused a $60,000 Fire in Minneapolis Today.

Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—Electric wires caused a disastrous fire at 2 o'clock this morning in the hardware and general household supply house of T. M. Roberts. The stock, valued at $85,000, was damaged to the extent of $60,00, fully covered by insurance. A system of trap doors in the elevator shafts and stairways confined the flames and prevented a total loss, most of the damage suffered being from water.

GRAIN MEN MEET.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, Dec. 4.—The grain dealers of Western Iowa, Eastern Nebraska and Northern Missouri are in convention here. They refused to state the nature of the business under consideration. Many in attendance were here last June at a meeting of Western Iowa Grain Shippers association, but deny they are on any business with that association.

# LIBERAL

## Speaker Reed Likely to Allow Larger Appropriations By Congress.

## Mr. Towne May Be Able to Get Through Sixth District Bills.

## Chance For Bill Establishing Branch Hydrographic Office at Duluth.

Washington, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the coming short session of congress there will be several measures of interest to Duluth which Congressman Towne may be able to put through the house. It is generally believed that Speaker Reed during the next three months will allow a more liberal appropriation of the public money for the public good than he did at the first session of the Fifty-fourth congress. In the first place, the big man from Maine has by no means given up his presidential aspirations. He looks forward to the year 1900 with a great deal of hope. He knows, as any other shrewd statesman does, that McKinley's administration will not meet the expectations of the great army who cast their ballots for him at the polls in November. Four years from now these men will be as bitter against McKinley as they now are against the present occupant of the White House. The one man to whom they will turn, Mr. Reed argues, will be himself.

Speaker Reed realizes that he made many enemies at the last session of congress by his committee assignments, but probably more by his policy of attempting to keep the appropriation bills down to the lowest notch. Many a worthy and honest claim was turned down simply to make a good showing in the total of the appropriations made at the session. If the speaker of the house received any personal benefit from this niggardly policy, the events of the past six months fail to show it.

The appropriations made during the present session will be drawn upon a treasury which must be replenished by the McKinley administration. There is no doubt that Speaker Reed realizes that in changing from his policy of prodigality in the Fifty-first congress to that of parsimony in the Fifty-fourth he made a serious mistake. Therefore, it is reasonable to assume that during the present session he will permit the passage of measures which are for the public good, even if they do carry an appropriation. As a presidential candidate Mr. Reed will naturally desire to deal liberally with those sections of the country to whose he is in most need of support as he can. There will be no incentive for him to make a record for economy in government expenditures for which the outgoing and the incoming administrations would get the credit. This support gives rise to the hope that there will be some chance for members to secure such legislation as is really needed by their districts, during the present session.

The bill for the establishment of a branch hydrographic office at Duluth has been pending in congress during two sessions. The necessity for such an office is acknowledged. The chief hydrographer has recommended it and the benefit to shipping interests upon the lakes would be enormous, and yet because a few thousand dollars would have to be appropriated the measure has not been allowed to become a law. The probabilities are, however, that Mr Towne can put this bill through congress before adjournment is taken on March 4 next.

Among other bills pending of local interest to Duluth is one for the settlement of an assay office at that city. While this would be a great convenience to the miners near Duluth, it is against the policy of the government to establish any more assay offices than possible. Should the gold product be assayed at Duluth the government would be compelled to pay freight upon it to the mint at Philadelphia. When it is assayed at Philadelphia the owner of the ore pays the freight. For this reason the director of the mint has reported adversely upon Mr. Towne's bill, and it will probably receive no consideration. There are a number of other important matters, however, which the Sixth district congressman may be able to put through the house before the expiration of his term.

## WYATT EARP'S NERVE.

### Had Lots of Sand and is Counted Honest.

Wichita, Kas., Dec. 4.—In 1875 Wyatt Earp, the referee of the Fitzsimmons-Sharkey fight was a policeman in Wichita under the notorious chief of police, Mike Meagher. Dick Cogdell, who succeeded Mike Meagher as chief says: "Earp is a man who never smiled or laughed. He was the most fearless man I ever saw. He was marshal at Ellsworth, Kas., when that was a cattle shipping point and he was a success. He is an honest man."

All officers here who were associated with him declare that he is an honest man and would decide according to his belief in the face of an arsenal.

TEN FIRMS BURNED OUT.

Ligonier, Pa., Dec. 4.—Fire broke out in M. Clifford & Sons store in the Van Near block last night at 12 o'clock, and before assistance arrived, the entire block was swept from the face of the earth and $50,000 worth of property went up in smoke and ten business firms were cleaned out. The buildings destroyed were the Clifford block, Murdock's jewelry store, Fowler's tinware store, Weigler's hardware store, Hon. N. W. Marker's residence, and the business block of the Ligonier Echo office, postoffice and Marker's general store. The fire was finally controlled at 4 o'clock, after a number of buildings had been torn down to prevent the spread of the flames. William Carney was badly injured by falling walls.

## FLOODS RECEDING.

### And Chippewa Falls People Feel Easier.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., Dec. 4.—The water went down six inches lower than last night, and the fears of the people were mich allayed since learning that the general river was falling. The continued cold was also tending to quiet their fears, and they are settling down to an all-winter companionship with the ice gorge. Col. Jones started down the branch line of the Milwaukee & St. Paul road at 8:15, going down the banks of the river for several miles on a further investigation of the gorge. He does not believe there is anything to be done, and rather disapproves the use of dynamite or other explosives as useless or unnecessary work. The worst is undoubtedly over. The people of the valley are becoming acquainted with that fact, and consequently feel much relieved.

MENOMINEE RIVER FLOODS.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 4.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Menominee, Mich., says: An ice gorge has formed in the Menominee river at Fischer, in this county and the river has overflowed its banks in several places as far up as Twin Islands. The large relay farm of the Ludington, Wells and Van Schaack company is covered with four feet of water. Above Fischer, the river has virtually changed its course and has swept into the Cedar river channel. Much property is destroyed.

WOLF RIVER FLOODS.

Shawano, Wis., Dec. 4.—The situation at Keshena grows serious. At Keshena Falls, two miles up the river, ice is piled below the falls thirty feet high. The water backs up so that the falls are covered. The jam extends two and a half miles down the river and is piled high against the lower or Keshena bridge. Water is backing up a creek at the village and part of the place is under water. The flood is rising steadily. At the government planing mill, the water is seven feet deep and all of the agency property is in danger. In this city people are waiting anxiously.

## WOMEN'S MEETING.

### National Council Gathered in Boston Today.

Boston, Dec. 4.—At the second day's session of the National Council of Women, there was a large attendance. The reports made were of a most entertaining nature and the greetings from the several councils were encouraging and enthusiastic. For the Indianapolis council Mrs. Elizabeth Vinton Price reported, directing attention to the fact that this council has petitioned the Indiana legislature to pass an act requiring that women be placed on all boards of government of institutions in which both men and women are confined.

Miss Mary Bull, of Quincy, Ill., reported that the work of the Quincy council had been divided into four distinct departments—philanthropic, literary, social reform and educational—and the work of each was outlined. Mrs. August L. M. Hunt, of Portland, Me., detailed the work done in that city and referred to several matters in which it is hoped to enlist the attention of the legislature. Chief among these is the suggestion that after the will has been probated, it may be examined by any one upon the payment of a small fee, newspapers being prohibited from publishing any item of a will, excepting such as refers to public bequests. Rev. Anna G. Spencer spoke for the Providence council.

The first work done by the council was the organization of a charity society in Providence. Then, through this legislature, the council succeeded in raising the age limit of child labor from 10 to 12 years and in the appointment of both men and women as factory inspectors. A greeting from Miss Mary Dosha, of the committee for "equal pay for equal work," was then read. Mrs. Campbell, of Detroit, for the committee on domestic science, followed, after whom Mrs. Kate Brownlee Sherwood reported upon the subject of patriotic instructions.

Helen M. Gardner, of Boston, read a paper on "Divorce Reform," which excited much comment among those present. Mrs. Agnes Hitt, president of the National Women's Relief Corps, spoke on the work of that organization, and Mrs. Annie Johnson read a paper.

## HANNA'S TRIP.

### He and Payne Started For Washington Today.

Cleveland, Dec. 4.—M. A. Hanna, accompanied by National Committeeman Henry C. Payne, left Cleveland this afternoon for Washington. Mr. Hanna stated that he would probably remain in Washington about a week, although the vast amount of work to be done might keep him there longer.

There, in addition to the appointing of local committees in connection with the inauguration ceremonies, the permanent location for national headquarters and many other matters will be decided upon. Mr. Hanna said there was little doubt but that Washington would be selected for the permanent headquarters. In the meantime, and possibly for a couple of months, temporary headquarters will be maintained in Cleveland under the supervision of Maj. Charles F. Dick.

Charles S. Daws, of Illinois, who was prominently identified in the Republican headquarters there during the recent campaign, was a visitor at Mr. Hanna's office this morning, and after a conference with the chairman departed for Canton to call upon Maj. McKinley. There has been considerable gossip of late to the effect that Mr. Daws will be made the private secretary to the president-elect. A close friend of Maj. McKinley said that Mr. Daws could undoubtedly have it.

ANOTHER "HOME" SCANDAL.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The proposed prosecution of the Iowa state soldiers' home officials grows out of an investigation made there by pension bureau officials. Gross irregularities are charged against the home officers.

VANDERBILT MAGNATES.

Cleveland, Dec. 4.—A special train of palace cars bearing the magnates of the Vanderbilt system, arrived here shortly after 7 o'clock this morning. The train came in on the Lake Shore. With very little delay the train was switched on to the Big Four tracks and started southward.

MAINE TOWN IN DANGER.

Bangor, Me., Dec. 4.—Word has been received here that East Corinth, a town of 500 population about twenty miles northwest of this city, is threatened with destruction by fire. There is no fire department in the place.


**Flowers for Saturday!**
Place your orders early; the quantity is limited.
Violets-- 200 bunches, per bunch ..... 15c
Carnations-- 3000 extra choice ones for Saturday, per doz..... 25c

## It Takes the Big Store

To bring the people out by the thousands.

They know when we advertise Bargains they can come here and get them.

**No Fake ½ Price Sales** can compete with our live legitimate Bargains. Yesterday and today have thoroughly demonstrated that fact. The Big Store has been crowded with eager buyers on every floor all day yesterday and today while the proprietors of Fake Sale houses have been standing looking into space wondering "why this dullness." It is easily answered: The people are on to your scheme.

**Ladies! Here U R**
Bargain Counter No 1.
2500 yards light Outing Flannel.
1500 yards Dark Outing Flannel.
30 pieces twilled and fleeced Vienna Flannel, worth from 10c to 12½c a yard, Saturday—
**5c.**

## The Big Glass Block Store

Takes a more aggressive stand than ever, and will offer for Tomorrow, Saturday, the third day of our Great Preparatory Sale the most marvelous Bargains yet offered by us.

**HERE YOUR ARE FOR SATURDAY:**

**25c Per lb.** Bargain Counter No. 3. Right Between the Doors as you enter. **The finest, choicest, freshest, most delicious Candy** Ever Offered for Sale **25c Per lb.**

It is the first installment of our Christmas Confections. SPECIAL—These goods are made by Williams & Werner, Rochester, N. Y., manufacturers of the Exquisite Brand, the finest in America. TRY THEM.

Genesee and Empire Chocolate Drops, Soluble Fruit Gum Drops, Cocoanut Squares—Assorted flavors. Cream Almonds. Butter Cups. Tropical Fruit Bon Bons—10 flavors. Old-Fashioned Molasses Mint Wafers, WAFFLES—Something new and very fine assorted flavors. Cream Filberts. Carmels.

**Silk Bargains.**
"Menu" for Big Saturday. A feast for the frugal in our Silk Dept. Saturday.
At 29c—All silks, satin in Persian and Dresden designs; surrah silk street shades, 75c, $1 00 and $1.25 qualities; sale price ..... 29c
At 63c—Heavy Taffeta Silks; Brocaded Silks; Striped Novelty Silk in Dresden, Persian and Floral Designs for waists and dresses; $1.50 and $2.00 qualities; sale price ..... 69c

**Dress Goods Bargains . . .**
"Menu" for Big Saturday. A feast for the frugal in our Dress Goods Dept. Saturday
At 25c—Heavy All Wool Diagonal Dress Flannel in black and staple colors, also French serge in all colors, 50c quality; sale price ..... 25c
At 39c—Silk, Wool and Mohair Mixtures in new colorings, 75c qualities; sale price ..... 39c
Sensational Sale of Remnants . . .
Black and Colored Dress Goods Remnants, the most sensational sale yet announced—qualities that have sold from the price at $1, $1.25, $1 39, $1.50, $1 75 and $2 per yard, are now in skirt lengths, waist lengths and dress lengths—Remember, qualities that have sold up to $2 per yard, in just the lengths you want, at a yard ..... 39c

**Wash Goods Bargains . . .**
"Menu" for Big Saturday.
At 3½c—Dress Ginghams, Apron Ginghams, Cotton Batts, Cambric Shirtings, 7c and 8c qualities; sale price ..... 3½c
At 2½c—Remnants of Dress Prints, all short lengths, choice, a yard ..... 2½c
At 5c—"Kittens," "Bow Wows," "Topsies," "Jap Babies," just the thing for baby to play with, only, each ..... 5c
At 9½c—36 inch New Percales, tailor-made suitings, 12½c and 15c qualities; sale price ..... 9½c

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S
**Hosiery and Underwear.**
Ladies' Fine Imported Black Cashmere Hose, 50c quality, double sole, high spliced heel, Saturday ..... 35c
Children's Hermsdorf Black Heavy 1x1 Rib Cotton Hose, fleece lined and double knee, worth 50c; all sizes Saturday ..... 25c
Ladies' "Jaeger Mix" Sanitary Jersey Vests, hand finished and heavily fleece lined, yoke band, pants to match, worth 75c; Saturday ..... 69c
Children's 1x1 Rib Sanitary Wool Vests and Pants, heavy weight, worth up to 75c; all sizes, 24 to 34, Saturday ..... 48c

**Gents' Furnishings**
At POPULAR PRICES.
GENTS' FINE SMOKING JACKETS At less than cost to close. Chance of a Lifetime.
Gents' Twill Silk Mufflers, navy blue with white spots, Saturday ..... 50c
Gents' Extra Fine Neckwear, the high class kind such as furnishers sell at 75c to $1 00; all popular shapes, Saturday ..... 50c
Gents' Flannelett Slumber Robes, extra good quality, extra long, extra wide, worth $1 00; Saturday ..... 85c
Gents' Fine Street Glace Kid Gloves, table cut, wool lined, worth $1.50; Saturday ..... $1.25
Gents' Famous Health Fleeced Underwear, best Australian lamb lined, worth $1.75 each; Saturday ..... $1.25
Even $5 for 2 Suits.

**Yarn Dept.**
15c—Skeins of Imported Spanish Yarn, assorted colors, a perfect yarn, full weight ..... 11c
18c Imported German Knitting Yarn, sold by our neighbors for 20c; by us, per skein ..... 14c
10c Royal Imported Germantown Zephyr, quality conceded to be the best ever seen in Duluth, for per skein ..... 6c

**Jewelry Dept.**
35c Side Combs in the choicest styles ..... 25c
25c Side Combs in the choicest styles ..... 20c
39c Rings, for ladies only ..... 23c

**Cloak Dept.**

$2.98—Ladies' Jackets made of heavy Beaver style and fit guaranteed—all sizes, garments worth $5.00 Saturday's sale ..... $2.98
$3.98—Ladies' Jackets made of fancy mixtures, covert cloths and cheviots, all have high storm collars, not one worth less than $7 00. Saturday's sale ..... $3.98
$8.75—Ladies' Heavy Beaver and Kersey Jackets, all very late novelties, made with the new Franklin front Napoleon storm collar, made to sell at $15.00. They will all go in Saturday's sale at ..... $8.75

**Capes.**
$2.98—Heavy Double Beaver Capes trimmed with braid, full sweep and length. Capes made to sell at $6 00. Saturday's sale ..... $2.98
$5.25—Fine French Coney Capes lined with either silk or satin lining, 30 inches long full sweep, worth $10.00. Saturday's sale ..... $5.25
Choice of any Child's Jacket at ..... $3.98
Choice of any Child's Long Coat at ..... $5.00
Choice of any Misses' Jacket at ..... $6.48
Choice of any Ladies' Suit at ..... $12.50
These prices are for Saturday's sale only.

**Ladies' Silk Mittens.**
10 Dozen of Ladies' Double Silk Mittens, worth $1.50 a pair. For Saturday only, per pair ..... 98c
Ladies' Genuine Mocha Mittens with fur wrists, worth $1 50 a pair, in black and colors for Saturday only a pair ..... $1.00
Infant's Mittens in white and colors for Saturday only a pair ..... 10c

**FLANNEL DEPT.**
Something New and Desirable!
We have just received a case of
**PIQUE BACK CANTON FLANNEL**
Pure white and medicated; it is worth 25c a yard. The manufacturer had too much of it, and we secured a case so we could give it to our customers at
**10c per yd.**

**Blankets.**
100 pairs heavy Gray Blankets, good large size, worth $1.50; Saturday—per pair ..... $1.00

**Linen Dept.**
3500 yards Sheeting, full 2¼ yards wide, even soft cotton; Special—per yard ..... 12½c

**Cream Damask.**
10 pieces Cream Damask, warranted pure Linen, heavy, perfect finished, new designs, worth 60c; Special—per yard ..... 42c

**Specials in Crockery Dept.**
We will place on sale 300 real cut Glass Pepper and Salts very deep, rich cutting in five patterns, silverplate tops each as smaller dealers sell at 25c, our price, each ..... 12½c
None sold to dealers.
$1000 worth of White French China for decorating, open work borders in the Marseilles and all new French designs and shapes, marked at prices so low quick.

**House Furnishings**
IN BARGAIN BASEMENT.
The evidence of a growing business tells us we're on the right price side. This store is one of growth and of thoroughness in every thing. Buying direct from manufacturers as we do enables us to sell at prices far below our smaller competitors.
Shelf Paper, 2 dozen for ..... 1c
Large Granite Wash Basins ..... 12c
Wash Tubs ..... 39c
Buck Saws ..... 37c
Tea Steepers, 1½-quart ..... 6c
Granite Basting Spoons ..... 7c
14-qt Tin Water Pails ..... 13c
Lanterns, full size ..... 33c
Buying your Sleds, Toys, Dolls, Skates, Games, etc., here means a positive saving to you. The above are just a few picked haphazard of the bunch. Bargains to be found in our Basement Departments.

**Notion Dept.**
5c card of "Hump" Hook and Eyes, in black or white, any size your choice ..... 3c
10c package of non-twisting super tape in assorted widths, 11 yards in all, for ..... 4c
$4.19 fine jet Garnitures in the newest patterns, your choice for ..... 98c

**Druggists' Sundries.**
This great preparatory sale has made big holes in our reserve stock in many places, and to complete the job we say this:
Wool Soap (new style) ..... 4c
Cashmere Bouquet Soap (new style) ..... 13c
Witch Hazel ..... 11c
Pierce's Favorite Prescription ..... 69c
Dr. Cushing's Sarsaparilla ..... 49c
S. S. S ..... $1.19
Glycerine, per oz ..... 3c

**Book Department.**
HEADQUARTERS FOR THE FOLLOWING LINES:
Gift books, standard works, latest fiction, Xmas cards, calendars, booklets and novelties; genuine Oxford Bibles, Catholic Prayer Books, Prayer Books and Hymnals, and ever thing in the book line—all at our now famous popular prices.
OUR LEADER FOR SATURDAY:
Ian Maclaren's "Kate Carnegie" ..... $1.10

**Stationery Dept.**
35c Purses, in seal, alligator and other leathers; your choice for ..... 25c
10c Playing Cards, 500 decks; your choice for ..... 7c
5c Pencils, the following makes: Dixon Eagle and American Pencil Co's; your choice ..... 2c
10c package of fine grade Envelopes; your choice ..... 4c

**Shoe Department.**
HERE ARE SOME OF OUR BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY.
Men's Heavy Felt Lace Shoe, felt sole, worth $1 75; Saturday ..... $1.39
Ladies' Felt Button Shoe, felt sole, worth $1.50; Saturday ..... $1.39
Boys' Buckle Arctics, sizes 3 to 6; Saturday only ..... 98c
Misses' Kangaroo Calf Button Shoe, worth $1.75; our price for Saturday ..... $1.25
For Saturday only we will sell Men's Calf Cork Sole Bals, Pic. toe, usually sold at $3 25; for ..... $2.25
A Full Line of Rubber Goods at Prices Below Anything Quoted in the City.

## Millinery Parlor Bargains for Big Saturday!

Another hundred Trimmed Hats for ladies, worth up to $3.50, for ..... $1.75 each
Fifty more Trimmed Hats for ladies, worth up to $6.50, for ..... $2.48 each
A hundred and fifty more Trimmed Hats for ladies, worth up to $7.50, for ..... $3.95 each
Thirty-six Pattern Hats for ladies, worth up to $25.00, for ..... $7.50 each
Five Hundred Misses' Untrimmed Felt Hats, worth up to $1.25 for ..... 19c each
Three Hundred Ladies' Untrimmed Felt Hats, worth up to $1.25, for ..... 50c each
Three Hundred and Fifty Ladies' Untrimmed Felt Hats, worth up to $3.25, for ..... 95c each
We Tell You Our Bargains Can't be Beat.

The Big Store is Open Until 10 p. m Saturday.

## -- PANTON & WHITE --

# DISPUTE

### Referee Earp Makes Another Statement Regarding the Big Fight.

### Says He Was Right But is Sorry He Was Referee.

### Fitzsimmons Talks About Sharkey---A Direct Charge of Crookedness.

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—Wyatt Earp, the most talked of man of the hour, takes a philosophical view of the criticisms that are being heaped upon him for his decision Wednesday night, and says he will wait for time to set him right with the public.

"If I had any fears that I erred in my decision they would have disappeared when I saw Sharkey today," said he last night. "Sharkey did not strike a foul blow, to my mind. At the break he struck Fitz as soon as his arm was free, but that is following Queensbury rules. It is true that it was agreed that there was to be no fighting at the break, but my instructions from the club were not to be technical, but to give the audience a good fight for their money. I have one regret about the whole matter, and that is that I did not leave the ring when Julian objected to me. I thought of doing it, but it occurred to me that it would be showing the yellow to do that: that I would be quitting under fire, and I made up my mind to stay until ordered off by the club. I am sorry that I acted as referee at all."

The only inconvenience Fitz is suffering as a result of his meeting with the sailor is a painful swelling of the joints of the hands. "I have nothing more to say in explanation," he said, "except we know for a certainty what we only surmised yesterday, and that is, members of the National club were in this deal with Lynch and Sharkey to rob us; and what is more, we are going to prove it in court. Had it not been that I was saving my hands as much as possible I would have put Sharkey out in the second round. His head is as hard as a bullet, and I must have landed on him there fully forty times. With my fight with Corbett in view, I did not think it worth while to punch my hands out of shape. In a rough and tumble scrap Sharkey might do a man some damage, as he is stocky and strong, but in a boxing contest or a ring battle no sane man would ever bet a dollar on him if there was a referee present who knew his business."

Police Commissioner Gunst is satisfied that the fight was "jobbed." So disgusted is he with the general result that he has announced that there will be no more prize fighting in San Francisco, if he can prevent it. The mystery of Sharkeys' injury has not yet been satisfactorily settled, and it is intimated that Sharkey submitted to an operation for the purpose of manufacturing the evidence necessary to back up the claim of foul. Certain it is that when Sharkey was taken to his room in the Windsor hotel no one was allowed even to speak to him, until "Dr." Lee had worked on him. When Dr. Lee commenced his examination of Sharkey the portierres were closely drawn across the bedroom door and pinned so that no one could see in. In a few minutes after some low talk was heard, and Sharkey began to groan as if in pain. Many believe that the injury Sharkey received was given him at this time.

## BANK ENJOINED.

### Court Will Decide Who Gets the $10,000.

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—Fitzsimmons gave a bag-punching exhibition last night at the Bush Street theater. He also showed how he had knocked Sharkey out, making a little speech as he illustrated the blow.

Late yesterday afternoon Bob Fitzsimmons, through his attorney, commenced suit in the superior court to restrain the Anglo-California bank from paying Sharkey the $10,000 purse awarded the sailor by Referee Earp. Fitzsimmons charges conspiracy between Sharkey, the National Athletic club and others whose names are not given, to award Sharkey the purse under any circumstances. Fitzsimmons alleges that before Earp was selected as referee this agreement was made, and that had he known of it he would have refused to enter the ring. He therefore prays that as he "discomfited" Sharkey so that the latter was unable to proceed, and on account of the alleged conspiracy, that the Anglo-California bank, Thomas Sharkey, Daniel Lynch, John Doe and Richard Roe be enjoined from collecting the money on the certificate of deposit, and that the court award said certificate to Fitzsimmons. Judge Sanderson granted the injunction prayed for, and the case will soon be tried in court. The National club is composed of J. G. Groom and John Gibbs, local men.

When Wyatt Earp appeared in the ring to act as referee he was disarmed by Police Captain Wittman, who took from the Arizona man a large-sized pistol. Last night Earp was arrested on a charge of carrying concealed weapons. He was released on $40 bail. A delegation of six reputable physicians examined Sharkey last night and made the following report:

"We find an oedema or swelling on the left side of the groin extending partially to the left. Also two small ecchymotic spots or discolorations about half way down on the right side."

Dr. Lee, called in to attend Sharkey, in spite of the fact that other physicians offered their services, is not recognized by the regular medical fraternity of this city. It is stated by a prominent physician that the injuries exhibited by Sharkey could have been caused by a blow on the navel.

MR. LIND'S OVERSIGHT.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—Yesterday was the last day under the election laws on which candidates could file a statement of the money expended in the last election. A number of those that had not heretofore filed their statements sent them in today. But there was one that had been looked for in vain, and when the clock struck 5 Secretary of State Berg, closing his office, said that John Lind, candidate for the governorship of Minnesota had failed to comply with the law. At any rate no statement bearing his name had been filed in the office of the secretary, who is the proper officer to receive it.

The law provides a penalty of a fine not to exceed $1000, to be recovered in an action brought in the name of the state by the attorney general or by the prosecuting attorney of the county of the candidate's residence. In default of payment of the fine the candidate may be imprisoned in the county jail until the fine is paid, not exceeding six months.

Fresh air and plenty of pleasurable exercise are good for a woman. But unfortunately all women are not rich. Most women have work to do—duties to perform; duties that sometimes, wrongly, seem more important than her health. Nine women in ten have some trouble peculiar to their sex because they are careless, because they have inherited weakness, because they neglect little symptoms that grow into health-wrecking disorders.

Over 30 years ago Dr. R. V. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., saw the need of some simple, effective, and certain cure for so called "female complaint." He was then, as now, a specialist in the diseases of women, and the result of his study and experiments was the marvelously effective remedy known all over the civilized world as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures where doctors have failed. It cures where medicines have been useless. It cures in a perfectly natural way by purifying and strengthening the organs involved. Its cure is permanent. It leaves the whole body in better condition than it ever was. It cures without the local examinations and treatment so abhorrent to every modest woman.

When the blood is impure any form of sickness may gain a foothold. The organs and tissues that draw their nourishment from an impure supply of blood soon become clogged with effete material. Serious illness is the inevitable result. Impure blood is caused by constipation, and constipation is cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.


## BOILER INSPECTORS.

### Duluth District the Most Profitable in Minnesota.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—The reports of the five boiler inspectors, which is included in that of the secretary of state, shows that in the First district the receipts of the office were $3160, and the total disbursements $2146, leaving a net balance for the inspector of $1313.50.

In the Second district the total earnings of the office were $4761 and the total disbursements $4114, leaving $667 for the inspector. The Third district office yielded $2272 and the expenses of running it amounted to $1751.70, leaving $520 for the inspector. In the Fourth district John Sutton managed to show up earnings to the amount of $4951 and expenses amounting to $3871, leaving $980 to console him after he had been knocked out by the supreme court.

The Fifth district, which now includes most of the northern part of the state, did better for the inspector than any of the others. It yielded $5918 and the expenses amounted to $4546, leaving $1372 for the inspector's salary.

STATE OIL INSPECTION.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—The report of State Oil Inspector Foote for the fiscal year ending July 3, 1896, as printed in the report of the secretary of state, shows that the total number of barrels inspected was 188,971; total number of barrels rejected, 2734; total number of barrels approved, 186,237; total number of barrels shipped out of the state, no fees charged, 8154; total approved for use in state, 178,083; total number of gallons inspected in the state, 55 gallons to barrel, 10,393,405; total number of gallons rejected in state, 55 gallons to barrel, 150,370; total number of gallons approved, 55 gallons to barrel, 10,430,035; total number of gallons shipped out of state, 448,470; total number of gallons approved for use in the state, 9,794,565. The number of barrels inspected in Ramsey county was 23,316, in Hennepin county, 58,187, and in St. Louis county, 23,455.

## CANADIAN OFFICERS.

### Will View a Proposed Canadian Pacific Extension.

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 4.—Two ministers of the Canadian government have arrived here in a special car. They are A. G. Blair, minister of railways and canals, and L. I. Davies, minister of marine and fisheries. With them is Lieut. Col. Domville, a member of parliament. The ministers are also accompanied by their secretaries. Davies proceeded over the Great Northern to Seattle, but Blair and Domville will go North into the Kootenai country of British Columbia.

The object of the trip is admitted by Mr. Blair to be an inquiry into the feasibility and desirability of extending aid to the proposed Crow Nest Pass railroad, which is under contemplation by the Canadian Pacific. His party will spend several days in the mining camps and will then return to Spokane and continue to the Pacific.

DENIED BY THE POPE.

Washington, Dec. 4.—For some time there has been periodically published dispatches pretending to come from Rome and from other points, indicating proposed action on the part of the holy see in regard to archbishops and especially touching the faculty of the Catholic university at Washington. All sorts of reprimands, removals and even degradations were promised and the names of the recipients of such favors were given.

These reports have naturally annoyed those that hold the highest place in the Catholic hierarchy in America and could not fail to create displeasure in the mind even of the pope himself. Their effect on the pope is manifested in the following cablegram received from the papal secretary of state by the apostolic delegate which needs no explanation, no comment:

Rome, Dec. 3, 1896.—Monsignor Martinelli, Delegate Apostolic, Washington: The holy father has learned with great sorrow of the agitation created in the United States by pretended correspondence and telegrams from Rome, announcing measures soon to be taken against eminent American prelates and distinguished professors of the Catholic university. Your excellency will authoritatively deny all such falsehoods which are the product of reprehensible maneuverings.

M. CARDINAL RAMPOLLI.

AN ALABAMA MEASURE.

Montgomery Ala., Dec. 4.—Representative Hilt, one of the foremost lawyers in the assembly, has introduced a bill which in effect will license a man to kill the despoiler of his female relative. It is urged that the law making such homicide murder is a dead letter on the statute books and this law would meet the ends of justice.


BEST AND PUREST.

Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.


# EDITORS

### Trial of the German Journalists For Libel Getting Sensational.

### Baron Von Luetzow Charged With Fraud and Being a Police Agent.

### An Action in Which State Secrets May Be Made Public.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—(Copyright 1896 by the Associated Press.)—When the trial of Herr Leickert, Baron Von Luetzow, Herr Ploetz, Herr Berger and Herr Faellmer, the journalists, who are charged with libelling Count Botso Zueulenberg, Baron Marshall Von Bieberstein and Prince Alexander Von Hohenlohe (an outcome of the czar's and Emperor William's toast at Breslau), was resumed today. The public prosecutor announced that proceedings against Baron Von Leutzow had been instituted for fraud.

This latest development is an interesting case, and is the result of evidence taken yesterday, which tended to demonstrate that Baron Von Luetzow had forged a receipt for money, while in interview with the chief of police showed that Von Tausch, the commissioner of the detective police, traced the incriminating article to the foreign office. It was subsequently developed that Baron Von Luetzow was the author of the assertion that the false version came from the foreign office, and it was thus proved, also, that Von Luetzow was an agent of the secret police.

This led to a clash yesterday between Baron Marshall Von Bieberstein and Von Tausch. The former declared that the foreign office for some time past, and for good reasons, had refrained from employing the political police when inquiring into the authorship of articles, and the minister for foreign affairs accused the commissioner of detectives of fermenting suspicion against himself. This caused Von Tausch to ask for the protection of the court, pointing out the fact that he was not in the prisoner's dock but on the witness stand.

The conclusion of the trial is awaited with great interest, as it is expected to reveal the doings of the court clique, which, dominated by Count Botho Zuculenberg, the former minister of the interior; the latter's cousin, the present court marshal, and Richthofen, the ex-chief of police, is credited with causing the downfall of Gen. Count Von Caprivi, the predecessor of Prince Hohenlohe, as imperial chancellor, as well as with the instigators of the recent press war against Prince Hohenlohe and Baron Marshall Von Bieberstein.

HERRON'S MIND SOUND.

Indianapolis, Dec. 4.—The supreme court yesterday, in the case of William A. Harrison for the heirs against Ambrose P. Staunton, executor of the will of John Herron, affirmed the action of the lower court in dismissing the suit brought to contest Herron's will. The will gave the bulk of an estate, valued at $200,000, to Ambrose Staunton, of this city, with small bequests to intimate friends. The contest alleged unsound mind of Mr. Herron.

GOLD CONTRACTS ARE LEGAL.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 4.—The state senate yesterday by a vote of 21 to 15 rejected a bill introduced by Senator Culver to declare null and void all obligations and contracts which may be made payable in any specific character of money, whether the same be coin or otherwise, so far as the general assembly is concerned. Therefore, gold contracts may still be made in Georgia.

DRUG FIRM ASSIGNS.

Kansas City, Dec. 4.—The J. B. Owens Drug company has failed here as a result of the Missouri National bank failure. The bank holds notes of the firm aggregating $11,250.

JAPAN'S OIL PRODUCTION.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Consul General McIver, at Kanagawa, Japan, has sent a report to the state department showing the increase in the production of kerosene oil in Japan. This increase was from 1,172,778 gallons in 1884 to 9,054,458 in 1894. Japan imports a great deal of kerosene from American and Russia.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION.

Dec. 1 and 15 the Northern Pacific, Wisconsin Central lines will sell one way and round trip tickets to Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at reduced rates. For full particulars, call at city office, 23 West Superior street.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent.

JOINED THE HIGH LODGE.

Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—Charles Wetter, of Winthrop, Minn., while undergoing the ceremony of initiation into the Mystic Shrine, at Masonic temple, fell dead last evening. The services were abruptly terminated, and four physicians, including the coroner, were summoned, they deciding that death was due to valvular disease of the heart. He was 40 years of age and was proprietor of a hotel at Winthrop.


There doesn't seem to be very much the matter with your child. He doesn't actually lose weight, but there is no gain. He belongs to that large class of children that don't seem to prosper. You look at him a little more thoughtfully than you do at the rest and say "He is not doing well." Failure to gain in weight in a child is a danger signal. Scott's Emulsion should be taken at once. It puts on fat where health demands it, strengthening the digestion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.


## WILL NOT CONTEST.

### Mr. Towne Denies a Report From Washington.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 4.—Congressman Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, who is in this city, denied yesterday the report telegraphed from Washington that he would contest the election of Judge Morris.

## WILL BE A CONTEST.

### Peculiar Election Result in Indian Territory.

Muskogee, I. T., Dec. 4.—Indian Agent D. M. Wisdom has issued a certificate of election to George E. Nelson, gold Democrat, of Muskogee, to represent the Indian Territory in the Fifty-fourth congress. Col. Thomas Marcum, silver Democrat, of this city, also received a certificate from the Indian agent showing that he had received the majority of votes cast at the late election, but the omission from his ballots of the word "for delegate to fill existing vacancy," which were placed upon the Nelson ballots, entitles Mr. Nelson, according to the decision of the Indian agent, to represent the territory in congress, providing he is admitted.

Col. Marcum claims he is elected, and if the territory is given a delegate he will push his claim for a seat in the Fifty-fifth congress. Mr. Nelson left for Washington today.

## CHICAGO DIVERSIONS.

### Three Men Wounded in Chasing a Thief.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—During an exciting chase after a thief on West Madison street last evening, in which three police officers and a crowd of citizens took part, many pistol shots were fired and three men were wounded. They are: John McCorkchle, a street car conductor, shot through the right hand; Policeman Henry Connell, shot in right leg; Adolph Thonssen, hit in back by a spent bullet. The thief was a young fellow named Henry Rogers, who had snatched a pocket book from a woman. He was pursued by a large crowd and used his revolver freely. He was finally captured after a desperate fight.

BRUSSELS EXPOSITION PRIZES.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The Belgian minister at this capital has transmitted to the department of state a printed list published by the general committee of the international exposition of Brussels. It contains desiderata and questions for the solution of which by exhibits and treatises, prizes in money will be awarded ranging from 20 francs to 3500 francs. One prize of 2500 francs will also be awarded by a special jury, created for that purpose, to the best solution by an exhibitor of any one of the desiderata or questions mentioned in the list. The subjects upon which awards will be made are of great variety, and embrace the fine arts, social economy, hygiene, life saving, industrial and decorative arts, the sciences, lighting, heating and ventilation, and their appliances, electricity, traction, military art, etc. The legislative houses of Belgium have appropriated 300,000 francs to meet the expenses of these prizes and other funds will be raised for the same purpose.

NEW STEAMSHIP LINE.

Los Angeles, Dec. 4.—E. C. Potter, a son of O. W. Potter, of Chicago, a large stockholder in the Santa Fe railway, and A. H. Butler, two of the leading spirits in the proposed trans-Pacific steamship line, held an executive session with the directors of the chamber of commerce, the result of which was not made public, and subsequently left for Sandiago. It was, however, stated that on their return in a few days some interesting information would be made public. It is believed that an entirely new proposition would be submitted to Los Angeles for a steamer line with connections that will form a complete circuit of the globe.

MRS. LEASE'S HOME.

Wichita, Kas., Dec. 4.—The home of Mrs. Mary E. Lease, the noted Populist politician and lecturer, as is evidenced by a legal notice appearing in the papers here, will be sold under the sheriff's hammer on Jan. 6 next to satisfy a $1100 mortgage, and unless, in the meantime, she decides to redeem it. Mrs. Lease has been in New York for several months and it is not known whether she intends to let the property go or not, but the supposition is that the sale will be allowed to proceed.

SOUTH CAROLINA WINTER.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 4.—The city of Columbia and the section of country for seventy-five miles south, east and west of here, is ice bound. The streets present a picture of desolation. Thousands of beautiful shade trees are split, broken and prostrated, while hundreds of telegraph, telephone and electric light and car poles are down and in a tangle.

ABLE TO CARE FOR HER.

Denver, Col., Dec. 4.—After an investigation of the case of Pawnbroker Solomon's insane daughter, County Commissioner Wheeler has decided that no action was required as the parents are amply able to care for the young woman and she is receiving better treatment than could be given her elsewhere.

RAYS IN COURT.

Denver, Col., Dec. 4.—Judge Lefevre has given a decision in the district court admitting Roentgen ray photographs as secondary evidence that may be shown to the jury in illustrating the testimony of experts. The decision was given in the trial of the suit of James Smith against Dr. W. W. Grant for alleged malpractice in his treatment of a fractured hip.

OREGON'S VOTE.

Salem, Ore., Dec. 4.—The official canvass of the vote of Oregon in the late presidential election shows that 97,343 votes were cast, divided as follows: McKinley, 48,711; Bryan, 46,739; Palmer, 979; Levering, 919; McKinley's plurality, 1972.

A FOOTBALL FATALITY.

Mexico, Mo., Dec. 4.—Moses B. Allen, a bright son of H. K. Allen died here last night of stomach trouble, which began by his being seriously hurt while playing football some time since.

A CONGRESSMA[illegible]

Cincinnati, Dec. 3.—A Times-Star special from Lexington, Ky., says that Wm. Emmel, of Bell county, made an attempt to kill Congressman D. G. Colson. Emmel was pursuing an eloping daughter and finding her seated by Colson accused him of [illegible] in the elopement and made his attack. He was prevented from doing harm.

A THEATER BURNS.

Muscatine, Iowa, Dec. 4.—The Columbia theater has been destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, $30,000.


New remedies are being constantly introduced to the public, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup still maintains its preeminence.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.


## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At Buffalo, N. Y., Eugene W. Harrington, deputy city comptroller, has been arrested on a charge of grand larceny. Investigation had shown that Harrington had been "stuffing" a payroll. He is a relative of Mayor Jewett.

Thomas B. Reed was banqueted last night at New York by representatives of leading life insurance companies.

Seven children who were bitten by a mad dog in the suburbs of Baltimore Tuesday were sent to the Pasteur institute yesterday by the Baltimore News. Lawrence Wilson was the worst bitten of the children, his left eye being almost torn out and the cheek much lacerated. The others were not so badly hurt but three or four of them were badly bitten about the face, arms and back.

Hyrum Jeppesen, James Christiansen, Sr., and his son James, were buried in a snow slide Wednesday afternoon in Logan canon, Utah. Jeppesen finally extricated himself but the father and son were both killed.

At St. Louis three highwaymen with drawn revolvers entered the office of the Home Brewing company at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon and held up the cashier, Robert Haverkamp, forced him to hand over $400 and then not being satisfied with the amount, went behind the counter, looted the money drawers and secured probably $500 additional. The robbery was the most daring that has occurred in St. Louis for years. When the hold-up occurred there were present in the office the cashier, a half dozen clerks and several customers.

E. H. Sothern, the actor and Virginia Harned, his former leading lady, were privately married in Philadelphia yesterday.

The Cuba junta has received from Cuba confirmation of the report of the death in battle of Maj. Gen. Serafin Sanchez, inspector general of the insurgent army, at Las Demas, Santa Clara province, on Nov. 20.

At Celina, Ohio, two prominent oil operators were drowned yesterday. Ernest Godfrey, of Emlenton, Pa., was on the ice on a lake when he broke through and Arthur Palmer, of Montezuma, Ohio, ran to his rescue. The ice gave way beneath him and both drowned.

James W. Wallace, cashier of the B. & W. Jenkinson Tobacco company, committed suicide tonight in the armory of the Eighteenth regiment at Pittsburg by shooting himself. His accounts with the firm are straight and no cause for the act has yet developed. He was too have married in the spring a daughter of J. B. McMillan, of Washington, D. C. He was a lieutenant in the Eighteenth regiment and stood well in business.

At Pender, Neb., Mrs. Laura Goodmanson, the wife of Dr. J. Sidney Goodmanson, of Pender, died in a convulsion at the office of her husband Sept. 27, and the manner of her death gave rise to many rumors of foul play. The stomach of the deceased has been since examined by Chicago chemists and found to contain strychnine. Dr. Goodmanson was arrested yesterday charged with murder in the first degree.

## SHOULD HAVE CASH.

### Brazil a Bad Place For Dead Broke People.

Washington, Dec. 4.—For the benefit of Americans who constantly write letters inquiring what Americans without capital, but with "energy and push" can do in Brazil, United States Consul Matthews, at Para, sounds a note of warning in a report to the state department to his indigent countrymen, a class arriving there every month in the year. He says that such people coming to Para without means to maintain themselves while acquiring the Portuguese language, an essential, and seeking employment, cannot have much chance of success.

There are more applicants than positions; salaries are very small, and living is the most expensive in the world. As to out of door labor, no white American exposed to the burning sun and daily rains could hope to escape yellow fever, and perhaps death. To deal in rubber requires large capital, and American rubber gatherers would have but one chance in ten for life, for even among the natives, the mortality is 50 per cent in some rivers.

## CABLE PLAYS OUT.

### Amazon River Current is Too Strong For It.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Hard luck has attended the attempt of the Brazilian government to operate a cable to Manaos, according to the report of United States Consul Matthews at Para. He says the cable, which cost nearly $1,000,000, and was guaranteed by the contractors for thirty days, failed on the thirty-first day, and notwithstanding constant working at it, no message has been gotten through since last February.

Engineers are now asserting that the cable up the Amazon cannot be made a success on account of the very strong current and the obstructions to be found in the bed of the river. The constructors, however, are laying the cable in shallow water near the banks and believe it will be a success.

## BIG GAME SEIZURE.

### Fullerton's Men Confiscate Thirty Tons of Venison.

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—The state game warden last night seized and declared confiscated to the state of Minnesota thirty tons of venison which he claimed was being illegally shipped out of the state via the Milwaukee road. It was consigned to persons in Boston, New York and Chicago. The fines for the alleged illegal transportation of the game will reach somewhere in the neighborhood of $40,000 to $50,000. Venison is now selling at 18 cents a pound, and it will be an easy matter for the state to dispose of the 60,000 pounds confiscated for $10,800. This is said to be the largest seizure ever made at one time in the United States.

SUIT FOR $200,000.

Wichita, Kas., Dec. 4.—The Anglo-American Land Mortgage and Agency company, an English corporation, owning a large amount of Lombard securities, has filed suit in this country against the Lombard Investment company, of Kansas, seeking to recover judgment for about $200,000. This action is a preliminary step toward instituting proceedings against the Eastern stockholders of the Lombard Investment company. The courts of the Eastern states having held that the double liability imposed by the laws of Kansas upon stockholders and corporations can be enforced outside the state, like any other contracts.

KILLED IN ONTARIO.

Tecumseh, Ont., Dec. 4.—A man supposed to be Gus Wilbur, of 134 West Fulton street, Grand Rapids, Mich., was killed on the railway tracks near here yesterday.

PRESIDENT CHEESEMAN DEAD.

London, Dec. 4.—Advices received here today from Liberia announce that the president of that republic, Joseph James Cheeseman, died on Nov. 11. Vice President Coleman was inaugurated Nov. 13.

PLAGUE ATTACKS EUROPEANS.

Bombay, Dec. 4.—The plague is spreading, and several Europeans have been attacked, two of them dying yesterday.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.


HURRY UP

*the pleasure and benefits derived from drinking*

**Blatz** The STAR Milwaukee Beer

*by ordering it right now. You can't be any too quick in getting the best for your home.*

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of **Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco.** You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco


## FLORIDA FISHERIES.

### Government Will Examine Into Their Condition.

Washington, Dec. 4.—A report is now being prepared at the fish commission of an investigation made under the direction of congress into the fish conditions in Florida. The report will take a wide range, as a thorough investigation has been made. The object was to ascertain more particularly whether sponge could be successfully cultivated in Florida waters, and also whether it would be expedient to establish a marine station at some point on the Florida coast for the purpose of cultivating sponges, and also for the propagation of food fishes of those waters.

The report will show that an experiment station for the purpose of finding out what could be done is all that ought to be attempted. The sponge must be set out like plants and trees. As to fishes, a recommendation will be made that something ought to be done at once to preserve the green turtle, which is fast disappearing from the Florida coast. The reason for this is the destruction of the eggs of the turtle, which are gathered by thousands along the shore. It has been ascertained that the turtles do not come as frequently to deposit eggs as before.

Florida has no state fish commission, and nothing has been done for the preservation of the food fish that are common in its waters. There are several other varieties of fish on the Florida coast, which the report will show can be successfully propagated under the direction of the commission. It will be shown that a marine hatchery could be made successful with a sufficient appropriation to establish and maintain it.

EVERY-DAY EXCURSIONS

To all parts of the world can be arranged for any day in the year, for one or more persons, upon application to any principal ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Itineraries carefully prepared for excursions to California, Florida, Mexico, China, Japan, and to any part of Europe. Estimates furnished, including all expenses. Tickets furnished for the complete journey. It is not necessary to wait for any so-called "Personally Conducted Excursions." In these days of progressive enlightenment, with the English language spoken in every land under the sun, one does not need to depend upon the services of guides for sight-seeing, but can go it alone or in small family parties, with great comfort and security, and at one's own convenience. Write to J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, St. Paul, Minn., for details if you are contemplating a trip.


DULUTH SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS.

3 West Superior Street.

The only protection of the kind in the city. Safes for rent $5 per year and upwards.

Strictly Fire and Burglar Proof.


MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred sixty and 48-100 dollars ($760.48) which is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Eunice A. Johnson, formerly Eunice A. Scarlett, and Ira L. Johnson, her husband, of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, to Mary A. Peck, of Waltham, Massachusetts, bearing date the thirteenth day of April, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 61 of mortgages on page 106, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of lot sixty (60), block eighty-five (85), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the register of deeds in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 5th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Oct. 23rd, 1896.

MARY A. PECK,
Mortgagee.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-23-30-Nov-6-13-20-27.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Notice is hereby given that a certain mortgage was executed and delivered by John E. Mullowney and Mary F. Mullowney, his wife, mortgagors, to Agnes S. Reed, mortgagee, covering the property hereinafter described, dated the 13th day of November, A. D. 1894, and duly recorded at Duluth, in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1894, at 10:20 o'clock a. m. in Book 95 of mortgages on page 137; and default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non-payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-two 50-100 dollars ($322.50) and interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from November 13th, 1894, secured thereby, and the amount now actually due thereon, and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice, is the sum of three hundred and sixty-seven dollars ($367), no part whereof has ever been paid; and no action or proceeding has ever been instituted at law or in equity, to recover said debt, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the premises described in said mortgage situate, lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, to-wit: The north half (½) of the northeast quarter (¼) of section thirty-three (33), of township sixty-seven (67) of range eighteen (18) west 4th P. M., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the St. Louis County court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees provided for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated November 27th, 1896.

AGNES S. REED,
Mortgagee.

M. H. CROCKER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Office 410 Chamber of Commerce,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-27-Dec-4-11-18-25-Jan-1.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred five and 33-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Northwestern Loan and Investment Company, mortgagor, to John K. Newell, cashier, of Bradford County, Pennsylvania, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of September, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of September, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book 94 of mortgages on page 515.

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered five, in block numbered one, West Duluth, First Division. Lot numbered six, in block numbered two hundred eighty-eight, West Duluth, Fourth Division. Lots numbered three, four, seven and eight in block numbered one hundred thirty and lot numbered ten in block one hundred twenty-nine, West Duluth, Fifth Division all according to the recorded plats of said several divisions; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 19th day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated November 5th, 1896.

JOHN K. NEWELL, Cashier,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-6-13-20-27-Dec-4-11.

## NOTICE

City Clerk's Office.
Duluth, Minn., November 20, 1896.

Pursuant to a resolution of the common council of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed for record with the city clerk of said city signed by Frank Bell, Gust Peterson, David Nelson et al, representing that they constitute a majority of the owners of the frontage of property on the alley in block 93, Duluth Proper, Second Division, and also for a further distance of 400 feet at each end thereof, as shown by the plat accompanying said petition, and praying that said alley be vacated and discontinued, and setting forth reasons for said application.

Said petition will be heard and considered by the committee of said common council on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to which committee said petition has been referred for that purpose on Monday, December 28, 1896, at a meeting of said committee to be held on that date at 2:30 o'clock p. m. at the council chamber in the city hall in said city of Duluth, at which time the parties interested may appear and be heard.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk, City of Duluth, Minn.
(Corporate Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov20-27-Dec-4-11.

# WEST END

### Many Secret Societies Are Holding Annual Elections of Officers.

### United Workmen and Hibernians Have Chosen Theirs---Other Elections.

### Mothers' Meeting of the W. C. T. U. Yesterday Afternoon---Other News.

This is the time of the year when the secret societies choose officers for the new year, and several West Duluth orders have this week held their regular elections. The Maccabees will hold the elections of officers next Monday evening and the Modern Woodsmen of America on Wednesday evening. West Duluth lodge, A. O. U. W., has elected the following officers: M. W., A. J. Fillatrault; foreman, E. W. Merritt; overseer, William Coyle; financier, Charles Schrandt; recorder, S. C. Murphy; guide, Edward Warner; I. W., Alfred Flescher; O. W., John Foucolts.

Division No. 4, A. O. H., has elected the following officers: President, James Connelly; vice president, T. J. Murphy; recording secretary, John Connelly; financial and insurance secretary, R. E. Cavanaugh.

The following have been elected by the Odd Fellows for the ensuing year: N. G., E. W. Lachner; V. G., W. G. Hartley; secretary, C. A. Young; recording secretary, G. A. Tour; treasurer, Frank Knittel.

THE MOTHERS' MEETING.

Notwithstanding the stormy day the W. C. T. U. "mothers' meeting" yesterday afternoon was well attended. Mrs. Ellison was ably assisted by Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Armstrong and Mrs. Smith. The music was in the hands of Mrs. Jewel and Mrs. Adams. The next regular meeting occurs in two weeks, and the ladies welcome any and every one interested in the work of benefiting humanity. A special meeting was appointed for next Thursday at Mrs. Hendricks' to act on the report of the library committee.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Carl C. Weaver has been appointed historian of the Congregational Y. P. S. C. E. society.

Miss Florence Felt entertained a surprise party of her friends at her home last evening.

George Carlin left last night for Texakanna, where he will take charge of a sawmill.

Miss Annie McKenzie, of Aberdeen, S. D., is visiting friends in the city.

Solomon Peterson, formerly clerk in the Manufacturers' bank, leaves Sunday for Sweden to spend the winter with his parents.

James Fitzgerald, Jr., has returned from Denver.

Clay Yeager was out today on the streets for the first time after an attack of typhoid fever.

Mrs. J. A. Kirkwood entertained a number of her lady friends at a quilting party yesterday afternoon.

It was Joseph Cochrane instead of James Cochrane who was a member of the Masonic committee which reported the resolutions printed in The Herald last evening.

The next dance of "The Club" will be given on Wednesday evening at Great Eastern hall.

Dr. Forbes and Rev. Dr. Cleland of the First Presbyterian church will exchange pulpits next Sunday evening.

C. W. Hoyt went to St. Cloud this afternoon on business.

## NEW YORK STOCKS.

### Opening Today Was Strong and Higher.

New York, Nov. 4.—The stock market opened strong and higher, with sharp fractional improvements in some of the low priced shares, notably Atchison preferred and Southern Railway preferred. In the industrial groups Sugar rose 1¼ per cent to 117⅛. Baltimore & Ohio declined ½ per cent to 165. The temper of speculation was quite strong at 11 o'clock, and purchases for the long account were stimulated by the brisk inquiry in progress for the gild-edged stocks for investment account. Quotations for these securities show marked improvement. The glut of money at this center, for which there is little demand at the current low rates, preferring capital to look for larger returns among securities of a prime quality. Gossip as to the dividend prospects of various low priced shares also strengthen the general list and disconcerts the short interest in the more active speculative shares. Chicago Gas jumped to 77¼ on reiteration of the rumors as to the prospects for consolidation of the various companies and expectations of largely increased revenue.

Baltimore & Ohio sagged to 15½ on light offerings, induced by the unfavorable character of the previous management of the property, but the statement was without influence on the general list. The upward movement was checked shortly after 11 o'clock by realizations of profits by the traders. Sugar lost the early improvement, and marked fractional concessions occurred in other leading properties. Business lightened materially on the down grade. London houses were moderate buyers. In railway mortgages considerable firmness was evident, and important advances were scheduled. The sales to noon were 118,400 shares.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

## THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Poultry is the principal feature of Michigan street houses nowadays and the supply is very full and fine. Vegetables, too, are in good demand and supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

**Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **BUTTER.** | | |
| Creamery, separators, fancy | 21 | @ 22 |
| Dairies, fancy, special make | 10 | @ 15 |
| Packing stock | 8 | @ 9 |
| **CHEESE.** | | |
| Turns, flats, full cream, new | 9½ | @ 10 |
| Full cream, Young America | 10 | |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 12 | @ 12½ |
| Brick, No. 1 | 10 | |
| Limb., full cream, choice | 9 | @ 10 |
| Primost | 6 | |
| **EGGS.** | | |
| Candled, strictly fresh | 19 | @ 20 |
| **HONEY.** | | |
| Fancy white clover | 12½ | @ 13 |
| Fancy white clover, strained, in jars, per lb. | 12½ | |
| Golden rod | 11½ | @ 12 |
| Dark honey | 11 | @ 11½ |
| Buckwheat, dark | 11 | @ 11½ |
| **MAPLE SUGAR.** | | |
| Vermont, per pound | 10 | |
| Wisconsin, per pound | 9 | |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 90 | @ 1 00 |
| **VEGETABLES.** | | |
| Sweet potatoes, per bus | 85 | @ 90 |
| Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl | 2 25 | @ 2 50 |
| Celery per doz | 25 | @ 30 |
| Carrots, per bus | 35 | @ 40 |
| Beets, per bus | 35 | @ 40 |
| Onions, per bus | 40 | @ 45 |
| Turnips, per bus | 25 | |
| Minn. cabbage, per 100 lbs | 60 | @ 70 |
| Potatoes, per bus | 25 | @ 30 |
| Mint, per doz | 25 | @ 30 |
| Parsley, per doz | 25 | |
| Parsnips, per bus | 45 | @ 50 |
| Cauliflowers, per doz | 1 40 | @ 1 50 |
| Horse radish, per lb | 8 | |
| Hubbard spuash, per doz | 50 | @ 75 |
| Pumpkins, per doz | 75 | |
| Marrow squash, per doz | 75 | |
| **HERBS.** | | |
| Thyme, per doz | 25 | |
| Savory, per doz | 25 | |
| Sweet Majoram, per doz | 25 | |
| Sage, per doz | 25 | |
| Dill, per doz | 50 | |
| Garlic, per lb | 10 | |
| **PEAS AND BEANS.** | | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 1 25 | |
| Medium, hand picked, bus | 90 | |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus | 90 | |
| Green and yellow peas | 75 | @ 80 |
| Wax beans, bus | 75 | |
| Green beans, bus | 50 | |
| Green peas, bus | 65 | |
| **FRUITS.** | | |
| Florida oranges, per box | 4 00 | @ 4 50 |
| Mexican oranges, per box | 4 00 | @ 4 25 |
| Jamaica oranges, per box | 4 00 | @ 4 25 |
| California pears, per case | 2 00 | @ 2 50 |
| Del. grapes, 10 lb basket | 28 | |
| Bananas, bunches | 1 25 | @ 1 50 |
| Lemons, per box | 4 50 | @ 5 00 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 70 | |
| California grapes, per case | 1 25 | @ 1 50 |
| Cranberries, per bbl | 6 00 | @ 6 50 |
| Cranberries, bus | 1 75 | @ 2 00 |
| Concord grapes, basket | 12 | @ 13 |
| New York grapes, basket | 11 | @ 12 |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 6 | @ 8 |
| **APPLES.** | | |
| New apples, per bbl | 1 25 | @ 2 25 |
| Quinces, per bus | 1 50 | |
| Quinces, per bbl | 4 50 | |
| **DRESSED MEATS.** | | |
| Veal, fancy | 7 | @ 7½ |
| Veal, heavy, coarse, thin | 5 | |
| Mutton, fancy dressed | 6 | @ 6½ |
| **LIVE POULTRY.** | | |
| Live turkeys | 10 | |
| Spring chickens, per lb | 6 | @ 7 |
| **DRESSED POULTRY.** | | |
| Turkeys, per lb | 11 | @ 12 |
| Chickens, per lb | 7 | @ 8 |
| Ducks, per lb | 9 | @ 10 |
| Geese, per lb | 10 | @ 11 |
| **GAME.** | | |
| Grouse, per doz | 4 50 | |
| Prairie chickens, per doz | 3 00 | @ 3 25 |
| Pheasants, per doz | 2 25 | |
| Partridges, per doz | 2 00 | @ 2 50 |
| Quail, per doz | 2 00 | |
| Canvas back ducks, per doz | 3 00 | @ 4 00 |
| Mallards, per doz | 3 00 | @ 3 25 |
| Wood duck, per doz | 2 00 | |
| Blue wing teal, per doz | 1 25 | @ 1 50 |
| Green wing teal, per doz | 1 00 | @ 1 25 |
| Red heads, per doz | 1 75 | @ 2 00 |
| Common, per doz | 1 50 | @ 1 75 |
| Jack snipe, per doz | 80 | @ 90 |
| Small snipe, per doz | 40 | @ 50 |
| Woodcock, per doz | 3 75 | @ 4 00 |
| Geese, per doz | 8 00 | @ 9 00 |
| Brant, per doz | 5 00 | @ 6 00 |
| Upland plover, per doz | 1 00 | |
| **BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.** | | |
| Bran 200 lbs, sacks included | 8 00 | |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 9 00 | |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 8 50 | |
| Red dog | 12 00 | |
| Ground feed, No. 1 | 10 50 | @11 50 |
| Ground feed, No. 2 | 10 50 | @11 50 |
| **HAY, CAR LOTS.** | | |
| Choice south Minn | $7 00 | @ 8 00 |
| Northern Minn | 5 00 | @ 6 50 |
| Medium | 4 50 | @ 5 00 |
| Poor | 4 00 | @ 6 00 |
| Tame, ton, choice timothy | 9 50 | @10 00 |

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 4.—Butter, firm; Western creamery, 13@24c; Elgins, 24c; factory, 7@12c. Eggs, firm; state and Pennsylvania, 22@26c; Western, 15½@24c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Butter, firm; creamery, 15@23c; dairy, 10@19c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 22c.

## COMING IN PAIRS.

### Two New Wholesale Grocery Houses Are Assured.

Two new wholesale houses are practically assured for Duluth. The Park-Hanford company has been organized and will be ready for business by Jan. 1. W. G. Park, well known here, and J. P. Hanford, of Chicago, are the promoters and principal stockholders. Mr. Hanford was with Reid, Murdoch & Co., of Chicago, for a long time and has been a wholesale grocery man for years. The company will meet and organize in Chicago tomorrow. Mr. Park will be the president and treasurer of the company and Mr. Hanford secretary and general manager. The capital stock will be $150,000.

Several locations are in contemplation and a building will be erected somewhere for the company. Several parties are figuring on it. For the present the warehouse of the Northern Steamship company at the foot of Seventh avenue west will be used. The company wants a building 100 by 100 feet and four stories high.

The new concern will be ready to offer goods by Jan. 1 and will put seven traveling men on the road. They will work in what is known as Duluth territory, on the ranges, along the South Shore road and westward to the Red river. Charles C. Prindle, who was manager of the Wells-Stone Mercantile company, will be connected with the new concern.

Another company is under way, but its projectors will not be ready to make their announcement for several days. It will be a strong company, with ample capital, and will be well located.

DIED AT CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, Dec. 4.—George E. Hall, a prominent ore man, well known all over the lake mining region, died very suddenly today.

EXTRA POLICE AT HAMBURG.

Hambrg, Dec. 4.—A detachment of 200 police from Berlin has been ordered to this city to assist the local force in maintaining order during the strike.

Grand opening at Glen Avon rink Saturday afternoon and evening this week.

CHANGE OF TIME VIA THE EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Commencing Nov. 29 "Up-to-date" express leaves Duluth at 1 p. m., arrives in Minneapolis at 5:50, St. Paul, 6:15 p. m. Elegant parlor car, meals a la carte. No change in night express. Tickets and berths Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

# DECLINED

### Wheat Slumped Off Over Two Cents Today, Being Very Weak.

### Market Ruled Extremely Dull and Trading Was of Light Volume.

### Opening Cables Were Disappointing and Later a Decline Was Reported.

Wheat was dull and weak all day. Trading on the Duluth board was of the flattest description. The market opened considerably lower, the decline being due to the disappointment over the Liverpool cables which showed but a small advance. Second cables showed the early advance lost, and this still further depressed the market. Northwestern receipts were again light, being but little more than one-half of last year's. It was figured that Duluth wheat stocks will show a decrease of from 400,000 to 600,000 bus this week. Chicago receipts were 40 cars, compared with 116 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth got 490 cars against 936 on the same day last year. Liverpool was considered a discouragement because it was only ⅛d higher at the opening. The demand at Liverpool was light, and country markets were said to be partially is lower. A Liverpool cablegram said some wheat had been bought there for April and May shipment from Bombay and that it was estimated 1,000,000 quarters, or 8,000,000 bus, would be available for export from the next crop.

May wheat opened ⅝c lower here at 83⅝c and in half an hour dropped to 83c. Before noon it had sold down to 82⅝c. Then it reacted to 82⅞c but again dropped to 82⅜ and closed with buyers at 81⅞c, a decline of 2⅜c for the day. The elevators bought 25,000 bus of cash stuff at 1½c under May. Following were the closing prices.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 80⅞c; December, 80⅞c, No. 1 northern, cash, 79⅜c; December, 79⅜c; May, 81⅞c, No. 2 northern 76⅞c, No. 3, 73½@74½c. Rejected, 66½@74½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 80⅞c; No. 1 northern, 79⅜c. Rye, 38c. No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 3 oats, 18½c. Flax, 75c; May, 79c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 67; oats, 4; rye, 6; barley, 3; flax, 6. Receipts—Wheat 95,991 bus; corn, 360 bus; oats, 2713 bus; rye 2847 bus; barley, 9125 bus; flax, 19,547 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 160,600 bus; barley, 20,208 bus; flax, 64,187 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Hogs, receipts, 35,000; left over, 5000. Market moderately active and lower. Light, $3.25@3.45; mixed, $3.25@3.45; heavy, $3.00@3.15; rough, $3.00@3.10. Cattle, 5500; good grades steady; others weak. Beeves, $3.45@5.40; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.05; Texas steers, $2.80@4.25; stockers and feeders, $2.85@4.00. Sheep 7000. Steady. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 40,134; shipments, 5150. Cattle, 11,828; shipments, 3958. Sheep, 11,490; shipments 2863. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow 20,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 4.—Money on call nominally 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm and higher with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86⅜@4.87 for demand and $4.83¾@4.84 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84@4.85 and $4.87½@4.88. Commercial bills $4.82¾. Silver certificates 65⅛@65⅝; no sales. Bar silver 65⅛. Mexican dollars 50⅝. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered, $1.19½; coupon, $1.19¾; 5s registered, $1.13¼; coupon, $1.13¼; 4s registered, $1.09; coupon $1.10½; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '97 99½.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Close, December, 77½c; May, 80⅞c; July, 75⅛c. Corn, December 23½c; January, 23¼c; May, 26¾c. Oats December, 18⅜c; May, 21⅝c. Pork, December $6.60; January, $7.60. Lard, December, $3.75; January, $3.90; May, $4.10. Ribs, January, $3.35; May, $4.00. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 3 red, 88@90c; No. 2 spring, 79½@80½c; No. 1 hard winter, 79@81c; No. 2 hard winter, 78@79c; No. 1 northern spring, 81@82c. Corn, No. 2, 23¼c. Oats 18¼c. Rye, cash, 40½c; May, 43½c. Barley cash, 23@37c. Flax, cash, 77c; Northwestern, 74½c; May, 79½@79¾c. Timothy, cash $2.50.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Dec. 4.—Wheat, December 78⅞c; May, 79⅞@80c. On track—No. 1 hard 80¼c; No. 1 northern, 79c; No. 2 northern 77½c. Receipts, 432 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 4.—Wheat, December 87⅞c; January, 87⅞c; March, 89⅜c; May 86⅝c; July, 82⅜c. Corn, May, 32c. Oats May, 26c.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Dec. 4.—Wheat, spot steady; futures easy; January, 6s 10¼d; ½d lower. Maize, spot dull; futures steady; December, 2s 11½d; ¼d higher; January, 2s 10¼d; unchanged.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The covering of so much short wheat yesterday left the market in a weak position and without support today. Cables were disappointing after yesterday's advance and the increased Northwest receipts and closing down of various flour mills added to the weakness. The market declined gradually all day with free liquidation of long wheat and stop orders and closed at the bottom price reached. There was a great deal of bull news but the market would not respond to it. Cables quoted unfavorable conditions regarding the French crop and while several Argentine cables were very bullish yet the single bearish one was the one that was most credited and thereby indexed the frightened condition of holders. Good buying was noted on every decline and some large local holders increased their lines. The situation is just as strong as it was at 86c and purchases made on the breaks thus far have brought good fruit.

Corn and oats were scarcely influenced by the light receipts and the market dragged painfully.

Provisions ruled weak with light business.

Puts, May wheat, 79⅝-¾@79½c.
Calls, May wheat, 82¼@82¼-⅜c.
Curb, May wheat, 80⅝c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Name of stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Whisky | 14 | 14 | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| Atchison | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ |
| Sugar Trust | 116⅝ | 117¼ | 115⅝ | 115⅝ |
| Canada Southern | 49¼ | 49½ | 49½ | 49½ |
| C., B. & Q. | 78⅜ | 79⅛ | 78⅜ | 79⅛ |
| St. Paul | 75½ | 75⅜ | 75⅛ | 75⅜ |
| Chicago Gas | 76½ | 77¼ | 76⅜ | 76⅜ |
| Del., Lack. & W. | | | | |
| General Electric | 32½ | 33¼ | 32½ | 32¾ |
| Erie | | | | |
| Reading | 29⅜ | 29⅜ | 29⅛ | 29⅜ |
| Louis. & Nash. | 51 | 51 | 50⅝ | 50⅝ |
| Manhattan | 96¾ | 97¼ | 96⅜ | 97 |
| Missouri Pacific | 22⅞ | 22⅞ | 22½ | 22½ |
| Tobacco | 76¼ | 76⅜ | 76⅛ | 76⅜ |
| Chicago & N. W. | 106¾ | 106¾ | 106 | 106⅜ |
| N. P. preferred | 24⅜ | 25⅛ | 24⅜ | 24⅜ |
| Rock Island | 69⅞ | 70 | 69⅜ | 69⅞ |
| Union Pacific | 10⅛ | 10 | 10⅛ | 10⅛ |
| Western Union | 87 | 87½ | 86⅜ | 86⅜ |
| Leather | 62½ | 62½ | 62½ | 62½ |
| Lake Shore | | | | |

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

**Picture to yourself the result from Herald want ads. They never fail. Only one sitting necessary. Telephone 324-2 rings.**

## MARINE MATTERS.

### Wet Wheat in the Ericsson and Gilchrist.

Buffalo, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Ericsson has 472 bushels of wet wheat from Duluth. The steamer Gilchrist, which had 350 bushels of wet wheat, has left for Cleveland and will throw the wet grain overboard on the way, as it would not bring enough to pay the duty. She leaked a good deal and will have to go into dry dock. She will have to stand the loss, but the Ericsson leaked at the fender strake on account of the collision with her consort, and will escape the damages.

A SCHOONER WRECKED.

Manistique, Mich., Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Nellie Johnson, from Traverse City to Manistique, with a cargo of apples, went ashore on the beach near here last night during a heavy snow storm. She lies on the rocks in an exposed position.

AT THE SAULT.

Sault Ste. Marie, Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The North Wind arrived down at 11 last night, the Griffin at 1:30 a. m. and the Gilbert at 11. All three are awaiting favorable weather. The weather is milder. Nothing has been heard from the fleet engaged in breaking a passage through the ice in Mud Lake. Down yesterday: Neilson, Russell, 5 p. m.

PASSED DETROIT.

Down yesterday: Williams, 12:30 p. m.; Parnell, 2:35; Thomson, 4:30; Matoa, Marcia, 5; Ira Owen, 6:30; Mills, 7:20; Gratwick, 8; Globe, 8:20.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Matoa, Marcia, Thomson, 8 a. m.. Up-bound steamer are keeping together in case they can render assistance if any get into trouble.

Down yesterday: Majestic, 11:20 a. m.; Flower, 6:40 p. m.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Toledo—Arrived: Italia. Cleared: Coal. Maton, Marcia, Duluth.

THE CORALIA AGROUND.

The Coralia has been aground at the Globe elevator in Superior since the Pathfinder got away. Four tugs have been working at her, but they gave her up today and she will probably have to winter there.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Roby, Buffalo, light for grain; Northern Wave, Buffalo, merchandise; Rees, Hoyt, 133, Trever, 101 104, Lake Erie, coal.

Departed—Victory, Buffalo, wheat; Selwyn Eddy, Buffalo, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston—Arrived: Servia, from Liverpool.

A JOKE ON THE WIZARD.

A few years ago the late Bill Nye and Herrmann, the magician, met for the first time in a small Ohio town, says the Chicago Times-Herald. Each knew the other very well by reputation and from personal characteristics, but they never had been introduced. By chance they stopped at the same hotel on the occasion referred to and were given seats at the same table in the diningroom.

They bowed politely and began talking about the weather, each believing that the other did not recognize his vis-a-vis.

Just as Nye raised his knife and fork to cut a dish of lettuce salad Herrmann uttered a cry of protest and surprise. Nye stopped in astonishment.

"Excuse me, sir," remarked the wizard, "but I thought I saw something queer here in your lettuce."

The humorist carefully looked over the salad, leaf by leaf, but found nothing, and again raised his knife to cut it. Again he was stopped by a sharp cry from Herrmann, who added apologetically: "I beg a thousand pardons, but I surely could not have been mistaken that time. There is something there. Excuse me"—and he pointed to a large lettuce leaf, raised it and disclosed underneath a magnificent diamond cluster ring worth several hundred dollars.

Nye slowly picked up the ring, and without the slightest manifestation of surprise, drawled out: "This sort of thing has gone just far enough. I'm continually shedding diamonds wherever I go. Day before yesterday I lost a solitaire in a sugar bowl in Pittsburg, and in Cleveland this morning the chambermaid, in sweeping my room, found three or four more. It is positively giving me brain fag to keep track of these things, and I'm going to give it up as a bad job."

Beckoning to a waitress he slipped Herrmann's ring into her hand and said: "Here's a trifle for you. Keep it to remember me by; it's yours."

It took the owner of the ring about a half day to recover it, and it cost him several bottles afterward.

HUNTING ACCIDENTS.

Game killed in full flight has a momentum that carries it a long way sometimes. The London Field relates several instances where the birds have hit the sportsmen. In one case George Monners was shooting in the woods on Long Island when a grouse, driven by beaters, came flying along fast and high up. He shot at it and then, with the other barrel, fired at another bird. Just as he was about lowering his gun, after the second shot, he received a blow on the head that knocked him senseless. The grouse first hit had tumbled against his head.

That same afternoon a wheelman, riding along near the line of hunters, admiring the scenery, did not observe a big black cock till its feathers brushed his head. The black cock had been killed and had nearly hit him in falling.

The Badminton volume on shooting tells how the late Charles Leslie was knocked out of the battery by a grouse he had shot. A strong hat probably saved him from serious injury.

American hunters have had similar experiences. A man was riding along in a wagon some time ago, according to Forest and Stream, when something hit him on the head with enough force to make him dizzy. An unwounded partridge flying through the woods had hit him fair. Why the bird did not turn aside is as much a mystery as the fact that partridges sometimes fly against house sides and are killed in so doing.

THE POWER OF CHARACTER.

Samuel Smiles: The crown and glory of life is character. It is the noblest possession of a man, constituting a rank in itself, and an estate in the general good will; dignifying every station and exalting every position in society. It exercises a greater power than wealth, and secures all the honor without the jealousies of fame. It carries with it an influence which always tells; for it is the result of proved honor, rectitude and consistency—qualities which, perhaps, more than any other, command the general confidence and respect of mankind. Character is human nature in its best form. It is moral order embodied in the individual. Men of character are not only the conscience of society, but in every well-governed state they are its best motive power; for it is moral qualities in the main which rule the world. Even in war Napoleon said: "The moral is to the physical as ten to one." The strength, the industry and the civilization of nations—all depend upon individual character, and the very foundations of civil security rest upon it. Laws and institutions are but its outgrowth.

BEST FOR LEAST MONEY.

**That's what you are looking for and that's the correct thing. Herald want ads fill the bill**

**Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.**

*One Cent a Word.*

**All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.**

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG man of 17 years in a store or where he could learn something. Can give best of references. Address B 45, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY DESIRES position in office. Has a good knowledge of short hand and can operate any machine. Address H 63, Herald.

AN HONEST YOUNG MAN OF 21 wants position in some music store as clerk or will do work of any kind in the store, will work for small wages; have fair education and talk good French and English; will furnish references for honesty if necessary; must get work at once. Please write to Wm. L., 305 West Superior street, city.

WORK WANTED BY A FIRST-CLASS chambermaid. Is willing to leave town providing the fare is paid. Address K 47, Herald.

WANTED—OUNG MARYRIED MAN wants employment in grocery store, clerking; gives best of references. Please address K 91, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED dressmaker, work by the day or at home. 13 West Second street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPETENT porter. Can give good references. Address K 74, Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY AN ALL round printer and newspaper man; but will work at anything. Address M. C. K., Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT OF ANY kind of a respectable character by a young man of 18. Inquire or address W. H. M., 1018 East First street.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND general office man desires position for whole or part time. No objections to leaving city. Address K 75, Herald.

LADY WILL DO DRESSMAKING OR plain sewing cheap, at home or by the day. 512 West Third street.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

*WANTED—TO RENT.*

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Call at or address 215 Woodbridge building.

[illegible]LUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

February 3, 1896. Daily except Sunday.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| [illegible].45 am | Lv...... Duluth ......Ar | 3:35 pm |
| [illegible]:15 am | Lv.. Proctorknott ..Lv | 3:06 pm |
| [illegible]0:22 am | Ar.. Iron Junction ..Lv | 1:13 pm |
| [illegible]0:30 am | Ar........ Wolf ......Lv | 1:05 pm |
| [illegible] 45 am | Ar.... Virginia ....Lv | 12:46 pm |
| [illegible]:44 am | Ar...... Eveleth ......Lv | 10:56 am |
| [illegible]:00 am | Ar.. Mountain Iron ..Lv | 12:30 pm |
| [illegible]:56 am | Ar......Biwabik ......Lv | 12:28 pm |
| [illegible] am | Ar...... Hibbing ......Lv | 12:15 pm |
| [illegible]:00 am | Lv...... Virginia ......Ar | 1:45 pm |
| [illegible]:33 am | Lv........ Wolf ........Lv | 1:26 pm |
| [illegible] am | Ar Hibbing Lv | [illegible] pm |

## FLOORED WITH GEMS.

### Treasures Which Lie on Ocean Bottoms.

The agent of the English proprietors of the concession granted by the Mexican republic for a monopoly of pearl fishing in the Gulf of California recently arrived in San Francisco and gave some interesting details of the present methods employed in their industry, which has continued ever since the occupation of the country in the time of Cortez, says the San Francisco Call.

The whole coast of the Gulf of California abounds in pearls, and the concessions control the entire territory. Until within the last few years native divers were employed, and the depth to which they could descend did not exceed thirty-five feet. With the introduction of diving apparatus the limit of depth was increased to thirty fathoms. The best divers could formerly remain under water not to exceed two minutes. A modern diver thinks nothing of a two-hour stop in water 100 feet in depth, though at greater depths the stay is necessarily shortened on account of the enormous pressure of the superincumbent water. A diver, when upon the floor of the ocean, looks about for the oyster, which he tears from the object to which it is attached, and places it in a small bag hanging to a rope which is hauled into the boat on a given signal. Sometimes the number of oysters secured is large, at other times only a few are caught. The diver does not confine himself to the pearl oyster alone, but if he sees a rare specimen of coral or a new species of shell he places it in his bag and sends it to the surface, where it becomes the property of the concession and one source of its large income.

Last year the value of the pearls harvested in Lower California was alone $350,000. In addition 5000 tons of shells were exported which were valued at $1,250,000 more. Pearls fishing is the entire occupation of the natives, and La Paz, the headquarters, a city of the peninsula, with about 2000 inhabitants, is solely dependent upon the industry. The business is one of chance, and the pursuit is a fascinating one to the natives, who are born gamblers.

Every oyster does not contain its pearl and only at intervals, and rare ones at that, is a really valuable pearl discovered. The largest one ever found was about three-quarters of an inch in diameter and was sold to the emperor of Austria for $10,000. Many black pearls are found in Lower California and are valued higher than the pure white. The large majority are seed pearls and of only moderate value.

San Francisco is not the market for Mexican pearls, though it ought to be. The harvest is exported straight to London and Paris and distributed from those great markets.

The dangers of pearl fishing have always been exaggerated, possibly to give a fictitious value to the beautiful gems. The loss of life in the fisheries of Lower California was undoubtedly larger before the introduction of the diving dress, but it is not an established fact that the deaths were always caused by the shark or octopus, though these marine monsters were without doubt responsible for the loss of many lives. Every diver has plenty of hair-raising stories to relate of narrow escapes from death, but, as he is the only witness of these affairs, it makes the difficulty of substantiating them so much the greater.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S HOPE.

Berlin, Dec. 4.—The Hanover Anzeiger says that Emperor William yesterday visited the military school there. Speaking to the officers, his majesty alluded to the Brouswitz affair, saying that the occurrence had affected him most painfully. He expected the officers always to be conscious of the high duties their uniform demanded of them, and added that they should, above all, bear in mind. In conclusion his majesty expressed the hope that the officers would always endeavor to remain friendly with civilians.

BIG TEXAS FAILURE.

Waco, Texas, Dec. 4.—W. P. Dupre, dealer in hardware and agricultural implements, with branch stores in several near by towns filed a deed of trust today to J. C. Birkhead for the benefit of his creditors. Liabilities are about $250,000, local banks are the creditors. Assets are largely in excess of liabilities.

*One Cent a Word.*

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

WANTED—FIRST CLASS WAIST AND skirt hand. Call at room 9, over Big Duluth.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three grown people. Apply mornings, 1029 East Second street.

*LOST.*

LOST—FOUR MONTHS' OLD COACH dog; black spots. Finder will be rewarded by returning to M. S. Burrows.

*MUSIC.*

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

*FINANCIAL.*

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

*SCOTT'S ELECTRIC SPIRITS.*

MAKES THE EYES CLEAR AND bright. Best thing in the world for the eyesight. Cures sore eyes, granulated eyesight and relieves pain. Sold at 214 West Superior street. 50c per bottle.

*WANTED TO BUY.*

WANTED—GOOD SECOND HAND ONE-horse express or delivery wagon. Address, with description and price, L 66, Herald.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

LOT FOR SALE, NEAR NEW BREWery. Address J. W., Herald.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

**For Sale---for $150.**

12-horse power BOILER
and 8-horse power ENGINE
In good condition

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY,
12 West Michigan.

*FRATERNITIES.*

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 14, 1896. Work, election of officers. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 9, 1896. Work, election of officers. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Brown hall Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

*EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.*

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

*MIDWIFE.*

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

*PROFESSIONAL.*

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUOUS hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

**If you are Particular**

About the accommodations you get when traveling, select the Burlington Route as your line, and you will be more than satisfied.

If you are going beyond Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, St. Paul or Minneapolis, and don't know the rate of fare, or the different routes, time, etc., write to Geo. P. Lyman, G. n. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and you will get a prompt reply, or call on any agent of the Burlington Route—they can be found in all principal cities.

Reclining Chair Cars, Compartment Sleepers and Cafe Dining Cars make a combination unequaled for comfort in travel.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE
C. St P. M. & O. Ry.

**Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:**

**10:45** A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire. Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 5:10 p. m.

**5:10** P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m.

**11:00** P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.

G. M. SMITH, General Agent. [illegible] Mesaba Block. B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent Opposite Spalding.

**Duluth South Shore & Atlantic Ry.**

Trains for all points East leaves Duluth Union Depot at **4:10 P. M.** Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a. m.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House [illegible] and Union Depot.

*One Cent a Word.*

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

PLEASANT, WELL FURNISHED warm room for gentleman. 24 East First street, up stairs.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT, 1020 East Fourth street, $3 per month; city water free.

FINE, LARGE ROOM, elegant view; hot water heat, electric light; modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen; six minutes walk to Spalding. K 73, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. $5 PER month. 912 East Sixth street.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat, cheap; gas, bath; permit light housekeeping. Apply at once, 305 East Third.

FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST CLASS, central location. 507 West Second street.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS bath, electric light, storm windows, fine views. Married couple. 720 West First.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

*ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.*

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room, with board, for two gentlemen. References required. 223 East Third street.

ROOM AND BOARD, DAY OR WEEK; lowest rates in the city. 127 First avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

*TO RENT—HOUSES.*

FOR RENT—STORE 716 WEST SUPErior street, $25.

Flat 716 West Superior street, six rooms $20.

House 105 East Fourth street, eight rooms, $35.

Flat 108 First avenue west, ten rooms, $25.

Store 108 First avenue west, $20.

Also houses in all parts of the city; all sizes; cheap. Money ready for any good loan. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—A SIX ROOM HOUSE AT Glen Avon. Apply to G. Hood Thompson.

*CLAIRVOYANT.*

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Virginia Improvement company to Jessie G. Scott, fractional lots 17, 18 and 19, block 74, Virginia, First addition | $ 100 |
| J. J. Aspinwall to E. P. Aspinwall, lands in section 34 and 35-68-21 | 1,000 |
| J. C. Hunter to American Exchange bank, lots 1 to 5, block 20, and lots 7 and 8, block 13, Portland division | 20,000 |
| Neil McKenzie to Roderick McKenzie, lot 8, block 22, Dodge's addition | 450 |
| W. T. Hartley to D. N. Wheeler, Jr., lot 9, block 54, Lester Park, Fourth division | 1,000 |
| Total | $ 22,550 |

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, December 3rd, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Dorland, deceased:

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Thomas Dorland, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas Mary Dorland has filed therewith her petition, representing among other things, that said Thomas Dorland died in said county on the 17th day of September, 1896, testate, and that said petitioner is the sole executrix named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to her.

It is ordered that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Saturday, the 26th day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the third day of December, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER.
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-4-11-18.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the receivership of the Security Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota:

Upon the application of A. R. Macfarlane, receiver, and the files in the above entitled matter.

It is ordered that all creditors whomsoever, having claims against the estate of said Security Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota, existing on the 13th day of August, 1896, who desire to participate in the benefits of said receivership, and who have not heretofore filed their proofs of claim with said receiver, shall file their claims with the said A. R. Macfarlane, receiver of said Security Bank duly verified, at his office in the Exchange building, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, in the state of Minnesota, on or before the 10th day of February, A. D. 1897.

It is further ordered that this order be published in The Duluth Evening Herald at Duluth, Minnesota, on or before the 3d day of December, 1896, and on each day thereafter for six (6) days and that a copy thereof be mailed postage prepaid to each of the known creditors of said insolvent on or before the 5th day of December, 1896.

Dated Dec. 2d, 1896.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of said Court.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-2 6t.

# Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Dec. 2, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 14th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of a 12-foot plank sidewalk in said city in front of lots Nos. 33 and 35, East First street, Duluth Proper, First division, and a 10-foot plank sidewalk on Second avenue east adjoining said lot No. 33, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of ten (10) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 2, 10 times.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

| A. M. | STATIONS. | P. M. |
|---|---|---|
| 12 00 | Ar......... Duluth .........Lv | 3 15 |
| 10 50 | Ar...... Two Harbors ......Lv | 4 20 |
| 8 50 | Ar..... Allen Junction .....Lv | 6 25 |
| 8 20 | Ar......... Biwabik .........Lv | 7 05 |
| 8 03 | Ar.........McKinley .........Lv | 7 25 |
| 7 48 | Ar......... Virginia .........Lv | 7 15 |
| 7 30 | Lv.......... Eveleth ..........Ar | 8 00 |
| 7 55 | Lv.......... Tower ...........Ar | 7 30 |
| 7 05 | Lv.......... Ely ...........Ar | 8 25 |

Daily except Sunday.

A. H. VIELE,
General Passenger Agent.

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

# THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 229 West Superior Street.

Duluth Publishing & Printing Co.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening, Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy, daily.....$ .02
One month..... .45
Three months..... 1.30
Six months..... 2.60
One year..... 5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.
Official Paper of St. Louis County.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Dec. 4.—Since Thursday morning areas of low pressure have moved southeastward to Upper Michigan and Northern Montana, respectively, the former causing moderate, but general snows in Manitoba, Minnesota, the Upper Mississippi valley and the upper lake region, while the latter is now being attended by light snows in the Upper Missouri valley and thence northward to the limit of observation. Snow was also falling at 7 a. m. today at Chicago, Detroit and Sault Ste. Marie.

There has been a general and decided rise in temperature, except in portions of Wyoming and Nebraska, the change to warmer being most pronounced in the Lake Superior region and Manitoba, where the temperatures of 10 to 16 degrees below zero at Port Arthur and Winnipeg have been succeeded during the last twenty-four hours by rises of upwards of 24 degrees.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 12; maximum yesterday, 20; minimum yesterday, 4; snowfall (melted) for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .16 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Snow flurries and slightly warmer tonight; Saturday snow and warmer; fresh westerly winds becoming variable tonight, and probably brisk northeast winds Saturday.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Snow flurries tonight with colder in east and extreme south portions; Saturday snow flurries and warmer; brisk west backing to southerly winds. For Minnesota: Snow flurries tonight and Saturday; brisk northwest winds, shifting tonight to easterly.

### CHANDLER REDIVIVUS.

Senator Chandler's article declaring that silver must be remonetized and that the Republican party is pledged to accomplish it by international agreement has brought down upon his head a storm of abuse from the papers that believe in a gold standard only. The Louisville Courier-Journal says: "Precisely what that queer and uncertain individual who is called by usage the Hon. William E. Chandler, senator from New Hampshire, is driving at, is by no means clear. Chandler always seeks his own, but his methods are torturous. It has pleased him for the past year or two to set up for a bimetallist, but for what reason is not entirely clear. What is entirely clear is that it is characteristic of little men like Chandler to believe that they are the 'pillar of a people's hope,' and ought to be elected to the presidency. That he is intriguing to be elected president can scarcely be doubted. But why should he carry his appeal before the people of Great Britain?"

The Chicago Chronicle says: "William E. Chandler, the jingo senator from New Hampshire, gives information and encouragement to the bimetallists of Europe through the medium of the National Review. Choosing that medium, the New Hampshire senator addresses English bimetallists more especially. If they will read some of his ferocious deliverances in the senate relative to the Venezuelan matter in connection with his letter in the Review they may not take a very hopeful view of the success of international bimetallism if it depends on an agreement with a country ruled by such men as Chandler. They may wonder that such a bull-baiting swashbuckler should wish to enter into a friendly agreement with England about anything."

The New Hampshire senator probably expected such an outbreak and is therefore not surprised. He will not feel badly, either, because he has accomplished one object—that of getting his name before the people of the whole country.

### TOO MUCH SUPERFICIALITY.

The Kansas City Star says: "The public schools, as they were originally designed by the philanthropic men and women who founded them, were intended only to instruct the youth of the country in the rudimentary branches of education. Reading, writing and arithmetic comprised the curriculum of the early schools, and those branches were taught well. With the increase of population and wealth other studies were introduced. The fact cannot escape the notice of the close observer that, in proportion to population and opportunity, there used to be much less superficiality then than now. The reason for this is found in the former thorough instruction in the rudimentary branches."

The criticism made by the Star upon the superficiality of the instruction given in the public schools of the present day is well founded. There are too many branches crowded into the curriculum. The essentials are necessarily neglected because of the multiplicity of studies, many of which could be dispensed with. There is no doubt that good progress has been made in the conduct of the schools and that the character of the instruction has been improved in many respects, but yet it is true that this charge of superficiality has considerable foundation. Let more attention be paid to reading, writing and arithmetic. It is the custom of some teachers to sneer at those who emphasize the importance of instruction in "the three R's," in preference to branches that are more ornamental, but the people who insist upon children being well grounded in these essentials are right.

Thorough instruction in the rudimentary branches will better equip a young man for taking part in the active business of life than will a smattering knowledge of the classics or some of the "fads," unaccompanied by full knowledge of "the three R's."

### THE CUBAN QUESTION.

Walter Wellman, the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Times-Herald, says that the Monroe doctrine is to be extended to the Cuba problem. He has reason to believe that President Cleveland's forthcoming message will contain a paragraph, inspired by the secretary of state, which will in unmistakable terms convey to the world the intimation that if Cuba is to be dealt with by an outside power, the United States is the nation that will take that responsibility upon itself without assistance. Cuba is as much American territory as if it were a part of the mainland. It falls within the great rule laid down by Secretary Olney in his now famous dispatch to Lord Salisbury a year ago last August, that "today the United States is practically sovereign on this continent, and its fiat is law upon the subjects to whom it confines its interposition." The force and life of this rule Great Britain has tacitly acknowledged by her agreement to submit the Venezuela dispute to arbitration—an agreement made in response to a demand of her by the United States with the Monroe doctrine as its foundation.

Thus it will be seen that, as Mr. Wellman points out, for the first time in history the United States is in position diplomatically and practically to range itself behind the Monroe tradition in its dealings with foreign powers. It would be a swift movement of the affairs of our times if within a month after Great Britain's tacit recognition of that theory of our peculiar power over the Western hemisphere it should be put to a practical test in the case of the rich island of Cuba. The application of the Monroe doctrine to the Cuban question at this time shows how important and far-reaching will be the diplomatic victory won by our government in the Venezuelan affair. By it was established a principle which will enable the United States boldly to announce her intention to settle the Cuban problem alone, without any European nation save Spain having any standing in the case, whenever the time for our intereference may come. Application of the Monroe doctrine makes the United States master of the situation in Cuba whenever we care to issue our fiat. The probabilities are that President Cleveland will boldly announce the applicability of this rule in his forthcoming message, but whether he does or not, it is the policy of our government to permit no European interference with Cuba.

Mr. Wellman takes occasion to contradict with emphasis a sensational story which has recently been given publication. It is to the effect that three of the great powers, supposed to be the United States, Great Britain and either France or Germany, have agreed to intervene in behalf of Cuban independence at a certain date. Mr. Wellman makes this denial: "Here in Washington it is wholly unnecessary to deny such an improbable tale, but there are newspaper readers who may be tempted to give credence to it. No such agreement has been reached. None has even been suggested. No thought of such a thing has ever been in the mind of President Cleveland or Secretary Olney. To the contrary, such international action concerning Cuba would not be tolerated by this country."

Nor is there any truth in the report that President Cleveland has issued an ultimatum to Spain that the rebellion in Cuba must be ended within three months or the United States will intervene. The only thing certain is that in his approaching message to congress President Cleveland will sharply discuss the Cuban question and intimate that Spain should do something soon to end the struggle. Whether congress will rest content with such an expression is doubtful. There are strong indications that a majority in both branches of congress will favor the passage of a resolution recognizing the independence of the Cuban patriots.

### MUST BE RECOGNIZED.

The Anoka Union says: "The largest congressional district in Minnesota is the Sixth, and it proposes to be recognized or know the reason why. Politicians and others, take notice!"

This bold statement addressed to the political powers lends confirmation to various reports which have strayed northward to Duluth. The greatest congressional district in Minnesota is the Sixth; the banner Republican county in the Sixth district is Anoka, and the greatest, grandest and altogether intensest Republican in Anoka county is Editor Pease of the Union. What follows? Why, who is entitled to be "recognized" if not the greatest Republican in the banner Republican county of the largest congressional district in the state?

If Editor Pease, of Anoka, is not entitled to the office of United States marshal for Minnesota, who is entitled to it? Of course, the Sixth district must be recognized!

A Wilkesbarre, Pa., court has defined the word "mugwump." Thomas Johns, a well-known Republican, became a convert to the silver side in the last campaign. He wrote a number of articles for the newspapers. The other day Johns met Editor Flick of the Daily Times. Flick said, "Hello, Mugwump." This angered Johns. He upbraided Flick, and then had a warrant issued for the editor's arrest. At the hearing there was much discussion as to the meaning of the word "mugwump." Justice Donohn finally decided that it meant "a respectable Republican inclined to kick over the traces." The editor was discharged and the costs put on Johns, the justice claiming that Flick's salutation was complimentary, not insulting.

This is the way the disgusted editor of the Plain Dealer, published at Reno, Nev., announces the suspension of that paper: "With this issue the Plain Dealer will suspend, for what time I do not know. This does not arise from any inability of its editor to continue its publication, but I am so tired, tired of working for a people who neither appreciate my endeavors nor heed my admonitions, so tired that I would not, were I assured that it would be a source of revenue from this time forward, for the present continue its publication. I am tired of serving as swineherd and living off the husks." Many a country editor will thoroughly appreciate the feelings of the Plain Dealer's publisher.

It is asserted that the Marlborough investment of W. K. Vanderbilt was $15,000,000, two-thirds settled for life upon the duchess and the remainder upon the duke during his lifetime. The duchess' portion at her death goes to her children, if she has any; if not, one-half of it is to revert to her mother, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont. But the duke's $5,000,000 is his, whatever happens. All this money is invested in Vanderbilt railway securities, and the Marlboroughs only enjoy the income therefrom, but it is expected they will be able to buy sufficient coal to keep the Blenheim palace warm this winter.

Nicola Tesla, the electrician, is credited with saying that a man might live 200 years if he would sleep most of the time. That is why negroes often live to advanced old age—because they sleep so much. He also alluded to the current report that Mr. Gladstone now sleeps seventeen hours every day. Edison recently told a reporter that he frequently went for forty-eight hours without sleep, and sometimes for seventy. Following such a period of work, he often sleeps for eighteen hours at a stretch.

Investigation, prompted by President Cleveland's allusion in his Thanksgiving proclamation, has revealed that this is the only direct reference to a distinctively Christian doctrine that has appeared in a presidential document since the time of President Tyler. The latter, in 1841, appointed May 14 as a day on which he desired "all Christian people" to hold religious exercises in expression of the sense of bereavement due to the death of President Harrison.

Sam Jones, who is helping Mr. Moody in his herculean task of converting New York, said in a recent address: "Take a dogmatic preacher with his forty pages of manuscript! I would rather a fellow would pull a pistol on me than a manuscript. The pistol will miss you once in a while, but when a fellow pulls a manuscript on me, I say to the man next to me: 'You can wake me up when that gentleman gets through.'"

A Boston man of breeding and intellectual force wears sewed to his undershirt a card with this inscription: "My appendix has been cut out." And he gave this reason for his action: "You see, these are the palmy knifing days of the surgeon. If a man falls in a fit or faints, or is disguised mentally by a drug, and is carried consequently to a hospital, the surgeon operates on him for appendicitis without delay."

Congressman-elect Vincent, of the Fifth Kansas district, announces the selection of his private secretary in the person of his young daughter. Miss Vincent is now in Topeka learning shorthand and in other ways equipping herself for her Washington duties. The new congressman will thus keep $1200 a year in the family. He is like Congressman McCleary, of this state, who employs his young son in this capacity.

Sir Arthur Sullivan can now command $3500 down for one song, while from "The Lost Chord" alone it is said that he has realized over $50,000. Signor Tosti, the composer of "For Ever and For Ever," whose first manuscripts were "declined with thanks," can now command $1250 for a song. So that the man who says he will sell you something for a song is not necessarily offering bargains.

Some of the North Dakota papers are clamoring for a reform in the divorce laws. They say the existing laws make divorces obtainable too easily and expeditiously. The hotelkeepers probably do not endorse these views. The present laws suit them because of the divorce-seekers who come from other states to get freedom from matrimonial ties.

It is pleasing to read the following in the Cincinnati Enquirer: "Revival seems to be in the air. There is more thriving commotion in business circles, a better demand for goods, greater inquiry for investments, less timidity in capital, more disposition to make money earn something, instead of lying idle and furnishing its owner no comfort except to look at."

The new electrical and petroleum omnibuses in London are called motor buses and the indications are that the word will be contracted eventually into "mobus." The recent inventions are adding new words rapidly to the English language.

At present William E. Mason appears to have the best of the senatorial fight in Illinois. Of all the Republican candidates so far named, Mason is certainly nearest to the plain people. His gravest offense is that he is a story-teller. But so was Lincoln.

For the first time in a national election the Republican national committee closed the canvass without a dollar of debt outstanding and with $3,000 in the party treasury. It must be admitted that Mark Hanna is something of a financier.

A Chicago man made a complaint against his wife before a justice the other day because she threw hot pie at him. Some men can never be pleased, and when they kick on pie they are hopeless cases.

Cleveland and Hill will both retire from office next March. But it is safe to predict that David B. will not stay out of sight very long. He belongs to the irrepressible class.

The Chicago Chronicle is trying to prove that President Cleveland always was opposed to the trusts. The Chronicle must have entered the humorous field.

Maj. McKinley will soon be able to start a live stock show. He has been presented with a fighting cock, a pair of eagles, a raccoon and a flock of turkeys.

The New York morgue keeper who was arrested for selling corpses is putting up a pretty stiff defense.

Boston always was eccentric and now it has produced a man who was so grateful for McKinley's election that he sent $5 to a city mission.

It is significant that all the politicians go to Cleveland and call on Mr. Hanna before they visit Mr. McKinley at Canton.

Padelewski practices five hours every day out of season. His neighbors are entitled to sympathy.

Read the Saturday Herald tomorrow. The best newspaper published at the head of the lakes.

## THE GOSSIPER.

Some years ago, when colleges for women were new in this country and when the world of fashion was apt to look askance at any but the old conventional way of educating its daughters, an ambitious young friend of mine belonging to a family with no means, but many social traditions, went to one of these institutions determined on the higher education of herself. She was almost the only representative of her particular station in life, and for a long time she was viewed with a suspicion she failed to understand. When at last some trouble befell her a professor, who meant to be kind, explained the situation in these words: "You know when you first came to college your derss, your manner and your bearing betokened you had been in society, and that created a prejudice against you." A little more conversation followed, and the teacher added: "I never realized before that anyone who had been in society could have a single honest purpose." I have always remembered this story, for nothing to my mind ever illustrated more clearly the prejudices of well-meaning people, the utter inability of each to understand the other, the fashionable world looking askance at the intellectual and the intellectual world refusing to believe in the virtues of the fashionable.

* * *

Care of clothing is a subject but little comprehended by some women; as a result many with moderate incomes look decidedly shabby when there is no real reason for it, simply, for instance, because after paying a round of calls or after a wearisome day's shopping, they return home exhausted, neglect to brush their clothes and do not give a glance to see whether there is a stitch needed anywhere, so, naturally, the dust gets ground into the garment and very likely the next time the gown is donned it is in haste and a pin takes the place of the missing hook or eye, or the silken ruffle, perhaps, has a slight tear which a pin has to hold together. Of course, the pin injures the goods and the ruffle will probably tear badly, and such is the beginning of the end. Mothers should teach their daughters from the time they are children, to hang up their gowns and wraps as soon as they take them off, after carefully dusting and mending them as neatly as possible; and every one should remember that all dinner, ball and handsome gowns must be kept from the air and the slightest exposure to dampness or dust.

* * *

Any observing person can detect at a glance the sort of care clothes receive. There is no way to elude the mark of personal carelessness, it speaks loudly from every point and tells the story plainly to the world. That is the evidence by which we detect the frumpiness and untidiness of some of our friends in contrast with others who are always spick and span, as if they had come out of that proverbial bandbox so often quoted. Many women excuse themselves (when fortune no longer smiles upon them) from keeping up a well-groomed appearance by laying the blame on the want of a maid or their own helplessness to do for themselves. Such a plea instead of being an excuse, is in reality accumulative evidence of innate laziness and untidiness. Every woman who cannot afford a maid is able to supply the want by her own hands and go through certain duties to her person and clothes every day of her life unless she is a confirmed invalid, utterly helpless.

* * *

While connoisseurs of feminine beauty rave over the beauties of a swan-like throat, the fact remains that many extremely beautiful women have extermely short necks, to which no amount of care can add an inch. But whether a woman's throat is "swanlike" or otherwise matters but little in these days of chill winds. The possessors of all sorts of necks are confronted with the necessity of protecting themselves against colds or personal discomfort. Many are tempted to muffle up their throats in the becoming furs that make almost any face distingue, but the best advice that could be given to the ones who want lovely throats is—don't.

The neck, like the face, thrives best under Mother Nature's care, and high collars, feather boas and fur collars cannot help but create a tenderness that is disastrous to beauty.

But these things are fashionable just now, and after all it is worth some sacrifice to be just in style, and the only thing to do until the low collars come in again is to take such care of the throat that almost no damage will be done. In the first place, the neck should never be washed in warm water without a dash of cold, pure water to follow it, and on general principles the cold bath is decidedly the best.

Again, it will be found that a gentle massage of the upper chest and the neck before retiring will be followed by a toning up of lax muscles and a general improvement in the curves of the throat. When high collars are worn, if they are large enough to allow freedom of movement, the chances are that the skin under them will keep soft and healthy, and if, when the fur collar or boa is taken off overheated, a thorough rubbing with a and the tissues are found to be moist and soft towel is kept up for a few minutes the reaction will restore the weakened muscles.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Gentlemen of Duluth:

Our collection of holiday goods is both ornamental and useful. A dollar or ten dollars invested will bring you a corresponding value. Yes, we are justified in saying you will get more for your money here than elsewhere by buying our good goods and good styles at our low prices. We invite an inspection of our Bath Robes, Smoking Jackets, Rich Neckwear, Fine Underwear, Gloves, Umbrellas, etc.

KILGORE & SIEWERT,
Hatters and Men's Furnishers.
Lonsdale Building.

### WIND AND THE LEAVES.

There is warfare in the garden, and the many are outmatched
In the struggle of the millions and the one;
For the bitter wind is blowing, and the yellow leaves are going.
And the armies of the summer turn and run.

Here they come, a flying legion, round the corner, down the path,
While they seek in vain a shelter from the foe;
By his furious onslaught scattered, clad in russet, torn and battered,
Lost and ruined in the summer's overthrow.

Time was when they were allies in the April afternoon,
When the winter and the snows were at an end;
For he touched the earth so lightly, that they issued green and sprightly,
And they hailed him for their champion and their friend.

Then they loved him in the summer, and he kissed them as he passed,
When the uniforms they wore were fresh and green,
And they trusted in him blindly, for they thought his voice was kindly
As he whispered through the coppice or the dene.

But they found his rough advances on the gray September morn
Very different from his genial breath in June;
For when the year grew older, his friendship it grew colder,
And he threatened and he piped a warlike tune.

So they fought him, and he beat them; and the garden paths today
Tell a sorry tale of ruin and defeat,
For the cruel wind is roaring, and before him, whirling, soaring,
Go the little weary soldiers in retreat.
—Pall Mall Gazette.

### THE PEACEFUL REST.

"Consider well," the voice replied,
"His face that two hours since hath died;
Wilt thou find passion, pain or pride?

"Wilt he obey when one commands?
Or answer should one press his hands?
He answers not, nor understands.

"His palms are folded on his breast;
There is no other thing express'd
But long disquiet merged in rest.

"His lips are very mild and meek;
Tho' one should smite him on the cheek,
And on the mouth, he will not speak.

"His little daughter, whose sweet face
He kiss'd, taking his last embrace,
Becomes dishonor to her race—

"His sons grow up that bear his name,
Some grow to honor, some to shame—
But he is chill to praise or blame.

"He will not hear the north wind rave,
Nor moaning household shelter crave
From winter rains that beat his grave.

"High up the vapors fold and swim;
About him broods the twilight dim;
The place he knew forgetteth him."
—TENNYSON.

### LAUS DEO! IT IS DONE.

It is done!
Clang of bell and roar of gun
Send the tidings up and down.
How the belfries rock and reel!
How the great guns, peal on peal!
Fling the joy from town to town!

Ring, O bells!
Every stroke exulting tells
Of the burial hour of crime.
Loud and long, that all may hear,
Ring for every listening ear
Of eternity and Time!

Let us kneel;
God's own voice is in that peal,
And this spot is holy ground.
Lord, forgive us! What are we
That our eyes this glory see,
That our ears have heard the sound?

For the Lord
On the whirlwind is abroad;
In the earthquake He has spoken;
He has smitten with His thunder
The iron walls asunder,
And the gates of brass are broken.

Did we dare,
In our agony of prayer,
Ask for more than He has done?
When was ever his right hand
Over any time or land
Stretched as now beneath the sun?

It is done!
In the circuit of the sun
Shall the sound thereof go forth.
It shall bid the sad rejoice,
It shall give the dumb a voice,
It shall belt with joy the earth.

Blotted out!
All within and all about
Shall a fresher life begin;
Freer breathe the universe,
As it rolls its heavy curse
On the dead and buried sin!
—JOHN GREENLEAF WHITTIER.

### A MODERN DANIEL.

New Ulm Review: A number of office holders who had the temerity to advocate Bryan's election are now paying the penalty by being made the targets of Cleveland's wrath. It is an inexorable law with the chief magistrate that partisanship must be dispensed with unless on the side of Cleveland. A great, good and just man is this Buffalo upstart, a Daniel come to judgment.

### AN ANOKA FLATTERER.

Anoka Union: Few free silver papers in the country have displayed the good sense since election that The Duluth Herald has. Instead of trying to hinder the desired prosperity of the United States, it is doing everything within its power to help it along.

### JUSTICE THE FOUNDATION.

John Ruskin: People are perpetually squabbling about what will be best to do, or easiest to do, or advisablest to do, or profitablest to do; but they never, so far as I hear them talk, ask what is just to do. And it is the law of heaven that you shall not be able to judge what is wise or easy unless you are first resolved to judge what is just and to do it.

The readers of our publications are requested to use Salvation Oil for any and all pains. It is a sure cure. 25 cents.

## THE DAKOTAS.

### NORTH DAKOTA.

Railway officials at Mandan have been advised of very stormy weather west. West bound freights in the yards and ready to leave have been ordered abandoned, and the engines were sent back to the round house. General Manager Kendrick and party left with a double-header for St. Paul at 11:20 yesterday morning. The wind is now blowing from the northwest forty miles an hour, and is rapidly growing in velocity. The master mechanic says he is well equipped for any emergency, and every effort will be made to keep passengers and mails moving.

During the storm last week the barn of C. M. Liggett, who resides south of Emerado, was covered with snow to a depth of several feet. Yesterday the roof gave way and the building collapsed, killing six head of horses that were kept in the building. Considerable other damage was done to machinery and other articles stored in the barn. The loss to Mr. Liggett is a severe one.

The body of a woman was discovered fifteen miles west of Langdon. A man and wife were frozen to death Thursday by the burning of their house and subsequent exposure to the storm. Several men are missing. One farmer did not get to his barn until Friday afternoon and then had to dig through the roof to get to his horses, which were almost dead from hunger.

Judge Templeton at Grand Forks granted an absolute divorce to Alice M. Graham from her husband, Frank T. Graham, the couple were married at Montreal in 1892. Shortly after that time hubby left and has since remained away. The decree was granted on the grounds of desertion. Mrs. Graham has been a prominent member of the divorce colony for the past three months.

### SOUTH DAKOTA.

A very interesting series of denomination sermons are being delivered at the Congregational church in Vermillion every alternate Sunday evening. The idea was originated by Rev. George Paddock, pastor of the church, and is something entirely new. Two sermons have already been delivered, the first by Rev. R. N. Van Doren, of this city, upon the theme, "Why I Am a Baptist." Rev. C. E. Hager followed telling why he is a Methodist. There are to be four more speakers to complete the series. Rev. P. H. Corson, D.D., of Scotland, will speak upon the theme, "Why I Am a Presbyterian!" Dean George H. Cornell, of Sioux Falls, will represent the Lutheran creed, followed by the last speaker of the series, Dr. W. R. Warren, president of Yankton college, who will speak for the Congregational church. The sermons are very interesting and are drawing large audiences.

Melvin H. Cook, aged between 23 and 24 years, day operator in the office of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul at Milbank, is in serious trouble. Included among his duties was that of selling tickets. At the close of each day he made out a report which he turned over with the money to Station Agent F. H. Mills. Yesterday morning he confessed to Mills that he had embezzled between $700 and $800, and as he had no way of making it up, and knowing that when the traveling auditor came along the shortage would be discovered and that he might as well confess now.

The Masonic temple in Aberdeen will be completed and dedicated Jan. 25. It is 52 by 84 feet, three stories and a basement, and has twenty rooms exclusive of the basement, closets and paraphernalia apartments. The main lodge room will, with the galleries, seat over 200, and the banquet room will accommodate 200. The building is of the colonial style and has a cut brown stone porch adorned with suitable Masonic emblems. It is of brick and stone and is one of the most substantial and artistic buildings in the city.

Mrs. John Hedlin, of Vermillion, went to Yankton yesterday to get a divorce from her husband on the plea of drunkenness and desertion. She has a large family to support and complains that her husband is only a burden.

FINE MUSIC AND FINE ICE AT
UNION RINK.. TONIGHT!
Admission 25c.

### GRANDMA'S PARTY GOWN.

When the blue of the sky was hidden
With the mist of a rainy day,
Then the baby off to the garret
Went stealing alone to play.
And there from a nail in the rafter
She eagerly dragged it down
In a flurry of dust and cobwebs,
Grandma's party gown.

The folds of the heavy satin
Shot through with silver thread
Were patterned over with roses
That once on a time were red.
The mice had nibbled the laces
Since grandmother's curls were brown,
And many a spider nested
In the breast of the faded gown.

But into the 'broidered bodice
Her dear little form she laced,
Though the sleeves came over her fingers
And twice too big was the waist,
And a miniature lady of fashion
Went courtesying up and down
The floor of the gloomy garret
In gradmother's gorgeous gown.

We sought for the darling baby
Who failed to come at our call.
She was not in the paneled parlor
Nor yet in the oaken hall.
But up in the garret corner
We found her cuddled down,
Asleep in the silken splendor
Of grandmother's quaint old gown.
—Home Magazine.

### A GROWING GIRL.

Brooklyn Life: Aunt Miranda—I suppose you saw Mary's girl when you were down to the city. Has she grown much since they moved away from Basswood Corners?

Uncle Jedikiah—Grown! Why, she's growin' yet. You won't believe it, but her newest dress only reaches to her shoulders."

SPECIAL SALE

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Goods Must be sacrificed at less than half their value.

Best patent Flour, $2.60 per 100; choice patent, $2.50; good family Flour, $2.25 per 100.

CHOICE POTATOES. 25c PER BU.

Choice Oatmeal, $4.40 per bbl.; 50 chests choice new Teas, half price, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 30c per lb; choice California Sugar Cured Hams, 7c per lb; fancy Hams, 10½c per lb; dried Salt Pork and barrel Pork, 6c per lb; choice Bacon 9c per lb; choice Lard, from 6c to 7c per lb; Evaporated Apples 8c; Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, from 5c to 8c per lb; English Currants, 5 to 10c; Raisins, 5 to 8c; choice Dairy butter, 12½c to 18c; fancy Creamery, 18c to 25c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Lima Beans, String Beans Peas and other brands, from 25c to 85c per dozen or 4 for 25c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 32 bars best Soap for $1.00; Kerosene oil, per gal, 9c in bbl lots; Strictly Fresh Eggs, 20c per dozen; 20 lbs good Rice for $1.00 or 5c per lb. Gasoline 12c a gallon.

Choice Winter Apples, $1.40 per barrel.

Prices subject to market changes. Mail orders promptly attended to, send money order or cash for about the amount of bill and save delay. All goods guaranteed, prices and quality.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points. Terms, cash.

J. WILKEY,
Wholesale and Retail Department House,
203 & 205 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn

## A NORTHERN SHIP CANAL.

### From Lake of the Woods to Red River.

Roseau, Minn., Dec. 4.—The drainage survey of the county has been completed by Surveyor Ralph. He states that the fall between Lake of the Woods and Roseau river is eighteen feet, and that it would be an easy matter to drain the "great swamp" by building a canal and connecting the lake with the river. This is a matter that will be looked after by Congressman Eddy, who will be asked to secure an appropriation for a preliminary survey for a ship canal from Lake of the Woods to Red river. It is confidently asserted by many that the building of a waterway from the Lake of the Woods to Red river is a project so feasable and inexpensive, that once brought to the attention of congress there will be no great opposition to favorable legislation.

Aside from the advantages derived from such a waterway by the fisheries and industries on the Lake of the Woods, Rainy river and Rainy lake and the opening of commerce between the great Red river valley and by way of Rainy river and the boundary waters to the great lakes, there would also be the value of the drainage such a waterway would afford, not only to the land of the "great swamp," but all along its natural route. Such a canal would not only provide an outlet from Lake of the Woods on the American side, but would redeem at least 252 square miles of land.

As to drainage in and about Roseau lake, Mr. Ralph says that the most feasible plan is the widening and deepening of the rapids and a twelve-mile ditch from the head of the lake to a point on the river. Mr. Ralph states that there will be no trouble whatever to drain the land tributary to Two rivers and lying south of the ridge road. A ditch through the low land referred to would redeem many thousands of acres to the state, which will make the very best of land for any purpose.

### A BLAZE IN KANSAS.

Hill City, Kas., Dec. 4.—Fire originating from a defective flue destroyed the general merchandise stores of R. E. Green, the notion store of Charles Tillotson and a large two-story stone building owned by the Pioneer Savings and Loan association, of Minneapolis, Minn. The loss is not stated. The property was uninsured.

### WOMAN'S WAYS.

Up on the hill in a stately hall,
Servants are moving to and fro;
Solemnly wait, or in voices low
Answer the white-haired master's call.
Beautiful linen, and china frail,
Costly dishes of silver and gold;
Flowers, whose radiant beauty fails
To bring heart's ease to the hours worn old.

Only the master, stern and gray,
Only the wife, with her saddened face;
All, all gone, who with them one day
Sat at that table in youth and grace.
Some of the children they loved are dead,
Others are married. Their years are few;
And thus the servants, with stately tread
Are setting the lonely table for two.

Down in the valley, beside the road,
A cheery lamp in the window shows.
Over the casement clambers a rose;
Its petals white on the threshold snowed.
Singing softly a glad, sweet strain,
Margery (Margery's eyes are blue),
Some old couplet of love's refrain,
Deftly setting the table for two.

All the future is bright and fair;
Pain and sorrow are far away;
Love is the ruling spirit there;
Margery's song is glad and gay.
Up through the pathway wet with dew,
Sounds a footstep of hope and life;
Somebody smiles on his gentle wife,
Setting the cozy table for two.
—MARIENNE HEATON.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK
A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer
CALL FOR—
FITGER'S BEER

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO, ILLS.

# CLOAKS AND . . . CAPES.

This week we have sold more Cloaks than any previous week this season. There are a great many reasons for it, and the ladies know it better than anyone else. We are not using any illegitimate methods, either; but give them good, clean, wearable and stylish Cloaks, for a less price than any Special Sales can possibly quote. It is different here from any other house; we have no surplus stock—our Jackets sell rapidly—and consequently are receiving new goods almost every day, and have again received this morning too new Jackets.

**Tomorrow you will find our Cloak Room the most interesting place of any Cloak Room in the country.**

**Tomorrow you can buy** a heavy English Kersey Jacket, either in plain black lining or Persian lining; a Jacket that others ask $25.00 for—half of that would be $12.50. Our price for a better Jacket than that even is..... **$9.50**

If this is not in every particular as we say, the Jacket is yours.

**Tomorrow you can buy** the very best English Jacket (none better) made of the best Kersey, colored taffeta lining. We don't know what some would ask for such Jackets, perhaps $40, and cut it to $20. Our price tomorrow.. **$14.50**

If you don't find this to be the best value of any Jacket in this town, just say so and the garment is yours.

**Tomorrow you can buy** one or all, a heavy Boucle Jacket, cloth-stitched, the latest out; one of the most serviceable garments; made to sell for $14.50. Our price on this tomorrow is..... **$8.50**

**Misses' Jackets!** We have the swell garments and promise you that you can buy them at a smaller price than any other house will ask for inferior goods. In Children's Long and Short Coats we will quote you the very lowest prices, and you cannot help but buy them.

**Tomorrow is the big Cloak Day at**

**Silberstein & Bondy Company.**


## AMUSEMENTS.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

Walker Whiteside opens his engagement at the Lyceum this evening appearing in "Hamlet." Mr. Whiteside is an unusually gifted actor. He has rare power and energy and intellectual depth. He has a love and fondness for his calling which taken in connection with his abilities best augures for his success. Physically he is of the right proportion, his voice is flexible, pure and of volume. He elucidates each line perfectly. In repose his face is interesting and when aroused it becomes grandly interpretative. In a word Mr. Whiteside is impelled by an artistic force wholly uncommon.

"The Merchant of Venice" will be produced for the benefit of the Elks tomorrow afternoon and in the evening "Othello" will be the bill.

JOSEPH MURPHY.

Next Monday and Tuesday evenings at the Lyceum, Joseph Murphy will appear presenting "Kerry Gow" and "Shaun Rhue." His appearance will no doubt be welcomed by a large class of Irish theatre-going patrons; the popularity of Mr. Murphy as a comedian of the purely legitimate sort, was established a quarter of a century ago, and through all the varying changes of the drama he has maintained his high grade of characteristic work in standard dramas. No other Irish plays have reached so high a plane of merit or dramatic excellence, or employed methods which so justly deserve his measure of success.

## A Limit Set.

Judge Ensign has signed an order limiting the time for creditors of the Security bank to file proofs of claims to Feb. 10, 1897.

Charles Larson yesterday filed a schedule of assets and liabilities, showing assets of $2074.41 and liabilities of $2325.64. His assignee filed a bond of $4500 with Henry Smith and J. W. Dennis as sureties.

## A Lively Runaway.

A pair of horses belonging to C. M. Hill attached to a cutter, escaped from the control of their driver at Second avenue east yesterday afternoon and dashed west on Superior street at a terrific pace. They turned down Fifth avenue west and ran to the dock at the foot of that thoroughfare, where they were stopped. The driver was thrown out early in the running. He held on to the lines and was dragged some distance, letting go just in time to escape being dashed against a dray. A broken whiffletree was the only damage done.


THE MODERN MOTHER

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

Take No Substitute..

**Gail Borden Eagle Brand**

CONDENSED MILK

Has always stood FIRST in the estimation of the American People. No other is "just as good." Best Infant Food.


## THE COAL TRADE.

### Railroad Rate Which Lets in Some New Territory.

Coal dealers are happy just now. All through the fall they were gloomy and despondent because of the lack of business. People who usually lay in their supply of coal for the winter in September or October were buying only from hand to mouth. Everybody was hoping for a cut in price. When cold weather set in without the reduction, however, they evidently made up their minds that there would be none, and began to buy. As a result, both the retail and wholesale trade have been greatly rushed. The docks have been working overtime, and the railroads have been kept busy moving cars. The retail trade has been very good, and is larger now than it was last year at this time.

The wholesale coal men are also feeling happy just now over a new railroad rate which has been given them by the St. Paul & Duluth, Great Northern and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroads. This rate went into effect Nov. 30, last Monday, and it lets in a number of points in Southern and Southwestern Minnesota, and in South Dakota. Owatonna, Austin and other points are now in the territory which can be supplied, whereas before now they were entirely out of Duluth's territory. The trade from these localities ought to be very good, and the Duluth companies look for a nice business from there.

Railroad shipments out of Duluth, according to one of the coal men, showed a decrease of 12 per cent over those of last year up to November. During November, however, they were heavy, and will bring the average up. The heavy snows in the Dakotas seem to have created a larger demand, and there is less wood used out there than formerly. The same condition is reported from nearly everywhere. Coal is more in demand.

## Fidelity Lodge Officers.

The regular meeting of Fidelity lodge, No. 105, was held last evening. There was a large attendance, and great enthusiasm was manifested over the election of officers, which had been postponed from last meeting on account of Thanksgiving. The routine work was pushed rapidly, so that more time could be devoted to choosing the best men to fill the various positions, made vacant on this date. The first and most important office in the gift of the lodge is that of master workman. James McDowell was unanimously elected to fill that position. There was quite a fight for foreman, two strong members opposing each other. James E. Watts was the successful candidate. His election was also made unanimous. The next in order was overseer. Three candidates were nominated to fill this office. Two ballots were necessary to decide the winner, D. S. Blanchard coming out ahead. Other officers were: Guide, C. W. Blossom; recorder, J. H. Powers; financier, Stewart V. Barncard; receiver, C. F. Barncard; inside watchman, A. Jackson; outside watchman, B. Eder; trustee, C. G. Firoved. The new officers will be installed at an open meeting, which takes the form of a social and dance, on the first meeting in January, and preparations are on foot to make it the most successful entertainment ever given by the lodge.

A WRESTLING MATCH.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Next Tuesday night "Farmer Burns" will attempt, for $200 a side to throw John Rooney, the "giant gripman," five times in one hour. Rooney recently won a match under similar conditions with Dan McLeod.

# IT GROWS

### List of Those Who Want City Offices on the Increase.

### C. E. Lovett Added to the Aspirants For the Comptrollership.

### Attorney General's Opinion as to the New Election Amendment.

There has not been any great increase in the number of buds of booms that are being nursed for the coming spring election. It is yet a little early in the season, and it is not fair to presume from present indications that there will not be a full crop. It is probable that aspirants for political honors will be as thick as dandelions in June.

The only candidates for the comptrollership so far are Comptroller Tenbrook, Alderman Krumsieg and C. E. Lovett. Undoubtedly "there are others" waiting to be found, but the ones named are, perhaps, the only ones who have been prominently mentioned. Alderman Krumsieg, it is said, has decided to ask the nomination at the hands of the Republican convention.

For the treasurership, Walter Ingalls is said to have retired from the field, leaving Treasurer Voss in possession up to date. Undoubtedly someone will shy his castor into the ring ere long, but Fred does not seem to be worrying.

As alderman from the First ward, in addition to Alderman Hale and A. L. Warner, there have been mentioned P. G. Kraemer and Henry Nolte, either one of whom would make a strong fight.

There is a strange dearth of candidates in the Second, usually so prolific of them. George Ash says he does not want it and would not take it, but he is the only one spoken of, aside from Alderman Krumsieg in the event the latter should withdraw his gaze from the comptrollership and fix his eyes on the aldermanic goal. Michael Fitzgerald, contractor, it is said, is willing to place himself in the hands of his friends.

There is a putting together of heads in the Third among some of the younger element to pick out a candidate. Whoever he may be, he will have to trot a heat with ex-Alderman Lerch, and it will not be any minuet promenade either. A. Borgen may be a candidate in case Mr. Lerch does not enter for the race, which is equivalent to saying that Mr. Borgen will not run this year. J. T. Armstead, it is understood, is satisfied with the political experience he got in trying for the nomination for the office of county commissioner, and he will not allow his name to be used.

In the Fourth no names are heard except those of Alderman Christensen and John Boyer.

In the Fifth C. M. Simpson is a candidate. His friends urge in his behalf that he has done yeoman service and deserves recognition. He has taken off his coat, and the other candidates from that ward will not be allowed to forget for a minute that he is in it. Ex-Alderman Patterson, although he has said he does not want it, does not seem to resent being "mentioned."

In the Sixth Alderman Nelson's prospects for re-election are good. He is the preference of the Scandinavians, and he will have, it is said, the support of a large part of what is known in that ward as the "American" vote.

Aside from Alderman Richardson and ex-Alderman Barnes, both of whom have already been mentioned, there as yet have been no candidates seriously mentioned in the Seventh.

And in the Eighth ex-Alderman Mitchell is the only candidate, so far, aside from Alderman Olafson.

## THE OLD WAY

### Of Treating Dyspepsia and Indigestion by Dieting a Barbarous and Useless One.

We say the old way, but really it is a very common one at present time, and many dyspeptics and physicians as well consider the first step to take in attempting to cure indigestion is to diet, either by selecting certain foods and rejecting others, or to greatly diminish the quantity usually taken; in other words, the starvation plan is by many supposed to be the first essential.

The almost certain failure of the starvation cure for dyspepsia has been proven time and again, but still the moment dyspepsia makes its appearance a course of dieting is at once advised.

All this is radically wrong. It is foolish and unscientific to recommend dieting or starvation to a man suffering from dyspepsia, because indigestion itself starves every organ and every nerve and every fiber in the body.

What the dyspeptic wants is abundant nutrition, which means plenty of good, wholesome, well-cooked food and something to assist the weak stomach to digest it. This is exactly the purpose for which Stuart's dyspepsia Tablets are adapted, and this is the method by which they cure the worst cases of dyspepsia; in other words, the patient eats plenty of wholesome food, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets digest it for him. In this way the system is nourished and the overworked stomach rested, because the tablets will digest the food whether the stomach works or not. One of these tablets will digest 3000 grains of meat or eggs.

Your druggist will tell you that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the purest and safest remedy sold for stomach troubles, and every trial makes one more friend for this excellent preparation. Sold at 50 cents for full-sized packages at all drug stores.

Grand opening at Glen Avon rink Saturday afternoon and evening this week.

## May Roof Them Over.

The St. Paul & Duluth railroad is planning to roof over its warehouses and the tracks surrounding them so that one great steel truss roof will cover the whole. This will not only protect perishable commodities from rain while they are being carried from the warehouse to the cars or vice verse. Another feature will be an independent lighting plant.

Come out to Glen Avon rink Saturday afternoon and evening. Ladies of Glen Avon church assure all a pleasant time.

## ICE BARONS HAPPY.

### Early Setting in of Winter Pleasing to Them.

There is one class of citizens who were not a bit displeased when winter followed summer with a suddenness only equalled by the speed in which an equatorial sunset is followed by darkness. This class is the ice barons. Before summer was over their ice stocks, made small by the conditions surrounding the harvest of the ice crop last spring, was dwindling rapidly, and the ice barons nervously fingered their diamond studs as they watched the stocks dwindle. Before winter set in the East End houses were empty and the ice had to come from houses up the river, and even then the piles diminished rapidly.

Had summer lasted a week or two longer there would have been an ice famine, and ice cream and iced drinks might have been an impossibility. It was a narrow escape, but when summer suddenly and prematurely slumped into winter the ice barons felt that they were saved. The early freezing will probably make it possible for the ice dealers to fill their houses before midwinter this season, whereas in several seasons past they ha dto wait until late in the winter or early spring and then run a risk of having short supplies. This was the case last season, when the ice harvest they had to wait until late in the winter. It was then hedged about by regulations of the health department, and the ice on the lake broke up before the supply was complete.

## THE ENDION RINK.

### Zenith Polo Club Talks of Reopening It.

The Zenith Polo and Prison Goal club is negotiating with the Duluth Street Railway company with a view to securing and opening the Endion rink. This resort was operated last year and the year before by the Duluth Polo club, but the latter club has joined in with Manager Preston, of the new rink, and will play and practice there this winter, so it has given up its option on the East End car barn, in which the Endion rink is situated. The Zeniths are in need of a place to practice, and nothing could be better suited to their needs than the Endion rink.

The Zenith club and the Duluth club are both practising steadily, and if they can find anyone willing to go against them they will afford some lively games this winter.

## WANT A BRANCH.

### West Duluth People Ask the Library Board For One.

The West Duluth people are again making an effort to secure a branch of the public library, and a petition is before the library board now. It is proposed to furnish a room for it free of cost, and if the board does not feel that it can afford to pay an attendant, one will probably be furnished. The proposition has some friends in the board, but does not seem to have enough. The total amount available for library purposes this year is $8000, and after paying the expenses of the central library, there is little enough left for buying new books.

One of the members said to a Herald man that he was opposed to establishing any branches until the central library has been built up and established. "This city is not large, and for the present I believe in concentrating forces," said he. "We have little enough now for buying new books—not as much as a progressive library in a progressive city ought to have. People here read a great deal as the reports of books circulated show, and it takes considerable money to keep pace with them."


MUSIC AT

**GLEN AVON RINK**

SATURDAY EVENING.

Ice in splendid condition. Proceeds for the benefit of the Glen Avon Church. A good time assured. Every one invited.

ADMISSION 15c AND 25c.


## REPORT ALMOST READY.

### Waterways Commission Will Soon Be Heard From.

A Duluth man who returned from Chicago a few days ago says that the reports of the United States members of the joint waterways commission is being prepared and will be submitted to congress about the middle of December. this commission was arranged for some time ago. President Cleveland appointed as the American members President Angell, of Ann Arbor university; John E. Russell, of Massachusetts, and Lyman E. Cooley, of Chicago. The Canadian members are Hon. Oliver A. Howland, of Toronto; Thomas C. Keefer, of Ottawa, and Thomas Mcaroe, of Couteau. The two latter are civil engineers and are especially familiar with canal work. Mr. Keefer is 75 years of age and was in charge of and has built nearly all the canals in Canadian territory. Mr. Monroe succeeded to this work upon the retirement of Mr. Keefer and is the engineer in charge of active work now. The benefit of having two such men on the commission has been very great, their experience and technical knowledge being of inestimable value.

The commission has examined all the routes which have been consolidated for the deep waterway to the sea. These include the St. Lawrence route, Georgian bay route, Erie canal, and others. A large amount of data has been gathered and a wonderful amount of information in respect to deep waterways will be presented in the report. This will not be a final report, but a preliminary, and the commission will continue in existence.

Congress will be asked for an appropriation for an actual survey to be made next season.


When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.


MANAGER ARONSON DEAD.

New York, Dec. 4.—Albert Aronson, the theatrical manager, died today at his residence in this city. He was one of the Aronson brothers who managed the Casino theater in this city. Mr. Aronson had been suffering from lumbago for the last six weeks, but persisted in attending to the business of the Bijou theater. He was 48 years of age.


# GRONSETH & OLSEN.

CASH GROCERS,

401-403 EAST FOURTH STREET.

TELEPHONE 292. Established 1887.

**Do You Know the Reason Why**

We are selling you BETTER GROCERIES for LESS MONEY than any house in the city? BECAUSE we buy and sell in large quantities FOR CASH. Be sure and select your

SUNDAY DINNER FROM OUR LISTS.

**Saturday Specials:**

Lettuce, Cucumbers, Cauliflowers, Spinach, Parsley and Oyster Plant.

| | |
|---|---|
| Baldwin Apples, per bus | 40c |
| Greening Apples, per bus | 45c |
| Red Onions, per bus | 38c |
| Home Grown Carrots, per bus | 35c |
| Best Pork, per lb | 5c |
| Best Bacon, per lb | 9c |
| California Ham, per lb | 6c |
| Medium Ham, per lb | 10½c |
| Pure Leaf Lard, per lb | 6c |
| Navy Beans, per lb | 2c |
| Yellow Peas, per lb | 1½c |
| Yellow Corn Meal, per lb | 1c |
| Jelly, assorted, per pail | 28c |
| Holland Herring, White Hoop Keg | 70c |
| "Viking" Fancy Patent Flour, 98 lbs | $2.35 |
| "Viking" Pride Flour, 98 lbs | $2.25 |
| "Viking" Soap EVERY DAY 8 for | 25c |
| White Lily Soap, Laundry size cake | 5c |
| Sal. Soda, per lb | 1½c |
| Ohio Maple Syrup, per gal | 45c |
| Star of Nation Mince Meat, 10c pkg | 7c |
| WHITE CLOVER HONEY, 1 lb. Comb | 12½c |
| AMBER HONEY, 1 lb. Comb | 10c |
| Mustard Sardines, per can | 5c |
| Figaro Salmon, per can | 8c |
| BISMARCK CORN, GOOD QUALITY | 5c |
| Matchless Tomatoes, per can | 8c |
| Dew Crop Corn and Tomatoes, can | 12½c |
| Detroit French Peas, per can | 12½c |
| Mountain Rose Corn, per can | 12½c |
| Good Dairy Butter, per lb | 15, 18 and 20c |
| VIKING BLEND COFFEE, per lb | 20c |
| Sapolio, per cake | 7c |
| Rice, per lb | 5c |
| Tapioca and Sago, per lb | 5c |
| Corn Starch "Faultless" Brand, 6 pkgs | 25c |

**GRONSETH & OLSEN**


## PRIMA DONNA STYLE.

### Mr. Lerch Has His Shirts Instead of Diamonds Stolen.

Ex-Alderman Lerch is suspected of having designs on the aldermanic chair that will be vacated by the expiration of the term of "Uncle Bill," of pleasant memory, and when taxed therewith his evasive answers have tended to confirm the report. It was supposed that he would rely on his past services in the council and his prominent position as a business man to prevent the moss from growing on the memory of him in the public mind. But it is beginning to be suspected that he is resorting to up-to-date advertising methods, similar to those adopted by theatrical folks.

It has been hinted about that his clothes-line was robbed the other night. Owing to some hitch, due probably, to the lack of experience of his promoters, his denial came out before the rumors of the occurrence, but the latter, when they were unerringly set afloat, were varied and contradictory enough to suit a prima donna of the first rank.

Some of them were exaggerated even beyond the ordinary in such cases. It was said by some and believed by a good many that the ex-alderman had actually lost three boiled shirts. The conservatives, however, making allowance, agreed that perhaps it was one shirt and a dickey. Investigation revealed that there seemed to be some foundation for the robbery story, although some of the neighbors affect to believe that the ex-alderman hung out a few old things to be carried off in pursuance of a preconcerted plan. The list furnished the police shows that the ex-alderman's loss consists of one pair of socks and an odd one, a boiled shirt, a flannel ditto and a pique necktie.

## TO WORK ITS MEN.

### Missabe Road Making Plans of Several Kinds.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad is making an effort to care for as many of its best men during the winter as possible, and in order to give them work it is making several experiments. Next spring the road will have to replace a good many of their old ties with new ones. Usually these ties have been purchased from other parties, but this winter the road will get out its own. This is more or less of an experiment, as many of the men to be employed are unfamiliar with the work, but in case it is successful will probably be continued. The road will get out 40,000 ties and will send three or four separate gangs out, including mostly dock men, trimmers and laborers.

Another means of giving employment is the work of filling trestles and bridges, which employs four or five crews of railroad men and forty laborers. John Gulbrandson, who received the contract for lowering the Columbia grade, closed the contract Tuesday and will proceed to work immediately. He will employ about 165 men, and of these sixty will come from the Missabe road's employes, thirty from Mountain Iron and thirty from the section and dock men.


THE FACT THAT DOCTORS

Frequently advise change of air and climate to those suffering from catarrh is proof that catarrh is a local and climatic disease. Therefore, unless you can leave home and business, you should use Ely's Cream Balm. Applied directly to the seat of the disease, it effects instant relief and a satisfactory cure after short continuance. No mercury nor injurious drug is contained in the Balm.

"I Feel Uncomfortable" says your foot, "cold, clammy, pinched and painy."

"I Have Felt shoes," says my foot, "and so I am always warm and healthy."

**Alfred Dolge**

Felt Slippers and Shoes are ideal winter foot wear. Look out for this trade mark. It is on all genuine goods.

**Make Yourself Comfortable this cold winter with a pair of our....**

# Warm Shoes.

We have the celebrated Alfred Dolge's Felt Shoes and Slippers for Men, Ladies and Children. Ladies' Felt Shoes that are neat as as well as comfortable.

Ladies' Cork Sole Shoes, kid and calf skin pointed toe or new round toe Skating Shoes, at—

**$2 and $3.**

**Special Bargains:**

Ladies' Enamel Cork Sole Lace, best shoe for winter, $5 grade, reduced to..... **$4.00**

Ladies' Good Overgaiters, ..... 25c, 50c and 75c

Ladies' and Children's Jersey Leggings. Boys' Leather Leggings.

**Men's Fine Shoes.....**

. . . . TOP VALUE AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Men's Calf Needle Toe Lace, ..... $2.50 and $3.00

Men's Calf Needle Toe, Cork Sole, $5.00 grade, Special price ..... $4.00

Men's Felt Shoes for Curling, prices, ..... $2, $2.50, $3

Keep an eye on us for Holiday Slippers, you will be pleased with them.

**A. WIELAND,**

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

# LADIES' DAY TOMORROW.

Don't miss the opportunity to buy first-class WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE and FANCY NOVELTIES at YOUR OWN PRICE at the AUCTION SALE, commencing at 2 p. m. Nothing reserved, everything goes. Every Lady attending this sale will be presented with a beautiful and useful Souvenir.

Special reduced prices at private sales. Auction commences daily at 2 and 7:30 p. m., at

THE STANDARD JEWELRY & LOAN OFFICE,

324 West Superior Street. St. Louis Hotel Building.


## THEY CANNOT VOTE.

### Citizenship Papers Necessary Three Months Before Election.

Ex-Alderman Cox, of the Sixth ward, finding that many of the people in that ward were likely to be affected by the new constitutional amendment restricting the franchise, wrote to Attorney General Childs on the subject. Following is the attorney gentral's reply, made in answer to a question whether a man who took out his second papers of citizenship now could vote at the coming municipal election:

St. Paul, Dec. 3, 1896.—A. M. Cox, Duluth, Minn.—Dear Sir: Although it does not appear that you occupy any official position, I will simply say in reply to yours of recent date that it will undoubtedly be held that a person will not be eligible to vote at any election who has not been a citizen of the United States at least ninety days prior to the holding of such election. Your question should therefore be answered in the negative. I am, very truly yours.

H. W. CHILDS,
Attorney General.

## AT GRAND RAPIDS.

### State Land Examiner Dedon Back From His Trip.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Senator Dedon, state land examiner, returned from his Northern Minnesota explorations yesterday and went to St. Paul this morning. He has been away three months and cruised several hundred miles in the Little Fork, Bow String, Big Fork and Rainy Lake districts and in the northeastern part of Itasca county. While estimating timber and making school selections of indemnity lands, he found a few small cases of trespass.

The remains of William Hendry, of Iron River, Wis., were brought here this afternoon. He died suddenly at "Cut Foot Sioux" while on the road back from the Red lake country. His intended, Miss Lizzie Stambaugh, arrived from Duluth this evening.

## THE FOSSTON BRANCH.

### Great Northern Surveyors Have Reached Deer River.

Deer River, Minn., Dec. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The surveyors of the Great Northern railway stopped here last night, having examined the country from the line of the preliminary survey, which ran south of Ball Club lake, northeast to the end of the Duluth & Winnipeg tracks at this place. They say but little about their movements and are evidently waiting for further orders.

## DOCKMEN'S STRIKE.

### A General Walk Out Will Be Declared.

Hamburg, Dec. 4.—At a meeting of the central strike committee here today, it was decided to declare a general strike and a pamphlet was issued calling upon all quay laborers, engineers, bargemen, lumpers and carmen to quit work in order to bring the business of the port to a standstill. The majority of the quay laborers have obeyed the call and the remainder will probably quit work at noon.

STRIKE AT ANTWERP.

London, Dec. 4.—A special dispatch received here from Antwerp announces that the dock laborers there are refusing to unload vessels arriving from Hamburg. A general strike is feared.

## REWARD OF $2000.

### Offered in Connection With the Gail Diamond Robbery.

New Orleans, Dec. 4.—Two thousand dollars has been offered as a reward for the capture of the men who dim-flammed Gail and the recovery of the precious stones, which are vadued at $10,00. Mr. Peabody and the victimized jewelry were in each other's company the greater part of yesterday and their business was in relation to the settlement for the gems. Mr. Gail being the owner of much valuable real estate, has no fear about securing the amount to make good the less, and an agreement was reached by which Mr. Peabody will receive payment for his property.

Mr. Gail says that since he has collected his senses, he cannot understand how he was duped, though the men were so nice and looked gentlemen every inch of them. Last night, detectives arrested two Italians. The officers learned that they were stopping in a boarding house on St. Charles avenue and the fellows were taken to the Central station. It is not thought they are the guilty ones.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS.

South and West, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Tickets and particulars, ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Come out to Glen Avon rink Saturday afternoon and evening. Ladies of Glen Avon church assure all a pleasant time.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion clear. W. A. Foote.

The supper at the Unitarian church tonight will be served from 6 to 8 p. m.

The Episcopal mission Sunday school will be held at the East End car barn next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Patrick Mahoney, who said he was a sailor from the steamer Northern Light, went up for ten day for drunkenness this morning.

The preliminary hearing of John Cummings, who is charged with stealing some mittens and other articles from the window of Walsh's shoe store, 20 East Superior street, on the night of Nov. 26, was today continued to Dec. 15 by Judge Ellson by agreement of counsel.

City Engineer Patton is at work on the estimate of the value of the West Duluth light and water plant, as directed by the resolution of the council passed last Monday evening.

The Euchre club will meet this evening with Mr. and Mrs L. P. Totman.

The Saturday club will meet tomorrow and for the current events discussion will have reports from foreign countries. Mrs. Grannis will be leader. The English history subject will be "The Reign of Henry III, and Miss Nolte will lead.

John Promberger, who has represented the Lackawanna fast freight line here for some time, has also become the agent of the Nickel Plate line, which also runs a fast freight line.

The Ladies' Golden Rebekah lodge will give a dime social at I. O. O. F. hall tomorrow evening.

The Somerset Y will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Miss Mabel Presnell, of 503 West Third street.

A pink supper will be given this evening at the Unitarian church, corner of Eighth avenue east and First street by the young people of the church. The supper will be from 6 to 8 o'clock, and after it is over, a musical program will be given.

Walker Whiteside addressed the pupils at the High school this afternoon.

The Walker Whiteside performance tomorrow afternoon at the Lyceum will be for the benefit of the Elks, and the sale of seats indicates that the order will be materially aided.

The birth of a son to G. C. and Annie S. Kiehl, of 314 Sixth avenue west, has been reported to the health department.

## PERSONALS.

C. R. Ainsworth, of Moline, Ill., is in the city today.

E. J. Hodgson, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

H. J. Anderson, of Hudson, Wis., is at the St. Louis today.

D. M. Collins, of Sioux City, Iowa, is in the city today.

P. E. Dowling and James Dowling came down from Eveleth yesterday.

S. S. Johnson, of Cloquet, was in the city last evening.

C. I. McNair, of Little Falls, is in the city.

Superintendent E. L. Brown of the St. Paul & Duluth road came up from St. Paul today.

John Marshall, Jr., of San Francisco, is in the city today.

Howard De Mott, insurance man, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Dixon, of Cloquet, were at the Spalding last evening.

F. L. Ryan, receiver of the United States land office, will leave this evening for a trip of a month in the East.

Jean Morris Ellis will give private phrenological examinations with charts every day this week from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

**GRAND OPENING**
**GLEN AVON SKATING RINK,**
**Saturday, Dec. 3, afternoon and evening.**
Good music, fine ice, Rink light as day, lighted by arc lights and locomotive head lights.
Opening under auspices of Ladies of Glen Avon Church. Admission 15c and 25c.

## MR. WHITE ARRESTED.

### Charged With Having No Employment License.

Thomas G. White, of the firm of T. G. White & Co., proprietors of an employment agency at 503 West Michigan street, was arrested today on a warrant charging him with doing business without a license. The hearing was to be had on a date to be fixed. It is understood this is to be a test case, to determine the validity of the ordinance providing for an annual license fee of $100 and the filing of bonds in thes um of $2000 with the city clerk.

### Mills Closing Down.

The mills at the head of the lakes will have entirely shut down in a day or two, until after the holidays. The Imperial mill shut down a few days ago and then started up for a three days' run. It will shut down tomorrow night. The Daisy, Anchor and Listman mills at Old Superior will shut down tomorrow night also. The Grand Republic, Freeman, Minkota and Barclay mills have already closed down.

### Mr. Hudson's Statement.

T. T. Hudson, chairman of the Democratic congressional committe, yesterday filed his statement showing receipts of $393.50, mostly from private subscriptions, and equal expenditures. The committee has unpaid bills amounting to $397.54. Charles A. Towne reported expenditures of $807.50 as follows: Traveling expenses, $325; hall rent, $25; printing, $17.50; postage and telegraph, $20; committee, $400.

You Save **TWENTY LOAVES** of **BREAD**
Every Time You Buy a Barrel of
**DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.**

# CLAIMS IT

### M. J. Clark Brings Suit Against the Richards Lumber Company.

### It Affects the Most Valuable Asset the Company Has.

### He Wants His Contract For Sale of Timber Annulled.

Melvin J. Clark this morning begun an important suit against the B. B. Richards Lumber company and the Duluth Trust company, its assignee. He alleges that in 1894 he sold a lot of standing pine in Carlton county to the lumber company for $265,000, to be paid as follows: $250 down; $2000 by Dec. 1, 1894; $13,000 Jan. 1, 1895; $10,000 July 15, 1895; $5000 Sept. 1, 1895; $35,000 Dec. 1, 1895, and three payments of $66,583.33 each Dec. 1, 1898, 1897, and 1898. The company was given the privilege of cutting all the timber it desired by paying him $5 per thousand, such payments to apply on the installments. The title was to remain in Clark until the full amount was paid.

He alleges that during the logging season of 1894-5 the company cut 22,000,000 feet of logs, and during the sawing season sawed it up into 29,500,000 feet of lumber, besides lath and shingles; that during the season of 1895-6 the company cut 10,000,000 feet of logs, which they sawed into 12,500,000 feet of lumber. He claims that during the first season the company shipped 20,000,000 feet of lumber from its docks, for which it received about $220,000; that during the season of 1896 it shipped 17,000,000 feet of lumber, for which it received $187,000; and that it received $10,000 for lath and shingles during the two seasons.

Clark claims that all this was without his permission, and therefore in violation of the contract, and that the company having failed to pay him the stipulated $5 per 1000 feet, it took $202,000 which should have been paid him on the contract. The first four installments were paid and no more, he says, and he renewed the notes for the other payments several times. In September, 1896, the company represented that it had to have money, and he gave it permission to sell $9000 worth of lumber for the purpose of paying its men and thus preventing their getting liens on the logs. The company, however, instead of paying the men, took the money for its own use and came to him again for permission to sell more lumber to pay the men. He gave his permission again, and the company sold $9500 worth of lumber. It paid the men $8500 and kept $1000.

The complaint states that fires have gone through the timber, and much of it will have to be cut this winter or it will become motheaten and worthless. It is also alleged that a good deal of the timber cut was used on the plant, which was enhanced in value at his expense. Mr. Clark wants the contract annulled and himself declared the owner of the timber and the lumber on the docks. He wants an accounting of the money due under the contract and that amount declared a lien on the mill. Cash, Williams & Chester are his attorneys.

## THE CITY FINANCES.

### Report of Treasurer Voss For November.

By the monthly report of City Treasurer Voss, the state of the city's finances Dec. 1, is shown to be as follows:

GENERAL FUND.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance, Nov. 1 | $ 54,890 36 |
| Receipts | 116,487 37 |
| | 171,377 73 |
| Disbursements | 40,551 75 |
| Balance, Dec. 1 | $130,825 98 |

WATER AND LIGHT FUND.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance, Nov. 1 | $152,668 64 |
| Receipts | 101,970 46 |
| | 254,639 10 |
| Disbursements | 5,748 36 |
| Balance, Dec. 1 | $248,890 74 |

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Overdraft, Nov. 1 | $164,402 33 |
| Disbursements | 68,304 03 |
| | 232,706 36 |
| Receipts | 4,926 77 |
| Overdraft, Dec. 1 | $227,779 59 |

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Overdraft, Nov. 1 | $ 26,187 37 |
| Disbursements | 19,195 61 |
| | 45,382 98 |
| Receipts | 4 00 |
| Ovedraft, Dec. 1 | $ 45,378 98 |

LIBRARY FUND.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance, Nov. 1 | 6,069 60 |
| Disbursements | 1,573 38 |
| Balance, Dec. 1 | $ 4,496 22 |

PARK FUND.

| | |
|---|---|
| Balance, Nov. 1 | $ 9 07 |
| Receipts | 4,229 65 |
| | $ 4,238 72 |
| Disbursements | 2,907 08 |
| Balance, Dec. 1 | $ 1,331 64 |

The balance in the interest fund is $4795.23 and in the sinking fund $58,878.72, unchanged from last month.

### Advertising the Bonds.

City Clerk Richardson is preparing to advertise for bids for the $1,695,000 bond issue to be sold Jan. 4. Bidders will be required to take $1,400,000 of the bonds and agree to purchase the balance of $295,000 at the option of the city, within fifteen days after notice. It is required that bids be unconditional, that they shall contain a waiver of all illegalities and shall not be conditioned on the approval of any attorney or attorneys. A guarantee of $25,000 must accompany each bid. The bonds run thirty years with interest at 4½ per cent.

WILL CLOSE BUSINESS.

Middletown, Conn., Dec. 4.—Potenus & Mitchell, dry goods, announced today that on March 1 the business here will be closed. No cause is given. This company is a branch of a concern having stores in Norwich, Conn., and other cities.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

## BIDS HIGHER THIS TIME.

### Intake Laying Will Cost the City More.

Bids for laying the intake pipe were opened at the office of the board of public works this morning, and it looks as if Alderman Crandall's coup in heading off a fancied "dicker," as he expressed it, between the two firms that put in the lowest bids in response to the first advertisement will prove an expensive strategetic move. The bids run from $32,000 to $45,000. The bid at the first named sum was put in by King & Steele, and they were awarded the contract. It is an increase of $2110 over the previous bid of Fredin & Co., the confirmation of the acceptance of which was so ingeniously headed off by the alderman from the Fifth.

The other bids are as follows: M. Norris, $45,000; J. Zimmerman, $35,635.19; E. Engle, $43,250; P. McDonnell, $42,800; A. Fredin & Co., $34,370; C. J. Fredrickson, $33,800; James Kennedy, of Two Harbors, $41,000; Tulloch Bros, $35,400.

## THE SECURITY PLANS.

### Majority Hope to See the Minority Come In.

By reference to the report of the committee of depositors of the Security bank, it will be seen that all but about 15 per cent of the general depositors of the bank have come into the reorganization plan. Without the balance of these it will be impossible to carry out the plan and Dec. 15 has been fixed upon as the final date when the depositors must have signed or the plan be abandoned.

Those who favor the plan think it will be a great misfortune to have the effort to reorganize fail. The estate will then have to pass through insolvency and it may be five or six years before the amount of the stockholders' liability can be determined. The stockholders, under the plan, are to advance $50,000, half the amount of their liability, at once and the $50,000 now would be worth more than $75,000 five or six years from now. And after the estate has been exhausted, which must be done before the liability of stockholders can be fixed, it is questionable whether the stockholders' liability can be enforced so as to reach all stockholders.

Another thing which those in favor of the plan say is that it will give the city another bank having good working capital and established on a sound basis. Today there are only four banks in the central part of the city and it is believed that there is an excellent opening for another.

## ENDION CLUB RECEPTION.

### Entertained Members and Lady Friends Last Evening.

The Endion club entertained its friends last evening in the club rooms. About 200 members and guests were present. The rooms were decorated with palms, ferns and cut roses and flags and bunting drapery. There was dancing in the parlors and billiard hall, for which Boeref's orchestra furnished the music. For those who did not dance, there was billiards, and there were many cosy corners for smokers. The executive committee, consisting of J. G. Howard, B. Silberstein, J. D. Buxton, and O. H. Clark, received the guests and to the efforts of this committee the success of the affair is in a great measure due. Last night's event is the first of a series of informal receptions, which it is designed to give during the winter.

## CHEAP RATE GIVEN.

### Inducements Offered to Attend the Hospital Fair.

Arrangements have been made by the transportation committee, whereby parties of five or more desiring to attend the St. Mary's hospital bazar will enjoy the advantage of a fare of one and one-third for the round trip over the Duluth & Iron Range; Duluth, Missabe & Northern, and Duluth, Superior & Western railroads, the tickets being good for one week, from Dec. 9 to 15, inclusive. This, it is thought, will prove a more satisfactory arrangement than a single fare rate good for two days only, as at first planned.

The booths for the fair are about completed, and present a very attractive appearance.

### Maccabees' Election.

The Knights of the Maccabees, Duluth Tent No. 1, elected officers last evening as follows: Past Commander, I. N. Chellew; commander, H. Harrington; lieutenant commander, W. Irwin; record keeper, J. J. Hartley; finance keeper, C. Edwards; chaplain, A. Dorner; physician, Dr. Lynam; sergeant, C. J. Hector; master at arms, O. J. Secord; first master of guard, J. C. Corleissen; second master of guard, W. Wabler; sentkel, J. Pringle; picket, George Summerton. There will be a public installation in January in the rooms in the Kalamazoo block.

### Chases Them Around.

Emile Baboiz, who was examined last Saturday for insanity so unsatisfactorily that another examination was ordered, was to be examined again this afternoon before Probate Judge Ayer. Bubolz is apparently a mild young man, but his sisters are afraid of him because of his intermittent attacks of acute mania. Ordinarily he sits lazily by the fire, but occasionally he starts up and chases his relatives around the house. While sitting by the stove Thanksgiving day he decided to celebrate the occasion vigorously, so he grasped a stick of wood, broke into the dinnig room and was with difficulty restrained from using the stick on his sisters.

## THE COUNTY BOARD.

### Monthly Meeting Being Held This Afternoon.

The county commissioners met this afternoon, and among other things they ordered the auditor to advertise for bids for printing the board's proceedings, the financial statement, and the tax list next year, also for blanks, blank books and stationery. Bids were also to be received for the construction of a mortuary vault at the poor farm. County Surveyor Fred Davis in a communication throught that owing to the slow progress of the work on the Miller Trunk road one instead of two inspectors for each 5-mile section would suffice, and that half of the inspection price might be released.

State Auditor Dunn acknowledged the receipt of the intelligence of the organization of township 58-19 under the name of Scott, but he said that as there is already a Scott township in Stevens county a new name would have to be chosen.

The following requisitions for clerk hire were made: Treasurer, $450; register of deeds, $350; clerk, $540; auditor, $1425. The register of deeds reported that he had earned $417.20 in fees; the clerk reported that he had earned $1190.20, of which $412.45 was uncollected, had collected $668.15 earned in previous months, and had turned the net receipts, $1444.50, over to the treasurer. The superintendent of roads reported that he had laid out $3946.23 during November.

## AGAINST M. O. HALL.

### Case Which Will Come Up in Court Soon.

Judge Ensign this morning took up the case of H. B. Earhart & Co. against the receiver of the Security bank, to recover checks deposited in the bank after banking hours on the day before the bank was closed. The plaintiff claims that the checks were merely left at the bank for collection, and that he had an agreement with the bank that under such circumstances checks were to be held in trust until collected, and not to be regarded as deposits until such time as they were collected. He asks for the return of the checks or their equivalent, amounting to $634.60.

The first case on the docket for Judge Moer, after he finishes the water case, will be the case of John Lundberg against A. D. Davidson, as assignee of the State bank, in which charges of a peculiar nature are made against M. O. Hall, president of the bank. It is claimed that Lundberg once owned a house and lot in Portland division, worth $10,000, and that his brother Solomon owned a house and lot on East Third street, worth an equal amount. Together they borrowed $1000, and mortgaged both homesteads. The mortgage was afterwards bought by the State bank and foreclosed. Meantime Lunberg had gone insane, and in 1895 he was sent to the asylum. He claims that the notice of foreclosure was served upon him while he was insane, and incapable of realizing what it meant, and that when the property was bid in M. O. Hall had his representative bid $1000 for the plaintiff's property, and bid the remainder of the sum for the other homestead, knowing that the plaintiff was insane and not likely to attempt to redeem it.

It is alleged that while Lundberg was in the asylum, Hall fraudulently induced the woman's children to leave the homestead under pretense of taking care of them, in order to keep them away long enough for him to get hold of the homestead. They stayed away until they were told by friends of his intention, when they returned.

The case was tried in municipal court, and judgment being rendered for the bank, Lundberg was ousted from his home. He wants the court to grant him the right to redeem and to pay the mortgage, and he wants the transfers by which the State bank got hold of the mortgage annulled.

## STILL AFTER LISTON.

### Pabst Co. Proceeds Against Gasser and Murray.

The Pabst Brewing company has not given up its attempt to get hold of Pat Liston's Towne money to satisfy its claim against him. It will be remembered that a few days ago the stakeholders made disclosures which showed that they had paid the money belonging to Liston which had been held by them over to the Morris betters who had won the bet. This morning the beer company filed affidavits with the purpose of having the court make orders compelling the winners to appear in court and prove their claims to the money. F. L. Murray is to prove his title to $400 and M. M. Gasser to $200. A note of issue in the case has been filed for tomorrow's special term, when the successful betters will be called upon to make good their titles to the stake money, or at least to such parts of it as Liston put up.

### X Ray Experiment.

An X-ray experiment of great interest will be attempted at the high school tomorrow afternoon, provided the Crook's tube arrives in time. The arm of James Owens, which was shattered in a railroad accident some time ago, and the bones of which were festened together by the operating physician with silver wire, will be exposed to the ray to determine whether an inability to use the member is caused by an interference with the nerves by the fractured bone.

### K. of P. Election.

Diamond lodge, Knights of Pythias, held its annual election of officers in the Allen block at Eighteenth avenue west Wednesday night. The following officers were elected: C. C., George Duran; V. C., William Tabor; P., E. A. Pierce; M. of W., J. L. Porter; M. at A., J. A. Congdon; M. of E. and E. T., A. Plato; K. of R. and S., S. L. Pierce; I. G., J. Gillis; O. G., J. Yergon; trustee for three years, W. W. Butchart.

### His Appeal Denied.

In the case entitled in re John E. Rogers, Secretary Francis of the interior has rendered a decision sustaining the local and general land offices. Rogers entered lands in sections 4 and 35-59-23 under the timber and stone act. They were decided to be "offered lands" not subject to entry under the timber and stone act. Rogers appealed but is denied.

### An Intake Elbow.

At the Great Western plant, the work of putting together the first elbow for the intake pipe was begun today. The job is a delicate one, there being forty-one pieces to be put together. The elbow makes a rise of thirty-three feet. The pieces are first bolted together and then the holes for the rivets are drilled through the two plates at once, in order that they may be perfectly true with each other.

# TOMORROW AT . . . THE STORE.

## There's no let-up!

The clamor for cloaks here becomes greater and greater. Cloth Jackets were never so easy to secure, the feat of looking stylish and warm is brought within the reach of the most meager purse; and make no mistake, there is a limit in time and quantity even in this great Cloak stock. So hurry, whilst your size is here and style diversity is complete—it's the Cloak opportunity of the age. **Half price** for any Cloth Jacket in the house.

## It's all in the Hang!

To be well made of good material is a desirable feature, to be sure, but if a skirt is not hung right, its supreme beauty is lacking. These Skirts we are selling at from $2.00 up are hung right and made right, and are right.

## The ready-to-wear Wrappers

are making friends fast and for reasons good, too. First consider the work of making and then think.

Outing Flannel Wrappers made in the latest style are selling here at $1.25 to $1.75; Eiderdowns, $3.00 to $5.00; fancy Cashmeres, $4.50 up.

## The Days Have Arrived

when the touch of fur is a comfort; a little looking and you'll notice we have anticipated the present craze for Collarettes, Ripple Capes, thibet Boas, etc. We are selling a tail-trimmed Electric Seal Cape at..$3 68 and special values in electric Seal, Martin, Astrakhan, Wool, Seal and Coney in 30 and 40-in lengths.

## A tedious task, We know,

To buy Misses' Jackets, and it's attended with cost; in fact, some of the most prominent houses in the country decline to handle them in consequence. Mothers should consider that as much labor is required on a Misses' Jacket as a Ladies'. Besides the expense of creating styles peculiarly required for misses, we've cut the price on Misses' and Children's Jackets severely for tomorrow. Bring the little ones with you.

## What's in a Veil?

More than most people think, it either adds much o your appearance, or detracts severely, like the cast to a Picture, each veil needs a thought of effect.— Try these they're new, and right in style as well as price.

## Millinery.

The most important news from the Millinery department is of three lines of Trimmed Hats that will go on sale tomorrow, as follows:

**21 Hats at..... $1.98**
**18 Hats at..... $2.98**
**16 Hats at..... $3.50**

They are all new, stylish creations and will at once impress you as being very desirable, as well as low in price. See Felt Hats selling at 25c, 50c and 75c. Just as well save a little if you're going to buy one.

## Have Trouble Getting Small Change Out of Your Purse?

Do so no more. With the heaviest gloves on, you can handily handle your change with these Pocketbooks. When closed they are neatly beautiful; when opened oddly handy and helpful. See 'em. They cost no more than others.

## Hosiery and Underwear

Aside from desiring to call your attention to these great stocks, it is hardly necessary to mention Hosiery and Underwear. The steadily increasing patronage attest sufficiently the character of goods selling as well as the moderateness of price.

## Separate Waists.

In Satins, Taffetas, Corduroys, Plaids, Flannels, Brilliantines and fancy Chiffons. Prices low.

**POWER & SETTLE.**

# CAPITOL

## Arriving Senators and Congressmen Talk About a New Tariff.

## Several Favor the Passage at This Session of a Relief Bill.

## Naval Department's Steel Plate Troubles and Some Postal Frauds.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Congressman Hepburn, of Iowa, chairman of the house committee on inter-state commerce, and Congressman Broderick, of Kansas, both of whom arrived today, are in favor of an extra session and the immediate passage of a Republican tariff bill. Mr. Hepburn favors a moderate protective measure. Mr. Broderick believes that no silver or financial legislation will be enacted either by this or the succeeding congress. The house, he said, would block legislation favorable to silver, and the senate legislation in opposition to it. The only hope, he says, is an international agreement. He belives that the Republicans will carry out the spirit of the St. Louis platform declaration in favor of an international agreement and take an aggressive stand in behalf of a commission to accomplish such an agreement.

Representative Thomas, of Michigan, says the sentiment in Michigan is decidedly in favor of the immediate passage of a measure to raise additional revenue. The Dingley bill, with some modifications, he says, would be satisfactory. "I recognize, however, that the sentiment from Canton is for an extra session, and for a complete revision of the tariff, in accordance with Republican doctrine, and I do not look for much legislation at this session beyond the passage of the regular appropriation bills." Mr. Broderick and Mr. Thomas say the sentiment in the West is decidedly in favor of the recognition of the independence of Cuba, but they are inclinable to think congress, having expressed its wish, the question of decisive action restes with the executive.

### BAD STEEL PLATES.

**Matter Which Bothers the Navy Department.**

Washington, Dec. 4.—For many months past the navy department has been having difficulty in obtaining a suitable grade of steel for naval vessels, and particularly at Newport News, where defective plates have been found in several seas. Possibly the development of weakness in the plates may be attributed to the adoption there of improved methods of construction, involving the use of flanged plates, instead of flat plates connected by angle rolls, or it may be that the constructor in charge at Newport News is more particular than others as to the quality of the plate he uses, but it is certain he has rejected and thrown on the hands of the makers—the Carnegie company—an unusually large number of plates.

The attention of the steel board has been directed to the subject, and consideration is being given to the question as to whether it will be necessary to change the system of inspection at the steel mills or make the specifications more rigid.

BLACKMAILERS STOPPED.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Postmaster General Wilson today checked the operations of an enterprise that has been sending insulting and threatening letters broadcast by issuing a fraud order against the Western Letter Brokerage company, of Chicago. The concern claims to possess a host of compromising medical letters, and in lieu of the demanded fee threaten to deliver the letters to scheming blackmailers, "hands that have no mercy and will stoop to almost every crime in the calendar."

### TRAVELING MEN.

**Iowa Association's Annual Meeting in Des Moines.**

Des Moines, Dec. 4.—The Iowa State Traveling Men's association began its annual meeting today. The attendance is about 150, much smaller than usual, as there is little contest for officers, except directors. President W. F. Mitchell in his address said the association had lost $46 and gained 888 members, which he thought good, considering so many traveling men were unemployed. The future promises great commercial activity and increased membership. Secretary and Treasurer F. E. Haley, reported receipts during the year, $109,000; 708 claims paid, amounting to $75,000; $20,000 on hand. George P. Hitawalt, medical advisor, reported enormous losses from bicycle accidents, suggesting an extra charge for bicycle riders. W. F. Mitchell and W. H. Stoner were nominated for president. There were numerous nominations for five directorships. Officers were elected this afternoon.

### CALLERS AT CANTON.

**Congressman Dingley Ends His Long Social Visit.**

Canton, Dec. 4.—Maj. McKinley did not leave the house this morning, being engaged with his mail, in conversation with Congressman Dingley, and in receiving callers, the majority of whom merely called on social missions. Congressman Dingley left at 2:05 for Washington. Charles G. Dawes reached here from Cleveland shortly after noon and took lunch at the McKinley home. R. W. Taylor, congressman of this district, called in and paid his respects.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $224,585,905; gold reserve, $132,378,785.

Grand opening at Glen Avon rink, Saturday afternoon and evening this week.

### FRED BEHME HANGED.

**Fiendish Murderer Executed For His Crimes.**

McLeansborough, Ill., Dec. 4.—Fred. Behme, who killed his wife and baby boy Easter Sunday last, was hung toda boy Easter Sunday last, was hung today at 12:30 p. m. His death was almost instanteous. The crime for which Behme died today was the most fiendish ever committed in Southern Illinois. After braining his wife with an ax, he then took his three year old son to the barn, put a halter around his neck and hung him to a rafter. The weight of the child being insufficient to strangle, the murderer pushed down the boy by the shoulders, until the child's tongue protruded through the mouth and the eyes were forced from the sockets.

### BOTH ARE BRUTES.

**Man and Bear Cub to Fight to a Finish.**

Ceredo, W. Va., Dec. 4.—A match for $500 a side has been made for a fight between Thomas Stevens, of Pittsburg, and a vicious 10-months-old bear cub. Stevens is to be provided with a hunting knife with a 4-inch blade. The battle is to take place at Cattlesburg, Christmas eve, in the opera house.

### PULLMAN WINS.

**Merchant McGoffigan Loses His Damage Suit.**

St. John, N. B., Dec. 4.—The long standing suit brought against the Pullman Palace Car company by James McGoffigan, a tea merchant of this city in which he claimed $20,000 damages for injury to his head as the result of taking cold in one of the company's cars, ended today by the jury decided in favor of the defendant. The case has been up since 1892.

### Curling Tomorrow.

Tomorrow afternoon the curling rink at the Tait warehouse will be thrown open and all the rinks will be in play. The games committee has arranged a series for both afternoon and evning and some great sport is anticipated. In the afternoon a game between four ministers, Rev. T. H. Cleland, skip, Rev. G. H. Humason, Rev. C. H. Patton and Rev. W. W. Newell and Messrs. Walter Ayers, skip, F. W. Sullivan, J. L. Greatsinger and George Spencer will be played.

A MYSTERY CLEARED UP.

Cincinnati, Dec. 4.—The mystery of the killing of Thomas Joy last Monday has been explained by a confession from James Welton. He confessed to the coroner that he and Joy met at Muldoon's saloon on the sidewalk and that both had been drinking. They became involved in a scuffle over a revolver when it was accidentally discharged.

MONK'S BAD RECORD.

New York, Dec. 4.—Chief of Police Murphy, of Bay City, has arrived here to take charge of the young forger, Richard Grant Monks, who is to be taken to Michigan. The chief says: "Monk's and his brother, William, aged 16, are both "degenerates." William was arrested Saturday at the Parker hotel, Chicago. "Richard Monks," said Chief Murphy, "swindled everyone, friend and foe alike. Among his victims was E. B. Bradley, of Bay City, who had been his handsman when the young man was arrested charged with murdering his father."

AFTER THE BEEF TRUST.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Trouble is said to be in store for the alleged beef trust. The federal grand jury, although through with its regular business, has not yet asked to be discharged, and, it is said, has resolved to investigate the charge of a combination between the big packers to "regulate prices" and forcing dealers to buy from them. Difficulty in getting witnesses may balk the grand jury's desire to go into the investigation.

FRENCH SUGAR BOUNTIES.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The customs committee of the chamber of deputies heard the minister of commerce, M. Boucher. He spoke in favor of reducing the sugar bounties, and he said the government would present a bill to the chamber.

ARRESTED AS SUSPECTS.

St. Louis, Dec. 4.—A number of arrests have been made in connection with the robbery of the Home brewery. William Kaster, aged 20, one of those arrested, is said to answer the description given of one of the highwaymen. Another suspect arrested is William H. Cole, who ran when he saw the police. He tells conflicting stories.

REACHING A FOCUS.

New York, Dec. 4.—A copyrighted cablegram to the Evening Post says that Ambassador Bayard assured the Evening Post's correspondent today of his belief that before his departure from England some permanent arrangement of arbitration would be reached between England and America. Negotiations were, Mr. Bayard said, being conducted at Washington, not through him, but through others, which he thought would soon be closed. There was every reason to hope for a speedy and favorable issue of the larger questions.

MR. BROSIUS' IDEA.

Lancaster, Pa., Dec. 4.—Congressman Marriot Brosius, who is a member of the committee on banking and currency, left for Washington today. Previous to his departure he said that in his judgment there would be absolutely nothing accomplished in the way of currency, tariff or any other important legislation outside appropriations.

AN ATLANTA ASSIGNMENT.

Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 4.—Peacock, Dunwoodi & Hough, dry goods, made an assignment this morning to Willis E. Regan. Liabilities, $53,000; assets, $70,000.

NEW BICYCLE RECORD.

Denver, Dec. 4.—Arthur Gardner did a half mile, unpaced, flying start, on the Denver Wheel club's track in 57 2-5 seconds, establishing a new professional record.

HIGH PRICED HORSEFLESH.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 4.—Boom prices contined at Easton's sale of thoroughbreds today. Mares sold from $500 to $5000. Ortwin, 8 years old, dam of Mc Briggs, who recently sold in England for $12,000, went to L. O. Appleby, of New Jersey, for $5000.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD IS MINNESOTA'S MOST POPULAR RAILROAD,

THE ST. PAUL & DULUTH.

Shortest in distance, quickest in time with three of the speediest and best trains each way daily, leaving Duluth:

Fast Day Express, 9 a. m.
Fast "Limited," 1:55 p. m.
Night Express, 11:15 p. m.

With elegant new sleepers. All-day trains with elegant reclining chair cars. All the people travel this line all the time, and that is why it's called the main traveled road. Save hours by purchasing your tickets via the short line. Ticket offices, Union depot and 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

# SWELLED

## How Baltimore & Ohio Business Was Stuffed in the Reports.

## Expert Accountant Little's Reorganization Report Made Public Today.

## Over $11,000,000 of Improper Entries During Seven Years' Operations.

Baltimore, Dec. 4.—The report of Stephen Little, the expert accountant to the Baltimore & Ohio reorganization committee, is made public today. The accountant, among other things, gives an over statement of the net income, amounting to $2,721,067, from June 30, 1891, to June 30, 1895. This amount is divided as follows: For 1892, $955,473; for 1893, $443,301; for 1894, $701,063; for 1895, $621,230. He also finds that of $2,269,007 paid in dividends during the period mentioned only $971,446 was earned.

"The items withheld from operating expenses and the methods of swelling the receipts in each year are given in detail. By writing up the values of stocks owned, and other such practices, the net income was swelled by amounts that should have gone to profit and loss. Two improvised profit and loss accounts were opened, one designated "general adjustment account," and the other "securities adjustment account."

Mr. Little says there is a mischarge of worn out equipment to profit and loss, instead of the income, amounting to $2,846,596. Charges to income $2,064,741 were improperly capitalized under the title of "construction, main stem." Improvements and betterments of leased and dependent roads, amounting to $3,575,453 were improperly charged to capital account. The total of these improper entries is $11,204,558 for the seven years and two months ending Nov. 30, 1895. During the period under scrutiny there were declared $2,956,920 in stock, and $3,812,086 in cash dividends on the common stock. Concurrent with the stock dividend of 2 per cent in November, 1891 was the sale to a syndicate of $5,096,000 additional common stock, and in February, 1892, $2,161,800 more common stock was issued in exchange for 120,100 shares of Pittsburg and Western common stock at $18 a share.

Mr. Little says that the liabilities of the company as of Nov. 30, 1895, were understated by $5,481,834, and that the floating debt was $16,212,730. The net increase in liabilities in the period under review has been $22,180,073.

### LIND'S EXPENSES.

**Statement Came to St. Paul a Day Too Late.**

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—John Lind's official statement of his election expenses was received at the office of the secretary of state this morning. The postmark showed that the statemnt had been mailed at New Ulm last evening at 8 o'clock. Secretary Berg took the statement to Attorney General Childs who said that it was a day too late. The statement should have been filed yesterday. Section 8, chapter 10 of the election laws, governing the filing of expense certificates, provides that a failure to file the account within the specified time shall be punished by a fine not to exceed $1000, or in default of the payment, confinement in the county jail for a term not to exceed six months. The prosecution is made the duty of the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county in which the candidate resides.

It is not at all likely that Mr. Lind will be prosecuted, but this ruling of the attorney general raises a question as to the validity of the action by the county auditor of Hennepin county, who has allowed the candidates one day of grace. Mr. Lind certifies that his expense was $1095. He paid the state committee $250; the Penny Press, of Minneapolis, for printing one of his congressional speeches, $70; cuts, $75; and the Times, $50, for printing. Personal expenses, $650.

### STATE EXPENSES.

**Republican and Democratic Committees Give Figures.**

St. Paul, Dec. 4.—The Republican state committee reports expenditures of $20,777.77, the principal items of which are: Hall rent and furniture, $5828.94; newspaper and printing, $4793.68; canvassing, $3070; music and speakers $1276.75; challengers, $1217.25.

The Democratic state committee filed its statement through P. H. Winston, treasurer. The receipts were $8236.18 coming from the following sources: Candidates, $1420; contribution from national committee, $5500; contributions from individuals, $1260.07. The expenses were $8216.18, the principal items being: Salaries (none to chairman and secretary), $1000; speakers, $2096.34.

GAMBLE ON RAIN.

"Barsa ka Satta" is a peculiar game which is much played in East India, but has recently been prohibited by the government. The game consists in bets being made on rainy days as to whether little or much rain will fall, the quantity of rain being determined by several methods, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. The most usual plan is the following: Upon the terraces or roofs of many houses in India there is a water tank provided with a waste pipe. Through this tube the water escapes if a certain amount of rain has fallen. The point of the game is to try and guess when a rainstorm is approaching, and at what time the rain water in the tank will begin to flow out of the discharge pipe. The native devotees themselves to this game with such passionate interest that frequently fights occurred, which in some places have even taken the shape of actual riots. As a consequence of these continued difficulties the Indian government stopped the trouble by prohibiting the "Barsa ka Satta" altogether.

Are you a bargain hunter? Then get the best at the lowest price. The Evening Herald at 10 cents a week by carrier is the article you want.

### UNQUENCHABLE FIRES.

**Accidental Discovery of a Strange Compound.**

There is a fire that never dies, and it is here, and in this world, too, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

This strange fire is of the consistency of paste and is harmless while in a quiet state. The friction caused by rubbing it against a hard surface will, however, set it aglow, and nothing will extinguish the flames, which will burn with a blue light and an intense heat until the compound is completely destroyed by combustion. Water has no effect on it; it can be made into balls and thrown anywhere, and it will burn with a slow but fierce combustion which makes it unlike any known fire.

Dynamite and gunpowder require a spark to ignite them, and powder produces an explosion, not a regular fire. To ignite this compound there is just the slightest friction of rubbing it against some ordinary substance. There is no explosion or rapid spreading of flames, but a strange, pasty substance composed of living fire, which cannot be stamped out or killed in any known way.

John Floyd, the discoverer, has been for several years delving in all sorts of chemicals, as his numerous inventions required constant study. One day he wished to make a certain substance with which to experiment, and for that purpose placed in a liquid some waste substances which he thought would, when dissolved, produce the wished-for compound. But he found the material he wanted before the liquid was dissolved, so he left the jar containing the solution on the shelf for several weeks, thinking no more about it.

Finally he thought of using the jar and, when lifting it down from the shelf, some of the liquid spilt on the floor. Mr. Floyd thought nothing about the matter till he noticed a sensation of heat about his foot, and, on looking down, found that the soft paste which had fallen out of the bottle had become a mass of soft, flickering flames, emitting an intense heat. He put his foot on the spot, stamping it out, as he thought, and turned to his work.

When he turned around again he saw that instead of going out the fire paste was steadily burning; that his rubbing it had only smeared it over the floor, and it was eating into the wood every moment. He then threw several buckets of water on the stuff, but the water had no effect other than to be converted into puffs of steam, and the fire burned steadily on, cutting its way through the solid pine flooring. As the experiments were being conducted in the back of a drug store, which was filled with dangerous chemicals, he knew that something must be done to put a stop to its ravages, or the whole place would be blown to atoms.

After many fruitless attempts to put it out he procured a hatchet, and it was only by cutting out the entire square of wood on which the paste rested that he succeeded in stopping the fire, which burned for at least an hour.

Afraid of the uses to which this discovery might be put, Mr. Floyd has never made the secret of the ingredients public, but he says that the cost of making it is so small that it can be easily used instead of the cheapest waste materials. And for that reason he will not let the formula become known, for incendiaries would take advantage of it, and no place would be safe from burning. Those who use oil or dynamite or powder can be easily traced, as some preparation is necessary, but with this liquid fire a criminal who knew its composition could burn his way noiselessly through any door, or set any home on fire by throwing against it a noiseless ball of the composition.

The cost of making this liquid fire is so small that it can be easily used instead of coal in heating a furnace. But the most valuable properties are those which it possesses which are absolutely foreign to those of fire as are known to us. All forms of heat, except that of electricity, must be generated in some kind of a furnace and be constantly supplied with fuel, but this fire is both flame and fuel itself. About a cupful can be set on fire and it will burn with a steady glow for an hour.

This wonderful fire can be utilized in the kitchen and stoves can be dispensed with altogether as entirely useless. In order to fry anything it is only necessary to hang the pan from a wire and smear over the bottom a spoonful of the liquid. In an instant there will be a hot fire, which will burn over for an hour. So that the cook of the future can take her fire out into the country; it can be used in cooking for camping; there will be no coal bills, but the work of heating furnaces, of burning fires in grates or running motors can be done by a harmless little spoonful of paste which can be taken around in the vest pocket.

Of its practical uses there are no end, for the subject is yet in its infancy, the inventor, thinking but of the harm that might come, having stopped his experiments. He, however, says he intends to resume them and find out more about this explosionless, noiseless, unquenchable paste, which is fire pure and simple.

LITTLE MABEL'S PRAYER.

The 4-year-old daughter of a prominent Baptist minister of Harlem, who has mastered the nursery rhyme, "If at first you don't succeed, try, try again," recently startled both her parents by a totally unexpected application of the lines. The hour of little Mabel's departure to the land of "Bye-bye" had arrived, and all arrayed in her be-ribboned "nightie," the child came toddling into the sitting room from the nursery, to say her prayer at her mamma's knee. It had been a trying day in the nursery, and nurse had had occasion several times to call for assistance in the management of what that day had proved a very unruly little miss. The child seemed conscious of her fall from grace, and it was with a very sober face that she came to ask forgiveness. After repeating the time-honored "Now I lay me down to sleep," she continued, as was her wont, "An' now Dod please bess mamma an' papa, an' make me a dood girl" Here she paused, and then with a seriousness which convulsed the family and completely won the mother's forgiveness, she added: "An' if at first you don't succeed, try, try again!"

A QUEER EXCHANGE.

Without doubt the most novel exchange is the cigar stump exchange, held at Paris, in the ancient Place Maubert, which is the resort of more curious characters than any other place in the world. On the steps which lead to it from the Boulevard Saint Germain, the Parisian cigar stump exchange meets every pleasant afternoon.

All members of the exchange bring their wares to these meetings in paper boxes. There is no dealing in futures. Each broker sells only the cigar ends actually in his possession.

The buyers on this exchange are wholesalers and retailers. The wholesalers buy up all the stumps they can get for about a franc a pound, clean them, cut them up fine and sell the product in packages with fancy covers as smuggled tobacco for 3 or 4 francs a pound.

The government tobacco of similar quality costs between 5 and 6 francs a pound. The retail buyers purchase only two or three pounds of stumps at a time for their own consumption. The prices on the tobacco stump exchange vary, of course, as on other exchanges, according to the relations of supply and demand.

In winter, when fewer persons smoke in the street, fewer stumps are found in the gutters and brought to the exchange, and the sellers get 10 or 15 per cent more for their stumps than they get in summer, when the boulevards and squares are crowded with smokers.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.

# HYDRA

## An Extraordinary Animal Which Has Been Called a Vegetable.

## Peculiar Habits of the Hydra Which is a Water Pirate.

## Eats Living Prey and Goes Sailing For Enjoyment---Moves Slowly.

A veritable zoological mystery—the puzzle of scientists for ages—the hydra remains today an unsolved problem in animal life; indeed until quite recently the authorities classed it not as an animal at all, but a branch of the vegetable kingdom, says Marion Dana in the St. Louis Star. In the case of the hydra, distinctions between animal and vegetable are confused and partially obliterated. This extraordinary creature upsets all our theories as to individuality. It disproves half that we have established on the subject of physiological laws. Anyone may study the hydra, for it everywhere abounds; but to explain its organic system were an impossibility—for he that would understand the hydra must comprehend nature.

The second of Hercules' tasks for his master, Eurystheus, was the vanquishing of the Lernaean hydra. Near Argos, in the district of Lernae, dwelt this fabled monster, huge, nine-headed, the central head immortal. Hercules attacked the hateful creature, but as he smote off the heads, two new ones grew in place of each. The valiant god only succeeded in subduing his adversary, when, with the aid of his servant, Eolous, he burned the mortal heads, and buried the immortal one deep beneath a ponderous rock.

Such is the legend of mythology. The real hydra of the naturalists is a tiny thing—the lightest touch is enough to slay it; but the dreadful beast that troubled Hercules was no more marvelous in its multiplying life than is its inoffensive namesake of our own experience.

The most simply constructed of animals are the zoophytes. They are, however, of various degrees in simplicity; and the simplest of them is the hydra. This small creature is to be found commonly in pools of stagnant water, and may be seen, if it, either with or without a microscope, is both delightful and amazing. Indeed, its specialities are such as to be of extreme importance in our consideration of the profoundest questions of being.

The hydra's body is constructed after the fashion of an ordinary coin purse, or sac, having a mouth and around the mouth tentacula. The animal uses these tentacles, corresponding to arms, in the capture of its food, and in conveying the food into its mouth. Those who have seen the cuttlefish have seen a similar arrangement, vastly larger, but the cuttlefish lacks the hydra's extraordinary characteristics. The hydra's tentacles do not possess suckers like the cuttlefish's or cilia, which are common to many animals. The arms are equipped with tiny bristles and strong pointed spines. The spines are retained concealed in excrescences when not employed. When opportunity for their use occurs, they are thrust forth in much the same fashion that a cat unsheaths its claws.

The hydra attaches itself to some firm object by means of a sucker, and lets its tentacles float in the water, idly to all appearance. In reality, the waving arms are industriously searching for prey. When a crustacean or any other destined and unwary victim chances to encounter one of the waving tentacles, the spines are extended and the arm twines securely about its unhappy prisoner. If the prey be large enough to require it, the other tentacles assist in mastering the struggles of the captive and finally aid in conveying it into the hydra's mouth.

Hard-shelled animals are swallowed alive, and one can watch the continuation of their efforts to escape even after they have been swallowed—a delicacy this is the texture of the hydra's body. The spines, however, are supplied with a poisonous secretion, similar to that of spiders, and this is injected into soft-bodied animals as they are held in the clutch of the tentacles. As a result, the prey dies after being retained for a short time in the grasp of the arms.

The ordinary locomotion of the hydra is not startlingly swift. On the contrary, an inch in an hour is the best speed attained. Its mode of locomotion is to bend forward, to take hold of the road by mouth or tentacles, or both, then to draw its sucker close, and to renew its grasp with that base of operations. The repetition of this performance insures a tediously slow progress. The fashion of walking is the same as that employed by some of the Leepidoptera larvae, a familiar example of which is the caterpillar, popularly known under the various names of the looper, geometer, or measure worm. When the hydra is recklessly hurried, it contrives to increase its pace by an acrobatic scheme. It holds fast by its tentacles and proceeds to turn a somersault. It continues to turn somersaults until it has arrived, making excellent time.

The hydra has little power of sensation; its capacity for pleasure is the smallest. But the hydra enjoys itself and its little cup of bliss is full to the brim when it goes a-sailing. The hydra lets its body float just beneath the surface of the water; it raises its sucker above the surface, where the light membrane soon dries. Thus dried, the sucker forms a capital sail. The breeze comes; puff! the hydra goes sailing away. The tentacles make rudders to guide the course. If the wind falls, they become oars for this living galley.

Such is the hydra in its general characteristics. But its startling idiosyncracies have yet to be told.

Turn the hydra inside out, and it suffers no apparent damage. The former outside of its stomach digests food as readily as did the former inside. Occasionally a hydra engaged in swallowing its food will be swallowed by a second hydra. One would suspect that this would terminate the first hydra's career. The fact is otherwise. The two hydras, the swallower and the swallowed, digest their mutual food; thereafter, the swallowed hydra, an animal Jonah, reappears, none the worse. In truth, the two hydras seem well content with their communistic method of dinner.

Hydras have two ways of generating, one of which is such as to render very doubtful our exact separation of animal from vegetable life. When the production is by eggs, or seeds, they are ejected as gelatinous globules in the autumn, from which the young issue in the spring. The second manner of generating is by budding. Buds spring from the external surface of the parent hydra; these develop into perfect animals, and are then cast off. The insensate variety of the creature begins at birth, for often while yet the young are attached to the parent, and while the stomachs of all are commingling, the young and the parent may be seen wrangling over the same prey, sometimes devouring the same worm. The productivity of the hydra would shame rabbits. It is not unnatural for the young to show buds before they become detached from the parent. A study of their prolific rapidity warrants my saying that a million of progeny in a month from one parent is not unusual.

And now we come to an attribute of the hydra that is as strange as it is impressive. Although the hydra is an animal, its organic life is evidently a unity as is yours or mine, or that of any other animal, the hydra is capable of numerous divisions, and every fragment becomes in its turn a complete animal, evidently an organic unit.

I have cut a hydra into fifty separate pieces and each piece became a perfect animal. It thrives on mutilation, for from each wound a new hydra was born. A lover of the weirdly grotesque can gain infinite satisfaction from the combinations this anima's character makes possible. Wherever the freshly cut surfaces of hydras are joined together, they will adhere and grow together. Thus I have aided in the creation of hydras with two bodies without suckers, of hydras with two suckers, without body; of hydra with many mouths; of hydras with multiplied tentacles. Two hydra or more, may be made into one; one may be made into almost any number.

What then can be said of the hydra's individuality? Certainly it is not fixed, as it is in the case of most animals, as it is in the case of man. Rather, it partakes of the mutability and divisibility existent in the vegetable kingdom. But the hydra is not a vegetable. Along with other low forms of animal life, it was thought to be a plant, until about a century ago. Now we know that it is an animal. It surely proves that even in the animal kingdom the organic unity, the individuality of some creatures, is capable of change, is not fixed until death. Doubtless the higher forms of life are spared this variability, but its existence in the lower grades authorizes our belief that in the hydra's many methods of producing new life we have a present illustration of the primal processes by which all life was multiplied, ages before evolution had developed sex, ages before man with his conscious, persistent unity of personality was even embryonic.

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L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
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MATINEE SATURDAY.
America's Representative Tragedian,
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Walker Whiteside
Assisted by a selected company of players, presenting FRIDAY, a scenic production of Shakespeare's immortal creation HAMLET.
ELKS' BENEFIT—
Saturday Matinee—The Merchant of Venice.
Saturday Night—OTHELLO.

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The Legitimate Irish Comedian
JOSEPH MURPHY
And his New York Stock Company.
Dec'ber 7, SHAUN RHUE
Introducing Mr. Murphy's wonderfully successful Song,
"A HANDFUL OF EARTH."
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of decayed teeth is not done by us in the manner indicated above, but by a far more humane and scientific method. We are in the lead with the very latest methods known to dentistry. Everyone who has had experience knows that it is THE EXCAVATING and NOT THE FILLING of the tooth that hurts. We guarantee to excavate the most sensitive teeth without pain and do it with positive delight to both the patients and to ourselves.
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A Grocery where things are sold pure, fresh and clean is worth in gold more than its weight. Such a place you will find the Richelieu Grocery to be. Our customers are always satisfied for we sell them only the purest and best goods.

Saturday Bargains.

Standard California Canned Goods, broken lines to close at, per can 10c.
Paris Sugar Corn, 14 medals and World's Fair Premium, 2 cans for 25c.
A first quality York State Corn, solid packed, 3 cans for 25c.
Solid Jersey Packed Standard Tomatoes, per can 9c.
Russian Sweet Peas, finest on earth, can 20c.
A very choice early June Pea, sure to please you, per can 15c.
Asparagus, all choice packed, 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c.
A choice Japan Tea, May picking, worth 50c; Saturday's price 35c.
Sunta, the great English bleached Ceylon Tea, Saturday's price 40c.
CELERY, LETTUCE, SPINACH, BEETS, TOMATOES, MUSHROOMS, PARSLEY, RADISH, GREEN ONIONS, Etc.

REED'S BAKERY DEPT.
Specialties for Saturday.
Fresh Home Made Doughnuts, doz..7c
Assorted Cookies, 3½ doz.....25c
Cream Puffs and Turnovers, doz...20c
Sponge and Wine Loaves, per loaf..8c
Heavy Stock of Candies at Popular Prices.

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118-120 W. SUPERIOR ST.
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Buy your Holiday Presents now before the rush and crush!
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| 10:40 | Ar .....Cloquet..... | Lv | 4:15 |
| 10:04 | Ar..Stony Brook Junction. | Lv | 4:54 |
| 9:25 | Ar .....Floodwood..... | Lv | 5:32 |
| 8:48 | Ar .....Swan River..... | Lv | 6:10 |
| 8:12 | Ar .....LaPrairie..... | Lv | 6:53 |
| 8:05 | Ar .....Grand Rapids..... | Lv | 7:00 |
| 7:10 | Lv .....Deer River..... | Ar | 7:55 |

Daily except Sunday.
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THIS STORE
Gives every purchaser a protection that leaves no room for argument—Our guarantee or your money back.

No matter who the man is—
Where he lives, what he wants to wear, how much money he has got or how little he has—there is no store in America where his dollars will do him as much service as they will here.

# Necessity is the Knife

which we have applied to the regular low selling prices of our entire Winter Stock during this Great Stock Reducing Sale. We don't want to cut and would not do so, but for the fact that we have more stock on hand than we should have at this season of the year. We HAD TO CUT, and that was all there was about it. This sale started with a rush, and it's keeping up. When you read these discounts, is it any wonder to you that our selling has been enormous?

## Men's Suits==First floor.

$3.05—A special lot of 300 Men's Suits in a neat dark gray Cassimer, made up double and single breasted—offered during this great sale at the rediculously low price o' ..... $3.95
$22 and $20 Suits Will be sold for ..... $13.98
$18 Suits Will be sold for ..... 11.98
$16 and $15 Suits Will be sold for ..... 9.98
$12 Suits Will be sold for ..... 7.45
$10 Suits Will be sold for ..... 6.45
$8 Suits Will be sold for ..... 5.45

## Men's Overcoats and Ulsters==Take elevator, 2d Floor.

$3.95—A special lot of 100 Heavy Blue Chinchilla Ulsters, with fancy Cassimere Lining, well made and trimmed—offered during this great sale at the rediculously low price of ..... $3.95

$30 and $28 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold at ..... $19.50
$25 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold at ..... 17.50
$20 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for ..... 14.50
$15 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for ..... 11.50
$12 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for ..... 9.50
$10 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for ..... 7.50
$9 Overcoats and Ulsters will be sold for ..... 6.50

## Men's Furnishings First Floor.

UNDERWEAR.

At 59c for the $1 Quality—48 doz Men's heavy wool, fleece lined Shirts and Drawers, full fashioned, soft and smooth; tomorrow ..... 59c
75c, worth $1-25—36 doz Men's Camel's Hair Shirts and Drawers, warm, soft and non-irritable; tomorrow ..... 75c
$1 63 for $2 and $2.50 Goods—30 doz Men's best double, fleece lined Worsted Shirts and Drawers, full fashioned, perfect fitting; tomorrow ..... $1.63

HOSIERY.

150 doz Men's Cashmere and Merino Half Hose, medium and extra heavy weights, black, brown, and natural gray colors; easily worth 40c and 35c; tomorrow ..... 25c

GLOVES AND MITTENS.

Tomorrow's Price—
100 pairs Men's 25c Working Mittens ..... 19c
135 pairs Men's Muleskin Mittens ..... 25c
125 pairs Men's Kid Mitten's and Gloves ..... 50c
115 pairs Men's genuine imported Scotch Wool Gloves ..... 50c
110 pairs extra quality Indian Tan Gloves ..... $1

COLORED SHIRTS--98c for $1.25 Shirts—A special lot closed out from Wilson Bros., Cluet, Carr & Co. and the Trojan Shirt Co., go on sale tomorrow at ..... 98c

## Shoe Dept. —1st floor, also entrance from Third avenue West.

Now double its size, bright, cheerful and elegantly stocked. Splendid inducements for Tomorrow, Saturday

125 pairs Men's Calf Congress and Laced, styles Lon don and pointed toes, regular price $2.50, Tomorrow ..... $1.98
50 Pairs Men's Lumbermen's Rubbers with solid heel, 1 buckle, extra heavy sole, sizes 10 and 11, regular price $1.75, tomorrow ..... 95c
75 pairs Men's Buckle Arctics, dull finish sizes 6 and 6½, regular price $1.40, tomorrow ..... 79c

A Rare Bargain—138 pairs Men's $3, $4 and $5 Calf, Kangaroo and Cordovan Shoes, lace and congress, placed on a special table—Your pick tomorrow ..... $2.48
150 Pairs Men's Genuine Kangaroo Calf, laced style only, new coin toe, extra heavy sole, a corker for skating purposes, regular $3.00. Tomorrow ..... $2.48
120 Pairs Men's Satin Calf Shoes, congress and laced, all the latest style of toes, regular price $2.00. Tomorrow ..... $1.48

## Boys' Dept. Take elevanor, 2nd floor.

Boys' Reefers.

A special lot just received for tomorrow's trade, made up of all wool Blue Chinchilla, bound edges, high protecting storm collar like cut. Special for tomorrow ..... $5.95
400 Boy's Knee Pants for ..... $2.95
340 Knee Pants all wool Suits, Double breasted style, Double seat, double knee, Tomorrow ..... $2.95

Boys' Long Pant Suits.
TOMORROW'S SPECIAL PRICES:

250 Purely all-wool Suits in blue, black and fancy mixed cheviots, cut and made as well as any suit in the house. The regular price is $7.00. Tomorrow ..... $4.95
$10.00 Boy's Long Pants Suits ..... $7.45
300 Regular $10 00 Suits in single or double breasted clay worsted, fancy cheviots and cassimeres, will sell Tomorrow for ..... $7.45

Misses' and Boys' Tam O'Shanters and Toques.
A beautiful lot received for tomorrow's trade; Toques ..... 50c, 75c, $1

$2 Cape Overcoats Tomorrow for 98c
A special lot of 100, warm and comfortable go tomorrow.
Boys' $2.00 Suits for 98c.
Special lot of 75, well and strongly made, will go tomorrow for 98c.

# M. S. Burrows THE CLOTHIER.


# STILL ON

### Argument in the Water Case Seems No Nearer the End.

### Attorneys Greene and Washburn Exchange Some Neat Repartee.

### Attorney Davis Presents a Comparison Involving Castor Oil.

The arguments in the Baumann water contest continued yesterday afternoon, Mr. Greene taking up a greater portion of the session. Mr. Washburn began yesterday afternoon and continued this morning. The attorneys spent most of the time wandering in the mazes of the twenty-six ways of voting the water proposition. Mr. Washburn argued that 2300 people who voted no on all three propositions were just as inconsistent as those who voted "yes" on all three. He said they had exhausted their power when they voted "no" on proposition 1. They had no more right to vote against 2 and 3 than Mr. Greene when he voted for the Palmer and Buckner electors had to vote against the other fellows.

"That is an undeserved compliment," said Mr. Greene.

"I suspected it was," answered Mr. Washburn.

Mr. Washburn figured that after deducting the inconsistent ballots the majority for purchase was even greater than before. The court was asked to defeat the majority on proposition 1 by throwing out certain ballots and keeping in others still less consistent. Mr. Washburn urged that the council had the authority, which had not been exhausted, to call the election, and that it was proper to submit it at the November election, because that was to all intents a general election. The legislature has demonstrated that the time was not important. The election was full and free, and the count fair. The result of the voting is clearly the carrying by a large majority of proposition 1, and proposition 2 is carried by any system of figuring.

If the propositions are competing, the court can only compare the affirmation votes, or to compare the net majorities. If votes were thrown out the majority for 2 is still larger, and a magnificent majority against proposition 3.

T. J. Davis objected to the consideration by the court of the vote on proposition 1 on the ground that the contest on that was inconsistent with the rest of the notice, and that there was nothing in the contest which brought the first proposition into the jurisdiction of the court. He also moved to strike that part of the contest out of this motion. The argument of this motion took up considerable time, after which Mr. Davis proceeded to the argument on the vote, and he figured untill noon on the twenty-six different methods of voting. Mr. Davis seemed to be good for a large part of the afternoon, and as Mr. Greene was expected to reply, the matter is not likely to be submitted to the court before tomorrow.

Fearful and wonderful, indeed, to the layman, are the trained speculations of counsel, as to the intentions and rights of the good people who eccentrically marked their ballots so as render their will subject to all kinds of interpretations. It was unfortunate that the canvassers made no report on one of the ballots cast in the Seventh ward, where the voter, instead of placing marks opposite the yeas and no places, wrote, "Hurrah for Truelson," across the top and voted his ballot that way. It would have added greatly to the propendity of the question if that ballot had been reported upon. It would be doubtful whether that vote was intended for the mayor's idea of building, or whether it was cast, with a cheerful confidence that the mayor could do it all himself, and that the vote meant to leave it to him.

Just before court adjourned at noon Mr. Davis was engaged in likening the vote upon the second and third propositions to the alternations presented to a boy who needed medicine, and who was offered a dose of castor oil. The boy did not want that, so he was offered the alternative of a strapping, and strange to say he did not want that either. If he had chosen the strapping it would have been a vote against the castor oil.

Mr. Greene suggested that the boy could not take castor oil while he was being strapped, so if he voted for each how was he going to take them both at the same time.

### JONES IS THE MAN.

### So Says Mr. Laybourn as to the Speakership.

Representative-elect Laybourn returned from St. Paul this morning, whether he went to attend a caucus of the representatives from the Sixth district, which was held at the Merchants' hotel, in that city, last evening. The candidacy of Representative Jones, of Todd, for the speakership was discussed, and the St. Louis county delegation lined up in his support. Mr. Layborn says that Mr. Jones' election is assured, and that it means a great deal for the Sixth and Seventh districts in the fight for reapportionment that will be waged at the coming session. Mr. Schmidt also returned this morning. Mr. Vall is expected back this evening.

Grand opening at Glen Avon rink Saturday afternoon and evening this week.

### New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company is now working on its new directory, to be issued Jan. 1, 1897. Parties contemplating taking a telephone who wish to have their names appear in the directory should notify the company at once.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS.
South and West, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Tickets and particulars, ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.


English Cashmere Opera Hose . . . . Cheap at 88c; tomorrow only . . 59c

# FREIMUTH'S

# FOR TOMORROW'S BIG TRADE--

Ladies' English Cashmere Hose . . . Worth 75c; tomorrow at . . 50c

We have prepared many interesting Bargain Features, such as can be only found at Duluth's Popular Store.

## BARGAINS IN DEPENDABLE WARES!

## Cloak Room.

The selling in this department the past few days has been going on at a rapid rate. The prices have been so low that it did not require a special expert of values to discriminate between our prices and the prices of other stores.

Tomorrow== Saturday, will be another day when you will have a chance to buy.

Ladies' or Misses' Coats at Half Price.

Remember, $10 Jackets will cost you only . . $5.00
$15.00 Jackets only . . . . . $7.50—and so on

By tomorrow night our stock will have been reduced to its normal size, and Monday you will have to pay the regular price again.

Tomorrow is the day for you to buy CLOAKS AT HALF PRICE.

## Underwear and Hosiery.

The business done in this department was unusually large this season, and thus left many lines in broken condition. We shall put on sale tomorrow all the odds and ends in this department at about two-thirds of regular prices.

Luzerne Camel's hair Vests and Pants, regular price $1 50, what there is left tomorrow at ..... $1.00
Luzerne natural wool Vests and Pants, regular price $1.00; what there is left tomorrow at .. 69c
Lewis Knitting Co.'s Vests and Pants, regular price $2.75, what there is left tomorrow at ..... $1.50
Lewis Knitting Co.'s Cashmere Union Suits, regular price $4.75, what there is left tomorrow at ..... $2.75
Van Dyke Knitting Co.'s all wool Union Suits in gray and black, regular price $3.25, what there is left tomorrow at ..... $2.50
Van Dyke Knitting Co.'s Union Suits in gray only, regular price $2.00, what there is left tomorrow at ..... $1.50
Heavy ribbed, natural gray Union Suits, regular price $1.25, tomorrow ..... 95c
Heavy fleeced lined Vests and Pants, cheap at 38c, tomerrow ..... 25c
Ladies' heavy all wool Ribbed Hose, cheap at 38c, tomorrow ..... 29c
Ladies' English Cashmere Hose, regular 75c quality, tomorrow at ..... 50c
Boys' heavy all wool Bicycle Hose, cheap at 33c, tomorrow, all sizes, at ..... 25c
Missess' all wool ribbed Hose, sizes 5½ to 7½, cheap at 25c, tomorrow at ..... 18c

## Mittens and Gloves

Ladies' pure Silk Mittens, a bargain at 75c, tomorrow only ..... 50c
Infants' pure Silk Mittens, cheap at 50c, tomorrow ..... 25c
Children's double Saxony Wool Mittens, cheap at 35c, tomorrow ..... 25c
Ladies extra quality Saxony Wool Mittens, cheap at 38c, tomorrow ..... 25c
Ladies' lined real Mocha Mittens, extra quality, cheap at $1.50, tomorrow ..... $1.25

## Sundries.

Hazel Nut Cream for the hands and face, tomorrow only ..... 10c
Dr. Sherman's Shampoo Powder, 25c size, tomorrow only ..... 15c
French Tooth Brushes, cheap at 18c, tomorrow ..... 10c
Irish Linen Note Paper, cheap at 20c per lb, tomorrow only ..... 10c

Dr. Raub's Egg White Soap--
Made from sweet milk and the white of Eggs, a very highly perfumed Soap, cheap at 15c a cake; to introduce some tomorrow, a box of 3 cakes at 20c, or a cake, ..... 7c

## Gents' Furnishings

Men's heavy Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, cheap at $1.25, tomorrow ..... $1.00
Men's heavy ribbed Wool Shirts and Drawers, cheap at $1.50, tomorrow ..... $1.25
Men's Australian Wool Natural Gray Shirts and Drawers, cheap at $2.00, tomorrow ..... $1.48
Men's heavy Cassimere Outside Shirts, cheap at $1.40, tomorrow only ..... $1.00
Men's extra heavy Flannelette Sleeping Gowns, extra full size, only, each ..... $1.00

Ladies' and Men's Irish Linen Initial Handkerchiefs . . .
Handworked Initial, cheap at 40c, tomorrow, a box of six, only ..... $1.50
. . . Or 25 cents Each.

## Corsets.

5 or 6-hook Sateen covered Corsets in black or drab, with double side steels, worth 75c, tomorrow only ..... 48c
Ladies' White Lawn Aprons, full size, cheap at 25c, tomorrow only ..... 18c

## Crockery Dept.

CHINA TEA CUPS—Thin White Vienna China Tea Cups and Saucers, worth $1.25 per set; Saturday, per set ..... 85c
SHADE FRAMES—Wire Lamp Shade Frames for silk or paper shades, all sizes, Saturday, each ..... 15c
OAT MEAL SETS—Decorated Japanese Oat Meal Sets Pitcher, Bowl and Plate, per set of three pieces ..... 25c
CUPS AND SAUCERS—Children's Decorated Carlsbad China Cups and Saucers, for one day, each ..... 8c
ROGERS BROS. FRUIT KNIVES—Rogers Bros. 1847 Triple Plated Fruit Knives, satin or embossed handles, Saturday, per set of six knives ..... $1.38
LAMPS—Polished Brass Student Lamps with central draught burner and 10-inch white dome shade, regular price $2.98; Saturday's bargain price, each ..... $1.95
POTATO MASHERS—Wire Potato Mashers with wood handles, Saturday, each ..... 2c
STOVE POLISH—Our Best Stove Polish, Saturday the 5 cent size at 2 boxes for ..... 5c
COFFEE POTS—All sizes; Heavy Tin Coffee Pots with patent drip strainer, regular prices, 50c, 60c and 75c, Saturday to close out, each ..... 25c
SOAP—White Cross Laundry Soap—A fine quality white laundry soap; regular price 5c per bar, Saturday, 8 bars for ..... 25c
DINNER PAILS—Heavy Tin Square Dinner Pails, worth 50 cents; Saturday each ..... 29c
BREAD RAISERS—10 quart Tin Bread Raisers (not dish pans with covers), Saturday each ..... 39c

## Toy Department.

KID DOLLS—12-inch Kid Body Doll with open and shut eyes, worth 40c, special for Saturday, each .. 29c
JOINT DOLLS—14-inch Jointed Dolls, with curly hair, Saturday, each ..... 29c
DRESSED DOLLS—Good-sized Dressed Doll, good value at 75c each, Saturday ..... 55c

# SHOE SNAPS

A big saving Tomorrow that will throng the Shoe Department with appreciative purchasers.

## STUDY THESE PRICES:

Ladies' Box Calf Lace Shoes, with tip, invisible cork sole, waterproof; worth fully $3 50. Saturday only—per pair ..... $2.50
Ladies' Box Calf Spring Heel Shoes, sizes 2½ to 5, the new coin toe, absolutely crack-proof; that other dealers have advertised as a great bargain at $2.50. Our price for Saturday—per pair .... $2.00
Ladies' Berlin Kid Button Shoes, hand welt or extension sole, patent tip, in the new square and round toe, a regular $3.00 Shoe, Saturday's price—per pair ..... $2.00
Ladies' genuine Dongola Button Shoe, patent tip, spring heel or regular heel, all solid leather and wearers, too, at—per pair ..... $1.25
Ladies' Warm Lined Felt Lace Shoes ..... 69c
Missess' Box Calf Lace Shoes, crack proof, spring heel, new coin toe, $2.00 value, Saturday only—a pair ..... $1.50
Misses' Kangaroo Button, patent leather tip that will resist all kinds of weather, often you have paid $1.50, Saturday—per pair ..... $1.00
Children's Box Calf Lace Shoes, crack proof, s-1 heel, new coin toe, sizes 9 to 11, $1.75 value, a pair ..... $1.25
Children's Kangargo Calf Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11, a pair ..... 90c
Youth's Satin Calf Lace Shoes, all shapes toe, worth $1.50 a pair, your choice tomorrow ..... $1.00

There's Money in it For You by Taking Advantage of This Great Sale.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

FOURTEEN PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 8

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

## This Store Belongs to You!

You have made it by your patronage and you are as welcome here as in your own home. Whether you buy or not makes no difference. All we ask is when you do need goods in our line look us over and we'll take chances on getting your order.

## In Christmas Goods

We show the largest assortment of useful gifts at moderate prices ever brought together in the Northwest.

Chairs, Rockers, Desks, Sofas, Couches, Divans, Rugs, Mats, Crockery, Lamps, Globes, Shades, Vases, Cut Glass, China, Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Breakfast Sets, Tea Kettles, Chafing Dishes, Bohemian Glass, Rookwood Pottery, Pictures, Life Photographs, Bon Bon Boxes, Puff Boxes, etc.

Complete House-Furnishers.

**French & Bassett**

First Street and Third Avenue West.

MONEY SAVING SALE OF

# PIANOS

This week we have marked down to a trifle above actual cost, a number of NEW UPRIGHT PIANOS of several of the most popular Eastern makes. No economically disposed purchaser can afford to miss this opportunity. A decided advantage may be gained by prompt action, as at these unprecedented figures selections will be made early from this stock.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 New Upright Pianos, each | $220.00 |
| 1 New Upright Piano | $175.00 |
| 1 Fine Full Sized Upright | $275.00 |
| 1 Cabinet Grand Upright | $250.00 |
| 2 Elegant Cabinet Grand Uprights, each | $295.00 |
| 1 Knabe Upright at $150.00 reduction from regular price. | |
| 1 Steinway Upright at $125.00 reduction from regular price. | |
| 1 Large Sized Upright with Plectra Phone attachments | $315.00 |
| 1 Cabinet Grand | $250.00 |

Easy monthly payments may be arranged. Modern Stool and Scarf included.

Immediate Attention Invited.

**Duluth Music Co**

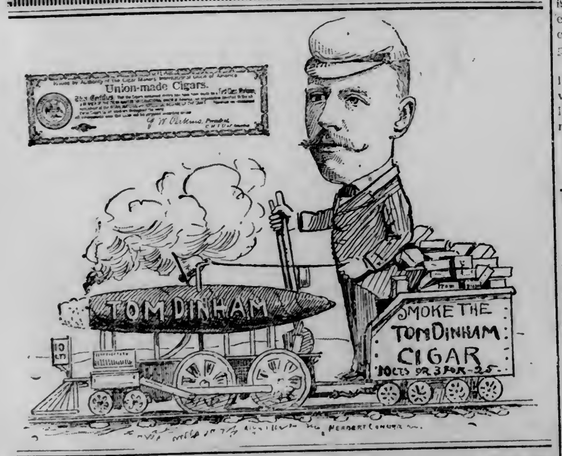
Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street. E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

## Christmas Gifts!

The Apple agency is still doing its work for the public good. Will you embrace the opportunity as hundreds are daily? Sales have so far exceeded expectations that more supplies have been directed to the Duluth agency, which will arrive Tuesday, Dec. 8th. You cannot afford to miss this opportunity. Stock superb. Prices have no parallel. Make no mistake in the place.

No. 16 West Superior St.

A choice supply of Christmas evergreens will also be received Tuesday, Dec. 8th.




The Hudson Bay Company's

# RYE WHISKEY.

10 years in the wood.

A strictly Pure Rye Whiskey for family use. Sold only by

**M. Prendergast & Co.,** Agents

423 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

**Mendenhall & Hoopes**

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

# CHARGED BY BALDWIN.

## The Pine Land Examiners on the Red Lake Indian Reservation in Trouble.

## Maj. Baldwin Has Filed Serious Charges at Washington Against About Twenty Examiners.

## Accused of Defrauding the Indians and Being Given to Drunkenness and Debauchery.

Washington, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maj. Baldwin, chairman of the Chippewa Indian commission, has filed charges against the estimators on the Red Lake Indian reservation with Secretary Francis. There are about twenty of these inspectors, and they are nearly all appointees of the late secretary of the interior, Hoke Smith, and are largely Southerners. They have been engaged in estimating the timber on that reservation, but about three or four weeks ago were laid off.

The charge which Maj. Baldwin makes is that they have been defrauding the Indians and that they are incompetent, dissipated and given to drunkenness and debauchery. Inspector Wright has been ordered to investigate the matter, but probably has not got there yet, as he was at a point where it was difficult to reach him. He is ordered to give all the men a hearing and to report fully. The men have not been paid for the last quarters' service as yet. During the Hoke Smith regime similar charges were made, but, if investigated, nothing came of them.

LEARNED IN DULUTH.

In Duluth not a great deal is known of this except indirectly. Some of the lumbermen and cruisers here have heard more or less about the matter. They say that nearly all of the explorers who go up into that country are from Aitkin, Brainerd and Anoka.

From all that can be learned there is little doubt but that either incompetency or dishonesty does exist. Minneapolis and Wisconsin lumbermen are getting the timber in that country into their hands. The mode of disposing of the lands is this: The estimators report, and upon the basis of their figures the government fixes the price at which the pine is to be sold. The minimum price is $3 per 1000. The lumbermen who want the pine send their own experienced explorers in the woods and in buying the pine take their figures. The difference between the government estimators' figures and the actual amount of pine is said to have been so great in some cases that the pine actually sold at 70 cents a 1000 instead of $3, the minimum prescribed by law.

If the report which comes from Washington be true, the outcome of the investigation will be awaited with unusual interest by all lumbermen and pine land men.

### WESTERN FLOODS.

#### The Northern Pacific's Seattle Branch is in Bad Shape.

Tacoma, Wash., Dec. 5.—Three inches of rain in four days, together with the rapid melting of six inches to a foot of snow which last week covered the valleys tributary to Puget sound, is causing another flood. The Puyallup, Green, White, Black and Stuckey rivers north of Tacoma are higher than they were in November. Traffic on the Seattle branch of the Northern Pacific is suspended, the White river bridge having swept away. Water is a foot deep in the streets of Auburn, and a large part of White, Stuckey and Puyallup valley farm lands are similarly covered. The Green river is higher than ever known before.

BISHOP KEANE SAILS.

New York, Dec. 5.—Bishop Keane sailed today en route for Rome. He reiterated with emphasis his denial that there was any trouble between certain dignitaries of the Roman Catholic church in this country.

THE DETROIT BANKRUPTS.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 5.—Judge Donovan, in the circuit court today, granted an order authorizing the receiver to sell the Mabley & Co. stock in bulk to W. S. Peck & Co., of Rochester, for $160,000.

THE NEVADA ELECTION.

Carson, Nev., Dec. 5.—Complete election returns of November were received this morning. The total vote was 10,315. Bryan and Sewall received 7802; Bryan and Watson, 575; McKinley, 1948.

BEAT HIS CHILD TO DEATH.

Cleveland, Dec. 5.—Mike Romanski beat his 5-months'-old child to death last night because its crying annoyed him. He was arrested and will be held for murder.

### ARE SAFE AND WELL.

#### A. H. Wegner and Peter Beargrease at Beaver Bay.

Two Harbors, Minn., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Beargrease, the north shore mail carrier, arrived from down the lake this morning, bringing the first intelligence regarding A. H. Wegner and Peter Beargrease, reported to have been drowned Monday night while en route from Beaver Bay to this village.

They started Monday evening at 6 o'clock. Later they were caught in a heavy wind and losing their oars could not effect a landing. They were blown to the south shore. They returned to Beaver Bay Wednesday, none the worse for their adventure. Mr. Wegner is county commissioner from the first district, and started for here to attend a meeting of the board.

### ON THE MESABA.

#### The Cincinnati Men to Be Worked This Winter.

Biwabik, Min., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. Harry Roberts came up from Duluth this week and announced that the Cincinnati mine, which is now idle, will be operated during the winter with a force of about 150 men. The word to start has not been received yet, but it is expected daily. One of the fee owners in the Rouchleau property south of the Canton is authority for the statement that this property will surely be developed during the winter. A strong company is being organized for the purpose and it is understood that Capt. Harry Roberts will be the manager. It is proposed to begin work in C shaft of the Canton, which is located but a few feet from the line, drive a drift southward on the Rouchleau and then sink another shaft. The property is very wet. Shaft C of the Canton is adequately supplied with pumps and by the use of this equipment the development work on the Rouchleau can be done in comparative dryness.

Murphy & Dorr, the well known Saginaw lumberman, who owns a large amount of timber in the vicinity of Eveleth and operated extensively there last winter, intended to put in 10,000,000 feet again this winter but, after sending in their foremen, teams and outfit, found that they could not make reasonable terms with the railroad companies for hauling the logs to Duluth. Consequently they withdrew and will do nothing this winter. This work would have been a great help to the people and towns of the range, as well as to many idle men in Duluth, and the people who voted a gift of $250,000 to the Duluth, Missabe & Northern in the hope of breaking the railroad monopoly in this county are again enquiring "where are we at?" If Mr. Hill or some other "good Western man" would build a road to this range and pursue a live-and-let-live policy, no doubt the line would find plenty to do. Such a road would receive a warm welcome from the people of the range.

Dr. R. J. Sewall, formerly assistant to Dr. Shipman, of Ely, has arrived here to take up the practice of Dr. Humphrey, who has gone East to spend the winter.

W. J. Harlow, local agent of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern, has joined his family in Wausau, Wis., where they will spend the holidays with relatives. Mr. Harlow's place here is filled by L. A. Ebert, of Virginia.

MR. SANTILIHANO'S TOUR.

Omaha, Dec. 5.—J. D. Santilihano, of London, one of the largest holders of securities of the Union Pacific and the companies now, and formerly acted with that corporation, is in the city. He said he was not in a position to say anything regarding the affairs of the company. "My visit here is simply a casual one. I was passing through on my way from St. Paul to Kansas City, and simply stopped off for a few days to learn something of the physical condition of the property and of the business, present and prospective. He spent considerable time today in consultation with Receivers Clark and Mink, but what was done is not known, as none of the parties referred to would discuss the matter.

BUCKET SHOP SUED.

Springfield, Ohio, Dec. 5.—F. P. Lawrence began suit against the Central Stock and Grain exchange for $700. He alleges that he paid them $20 on 1000 bushels of wheat at the rate of 75 cents a bushel, to be delivered at a future day. He says they failed to deliver, and he sues for $200 and also for $500 exemplary damages, which are allowed by state laws. He says that H. M. Brooks invested $625 in the bucket shop, and that Brooks has assigned his claim to him. An order of attachment was issued on the Springfield National bank, which has some money of the defendant.

### FLOODED CITY.

#### The Chippewa River Remains Stationary For the Day.

Milwaukee, Dec. 5.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Chippewa Falls, Wis., says: The water receded thirty-seven inches yesterday, but it rose eleven inches last night and it is stationary today. There seems to be no immediate prospect of the water leaving the city entirely, neither is it expected that it will again attain its height of two days ago.

Yesterday some of the merchants began moving into abandoned buildings, but the work is not continued today on account of the condition of the river. No risks will be assumed by business men, who prefer to remain where they are rather than expose their effects to the flood. All feeling that great destruction to property will result at once has passed away and things are fast assuming their normal conditions here.

Anchor ice is still coming down the river, but in greatly reduced quantities, and the gorge is not assuming much larger proportions. The Wisconsin Central road has been enabled to use its tracks for a few hours last night, but had to abandon them this morning on account of the rise during the night. Its depot is badly wrecked and will not be fit for use again. The operator has taken up his quarters in a box car.

### FIFTY INJURED.

#### Bad Cable Car Accident in New York City.

New York, Dec. 5.—Duffy's hill, a steep incline extending from One Hundred and Second to One Hundred and Third streets, in Lexington avenue, was the scene of a cable car wreck last night in which fifty persons were injured or shaken up. Among the injured were: John A. Brown, conductor; Isadore Cohn, George Cranton, Mrs. Sarah Cross, Mary Fredenburg, Peter L. Meyer, carpenter; Mrs. Mary Ormond, Agnes Ormond and Mrs. Rosenthal. All the injured were to the hospital.

The wreck was caused by the failure of the brakes to hold and the car collided half way down the hill with a car containing nearly fifty passengers. All the passengers were more or less injured. Some were bruised by the force of the impact, others were cut by falling glass and others, especially the women, were suffering from the shock. Those who could hasten to their homes did so as quickly as possible.

### MINNESOTA'S MEMBERS.

#### Reaching Washington for the Opening of Congress.

Washington, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Nelson and Representative Heatwole arrived today. Congressmen Tawney and Kiefer reached Washington several days ago, and Congressmen McCleary and Eddy are expected tonight. Senator Davis and Representative Fletcher will arrive tomorrow. It is thought here that Representative Towne will not arrive for several days.

### KILLED BY THE FUMES.

#### Three People at Boston Suffocated By Gas.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 5.—A strong odor of gas was noticed by passers by at 37 Newcomb street, in the Roxbury district this morning, which led to an investigation. The investigation revealed the fact that the inmates of the house, three in number, had been killed by the fumes, while those in the adjoining house, No. 35, four persons were found unconscious, one being seriously affected. The dead are:

Mrs. Lawrence, aged 40.

Miss Sophy Lawrence, aged 9, a daughter of Mrs. Lawrence.

Sawyer, a lodger in the house.

The names of those found unconscious were: George Curran, 16 years; Willie Curran, 14 years; Hugh Curran, 21 years; Edward H. Thomas, a lodger. Thomas was barely alive when found and was taken to a hospital. The others were soon revived and are out of danger. All the dead were negroes.

When the house was cleared of fumes a search was made for the source of the trouble and it was found that a leak had occurred in the cellar at the junction of the pipes which supplied both houses with gas.

RECEIVED TOO LATE.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—The expense account of H. H. Bonndwell, of Hutchinson, candidate for presidential elector on the fusion ticket, was received at the office of the secretary of state today. The account should have gone to the governor, and the secretary took it into the governor's office, but the latter refused to receive it, on the grounds that it was too late. The account will be returned to Mr. Bannswell with the information that it was not filed within the time prescribed by law, and that it had been rejected.

FRENCH ARMY SENSATION.

Paris, Dec. 5.—A dispatch from Bergerac, announces that a sensation has been caused there by an attempted murder and suicide among the officers of the garrison. Capt. Leduc, of the One Hundred and Eighth regiment of the line, for some unknown cause, shot Col. Lanclon, commanding that regiment three times, and then committed suicide by shooting himself with the same revolver. The colonel is in a critical condition.

JOHN R. FELLOWS DYING.

New York, Dec. 5.—District Attorney John R. Fellows lies at the point of death at his home in this city. His family have given up hope. The patient is very weak. At one time during the night, his physicians thought that the end was very near. John R. Fellows, Jr., who is in the South, travelling for his health has been summoned home.

A YOUTHFUL ROBBER.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—A special to the Dispatch from Black River Falls, Wis., says: Otto Samrope, aged 8 years, was sentenced to the reform school for a robbery committed yesterday on K. Hanson, a merchant tailor, of this city. Young Samrope went through the safe, taking about $3500. Most of the money was recovered.

INSANE MOTHER'S DEED.

Cleveland, Dec. 5.—A special from Newark, O., says: Mrs. A. F. Gleisner, wife of a glass blower, who came from Lasalle, Ill., four years ago, shot her infant child in the head this morning, killing it instantly. She then shot herself in the mouth, and is now lying in a precarious condition. Mr. Gleisner thinks his wife is insane.

# HANNA

## Republican Master of Ceremonies and Committeeman Payne in Washington.

## Hanna Says There Is Lots of Confidence But Not Much Business.

## Senator Sherman Says Positively There Will Be an Extra Session.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Hon. M. A. Hanna, accompanied by Hon. H. C. Payne, arrived in Washington this morning and went to the Arlington hotel. Mr. Hanna declared that the purpose of his visit was confined almost exclusively to the making preparations for the inaugural ceremonies next March, and to deciding some points in connection with the proposition to remove the headquarters of the committee to Washington with the view of continuing the work of the committee in preparation for the campaign of 1900. His first act was to make an inspection of the new congressional library building with a view to its reception or rejection as the place for the inaugural ball. The eligibility of the building has been strongly urged by those who think the selection of this building would do much to disarm the criticism of those who on principle oppose an inaugural festival. Mr. Hanna was accompanied in his inspection of the building by Mr. Payne and several other friends.

Mr. Payne said in reply to a question as to the accuracy of the reports concerning Mr. Hanna's intention to call upon Senator Sherman as the agent of Maj. McKinley with a view to offering the senator the state department portfolio, that he had no doubt Mr. Hanna would make a social call on the senator, but that if he should do so the incident need have no special significance, as they were personal and particular friends.

"I don't believe," said Mr. Payne, "that the personnel of the cabinet will be decided for a month yet, or for a longer time." Mr. Payne declined to discuss the report that he would be in the cabinet.

In response to inquiries, Mr. Hanna said: "The people all over the country are congratulating themselves over the outcome of the election, and I think the result will be a large attendance on the inaugural ceremonies." When asked how he had found the result of the election affected business in this country and whether there had been a healthy revival of industries, Mr. Hanna replied: "The election has had a good effect in restoring confidence. This is not time yet for a large volume of business, but confidence has been restored and the future looks extremely hopeful."

"Do you think the business men of the country want any currency legislation this winter?"

"I think the business interests are looking forward to the time when that question can be taken up by congress in an intelligent and non-partisan way," replied Mr. Hanna. "Party lines have been broken down on that issue and it remains to do the best for all. The truth is our currency matters are in pretty good shape, I think. There is nothing alarming about the currency question. There is no question about the Republican stand on wanting a conservative tariff bill passed by congress."

### AN EXTRA SESSION.

#### Senator Sherman Says McKinley Will Call One.

Washington, Dec. 5.—There is no longer any reasonable doubt but that President-elect McKinley will call an extra session of congress. Senator Sherman expressed himself very positively of the opinion that an extra session would be called, but would not say that he had the authority of Maj. McKinley to make the statement.

"The Republican administration has been selected under a pledge to reform the tariff, and its duty is to proceed about that at the first possible moment, and either to keep its pledge or make it manifest that it is impossible to do so. I think we ought to secure a tariff which could be put into effect by the beginning of the next fiscal year," said Senator Sherman.

Senator Thurston said he did not consider the passage of the Dingley bill as probable.

### NAVAL CHANGES.

#### Fighting Bob Evans Removed From the Indiana.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Capt. Robert D. Evans has been relieved of the command of the battleship Indiana and ordered to Washington as a member of the lighthouse board.

Capt. H. C. Kyler has been detached from the naval war college and ordered to command the Indiana.

Commander J. McGowan has been ordered to command the naval training station at Newport in place of Commander F. W. Dickens, who is ordered to Washington as assistant to the chief of the navigation bureau.

### LAND OFFICES.

#### Joseph Smith Appointed Register at Crookston.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The president has appointed Polk W. O'Sullivan register of the land office at Prescott, Ariz., and Joseph Smith as register of the land office at Crookston, Minn.

CALLS IT A FRAUD.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The postoffice department has issued a fraud order against the Standard Shoe company, of Nashville, Tenn. The order was issued on a telegraphic request of Inspector Whiteside.

### LEGISLATIVE CONTESTS.

#### Underleak Now a Strong Candidate For Speaker.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—There was a marked thinning out of the politicians in the hotels, but enough remain to make a despectable showing and keep the candidates busy guessing. Three distinct propositions were presented this morning to complicate the matter of the house organization: Joseph Underleak declares himself strictly in the fight for speaker; J. Frank Dean issues an ultimatum to the effect that he will be in the contest for the chief clerkship, contesting for first place and no compromise, and W. B. Stine declares himself a candidate for first assistant clerk, leaving the contest for first place to Dean and Dowling.

There is one significant fact in connection with the speakership contest, and that is that while Jones is recognized as being far in the lead, none of the recognized leaders will admit that he is a safe winner, and frequently let drop veiled expressions to the effect that "something is liable to drop yet," or "better wait a few days before you place any bets." As a matter-of-fact, Mr. Jones is entirely acceptable in his personal capacity and as a representative man, but he has not that faculty of warming up his friends which carried Capt. Van Sant safely over the bridge two years ago.

### THE HOSPITAL FAIR.

#### Excellent Prospects for a Brilliant Financial Success.

The hospital fair, which opens in the Columbus building next Wednesday, is attracting considerable attention, not only in Duluth but throughout this northeastern section of the state. The Duluth & Iron Range and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern roads have made a round-trip rate of one and one-third fare to parties of five or more who attend the fair, and these rates apply from all stations. The large store rooms in the Columbus block, at the corner of First avenue west and Superior street, have been in the hands of the committee for some time, and carpenters and decorators are putting in some very work. There will be six booths, and they will be in charge of the following persons: Fancy booth, Miss Murray, Mrs. Kenna, Mrs. Monahan; flower booth, Miss Dodge; gypsy booth, Mrs. Phalen; Japanese booth, Mrs. C. F. Hartman, Miss Lydia Ponder; Italian booth, Miss Lulu Fiebiger, Miss Sheridan; ice cream booth, Mrs. Frank Burrows. These booths will be filled with all manner of choice and attractive articles, and the prices will be reasonable in all cases.

Every day dinner and supper will be served, and the fair committee on refreshments promises to discount any hotel bill of fare in the Northwest at much lower prices. A musical program will be rendered each evening, the Hoare-Flaaten orchestra being booked for the opening night and the Lachmund trio for another evening. The object, for the benefit of St. Mary's hospital, is such a praiseworthy one that in a certain degree accounts for the enthusiasm already manifested.

KANSAS BANK CLOSES.

Baxter Springs, Kan., Dec. 5.—The Baxter bank closed its doors this morning, and is now in the hands of the state bank commissioner. The bank is said to be in a bad condition, and it is believed that resumption is impossible. Assets and liabilities are not stated.

A FACTORY RESUMES.

Norwich, Conn., Dec. 5.—The Hopkins & Allen Co., the manufacturers of guns, pistols and bicycles, started up today on full time, with the full complement of 400 hands. The plant has been operating on short time for some months.

GUNBOATS LAUNCHED.

Bath, Me., Dec. 5.—The new gunboats Vicksburg and Newport were launched from the yards of the Bath Iron works this afternoon, before an immense crowd. The Vicksburg went into the water at 12:35, and the Newport followed twenty minutes later. The launching was successful in every respect.

TRAIN ROBBER SENTENCED.

Nevada, Mo., Dec. 5.—W. B. Morris, on trial for train robbery pleaded guilty this morning and was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary, the lowest penalty under the law. Morris was the leader of a gang of highwaymen, who held up Conductor Robert C. Trickett at Nassau Junction, January last, and robbed Trickett and his train crew. Trickett was shot in the face.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Lexington, Mo., Dec. 5.—James Nelson was arrested at Richmond late last night charged with being implicated in the murder of the Winner family and was this morning brought here for safe keeping. Two other men, Winner and Lackey, also charged with complicity in the crime were brought here two weeks ago to prevent lynching.

WANTED A HOLIDAY.

Newport, R. I., Dec. 5.—One hundred naval apprentice boys made a dash for liberty this afternoon and twenty succeeded in escaping from Coasters' Harbor island. The Newport and Fall River police have been asked to help the United States officials in capturing the boys. The trouble is said to be the outgrowth of the denial of the boys' request for furlough for the Christmas holidays.

MURDERER FOUND GUILTY.

Bowling Green, Ky., Dec. 5.—After being out twenty-five hours, the jury brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree against Thomas C. Jones, alias "Doc" Lee, of Chicago, one of the burglars who shot Night Watchman Jesse Baker, of North Baltimore, on the morning of June 21. There was a hard fight for a verdict in the first degree, but it could not be accomplished. A motion has been made by the defense for a new trial.

URUGUAY REVOLT ENDED.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 5.—An official dispatch from Montevideo, capital of Uruguay, says that Serarba, the insurgent chief, who was reported to have defeated the troops, has been completely routed, and has fled with only ten followers. The dispatch further announces that the revolt is dead.

ARCHBISHOP FABRE DYING.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 5.—The condition of Archbishop Fabre, of Montreal, has grown so much worse that he has received the last rites of the church. His grace is 72 years of age.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $224,937,100; gold reserve, $132,527,685.

# FRANCIS

## Secretary of the Interior Publishes His Annual Report to Congress.

## Uncle Sam's Area of Government Land Rapidly Growing Less.

## Pension Recommendations--Land Grant Railroads and Several Other Topics.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The annual report of Secretary Francis, deals with all the affairs of the various branches of the interior department during the past year and makes a number of important recommendations. It proposes a solution of the vexed problem of the bond aided roads, deals exhaustively with the pension administration reviews, the progress of the Dawes commission negotiations and touches upon various matters of especial significance in the West.

The report opens with a discussion of the public domain. It shows that the total number of acres disposed of up to June last was 946,000,000, leaving public domain still vacant estimated at over 600,000,000 not including Alaska, with an area of over 39,000,000 acres. Since the homestead act was passed on May 20, 1862, there has been 162,891,132 acres entered by homestead settlers. Of this, almost 103,000,000 acres will all be patented when the legal conditions have been made. Of the remainder 24,000,000 acres represent entries cancelled and almost 18,000,000 acres commuted to cash. The total number of mineral entries up to date, 28,920, patents to railways and wagon roads, since the last grant was made, reach 554,729,751 acres. There also have been 335,601,792 acres disposed of by pre-emption, cash sales, scrip, locations, military bounty land warrants, town sites, desert land, timber culture, timber and stone entries and Indian allotments and donations to settlers.

There are yet due to railroads and wagon roads under their grants 114,738,648 acres of which not more than 60 per cent are available for patenting under the conditions of the grants. The total grants of lands to the various states and territories up to March 12 last aggregated 181,868,630 acres in addition to agricultural college scrip 74,350,000 acres. The total of all lands segregated from the public domain aggregates 946,219,160 acres. The report says:

"These figures demonstrate that the country is being settled with great rapidity, and that the public domain is being diminished by great strides. If the disposition of the last thirteen years, which is 25,000,000 a year, is continued for thirteen years there will be little of the public domain outside of Alaska, in possession of the government at the expiration of that time. During the year 15,527,844 acres were patented to railroads under congressional grants."

Discussing forest reservations, the report says no permits to cut timber on public lands should be granted for any purpose other than to supply the needs of actual settlers in the neighborhood of the forests where timber is to be cut and should be accompanied by all possible safeguards.

All applications made by persons that had paid the double minimum price for lands lying east of Duluth along the Northern Pacific grant to have the excess of $1.25 per acre refunded, have been suspended to await the final location of the eastern terminus of the Northern Pacific by a court of competent jurisdiction. The department has been unofficially informed that a suit shortly will be brought for that purpose.

The total amount paid by the government in pensions and the cost of disbursing the same for the last thirteen years is $2,034,817,769. This lacks only a little over $346,712,500 of being equal to the high water mark of the interest bearing public debt. The present number of pensioners, which is 970,678, is greater by 4666 than in 1893, when the maximum annual cost was reached and is greater than ever before. This is due to the death of old soldiers and the continued payment of allowances to their heirs, while the amount paid is decreased through the death of invalid pensioners leaving no dependents. The pension policy of the department has been to make the pension list a roll of honor, rather than to save money to the government; the effort has been to defeat the designs of imposters, while recognizing the needy and deserving. General public sentiment, however, is that the obligations of the government is confined to those that fought for its maintenance and those dependent upon them. The total number of American pensioners in foreign countries was 3781, who were paid $582,735. The commissioner of pensions has been directed to accept from pensioners residing in Germany only such declaration and other papers of claimants as may be made before a United States minister or consul officer of the United States. The state department has been requested to instruct our representatives abroad to make the notarial fee 25 cents, a compensation in vogue here. Increase of $7 to $12 per month is recommended for all wholly disabled and destitute Mexican war survivors.

Under the head of Indian affairs, the secretary reports the recommendation for a commission of three, of whom one shall be an army officer, to take the place of the commissioner and assistant commissioner of Indian affairs. With regard to the dispute over the Uncompahgre reservation in Utah, in which valuable deposits of asphalt have been discovered, Secretary Francis expressed the opinion that the commission which treats with the Indians for the allotment of their lands totally misunderstood the agreement of 1880 by which the Uncompahgres were removed from Colorado. The Indians declined to pay $1.25 an acre for the lands allotted to them, because they were led to believe that the purchase money would come out of their trust fund of $1,250,000, which furnishes the $50,000 per annum. This is not the case. The purchase money would not disturb the trust fund, but would eventually come out of the proceeds of the sale of their Colorado lands. The commission was dissolved last February.

"It is my judgment," says the secretary, "that some legislation should be enacted whereby the people of the United States can at an early date have the benefit of these valuable and useful deposits. As congress took no further action on the subject after receiving the reply of any predecessor to its resolution of Jan. 16, 1896, I have not felt justified in changing the situation as I found it."

The secretary recommends that congress authorize the appointing of another commission to negotiate with the Indians for the sale of the lands. The secretary makes no comment on the work of the Dawes Indian commission. He includes in the report a partial report of the commission which is now engaged under the act of June 10, 1896, in determining all applications for citizenship in the five civilized tribes. By the terms of the act, that work must be completed by Dec. 10, 1896. The commission says the work is progressing with a celerity that exceeds its expectations. It has already examined 5869 of the 7000 claims.

Under the head of bond aided railroads, the secretary says he has complied with the joint resolution of June 10, 1896, requiring him to continue the issue of patents to bona-fide purchasers of lands sold by bond aided railroads, but he says he declined to issue patents to all surveyed lands on the application of the Central Pacific. He says:

"In my judgment it is much better for the government to accept a lump sum in cash for its claim against these roads if by so doing that claim can be settled and the connection between the government and the only roads it has ever aided by direct subsidy be effectually severed. Such a solution of this vexed question would meet with the nearly approval of the people generally, and relieve the legislators and all branches of the government of a troublesome problem and a trying responsibility."

In conclusion the secretary calls attention to the cramped quarters in the interior department, the large sum paid for rent annually, and earnestly recommends the erection of another structure on a block adjacent to the present building, adequate to accommodate all branches of the department.

## VENEZUELA ELECTION.

### Lots of Candidates in Sight For President.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The Venezuelan election does not occur until October next, but already the contest is waxing warm according to the press reports from Caracas. There are four prominent candidates, Dr. Castillo, minister of the interior in the Crespo cabinet; Dr. Bruzual Serra, minister of public works; Muncse Tebear, president of the state of Zulaye and Ignacio Andrade, president of the state of Miranda and brother of the minister to Washington. All of these candidates are favorable to Gen. Crespo.

The British contention regarding the boundary line has served to bring all enemies of the administration to the support of the ministry. The president has taken occasion to state, however, that he will turn over the government to his successor, according to the terms of the election and has thus disposed of all though that he will continue in the presidency. It was this intention of the president that caused the last Venezuela revolution and brought Crespo into power.

The recent return of ex-President Rojas Paul to Venezuela has been an important event there. He has been in exile for some years, but under the amnesty granted by Crespo has returned and placed himself under the protection of the president, who in a public letter to him, gave assurances of every safeguard of the laws. With the exception of former President Guzman Blanco, now living in Paris, Rojas Paul was the most prominent of those who fled from Venezuela on the advent of Gen. Crespo's government, and his return is regarded as showing a complete acceptance of the new order of things as inaugurated by President Crespo.

## JACKSON AND WALLING.

### Murderers' Efforts to Have New Trials Heard.

Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 5.—All the judges of the court of appeals were in consultation last night with Chief Justice Pryor over the petitions for new trials for Scott Jackson and Alonzo M. Walling, who were convicted at Newport of the murder of Pearl Bryan and sentenced to be hanged. There is no doubt that the court has reached a decision, the nature of which will not be known until officially promulgated.

LOST A PROPELLER WHEEL.

Queenstown, Dec. 5.—The Etruria, Capt. Ferguson, from New York, which proceeded on her voyage this morning, has signalled that she lost a propeller, which will delay her arrival at Liverpool.

BRAZILIAN LEGISLATION.

Rio De Janeiro, Dec. 5.—The chamber of deputies has passed a bill authorizing the government to assume the responsibility of note circulation and to lease the Brazilian railroads.

AN INSPECTION TRIP.

Phoenix, Ariz., Dec. 5.—D. B. Robinson, president of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, will arrive here today with a large party of Eastern railroad magnates. The trip is thought to be an official investigation of the road.

Every few days the papers tell of some man found dead. Many times the cause is accidental poisoning because among several medicine bottles the wrong was taken—the one containing deadly poison. If people only really understood disease this sort of thing would never happen.

Much of the sickness in the world is traceable to some disorder of the digestive organs, or to some impurity in the blood. Nine-tenths of all the illness in the world can be cured by purifying and enriching the blood, and restoring perfect digestion. The one sole and infallible medicine for this purpose is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It can be implicitly relied upon. There is no need having a dozen medicine bottles in the house. One is enough. There is no need of using poisons at all. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the most effective medicine ever prepared, and there is not an atom of poison in a million bottles of it. If you will be guided by Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, and use only Dr. Pierce's Medicines, you will always be safe.

E. James, Esq., of Brooklyn (P. O. Box 281), Cuyahoga Co., Ohio, writes: "We received the 'People's Medical Adviser' all safe and on time; we have looked it through carefully, and we are satisfied that the book will be of great value to us in raising our family of seven children. My wife has found great help from Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, as, when she takes cold from any cause, it generally settles on her lungs. The 'Favorite Prescription' we keep on hand all the time. It is a wonderful medicine. My wife has great faith in it. By being careful in the way we live and by using Dr. Pierce's medicines when we don't feel just right, we have had to call a doctor only once in *fifteen years* in our family."


# LONDON

## Ambassador Bayard Is Prominent Before English Eyes Just Now.

## Wonderful New Warship of the British Navy---The Powerful.

## Stage and Personal Gossip---Some London Burglars' Rich Hauls.

London, Dec. 5.—(Copyrighted 1896 by the Associated Press.)—The proposal of the Daily Telegraph to present to the United States ambassador, Thomas F. Bayard, by popular subscription, "A Christmas farewell gift of respect and goodwill," suggesting that it consist of rare and precious editions of the writings of Chaucer and Shakespeare, "so deeply loved by Mr. Bayard," is falling very flat. The Chronicle admits the Telegraph's kindly motive, and Mr. Bayard's claim to regard, but it condemns the suggestion as "improper and opposed to diplomatic etiquette," adding that the mere idea is enough to bring cold perspiration to the brow of the most deserving diplomat, and suggesting that the ambassador be given a banquet in the familiar Anglo-Saxon way." The diplomats and officials are illy pleased at the proposition, and even among Bayard's personal friends a feeling of disgust is manifested at the idea of Mr. Bayard being placed on the "sale" list.

The obvious exploiting of the ambassador at a specially dull season, as an advertisement for the Telegraph is objectionable, as the maudlin compliments of the subscribers clearly demonstrate. One subscriber, for instance, who enclosed two shillings (50 cents) and wrote "I have long thought him a decent fellow." Another, who enclosed ten shillings ($5), said: "He is a man for whom I have long felt reverence; may his country produce many more such enlightened and worthy descendants of England."

The representative of the Railway Workers' union writes: "Though I have never seen Mr. Bayard, I have read his speeches, and it is my opinion that no other person has done so much for English societies." A firm of Christmas card manufacturers sent five guineas ($26.25), "for one whom we would gladly claim as one of Englands best friends." It is understood that Mr. Bayard is pleased with the idea, and that he intends to accept the testimonial.

The birthday of the princess of Wales who was born Dec. 1, 1844, was celebrated on Tuesday last all over Great Britain. There was a large house party at Sandringham, which, in addition to all the family, included Lord and Lady Sandhurst.

Lord Hawke's team of cricketers sailed for the West on Tuesday.

The greatest interest attached to the recent steam trials of the British cruiser Powerful, said to be the largest of her class in the world and the first large British warship fitted with water tube boilers. During the course of her long cruise in the channel, the maximum power developed was 26,497 indicated horse power, while the mean of four hours' running was 25,886 indicated horse power, said to exceed that of any warship afloat, and only exceeded by the two new Cunarders. In the first test thirty hours' steaming at 5000 indicated horse power, the cruiser made 14.94 knots, using four and a half tons of coal per hour, and in the next test thirty hours' steaming with 18,000 horse power, she made 22 knots with fifteen tons of coal per hour. The last test was eight hours' trial with 26,000 indicated horse power, under natural draught, which developed a speed of 22½ knots. As the powerful has carries quite a heavy armament for a cruiser and 2000 tons of coal, the speed is considered to be remarkable, and as full justifying the change to the water tub boiler. The Powerful, however, has no side armor, although she has a protected deck of four inches maximum thickness on the slopes. She carries two 9.2 guns twelve 6-inch guns, sixteen 12-pounder and twelve 3-pounder quick-firing guns. The big guns are mounted on the forecastle in barbettes. The armored deck is composed principally of three thicknesses of steel plating, but at the edges, where it joins the side of the ship, two of the skins of plating are discontinued. Consequently, the extreme edges of the deck, for a width of a foot or two, have only one skin of plating, which has been severely criticised as likely to expose the vitals of the ship when running away from the enemy.

The political state that burglaries have been so extensive in the West End of London during the past few months that the thieves got away with no less than 300,000 plunder.

The condition of James R. Roosevelt, secretary of the United States embassy, is causing anxiety. He is suffering from severe nervous prostration and insomnia.

The principal gossip in theatrical circles is the authenticated fact that Sarah Bernhardt will, during her next engagement, appear at the Adelphi theater, the recognized house of melodrama. Her season at this house will begin on June 21 next. Among the novelties to be produced will be a version of Alfred De Musset's historical drama, "Lorenzo Medici." In which the great actress will play Lorenzo, and for the first time appear before a London audience in a male character. It is also reported that she will play "Mary Magdalen" during this engagement.

Ellen Terry has abandoned any intention of appearing in "Richard III" when produced at the Lyceum. This is due to an alleged insult to herself. The withdrawal of "Cymbeline" is announced, after a run of a little over two months. It is the general opinion that Irving has never been seen to less advantage than in the character of Lachino, even when his performance of Macbeth is remembered. Since Mrs. Patrick Campbell's retirement from the stage, many rumors have been rife as to her playing an engagement in America in the near future. In connection with these rumors, Mrs. Campbell says that Mr. Frohman has asked for her management, but that nothing definite has been decided.


## For Thin People

Who lack strength and vigor there is nothing better than a pure malt stimulant to build up the system and clothe the body with sound, healthy flesh. Nothing so quickly gives new life to the debilitated.

This fact has been proved by thousands of men and women who have gained health and strength by using

## Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

The greatest and best of medicinal stimulants. The vitalizing principle contained in the pure malt feeds and nourishes every part of the body, tones up the stomach and sharpens the appetite. It soothes excited nerves, arouses the circulation and restores lost energy. As a stimulant and tonic it has never been equaled.

No wide awake druggist or grocer thinks of being out of Duffy's pure malt.


## 'FRISCO'S FIGHT.

### Bookmakers Paying Bets According to Earp's Decision.

San Francisco, Dec. 5.—The storm that the contest between Sharkey and Fitzsimmons raised is rapidly subsiding. Those who insist that Earp rendered an unjust decision, are no less emphatic in their assertions than they were on the day after the fight, but they have nothing new added to their story of fraud. Sharkey will not be allowed to leave his room until Wednesday at the earliest. He rests easily and tells the story of how it all happened before he lay prostrate in the ring, at the feet of Fitzsimmons. Dan Lynch, his manager made another attempt yesterday to obtain the money from the Anglo-California bank on the certificate of deposit, but the officials declined to pay the money. They explained that the superior court had issued an injunction against payment and that no money would be paid until the restraining order is dissolved.

Fitzsimmon's hands are considerably better and have at last reached normal size. His future plans will depend in great measure on the outcome of the controversy, though he will not stay in California longer than a few weeks before going to New York. Stuart wired him again yesterday and asked him when he would leave for the East. He wired back that he would be unable to give a reply for a week at least. A story that Sharkey is willing to compromise with Fitzsimmons gained currency, although it had no foundation in fact. It was represented that before the fight the loser was willing to give Fitz $1000 out of the purse. This is denied by Sharkey and Lynch, who insist that they will claim every cent that represent their victory. They will make no overtures. Local bookmakers are now paying bets on the fight. They have accepted the decision of Earp as final and are giving the winners what is due them. This has had a marked effect in silencing the story of angry protest and arguments.

NEW TONNAGE DUTIES.

Berlin, Dec. 5.—The Cologne Gazette says that the German Lloyd and the Hamburg-American steamship lines will be the chief sufferers by the withdrawal of the exemption of German vessels from the payment of tonnage dues in the United States, and adds: "President Cleveland has taken this decision in order to secure himself a brilliant send off on his retirement. But the decision is illegal. President Cleveland's assertion that stage tonnage dues are levied at German points is incorrect. No such dues are levied. The dues imposed are for the use of special port accommodation."

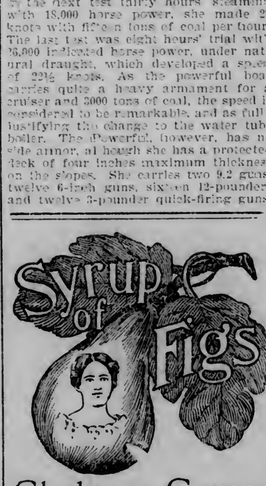
PACKERS BUY SALT MINES.

Kansas City, Mo., Dec. 5.—At a conference held here of Omaha, St. Joseph and Kansas City packers it has been determined to form a company and purchase salt mines in the state of Kansas and hereafter produce all the rock salt that may be needed in the packing business of the three cities. The reason is the recent heavy increase in the price of rock salt.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION.

Dec. 1 and 15 the Northern Pacific, Wisconsin Central lines will sell one way and round trip tickets to Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at reduced rates. For full particulars, call at city office, 4 West Superior street.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent.


## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.


# SHREWD

## Great Stock Jobbing Plot of London Speculators Made Public.

## False Reports of the American Elections to Be Sent to Europe.

## It Failed Because It Was Commenced at Too Late a Day.

Cleveland, Dec. 5.—The story of a gigantic scheme, on the part of a syndicate of London speculators, to control all of the European cable offices on the night of the American presidential election is printed here today. The plan was said to be to secure the issuance of a report from the London cable office to the effect that Mr. Bryan was elected, which, it was believed, would send the stock market rapidly tumbling downward. It is alleged that the schemers thought then to buy everything their available means could obtain, and realize a fabulous sum after the public received the correct news and the reaction set in. It is declared that preparations for the attempt were actually in progress for some time previous to the day of election.

The direct information, it is stated, came from Hon. John C. Covert, the veteran Cleveland newspaper man, and formerly editor of the Leader. The story came to him from a gentleman of high standing in this city, a physician, who has won scholarly honors, but whose name Mr. Cover is not at liberty to disclose. The doctor heard the story from man acquainted with the promoters of the syndicate, and having direct knowledge of the enterprise. These men were fellow passengers with the doctor on a trans-Atlantic steamer which came from England to New York about three weeks ago.

According to his statement, some twenty London stock jobbers and speculators were interested in the scheme. It occurred to them that fully $5,000,000 might be gathered in if they could, in some seemingly authoritative manner, on the night of election, give out the news that silver had carried the day in the United States. Some of the cabin passengers believed that the scheme might have at least come near success had the undertaking been started a week sooner.

As it was, the laying of the ropes began three weeks prior to Nov. 3. A fund of $50,000 had been subscribed toward carrying the plan into effect, when the enterprise was abandoned. Further, it was said a few cable telegraph operators in London and Berlin had been bought up. The plan was to use this method as far as it could be safely worked, and then to manage by some means to substitute men of their own at the cable offices. It was believed that these would have carried the project into effect for the schemers would have stopped at almost nothing to execute their designs.

## LAND DECISION MADE.

### Secretary Francis Has Modified a Former Decision.

Washington, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary Francis today modified a former departmental decision in the land case of Delma Guerten against Archibald M. Chisholm from the Duluth land district. The former decision denied Chisholm's application for a hearing on his contest against Guerten, on the ground that a second contest cannot be allowed on the same charges.

Upon further consideration the secretary concludes that his former decision was an error, and directs that a hearing be held to determine the rights of both parties.

## THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The case of Robert Coulter against the Great Northern Railroad company, was called yesterday at Grand Forks in the district court. The case is being tried before a petit jury with Judge Templeton on the bench. Suit is brought for damages in the sum of $20,000. Coulter was hauling wood two years ago, and as he crossed the track was struck by a passenger train and carried some distance. He received injuries that resulted in the loss of the right leg above the knee. The suit was tried last fall and a directed verdict was returned for the railroad company. It went to the supreme court and a new trial was granted.

William R. Baldwin, formerly a wealthy real estate man of New York city, has secured a divorce from his wife, Irene, on the ground of cruelty at Fargo. She was awarded $100 a month in lieu of $10,000 alimony. She lives in Philadelphia.

A. Carlson, an aged farmer living fifteen miles west of Inkster, left his home on the afternoon of Thanksgiving day to take care of his stock at the barn, and never returned. His body has been found about fifty rods away.

Mrs. William Riley, widow of William Riley, of Pembina county, whose body was found in the river at Grand Forks during the street fair, is looking up matters in connection with the affair. He was insured in Independent Foresters for $2000, and they refuse to pay the amount on account of it being a case of suicide.

Charles Hempll was granted an absolute divorce from his wife, Mary Hempll, of Minneapolis, at Grand Forks. The husband claims that his wife refused to live with him and the divorce was granted on grounds of desertion.

Eva Kaltdeisch, the 4-year-old girl of East Grand Forks, who was so badly burned three weeks ago while playing with matches, died last night.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Three tramps were arrested at Flandreau yesterday charged with grand larceny. They stole quite a quantity of clothing from Kaufman Bros', clothing store.

Willie Richter and another boy from the country went into Erickson's saloon at Flandreau yesterday and held the proprietor up at the point of two revolvers.

Lee Kemmerer, the 12-year-old son of the sheriff-elect, was shot through the leg by a playmate. The boys had been playing with the revolver and the Hearity boy in discharging it missed his mark and shot Lee instead.


## Xmas '96

Close at hand. Pose for your pictures at Zweifel's. Don't wait for a clear day. His photos are the best. The weather makes no difference. Studios, 20 and 21 Phoenix block.


## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At Hammond, Wis., a Chinaman named Wun Lung was found lying dead in his laundry with his throat cut from ear to ear. He had also been shot. Robbery was not the motive as he had considerable cash about his person and in his sleeping apartment. It is believed it was the work of highbinders.

Williams & Morrow's flouring mill on the Blue Earth river, near Winnebago City, Minn., burned yesterday, the fire originated from a hot box. The fishpole of some careless fisherman was the cause of the fire. The pole had been drawn into one of the wheels and the friction caused undoubtedly ignited the fire. The value of the property was about $10,000 and there was no insurance.

Mrs. Phillip H. Sheridan, widow of the illustrious general, was accorded a great reception at the Hotel Lafayette in Philadelphia last evening, incidental to the unveiling of John H. Mulvaney's picture of "Little Phil" making his famous ride. The son of the dead warrior drew the cord which released the flags from the painting, and as the work came into view it was greeted with tumultuous applause.

Nutwood, the famous stallion, sire of many racing horses, died at Dubuque, Iowa, yesterday. He cost his owners $25,000 thirteen years ago.

Floods on the Menominee and Wolf rivers in Wisconsin and Michigan, are reported as getting much worse and much damage has been done.

The national lumber convention, which is to be held at Cincinnati Dec. 16, promises to be the most thoroughly representative body of lumbermen ever called together.

The report of the director of the United States mints for the fiscal year, shows the total coinage to have been as follows: Gold, $58,878,490; silver dollars, $7,500,882; subsidiary silver, $2,929,819; minor coins, $969,257; total, $71,188,568. There was a total coinage under the act of July 14, 1890, up to Nov. 1, 1896, of $56,206,876, with a seigniorage of $13,394,034, leaving on hand at the mints a balance of 125,061,262 fine ounces costing $112,869,25. Gold and silver bars were manufactured at the mints and assay offices during the fiscal year as follows: Gold, $63,248,523; silver, $7,370,454. The total coinage of gold and silver by the various countries of the world was: Gold, $231,087,428; silver, $121,610,219; total, $352,097,657.

ANOKA'S PERPLEXITY.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—Attorney General Childs has advised Governor Clough to revoke his proclamation calling a special election for sheriff of Anoka county, for which the vote was a tie at the general election.

After a short consultation with the attorney general, Governor Clough sent telegrams to Anoka asking both candidates to come to St. Paul for a consultation. Until then the entire matter will be allowed to rest. If the candidates are content to settle the matter themselves, and if the people of Anoka county are satisfied with the result of a settlement, Governor Clough will very likely follow the advice of the attorney general and revoke his proclamation fixing a date for a special election.

The attorney general, in his opinion, calls attention to apparently conflicting phases of the law. He thinks that a special election might be legal, but that it would be unwise under the circumstances.

WILL MEET AT CARACAS.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Dr. Andrade, son of the Venezuelan minister, has returned from Mexico City, where he was attending the Pan-American medical congress. He and his associates succeeded in having Caracas named as the place of holding the next convention in 1899. Cuba and Canada were the other competitors for the honor. Dr. Andrade says the congress is accomplishing much good in securing uniform safeguards against yellow fever and other diseases prevalent in the Americas. It was determined to recommend to the minister of health and of the cabinet officers of the various countries, and one of the standing committees is developing a plan of uniform quarantine. There will be much interest shown in Mexico as to the boundary settlement, and Dr. Andrade was sought after, but he refused to be interviewed. The general feeling was most favorable to the settlement made.

A PIONEER DEAD.

Denver, Dec. 5.—Charles Ballin, who established the first dry goods store in Denver in 1861 and became one of the leading merchants of the city, is dead, aged 63. Death resulted from the shock caused by an operation.

ENGLISH COAST GALES.

London, Dec. 5.—A severe gale prevailed all night long over the British coasts, causing numerous casualties and much damage. The channel services have been suspended. The electric railroads from Brighton along the shore are delayed.

ST. LOUIS POULTRY SHOW.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 5.—The judges at the poultry show have about completed their labors and few premiums are yet to be awarded. The brown and buff leghorns, black Spanish and white and black minorcas of the Mediterranean class and the various game species received most of the judges' attention. In the buff leghorn competition George E. Wald, of Cincinnati; C. W. Beaman, of Port Dickinson, N. Y., and F. D. Green, of Dickinson, N. Y., divided the honors.

WADE HAMPTON'S TROUBLE.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Gen. Wade Hampton has gone to his old home in Columbia, S. C., to recuperate from renewed trouble resulting from the amputation of a leg years ago. He has been unable to go to his office for several weeks, and has been compelled to attend to his duties at his hotel apartments most of the time for several years.

FRISCO LINE CHANGES.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 5.—In the United States circuit court Judge Caldwell has granted the St. Louis & San Francisco receivers' request to be discharged and to release surety." There are rumors of further changes on the Frisco passenger department.


# "77"

## breaks up

# COLDS

## of all kinds.

**La Grippe.**—The Grippey kind, that "hangs on," is knocked out by "77."

**Coughs.**—Whistling and wheezing, hard and stubborn; that lead to Asthma, Bronchitis and Pneumonia, are stopped by "77."

**Influenza.**—Flowing, tearful, with red eyes and nose, is checked by "77."

**Catarrh.**—Acute or Chronic, loss of taste and smell, dropping in the throat. "77" restores the lost senses, eradicates the disease.

**Sore Throat.**—Quinsy, Diphtheria, loss of voice of Clergymen and Speakers. The throat is healed, the voice restored by "77."

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your druggists or mail-d free.

Small bottles of pleasant pellets, fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents or five for $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.



# MUNYON'S LIFE WORK

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Munyon's Asthma Remedies relieve in three minutes and cure permanently. Price, $1.

Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. The Catarrh Cure—price 25c.—eradicates the disease from the system, and the Catarrh Tablets—price 25c.—cleanse and heal the parts.

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## in 1897.

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### A Great Novel

OF THE

### American Revolution

its leading serial feature for 1897 and the masterpiece of its author, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell. The story, "Hugh Wynne, Free Quaker," purports to be the autobiography of its hero, an officer on Washington's staff. Social life in Philadelphia at the time of the Revolution is most interestingly depicted, and the characters include Washington, Franklin, Lafayette, and others well known in history. It is safe to say that the readers of this great romance will obtain from it a clearer idea of the people who were foremost in Revolutionary days, and of the social life of the times, than can be had from any other single source. The work is not only historically accurate, but it is a most interesting story of love and war. The first chapters are in the November number. Howard Pyle will illustrate it.

### Campaigning With Grant,

By GENERAL HORACE PORTER,

is the title of a series of articles which has been in preparation for many years. General Porter was an aide on General Grant's staff and a close friend of his chief, and the diary which he kept through the war is the basis of the present articles, which are striking pen-pictures of campaign life and scenes. They will be fully illustrated. The first one is in the November CENTURY.

### A New Novel By Marion Crawford,

author of "Mr. Isaacs," "Saracinesca," "Casa Braccio," etc., entitled, "A Rose of Yesterday," a story of modern life in Europe, with American characters, begins in November. The first of a series of engravings, made by the famous woodengraver, T. Cole, of the old English masters also is in this issue. New features will be announced from time to time.

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# MARINE

## The Schooner Picton Has Probably Foundered With Seven on Board.

## Steamers Victory and Harlem and Detained Fleet Leave the Sault.

## Steamer Fay Lost Her Wheel, Dragged Her Anchors and Stranded.

Cobourg, Ont., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Picton, with 150 tons of coal for Cobourg, left Oswego Wednesday morning, at 9:30, for this port. As no tidings have been received of the boat in that time, it is feared she foundered during the gale of Wednesday evening or Thursday morning. Capt. James Terry has charge of the schooner, while James Kanaly, John Lavire, Owen Markel, William Terry and two other hands compose the crew. The Picton is owned by a Cobourg syndicate.

Later—Two schooners, evidently anchored, have been sighted about fifteen miles out. One is supposed to be the Picton.

THE SAULT TRAFFIC.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The report of the traffic through the American and Canadian canals during November has been issued. The total freight carried was 1,557,912 tons, of which 1,149,639 tons were eastbound. There were 278 passengers eastbound and 83 westbound. Following was the eastbound freight: Copper, 10,374 tons; grain, 5,318,657 bushels; building stone, 537 tons; flour, 1,768,366 barrels; iron ore, 426,505 tons; pig iron, 6317 tons; lumber, 51,404 M feet; wheat, 9,954,683 bushels; unclassified freight, 16,932 tons. Following was the westbound freight: Coal, 334,016 tons, manufactured iron, 12,509 tons; salt, 31,879 tons; unclassified freight, 58,431 tons.

Later—The Pathfinder, the Sagamore, the Neilson, the Russell, the North King, the Gilbert, the Griffin, the Yakima, the Bangor, the Algonquin and the Harlem are all in Little Mud lake just below the dyke, making little headway in the ice. It is snowing hard. The St. Andrew is laying up here.

THROUGH THE SAULT.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamers Victory and Harlem, together with the fleet that has been detained here, all passed down at 8 o'clock this morning. The tug Merrick will assist them through the ice. The Centurion is detained here making repairs to her after gangway, which was stove in by the Pathfinder last night. The weather is colder, and the wind is fresh from the southeast. The Algonquin, with wheat from Fort William, arrived at 9 o'clock.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Madden and consorts, 3 a. m.; George Gould, 8.

PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Mich., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Huron City passed down at 8 this morning.

STEAMER FAY STRANDED.

Cleveland, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—A telegram from the steamer Fay, stranded at Scot's point, near the straits, says the vessel lost her wheel, and she dragged both anchors before she went ashore.

TOO MUCH ICE.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Floating ice last night made it impossible to keep the range lights at Grosse Point last night.

NEW STEAL STEAMER.

Buffalo, Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. L. Crosthwaite and others will build this winter a 5000-ton steel steamer for regular business. As the contract is not to be signed until next week, the name of the shipyard is withheld.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—None.

Departed—Uganda, Nyanza, Buffalo, wheat.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Port Colborne—Down: Bannockburn.

Buffalo—Arrived: J. W. Moore, Saxon, Henry Chisholm, George Orr, Curry, Maricopa.

ARRANGED FOR BURIAL.

There are at least 200 people walking the streets of San Francisco, in good health and likely to live many years, who have already arranged the details of their funerals, says the Call. They have selected the coffins in which they will be buried, and paid cash for the same, as well as for the burial plots, hearse, etc. Nearly every undertaker in the city has several contracts of this kind, all of them made by people who are supposed to be in rational frames of mind.

Age seems to cut no figure, for some of the contracts are signed by men in the prime of life, who are noted for their cheerfulness and good dispositions. They have simply provided for their funerals to assure themselves that they will have decent interment. The undertakers think it nothing out of the way, but look upon it as sensible forethought, and according to stories told it has proved so in many cases. Men without families have dropped dead on the street, and had it not been for their arrangements with the undertaker they would have been buried in the Potter's field. Some people have made arrangements for the minutest details of their funerals, even to the advertisements in the newspapers. There are a few people who have not been content with selecting their coffins, but have had them sent to their homes. Such cases are rare, however.

"Yes, I have a good many contracts of that kind," said Undertaker Metzler, when speaking of the matter, "and in a great many cases they have proved to be good things. It is a sensible thing for anybody to do when he has not a family to look after him when he is gone.

"I have coffins in those cases there," said he, pointing, "that were contracted for at least six years ago, and paid for at the time. It may be six years or sixteen years before they are wanted, but when the owners need them they will be ready, and I will fulfill every part of the contract."

See N. D. Coon's adv.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Smouldering fires of old disease lurk in the blood of many a man, who fancies himself in good health. Let a slight sickness seize him, and the old enemy breaks out anew. The fault is the taking of medicines that suppress, instead of curing disease. You can eradicate disease and purify your blood, if you use the standard remedy of the world,

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

## THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Poultry is the principal feature of Michigan street houses nowadays and the supply is very full and fine. Vegetables, too, are in good demand and supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **BUTTER.** | | |
| Creamery, separators, fancy | 21 @ | 22 |
| Dairies, fancy, special make | 10 @ | 15 |
| Packing stock | 8 @ | 9 |
| **CHEESE.** | | |
| Turns, flats, full cream, new | 9½@ | 10 |
| Full cream, Young America. | 10 | |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 12 @ | 12½ |
| Brick, No. 1 | 10 | |
| Limb., full cream, choice | 9 @ | 10 |
| Primost | 6 | |
| **EGGS.** | | |
| Candled, strictly fresh | 19 @ | 20 |
| **HONEY.** | | |
| Fancy white clover | 12½@ | 13 |
| Fancy white clover, strained, in jars, per lb | 12½ | |
| Golden rod | 11½@ | 12 |
| Dark honey | 11 @ | 11½ |
| Buckwheat, dark | 11 @ | 11½ |
| **MAPLE SUGAR.** | | |
| Vermont, per pound | 10 | |
| Wisconsin, per pound | 9 | |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 90 | @ 1 00 |
| **VEGETABLES.** | | |
| Sweet potatoes, per bus | 85 @ | 90 |
| Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl | 2 25 | @ 2 50 |
| Celery per doz | 25 @ | 30 |
| Carrots, per bus | 35 @ | 40 |
| Beets, per bus | 35 @ | 40 |
| Onions, per bus | 40 @ | 45 |
| Turnips, per bus | 25 | |
| Minn. cabbage, per 100 lbs | 60 @ | 70 |
| Potatoes, per bus | 25 @ | 20 |
| Mint, per doz | 25 @ | 30 |
| Parsley, per doz | 25 | |
| Parsnips, per bus | 45 @ | 50 |
| Cauliflowers, per doz | 1 40 | @ 1 50 |
| Horse radish, per lb | 8 | |
| Hubbard squash, per doz | 50 @ | 75 |
| Pumpkins, per doz | 75 | |
| Marrow squash, per doz | 75 | |
| **HERBS.** | | |
| Thyme, per doz | 25 | |
| Savory, per doz | 25 | |
| Sweet Majoram, per doz | 25 | |
| Sage, per doz | 25 | |
| Dill, per doz | 50 | |
| Garlic, per lb | 10 | |
| **PEAS AND BEANS.** | | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 1 25 | |
| Medium, hand picked, bus | 90 | |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus | 90 | |
| Green and yellow peas | 75 @ | 80 |
| Wax beans, bus | 75 | |
| Green beans, bus | 50 | |
| Green peas, bus | 65 | |
| **FRUITS.** | | |
| Florida oranges, per box | 4 00 | @ 4 50 |
| Mexican oranges, per box | 4 00 | @ 4 25 |
| Jamaica oranges, per box | 4 00 | @ 4 25 |
| California pears, per case | 2 00 | @ 2 50 |
| Del. grapes, 10 lb basket | 28 | |
| Bananas, bunches | 1 25 | @ 1 50 |
| Lemons, per box | 4 50 | @ 5 00 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 70 | |
| California grapes, per case | 1 25 | @ 1 50 |
| Cranberries, per bbl | 6 00 | @ 6 50 |
| Cranberries, bus | 1 75 | @ 2 00 |
| Concord grapes, basket | 12 @ | 13 |
| New York grapes, basket | 11 @ | 12 |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 6 @ | 8 |
| **APPLES.** | | |
| New apples, per bbl | 1 25 | @ 2 25 |
| Quinces, per bus | 1 50 | |
| Quinces, per bbl | 4 50 | |
| **DRESSED MEATS.** | | |
| Veal, fancy | 7 @ | 7½ |
| Veal, heavy, coarse, thin | 5 | |
| Mutton, fancy dressed | 6 @ | 6½ |
| **LIVE POULTRY.** | | |
| Live turkeys | 10 | |
| Spring chickens, per lb | 6 @ | 7 |
| **DRESSED POULTRY.** | | |
| Turkeys, per lb | 11 @ | 12 |
| Chickens, per lb | 7 @ | 8 |
| Ducks, per lb | 9 @ | 10 |
| Geese, per lb | 10 @ | 11 |
| **GAME.** | | |
| Grouse, per doz | 4 50 | |
| Prairie chickens, per doz | 3 00 | @ 3 25 |
| Pheasants, per doz | 2 25 | |
| Partridges, per doz | 2 00 | @ 2 50 |
| Quail, per doz | 2 00 | |
| Canvas back ducks, per doz | 3 00 | @ 4 00 |
| Mallards, per doz | 3 00 | @ 3 25 |
| Wood duck, per doz | 2 00 | |
| Blue wing teal, per doz | 1 25 | @ 1 50 |
| Green wing teal, per doz | 1 00 | @ 1 25 |
| Red heads, per doz | 1 75 | @ 2 00 |
| Common, per doz | 1 50 | @ 1 75 |
| Jack snipe, per doz | 80 @ | 90 |
| Small snipe, per doz | 40 @ | 50 |
| Woodcock, per doz | 3 75 | @ 4 00 |
| Geese, per doz | 8 00 | @ 9 00 |
| Brant, per doz | 5 00 | @ 6 00 |
| Upland plover, per doz | 1 00 | |
| **BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.** | | |
| Bran 200 lbs, sacks included. | 8 00 | |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 9 00 | |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 8 50 | |
| Red dog | 12 00 | |
| Ground feed, No. 1 | 10 50 | @11 50 |
| Ground feed, No. 2 | 10 50 | @11 50 |
| **HAY, CAR LOTS.** | | |
| Choice south Minn | $ 7 00 | @ 8 00 |
| Northern Minn | 5 00 | @ 6 50 |
| Medium | 4 50 | @ 5 00 |
| Poor | 4 00 | @ 6 00 |
| Tame, ton, choice timothy | 9 50 | @10 00 |

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Butter, firm; dairy, 10@18c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 22c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Dec. 5.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 13@21c; Elgins, 21c; factory, 7@12c; imitation, 11@17c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 22@26c; Western, 15½@21c.

Twenty per cent discount on books by the Duluth Paper company.

COULDN'T AFFORD IT.

Ney York Herald: The wind blew fresh and strong across the blasted moor. It also sent the locks of the young woman who played golf flurrying over her brown cheeks.

Attenuated, forsooth, was Algernon Loudhouse, and fair as some marsh blue flower was Gwendoline Nibleck.

"Gwen," said the young man, gazing along the blasted fens, "I would that other links than those we tread might bind me in life's great game."

Gwendoline Nibleck gave a quick start. A blush suffused her face and her lips parted in surprise. She looked at the young man at her side, whose chinless countenance looked pleadingly into her laughing eyes.

"I'm sorry, Algie," she said, gravely. "I'm afraid you do not suit me to a tee."

Wealthy as was Gwendoline Nibleck, she could not afford to maintain a cad beside her regular caddie.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink this evening. Cars leave corner of Superior street and Third avenue west at, 7, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8 and 8:30 p. m. A delightful evening guaranteed.

The Duluth Paper company, now in continuous business in Duluth for over twenty-six years, as usual, leads in their holiday specialties—books, cards, calendars, etc. Twenty per cent discount on books from publishers' list.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

# HIGHER

## Wheat on the Upgrade and Recovered Part of Yesterday's Decline.

## Surprising Strength Reported at Liverpool the Cause of the Rise.

## Sales For Shipment and to Millers at Chicago Also Bullish.

Wheat opened strong and at nearly a cent advance this morning. The factor was the surprising strength displayed at Liverpool, which market was only slightly lower, notwithstanding the slump of over 2c on this side yesterday. A bearish piece of news was the Argentine shipments, which were larger than for several weeks. Argentina exported 128,000 bus against 184,000 bus in the corresponding week of the previous year. The news from Liverpool, however, gave a firm tone to the start and the announcement of 260,000 bus of spring and No. 3 red having been sold at Chicago for shipment, lake and rail, to the seaboard, added to the opening strength. The premium paid at Chicago for carloads of wheat to go to country millers is very significant. For a car of No. 3, choice sample, 90c per bushel was paid for a Grand Rapids miller. No. 4 red winter brought 4c per bushel over May and No. 2 red winter 11c above the May price.

The trading for futures on the Duluth board was very firm, but dull and inactive. May opened ⅝c higher at 82⅝c, reacted soon to 82¼c, but quickly recovered and sold up to 83¼c, at which it held firm until noon. The close was 1¼c higher at 83¼c asked. The elevators bought 15,000 bus of cash stuff at 1½c under May. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 81⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 80⅝c; December, 80⅝c; May 83¼c asked. No. 2 northern, 77⅝c. No. 3, 73½@71⅛c. Rejected, 66⅜@71⅜c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 81⅝c; No. 1 northern, 80⅝c. Rye, 38c. No. 2 oats, 19c; No. 3 oats, 18½c. Flax, 75⅛c; May, 77½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 78; oats, 3; rye, 11; barley, 2; flax, 21. Receipts—Wheat, 102,085 bus; rye, 2217 bus; barley, 2300 bus; flax, 21,663 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 223,551 bus; flax, 153 bus.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Dec. 5.—Wheat, firm; unchanged; December, 6s 8d; February, 6s 10½d. Corn, firm; unchanged; December, 2s 11½d; January, 2s 10½d; February, 2s 10½d.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Estimated hogs today, 21,000; left over, 4000. Market fairly active and 10c lower. Light, $3.15@3.55; mixed, $3.10@3.55; heavy, $2.90@3.50; rough, $2.90@3.00. Cattle, 600. Market quiet. Sheep, 5000. Steady to strong. Hogs, official yesterday, 21,887; shipments, 5092. Cattle, 5312; shipments, 3730. Sheep, 5392; shipments, 893. Estimated hogs for Monday, 50,000.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Dec. 5.—Money on call easy at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $1.86¾@4.87 for demand and $4.83@4.84 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.84@4.85 and $4.88. Commercial bills $4.82¾. Bar silver 65¼. Mexican dollars 50⅝. State bonds dull; railroad bonds firm; government bonds firm, New 4s registered, $1.19¾; 5s registered, $1.13¾; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.09; coupon, $1.10½; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '97, 99½.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Dec. 5.—Wheat, December, 85¼c; March, 90⅝c; May, 88c; July, 83c. Corn, May, 32c. Oats, May, 25⅝c.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, Dec. 5.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

| | |
|---|---|
| Reserve, increase | $ 1,052,775 |
| Loans, increase | 8,623,600 |
| Specie, decrease | 936,100 |
| Legal tenders, increase | 4,841,800 |
| Deposits, increase | 11,411,700 |
| Circulation, decrease | 220,300 |

The banks now hold $32,464,400 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Dec. 5.—Wheat, closed, December, 79¼c; May, 80¾@7⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, 80⅞c; No. 1 northern, 79⅝c; No. 2 northern, 78⅞c. Receipts, 231 cars.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Nearly everybody here was prepared for another break in wheat today but Liverpool thought differently and quoted unchanged markets in the face of our severe break of yesterday. This started the market higher and cash trades carried it further. Vessel men report charters for 500,000 bus wheat late yesterday and today. This will probably go to December wheat shorts in New York, who are on the verge of being badly squeezed, but if it once gets to New York it will most certainly be exported. Argentine reports are again worse, damage being reported from heavy rains. The local situation continues mixed. Plenty of bull news but a rather narrow and professional trade makes operators timid and willing to take small profits. Until this condition changes, it seems reasonably safe to buy wheat every time it gets weak.

Corn, oats and provisions all dull and easier. Corn receipts light but no snap to the market. Oats held down by corn though good oats are very scarce. Packing is far behind last year, but provision brokers say the cash demand is disappointing.

Puts, May wheat, 81@80⅝c.

Calls, May wheat, 83⅛@83⅜c.

Curb, May wheat, 81⅞c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

| Name of stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Whisky | 13⅝ | 13⅞ | 13½ | 13¾ |
| Atchison | 14⅜ | 14⅝ | 14⅜ | 14⅝ |
| Sugar Trust | 116 | 116¼ | 115⅜ | 116 |
| Canada Southern | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| C., B. & Q. | 79¼ | 79⅛ | 78⅞ | 78⅞ |
| St. Paul | 75¼ | 75⅜ | 75 | 75 |
| Chicago Gas | 76 | 77 | 76 | 76⅝ |
| Del., Lack. & W. | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| General Electric | 33 | 33 | 32½ | 32½ |
| Erie | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Reading | 29¼ | 29¼ | 29½ | 29¼ |
| Louis. & Nash | 50⅜ | 50⅜ | 50½ | 50½ |
| Manhattan | 97⅝ | 97⅜ | 96⅝ | 96⅜ |
| Missouri Pacific | .... | .... | .... | .... |
| Tobacco | 76⅛ | 76½ | 75 | 75 |
| Chicago & N. W. | 106¼ | 106¼ | 106 | 106 |
| N. P. preferred | 24⅜ | 21⅜ | 21½ | 24½ |
| Rock Island | 69⅜ | 69⅜ | 69 | 69 |
| Union Pacific | 10 | 11⅛ | 10 | 11⅛ |
| Western Union | 87 | 87½ | 86½ | 86⅛ |
| Leather | 62 | 62 | 62 | 63 |
| Lake Shore | .... | .... | .... | .... |

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Wheat, December, 79⅛c; January, 79¾c; May, 82¼@¼c; July, 76⅝c. Corn, December, 23c; January, 23⅛@¼c; May, 26¼@¼c. Oats, December, 20⅛c; May, 21⅜@½c. Pork, December, $7.85; May, $7.87½. Lard, December, $3.67; January, $3.82; May, $4.05@4.07. Ribs, December, $3.80; January, $3.82; May, $3.97. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 91@93c; No. 3 red, 85@88c; No 2 spring, 80c; No. 3 spring, 78@79c; No. 2 hard winter, 80@81c; No. 3 hard winter, 78@79c; No. 1 northern spring, 82c. Corn, cash, 20@23c. Oats, cash, No. 2, 18¼c. Rye, cash, 40½c; December, 40½c; May, 44c. Barley, cash, 23@36c. Flax, cash, 77c; December, 76½c; May, 80@81c. Timothy, cash, $2.50; December, $2.55; March, $2.70.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

## Much Realizing Made a Dull Market.

New York, Dec. 5.—The stock market opened dull and easier on realizing and short sales by the traders. The changes were slight. Southern Pacific sold ½@1 per cent, and some slight advances were made in a few of the active stocks, including Western Union and Sugar.

Covering by the short interest and some buying for the long account in expectation of a favorable bank statement imparted a steadier tone to the market and some gains were noted at 11 o'clock with Baltimore & Ohio conspicuous for a jump of 2 per cent to 15. London prices were disappointing, but the transactions for the foreign account were unimportant.

The stock market ruled irregular in the final hour, but the fluctuations were as a rule unimportant. Union Pacific exceptionally rose 1½. On the other hand, Cotton Oil declined 2¼ per cent, attributed to the unfavorable annual report recently published. The market closed heavy and generally lower. The sales were 79,500 shares.

HARD TO BEAT.

A farmer came into a village store in one of our Western states and exhibited to an admiring crowd an enormous egg about six inches long, says the Puyallup Commerce. He had it packed in cotton and wouldn't allow anybody to handle it for fear of breaking the phenomenon. The groceryman examined it with the rest, and, intending to chaff the countryman, said:

"Pshaw! I've something in the egg line that will beat that."

"I'll bet you $5 you haven't," said the countryman.

"Take it up," said the groceryman; and, going behind the counter, he brought out a wire egg-beater.

"There's something in the egg line that will beat it, I guess," said he, reaching for the stakes.

"Hold on, there!" said the farmer, "let's see you beat it," and he handed it to the grocer.

The butter held out his hand for it, but dropped it in surprise on the counter, where it broke two soup plates and a platter. It was of iron, painted white.

"Some folks think they are tarnation cute," muttered the farmer, "but 'tain't no use buckin' against solid facts."

KINDNESS OF MALIBRAN.

Many anecdotes have been related as to the kind-heartedness of Marie Malibran. A French paper adds another to the number. When visiting a hospital the celebrated singer was shown a child, whose recovery depended on its taking a bath the doctor had prescribed, but which the little sufferer absolutely refused to enter, while to use force was considered likely to bring about a fatal result. Malibran took the child up in her arms and tried persuasion, but without success.

"Be good," she said, "and I will sing you a pretty song."

She sang a soft melody, and the obstinate little patient listened with shining eyes, but still refused to take the bath. The doctors and nurses were shaking their heads in despair, when suddenly another idea occurred to the singer.

"Will you go into the bath if I go too?" she said.

The child signified assent by a languid nod; and, quickly undressing, the great artiste entered the bath with the now delighted little patient in her arms. The result was what the physicians had expected—the child's life was saved.

THE BIGGEST COW.

Farmer William Bruce, of Tulare, Cal., owns a cow which has the distinction of being the largest by long odds of any animal of her sex in that part of the world. She could give pounds by the score to a Clydesdale stallion and then win the laurels from him as a heavyweight, and she is but 6 years old at that.

When placed upon the scales to be weighed a few days ago she tipped the beam at precisely 2550 pounds. This is not so bad for an animal that lays no claim to aristocratic pedigree.

Remarkable as she is for weight, her height is even more astonishing. The measurements taken show that she stands exactly sixteen hands high, or, to come down to ordinary tape measure, five feet and four inches.

Of her own claim to fame she is very modest, but of her calf, which is now 9 months old, she is very proud, as, indeed, she might well be, for it is nearly as large as an ordinary cow. While it is just half as high as its mother, it weighs but one-fifth as much. However, it promises well, and if some of the museum managers who are now negotiating with Mr. Bruce can make a satisfactory bargain both mother and offspring will grow old together under the curious eyes of the public.

SHE STARTED HIM.

There was a look about the woman's eye which indicated that she had asked her husband for the last time to do what she wanted, says the Washington Star. It was not an angry look; it was merely an expression that ordinary means had failed and she must try finesse. Her husband, who was sitting on the step, looked over the top of his paper as she passed him to go to the front gate.

"I'm going after that loaf of bread you spoke of in a few minutes now," he said apologetically.

"I'm not going to make any more requests," she answered. But he did not hear her. His face was again buried in his newspaper.

Presently she came rushing up the walk and exclaimed:

"One of the neighbors saw a patrol wagon go up the street at a gallop and turn the corner toward the grocery. There must have been a fight or something."

Without a word he had grabbed his hat in an instant and was going down the street at a rate which made two baby carriages turn out for fear of collision. As his wife gazed after him she saw him going around the corner so fast that the centrifugal force threw him over on his side.

In five or ten minutes he came back. He handed her a bundle and reached for his paper, saying:

"Here's that bread. As long as I was so near the grocery I thought I would get it and stop your fretting about it. But I didn't see any disturbance."

"Are you talking about the patrol wagon and the crowd?" she inquired innocently.

"Of course, I am."

"Why, that all happened day before yesterday. But I'm ever so glad you got the bread, dear."

HAD THE LAST WORD.

The woman lawyer slammed a pile of briefs down before the judge and said:

"I move to discharge the prisoner, on the ground that the prosecution have not proved their case and that the evidence is irrevelant and immaterial."

"Motion granted," said the judge.

"No more dastardly outrage was ever perpetrated," began the lawyer, "than the incarceration of this, my innocent client. He was engaged in the pursuit of his daily vocation, when the strong arm of the law descended upon him. He—"

"Madam," said the judge, "have I not already told you that your motion was granted? The prisoner is discharged."

"He was a man without guile," continued the fair counsellor. "He supported his family as best he could. He was in the midst of his family circle when a minion of the law entered and demanded his immediate incarceration."

"I have already decided in your favor, madam, as I have told you twice," drawled the judge. "What more do you want?"

"What more do I want, indeed?" cried the woman lawyer, her face flushing to a crimson hue. "Why, I want to argue this case. I stand upon my constitutional right as a woman to have the last word, and I mean to have it."

And she did.

## One Cent a Word.

**All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.**

*SITUATIONS WANTED.*

WANTED—BY MIDDLE AGED MAN, work of any kind. Address Alex Cameron, Bethel Lake avenue south, city.

SITUATION WANTED BY A MAN willing to work. Inside work preferred. Speaks English, German and Polish. Address J. P., 612 East Fifth street.

WANTED—PLACES TO DO WASHING and ironing by the day. Call at 120 Second avenue west, up stairs.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS WORK; WILLing to do any kind of work. K 92, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG man of 17 years in a store or where he could learn something. Can give best of references. Address B 45, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY DESIRES position in office. Has a good knowledge of short hand and can operate any machine. Address H 63, Herald.

AN HONEST YOUNG MAN OF 21 wants position in some music store as clerk or will do work of any kind in the store, will work for small wages; have fair education and talk good French and English; will furnish references for honesty if necessary; must get work at once. Please write to Wm. L., 305 West Superior street, city.

WORK WANTED BY A FIRST-CLASS chambermaid, is willing to leave town providing the fare is paid. Address K 47, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MARRRIED MAN wants employment in grocery store, clerking; gives best of references. Please address K 91, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED dressmaker, work by the day or at home. 13 West Second street.

SITUATION WANTED BY A COMPEtent porter. Can give good references. Address K 74, Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT BY AN ALL round printer and newspaper man; but will work at anything. Address M. C. K., Herald.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT OF ANY kind of a respectable character by a young man of 18. Inquire or address W. H. M., 1018 East First street.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND general office man desires position for whole or part time. No objections to leaving city. Address K 75, Herald.

LADY WILL DO DRESSMAKING OR plain sewing cheap, at home or by the day. 512 West Third street.

WANTED—WASHING, IRONING AND house cleaning. Will take work home or go out by the day. Mrs. Ross, 317 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 300 Lake avenue south.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of John Flood, Insolvent:

Upon reading the petition of F. S. Kelly, assignee in the above entitled matter.

It is hereby ordered that he sell and dispose of all the real estate of said insolvent, consisting of the following described property, to-wit: An undivided one-sixteenth (1-16) interest in the following described real estate, viz: The east half (½) of the southeast quarter and the north one-fourth (¼) of the southeast quarter of section thirty-two (32), township sixty-three (63) north, of range twelve (12) west of the fourth principal meridian, in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

An undivided one-half (½) interest in and to the following described real estate, viz: The north one-half (½) of the southeast quarter of section twenty-two (22), township forty-nine (49) north, of range sixteen (16) west of the fourth principal meridian in Minnesota.

An undivided one-half (½) interest in and to the following described real estate, viz: The east one-half (½) of the northeast quarter of secton ten (10), and the west one-half (½) of the northwest quarter of section eleven (11), both in township fifty-one (51) north, of range fourteen (14) west of the fourth principal meridian in Minnesota.

Lot one hundred thirty-nine (139) in block forty-four (44), Duluth Proper, Third Division, subject to a mortgage in the sum of one thousand dollars ($1000). Lots one (1), two (2) and three (3), in block nine (9), in Hunter & Markell's Grassy Point Addition, subject to a mortgage in the sum of fourteen hundred sixty-five and 97-100 dollars ($1465.97).

That such sale be made by the said assignee at public auction at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1897, at the hour of ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon. That notice of such sale be given to all creditors of said insolvent by mailing them forthwith, a copy of this order and by publishing the same once in each week for six (6) successive weeks immediately preceding said sale, in The Duluth Evening Herald.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, December 5th, 1896.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Assignee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2-9.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of Andrew Grande, Insolvent:

Upon reading the petition of Charles T. Fitzsimmons, assignee in the above entitled matter, it is hereby ordered that he sell and dispose of the book accounts, claims, bills receivable and judgments of said insolvent, a list of which is on file in the office of the clerk of the district court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in the records herein.

That such sale be made by the said assignee at public auction at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1897, at the hour of ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

That notice of such sale be given to all creditors of said insolvent by mailing them forthwith a copy of this order and by publishing the same once in each week for three (3) successive weeks preceding said sale in The Duluth Evening Herald.

Duluth, Minnesota, December 4th, 1896.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Assignee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19.

Washington Star: Her father is a physician and an admirer of culture. But he grows weary now and then of hearing Mabel play scales and five-finger exercises. After a half hour of work from her exercise book she turned and said:

"Father, I have taken up the study of theory."

"Have you?"

"Yes. This" she went on, striking a chord, "is a tonic."

"Mabel," he answered in a tone of patience sorely tried, "I'm ever so much obliged, but I don't think that 's what I need. But if you had a sedative that you could try on me, I'd appreciate it more than tongue can tell."

## One Cent a Word.

*WANTED—FEMALE HELP.*

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 8 Chester terrace.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 277 West Seventh street, old Superior. P. O. Box, 201.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of three grown people. Apply mornings, 1029 East Second street.

*WANTED—AGENTS.*

POSTAGE STAMPS — AGENTS IN every school to sell stamps from approved sheets; 50 per cent commission. Minnesota Stamp company, Cullom block, Minneapolis.

MEN AND WOMEN OUT OF EMPLOYment and willing to work can learn of a permanent situation at good wages, by writing at once to P. V. H., Box 283, Augusta, Maine.

SELL "MARVEL," THE NEW HOME game exclusively or for side line. Sells everywhere. Sample 50c; circular 2c. Marvel Game company, South Bend, Ind.

*LOST.*

LOST—FOUR MONTHS' OLD COACH dog; black spots. Finder will be rewarded by returning to M. S. Burrows.

*MUSIC.*

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

*FINANCIAL.*

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

*SCOTT'S ELECTRIC EYE SPIRITS*

MAKES THE EYES CLEAR AND bright. Best thing in the world for the eyesight. Cures sore eyes, granulated eyelids and relieves pain. Sold at all drug stores, 25c per bottle.

*WANTED TO BUY.*

WANTED—GOOD SECOND HAND ONE-horse express or delivery wagon. Address, with description and price, L 66, Herald.

*FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.*

FOR SALE—A VERY CHEAP LOT. William Kaiser, 435 Palladio.

LOT FOR SALE, NEAR NEW BREWery. Address J. W., Herald.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

**For Sale---for $150.**

12-horse power BOILER and 8-horse power ENGINE in good condition

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY, 12 West Michigan.

*FRATERNITIES.*

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 14, 1896. Work, election of officers. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 9, 1896. Work, election of officers. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

*WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.*

WANTED—$500 FOR ONE TO FIVE years at 8 per cent on house and lot, worth $1200; street paved and sidewalk. Address L. Care Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of John Flood, Insolvent:

Upon reading and considering the petition of F. S. Kelly, assignee in the above entitled matter, and it appearing to the court that the time should be limited within which claims should be filed in the said estate.

Now, therefore, it is ordered that all creditors of the above named insolvent, desiring to participate in the benefits of said estate, are required to file their duly verified claims with the said assignee, F. S. Kelly, at Duluth, Minnesota, on or before the 15th day of January, A. D. 1896. That a copy of this order be mailed to each of the known creditors of the said John Flood, insolvent, and that the same be published three (3) times daily in The Duluth Evening Herald forthwith.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, December 5th, 1896.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Assignee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-7-8.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE
C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.

**Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:**

**10:45** A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire. Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 5:10 p. m.

**5:10** P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m.

**11:00** P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.

G. M. SMITH, General Agent. B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent. 405 Mesaba Block, Opposite Spalding.

## One Cent a Word.

*TO RENT—ROOMS.*

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS. 220 SEVenth avenue west.

FINE, LARGE ROOM, OR ONE SMALL room; elegant view; hot water heat, electric light; modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen; six minutes walk to Spalding. 531 West Fourth street.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat, cheap; gas, bath; permit light housekeeping. Apply at once. 305 East Third.

PLEASANT, WELL FURNISHED warm room for gentleman. 24 East First street, up stairs.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT, 1020 East Fourth street, $3 per month; city water free.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS. $5 PER month. 912 East Sixth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST CLASS, central location. 507 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

*ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.*

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room, with board, for two gentlemen. References required. 223 East Third street.

ROOM AND BOARD, DAY OR WEEK; lowest rates in the city. 127 First avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

*TO RENT—HOUSES.*

FOR RENT—SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, No. 502 East Superior street; in perfect repair; bath, electric light and kitchen range; $20 per month. Apply 311 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STORE 716 WEST SUPErior street, $25.

Flat 716 West Superior street, six rooms $20.

House 105 East Fourth street, eight rooms, $35.

Flat 108 First avenue west, ten rooms, $25.

Store 108 First avenue west, $20.

Also houses in all parts of the city; all sizes; cheap. Money ready for any good loan. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—A SIX ROOM HOUSE AT Glen Avon. Apply to G. Hood Thompson.

*CLAIRVOYANT.*

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

*EMPLOYMENT OFFICE*

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

*MIDWIFE.*

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

*PROFESSIONAL.*

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the receivership of the Security Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota:

Upon the application of A. R. Macfarlane, receiver, and the files in the above entitled matter.

It is ordered that all creditors whomsoever, having claims against the estate of said Security Bank, of Duluth, Minnesota, existing on the 12th day of August, 1896, who desire to participate in the benefits of said receivership, and who have not heretofore filed their proofs of claim with said receiver, shall file their claims with the said A. R. Macfarlane, receiver of said Security Bank duly verified, at his office in the Exchange building, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, in the state of Minnesota, on or before the 10th day of February, A. D. 1897.

It is further ordered that this order be published in The Duluth Evening Herald at Duluth, Minnesota, on or before the 3d day of December, 1896, and on each day thereafter for six (6) days and that a copy thereof be mailed postage prepaid to each of the known creditors of said insolvent on or before the 5th day of December, 1896.

Dated Dec. 2d, 1896.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of said Court.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-2 6t.

# Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Dec. 2, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m., on the 14th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of a 12-foot plank sidewalk in said city in front of lots Nos. 33 and 35, East First street, Duluth Proper, First division, and a 10-foot plank sidewalk on Second avenue east adjoining said lot No. 33, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of ten (10) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec. 2. 10 times.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of William T. Smith, Fred Koors and Julius A. Brayton, as individuals and as copartners as Smith-Koors & Company, Insolvents:

Upon reading and considering the affidavit of Henry Folz in the above entitled matter and it appearing to the court that the time should be limited within which claims should be filed in the said estate.

Now, therefore, it is ordered that all creditors of the above named insolvents desiring to participate in the benefits of said estate, are required to file their duly verified claims with the said Henry Folz, assignee, at Duluth, Minnesota, on or before the 15th day of January, A. D. 1897; that a copy of this order be mailed to each of the known creditors of the said insolvents and that the same be published three (3) times daily in The Duluth Evening Herald forthwith.

Dated Duluth, Minnesota, December 5th, 1896.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Assignee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-7-8.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING—

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce of Duluth for the election of officers and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the office of said bank Tuesday, January 12th, from nine o'clock a. m. till twelve o'clock noon.

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 5th, 1896.

E. W. MATTER,
Cashier.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2-9-11.

ONLY EVENING PAPER IN DULUTH

# THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 229 West Superior Street.

Duluth Publishing & Printing Co.

TELEPHONE CALLS:
Counting Room—324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

TEN CENTS A WEEK

Every Evening. Delivered or by Mail.

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| Single copy, daily | $ .02 |
| One month | .45 |
| Three months | 1.30 |
| Six months | 2.60 |
| One year | 5.00 |

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.

Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Official Paper of the City of Duluth.
Official Paper of St. Louis County.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK

17,148.

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time). Dec. 5.—A storm has moved from Northern Montana to Eastern Iowa since yesterday morning. Light to moderate snowfalls have resulted in the districts to the north of the storm's path, and an area of cloudiness now covers the eastern part of the Dakotas and Manitoba, Minnesota, the Upper Mississippi valley and the lake region, with snow continuing at Winnipeg, Duluth, St. Paul and Marquette, at the time of observation this morning. Westerly gales occurred yesterday in Montana, and the winds are high this morning at the heads of Lakes Superior and Michigan.

The temperature has fallen decidedly in Montana, the greater part of the Dakotas and over the northeast part of Lake Superior; elsewhere it has risen decidedly. At 7 a. m. it was highest at St. Louis, with the temperature of 46, and lowest at Canadian stations, with the temperature of zero.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 26; maximum yesterday, 20; minimum yesterday, 12; snowfall (melted) for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. today, .18 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Light snow, followed Sunday by clearing; colder tonight and Sunday; high northeast winds backing to brisk north and northwest by Sunday morning.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Rain or snow and colder tonight; Sunday partly cloudy with rising temperature; high southeast, shifting to northwest and north winds. For Minnesota: Snow flurries and much colder; Sunday fair and warmer; north to northeast winds.

### MORE REVENUE NEEDED.

The Herald cannot agree with Congressman Tawney's opinion that it would be unwise to attempt to pass the Dingley tariff bill at the coming session of congress, and that it would be the best policy to wait until an extra session can be held to frame a tariff bill of a more comprehensive character. There is no doubt that the Dingley bill is not a perfect tariff measure, that it does not satisfy those who believe in a protective tariff, but this fact should not condemn it. The Dingley bill was prepared for the purpose of providing more revenue. The demand for more revenue is as great today as it was when the bill was introduced. A deficiency has existed from month to month for more than three years, and the deficit this year will be about $90,000,000. It was estimated that the Dingley bill would, if enacted, produce sufficient revenue to wipe out the monthly deficiency that now exists. In a recent interview upon this point, Senator Allison, of Iowa, says:

"Therefore, it is, in my opinion, the obvious and pressing duty of congress, without delay, to provide additional revenue to meet current expenses, and it is no excuse for this congress to postpone this duty because another may be convened four months hence. The obligation rests upon the senate. * * * This bill is pending in the senate, and can be taken up at any time by a majority vote and amended if not satisfactory to a majority of the senate. It is, and it was intended to be, a temporary measure, to bridge over a deficiency until a measure could be perfected, more permanent in its character, depending upon the success of one or the other of the political parties then about to contest for supremacy in the election of 1896, and was to expire by its own terms in July, 1898."

The Herald agrees with the Iowa senator's view that there is need of more revenue to run the government until a new and permanent tariff law can be enacted, and that therefore the Dingley bill should be taken up immediately upon the reassembling of congress and an effort made to pass it. It can be passed if the Republican senators vote for it, because several Democratic senators have announced their readiness to support it. It can be enacted, because it is known that President Cleveland stands ready to sign it.

At present the government is running behind at the rate of $260,000 a day, equal to $300 a second. From the November debt statement of the treasury, just made public, it appears that the total receipts of the government for the month were $250,000,000, or $750,000 less than in November, 1895, while the expenditures for the month aggregated $33,000,000, leaving a net deficit of $8,000,000, or at the rate of about $2,000,000 a week. This is not a very pretty exhibit to contemplate, notwithstanding that on the whole it shows an improvement over the exhibit of November, 1895, when the net deficit was $6,000,000 greater for the month. The showing for the first five months of the fiscal year is no better. The expenditures for that period, counting Sundays, averaged over a million dollars a day against average daily receipts of $860,460, which produced a daily deficit of $261,116. Is it not desirable to correct this condition of things as soon as possible?

There is another point worth considering. If an extra session should be called, how long would it take to pass a tariff law? It might take ten months. Would it not be better, for this reason also, to have the Dingley bill in operation in the meantime? The Dingley bill gives protection to lumber and wool. Both are now on the free list. If the Dingley bill be not passed, they will probaly be on the free list all next summer, and our lumber manufacturers and wool growers be deprived of protection from Canadian lumber and foreign wool. The Dingley bill places a duty of 60 cents per feet on lumber. It is not high enough, but it is 60 cents better than nothing, and would answer until another tariff could be passed. Then the old duty of $2 per 1000 feet on lumber should be restored, and the Canadian lumber kept out of our markets.

### RIVERS AND HARBORS COMMITTEE.

The Inland Ocean, published at Superior, is urging the claims of Congressman Jenkins of the Superior district to the place on the rivers and harbors committee now held by Congressman Towne. As the latter has been defeated for re-election to the next congress, and as Congressman Cooper of Wisconsin, who is also a member of the rivers and harbors committee, did not seek re-election, the slate is left clean for some other member of congress from either Wisconsin or Minnesota. As the Inland Ocean does not believe that both states will again be given representation on this committee, it urges the claims of Mr. Jenkins as the most suitable member from Wisconsin, because he represents a district whose marine interests are greater than those of any other in the state.

The Herald hopes that Mr. Jenkins will get a place on the rivers and harbors committee, but it should not be the place vacated by Mr. Towne. The claims of Duluth to this place should be regarded as paramount to those of any other place. A strong effort should be made to get Mr. Morris placed in Mr. Towne's place on this committee. The Inland Ocean says Mr. Morris lacks experience. So did Mr. Towne when he was appointed, and yet it is generally conceded that he has made one of the best members of the present committee. Certainly no man, however experienced, could have accomplished more for the lake waterways and for the Duluth-Superior harbor than did Mr. Towne at the last session. Therefore the claim of lack of experience should not operate against the appointment of Mr. Morris.

If Superior wants Mr. Jenkins on the committee, let her people urge his appointment to succeed Mr. Cooper as the Wisconsin member of the committee, but let them not antagonize the selection of Mr. Morris to fill Mr. Towne's place, or the head of the lakes may have no representative on the next rivers and harbors committee.

### ABROGATE THE AGREEMENT.

The Detroit Journal calls attention to the fact that according to the memorandum of agreement between Great Britain and the United States, under which we signed away our right to make warships in the ports of the inland lakes, all we need to do to abrogate it is to give a notice to that effect six months in advance of the time we propose to ignore it.

It is recalled by the Journal that last year several lake shipbuilders had bids before the naval board fixing a price for constructing torpedo boats. The bids were acceptable as to terms and stipulations, but they could not be accepted because to build even the hulls of warships in lake ports was held to be in contravention of the agreement above referred to. At the time an effort was made to have a more liberal construction of that agreement recognized, but it failed because Secretary Herbert insisted upon his interpretation being made final and conclusive. But there was no excuse at that time to neglect to take the necessary steps to give the notice of abrogation provided for in the agreement.

That notice ought to be given now. The agreement is in no sense beneficial to or protective of either nation, but it works great injury to the shipbuilders and material-men on both sides. The Herald agrees with the Journal in the demand that the required notice should be given without further delay, and the agreement abrogated. This country is not benefited in the slightest degree by the existence of the agreement, while our lake shipbuilders are placed at a considerable disadvantage in securing contracts, because they cannot compete with government work. The greatest shipyards in the country are found along the shores of the great lakes, and they should be enabled to build torpedo boats for the government, if they are able to underbid their competitors. As Canada derives no benefit either from the agreement, she would not be displeased by its termination.

### TAXING MINING PROPERTIES.

The proposition to amend the constitution of the state so that mines and other properties can be taxed on the specific plan having carried, through the deceit practiced upon voters by the originators of the plan, it now remains to be seen whether the present members of the legislature from this district will attempt to defeat justice and the plain will of the people of this county by moving to re-establish the discarded practice of taxing mines on their outputs. No greater injustice could be done the taxpayers of the ranges, county and state, and it is to be hoped that Messrs. Schmidt, Laybourn and Vail will take the side of the people in the contest that is sure to be made. While they had no platform to stand upon during the campaign, it ought not to be a difficult matter for them to decide upon which side of this question lie the true interests of a vast majority of the people, and their acts in this matter will be a test of their sincerity when they assured us during the campaign that if elected they would work for the best interests of the whole people.

It ought to be plain to these legislators, also, that the struck jury law is very unpopular with the citizens of St. Louis county, and they can gain the lasting gratitude of their constituents by demanding its repeal.

### A PROSPEROUS OUTLOOK.

The reports of the commercial agencies this week are calculated to give confidence to those who are looking forward to the return of prosperous times. The revival of business which took place immediately after the election, which removed many uncertainties and certainly had the effect of creating confidence in financial circles, with corresponding benefit to the business community, has not been followed by any great boom of prosperity, but it would be foolish to expect that prosperity could be restored within a week or a month. It is gratifying to know that there is a change for the better and that the outlook is promising for a steady improvement. The decline in failures, noted by Dun's commercial agency, may be taken as an indication that a constant betterment in business circles will now be the rule. The business houses which have survived the depression of the past few years are, for the most part, on solid foundations, and henceforth the list of failures is not likely to show a total greater than the normal total.

Bradstreet's is not so enthusiastic over the present conditions as are some of the newspapers which have been endeavoring to persuade the people that good times have already returned. It says there will be no business revival this year and as the winter season is now well advanced this statement may be accepted as correct. Outside of the activity in holiday goods, there is not likely to be any immediate boom in business circles. It takes some time to recover fully from the lengthy period of intense depression from which the country has been suffering severely. The conditions, however, are all favorable for more prosperous times. President Van Horne, of the Canadian Pacific railway, who was in New York a few days ago, told a reporter that he sees good times ahead, and the reasons which he presented for this conclusion are quite convincing. He said: "I fully believe that by next October the most prosperous times this country has ever seen will be at hand, and I base my reckoning on three convictions. The first is that there is in the country an abundance of grain and other commodities; the second, other countries of the world are short of these necessaries of life and it is dawning on them that this country is their available market. My third reason is that there is a vast amount of stored up and repressed business energy which when it once releases will open up every avenue of business."

Secretary Lamont is a good-natured man who once worked on a newspaper himself, and probably he has recollections that give him a fellow-feeling for a reporter sent on a fool's errand. So when a reporter came to him the other day and asked him if it was true the president had ordered the New Jersey militia to hold itself ready to go to Florida, instead of saying, "Tell your chief to read the constitution of the United States," he good-naturedly said that so far as he was aware no warlike preparations were under way, nor was there any expectation of war. In time of peace in the absence of any domestic rebellion the president of the United States does not exercise active command of the militia.

The Boston Transcript offers this suggestion: "Some of the papers speak of 'Mother McKinley.' It would be more dignified and more courteous to allude to Mr. McKinley's mother as Madam McKinley, following the custom obtaining in such cases in some of our older New England communities."

This is the last month of leap year. Ladies who have so far failed to take advantage of the privileges of the year should remember it will be eight years before there is another leap year.

The newly elected governor of West Virginia is an editor, and naturally the people of the state are looking forward to the best administration in its history.

The Washington correspondents are so busy writing President Cleveland's message that the framing of Mr. McKinley's cabinet has been temporarily postponed.

The telegraph brings the painful news that a window-glass combine is being formed.

Secretary Francis signed the annual report of the interior department, but the work recorded in it was performed under the direction of Hoke Smith.

Next Monday we will all learn what Grover now thinks about the Cuban situation. The probability is that he has not changed his mind.

The spectacle of the New York Tribune with a colored supplement must be shocking to some of the old readers of that paper.

The snow crop this winter is certainly above the normal size.

Absolutely Pure.

The Careful Housewife will use no other.

## THE DAWN OF PROSPERITY.

George E. Roberts in Chicago Times-Herald: The times are ripe for enterprise. Every starting wheel has its cogs in mesh with another. Every new pay roll is a list of new buyers. All that is required is an infusion of courage into men of capital, for the thing is self-propelling when it is started. Few realize how small an increase in demand in any line of business will establish prosperity in it and make all dependent upon it good patrons of others. The Engineering and Mining Journal says of the pig iron trade:

Even in the dullest times there is still a great production and a difference of very small proportion in demand at once apparent in prices and apparent prosperity. An increase of 10 per cent in sales seems small in our eyes, but it may make all the difference between a semi-panic and a booming market.

The world's wheat crop of 1895 is estimated by one authority at 2,509,000,000 bushels and the crop of 1896 at 2,365,000,000 bushels. The decline is less than 6 per cent, but it wipes out the surplus and advances the price 50 per cent. An increase in consumption will act upon prices in the same way, while a stinted consumption—the consumption of a population in part idle—will take the edge off the market for every product, and make the narrow margin of difference between "good times" and "hard times."

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What had the supply of money to do with the stagnation that prevailed before election? Dun's agency counts over 700 establishments which have either started from idleness or increased their forces since the election, and money, instead of growing scarcer and dearer under these new demands, grows daily easier and cheaper.

The starting up of industries is evidently not exhausting the supply of money. And if there is money enough to start them there is money enough to keep them going. They will not shut down from a lack of money in the country, for the use of money does not consume it. Money in trade does not pass like water over the wheel and then away forever. It is not like coal under the boiler, which can be burned but once. Money goes out by the pay roll, down to the merchant and back to the factory office to make the same trip again.

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General prosperity will not come in a day, nor without halting and reaction. The wheat market did not go up from 54 cents to 80 cents at a bound. It climbed unsteadily, hesitating, doubting, receding, mounting, but always developing its growing strength. One horse can start his load easier than an eight horse team can start its load. The industrial team is one of many individuals and many minds. It starts with a good many false motions, with some halting and balking and plunging, but as the wagon moves the idea spreads that it will go, and all settle into the straps to pull together.

The business revival has not been started at the wrong end. Capital is moving into action, and that means employment for the people, the essential condition of prosperity.

A MODEST EDITOR.

Elk River Star-News: We might as well say right now, for good and all, that we are not now, or have we been, a candidate for a place in McKinley's cabinet. Of course we don't say we wouldn't take such a thing, for there is a time when duty and inclination part company, and we always stand ready to obey the calls of duty.

AN OFFICE AT LAST.

Wabasha Herald: John L. Gibbs has an office at last. But alas for the emoluments. They are not what they should be, and John L. must magnify the honors in order to play even.

A WHOLESOME LAW.

Minneapolis Times: In New York city they have an ordinance which provides that any person riding a bicycle in the city of New York shall not be allowed to carry or transport thereon any child under the age of 5 years. Any violation of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed $10. If people won't use common sense, there must be laws to make them.

RETRENCHMENT.

Up-to-aDte: The ameer of Afghanistan was sorely distraught. The cares of state were pressing heavily upon him, and his brow was clouded, with white clouds, of course.

The grand vizier awaited the commands of the sovereign.

"You say," the potentate mused, "that this expenditure is necessary to preserve the autonomy of the realm?"

"It is, your serene highness."

"And the war is not to be avoided?"

"It is not."

The pulsant ruler pondered. "There is but one way out—" his lips were firmly set when at last he gave speech unto his thoughts—"of it. We must institute a rigorous retrenchment. Kindly tell the ice man that he needn't stop at our house again for a week."

The edict was issued and the royal seal affixed thereto.

OUR BABY.

We have a baby, and he looks like me,
Somebody said so one day;
But that I have never been able to see,
Though somebody said so one day.
His beautiful eyes have the hue of the skies
And mine of a ship-tossed sea,
Neither blue, gray nor green, just betwixt and between,
Still our baby looks like me.

His bright tresses hold the lustre of gold,
Somebody said so one day;
And mine are as straight as the red man's of old,
Somebody said so one day;
His mouth's like a sweet little bursting pink rose,
There's a dimple in each round knee;
He's as fair as the day, the neighbors all say,
Still our baby looks like me.
—CY WARMAN.

UNDER GROUND.

Let them lie.
They shall heed nor sob nor sigh,
Signed and sealed in breathless quiet
While the world laughs on above them,
Not one wail from hearts that love them
Shall strike through the blind worm's riot.
Let them lie.

Let them rest.
By the close gray mold caressed,
Naught to them the moans and weeping,
Sheltered in from earthly trial
Grudging love and love's denial
Shall not mar their quiet sleeping.
Let them rest.

Let them bide.
Silent there and satisfied,
With the death damp for a cover,
And no hint of bird or May time,
And no garish glare of daytime,
And the grave worm for a lover.
Let them bide.

Let them stay.
Dust and ashes, clay to clay,
Life's unrest shall shake them never,
Plaint or prayer shall fail to move them,
Hearts that hate or lips that love them,
They have won the peace forever.
Let them stay.
—CLARE B. ST. GEORGE in the Sunday Inter Ocean.

IN A FASHIONABLE HOTEL.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Why do you take squash pie, George? You told me you much preferred pumpkin."

"I do, but I don't know just how to pronounce it in a fashionable hotel like this, and with as little money in my pocket as I've got. But squash is dead easy!"

The readers of our publications are requested to use Salvation Oil for any and all pains. It is a sure cure. 25 cents.

## THE GOSSIPER.

The statement has been very freely made of late that not only people in general, but women in particular, are not attending church to the extent or with the regularity that was the case some few years back. The bicycle is blamed for a great deal of this alleged carelessness, in matters which received much attention at the hands of the parents and grandparents of the present generation. Whether the bicycle is to blame or not, it has to stand considerable criticism as being, if not an agency of his satanic majesty for the weaning away of souls from heaven, at least a very convenient means by which those who do not care to go to church between four walls, can obtain some comfort in what they are particular to explain is nature's church among the green fields and hills of "God's country."

Whether the statement is true or not, that the bicycle has the tendency to divert the feet of the fair from traveling in new shoes to the family pew on Sunday, sending them instead to push the pedals over the country roads, it is worthy of note as being one out of the many walls set up by various interests which imagine themselves hurt by the at present tremendous popularity of the sport of cycling. Some two years ago, while there was no regularly organized effort upon the part of clergymen generally to discourage the pastime of cycling, a great many ministers, fearing, if not foreseeing, what is said to have taken place since then, started in to, if possible, stem the tide of popular favor which was setting toward the "wheel." Their crusade was fruitless, and their efforts to taboo Sunday bicycle riding only seemed to stimulate the use of the bicycle, and do for the pastime of cycling exactly what they did not want to do.

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The broad statement, however, that women, as a class, do not frequent church upon Sunday as much as formerly, and all on account of the bicycle, is not true. There are thousands of lady riders who do not think of taking out their bicycles on Sundty, not that they think it is wrong to do so, but because they do attend church and Sunday school and cannot find time for both. These women constitute the majority of our fair riders of the wheel, and they always will remain in the majority, but there is a minority who, not satisfied with riding a bicycle on Sunday, after the fashion in which they would take a walk or a drive, make it a point to dress as conspicuously as possible and ride in places wehere they will be objects of interest or rather of curiosity to the world at large. These are the women—and after all there are not so many of them—who give color to the statement that the bicycle has iconoclastic tendencies, and therefore should not be given the countenance which is now being universally accorded it. The ever ready critics, who take every occasion to assert in connection with the bicycle, as well as with almost everything else which in any way modifies and improves that which exists, might with just as much reason assert that the bicycle has a tendency to subvert nearly everything in what has been considered the more especial field which women should fill in this busy world of ours.

* * *

Every woman will appreciate a dress made of one of the pretty ribbed cloths in pigeon gray, and such a gray as may be worn in the street in midwinter. The skirt is perfectly plain and wonderfully well hung. The bodice is round—fitted with a very deep black velvet yoke, quite square—braided with a flat purple ribbon braid in scrolls. Side pieces of black velvet similarly braided seem to be a part of the yoke, entering the sleeve seams as well as the seams of the bodice under the arm. They curve prettily in front, jacket style, and end at the hips in a round curve. The cloth back is tucked and drawn into a black velvet belt, which slips under these side pieces and fastens with a buckle of brilliants and gold work. In front while the cloth is drawn down into a slight point, the sides only are laid in tucks, a cluster of five each, which come from under the velvet side pieces, leaving the cloth plain in the center. To harmonize with this costume nothing more charming than a purple velvet toque could be worn, with its drapery combined with yellow lace and clusters of violets peeping out here and there and aigrette twists of velvet at the side.

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A woman with no care of home or who shirks domestic duties because they are unpleasant, may owe this defect to training as much as to nature. There are men who perform all tasks perfunctorily and have no love for work. Women have more cause for the discontent of domestic drudgery, because it is more monotonous than the employment of most men. If there is trouble in the house, the wife is left to solitary brooding while the man goes out among his fellows and soon finds distraction. Going out is change; returning home is another. By evening the events of the day have driven away the cares of the morning. Had the wife the same opportunities, her little troubles would sit as lightly upon her.

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A different standard of beauty is set up in every country. And in every land artificial means of beautifying the face are used. The women of Japan are lovely with gilt teeth; those of the Indies stain their teeth red; those of Guzurat invariably stain them black. In Greenland the women color their faces with green and yellow pigment and the prettiest Muscovite maiden cannot hope for admiration until she has covered her fair complexion with coarse red and white paint. In Persia an aquiline nose is a necessity to either male or female beauty and frequently out of a family of sons the accession to the throne has been decided by the shape of a nose. Red hair is viewed with horror and always dyed. On the contrary, in Turkey red hair is counted as a great beauty and the women dye their hair that tint. In some countries mothers break the noses of the daughters to render them attractive or bind their infants heads in boards to elongate them. In China, where most eyes are narrow and long, a small, round eye is considered an extraordinary beauty. Chinese girls pluck their eyebrows to make them very fine. Turkish women paint their eyebrows with gold, and at night the effect is very odd and not displeasing.

A COLD DAY.

Indianapolis Journal: "Brrrr!" said the man from Potato creek, crowding up to the stove. "Purty cold."

"Yas," said the grocer. "It is purty frosty for the time of year. I see it went 25 below in Helena, which I think is a good thing that the town has them last two syllables in its name, or it would be about as hard to believe as some of them yarns of old Ananias over there."

The man with the ginger beard looked up and said: "Who you callin' ole Ananias? Any one of ye ever ketch me in a lie?"

"No," said the grocer, "I guess you never was ketched in a lie yit. Any one that kin lie as fast ez you kin ain't liable to git ketched."

"But, speakin' of the cold weather," said the man with the ginger beard, "I guess it was about as cold in Winnipeg in the fall of '65 as I ever see it, er anybody else."

"How cold was it?" asked the man from Potato creek.

"Wal, ez fur ez degrees below zero goes, I can't tell you nothin' about that," said the man with the ginger beard, "for they wuzn't no thermometers long enough fer to measure it, but I do know that when we wanted to git water to drink the ice was froze so hard that we had to heat it redhot 'fore it would begin to melt."

AN EXCELLENT SUGGESTION.

Princeton Union: The Northfield News suggests ex-Governor Hubbard for secretary of the interior. Governor Hubbard would make an excellent secretary.

WHERE IS THAT BOOM?

Martin County Sentinel: We are anxiously waiting the promised materialization of Congressman McCleary's boom for speaker. Or were our Republican contemporaries just foolin'?

THE VERDICT.

Plato: Then my friend, we must not regard what the many may say of us; but what he, the one man who has understanding of just or unjust, will say, and what the truth will say.

PUNISHED ALIKE.

Fargo Argus: North Dakota's ex-governors—three of them—have suffered the same punishment—banished to Duluth—and the penalty the same—grain commission merchants.

## Across the Tea Table.

"Now stir the fire and close the shutters fast,
Let fall the curtain, wheel the sofa round,
And while the bubbling and loud hissing urn
Throws up a steamy column, and the cups
That cheer but not inebriate, wait on each,
So let us welcome peaceful evening in."

These long winter evenings, beginning with falling dusk at 4 o'clock, need all sorts of diversions to make them pass happily, and when they are thus spent, we can look backward and recall them as the most delightful times of the year. Summer evenings bring with them social diversions; a winter evening can be put to better account, but the home must be a happy one, and ease and comfort reign supreme there; then so much can be accomplished about that evening lamp, whose bright and cheery glow epitomizes the radiance of a happy home. A book requiring thoughtful contemplation is saved for just such evenings; the mother's mending, or the dainty sewing for the Christmas gift, the difficult problem which needs solving, the tasks unfinished during the day, all the games and cards unite to enable one to put in the time profitably and happily. These all have a place after dinner; but when fading light prohibits work, then, in the cheery glow of the fire, there is nothing more delightful and attractive than long, cosy talks over that cup of tea which is beloved of our souls, my dear Modern Woman. There is something in the tea-fragrance, something in the sense of association, something indefinable, yet charming, which makes that cosy cup of tea, while "twilight lingers," the thing, seemingly, nearest the heart. This is a season of anticipation, and the talking over of the coming pleasures and pretty surprises makes a grateful break in the day. So cultivate the goddess of the teatable, and if you do not pose as one yourself, then remember that to the true tea-lover no hour of the twenty-four finds her more ready and willing to receive guests.

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There is nothing patriotic about our homes here; we are too youthful a community, but so many of us have beloved homes and friends away from here, dear ones, who, with us worship the spirits of Christmas past, present and future in that true sense which Dickens pictured. So the sending of gifts away becomes of much moment to us. The little gift which is folded in a letter filled with loving thoughts and wishes, or the trifle fashioned in odd moments by loving hands touches the heart with tender thought. Forethought and ingenuity go a great way toward making the season joyous and satisfactory. Dainty linen court-plaster cases fill just such a demand. The pieces of cardboard, covered with a thin layer of white wadding, and then an outside of white linen embroidered in a spray of small flowers the two sides carefully overseamed together is extremely useful for a toilet table or shaving case. Individual ingenuity can make these as elaborate or simple as possible. If "court-plaster" is written beneath a spray of dainty blossoms, the lettering must be small, but effective, and done in bright gold embroidery silk. Needle books can be made in the same fashion, and these serve also the purpose of being both useful and ornamental. On the inner flap of this case the one which folds down over the little flannel needle-leaves, a quaint saying in regard to needles can be lettered. A glove mending out-fit can be made in much the same way or a darning case, containing darning cotton, black and white, wound on separate pasteboard crosses and each held in place by a ribbon. A tiny pair of scissors can be held in place on the other flap of the case by a ribbon, and a needle leaf filled with darning needles, placed above this. Crepe paper or thin embroidered mull, or figured organdy can be made into exquisitely beautiful candle shades, or shades for the electric bulbs. These can be sent in boxes which cost little in mailing on account of the lightness. If candle shades are made, they must be fastened on brass holders. I saw an exquisite set not long since. They were of white India linen, sheer and fine; the edges were escalloped in pale green, and delicate sprays of maiden hair fern were embroidered upon them, they were then tied to the brass holder with daintiest ribbon. A rosebud set for the candelabra, accompanying a rosebud center piece for the table would delight the heart of the housekeeper who prizes dainty table belongings. Doilies do not take long to make, but to be effective these must be basted upon pretty cardboard. Nothing adds so much to the attractive quality of a gift as the wrapping in which it is enclosed. There is such a sense of expectation and delight in unfolding dainty wrapped-up parcels. Fresh tissue paper, and a bolt of baby ribbon will do wonders.

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It is easy enough to find gifts for the many feminine needs, but it is always more or less of a puzzle to know just what is best for masculine wants and desires. A book nearly always answers the purpose. But the selection of a novel of ephemeral fame seems hardly wise. Something that will find a place in the library and merit its nook upon the shelves is better. A handsome corkscrew often fills a necessary want; some of the new patent corkscrews which can be carried in the pocket are useful and not expensive, and if one is lavish, the silver ones are equal to the demand. A pretty clock is a useful gift, or an ordinary alarm clock placed in the china cases which amateur china painters supply are quite as useful as the handsome suede clocks in leather cases. A reading lamp is a suggestion for a man, or the pretty empress lamps with dainty porcelain globes, the whole arranged to snap down into a silver candlestick, are good to look at and easy to carry about from one table to another. A duck or linen book cover is always a pretty thing for a man, and on his library table covers some cherished volume. One young woman made herself famous by providing for a bride, whose maid she was, covers for her pet books, made out of pieces of the trousseau gowns. The Bible containing the record of the marriage was covered with a piece of the wedding dress. Any young wife can prove equally filled with sentiment, and probably keep alive many tender illusions in the heart of her husband by doing this for herself, covering "his" books with pieces of gowns which "he" liked to have her wear. There lives no man with soul so dead who does not have a pet gown of his wife's in remembrance. Silver trifles for masculine needs are more plentiful this year than ever before. There are handsome leather cases with silver corners for holding letters, or the smaller card case in similar style. For a physician the pocket thermometer enclosed in a silver case is a good idea. Picture frames holding a "counterfeit presentment" are acceptable, and these may be made of linen, hand embroidered, or be of silver or gold plated. An oval metal frame encloses a picture in the semblance of the miniature now so fashionable. A candlestick for a bedroom table, a leather blotter with silver edges. Any or all of these things sometimes meet unexpressed wants, and are mere suggestions which I hope may prove useful. A dainty inexpensive water color painting is a charming gift. I saw one so beautifully framed not long since. It was skillfully and neatly done at home. The scene was one of the thousands of suggestive places upon the shores of our lake. It was set in a handsome white mat cut out of heavy egg shell paper by the owner of the picture. The whole covered with glass held on by bindings of gilt paper. It was exceedingly simple, but so neatly done that there was not the slightest evidence of the amateur.

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Let your Christmas dinner bear about it the thought of tradition. Who can forget that famous Christmas dinner which Mrs. Crachit provided. The goose, why the young Crachits crammed spoons in their mouths lest they should shriek for goose before their turn came to be helped. There never was such a goose, "its tenderness, flavor, size and cheapness were the theme of universal admiration." And the pudding—"blazing in half of a half quarter of ignited brandy, and bedight with Christmas holly stuck into the top"—these are positive necessities of the Christmas diner. I give you a rule for a famous English plum pudding, one that always graced the table of an English friend at Christmas and which made her famous as a successful cook. It was always round and hard and firm to appearance, blazed like a small volcano when borne to the table set in its ignited brandy and had a rich bunch of holly stuck into the top, the tray upon which the pudding was brought into the table was a mass of holly, so the pudding in its dish lay in a mass of green leaves and red berries: two and a half pounds of raisins; two pounds of moist brown sugar; two pounds of bread crumbs; two pounds of suet; six ounces of candied lemon peel; one ounce of ground nutmeg; one ounce of ground cinnamon; one ounce of blanched and chipped almonds; one half pint of brandy and the grated rind of the lemons; six eggs, whites and yolks beaten separately. The pudding cloth must be square, butter and flour it well, tie the pudding up in a round shape with a stout string. Put it into water which should be boiling when the pudding is placed in it. Boil eight or nine hours steadily. This is quite as good the second or third day or even a week after it is first boiled, for it can be reheated and is quite as palatable as at first. This is really the piece de resistance of the Christmas dinner. These quantities may be halved, making quite a good-sized pudding for six people.

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Your Christmas table should be a symphony in red, and if you can secure from the florist the great scarlet heads of the poinsettia to set amid the mass of holly green leaves and scarlet berries, you can make the scarlets harmonize nicely. If dependent upon red roses and carnations, be careful of your colors. Scarlet carnations are very effective, but roses are hard to secure, and apt to be dull looking near the holly. The mistletoe must also play a part in your scheme of decorations, and you must not forget to have a bit of green feathery pine peeping out here and there. Everything must be bright and joyous looking, gay in glittering colors and effects. Your molds of cranberries will look very attractive with the waxen berries of the mistletoe upon them. Women seem peculiarly gifted in decorations of this kind, and need only to put their ingenuity to work to evolve all sorts of good effects and graceful decorations.

* * *

Women are free nowadays to do just as they please. Who would have thought that when those stern old Puritans landed at Plymouth Rock, two hundred years ago and more, on that December day, they were making freedom's home not only for themselves, but the wives and daughters of their sons and their son's sons. They who believed so fully in the subjection of women, have given them rights which the most successful reader of futurity would never have dreamed of. England's fairest daughters have gone into trade, and Lady Warwick provides farm produce for the London market; the duchess of something or other has a dressmaking establishment, and the countess of that or this makes millinery and adds shekels to her purse. Two years ago a swell society woman in Boston took up the idea, and advertised herself as a genius for household decorations. Two or three other Boston women followed in her lead. Two New York women have just opened up a tea room in New York, and here can be secured the beautiful violets for which another society woman has become justly famous. Meeting with financial reverses and ill-health, Mrs. Leavitt devoted her beautiful conservatories of Stamford, Conn., to the cultivation of violets, and she has more orders than she can fill, and makes a comfortable income out of this flower of fashion. Another woman is famous for her chickens and the eggs from her poultry houses. These are also for sale at Mrs. Lowrey's and Miss Wilmerding's tea room. The Western women have now gone into a fresh field, and have taken an Old Kentucky farm, where acorns grow in abundance upon "tall oak trees." Beneath those trees fat porkers are supposed to disport themselves amid the toothsome and fattening nut, and roaming about the pastures. They will grow ponderous in weight on Kentucky corn. These are to be the basis upon which these Western women are to become capitalists. One of the women claims St. Paul as her home. Every one of the instances cited are women whose social position is unquestionable. And yet, such is the desire of the Modern Woman to be of use in the world that the frivolities of society pall and become distasteful, and the social position bends to allow trade, so-called, to secure a footing. Every woman has a right to fill her life as full of purpose as possible. She is happier, nobler, truer and better for it, and the experience and independence she acquires steels her nerves and goes far toward teaching her lessons in life.

AGATE.

A DOUBTFUL VENTURE.

Washington Star: "There is such a thing," remarked the proprietor of the shaving parlor, "as depending too much on the business activity that is to result from the election of McKinley."

"Business is picking up everywhere."

"Of course. But I was thinking of a friend of mine. I'm afraid he's too credulous. He's so sanguine that he's going to open up a barber shop in Kansas!"

# In Duluth's Social Circles

Society is taking on the holiday activity which comes each winter at Christmas time draws nigh. There have been a number of visitors here this week and this has given a zest to social doings. Several receptions and parties have enlivened the week and there have been any number of little entertainments. The Assembly party last evening was the largest affair of the week and was as delightful as the Assembly parties always are. Then there were one or two evening and afternoon receptions and a number of teas. The church fair season has arrived also, and is occupying the time of many people prominent in society, which makes them social affairs. For the future the most interesting thing in anticipation is the leap year party on New Year's eve. The holiday week will undoubtedly be unusually lively in Duluth.

* * *

The Assembly dancing party at the Spalding last evening was one of the very prettiest and most enjoyable which this popular social club has given. The attendance was quite large and there was a variety of color in the gowns of the ladies which made the ball room scene a beautiful one. Hoare's full orchestra played and everything necessary for the complete enjoyment of the dance was there. A number of young ladies from outside were present, and as is always the case this gave especial interest to the affair. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Stewart Bradley, Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Silvey, Mr. and Mrs. Mulford Wade, Dr. and Mrs. Homer Collins, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Tomlinson, Mr. and Mrs. Howard T. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Phillips, Mrs. J. L. Snapp.

Misses Foss, of Minneapolis; Farmington, Metcalfe, of St. Paul; Shores, of Ashland; Risher, of Pittsburg; Watson, of Marquette; Bradshaw, of Superior; Walker, of McGregor, Iowa; Spencer, Sellwood, Dickinson, Dodge, Strayer, LaVaque, Gridley, Eaton, Macdougall, Fitzgerald, Josephine Peyton, McLaren, Birch, Fitzgerald, Brower, Jennie Magoffin, Bradley, Ames.

Messrs. Brown, of Tower; Coburn, of Superior; Shepard, Cooke, A. W. Hartman, J. Eaton, F. Lerch, Sellwood, W. McCormick, D. R. McLennan, Leslie, Boldrick, Dalrymple, Miller, Macdonald, Geggie, W. McLennan, Bywater, McLaren, C. McCormick, Murray Peyton, McKinley, Hunter, W. R. Peyton, Reichert, Brice, O. C. Hartman, Telford, Farrington, Stocking, Cash, McBride, Upham, Pomeroy, Earhart.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. McKindley gave a reception Thursday evening in honor of Miss Walker, of McGregor, Iowa who is their guest. Miss Walker visited here about four years ago and has many friends among Duluth people. Coffee and chocolate were served and Mrs. Adams, Mrs. French and Mrs. Hale poured it. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Teare, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Hale, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Collins, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stephenson, Mrs. J. B. Adams, Mrs. G. H. French, Misses Peyton, Magoffin, Josephine Peyton, Shepard, Smith, Martha Peyton and Jeanette Smith. Messrs. Shepard, Watrous, A. W. Hartman, Hunter, W. R. Peyton, Bassett and Gilbert.

* * *

The leap year party is to be a go. The young ladies settled that yesterday afternoon. The Spalding is taken for New Year's eve, the date of the party, and it has been decided to give it in the Armory. It will be the most conspicuous social affair which has been given there and a delightful time is anticipated. The Armory is large and roomy and the floor is a good one. Hoare's full orchestra has been engaged and the young ladies are leaving nothing undone.

* * *

The Young Ladies' guild of the First Presbyterian church, will give a tea and sachet sale next Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg, of 1616 East Superior street. The young ladies will make it a very attractive affair and will welcome every one who comes and the invitation is general.

* * *

A charming luncheon was given Tuesday by Mrs. William White, of First avenue west, in honor of her guest, Miss Frances Foss, of Minneapolis. The table decorations were American beauty roses and covers were laid for twelve. After the luncheon Miss Howe and Miss Foss gave recitations and Miss Howe and Miss McKay sang. Those present were: Mrs. Panton, Miss Crowley, Miss Howe, Miss Strayer, Miss J. Magoffin, Miss La Vaque, Miss Sellwood, Miss Fitzgerald, Miss Bradley, Miss McKay and Miss White.

* * *

A number of the older people are organizing a dancing class and expect to take lessons every Monday evening at the Masonic temple. They are not going into it so much for the dancing as for the fun, and they anticipate an unlimited amount of that.

* * *

Cards were received this week announcing the coming marriage of Miss Nancy Louise Wiggin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Wiggin, of Minneapolis, and Dr. Ned Bowman McNulty, of this city. It will take place Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock, Dec. 15, at 714 Eighth street south, in Minneapolis. They will be at home after Jan. 15 in the Langelier flats.

* * *

The Central Social club, which was recently formed by a number of Central Duluth young men, gave its first dancing party last evening at Normanna hall. About thirty couples were in attendance and it was a delightful affair. Refreshments were served and dancing continued to 1 o'clock. Another party will be given in about two weeks. Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Summerfield, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Fodge, Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McCollough, Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Watson, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Richardson, Mr and Mrs. H. F. Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Pierce, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Clayton, Mrs. Lincoln, Mrs. Doucey, Misses Patterson, McKay, Richardson, Mamie Patterson, Crowley, Lindbeck, Belle McKay, Zimmerman, Hubbard, McClennan, Johnson; Messrs. G. F. McKay, Dr. Bekke, Goodman, W. McKay, Angus McKay, Peterson, Porter, Peth, Richardson, T. Bennett, Tetu and J. Bennett.

* * *

Mrs. A. E. Walker entertained a number of young ladies yesterday in honor of her sister, Miss Shores, of Ashland. The guests were all young ladies who attended Hardy school at the same time that Miss Shores did.

* * *

The ladies of St. Paul's Episcopal church gave a social at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton Wednesday evening. A large number of people attended. A musical program, entirely impromptu, was given. Mrs. Snapp and Miss Bradshaw sang, Mrs. McKindley and J. H. Noyes played piano numbers and Wells Gilbert and Hugh Cooke gave a banjo and guitar number. The house was prettily decorated with carnations. The refreshments were served by Mrs. C. M. Vance and Mrs. M. J. Forbes.

* * *

Mrs. N. J. Upham will entertain this evening in honor of Miss Graff.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William M. Prindle entertained a few friends at dinner on Tuesday evening.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Walker, of 12 Chester terrace, will give a dinner Thursday evening next.

* * *

The Q. F. U. is meeting with Miss Humason this afternoon.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Colin Thomson, who were married about a month ago in Toronto, the bride being Miss Powell, well known here, are now at home at 212 Ninth avenue east.

* * *

A social tea was given yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. C. Agnew, 1105 East First street, by the Ladies' Missionary society of the First Presbyterian church.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Totman entertained the Euchre club last evening.

* * *

Miss McLaren entertained about twenty of her friends at an informal dancing party Monday evening at her home on East Third street. Those present were: Miss Watson, of Marquette; Miss Cross and Miss Lillian Cross, of Superior; Fitzgerald, McLaren, Minnie McLaren, Strayer, McLennan, Sellwood and White, and Messrs. Woodbridge, Shepard, D. R. McLennan, W. McCormick, Robson, Upham, Telford, of St. Albans, Vt.; C. P. McCormick.

* * *

Social circles enjoyed the Phillips-Risher wedding Tuesday evening, when Miss Marion Phillips and Robert P. Risher, the latter of Pittsburg, were married by Rev. Dr. Ryan, at the home of the bride, No. 2 Piedmont terrace. The ceremony itself was the impressive one of the Episcopal church, but the environments were pretty and pleasing. Floral decorations of roses and palms, to which were added delicately shaded pink lights, made a charming effect. The wedding march began at 8:30 and marched from upstairs down through the parlors to the tea room which had been transformed into a bower, with green, white and pink decorations. The maid of honor, Miss Risher, of Pittsburg, headed the party, and she was followed by the bride, with her brother, A. J. Phillips, of Ottumwa, Iowa. The groom with Mr. Thomas Phillips, the best man, entered through a side door and the bridal party was reformed in the tea room. During the preliminaries the Mendelssohn wedding march and bridal chorus from Lohengrin was rendered by Miss Shephard. The bride was dressed in an ivory satin gown, short train, with high neck and long sleeves, the veil being held in position by a pearl broach. She carried a bouquet of bridal roses and maiden hair ferns. After the ceremony a wedding supper was served and then the bride and groom left for an Eastern trip which will terminate in Drawesburg, Pa., where they will be at home after Jan. 1, 1897.

Those present at the wedding besides the wedding party and relatives were: Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Silvey, Mr. and Mrs. Fagg, Mr. and Mrs. Upham, Mr. and Mrs. Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. Abbot, Dr. and Mrs. Ryan, Mrs. Dowse, Misses Magoffin, Josephine Peyton, Eaton, Sellwood, Shepard, Richardson, Martha Peyton, Messrs. Upham, A. W. Hartman, D. R. McLennan, M. Peyton, Boldrick, Woodbridge, F. Leach, Shepard, W. McCormick, Mattocks and Barber.

* * *

The "Festival of Days" held by the ladies of Pilgrim Congregational church in the church parlors yesterday afternoon and evening was satisfactory socially and financially. The six booths, each representing one of the week days were well stocked with fancy and useful articles and were well patronized. There was an O-at-ka beach division and a turkey shoot that was amusing to young and old, and in which a prize was awarded to the best shot. The supper was also a success and the feature of the "Fairie's Christmas," later in the evening was a very pretty diversion reflecting much credit on Miss Helen Field, who conducted it.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Howe and Miss Howe entertained a few friends at dinner last Sunday evening. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Teare, Miss Gray, of Providence, R. I.; Miss Bradley, Messrs. Victor Hugo, D. R. McLennan and J. C. Geggie.

* * *

The Endion club entertained its members and lady friends Thursday evening at a dancing party and social, and fully 200 were present. It was the first of a series of parties which it is proposed to give once a month. The club rooms were tastefully decorated and were very pretty in appearance. There were palms, ferns and cut flowers and national colors, all artistically arranged. The rugs in the parlors had been taken up and in the billiard room one table was removed. This gave an excellent space for dancing, which the guests were not slow to take advantage of. Hoare's orchestra played. Not a few played pool and billiards. The guests were received by the executive committee members, J. G. Howard, B. Silberstein, O. H. Clarke and J. D. Buxton. The entire affair was delightfully arranged and carried out, and all who enjoyed the hospitality of the club were pleased to learn that there will be more of them.

* * *

The Temple Ladies' quartet returned Monday from Grand Rapids, where they gave a concert on Saturday night. They were most delightfully entertained by the people there, and expect to repeat the concert there within a few weeks. Friday night a concert was given at Hibbing, which was also very successful. It is understood the quartet contemplates giving a number of concerts at other places within a short time, as they have received many flattering offers the past week, some of which no doubt will be accepted.

* * *

The senior class of the high school gave a party at Masonic Temple hall Thursday evening and 150 members and friends were present. A promenade concert was given previous to the dancing, and Flaaten's orchestra rendered three numbers, "Belle of the Season," by Simpson; "A Good Thing," a medley overture by Beyer, and "Happy Days in Dixie," by Mills. The new step known as the D. H. S. two-step, composed by Harry Hart, of Detroit, and dedicated to the class of '97 of the Duluth Central High School, was played for the first time in public. A program of twenty numbers was danced. The hall was decorated in the class colors. Miss Livingston and Miss Fette and Messrs. Denfeld and Loman were the chaperones. Misses Daisy Butchart, Florence Halling and Anna Lindbeck and Arthur Berg, Hale Horton and Reuben Smith were in charge of the arrangements.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Guild of the First Presbyterian church will have a tea and sachet sale at the residence of Mrs. Clark Fagg, 1616 East Superior street, Tuesday evening, Dec. 8, at 8 o'clock.

The concert of the Cecilian Choral, Mrs. Stocker director, which has been much talked of for several weeks, will take place on Tuesday evening next at Turner hall. The program promises to be very interesting, containing several compositions new to Duluth audiences. There has never before been in Duluth a choral society composed of ladies rehearsing regularly for the purpose of bringing out the music written especially for such a body of singers. There are many beautiful compositions which depend for their prouction on such an organization an some of the most charming ones have been place on the program for Tuesay night.

The Cecilian Choral is fortunate in including many of Duluth's best solo voices which renders the richness and volume of the tone often quite impressive. The choral is fortunate also in having the assistance of F. W. Thompson, Mrs. J. A. Stephenson, Mrs. D. H. Day and Miss Theresa Lynn, and of Mrs. J. W. McKindley, whose fine accompaniments add much to every concert in which she takes part. The following is the program:

"Chinese Chorus" ............Joncleres
Cecilian Choral.
Solo—Miss Susanne McKay.
Minuetto (from Op. 7) ...........Grieg
(For two pianos.)
Mrs. D. H. Day and Miss Theresa Lynn.
"Sunset" ....... .........Dudley Buck
F. W. Thompson.
"The Bluebell" (from "Three Flower Songs") ........Mrs. H. H. A. Beach
(Unaccompanied.)
Cecilian Choral.
"Semiramide" ...... ........ ....Rossini
(Arranged for two pianos, eight hands.)
Mrs. Day, Miss Lynn, Mrs. Stephenson, Mrs. Stocker.
"The Dragon Flies"..Graben-Hoffmann
Cecilian Choral.
Solos—Miss Anna Farrell, Mrs. Franz Schultz, Mrs. Bert Holcomb.
a. Polanaise (G sharp minor)........
b. Etude (Op. 10, No. 12)........Chopin
(For piano.)
Mrs. John A. Stephenson.
"The Lost Chord" .............Sullivan
Cecilian Choral.

* * *

A pink supper was given last evening by the young people of the Unitarian church, and after 8 o'clock a fine program was given. Mrs. Perionnet, Miss Pattee, Miss Nichols, Miss Wilcutts and Mr. Geist took part. The tea was a very pretty affair. Pink carnations decorated the tables, which were placed in the center of the church, and a tempting lunch was served.

* * *

The Aeoleon club is a new musical organization in Duluth, which was formed last Thursday. The membership comprises the Aeoleon ladies' quartet, consisting of Mrs. Franz Schultz, soprano; Miss Mae Kennedy, mezzo soprano; Mrs. Burt Holcomb, alto; Miss Louise Meining, contralto, and Mrs. A. Hoelscher, pianist; A. Holescher, flutist and Franz Schultz, basso. The club will give some excellent programs during the season. The first concert will take place shortly after the holidays. Mr. and Mrs. Hoelscher are new acquisitions to Duluth musical talent, and those who have had the pleasure of hearing them speak very highly of them as cultured and artistic musicians. Mrs. Hoelscher is a graduate of the Chicago conservatory of music, and Mr. Hoelscher has played with some of the best musical organizations of the country. The balance of the members are all too well known in Duluth musical circles to need special mention.

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The first of the series of people's concerts for the Bethel this winter will be given on Friday evening, Dec. 18. Mrs. Franz Schultz will have charge of the program.

* * *

One of the novel parties of the year, consisting of music, readings and charades, was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Don A. Palmer, 112 South Fifteenth avenue east, by their daughter, Miss Clara, Wednesday evening. The program consisted of unexpected numbers form those present. The "punch bowl," which was artistically decorated by American beauty roses, was presided over by Miss Bell Brackinreld in a most able manner. Miss Palmer proved herself a most entertaining hostess and kept the young people busily and happily entertained by her ingenious program. She was assisted by the charming music of Misses Lynn, Nichols, Tupper, Butters, MacBride and Willoughby, and Messrs. Warfield, Joe Van Rosencrance and Call Kelly. Miss Southwell assisted in receiving the guests. The Haydn trio played in their usual excellent style, and Miss Palmer favored those present by her violin music. Miss Jennie Moore carried away first prize, and Henry G. Cable the "booby." Refreshments were served by the hostess, assisted by Miss MacBride, Mr. Arbury, Mr. Van Rosencrance and Mr. Dally. Among those present were: Misses Bell Brackinreld, Southwell, Chaplain, MacBride, Nichols, Willcutts, Morrison, Thomas, Moore, Tupper, Lynn, Willoughby, Warren, Grady, Bennett, Lillian Kelly, Butters, Rose Butters, Briggs, Baskerville and Mrs. Strong, and Messrs. Lucus, George Kelly, Call Kelly, Van Rosencrance, Moore, Ed Starkey, Buffum, Tupper, Arbury, Leon Shaw, Neilson, Dunlap, Jamison, Dally, Lynn, Shannon, Cable, Oberg, Burgdolph, Warfield and Mr. Strong and others.

* * *

The air is now full of Christmas fairs, which are fast assuming definite shapes. That of the Unitarian ladies this year is to take the form of a street bazar, which promises to be of great interest. The scene will be one of much variety, combining all the dignity of Upper Broadway or of Marshall Field's corner, with the attractions of the Bowery or Panton & White's basement. In the dining room below are to be presented scenes which one needs only to see to be put into good humor for the whole holiday season. The bazar is to be held two evenings, Dec. 15 and 16 that all the friends of the church may be sure to get a glimpse of it.

* * *

The Peak sisters' entertainment was given at Two Harbors for the benefit of the library recently and the last issue of the Two Harbors Iron News had this to say of it:

"The entertainment given at Norden hall last Friday evening by the Peak sisters, proved a radical departure from any before presented here, its novelty having surprised the large audience which greeted it. The young ladies were very attractive in their black gowns, white aprons and peaked headgear. Their rendition of back number nursery songs and rhymes carried their elder auditors in memory to the past, to be immediately recalled by a modern jingle, recitation or ballad. 'The Muffin Man,' 'Cock Robin,' comb melody and kindred were at one time favorites with all the audience, belonging to those gems which never grow dim, and which it is always agreable to hear young folks lisp. Sister Sophia was irresistably funny.

"The violin solo by Miss Palmer was of exceptional merit. She was enthusiastically encored and rendered one of the swetest melodies yet heard in Two Harbors. Miss Palmer is an artist who has won high place in the regard of all music-loving people at the head of the lakes."

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The Central Social club, which was recently organized by a number of West End young men, gave its first dancing party last evening at Normanna hall, and it was a very delightful affair.

* * *

Miss Mabel Pressnell, of 503 West Third street, is entertaining the Somerset Y this afternoon.

* * *

The Ladies' Golden Rebekah lodge will give a dime social at I. O. O. F. hall this evening.

* * *

The Duluth Cycle club will give a dancing party Monday evening in the Kalamazoo block hall. The committee of arrangements is composed of F. E. Blowers, W. B. Grubb, Philip Hasteblad, Frank A. Noble, Harry Carroll.

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A musical and elocutionary entertainment will be given Monday evening at the Kalamazoo block hall by the Sons of Veterans.

* * *

Liberty Orange lodge will give a supper and dancing party next Wednesday evening in the Masonic temple.

* * *

The teachers and students of the High school were given a reception last Saturday by the Young Men's Christian association. A delightful program was rendered. An orchestra under the direction of Miss Clara Palmer played the overture to "Der Freischutz" and it was very capably done. Other numbers were also played. Miss Clara Palmer also played a solo number. Donald MacLeod sang "It Was a Dream." Miss Pittananie recited and Mr. Rudolph gave a humorous reading.

* * *

At Normanna hall Tuesday evening the Norwegian Temperance union held an elocutionary medal contest at which a gold medal was awarded. The contestants were Miss Anna Weeks, Miss Mary Wall, Miss Jennie Hoodahl, B. Gaskell and Albert Olson. B. Gaskell won the medal.

* * *

The Chautauqua Literary and Scientific circle will meet Monday evening. The program will be as follows:
Roll call: Give some recent item of French news.
Lesson—"Growth of the French Nation," chapter 12.... .. ...... ........Led by Mrs. Brasher
Historical study—"Events Which Led up to the Decision of the Diet of Worms........ ...C. E. Shannon

* * *

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Ward Ames returned this week from her visit with her daughter, Mrs. Rufus Draper, of Honolulu.

F. L. Ryan left yesterday for an Eastern trip of a month.

Miss Foss, of Minneapolis, who has been visiting Mrs William White, of First avenue west, will return to her home today.

Miss Farrington, of St. Paul, is visiting in the city.

Miss Sims, of Minneapolis, is the guest of Miss Louden, and will remain until the last of next week.

Mrs. J. C. Rosser, of the Rosser hospital, went to Grand Rapids yesterday for a few days.

Rev. E. C. Johnson, of Lakeside, has gone to Chicago to meet Mrs. Johnson, who has been on a visit to New York.

Miss Hickey, of Tower, is visiting in the city.

A. L. Ordean has returned from an Eastern trip.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Powell and son, E. S. Powell, of Little Falls, have arrived here to make their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Rouchleau were in New York this week.

Walter G. Grimmer, of Manitowac, Wis., is visiting here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Jerome have returned to Saginaw to reside.

George K. Taylor left Tuesday for an Eastern trip, going to Buffalo, New York and other points. His mother, Mrs. Taylor, and sister, Mrs. Tice, who were in Minneapolis, left the following day for the East.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Wright, of Alma, Mich., were here this week.

Mrs J. A. Eby has gone to Chicago.

Mrs. Adele V. Cormany, late matron of the Women's and Children's home, is the guest of Mrs. W C. Sherwood.

Mrs. C. W. Mulle, of Virginia, was in the city this week.

Miss Dollie Cotter, of Two Harbors, who was visiting friends in the city, returned to her home Monday.

Mrs. John McKinley and Mrs. A. C. Jones left today for Davenport, Iowa, having been called by the death of their sister, Miss Frizzell. Miss Frizzell has visited here in the past.

Miss Metcalfe, of St. Paul, is visiting in the city.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

The "mothers' meeting" of the W. C. T. U., Thursday afternoon, was a fine one. They met with Mrs. Ellison, and she was assisted by Mrs. Armstrong and Mrs. Smith. Mrs. Jewel and Mrs. Adams were in charge of the music.

The musical entertainment last Saturday evening, at which the feature was a musical drama, entitled "Cups and Saucers," was a very pleasant affair and was very pleasing to those who attended. Mrs. Kingsbury and Miss Sadie Prescott gave a piano duet, and Miss Maud Kerr; Miss Clara Kenny and Miss Eva Rockwell and C. W. Warfield sang. The musical drama was presented by Miss Susie Johnson and W. F. Scoble. Mrs. Olund played the accompaniments.

Mrs. J. A. Kirkwood entertained a number of her lady friends at a quilting party Thursday afternoon.

The next dance of "The Club" will be given on Wednesday evening at Great Eastern hall.

The Young Bachelors' club dance Monday evening was attended by about twenty-five couples. The next party will be held New Year's eve at Great Eastern hall.

Neil McKenzie and family, of West Duluth, left Tuesday for Tennessee, where they will reside.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Sowner left Monday for their home in St. Paul.

Miss Kittie O'Neil, of Marquette, Mich., is visiting Miss Ida Dunleavy.

The pupils of the Fairmount school are making arrangements for a fine entertainment to be given at Christmas time.

Miss Annie McKenzie, of Aberdeen, S. D., is visiting friends in the city.

Solomon Peterson leaves Sunday for Sweden to spend the winter with his parents.

Miss Florence Felt entertained a surprise party of her friends at her home Thursday evening.

## POOR FARM VAULT.

### County Board Let the Contract Yesterday Afternoon.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the board of county commissioners, the contract for building the mortuary vault at the poor farm was let to Evens & Grandy for $2609, exclusive of the lathing and plastering. The bid calls for a stone vault, and there were seven bids. Commissioner Dinham did not want to let the plastering contract, because he said contractors have been in the habit of making low bids and beating the plasterers down to that. The matter was held over. A communication was received and filed from the Business Men's association, of Virginia, objecting to the proposed course of the Miller road from Virginia north, and notifying the board that a committee was appointed and would secure an injuncton if necessary. The superintendent of poor reported expenditures amounting to $4196.81.

## FAILURE IN BUSINESS.

### Little Habits Gnaw Big Holes.

A large number of men are unsuccessful in their business because of some small habit or habits that rob them of the vitality necessary to push a business as it should be.

The man who is thoroughly well and can plan with a clear brain and work out his plans with a healthy body, is the one who will be in the procession when his neighbor has to drop out.

Some men can stand hurtful habits better than others, but when one finds that he is ailing a little each day, let him remedy the trouble and have the machine work right, for that is the sure road to riches and happiness.

Dr. J. R. Pennington, Chicago Summer School of Medicine, 103 State street, Chicago, says:

"The Postum is received, brewed and used up. I like it very much. The only criticism I have to offer is that it did not last long enough."

Coffee interferes with the digestion of many people who find it hard to give up, although they know it hurts them. It is easy to do without coffee if one can have Postum, the grain coffee. This has the deep seal brown color of Java, and changes to the golden brown of thick Mocha when cream is added. It is made of the pure grains, wheat, etc., and is nourishing and fattening, and is true health coffee. It can be drank at every meal without any of the ill effects of coffee. Made by the Postum Cereal company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

There is but one genuine original Postum Cereal coffee, with a multitude of imitations offered as "just as good."

Capt. J. W. Miller, H. T. Dinham and Dr. A. G. Braden made a report of the Red Wing meeting of the board of charities in connection. It was stated that the conference declared for county hospitals and the report recommended that St. Louis county build one.

## THE TAX RATE.

### Result as Figured Out By the County Auditor.

The auditor's force finished figuring out of taxes and rates yesterday. The average rate for the county is 27.7, a mill higher than last year. The valuation has been reduced from $50,178,787 to $42,587,311, however, so taxes will be lower on the whole. The city rates and funds have been published in The Herald. The county funds are as follows: Revenue, $65,380; poor, $47,946; special road, $43,587; bond interest, $94,358; bond sinking, $2179; road and bridge bond interest and sinking, $13,076; railroad bond interest and sinking, 17,434; total, $193,936.

The rates and amounts for cities, towns and villages are as follows:

| | Total rate, mills. | Total taxes. |
|---|---|---|
| City of Duluth | 31.4 | $706,951 |
| Ely | 28.3 | 20,751 |
| Tower | 44.2 | 7,946 |
| Virginia | 34.7 | 8,321 |
| Biwabik | 19.6 | 6,492 |
| Eveleth | 34.7 | 2,609 |
| Hibbing | 20.6 | 7,943 |
| Iron Junction | 43.9 | 512 |
| Mountain Iron | 35.9 | 1,855 |
| Proctorknott | 37.4 | 3,187 |
| Biwabik village | 22.1 | 6,998 |
| Breitung | 28.6 | 14,980 |
| Canosia | 25.7 | 3,765 |
| Dinham | 25.7 | 4,011 |
| Town of Duluth | 18.3 | 7,639 |
| Fayal | 25.1 | 7,858 |
| Gnesen | 24.4 | 3,719 |
| Hermann | 26.3 | 7,481 |
| Industrial | 32.2 | 1,574 |
| Missabe Mountain | 20.7 | 30,490 |
| Morse | 26.9 | 4,421 |
| Nichols | 18.9 | 7,272 |
| Rice Lake | 26.0 | 6,950 |
| Stuntz | 16.8 | 20,192 |

The total amount of taxes to be raised is $1,209,278.

IT CAUSES A SENSATION.

Vienna, Dec. 5.—The conection between Phillip Zuelenberg, the German ambassador here, and Von Tausch, the commissioner of detectives of Berlin, as brought out in the trial of the journalists charged with libelling Count Bothozue Zuelenberg, Baron Marshal Von Bieberstein and Prince Alexander Von Hohenlohe, has caused a sensation here.

WE CURE

Diseases of the Liver Kidneys and Bladder Thousands of People Testify to our Success in Curing them after all other means failed

Dr. J. H. McLEAN'S LIVER and KIDNEY BALM

IS THE PEERLESS REMEDY WE USE

All Dealers Sell It

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

## THE ROUNDER.

The story is told of an interesting interview that took place recently between a contractor, who is engaged in—say the pipe-laying business—and a Duluth alderman. It occurred in the latter's law office, and was short, but spirited. The contractor, who has been recently "thrown down" on a pipe-laying contract without, as it seemed to him, rhyme or reason, dropped into the alderman's office to voice a mild protest.

Exactly what was said is not recorded, but the conversation grew more and more heated and the alderman and the contractor hitched up closer and closer to each other. Finally, the contractor said something about the ways of city councils, and the council of Duluth in particular, being full of mystery and past finding out.

"Now, see here, you get right out of this office," said the alderman, grabbing the contractor's collar and giving a yank. The latter's hat fell off, but, otherwise, he was unmoved.

"I won't 'till I get ready," responded the contractor, backing the alderman against a desk and upsetting an inkstand. And then they pushed and hauled each other around and glared and breathed hard. The alderman shoved the contractor against a map hanging on the wall and the latter braced himself and backed the alderman against a bookstand. Then they pulled and hauled some more and in waltzing around the contractor put his foot through the waste basket.

The alderman's partner rushed in and interfered at this juncture. The alderman and the contractor were both out of wind and looked relieved at the interruption of the tete-a-tete. The alderman's necktie was up over his right ear and the contractor's collar had broken away from its moorings in front and was hanging down behind, while the wreck of the waste basket was clinging around his ankle.

A number of ponderous legal tomes were scattered on the floor, an inundation of ink was spreading over the desk and the map hung by one nail at a corner.

The alderman's partner got one of the combatants into the other room and the disputants smoothed down their ruffled plumage and looked sheepish. An agreement was entered into between the two, the alderman's partner acting as envoy and plenipotentiary, to forgive and forget and, above all, to keep the affair a profound secret. By reason of the last mentioned clause in the compact, it was almost two days before anything leaked out.

* * *

The Rounder had a ride in the patrol sleigh last evening. It was not a compulsory entertainment, but Driver Kohagen and Officer Smollett were the entertainers. It was just about midnight and the Rounder and Station Keeper McEwen were talking about old times on the Northern Pacific, and Col. Dwyer was singing "Her Eyes Don't Shine Like Diamonds" upstairs, when—b-r-r-r-p!—a call for the 'hurry-up' buggy came from that popular rendezvous, the Union depot, and in thirty seconds the 'officers and the Rounder were flying down the street to respond. My, how that man Kohagen does drive! Of course the team is a good one, but Kohagen is a king of the reins, if there ever was one. At the corner of the Union depot Officer Hocking, one of the veterans of the police department, was waiting and gruffly shouted out above the whirl of the storm: "Front door." There the officers dismounted and went inside and a huge, healthy-looking man was lying on the floor dead drunk, while a group of Union depot employes stood by singing "He May Have Seen Better Days." Smollett and Hocking picked the big fellow up as if he was a baby, made a sedan chair out of their clubs and carried him to the patrol sleigh, while Smollett apologized to the prisoner by saying: "I'm sorry, old man, that this seat isn't more comfortable, but it's the best we can do under the curcumstances." He was taken to the station, searched and $25.85 was found scattered through his pockets, escorted to a bunk, and was asleep in a moment and then quiet reigned over the station house, and the Rounder went home for a little sleep.

* * *

Yesterday was an off day for Manager Lomasney, of the telephone company, or rather he had an off moment or two when he investigated a "kick" which had been received, and found there was but little ground for complaint, and no excuse for the fiery eloquence of the person who kicked. Then it was that Lomasney gave expression to his views in the following:

LOMASNEY'S LAY.

I'm chief engineer of the telephone shop—
"The manager" is my name;
I am the fellow set up to be kicked;
The one whom you should blame.

If your phone's off color, your child is lost,
Or your heart filled up with woe,
Just give the telephone crank a whirl
And say: "Hello, Central; Hello."

If she doesn't answer it right away,
Of course it's her that's blundered;
Then rattle your telephone several times
And yell, like sin, "500!"

"500" (you think) is a trifle slow,
But of course, she's nothing to do;
She's paid to sit with folded arms
Until she hears from you.

Then yell for the manager, swear a bit,
Say d——n, or murmur "hell fire,"
It will hurry the lady so much, you know,
At the other end of the wire.

Then I'm chief engineer of the telephone shop—
"The manager" is my name;
But if any one thinks this job a snap
He should try my hand in the game.

## Foresters Elect Officers.

Court Central Duluth No. 1727, elected the following officers: John G. Ross, chief ranger; Dan McDonald, vice chief ranger; Alfred Williams, past chief ranger; James Morton, recording secretary; J. S. McCormick, financial secretary; Harvey McKenzie, treasurer; M. M. Lewis, chaplain; John Anderson, senior woodward; John Fyfe, junior woodward; J. Laphone, senior beadle; John Hill, junior beadle; R. H. Wellington and Andrew Hunter, trustees. The name of E. M. Hawes was recommended to the supreme H. C. ranger of the state of Minnesota for court deputy high chief ranger.

SOMETHING TO KNOW.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centers in the stomach, gently stimulates the liver and kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or $1.00 per bottle at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

## Hulberg Bros., Jewelers.

Got a large line of watches, clocks, silverware, spectacles and jewelry to dispose of before Jan. 1. Are going to dissolve partnership and want cash. Prices cut to the core. 1801 West Superior street.

## PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

### The Best Remedy in the World--- It Makes People Well.

There is one true specific for diseases arising from impure blood and debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., of Dartmouth college, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, billiousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.

## AMUSEMENTS.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

Many players have made many men of Hamlet, the Dane. Some have made him mad, others have made him a melancholic misanthrope of aimless eccentricities. Walker Whiteside does neither. He makes him a disappointed youth, made bitter by trouble and shaken in his faith in human nature by the frightful deed of one whose near relationship should have made him an example. He makes him mad merely to conceal his design to discover the truth of his father's death and to work revenge against his murderer. This is surely the most logical reading of Hamlet's lines, and even if it were not logical, Walker Whiteside has skill to make it seem so.

Physically, with his slight form and scholarly visage, Whiteside is an ideal Hamlet. He has made many noticeable improvements in the reading of his lines since three seasons ago, when he first played Hamlet in this city. There is little serious fault to be found with his portrayal of the picturesque youth in his many moods. Occasionally he lapses into his old fault of insufficient enunciation, and slightly noticeable is an occasional too sibilant letter "s." But these be trifles compared with the gigantic proportions of the character and the logic and excellence with which Mr. Whiteside has wrought out his conception thereof.

In no scene does Mr. Whiteside better display his capabilities than in the one where, meditating over the four deeds that hung around Denmark's throne, he bursts out into invectives against the vacant throne of his father's murderer, then with a sudden revulsion of feeling, he says: "Why, what an ass am I," and falls to railing at himself for thus giving away to his emotions. The ensuing passage, where he reveals his plan of trapping the king into self-betrayal by interpolating into a play a scene imitating his father's murderer, is excellent, and the curtain descends on a well-wrought climax when Hamlet says:

"The play's the thing,
Wherein I'll catch the conscience of the king."

The play scene Mr. Whiteside has improved by subduing his own actions while watching the effect of the play upon the guilty king. The soliloquy is aptly spoken, and not a precept laid down in Hamlet's address to the players is disobeyed. It is not a wild, ranting speech, but a solemn communion with Hamlet's self of the old question. The soliloquy is made while Hamlet leans wearily against a support, and is not marred by a gesture or too much force. In short, each of the many scenes which by the art of the player who essays to show the melancholy prince, are excellently conceived, whether original or conventional, and admirably rendered.

Mr Whiteside has been fortunate enough to surround himself with a more capable company than before. A Hamletless Hamlet is little, but Hamlet cannot play alone, and it is a pleasure to see Mr. Whiteside supported by a company that is competent to round out the play satisfactorily, if not throughout in proportion to Hamlet himself. Charles D. Herman, who has been seen here before with Ward and James, is an excellent second, and he gave a very competent performance of the part of Claudius, king of Denmark. Miss Lucia Moore, as Ophelia, who appeared somewhat spiritless and given to effect in the earlier portons of the play, redeemed herself in the mad scene, to which she gave a finish not to be expected from her earlier scenes. Miss Josephine Morse, as Queen Gertrude, was satisfactory, and John M. Sainpotes, as Horatio, and Herbert Pattee, as Laertes, were good. T. L. Saphore is one of the three relics of Mr. Whiteside's old company as Polonius and the first grave digger. In these parts he gracefully adds the slight though true Shakespearean vim of comedy which serves to deepen by contrast rather than to enliven the somber story of Hamlet.

The remainder of the company were satisfactory, and the costuming and settings were fair.

This afternoon the Elks are being benefited by a performance of "The Merchant of Venice." Tonight Othello will be given, Mr. Whiteside playing Iago and Mr. Herman Othello.

GRANT LOSES HIS SUIT.

St. Paul, Dec. 5.—The supreme court has denied an application for a rehearing in the suit of John Grant vs. the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad company, which was brought by Contractor Grant to secure payment for the construction of part of the line.

Mr. Grant lost his appeal on the hearing a week ago, and by this day's order he loses all recourse to secure the large sum that he alleges is due him.

THE IOWA CONGRESSMEN.

Des Moines, Iowa, Dec. 5.—The following are the congressional pluralities in Iowa: Clark, First district, 3295; Curtis, Second, 3320; Henderson, Third, 10,423; Updegraf, Fourth, 8868; Cousins, Fifth, 7368; Lacey, Sixth, 1201; Hull, Seventh, 6626; Hepburn, Eighth, 827; Hager, Ninth, 2382; Dolliver, Tenth, 10,868; Perkins, Eleventh, 6826.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

# NOT FILED

## W. C. McCarter's Statement of Campaign Expenses Has Not Turned Up.

## The Only Successful Candidate Who Has Not Performed This Duty.

## Some Doubt as to What Condition This Leaves Him In.

The only successful candidate at the late election who failed to file the affidavit of expenses required by the corrupt practices act was W. C. McCarter, Republican, and successful candidate for superintendent of schools, who received more votes than C. A. McCana, his opponent on the fusion ticket.

It is doubtful in what position this leaves Mr. McCarter. The law, in brief, says that the affidavit must be filed within thirty days after the election, and that failure to do so means a fine of not to exceed $1000, to be paid into the school fund, or imprisonment not to exceed six months. It further states that no certificate of election may be issued to such candidate until he files his statement of expenses, nor can he enter upon the duties of the office or receive any salary until he files the affidavit required. This part of the law does not state how long he has in which to file it, but the preceding section states that it must be filed within thirty days after the election. The attorney general has given his opinion that the thirty days was up Dec. 3, and that affidavits filed Dec. 4 or later would not be valid.

It looks clear, then, that not only is Mr. McCarter open to the punishment provided by the law, but that he cannot secure a certificate of election and therefore cannot take the office for which he ran and to which he was elected. In that case it is probable that W. H. Stultz, the former superintendent, will move to hold over. Charles A. McCann, Mr. McCarter's opponent, also failed to file a statement of his expenses, as did several of the unsuccessful candidates.

Auditor Holden cannot give up the certificate of election under the circumstances, so there may be a legal fight over the matter.

Four affidavits were filed several days ago which have not yet been published owing to the auditor's absence from the city. Auditor Holden spent $353.11, as follows: County committee, $179.11; filing certificate, $10; traveling, $40; printing, $27; advertising, $95. County Auditor Arbury says he spent $318.80, divided into a number of small sums. Of this amount $71.50 was paid in small amounts to different persons "for services rendered." W. A. Cant expended $339.98, and Judge Ensign $492.73, which was explained in a very circumspect and particular report.

## A Pauper No Longer.

David White, an inmate of the poor house, was found lying dead on his bed, shortly after noon today. The cause of death is stated to have been heart disease. He seemed in his usual health at breakfast. He went upstairs to his room and lay down to take a nap. Not appearing at dinner, he was sent for, when it was discovered that he was dead. White had resided at the poor farm twelve years.

## Demands Reinstatement.

Andrew Christianson this morning filed a petition for a writ of mandamus compelling the board of county commissioners of Cook county to reinstate him as road commissioner of road district No. 3, in that county. He complains that he was appointed in April, and that he has done repairs and everything necessary to spend $1600 appropriated by the board for his district. He spent $600 of that amount, but in September the board, without any charges or anything of the kind, he says, discharged him. He wants the board compelled to reinstate him or tell the reason why not.

You can get a piano with a mandolin attachment at N. D. Coon's without extra charge for the attachment. Laugh at the agent who talks about $25 extra. Go to Coon's and buy.


## Sick Headache.

**Neuralgia and Extreme Nervousness.**

EVER since I was eighteen years old until I learned of Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies, I suffered from sick headache and extreme nervousness and dyspepsia. In time heart disease developed. I was treated by several doctors with no relief. Severe palpitation with pain in left breast, shortness of breath, and smothering spells made me most miserable. I procured Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure and took them alternately as directed. Improvement began at once and increased so rapidly that inside of six months I increased thirty six pounds in weight. All pain in the heart is gone, and the nervousness has wholly left me."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

MRS. CHAS. KNAPP, W. German St., Little Falls, N. Y., Nov. 7, '95.

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.


## THE ROAD BIDS.

### County Board Considered Them This Morning.

The board of county commissioners met again this morning and at noon came near letting the contracts for the Miller Trunk road. The matter got as far as a motion by Commissioner Morgan to let the twenty-five miles north to the head of Lake Vermilion to J. J. C. Davis for $22,711.82; the twenty miles below Eveleth to Frank McDonnell for $25,484.61, and the mile and a half section to M. W. McDonald for $1411, they being the lowest regular bidders. Then Commissioner Swensen moved to amend the motion by giving the 20-mile section also to J. J. C. Davis. Commissioner Miller wanted to go into executive session then and settle the matter, but Commissioner Dinham did not believe in that, as there was no one present that he was afraid of. The motions were all withdrawn then, and Commissioner Miller renewed his motion for an executive session, and it was carried, Chairman Helm and Commissioner Dinham voting against it. The board adjourned without taking any action.

A committee of three consisting of Chairman Helm, Commissioner Miller and W. B. Phelps was appointed to confer with similar committees from the council and the school board on the reorganization of the Security bank.

The auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for the following county road work: Twenty miles of the Miller Trunk road from Virginia to the Tower and Hasel road; twenty-five miles of the Swan Lake road; a bridge of 120 feet over Whiteface river; a bridge of 150 feet over St. Louis river.

The state auditor's communication to the effect that the name of Scott township was taken up and on motion of Commissioner Miller the town was named Great Scott.

A large number of bills and pay rolls were passed.

## PERSONALS.

Mrs. Jean Morris Ellis leaves on Wednesday for San Francisco, Cal., where she has an engagement to deliver forty lectures before the Phrenological society of that city.

Tom Conners is in the city on one of the periodical visits.

J. Cosgin, Jr., came down from Virginia today.

P. R. Vail, of Ely, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis McCullough, of Cloquet, are at the Spalding.

A. A. Hopkins, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

E. B. Hawkins, of Virginia, is in the city today.

J. P. Gordon returned from the East this morning. Mrs. Gordon will return about Dec. 15.

F. McDonough, of Eau Claire, is in the city.

E. M. Kemp, of Rhinelander, Wis., is in the city.

J. D. Armstrong, St. Paul & Duluth attorney, was in attendance at court today.

F. J. Rhodes, the St. Paul coal man, is here today.

James Kasson, of St. Paul, is in the city.

Henry Niewstadt returned today from the East.

MADAME STEINER.

207 West Second street, will have on sale Monday and Tuesday only, a few dress patterns to be made into stylish little costumes at greatly reduced prices. None of these colors taken without a deposit.

## ISSUED THE ORDER.

### Judge Ensign Directs Murray and Gasser to Appear.

The Liston case may develop an interesting question in district court. The attorney for the Pabst Brewing company, which is trying to get hold of the money Liston lost on Towns to apply on its bills against him, appeared before Judge Ensign this morning to get an order compelling F. L. Murray and M. M. Gasser, the winners of the two bets garnisheed, to appear and prove their title to the money. F. W. Smith, the brewing company's attorney, claimed that Liston gave the stakeholders notice to hold the money and that it was paid over in spite of that notice. He claims that under the supreme court decisions and the statutes that a bettor can recall his stake money at any time before it is paid to the other party to the bet, and that the garnishees, J. E. Granger and L. W. Rolleston, who were the stakeholders, are still indebted to Liston for the amount he put up with them, notwithstanding the fact that they paid the money over to Murray and Gasser.

Judge Ensign said that it was not quite clear to him whether or not the case came under the statute, but he made the order requiring Messrs. Murray and Gasser to appear next Saturday when both sides of the question will be heard.

## Will Be Ejected.

The St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company secured judgment this morning against John Andrews, Mary Johnson and Andrew Jackson for lots occupied by the defendents in the lake shore settlement at the mouth of Chester Creek. The defendants put in no answer, and the three cases went by default. In the complaints $500 damages was asked for, but this was waived, and judgment only for ejectment was entered.

NO CAUSE OF ACTION.

Chicago Journal: The charge was vagrancy and the officer who made the arrest testified that the prisoner had been hanging around the corner of State and Madison streets for a week with no apparent object in view, and never absenting himself long enough to engage in any gainful occupation of a legitimate character.

"What have you got to say for yourself?" inquired the justice sternly.

"What the officer has said is true," replied the prisoner, "but—"

"But what? What were you doing on that corner?" demanded the court.

"May it please the court, I was waiting for a West Side cable car."

"Discharged!" shouted the court, and it took four court officers to keep the spectators from singing: "We've all been there before."

CHRIST'S SANDAL.

A piece of Christ's sandal, part of the inner leather lining, gilded and framed in Romanesque fendril work, is to be exhibited this year at the Benedictine abbey of Prum, near Trier, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. A costly shrine, adorned with enamel and precious stones has been made at Trier to hold it. Dr. Willems, who wrote a book to prove the genuineness of the holy coat at Trier, has written another book in which he impeaches the authenticity of this relic. According to him, King Pepin presented the sandal to the convent of Prum in the year 763.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink this evening. Cars leave corner of Superior street and Third avenue west at 7, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8 and 8:30 p. m. A delightful evening guaranteed.

# OBJECT

## Mrs. Akin's Credentials to State Labor Convention Are Questioned.

## Her Socialistic Views Are Responsible For Stirring Up the Trouble.

## She Goes as a Delegate From the Mine Workers' Union.

It is anticipated that there will be trouble in case Mrs. Akin, editor of the Labor World, presents her credentials as delegate to the convention of the State Federation of Labor from the Mineral Mine Workers' union. Mrs. Akin is an avowed socialist and it is on this ground that objection to her being seated will be based, as well as on the further ground that she is not working at any craft. It is felt certain that in the struggle arising from the efforts of the Socialist-Labor party to capture the convention, Mrs. Akin would be found working with the latter and her being given a seat will be prevented if possible. The Duluth delegates are united in opposition to her being seated. The members of the Mine Workers' union are not in sympathy with the socialistic idea, it is said, and Mrs. Akin's position on the issue, should she get in as their delegate, would place them in a false position. Exactly how, in view of Mrs. Akin's views on this subject, it came to pass that she was named as the mine workers' delegate is a question the members of organized labor seem unable to explain.

A caucus of the delegates to the convention of the State Federation of Labor will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, at Electrical Workers' hall. It is called for the purpose of securing unity of effort in the struggle that is expected to take place over the attempt to seat delegates of socialistic tendencies. The Trades Assembly delegates will go down Friday night in order to look the ground over in advance.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The case against Curly Young and Joseph Demo, charged with cutting eight cords of wood belonging to Hendrick Nelson, without leave of the owner, on trial in the municipal court, was concluded yesterday afternoon. Demo being discharged and Young being fined $25 and costs. Sentence was deferred until Thursday next to give Young an opportunity to pay up.

Three new cases of typhoid fever have been received at St. Mary's hospital since Dec. 1. Two have been received at St. Luke's.

R. R. Briggs will speak to the men at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The delegates of the Typographical union to the convention of the State Federation of Labor will be selected tomorrow.

The teachers' directory has just been issued and the hand book will be out in a few days.

It has been reported to the health department that Ada, the 5-year-old daughter of M. R. Bush, of 18 Fourth avenue west, is ill with diphtheria. The house has been quarantined.

Miller McDougall, son of Capt. McDougall, entertained about fifty of his young friends last evening at his home on West Second street. The young people danced and were served with delicious refreshments. Miss Helen Kent managed the dancing and Miss White played.

John Burke, while engaged on a Great Northern boat this morning, slipped and fell, breaking his right leg. He was taken to St. Mary's hospital.

The Standard Grain company has begun suit against the Farmer's Co-Operative Union to recover damages on a contract by reason of the failure of the defendant to deliver wheat purchased by the plaintiff. The amount asked is $1300.75. H. R. Spencer is the plaintiff's attorney. An attachment has been asked for on the ground that the defendant is a foreign corporation.

The petition of Alfred Merritt for a rehearing in the Rockefeller case was filed in the United States court yesterday.

George M. Bliss, formerly of the Spalding, and Miss Minnie F. Heckel are to be married after the holidays at Menasha, Wis. Mr. Bliss is at present at Winona.

Duluth's best clothes cleaner is Kelly.

The second paper industry in district court is receiving an impetus from the ranges. Yesterday a number came down, today a few more came, and Tuesday there will be fifty or more.

Judge Moer in special term this morning was hearing the application of the assignee of the B. B. Richards Lumber company for permission to operate the plant. M. J. Clark was the only opposing creditor. The matter was being argued at noon.

F. W. Paine has accepted the receivership of the West Superior Iron and Steel company and has filed his bonds in the sum of $2000, with L. M. Wilcutts and A. D. Thomson as sureties.

PATRIOTIC CONSUL JAMESON.

The United States consul at Puebla, Mr. Jamison, is a patriot whose heart is always in the right place. On the occasion of McKinley's election, although he is himself a Democrat, Consul Jameson put on his nankeen trousers and his panama hat and went down to his sugar plantation, where a general holiday was given all the hands, even though the grinding had to be stopped for an entire day, says the Mexican Herald. The American flag flew from the tallest cocoanut trees, red, white and blue parrots, selected for the occasion, flew in and out of the Noche Buena trees and sprinkled the "Star Spangled Banner" amid the foliage of the Copas de Oro. All was hilarity, the best casks of syrup were tapped, the pickaninnies ran about in Populistic undress, while on the broad verandas of the mansion the consul, waving an American flag, toasted the advance agent of prosperity in Great Western champagne.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink this evening. Cars leave corner of Superior street and Third avenue west at 7, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8 and 8:30 p. m. A delightful evening guaranteed.

See N. D. Coon's adv.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 324, two rings.


1 OUT OF EVERY 3

Persons you meet every day,

WILL DIE

OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE

or some trouble of the kidneys, urinary or female organs.

THIS IS STARTLING, BUT IT IS TRUE.

WHAT CAN BE DONE?

In such a serious condition you must secure the best remedy you can find in the market

AT ONCE.

There is only one absolutely sure cure for these troubles, and that is

Warner's Safe Cure

"It has stood the test of time."


## AT THE CHURCHES.

### Services and Sermon Subjects For Tomorrow.

Rev. Cornelius H. Patton will preach at Pilgrim Congregational church in the morning upon "The Phophetic Nature of Hope," and in the evening upon "A Study in the Life of Christ—Choosing the Apostles."

At the First Presbyterian church the pastor, Rev. T. H. Cleland, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "The Crown of Thorns," and the Lord's supper will be celebrated. At 7:30 p. m. Rev. Dr. Forbes, of West Duluth will preach.

Rev. Wilson Null, the pastor, will preach at the Glen Avon church tomorrow morning. The subject will be, "This Is a Convenient Time for Becoming a Christian." Sabbath school at noon. Endeavor service at 6:45.

At St. Paul's Episcopal church there will be holy communion at 8 a. m. Sunday, at 10 a. m., communion services and sermon, and 4 p. m., and evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m.

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. C. T. Hallowell will preach. Sunday school at 12 m.

At the First Christian church, corner Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the minister, Robert Grieve. Subject of the evening sermon, "Christ's Method of Dealing With Doubt." A special sermon to the young ladies, by request. Bible school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:15.

Rev. G. H. Humason will preach tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock on "The Great Stranger," and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock on "Our Sins." Sunday school at 12 m. Junior league, 3 p. m. Epworth at 6:30 p. m.

The cathedral choir will sing La Hache's "Missa Pro Pace" mass tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. at high mass, the following being the program:

"Asperges Me" ..... Peters
Miss Mae Kennedy, J. D. Sattler and Choir.

"Kyrie" ..... La Hache
Miss Agnes England, Miss Mae Kennedy and Choir.

"Credo" ..... La Hache
Choir.

"Visibilium" ..... La Hache
James Lynn.

"Et Incarnatus" ..... La Hache
Mrs. Franz Schultz and Choir.

"Et Resurrexit" ..... La Hache
Miss May Miller, John Haben.

"Et Inspiritum" ..... La Hache
Franz Schultz.

Offertory-duet, "Ave Maria" .....
..... Lambelotti
Miss Mae Kennedy, Franz Schultz.

"Sanctus" ..... La Hache
Choir (without accompaniment.)

"Pleni Sunt Coeli" ..... La Hache
"Benedictus" ..... La Hache
Mrs. Franz Schultz and Choir.

"Agnus Dei" ..... La Hache
Mrs. Franz Schultz, J. D. Sattler, David Evans and Choir.

"Dona Nobis" ..... La Hache
Choir.

Chorus, "Unfold Ye Portals," from Redemption' ..... Gounod
Choir.

In the evening there will be special music, and the choir will be assisted by A. Hoelscher, flutist. The program will be as follows:

Vespers ..... Peters
Choir.

"Lucis Creator" ..... Peters
Choir.

"Magnificat" ..... Peters
Miss L. Gallagher and Choir.

"Alma Redemptoris" ..... Peters
Mrs. Franz Schultz and Choir.

"Veni Creator" ..... Monte
Franz Schultz.

Flute solo ..... Selected
A. Hoelscher.

"O Salutaris" ..... Wiegand
Miss W. Killorin and Octet.

"Tantum Ergo" ..... Rossini
Cathedral Quartet.

"Laudate Dominum" .....
Choir.

At the morning service at the Bethel tomorrow, C. E. Roebel will speak at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Young People's society at 6:30 p. m. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock Rev. C. C. Salter will preach upon "Winter, Its Lessons and Opportunities."

At Hazelwood Presbyterian church there will be services tomorrow at 3 p. m., conducted by Rev. T. M. Findley. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

At St. John's English Lutheran church Rev. S. W. Kuhns will preach at 10:30 a. m. Vespers and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

At the Second Presbyterian church there will be preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. T. M. Findley, pastor. Morning subject, "Healed Through the Wounding of Another," followed by communion. Evening subject, "True Life Pictures From the Experiences of King Saul."

The First Church of Christ, Scientist, will hold services on the second floor of the Kalamazoo block, at 18 West Superior street, at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Solomon's Departure From the True Way."

The services at the German M. E. church will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. Subject in the morning, "The Treasures of the Highlands," and in the evening, "The Living Hope." A special feature in the evening service will be the singing.

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., and Rev. K. A. Lundin will preach. Morning subject, "The Church; evening subject, "The Close Communion." Sunday school at 12 m. The monthly meeting of the Men's Mission union will be held at 3:30 p. m. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

At the Unitarian church, corner of First street and Eighth avenue east, Rev. F. C. Southworth will preach at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Two Ancient Types of Christianity." Sunday school at 12 m.

At the Oneota Methodist church Rev. R. H. Craig will preach at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Love feast at 10 a. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

At Grace Methodist church Dr. Forbes will preach at 10:30 a. m. and Rev. H. H. Dresser in the evening at 7:30. Class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league at 7:45 p. m.

IS NOT A CANDIDATE.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I notice in your paper of Dec. 4, under the heading of "Those Who Want Office," my name mentioned for alderman for the Fourth ward. It would seem that the upper end of the ward is entitled to the alderman this year, and has men able and willing, no doubt, to do the patriotic all for the dear people, without mentioning those who, from locality or otherwise, are perhaps unlimited. I have always believed "the office should seek the man," yet in eight years of residence in Duluth I recall but one instance when I though the office was chasing me, even at a respectable distance. Then it was but half a chase for a short distance, for the water question were soon sidetracked for something else. Besides, a man elected this year, with so many non-voters, would necessarily feel that he was at best, representative of but half of the people. No, Mr. Editor, that bee has never buzzed very loudly in my bonnet and he is not there at all this year. Yours respectfully, JOHN. BOYER.

Duluth, Dec. 5.

## CATARRH VICTIMS.

### An Extract From a Recent Lecture by Dr. Hartman, of the Surgical Hotel, Columbus, Ohio.

Everybody has catarrh. If not verybody, at least nearly everybody. Some have catarrh in the form of a discharge from the nose, or hawking from the throat. Some have it in the head, producing frontal headache, or crackling in the ears, or partial deafness. With some it is confined to the throat or bronchial tubes, producing hoarseness or sore throat, cough, or pain in the chest. Some have it in the form of catarrhal consumption. Others have catarrhal dyspepsia, catarrh of the liver, catarrh of the kidneys, catarrh of the pelvic organs, producing a host of diseases generally known as female diseases. Many of these people do not suspect that they have catarrh. Their ailment has been called something else. The reason they have failed to find a cure is that they do not suspect the real nature of their disease. If they know they had catarrh they would take Pe-ru-na, as Pe-ru-na has come to be recognized everywhere as the standard internal remedy for catarrh. This fact is beyond cavil or doubt. Thousands know it by happy experience. A still greater multitude will find it out during the coming winter, as the efficacy of Pe-ru-na is rapidly becoming known to the whole people.

Frank E. Ingalls, Waco, Tex., writes as follows:

"Pe-ru-na and Man-alin have cured me of one of the worst cases of catarrh anyone ever had. I heard that Pe-ru-na would cure catarrh, and, on trying it, found immediate relief. My case was so severe that I was compelled to quit business, that of a conductor on a railroad; but I am now entirely well. I want to recommend your medicine as being a positive cure for catarrh; I feel it is my duty to do so."

The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, of Columbus, Ohio, will send to any address, free of charge, a 64-page treatise on catarrh and catarrhal diseases, profusely illustrated, and written by Dr. Hartman.

AN EPISTOLARY OBJECTION.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: The preliminaries of the great prize fight were all arranged, when the representative of one of the principles raised a protest.

"I want to ask," he said, "if it is true that the opposite side insists upon the use of the fashionably new red writing paper in this contest?"

"We reserve the right," replied the other manly manager.

"Then," said the first speaker, "I feel obliged to declare all the negotiations off. My principal is a gentleman of refined and esthetic tastes, and from his elevated point of view red writing paper is quite too suggestive of freshly shed gore. Understand me—we don't object to red-handled pens, or even to red ink, but we draw the line at red paper."

FOILED AFTER ALL.

During the Peninsular war a number of English officers had established a mess in a Spanish village, with native cooks, whose efforts were fairly satisfactory to the keen appetites of the campaigners, says the Argonaut. They were joined, however, by a certain peevish, cantankerous major, who bitterly complained that every dish was savored with sugar—after the Spanish fashion—and quite unpalatable. Finally he confined himself to a diet of eggs boiled in the shell. "They can't sugar these," he cried, triumphantly. But his triumph was short-lived. Next morning some mischeavous subs were at the mess table before the major and emptied all the salt-cellars, replacing their contents with powdered sugar. The major soon appeared, and with gloomy complacency began upon an egg, which, as usual, he took plenty of "salt." At the first mouthful his face turned purple with rage. "Sugared, by Jove!" he exclaimed, and rushed off to his tent.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN EXPECTED.

A middle-aged woman entered a Woodward avenue car, and finding every seat occupied, hung on a strap and prepared to stand. Presently another woman rose and offered her seat, says the Detroit Free Press.

"No, thank you," said the woman who was standing. "I will not deprive you of your seat."

"But I insist," was the reply. "I am much better able to stand than you are."

"What makes you think so?" asked the other woman suspiciously.

"Because I am the youngest."

The gauntlet was thrown. The old woman did not hesitate to pick it up.

"There may be two opinions about that," retorted the angry passenger. "I'm sure anyone can see with half an eye that you are no chicken."

The passengers were getting excited, and one man said under his breath:

"Now comes the tug of war."

Then the woman who had resigned her seat concluded to take it again, but first she sent in another deadly shaft:

"No, I'm no chicken and don't care to be, but I would rather be a chicken than an old hen."

And she flopped into her seat, which, however, was now occupied by a smart woman who knew when to seize a bone of contention.

## DIPHTHERIA.

### Swift, But Fatal in its Action Unless Properly Treated.

Nine out of ten cases can be saved with proper care. This is a disease caused by microbes; they grow and increase in the terrible lesions of the throat; from there they are taken up by the blood, in this way they contaminate the entire system, and the patient dies thoroughly poisoned.

Use Kickapoo Indian Sagwa for this trouble. It purifies the blood; it acts direct on the stomach, liver and kidneys; it expels all poisonous secretions by the natural channels of the body, and enables the great vital organs to perform their natural functions; it carries the patient over the critical point of the disease; convalescence and health attend its use. Purely vegetable; efficient always; harmful never. All druggists sell it. $1.00 a bottle; 6 bottles for $5.00.

A SHOWMAN'S STRATAGEM.

"Your story about calling for a doctor in the circus," said a retired showman to a Cleveland Plaindealer reporter, "reminds me of the way we broke up a nuisance in a good-sized Pennsylvania town. I was on the road with a farce comedy company, and we put in two weeks at the town in question, there being a big military encampment there and a county fair to boot.

"We drew good houses all through the engagement and were booked for an early return. I don't think we had been there more than one night before the doctor nuisance began. There would come a hurried messenger from the box office to the stage manager with a request that he ask if Dr. Bolus, or whatever his name happened to be, was in the house, and if he was to send him to the box office at once. Of course, the stage manager couldn't very well refuse, and general attention was directed to the medical man, much to his satisfaction. We soon found out that the doctors who were more in demand were very small medical fry, and there wasn't a doubt that they had themselves called for in order to secure the consequent notoriety. Well, we stood it for a few nights, and then an idea occurred to me. I took a walk up the main street, until I came to a certain sign hanging over a stairway. I went up to the office indicated, and had a brief interview with its inmate, ending it by handing him reserved seat tickets.

"That evening, immediately after the first act and before any messenger from the box office had a chance to arrive, I stepped out in front of the curtain and held up my hand. Then in my gravest tones I asked:

"'Is Dr. Chizzlold in the house?'

"Immediately a very tall colored man, with a bushy white head and huge silver-mounted spectacles, arose in the audience and said:

"'Hah I is, sah!'

"The audience jittered, but I kept my gravity.

"'You are wanted at the box office at once, doctor, in a case which requires your immediate professional attention.'

"As the aged darkey ducked to me and hobbled from the room, the audience broke out into a wild roar.

"Perhaps you will understand the cause of their merriment when I add that the old man was a corn doctor and probably the best known eccentric character in town.

"Well, there were no more doctors called for from that stage during our engagement."


ALWAYS IN THE LEAD IS MINNESOTA'S MOST POPULAR RAILROAD,

THE ST. PAUL & DULUTH.

Shortest in distance, quickest in time, with three of the speediest and best trains each way daily, leaving Duluth:

Fast day Express, 9 a. m.
Fast "Limited," 1:55 p. m.
Night Express, 11:15 p. m.

With elegant new sleepers. All-day trains with elegant reclining chair cars. All the people travel this line all the time, and that is why it's called the main traveled road. Save hours by purchasing your tickets via the short line. Ticket offices, Union depot and 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

BEST FOR LEAST MONEY.

That's what you are looking for and that's the correct thing. Herald want ads. fill the bill.

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

DULUTH SHORT LINE

Shortest in Distance. Quickest in Time.

| Leave Duluth | | | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|---|
| 9 am | Day Express except Sunday — St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, LaCrosse, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis—east and west. | | 7:30 pm |
| 1:55 pm | Fast Limited, daily —St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Milwaukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Kansas City—east and west. | | 1:00 pm |
| 11:15 pm | Night Express, daily St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, Dubuque, Des Moines, all points east and west. | | 6:30 am |

Elegant chair cars on all day trains.

Sleepers ready for occupancy at Union depots after 9 p. m.

Tickets sold to all points in United States, Mexico and Canada. Sleeping berths reserved on all lines.

Baggage checked from residences.

Steamship tickets to Europe.

City ticket office, 401 West Superior street, Palladio building and Union depot.

F. B. ROSS, Nor. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

February 3, 1896. Daily except Sunday.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 am | Lv..... Duluth ..... | Ar | 3:35 pm |
| 8:15 am | Lv... Proctorknott .. | Lv | 3:06 pm |
| 10:22 am | Ar.. Iron Junction .. | Lv | 1:13 pm |
| 10:30 am | Ar..... Wolf ..... | Lv | 1:05 pm |
| 10 45 am | Ar.... Virginia .... | Lv | 12:45 pm |
| 10:44 am | Ar..... Eveleth ..... | Lv | 10:56 am |
| 11:00 am | Ar.. Mountain Iron .. | Lv | 12:30 pm |
| 11:56 am | Ar..... Hibwabik ..... | Lv | 11:28 pm |
| 11:20 am | Ar..... Hibbing ..... | Lv | 12:11 pm |
| 9:00 am | Lv..... Virginia ..... | Ar | 1:00 pm |
| 10:32 am | Lv..... Wolf ..... | Lv | 1:25 pm |
| 11:25 am | Ar..... Hibbing ..... | Lv | 12:20 pm |


MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of interest, taxes and assessments stipulated to be paid in a mortgage with power of sale made, executed and delivered by Azro T. Crossley and Mary L. Crossley, his wife, mortgagors, of Passadena, California, to V. H. Bridgman, of Fort Schuyler, state of New York, mortgagee, which mortgage is dated first (1) day of September, 1894, and recorded twenty-first (21) day of November, 1894, at four twenty (4:20) o'clock p. m. in the register of deeds' office, in and for St. Louis County, said state, in Book ninety-three (93) of mortgages, page one hundred seventy-nine (179).

And whereas it is provided in said mortgage that in case of default in the payments of any installments of interest after the same becomes due, the mortgagee may declare the entire sum due; and whereas there has been default in the payment of one installment of said interest amounting to $48 due the first day of September, 1896, the mortgagee elects to declare and does hereby declare and claim the whole of said principal and interest stated in said mortgage amounting on the fifth (5) day of December, 1896, to the sum of one thousand two hundred seventy-four and 30-100 ($1274 30-100) together with fifty ($50) dollars attorneys' fees, due.

Now, therefore, said mortgage will be foreclosed by public sale of mortgaged premises, situated in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: One undivided one-half interest in and to lots fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), in block fifty-two (52), in the First (1) Division of West Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County; which sale will be made to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the district court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, on Monday, the twenty-fifth (25th) day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'cock a. m.

Dated December 5th, 1896.

V. H. BRIDGMAN, Mortgagee.

FRYBERGER & JOHANSON, Attorneys for Mortgagee, 808-809-810 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2-9.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of interest, taxes and assessments stipulated to be paid in a mortgage with power of sale made, executed and delivered by Laura A. McIntyre, mortgagor, of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, to V. H. Bridgman, of Fort Schuyler, state of New York, mortgagee; which mortgage is dated April second (2nd), 1894, and recorded April twentieth (20), 1894, at eleven (11) o'clock a. m. in the register of deeds' office in and for St. Louis County, said state, in Book eighty (80) of mortgages, page five hundred (500).

And whereas it is provided in said mortgage that in case of default in the payment of any of the installments of interest after the same becomes due, the mortgagee may declare the entire sum due; and whereas there has been default in payment of one installment of said interest; amounting to $80.00 due the second (2nd) day of October, 1896, the mortgagee elects to declare and does hereby declare and claim the whole of said principal and interest stated in said mortgage, amounting on the fifth (5th) day of December, 1896, to the sum of two thousand one hundred nine and 10-100 dollars ($2109.10) together with fifty dollars ($50) attorneys' fees due.

Now, therefore said mortgage will be foreclosed by public sale of mortgaged premises, situated in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: One undivided half interest in lots numbered five (5), six (6), seven (7) and eight (8), in block numbered twenty-three (23), Hazelwood Addition to Oneota, (Grand avenue), according to the recorded plat thereof, on file in the office of the register of deeds within and for said St. Louis County; which sale will be made to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the district court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, on Monday, the twenty-fifth (25th) day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m.

Dated December 5th, 1896.

V. H. BRIDGMAN, Mortgagee.

FRYBERGER & JOHANSON, Attorneys for Mortgagee, 808-809-810 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2-9.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Elizabeth James, Plaintiff,

vs.

Harvey P. Smith and Lucy B. Smith, defendants, the Northwestern Loan and Investment Company made a party defendant by order of the court.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 4th day of December, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 23d day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, in separate parcels or tracts the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block five (5); lots eight (8), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block twenty-nine (29); lots one (1), two (2) and three (3), in block three (3); lots nine (9) and ten (10), in block eighteen (18); lots three (3) and four (4), in block thirty (30); lots seven (7), eight (8), fifteen (15) and sixteen (16), in block thirty-four (34); all in the First Division of West Duluth, according to the plat thereof, recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated December 4th, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART, As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.

By AMOS SHEPHARD, Deputy.

WASHBURN, LEWIS & BAILEY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2-9.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of Andrew Grande, insolvent:

Upon reading and considering the affidavit of Charles T. Fitzsimmons in the above entitled matter, and it appearing to the court that the time should be limited within which claims should be filed in said estate:

Now, therefore, it is ordered that all creditors of the above named insolvent desiring to participate in the benefits of said estate, are required to file their duly verified claims with the said Charles T. Fitzsimmons, assignee, at Duluth, Minnesota, on or before the 10th day of January, 1897; that a copy of this order be mailed to each of the known creditors of the said insolvent, and that the same be published three (3) times daily in The Duluth Evening Herald forthwith.

Duluth, Minnesota, December 4th, 1896.

By the Court, J. D. ENSIGN, Judge.

SMITH & McMAHON, Attorneys for Assignee, 304 Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-7-8.


THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

| A. M. | STATIONS. | | P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 12 00 | Ar..... Duluth ..... | Lv | 3 15 |
| 10 50 | Ar..... Two Harbors ..... | Lv | 4 20 |
| 8 50 | Ar..... Allen Junction ..... | Lv | 6 25 |
| 8 20 | Ar..... Biwabik ..... | Lv | 7 05 |
| 8 03 | Ar.....McKinley ..... | Lv | 7 25 |
| 7 48 | Ar..... Virginia ..... | Lv | 7 15 |
| 7 30 | Lv..... Eveleth ..... | Ar | 8 00 |
| 7 55 | Lv..... Tower ..... | Ar | 7 30 |
| 7 05 | Lv..... Ely ..... | Ar | 8 25 |

# WEST END

### Capt. Smallwood Thinks the Branch Library Will Be Established.

### He Thinks the Quarters Offered Are Suitable For the Purpose.

### Charles Manderiert Was at Chippewa Falls---Church Services.

The people of West Duluth will be pleased to learn that the desire for a branch public library is likely to be shortly realized. Capt. Smallwood, a member of the standing committee, was in conference this morning with D. C. Prescott in regard to the selection of a suitable room for the purpose. One of the store rooms in the Silvey block is under consideration and will probably be selected if reasonable terms can be secured. This is undoubtedly the most convenient place in this portion of the city for an institution of the kind, and will be generally satisfactory as far as location is concerned.

In speaking of the matter this morning, Capt. Smallwood said that the establishment of the branch here had not yet received the sanction of the board, but that he was in favor of it, and if the present investigations in regard to the rent, etc., were satisfactory he felt convinced that the board would grant the concession.

AT CHIPPEWA FALLS.

Charles Mandelert returned yesterday from Chippewa Falls, where he passed through the excitement incident to the great ice gorge in the river. He says the newspaper reports of the affair were somewhat exaggerated, although the people of the town were pretty well frightened for a few days. His father, who is doing business there, was not obliged to move out his goods, neither was William Simpson, who was formerly a West Duluth merchant. The rising water damaged a good many buildings, however, and will necessitate some costly repairs. When Mr. Mandelert left the danger was practically over and the water rapidly receding.

AT THE CHURCHES.

Dr. Forbes will exchange pulpits tomorrow with Rev. H. H. Dresser, of Grace Methodist church, in the morning, and Rev. Dr. Cleland, of the First Presbyterian church, in the evening.

Rev. George E. Keithley will hold the usual services morning and evening at Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow.

At the Church of the Holy Apostles Rev. E. C. Johnson will hold evening service at 7:45. Sunday school at 3:30 p. m.

A SLEIGH RIDE PARTY.

Miss N. McKlgh and Miss E. Potter gave a pleasant sleigh ride party to about thirty of their young friends last evening, Mrs. William Shorten acting as chaperon. After a drive to Duluth proper the jolly party returned to the home of Mrs. Shorten, where they spent the balance of the evening with games, refreshments, etc.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Dr. I. B. Kenney and wife arrived from Minneapolis today and will go to housekeeping at once.

A social dance will be given at the Sherwood block on Monday evening by a number of young people.

The Catholic fair is progressing finely and will close tonight. This will be the most interesting evening of the whole fair as the various prizes will be awarded to the contestants.

O. T. Strand is on the sick list.

Born, to John G. Carey and wife, a daughter.

## BOOKS FOR THE LIBRARY.

### List of Those Added During the Week.

The following is a partial list of books which have been added to the library during the past week:

Lotze, Hermann—"Outlines of Metaphysics," by Ladd, 110, L 91.
Hirsch, William—"Genius and Degenration," 132, H 61.
Hale, E. E.—"What Career?" 174, H 13.
Dresser, H. W.—"The Perfect Whole," 179, D 81.
Leavitt, John McD.—"The Christian Democracy," 209, L 48.
Lotze, H.—"Outlines of the Philosophy of Religion," 201, L 91.
Morris, H. W.—"Testimony of the Ages, or Confirmation of the Scriptures," 215, M 83.
Smith, G. A.—"Book of the Twelve Prophets," 224-9, Sm. 5.
Trench, R. C.—"Notes on the Parables of Our Lord," 226-8, T 72.
Briggs, Charles A.—"The Messiah of the Gospels," 232-1, B 76 A.
Jackson, Helen E.—"Gentle Jesus, a Life of Christ for Little Folks," 232-9, J 13.
Beet, J. A.—"Nature and Christ: Ocean Grove Summer School of Theology," 1896, 239 B 39.
Brooks, Phillips—"Good Cheer for a Year: Selections From His Writings," 242, B 79 A.
Trench, R. C.—"Sacred Latin Poetry: Chiefly Lyrical," 245, T 72.
Trumbull, H. C.—"The Threshold Covenant; or the Beginning of Religious Rites," 265, T 77.
Mears, John W.—"Beggars of Holland and Grandees of Spain: History of the Reformation in the Netherlands From A. D. 1290 to 1578," 290-6, M 46.
Bylngton, Ezra Hoyt—"The Puritan in England and New England," introduction by Alexander McKenzie, 274-2, B 99.
Coleman, Lyman—"Apostolical and Primitive Church," introductory essay by A. Neander, 281-1, C 67.
Francillon, R. E.—"Gods and Heroes, or the Kingdom of Jupiter," 292, F 85.
Yours Truly, pseud.—"Socio-Economic Myths and Myths Makers," 301, Y 8.
Alton, Edmund—"Among the Law Makers," 329, Al. 7.
Hale, E. E.—"How to Do It," 374-3, H 13.
Schermacher, F. E.—"Christmas Eve: a Dialogue," 394, Sc. 3.
Ruskin, John—"The King of the Golden River: a Legend of Stiria," 398-4, R 89.
Dyson—"Stories of the Trees," 582, D 99.
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THE INDIANS AND CAMERA.

I came near precipitating an Indian outbreak by taking a camera among them, says an Alaska correspondent of the Chicago Record. Old and young crowded around me in the greatest curiosity, while I was putting the machine in order, but when I had got everything ready and swung the ominous muzzle of the thing around to take in the bulk of the crowd, it was too much and there ensued about the worst panic I ever saw. There was a stampede to a place of safety and a general outcry. The men rapidly corralled the smaller children with much forcible language and the squaws looked out from under the sides of the tents and called to one another and to the stray papooses to warn them against calamity. I found very few Indians in the interior who had the courage to face the evil eye of a camera, and it was necessary to use a good deal of diplomacy to get a characteristic view.

# TRYING

### Hard Work of Young Women Who Show Off Cloaks.

### Must be Well Formed and Generally of Medium Size.

### Vocation From Which Many Women Graduate to Their Sorrow.

Among the throngs of young working women crowding the business sections of every large city there are always some who attract particular notice by the striking beauty of their figures and the perfect fit of their close-fitting gowns. It is easy for the city denizen familiar with all types to pick them out as cloak models, says the San Francisco Report.

The large wholesale houses where gowns, packets and fur garments are sold employ them.

"It must be easy," thinks the pretty girl who is about to begin earning her own living, "just to stand in a big, comfortable salesroom and show off pretty clothes."

But it is not easy. It is a well-paid, fatiguing business with as many drawbacks as favorable conditions.

A goddesslike creature of five feet ten, or a perfectly formed little beauty of the shepherdess type, can never be a cloak model no matter how arithmetically correct her proportions may be. A figure of medium size or a little over is required. On such a model a large garment can be seen to advantage, as almost all ready-made clothes are a little larger than medium size. This allows for alteration to a smaller figure, while the styles required for women of amazonian build must be to order and cost proportionately more.

A cloak model should be about five feet six at most, have broad shoulders which she carries well, a bust of about thirty-seven inches, a waist of about twenty-three, and hips about forty. She cannot in the smallest degree be either too long-waisted or short-waisted. Her hand must reach a little below her knee when sitting.

Out of her good salary of from $15 to $18 per week she must wear gowns which show her figure and are the perfection of style, generally tailor-made, as this severe mode displays fully the graceful lines which enables her to earn a living.

She has to reach the big wholesale cloak house at 8:30 or possibly 9 o'clock, assist in getting the stock in order, and be ready to see customers by 10. Sometimes a whole day is devoted to one purchaser, a large buyer from some other section of the country, and during the inspection our cloak model has to try on dozens of garments, revolve like a dummy so that all sides may be inspected, and do her best to make the garments attractive by reason of her good carriage and her beauty of face, if she possesses this, as she frequently does.

This never ceasing putting on and taking off, revolving and pacing are exeremely monotonous, says the Newark News—more monotonous than even the selling at a counter where a thousand different faces come and go. The salesroom offers no variety, and the remarks of the one or two customers have a wearying similarity as garment after garment is criticized and disposed of.

Favorable points of the business are the short hours, as many of these houses have no work for the model after 5 o'clock during the week, and frequently permit a more early departure on Saturdays. The salary is large compared with that earned by women in other occupations. While the work has a sameness that is wearying it permits of restful intervals and generally a decent amount of time for lunch. Other drawbacks sometimes met with are the close contact with the buyers necessary for the sale of a cloak. It is nothing for a man to take a model by the arm, turn her around and pass his hand over the garment when on her to assure himself of the smoothness of the fit. All this can be done in a way to give no offense, but sometimes the "fresh" man, who crops out at intervals in every large community, comes along and in some way turns the necessary familiarity into an insult.

However, the position of cloak model can be held successfully by any young woman fitted for it by nature, who is not oversensitive nor on the qui vive for insult, who has a proper amount of independence and spirit visible in her personality, and who possesses a cool, discriminating brain.

Too often the girl with a pretty figure and no money drifts to the stage and becomes a figurante in a big ballet. To anyone who knows anything about the seamy side of footlight life she awakens pity—a poor little moth, caught by glare and bound to have her wings singed. Temptations are met here under which the hardiest morals totter and hardships to undermine the most hounding health.

Rosina Vokes once gave sound advice to a stagestruck girl which may be quoted here:

"You see me in the sunlight, you poor, little dear. I have a big parasol over my head, and I am just about to leave the stage to walk in the garden. How romantic! How fascinating! But remember—the sunlight is only limelight—there is no garden—instead as I make my exit I brush past a greasy machinist who is pulling up ropes, and I hold my skirts well out of the dirt while waiting for the next cue to go on."

This gives a good idea of the two sides to stage life. Coryphees and figurantes all a-dazzle in spangled tights, weaving wreaths of roses and changing from flame color to primrose under the rays flung from a prismatic-hued lamp, are good to look at and seem very happy. But go behind the scenes and see what the figurante must endure when the curtain is down. She is one of a legion, huddled in a narrow, stifling space, penned like sheep, or driven into waiting lines by a manager who must be gruff, it seems, to be obeyed. Sometimes she is sworn at. She is a tired, perspiring very human creature with rouge smeared over her foolish little face and black rings from grease paint under her tired eyes. The wreaths of roses are cheapest muslin. The spangles which blazed like jewels are only tin. No one thinks her romantic. If she faints she's charged for it, as if it were a luxury she had permitted herself.

The temptations of the stage life to the figurante seldom come from behind the scenes. It is all hard, unlovely business there, but if her face attracts some youth in the audience who has more money than brains, or if she is drawn into unsavory intimacies with roues by some of her already sophisticated companions, the story which is always born in sunshine and ends in darkness is commenced.

The figurante receives a weekly salary of $10. This does not apply to girls who dance or sing, but simply to those who are selected because of graceful figures to fill in a large stage picture, where ordinary marching may be required.

Another occupation requiring a beautiful form, and one which pays well, is that of artist's model. Studio life is so varied and depends so much upon the temperament of the artist as an individual that it is hard to describe it in a few paragraphs. There are some facts, however, the same everywhere.

A woman may be either tall, medium or petite for this life, provided her figure is good of its style. She may be a "society" model, and only pose in fashionable gowns for artists who illustrate books and magazines, and in this case her figure may be faulty enough actually, provided she is graceful and wears her clothes in a chic way.

Perhaps she is renowned for some special beauty. A model will often sit for the shoulders alone, and I know of one whose perfect arm undraped from the shoulder has appeared in many canvases where she has had no acquaintance whatever with the rest of the figure.

These "society" and draped models receive about $1.50 an hour. But sometimes a model who poses well becomes so necessary to an artist or sculptor that she appears in all his work and gets known as his "style"—as, for example, the Junolike type running through all the late Mr. Gibson's work. In instances like this an artist gives the model a generous salary, controls all her services and has her at his beck and call when he feels an inspiration.

Only one out of every dozen models can or will pose for the nude. This requires more beauty of figure than the other styles of posing, and few women, except those who have been trained to the life from childhood, successfully adopt it. In most cases the identity of models who pose for the nude is known only to studio habitues, and often only to one or two artists. These models receive $3 and sometimes $4 per hour, but the opportunities for employment are small compared with what Europe offers. All posing, even in a seated comfortable attitude, is most trying to the nerves and muscles. Some attitudes, like a body poise in the act of running, where the burden of the body is thrown on one foot, becomes agony after a few moments, and many rests are necessary. The model who can hold a pose without a suggestion of movement and who requires the smallest amount of rest becomes popular. Grace, some artistic sympathy and physical endurance are necessary for the work. It affords more leisure than almost any other employment for women.

## A NEW YOSEMITE.

### A Wonderful Lake and Valley in Montana.

"We have discovered a second and greater Yosemite valley, and a grander National park than the Yellowstone," said Professor L. W. Chaney of Carlton college, Minneapolis, in telling a correspondent of the New York Sun about his recent visit to Avalanche basin, which he discovered last year in the northwestern corner of Montana, says the Omaha Bee.

A year ago Professor Chaney and some other scientists, one of them a lecturer on the natural scenery of the West found in the western part of Montana a country which has seldom been seen by man—red or white. They heard vague rumors of a glacier valley, and cut their way from the then newly found Lake McDonald through the forests that crowd the mountains.

They were told by the original settler in the vicinity of this lake that a year before, in following up the slopes of Brown peak, north of Lake McDonald, with the idea that glaciers were to be found, he had seen not only a glacier, but also a beautiful valley and a lake new to the world.

The scientists found the basin and lake, and, by reason of the constant roar of avalanches, they named the valley Avalanche Basin, and spent as long a time as their provisions would allow in searching the beauties of the spot. They had no instruments and were unable to make measurements.

They determined to return at the earliest opportunity. This they have now done, armed with all the needed instruments, to make a thorough investigation. In the meantime others have been to Avalanche Basin, and the trail from Kalispel has been so chopped out that a woman—Mrs. J. H. Edwards of that place—has within the last week made the perilous trip.

Some of the dozen or more men who have seen the basin have been world-wide travelers, and declare that there is nothing in the Swiss mountains or in the most famed resorts of Europe that can compare with it. The valley is a scenic gem set in a frame of cloud-touching peaks, and is unrivalled in brilliancy and in natural interest, but owing to the purity of the atmosphere and the consequent impossibility of getting distance in the view it is impossible to make a photograph that will show adequately the beauties of the region.

Lake McDonald is located in the northwestern portion of Montana, about thirty-five miles from the little mountain town of Kalispel. It is sixteen miles in length, four or five miles wide, at an altitude of about 3000 feet and as clear as crystal.

Its mirroring effect is more sharply defined than is that of the famous Mirror lake of California, and it reflects the forests of the surrounding mountain slopes so clearly that the narrow, sharply defined beach of smoothly polished gravel is the only indication of where the reflections begin and the forest ends. From Lake McDonald the trail through the mountains extends to the northward about fifteen miles, up the rocky steeps, and at last cuts through a gorgeous jasper quartzite, in which are many deep cascades.

Suddenly, and without warning, one emerges on the shores of Avalanche lake and into a valley of the most sublime and impressive grandeur. The way has been hard and the climbing difficult, but the end repays it all.

The basin is more than 800 feet higher than Lake McDonald, and the surrounding rocks tower in almost a perpendicular wall for from 3000 to 6000 feet higher. Rising here and there above the general level of the wall of rock are various peaks. The discoverers have named one the Matterhorn and its altitude is 4000 feet above the level of the lake; another was called the Cathedral dome, from its resemblance to the dome of St. Peter's, as seen from the Campagni, and it rises about 4500 feet; a third has been called the Sphinx, and a fourth the Castle. The last rises to a height of over 10,000 feet above the sea. Down the sides of these walls cascades fall, at heights varying from thousands to about 400 feet, breaking in foam on the lake below, and filling the valley with the roar of a Niagara.

The basin is nearly two miles long and nearly the same in width. In its center is Avalanche lake, three-fourths of a mile in length and half a mile wide. Its waters, when seen from the shore, are of a turquoise blue, but when looked down upon they are as clear as crystal, even more so than those of Lake Superior, and the rainbow and mountain trout lying in their depths can readily be seen.

The upper end of the basin is about two miles east of the entrance, and plunging down the precipitous rocks are some dozen mountain streams, forming a series of beautiful cascades and cataracts. All are fed from the snows of the mountains, and they are large and small according as the sun has had an opportunity to melt the snows. Avalanches have cut their way down the slopes and have left their gashes on the surrounding cliffs.

North from Avalanche basin to the British line the scenery is of the grandest. It rivals, if it does not surpass, that to be found in the Selkirks and in the Canadian Rockies. Glaciers abound, and about thirty miles north of Avalanche is one of the greatest to be found in America.

SMALL FARMS IN JAPAN.

Japan and not France, or Belgium, would appear to be the land of petite culture. According to a recent American bulletin a couple of acres is considered a large tract for farming purposes, says the London Times. Most of the farms are smaller, and on a little plot a surprising variety of crops is cultivated—a few square fet of wheat, barley, maize and millet; a plot of beans, perhaps ten feet wide by twenty feet long a similar area of potatoes and peas, and a patch of onions "about as big as a grave;" beetroot, lettuce, turips, sweet potatoes and other crops occupy the rest of the area. The farmer examines his growing crops every morning, just as an engineer inspects his machinery, and if anything is wrong he puts it right. If a wed appears in the bean patch he pulls it up. If a hill of potatoes or anything else fails it is at once replanted. When he cuts down a tree he always plants another. As soon as one crop is harvested the soil is worked over, manured and forthwith resown to another crop. It is estimated that nine-tenths of the agricultural land of Japan is devoted to rice, and as this is a crop requiring much water the paddy fields are banked up into terraces, one above the other and divided off into small plots twenty-five feet or thirty feet square, with ridges of earth between them to prevent the water from flowing away when they are flooded. All farming lands are irrigated by a system that is a thousand years old. Some of the ditches are walled up with bamboo wicker work and some with tiles and stone. Nearly half the total population of Japan is engaged in agriculture. Silk and tea, the two chief exports of the country, are raised almost entirely by the work of women.


## FOLLOWED BY DEATH.

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### It is Your Duty to Restore Your Wasted Energies—Dr. Greene's Nervura the Secret of Health and Long Life.

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are taking the discovery of Dr Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, and the medicine is therefore perfectly adapted to cure just these complaints. Dr. Greene can also be consulted free in regard to any case, personally or by letter.


THE SPITTING HABIT.

Philadelphia Record: That wittiest of French journalists, Paul Blouet, better known by his nom de plume of Max O'Rell, in his book on the United States, entitled "Jonathan and His Continent," says: "The most indispensable, it appears—the most conspicuous at any rate—piece of furniture in America is the spittoon. All (public) rooms are provided with this object of prime necessity; it is impossible to escape the sight of this ugly utensil. The Americans, accustomed to these targets from the tenderest age, are marvelously adroit at the use of them; they never miss their aim." This is the criticism that we subject ourselves to in the eyes of the visiting foreigner, and it is, indeed, deserved.

The American men chew more tobacco than those of any other country. The Englishman smokes his pipe, the Frenchman his cigarette; but the American chews and expectorates wherever he happens to be walking or standing, unless it is in a private house. If a cuspidor be convenient, well and good; if not, the center of the sidewalk or the floor of a public building will do just as well.

Yesterday afternoon, while the street was crowded with handsomely dressed ladies, the writer counted in the two blocks on the south side of Chestnut street, between Twelfth and Broad, scattered at random over the sidewalk, 320 pools of tobacco juice, varying in diameter from one to five inches; and all were fresh.

The declaration of independence gives to all men the right to enjoy life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness; therefore, if it be necessary in the enjoyment of these things for him to spit, he has a perfect right to do so. Other people, however, have the same rights under the declaration, and in thus promiscuously expectorating the tobacco spitter is entrenching upon them. Probably the majority of men are affected, more or less, by some lung trouble; many of these 320 little pools contain germs of disease which lodge on the ladies dresses and are carried home, perhaps to breed illness in a child already delicate. Then, too, many dainty fabrics are stained and spoiled by accidentally dragging into this stream of juice, which is so great that it cannot always be avoided.

It has always been the pround boast of the American man that he is a gentleman. Then let him prove it by showing consideration for others. If it be necessary for him to expectorate, it should be no trouble for him to step to the curbstone and deposit his tobacco juice in the street, where it would do comparatively little harm. If every man shall see that he himself does this it will not be long befor the sidewalks of Chestnut street will not be recognizable by the oldest habitue.

A STICKLER FOR FORM.

Detroit Free Press: "Madam," he said in accents of sweetness, "I suppose you will give me some supper if I split that wood?"

"Yes," she answered promptly. "I will."

"That would, of course, make it a business transaction, and not an act of charity."

"Haven't anything to say about what you call it. If you split the wood you can eat."

"But you recognize the fact that I am purchasing this supper with my brawn and skill?"

"I don't see any objection to expressing it in that manner, if it pleases you."

"All right. If you'll let me have anything to eat you happen to have handy I'll fulfill my share of the transaction in accordance with the usual methods of the mercantile world."

"What I propose is that you shall split the wood and then come in and sit down and help yourself to all you want."

"I'm sorry, madam, but my early training has made me business-like. In commerce, you know, thirty days is always allowed for payment. That is for the protection of the purchaser, in which relationship I stand in this transaction."

"If you mean that you'll come back inside of a month and do the work I can tell you right here that I have nothing for you."

"I'd like to split that wood right now and take my chances on getting the supper, but in the eyes of the world that would be an unwarranted procedure on my part. If I were to go ahead and turn that into stovewood for you there would be no way on earth of my putting it back into its original shape. And then I'd be completely at your mercy so far as the fulfillment of a verbal contract without witnesses is concerned."

"You split the wood or go hungry," she responded.

"No, ma'am. I'd like to turn in and make that woodpile fairly dizzy, and I don't want you to think I have the slightest suspicion of your honesty, but it wouldn't be business-like."


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NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five hundred forty-eight and 78-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Katherine W. Codding, mortgagor, to Gustave Schleuder and Oscar Ayers, mortgagees, bearing date the 9th day of June, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 27th day of June, 1890, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 68 of mortgagees on page 67.

And whereas, said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, which contains a power of sale that by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, in block number ten in Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated Nov. 27th, 1896.

GUSTAVE SCHLEUDER,
OSCAR AYERS,
Mortgagees.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagees,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Thomas W. Thatcher, as administrator of the estate of Thomas Thatcher, deceased, Plaintiff.

vs.

Simon Clark, Alexander M. Morrison, John McKenzie and Robert F. Fitzgerald, as assignee of Simon Clark and Simon Clark and Company, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 3rd day of December, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 23rd day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot four (4); the southerly ten acres of lot five (5); the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter (sw¼ of nw¼); the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter (ne¼ of nw¼ of nw¼); and the south half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter (s½ of nw¼ of nw¼) of section twenty-four (24), in township fifty-one (51), range sixteen (16), in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated December 4, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By AMOS SHEPHARD,
Deputy.

W. R. TRIGGS,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2-9.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain purchase money mortgage, executed and delivered by Samuel Perrault, mortgagor, to Angus R. Macfarlane, mortgagee, bearing date September 18th, 1891, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on October 6th, 1891, at eight thirty (8:30) o'clock a. m. in Book seventy (70) of mortgages on page five hundred fifty-six (556); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest moneys secured by said mortgage, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred and 36-100 (500.36) dollars, principal and interest, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt, secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered one (1), in block twenty-four (24), Fourth (4th) Glen Avon Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and taxes (if any) on said premises and fifty (50.00) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state on the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided for by law.

Dated November 7th, 1896.

ANGUS R. MACFARLANE,
Mortgagee.

TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company Building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-7-14-21-28-Dec-5-12-19.

**DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.**
**Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.**
**TIME CARD.**

| A. M. | | STATIONS. | | P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 11:40 | Ar | ........Duluth......... | Lv | 3:05 |
| 10:40 | Ar | ........Cloquet........ | Lv | 4:15 |
| 10:04 | Ar. | Stony Brook Junction. | Lv | 4:54 |
| 9:25 | Ar | .......Floodwood....... | Lv | 5:39 |
| 8:48 | Ar | .......Swan River...... | Lv | 6:10 |
| 8:12 | Ar. | .......LaPrairie....... | Lv | 6:53 |
| 8.05 | Ar | .....Grand Rapids...... | Lv | 7:00 |
| 7:10 | Lv | ......Deer River....... | Ar | 7:55 |

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR,
General Passenger Agent, Duluth.
D. M. PHILBIN,
General Superintendent.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 21st, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Johanna Sorensen, deceased:

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Johanna Sorensen, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas Ole Jensen has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Johanna Sorensen died in this county on the 15th day of November, 1896, testate and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to him.

It is ordered that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before this court, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Wednesday, the 16th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 21st day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-21-28-Dec-5

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Erick J. Nordquist, unmarried, mortgagor to F. H. Cousens, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1892, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 22nd day of December, 1892, at 1:50 o'clock p. m. in Book 103 of mortgages at page 255; which said mortgage was thereafter, for value, duly assigned by said F. H. Cousens to James G. Cousens by an instrument in writing dated January 13th, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, 1893, at 1:40 o'clock p. m. in Book 97 of mortgages at page 371; and whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of nine hundred and fifty-eight ($958) principal and interest and twelve and 50-100 dollars insurance paid by said assignee of said mortgagee, and fifty dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure; and whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: That part of lot nine (9), in block twenty (20), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, contained within the following metes and bounds: Commencing at a point on the westerly line of Maryland avenue thirty-five (35) feet northerly from the southeast corner of said lot nine (9), running thence westerly parallel with the southerly line of said lot fifty (50) feet to the westerly line of said lot; thence northerly along the westerly line of said lot thirty-five (35) feet; thence easterly to said avenue fifty (50) feet and thence southerly thirty-five (35) feet to the place of beginning. Intending to convey the northerly thirty-five (35) feet of the southerly seventy (70) feet of said lot nine (9), in block twenty (20), in Endion Division of Duluth. Which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and fifty dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

That the said James G. Cousens is now deceased, and a duly authenticated copy of the appointment of Maria Cousens and Samuel Smith, Jr., as executors of his last will and testament was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, 1896, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 151 of deeds at page 19.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Nov. 27th, 1896.

MARIA COUSENS and SAMUEL SMITH, JR.,
As Executors of the last will and testament of James G. Cousens, deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for said Executors.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November, 25th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Annie E. Dowdy, formerly Holmes, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of H. G. Gearhart, administrator of the estate of Annie E. Dowdy, formerly Holmes, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Saturday, the 19th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the judge of probate at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the payment of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Selma R. Anderson and Andrew B. Anderson to Granite Savings Bank & Trust Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 12th day of August, 1891, with a power of sale therein contained and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 61 of mortgages page 166, and whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due on said mortgage debt of the date of this notice the sum of $1440.49 principal and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and no action at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said debt.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: The northerly fifty feet of lot one (1), in block forty-six (46), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, all situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota. Which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and $75.00 attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage and the disbursements provided by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 18th, 1896.

GRANITE SAVINGS BANK & TRUST CO.,
Mortgagee.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2.

# To the..... Ladies of Duluth:

We often address the "Gentlemen of Duluth" because—well because. We now appeal to the Ladies in behalf of the Gentlemen. We know the warm hearts possessed and the fine taste shown by the ladies is often the cause of Gentlemen wearing a pleasant smile and fine Neckwear and Gloves for weeks and weeks, and it pays, too. We well remember the lady who presented her husband with two fine neck scarfs, two pairs of Gloves and a cane which cost ten dollars for a Christmas gift, and she received a Seal Sacque worth $150 on New Year's day. Oh, it pays, but you must be sure to see our good goods and fine styles. "Succeed and give, it will help you live."

Very Respectfully,

**Kilgore & Siewert.**



If wisdom is your guide and economy your watchword you'll be buying your Furniture and Carpets of.....

## F. S. KELLY

710-712 West Superior Street.

**NEXT WEEK!** The stock must go, and cost cuts no figure in naming the prices. Take a look at these prices, and then buy for the present and for the future. Splendid piece of Furniture here or Fine Carpets make excellent holiday gifts and much to be had for little money.

### SIDEBOARDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| $40.00 Sideboards will sell for | $25.00 |
| $35.00 Sideboards will sell for | 22.00 |
| $30.00 Sideboards will sell for | 18.00 |
| $20.00 Sideboards will sell for | 14.50 |
| $18.00 Sideboards will sell for | 12.00 |

### CHAMBER SUITES.

An Emphatic Fine Line

| | |
|---|---|
| $38.00 Chamber Suite will sell for | $24.00 |
| $35.00 Chamber Suite will sell for | 22.50 |
| $30.00 Chamber Suite will sell for | 20.00 |
| $20.00 Chamber Suite will sell for | 13.50 |
| $18.00 Chamber Suite will sell for | 12.50 |

### FOLDING BEDS.

Still a Splendid Line.

| | |
|---|---|
| $35.00 Folding Beds will sell at | $20.00 |
| $30.00 Folding Beds will sell at | 18.00 |
| $22.00 Folding Beds will sell at | 15.50 |

These are wonderful bargains.

### BED COUCHES.

| | |
|---|---|
| $15.00 Couches selling here for | $8.00 |
| $13.00 Couches for | 7.00 |
| $9.00 Couches for | 5.00 |

### CENTER TABLES.

Rocking Chairs, Ladies' Combination Book Cases and Writing Desks, Dining Chairs, Mattresses, Pillows, Comforters.

**F. S. KELLY, 710-712 West Superior St.**

## Piano Bargains.

| | |
|---|---|
| Everett Piano, cash | $175 |
| Same has been sold in the city for $450. nearly as good as new. | |
| One Kimball Piano | $150 |
| One 7½ octave Piano-cased organ, regular price $150, for | $125 |
| Six octave organ, good tone, regular price $110 | $60 |

EASY TERMS.

Special Cut Prices on all Goods Until after the Holidays.

Will take and fill your order for a new Piano as low as $150. Will exchange for a better grade if it does not prove good with use.

**N. D. COON,** 106 West Superior St.


## Brooklyn's Water System.

City Engineer Patton has received the report of the department of public works of Brooklyn on the subject of the future extension of the water supply system. It contains numerous contour maps of the region about the city, which are works of art. The report is very exhaustive. The volume is handsomely bound and printed on fine paper.

See N. D. Coon's adv.


## $2. PER CORD DELIVERED.

Smaller loads, $1.50 and 75c. Pine stove wood office, 1st st. and 4th ave. w. Phone 515.

I want to buy a piano for cash. State price, make and how long used. Address B, Herald office.

See N. D. Coon's adv.



You Save **TWENTY LOAVES** of **BREAD** Every Time You Buy a Barrel of **DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.**


## UNDER ADVISEMENT.

### Judge Moer is Considering the Water Election Case.

Judge Moer took the Baumann water contest under advisement yesterday afternoon, stating that he would announce his decision Monday morning. In the meantime he would look over the references in the case. He stated that he would probably base his decision upon the question of whether or not Proposition 2 received an actual majority of the vote cast.

Yesterday afternoon Judge Ensign decided in the Virginia case of J. C. Christopher against S. Oberg et al, to restrain the defendant from continuing in business in competition with him in spite of an agreement to the contrary, that the plaintiff was entitled to 6 cents damages instead of the $3000 he asked. The defendants, however, were enjoined from continuing in the grocery business in Virginia.

The following call of court cases for next Monday comprises all the court calendar for this term: 65, 104, 146, 149, 118 and 128.

## DENIED THE MOTION.

### Mannheim Scores a Point In His Case Today.

Judge Ensign denied a motion for a new trial in the case of J. A. Mannheim against Carleton college, of Northfield, Minn., which has already been tried twice in district court. Mannheim mortgaged some land to the college, and paid the money due on the mortgage to T. O. Hall, as agent for the college. The latter never received that money, and it claimed an interest in the land by virtue of its mortgage. Mannheim sued to clear title, and the question at issue was whether T. O. Hall was the legal agent of the college. The case was decided for Mannheim on the ruling that Hall was the agent, and Judge Ensign denied the defendant's motion for a new trial on the same ground. The college filed a notice of appeal.

Judge Ensign also denied plaintiff's motion for a new trial this morning in the case of Andrew Swordling, as assignee for the firm of Fredin & Wilson, against the Security bank.

# ANXIOUS

### Legislative Delegation Wants the Normal School Site Matter Settled.

### Urge That the Title Be Cleared Before the Session Opens.

### Claim That They Can Do Nothing Unless it is Flawless.

The members of the St. Louis county legislative delegation are very anxious that the tangle over the normal school site shall be settled, and settled within thirty days, for it is advisable to get the bill in early in the session. With one accord they say that absolutely nothing can be done with matters in the shape they are at present. And to send them to St. Paul with results in the matter of site expected of them and their hands at the same time practically tied, they complain, is to place them in an awkward position.

One of them said today that matters are in practically the same condition as they were last spring. The case affecting the title to the property, now pending in the United States supreme court, has not been advanced on the calendar, as it was promised it would be, and even if that had been done, not much would have been accomplished as there is now pending in the United States circuit court another case affecting the title in which a slightly different question is raised.

The attorney general has gone so far as to say that, in his opinion, there is no mark in the cases, and that a decision against the claimants may be expected. The fact remains, however, that the title is not clear on the record, which fact, together with the opposition that may be expected from the northern part of the state, makes the road before the delegates from St. Louis county, according to their view, a rocky one.

## A LITTLE EXPLOSION.

### Only Twenty-Five Pounds of Dynamite Went Off.

Emil Engle and J. P. Carey, foremen of the gangs working in the force main trench between Lester river and Lakewood, have been laid off, together with the entire force of "powder" men. Engle will be succeeded by Tom Miller, and Carey by Charles Traffin. This action is in consequence of the recent dynamite explosion. It was taken by the board of public works today, not because it is felt that any of the men laid off have been guilty of negligence, but for the reason that the great responsibility involved in handling the explosive and the danger to life attendant on a mishap demands that those having the work in charge should be made to feel that they are held to the strictest accountability, and that nothing will excuse an accident. A member of the board was asked why Mr. Carey's head had been taken off?

"Well," said the member, "the fact is we had a little explosion at his camp about a week ago. It was a very little one, only about 25 pounds, and nobody was hurt. We gave the men a jacking-up then, but the explosion at Engle's camp convinced us that warnings were not sufficient."

And so, hereafter, the men who are charged with the duty of handling the dynamite will have to go in case of an explosion—those of them who may be left.

## VIOLENTLY ASSAULTED.

### C. P. Wyman Had a Lively Experience Last Evening.

C. P. Wyman, who is employed in Scott & Co.'s drug store, 7 West Superior street, was set upon by two men on Minnesota Point at about 6 o'clock last evening and brutally beaten. In addition, one of his assailants made an attempt to stab him. Wyman was passing Himebach's lumber yard just beyond the railroad tracks when the men emerged from among the lumber piles and, without any preliminaries, sprang upon him. Wyman struck one of the men a blow and the latter fell down. The latter jumped on Wyman and all three rolled in the snow together. Wyman finally broke away after having been badly pounded in the ribs and ran into an adjacent house, his assailants making off with his hat.

Procuring a cap, Wyman followed the men and located them in a nearby saloon, one of them wearing the stolen hat. Wyman whistled for the police, whereupon his assailants took the alarm and ran out of the saloon and through the lumber yard, one of them discouraging Wyman, who had started to follow them, by making a move as if to draw a revolver. When Wyman reached home, he discovered a cut in his vest two inches long and extending through his underclothing to the skin, which was just grazed.

Wyman says the men were fairly well dressed. One wore a Fedora hat and the other a cap. They were said to be intoxicated by several who saw them about the time of the occurrence. A thorough search was made by the police, but unavailingly.

## Planning a Surprise.

The people of Pilgrim Congregational church are noted for the novelty and variety of their socials and entertainments. In keeping with this record they have established, but with a view to eclipsing all former efforts, the young men of the church are planning and preparing a unique and interesting musical entertainment that promises to be one of the most satisfactory surprises of the season. The "Coming Comets," as they style themselves, comprise an aggregation of talent and genius such as has seldom met in a combined concert before a discriminating audience. The peculiar and pleasing program that is being arranged, though its details are kept profoundly secret, promises to give those who attend a most delightful diversion. The entertainment will be given in the parlors of the Pilgrim Congregational church next Friday evening.


Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.


## ALDERMAN CRANDALL.

### Fifth Ward Alderman Makes an Explanation.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In the issue of your paper under date of Dec. 4, you seem disposed to criticize me personally regarding my action in the council relating to the letting of the contract for laying the intake pipe. Kindly permit me a few words in explanation of the facts. I am always ready to stand by the facts in relation to any action of mine, but I dislike to be misrepresented.

The facts are that on Nov. 2, the board of public works received bids for the laying of the intake pipe, as follows: Tulloch Bros. & McGee, $22,150; A. Fredin, $29,890; E. Engle, $43,250; A. & D. Sang, $56,500. On Nov. 9 the board of public works reported to the council that they regarded the bid of Tulloch Bros. & McGee irresponsible and awarded the contract to A. Fredin, the next lowest bidder, at a price of $7740 higher than the bid of Tulloch Bros. & McGee.

Tulloch Bros. & McGee appeared before the council Nov. 9, by Mr. McGee, one of said firm, and John H. Norton, attorney, and represented that they were the lowest bidders by several thousand dollars; that they were prepared to perform the contract at the price bid by them and would secure the performance of the contract by a bond executed by the Duluth Trust company, and upon this showing the report was referred back to the board of public works with instructions to let the same to Tulloch Bros. & McGee, the lowest bidders, on condition that they file a bond to be approved by the board. At the next meeting of the council, held Nov. 14, the board again reported to the council, awaiting the contract to A. Fredin, as they previously had done, and also submitted a letter from Tulloch Bros. & McGee to the effect that, owing to delay in awarding the contract, they wished the bond accompanying their bid returned and for the board to consider them out of competition for the work.

When this report came before the council, I made a motion that it be referred back to the board and that they be instructed to again advertise for bids. This motion was carried with only one dissenting vote, and so far as I can now recall, no remarks or discussion were made on the matter, except in answer to a question from one of the aldermen as to why I made the motion. I then replied that I did not approve of advertising for bids on contracts for city work and then allow one, two or three of the lowest bidders to drop out and thus compel the city to pay a high price for the work. I was particular to mention that I did not accuse or intimate that there was any treachery or unfair dickering in this matter on the part of any person, but that I did not approve of that method of doing business; that it opened the door for fraud and treachery in the conduct of business, and I was opposed to it. Why the bids are higher than they were previously I cannot explain, further than that I am informed by one of the bidders that he understood and he thought other bidders also understood that there had been a change in the specifications of the contract so as to raise the price of construction about $5000.

This is the complete history of my "comp" in heading off a "fancied dicker," as set forth in The Herald, and also a full statement of the "strategic move" whereby I so "ingeniously headed off" the Fredin contract, according to your statements. Notwithstanding your criticism, I believe the policy of the council in this matter was the wise course to be pursued in all such cases for the reason which I believe must be apparent to all. Yours etc.,

C. T. CRANDALL.

Duluth, Dec. 5.

## Supt. Denfeld's Report.

The statistical report of Superintendent Denfeld, which has been prepared for submission to the school board, at its meeting this evening, shows the enrollment of new pupils in the schools during the month of November to be 411, against 943 for the same month last year. The average attendance was 7365, against 6675 for November, 1895. It appears that the pupils behaved better during the month just passed than in the corresponding month last year, the number of cases of corporal punishment being 9, against 17 in November, 1895.


STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.—SS.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

(Seal.)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.


See N. D. Coon's adv.

The Duluth Paper company takes subscriptions for all papers and magazines at lowest rates.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink this evening. Cars leave corner of Superior street and Third avenue west at, 7, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8 and 8:30 p. m. A delightful evening guaranteed.

Lakeside lodge, Order of the World, will give a dance in the Kalamazoo block Tuesday, Dec. 8.

Grand opening Glen Avon rink this evening. Cars leave corner of Superior street and Third avenue west at, 7, 7:15, 7:30, 7:45, 8 and 8:30 p. m. A delightful evening guaranteed.

The Duluth Paper company commence today their special book sale and make 20 per cent discount on all books, except Bibles, prayer books, school books and Webster's dictionaries.

## THE JOBBERS RESOLVE.

### Resolutions in Reference to the New Railroad.

At the meeting of the jobbers' union a few days ago, when the Duluth & Southwestern railway matter was considered, a committee was directed to draw resolutions favoring the voting of the bonus of $250,000. The following are the resolutions which have been prepared:

Be it resolved: Whereas, we, the Duluth jobbers' union, representing the jobbing, lumbering and manufacturing interests of the city of Duluth, most heartily endorse the report of the joint committee representing the Commercial club, board of trade, Trades and Labor assembly, chamber of commerce and ourselves, which favors the granting of aid by Saint Louis county to the extent of $250,000 to the Duluth & Southwestern Railway company. And furthermore, be it resolved: That we use every lawful effort to attain such a result, as we feel that with this and other assistance the road can be built so as to develop a large portion of territory adjacent to this city, and enable us to reach the richest and most populous part of our own state which we are now debarred from supplying with our products and merchandise by the discrimination of railroads, which favor Chicago and other Lake Michigan ports, more than doubly distant, and we are convinced that the expansion of our trade means the general prosperity of our city and county.

## VERDANT ST. PAULITE.

### Saw Duluth to the Tune of About Seventy Dollars.

H. Swanberg came to town from St. Paul yesterday with $70 in his jeans. He desired to see the metropolis and he achieved his ambition. He was found drifting around in the tenderloin district at a late hour last night in a very much befuddled condition and taken under the wing of a policeman.

This morning when Swanberg came to he found that he had but $7 left and all he could show for the balance was a bad headache. He said Duluth was too gay for him and his one desire was to be allowed to at once seek the peaceful shades of St. Paul. He was let off with the payment of costs, amounting to $2, the balance remaining being just sufficient to pay his fare back home and buy a few peanuts and apples on the way down—when he got so he felt like eating. Detective Troyer took him to the depot and saw him safely started on his homeward journey, a little bit stove-up, but knowing a heap lot more than when he arrived in town.

## THE LECTURE COURSE.

### Outline of What the Teachers Will Offer.

The Duluth teachers' lecture course will probably be very popular not only among teachers, but also to the general public. It is not, as its name would imply, a lecture course for pedagogues. It is to be general in its nature. In addition to the lectures there will be a musical event, which will occur shortly after Christmas. Some of the dates have not been set, but the preliminary arrangements are so far completed that the management is able to make the same known.

Dec. 10 Professor John C. Freeman, professor of English literature in the university of Wisconsin, formerly assistant inspector general of the cavalry corps, will deliver one of his delightful "Tales of Travel Beyond the Sea." His subject will embrace "Across the Atlantic and Up the Rhine," "Round About London," "Italy, or From the Alps to Vesuvius" and the "Wonderland of America." Professor Freeman is one of the most accomplished speakers on the lecture platform.

The next event on the program will be Gilbert & Sullivan's comic opera, "Trial by Jury," on Dec. 29, by the High School Musical society. This has been in active rehearsal for several months. It will be finely staged, and the singers and principals will be effectively costumed. The opera has been lengthened by the introduction of extra characters and several numbers from the "Mikado" and other favorite Gilbert & Sullivan operas. There will be 100 singers on the stage.

On a date in January not yet decided Professor George B. Williams, the celebrated Shakespearean reciter, will give readings. Mr. Williams has few equals as an expounder of Shakespearean lore, and his interpretations are a revelation. This will be one of the most instructive numbers of the course, as well as being deeply interesting.

On Feb. 3 Dr. Eugene May will deliver a lecture entitled "With a Knapsack Through Switzerland and Up the Matterhorn Mountain." This lecture will cover a trip made by Dr. May, and as given by him is almost as enjoyable and interesting as would be the trip itself.

In the latter part of February W. Hawley Smith, the gifted author of "The Evolution of Dodd," will give one of his characteristic educational lectures. Dr. Smith is a forcible lecturer, and public speaker.

Dr. Floyd Davis, well known in Duluth, will deliver sometime during January, at a date to be set later, a lecture on "Chemistry and Civilization."

It is the intention, if the course is well patronized, to add a prominent lecturer to the foregoing list. If there is any surplus after paying expenses, it will be devoted to future courses, or to the purchase of educational material. The course tickets have been placed at a very reasonable price. The lectures will be given in the High School.

## Will Confer Wednesday.

C. A. Severance and Robert R. Dunn, of St. Paul, will represent the Duluth Water and Light company at the conference relative to the proposed purchase of the West Duluth light and water plant. The conference is to be held at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning, at the city hall.

## Ice War Is On.

The annual war between the board of health and the ice men is on again. Complaint was received today that Herman Schmidt has been cutting ice too close to the shore on St. Louis bay. An inspector was sent out with instructions to see that the cutting is done 3000 feet from shore and in the channel.

## New Telephone Directory.

The Duluth Telephone company is now working on its new directory, to be issued Jan. 1, 1897. Parties contemplating taking a telephone who wish to have their names appear in the directory should notify the company at once.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS.

South and West, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Tickets and particulars, ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.


# GOING TO HEADQUARTERS.

### Sufferers from Chronic Diseases Availing Themselves of the Advantages Offered by the Copeland Medical Treatment.

When people want the best of anything they always go to headquarters.

The Copeland Medical Institute has long since been known as headquarters for the treatment of catarrh and all chronic diseases.

Recently a lady entering the institute said: "I have been troubled for some time with catarrh and decided to come to headquarters where I knew my trouble would be understood and I would get the best treatment." The name Copeland is synonymous with catarrh not only in Duluth, but all over the United States. The offices in Duluth are specially fitted for the successful treatment of all catarrh and chronic maladies, and during the last four years thousands of sufferers have availed themselves of the advantages this popular system of treatment offer, knowing that when they placed themselves under treatment that they would be assured of the speediest and easiest cure of their complaint and at a very low charge.

**CHILDREN'S DISEASES.**

The Copeland treatment is specially adapted to the successful treatment of children suffering from catarrh of any organ, derangements of digestion, skin diseases, etc. A small fee pays for a month's treatment and all medicines. Only the best of medicines are used.

Do you suffer from catarrh?
Do you suffer from deafness?
Do you suffer from sore throat?
Do you suffer from asthma?
Do you suffer from bronchitis?
Do you suffer from loss of voice?
Do you suffer from goitre?
Do you suffer from nasal polypi?
Do you suffer from heart disease?
Do you suffer from rheumatism?
Do you suffer from dyspepsia?
Do you suffer from indigestion?
Do you suffer from bowel trouble?
Do you suffer from liver trouble?
Do you suffer from kidney disease?
Do you suffer from bladder disease?
Do you suffer from skin disease?
Do you suffer from nervous disease?

If so, go at once to the Copeland Medical Institute in the Providence building for examination. It will cost you nothing to find out just what ails you.

## COPELAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE

Providence Building, Duluth, Minn.

Office Hours—10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m. Sundays—10 to 12 a. m. If you live at a distance write for home treatment.



## Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.



## Christmas Cards, Fine Illustrated Calendars, The Latest Books,

And everything appropriate for Christmas gifts, usually found in a first-class Bookstore can now be found on sale at the right prices at

**Chamberlain & Taylor's.**

## Quick as a Wink!

A $5.00 Poco or Quad Camera makes a very appropriate Christmas present for the young or the old either.

**C. D. Trott** OPTICIAN. 106 W. Superior Street.



## "THE DIGGING OUT"

of decayed teeth is not done by us in the manner indicated above, but by a far more humane and scientific method. We are in the lead with the very latest methods known to dentistry. Everyone who has had experience knows that it is **THE EXCAVATING** and **NOT THE FILLING** of the tooth that hurts. We guarantee to excavate the most sensitive teeth without pain and do it with positive delight to both the patients and to ourselves.

**DR. SCHIFFMAN,**

Burrows Bldg., take elevator on Superior Street



EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES FOR THE WINTER AT THE **St. James Hotel**

Excellent Service. Cuisine up to the Highest Standard.



A CHOICE

## Residence Lot AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

Corner lot, fronting on three streets, in best neighborhood, and nearly double usual size. Ask particulars quick of

**C. H. GRAVES & CO.,**

Torrey Building, First Floor.



AMUSEMENTS.

**LYCEUM THEATER,**

L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

A special Dramatic Attraction,

**Last Time Tonight**

America's Representative Tragedian,

MR. **Walker Whiteside**

Assisted by a selected company of players, presenting a scenic production of Shakespeare's immortal creation

**"OTHELLO."**

Monday and Tuesday,

The Legitimate Irish Comedian, JOSEPH **MURPHY**

And his New York Stock Company.

Dec'ber 7, **SHAUN RHUE**

Introducing Mr. Murphy's wonderfully successful Song,

"A HANDFUL OF EARTH."

Dec. 8, THE **KERRY GOW**

Played by him with unparalleled success for twenty consecutive seasons.



## Concert of the Cecilian Choral

(Mrs. Stocker, Director)

At Turner Hall, Dec. 8th, at 8 o'clock p. m.

Tickets 50c.

Seats reserved without extra charge at Porter's Music Store.



## THE HARVARD

Formerly Gadillac, cor. First Avenue East and Second St.

Mrs. John T. Condon, Prop.

A family hotel with all the comforts of home.

Best Table Board. Finely Furnished Rooms. Steam Heat. Low Rates for the Winter.



## CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties, 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

## "There are Others"

But it will pay you to visit Our Establishment and look over our stock and prices. We manufacture our own goods and can save you money. Our repairing, engraving, and stone cutting is done in the latest style by mechanics of twenty years experience and fully guaranteed. Pay cash for old gold and make to order any design.

Manufacturing Jewelers, Metropolitan block—2nd floor, next to Freimuth's.

**Dorner & Co.**

FOURTEEN PAGES--PART TWO--Pages 9 to 14

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1896.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

# THE IRON ORE OUTPUT

## The Lake Superior Ranges Have Shipped Ten Million Tons the Past Season.

## Shipping Has Practically Ceased Owing to the Difficulty of Handling the Ore.

## Interest Now Centers on the Prospects for Next Year, Which Are Dubious.

Ishpeming, Mich., Dec. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The season of navigation is practically at an end. A few belated cargoes may stray into lower lake ports within the next few days, and it is possible that one or two loads may yet be shipped from Escanaba, although the present outlook is not favorable for the forwarding of additional cargoes. Shipping has been discontinued from the Lake Superior ore ports, and the last cargoes taken out were secured with great difficulty, the ore freezing first in the gondola cars in which it was shipped from the mines, and later in the ore pockets of the shipping piers. The only practicable means yet discovered of handling frozen ore in cold weather is thawing with steam, which is both tedious and expensive.

It will yet be several weeks before the figures of the season's ore output by the Lake Superior ranges can be had, but in round numbers ten million gross tons will state the business of the season now so rapidly closing. The year has not been a satisfactory one, all things considered, but there have been worse years, notably 1893 and 1894. Interest now centers largely on the prospects for 1896, but it requires a vision of more than ordinary strength to see very far into the future. About the only thing which can be taken as assured is the prospect for a considerably heavier volume of business next season than this year, or in any preceding year. The question of ore prices for next year, and consequently the important issues of profits and wages, is one that no man can speak with any certainty about. The Bessemer ore pool has succeeded in regulating both prices and outputs of Lake Superior high grade ores for two seasons, but the prospects of the pool are at present rather uncertain.

The Metropolitan Iron and Land company, operating three large properties on the Gogebic range is one of the most important members of the pool, in fact, the grading of ores for the past two years has been done with standard Gogebic Bessemers as the basis. The management of the Metropolitan company feels that it has been given the worst of the bargain this year, and will not re-enter the pool except under more favorable arrangements as to price and allotment of tonnage than were given this season. There is friction in other quarters over the operations of the pool for this year, but the dissatisfaction of the Metropolitan company is of a more serious nature, as the withdrawal of the Metropolitan from the combination would probably prove something more than an entering wedge in securing the dissolution of the pool, which has unquestionably proved a great advantage to the owners of mines furnishing high-grade ores, taken as a whole, though it has unquestionably operated to the disadvantage of individual members at times.

S. S. Curry, president of the Metropolitan company, and its guiding spirit is feared by the majority of the other mine owners because of his tendency to do business regardless of the feelings of his weaker competitors. Until tied down by the pooling agreement, by which prices were fixed in advance for the season, and the pro rata of output decided upon, the aggressive manager of the great Norrie mine always made sales of the ore from his properties at the best figures to be had, and usually early in the season. The Norrie and allied properties are big and remarkably rich mines, operated on a large scale and most economically, consequently can do business at a profit when smaller concerns are actually losing money by working. So far the members of the Bessemer ore pool have been unable to arrive at any understanding as to next season's business, and the prospect that the pool may go to pieces is regarded with feelings of consternation by some of its members who have profited by its operations in the past two seasons. It is probable that some sort of a compromise will be arranged and that the pool will hold together for at least another season, but the Metropolitan company will not reenter it upon the same basis as this year.

The Illinois Steel company has recently secured a controlling interest in the Traders' mine at Iron Mountain, for a consideration generally understood to be about $60,000. The property is now being vigorously worked, and though developed on the open pit plan, will mine and ship steadily during the winter, shipping its product by rail to the various works of the Illinois Steel company. The Traders belongs to an important class of mines, the value of which has been generally overlooked until recently. It furnishes an ore high in silica and low in both iron and phosphorous. There has always been and will always be a limited demand for this class of ore for use in smelting with the high-grade Bessemers produced by the mines of the Marquette, Menominee, Gogebic and Vermilion iron ranges, which require fortifying with siliceous ores, but the great demand at present noted for ores of this grade is brought about by the requirements of founders handling large quantities of Mesaba Bessemer ores. The granular structure of the ore mainly mined in the Mesaba district requires the admixture of ores of coarser grain to prevent packing in the stack, which frequently causes the destruction of the furnace through explosion of the gasses thus denied vent.

The Mesaba ores are also, as a rule, notably deficient in silicon, consequently ores of the variety produced by the Traders are doubly desirable for mixing with the average Mesaba Bessemer. When in addition to meeting these requirements the ore is especially low in phosphorous, it possesses a third advantage for use with Mesaba ores, as ore mined with steam shovels cannot possibly be kept as carefully graded as when taken from the ore body in the manner followed in the other districts, and one fruitful source of complaint against Mesaba Bessemer ores has been their irregularity in content of phosphorous. It is the amount of "phos" as the mining men all term it, which determines whether Bessemer steel can or cannot be made from ore. All ores containing less than 70 per cent phosphorous can be smelted into Bessemer pig. Ores above that limit will not produce pig iron that can be made into steel, regardless of the number of units of iron contained, unless mixed with other ores which will reduce the average amount of phosphorous below 7-10 of 1 per cent. High silica ores which are also unusually low in phos are therefore of great utility in fortifying the Mesaba product, in fact, one concern operating a mine producing high silicon and low phosphorous ore took advantage of the phosphorous to give to its property the unusual title of "The Mesaba's Friend mine." Unusual and outlandish names are common among the Western gold and silver mines, but the Lake Superior properties as a rule, bear matter-of-fact, and frequently decidedly prosaic names. The Mesaba's Friend is located on the Cascade spur of the Marquette range, and is owned by the Consolidated Mining company. Several cargoes, each of over 1500 tons shipped from this property this year gave the almost unheard of figure of .017 in phos. Chemists have analyzed samples carrying even smaller amounts of the undesirable element, but entire cargoes so remarkably low are a surprise to mining men.

The Oliver mine, a Mesaba wonder which shipped 810,000 tons of ore this year, is preparing to get out a round 1,000,000 tons next season, and with no difficulty in doing it. The Oliver is largely owned by Andrew Carnegie, whose enormous works provide a ready market for the product. The advantage of a strong furnace connection is one at which no mine owner can afford to sneeze, for it is to be noted that the mines which have a friend at court are frequently to be found rushing production when properties equally as good, or even better, are unable to dispose of their product.

The three mining companies operating under the old bed of Lake Angeline, in the southern part of Ishpeming, have been experiencing unusual trouble with water. The lake was pumped out several years ago to render operations safe underneath, over a billion gallons of water being forked out in the work. The watershed remains, however, and every unusual rain brings a large amount of water into the old lake bed. The Cleveland-Cliffs company is the principal sufferer by such floods, as the ground above its Lake Shaft mine is inclined to be treacherous, and the miners become nervous when the water gathers over their heads in large volume. The heavy deposit of mud, which still remains to vex the owners of the property years after the water has been pumped out, has already broken into the mines from above on several occasions, and the miners can scarcely be blamed for fearing that where mud can find a way, water may also discover an opening. The water has been effectually disposed of in the past few days, but the mud still remains as big a problem as ever.

In the line of modern methods and the facilities afforded by the best machinery, the Lake Angeline mine, of this place, is a leader. It was the first mine to put in electric traction for underground tramming, which has proved such a success, and is now being adopted by a number of progressive mines. The latest use for electric power at this property is at the east end mine of the company, where the ore is now hauled from the shaft house to the stockpiles by electric trams. The mine timber is also being handled by electricity.

To date, about 4000 men have been added to the forces employed at the mines of all five ranges. There are still many unemployed.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

### ATTENDING THE WORSE CASE.

Life: Assistant (to house physician)—We have just received an aeronaut who fell 2000 feet, and a football player who got tangled up in a rush. I am the only doctor who is not engaged. Which shall I attend to first?

House physician (impatiently)—I have often told you that in a case like this you should first attend the man who is most seriously injured. Look after the football player, of course. The balloon man can wait.

## MR. WHITESIDE SPOKE.

### Addressed the High School Pupils on "Hamlet."

"Hamlet" was the subject of the address delivered by Walter Whiteside to the pupils at the High School yesterday afternoon. It was really but little more than a 5-minute talk. Taking up the mooted question of Hamlet's sanity, Mr. Whiteside said that it is a matter that has been discussed for years, and that he could hardly hope to throw any new light on it. Shakespeare, he thought, did not intend to depict Hamlet as insane. The character of Hamlet, he said, is that of a keen, cunning, intellectual being, withal honest and straightforward. After the wedding between his queen-mother and his uncle, he assumed the mask of madness for his own peculiar ends. Polonius he deceived by his antic disposition and sarcastic replies, and the former is deceived and spreads the report that Hamlet was mad, as the latter had intended. Shakespeare, indeed, has said in so many words that Hamlet was not mad but a schemer. True it is, there are moments when he approaches insanity, but in the scene with the queen-mother he throws aside his antic disposition. His request, when taxed by her with being insane, that she put him to the test is the natural response of a sane man when met by such a charge. Hamlet, the speaker said, is, beyond question, the greatest play ever written.

Mr. Whiteside excused himself for not speaking more at length by saying that the position in which he found himself was new to him and that he was all at sea. He concluded by reciting "Bay Billy," a war poem, in a very effective way.

## SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Mrs. William H. Smith was shopping in Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. W. C. Edwards, of Smithville, entertained Mrs. Tissue and Mrs. Cary, of Duluth, this week.

Edmund E. French spent Tuesday with friends in Duluth.

Mrs. R. A. Folkerts was quite ill during the past week, but is able to be out again.

Mrs. Stowell, of West Duluth, spent Monday in Smithville as the guest of Mrs. Albert Overton.

Messrs. Denfeld and Boyd visited the Smithville school one day this week.

Mrs. Burrell was calling in Duluth Friday.

Mrs. Nelson, of Oneota, spent one day this week with Mrs. Johnson.

Miss Mary Nacey visited friends in Duluth Monday.

Messrs. Olsson and Lindstrom spent Wednesday in Duluth.

Miss Hettinger, of Illinois, is visiting her parents and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Hettinger and Mrs. Hankins.

Charles Nelson, who has been very ill for several months, is still no better.

Miss Ida Boyd, of Duluth, spent Monday in Smithville.

The gospel song service will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. V. A. Dash Sunday evening.

Mrs. James White, of Duluth, is visiting in Smithville this week.

Edward Johnson and family, formerly of New Duluth, have taken up their residence in Smithville.

Miss Josephine Socier spent Monday with her parents in West Duluth.

Several of the young people of this vicinity attended church in Duluth Sunday evening.

Miss Hattie Overton, of Smithville, is spending the week in West Duluth as the guest of Miss Pearl Johnson.

John Nacey attended the Catholic fair in West Duluth Tuesday evening.

Mrs. John Kindgen, of Smithville, fell last Wednesday while at her household duties and received a very painful injury.

Messrs. Nelson and Emil Nelson, and Mrs. Nelson, of Twentieth avenue, spent Sunday with Charles Nelson.

Mrs. Emma Brink was one of the callers in Duluth Thursday.

## COMMON SENSE CURE.

### PYRAMID PILE CURE CURES PILES PERMANENTLY BY CURING THE CAUSE.

### Remarkable Remedy Which is Bringing Comfort to Thousands of Sufferers.

Probably half the people who see this article suffer from piles. It is one of the commonest diseases and one of the most obstinate. People have it for years, and just because it is not immediately fatal they neglect it. Carelessness causes no end of suffering. Carelessness about so simple a thing as piles has often caused death. Hemorrhages occur from no apparent cause, and loss of blood causes death. Hemorrhages occur during surgical treatment, often causing death.

Piles are simple in the beginning and easily cured. They can be cured even in the worst stages, without pain or loss of blood, quickly, surely and completely. There is only one remedy that will do it —Pyramid Pile Cure.

It allays the inflammation immediately, heals the irritated surface, and with continued treatment reduces the swelling and puts the membranes into good, sound, healthy condition. The cure is thorough and permanent.

Here are some voluntary and unsolicited testimonials we have lately received:

Mrs. M. C. Hinkly, 601 Mississippi street, Indianapolis, Ind., says: Have been a sufferer from the pain and annoyance of piles for fifteen years. The Pyramid Pile Cure and Pyramid Pills gave me immediate relief and in a short time a complete cure.

Maj. Dean, of Columbus, Ohio, says: I wish to add to the number of certificates as to the benefits derived from the Pyramid Pile Cure. I suffered from piles for forty years and from itching piles for twenty years, and two boxes of the Pyramid Pile Cure have effectually cured me.

Most druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure, or will get it for you if you ask them to. It is $1 per package, and is put up only by the Pyramid Drug company, Albion Mich.

### ALWAYS THE SAME.

Judge: An old farmer in Western New York state has been going to the same village postoffice and general store for twenty years. With him is his son Joseph, and together they go through the same scene every week.

The old man talks over the town news, while the son buys the provisions. When this is over the farmer seats himself in the old buck-board and his son proceeds to unclip the horses. Then the old man will suddenly exclaim:

"Joseph, hev you got them papers?"

"No, dad."

"Wa-al, I hev."

# FIERCE

## One of the Minor Battles About Which Little Is Heard.

## Small Foraging Party Fought the Whole of Shelby's Force.

## A Man Whose Premonition Was Too Strong For Him.

"Speaking of premonitions," said the man who had won his laurels in the Kansas regiment, "I will say that they are not to be whistled down the wind. I do not say that I am a believer in the supernatural, but it is true that brave men, and men of cool judgment, whom I have known, have been taken hold of and possessed, as it were, by these hints of fate. And I do know, too, that the event has many times seemed to have proven that the warning—if you choose to call it such—has not been an idle working of the imagination. The particular event I am reminded of at this moment occurred at a place called Poison Springs, where was fought one of those desperate battles that historians have not mentioned, their time being taken up mainly with the movements of the Eastern armies. There were many such affairs in the West. Contests that ranged in dignity from mere 'brushes' to set battles that, so far, have been passed over in silence by those who essay to give a history of the great struggle. Many of them were important, as will be realized some day, and many more of them called forth exhibitions of daring and rough and ready generalship that marks the true soldier and the best type of field leader. Many a brave man whose bones were left on these obscure fields deserves to have his name written on the scroll of fame—and they will be some day.

"We had been sent down on a foraging expedition, 1500 of us. We had four pieces of artillery and were well prepared for any force that it was thought likely would cross our path. We were destined, however, to meet a force compared with which our strong detachment seemed like a handful. Fortunately—I say fortunately, for I cannot help thinking that the gift of second sight would be a scourge—we did not dream of what lay in front of us, and we sallied forth gally enough. We went on, collecting forage as we progressed, filling our wagons with needed supplies. The second night after we had left the main command we camped at Poison Springs, the place where, on the return, we had one of the most desperate fights it was my fortune to be in. There had been an engagement there sveral days bfore, as was attested by the trees, which were gashed and splintered by ball and shell.

"All had settled down for the night. I and my first lieutenant had lighted our pipes and were sitting by the embers of the fire smoking and talking, when the noise of a loud explosion was heard. It was terribly startling. No one had suspected that there was an enemy within a mile of us, and here was such a greeting as our friends the Johnnies usually gave us when they called on business. It was a shell—it could be nothing else. Every man apparently leaped to his feet at once. The long roll was beat and the companies fell in. When it was ascertained that there were no Johnnies in the vicinity, alarm and hurry changed to a wonder at the cause of the disturbance. We scoured the ground for some time, and finally the mystery was unraveled. An unexploded shell, which had been lying at the foot of a tree, had been struck by a falling branch and sent off. The branch undoubtedly had been cut by a ball and left hanging by the bark, which had given away as the branch swayed to and fro in the wind. In falling the branch must have struck the cap of the shell end on and exploded it. It was an extraordinary occurrence, but has its parallels in events of equal singularity that took place during the war. The cause once determined, I was for turning in, but H— seemed much wrought up and sat up for a long time smoking by the fire.

"It must have been along towards morning when I awoke and found him still sitting where he was when I dropped asleep, pulling at his pipe and looking steadfastly into the fire. I advised him to lie down and try to get a little sleep.

"'No,' he said, 'I can't sleep. I tell you, that business tonight worries me. I believe it means that we are going to have trouble.'

"I tried to laugh him out of his idea, but he persisted that he felt sure we were going to have a terrible time. Giving up the attempt to get his mind off the subject, I rolled over and left him to his gruesome meditations. The next morning H— seemed as preoccupied as ever. His demeanor commenced to aggravate and worry me as well, and I half wished we might have a brush, for I knew that in action he would be himself again.

"The end of that day saw our wagon filled and arrangements were made to set out on the return in the morning. H—, as night came on, was again possessed of the mood that had been on him the night before. I walked up to him as he stood apart and tried again to rally him out of his fit. He was terribly in earnest, though, and finally, to humor him, I promised to see that his effects were sent home if anything happened to him. He again expressed his firm conviction that something was going to happen, and seeing the uselessness of arguing with him, I left him.

"The next morning we set out and rushed rapidly forward on the return to the corps. Not delaying by the way, it was a little before sunset when we again reached the place where we were encamped when the affair of the shell occurred. For some little time before we reached the spot we had noticed a cloud of dust off to the north, and word was received later from our advance guard that a body of troops was moving in that direction. As the news spread, H— looked meaningly at me. I knew what he was thinking of and rallied at him good naturedly, telling him that we had a force that was able to take care of any flying bodis of troops we were apt to meet. Had I known then, as I found out soon afterwards, that we were confronted by Shelby's whole force of 8000 men, that had slipped in and cut us off from our corps, I undoubtedly would not have felt so gay.

"It was soon evident that we had a bad situation to face, and every disposition was made to make the best of it. As the enemy deployed out in the plain before us we were formed with our artillery in the center, and as they came on we gave them the contents of the guns, following the artillery fire with musketry while the gunners were getting the pieces back to a new position. The infantry then fell back on each side of the batteries, while the latter kept up a pounding on the enemy. Our line was disposed in the form of a half moon. After the battle had raged for something like an hour they succeeded in turning our right flank. Orders were given to us on that flank to fall back and reform. The order to fall back seemed rather superfluous, as the enemy were giving us ample encouragement to do so, and that was the only thing left for us.

"As we gave ground before the oncoming foe, H—, who had fought vallantly up to that moment, seemed to become paralyzed. He was perfectly calm, but he acted dazed. He lagged behind the company and the last thing I saw of him he was standing in the center of a group of Confederate cavalry that had cut him off from the rest of us. His hands were hanging idly by his side and he was just turning round and round looking at the horsemen who were riding in upon him with that strange, dazed look on his face. He was taken prisoner and was not exchanged until nearly the close of the war. I have never seen him since, but I heard recently that he is alive and in good health. It has always seemed to me that he was completely demented by the impression produced by what he called his premonition that he was rendered helpless, and that, had he been able to have roused himself, he might have given the premonition the lie by escaping, as he easily could have done. So, you see, I don't know that my tale goes to bear out the theory that so-called premonitions are to be regarded as authoritative forecasts of what is to befall us in future.

"That battle at Poison Springs, by the way, was a pretty hot affair. We fell back, our line battered out of shape and wellnigh crushed, but steadily, nevertheless, and contesting every inch until night came to the rescue. We got across the river and a remnant of us eventually limped back to our corps, disfigured but unconquered."

## MOONSTROKE.

### Not a Myth But Common Among Sailors.

Many people seem to regard sailors' stories of being moonstruck with the same amount of credulity as they do yarns about the seaserpent. As a matter of fact, "moonstruck" is as well known to the medical faculty as the more popular sunstroke. A correspondent writing to an English periodical relative to this comparatively unknown affliction, says:

It was July, 1890, on my first voyage as an apprentice, bound from a Newhaven port, with a cargo of steel rails, for Bombay, that I experienced the sensation of being moonstruck. We had got forth gally enough. We went on, collecting forage as we progressed, filling our wagons with needed supplies. The second night after we had left the main command we camped at Poison Springs, the place where, on the return, we had one of the most desperate fights it was my fortune to be in. There had been an engagement there sveral days bfore, as was attested by the trees, which were gashed and splintered by ball and shell.

"All had settled down for the night. I and my first lieutenant had lighted our pipes and were sitting by the embers of the fire smoking and talking, when the noise of a loud explosion was heard. It was terribly startling. No one had suspected that there was an enemy within a mile of us, and here was such a greeting as our friends the Johnnies usually gave us when they called on business. It was a shell—it could be nothing else. Every man apparently leaped to his feet at once. The long roll was beat and the companies fell in. When it was ascertained that there were no Johnnies in the vicinity, alarm and hurry changed to a wonder at the cause of the disturbance. We scoured the ground for some time, and finally the mystery was unraveled. An unexploded shell, which had been lying at the foot of a tree, had been struck by a falling branch and sent off. The branch undoubtedly had been cut by a ball and left hanging by the bark, which had given away as the branch swayed to and fro in the wind. In falling the branch must have struck the cap of the shell end on and exploded it. It was an extraordinary occurrence, but has its parallels in events of equal singularity that took place during the war. The cause once determined, I was for turning in, but H— seemed much wrought up and sat up for a long time smoking by the fire.

"It must have been along towards morning when I awoke and found him still sitting where he was when I dropped asleep, pulling at his pipe and looking steadfastly into the fire. I advised him to lie down and try to get a little sleep.

"'No,' he said, 'I can't sleep. I tell you, that business tonight worries me. I believe it means that we are going to have trouble.'

"I tried to laugh him out of his idea, but he persisted that he felt sure we were going to have a terrible time. Giving up the attempt to get his mind off the subject, I rolled over and left him to his gruesome meditations. The next morning H— seemed as preoccupied as ever. His demeanor commenced to aggravate and worry me as well, and I half wished we might have a brush, for I knew that in action he would be himself again.

"The end of that day saw our wagon filled and arrangements were made to set out on the return in the morning. H—, as night came on, was again possessed of the mood that had been on him the night before. I walked up to him as he stood apart and tried again to rally him out of his fit. He was terribly in earnest, though, and finally, to humor him, I promised to see that his effects were sent home if anything happened to him. He again expressed his firm conviction that something was going to happen, and seeing the uselessness of arguing with him, I left him.

"The next morning we set out and rushed rapidly forward on the return to the corps. Not delaying by the way, it was a little before sunset when we again reached the place where we were encamped when the affair of the shell occurred. For some little time before we reached the spot we had noticed a cloud of dust off to the north, and word was received later from our advance guard that a body of troops was moving in that direction. As the news spread, H— looked meaningly at me. I knew what he was thinking of and rallied at him good naturedly, telling him that we had a force that was able to take care of any flying bodis of troops we were apt to meet. Had I known then, as I found out soon afterwards, that we were confronted by Shelby's whole force of 8000 men, that had slipped in and cut us off from our corps, I undoubtedly would not have felt so gay.

"It was soon evident that we had a bad situation to face, and every disposition was made to make the best of it. As the enemy deployed out in the plain before us we were formed with our artillery in the center, and as they came on we gave them the contents of the guns, following the artillery fire with musketry while the gunners were getting the pieces back to a new position. The infantry then fell back on each side of the batteries, while the latter kept up a pounding on the enemy. Our line was disposed in the form of a half moon. After the battle had raged for something like an hour they succeeded in turning our right flank. Orders were given to us on that flank to fall back and reform. The order to fall back seemed rather superfluous, as the enemy were giving us ample encouragement to do so, and that was the only thing left for us.

"As we gave ground before the oncoming foe, H—, who had fought vallantly up to that moment, seemed to become paralyzed. He was perfectly calm, but he acted dazed. He lagged behind the company and the last thing I saw of him he was standing in the center of a group of Confederate cavalry that had cut him off from the rest of us. His hands were hanging idly by his side and he was just turning round and round looking at the horsemen who were riding in upon him with that strange, dazed look on his face. He was taken prisoner and was not exchanged until nearly the close of the war. I have never seen him since, but I heard recently that he is alive and in good health. It has always seemed to me that he was completely demented by the impression produced by what he called his premonition that he was rendered helpless, and that, had he been able to have roused himself, he might have given the premonition the lie by escaping, as he easily could have done. So, you see, I don't know that my tale goes to bear out the theory that so-called premonitions are to be regarded as authoritative forecasts of what is to befall us in future.

"That battle at Poison Springs, by the way, was a pretty hot affair. We fell back, our line battered out of shape and wellnigh crushed, but steadily, nevertheless, and contesting every inch until night came to the rescue. We got across the river and a remnant of us eventually limped back to our corps, disfigured but unconquered."

# OUTLOOK

## The Trend of Trade as Found By the Commercial Agencies.

## Dun Sees Reason For Joy in the Decline in Failures.

## Bradstreet's Says That the Volume of General Trade Continues Moderate.

New York, Dec. 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says: The classified reductions compared with October and are especially important as showing that the peculiar disturbance during the presidential campaign, which swelled failures $36,000,000 in August and September, did not prevent a quick return to a monthly aggregate scarcely greater than that of May. Defaulted liabilities in eleven months have been $198,738,459, against $148,544,202 last year, the increase being only $14,000,000 outside of those two months and this remaining increase of only 10 per cent was also in part due to the alarm during the campaign. The decline of failures to about 40 per cent of the September aggregate, gives stronger ground for the confidence so generally expressed. Yet further confidence is also found in the abandonment of two of the largest combinations by which the iron industry has been retarded and the possibility that two others will be abandoned. Such a state of things within a month after the election suggests that these organizations, formed when depressed business failed to support all the works in existence, are not expected to survive a general revival of ample demands for products. The immediate effect of breaking prices is to check large buying of iron and steel products, but it will soon be seen about where prices are to range. The bar combination is still undersold by steel bars at $1.10 and nothing is doing in rails because the meeting shortly to be held will settle whether any price shall be fixed for next year. Bessemer pig at Pittsburg is lower at $14.65 and grey forge at $10, but there is a large demand for vessel plates, both on foreign contracts and for the lakes. Several thousand cars have been ordered, and numerous new buildings and bridges. Minor metals are a shade stronger. Anthracite coal sells below the official circular, but better demand is expected with revival in manufacturing. Wool manufacture is waiting and while more concerns are at work the new demand improves but little with more favorable weather. Speculative sales of wool continue large. London prices have risen 10 per cent and the advance of quotations by Coates Bros. is $13.66, against $22.92 a month ago.

In the cotton manufacture there is little change, though goods are selling better, but with many added weeks' production exceeds present demand. The market for raw cotton is weak with middling uplands ⅛ lower.

Other produce markets have been weaker. Wheat gradually reacted from the high point and broke sharply on Friday, closing 2⅜ cents lower for the week. Milling returns at the four largest Western centers show a decrease of 28,400 barrels for the week, and further decrease is expected owing to diminishing export demands for flour.

Failures for the week have been 379 in the United States against 324 last year, and in Canada 55, against 52 last year.

### WHAT BRADSTREET'S SAYS.

New York, Dec. 5.—Bradstreet's today says: General trade continues in moderate volume; jobbers and wholesalers being agreed that there will be no business revival this year. There is some activity in holiday goods. Rains and stormy weather South and cold and severe weather West and Northwest have checked traffic on interior country roads and otherwise interfered with the distribution of merchandise, except at some Northwestern centers where more seasonable weather has stimulated the demand for heavy textiles, clothing, hats and shoes. Throughout the central Mississippi valley there has been no increased demand in wholesale lines, and in the South trade is characterized as dull.

Transactions in wool have fallen off, manufacturers buying only as they receive orders. The situation in iron and steel is unsatisfactory, with unsettling rumors as to the success of the steel pool, comparatively few sales of staple grades and no likelihood of revival in demand prior to February. No material change is reported in prices of pork, print cloths and lumber, while those for turpentine, tobacco, cotton, sugar, wheat and flour are all higher.

Exports of wheat from both coasts of the United States this week, flour included as wheat, amounted to 3,600,160 bushels, as compared with 3,753,000 bushels last week, 3,156,000 bushels in the first week of December, 1895, 3,011,000 bushels in the week two years ago, and as compared with 4,404,000 bushels in the same week of 1892. Exports of Indian corn from both coasts of the United States this week amounted to 1,768,000 bushels, as compared with 2,920,000 bushels last week, 1,807,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 2,710,000 bushels two years ago, 1,169,000 bushels three years ago, and as compared with 566,000 bushels in the like week of 1892.

There were 359 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, an increase of 63 over last week, 44 over the week a year ago and 37 contrasted with the like week in 1894. A large proportion of the increased number of failures is reported form the Middle and New England states.

### IT WASN'T SAFE.

Harlem Life: Henypeck (to a gang in the store)—Gentlemen, I have been married fourteen years last grass, and during that time have not spoken a single cross word to my wife. I—

Mrs. Henypeck (poking her head in at the door)—Henry, why in the name of kings, don't you bring that molasses home? I've been needing it these two hours. Just wait until I get you home, and—

Henypeck (flying out)—Yes, my dear, I'm coming!

### GAVE HIM A WIDE BERTH.

New York Press: "He is a man to whom you must give a wide berth!"

At this word of warning, so fraught with significance, the official trembled.

"A wide berth!"

It was evident that the exigencies of a Pullman sleeper were powerless to cope with exceptional avoirdupois.

## NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

Ths Ladies' Aid society of the Norwegian Presbyterian church, of this place, gave a fair and social at the home of Mrs. Drovdall Saturday evening. It was a success and a nice little sum was netted for their treasury.

Owing to the cold weather of the past week the sash and door factory of Fred Hermann's has been kept busy making storm windows and doors.

D. Dumas is hauling ties and shipping them to Missouri river points. A good many carloads will be shipped from here this present winter.

Claude Coykendall will soon start making cedar shingles at Heimbach's sawmill.

J. F. Hermann has returned from a business trip through Michigan and Wisconsin.

Mrs. William Bowser, who for the past three months has been visiting friends in Michigan, Chicago and Milwaukee, is expected home this week.

Mrs. William J. Menhennick was shopping in Duluth Thursday.

The Misses Strolnsky and Sullivan visited Duluth Thursday.

On account of the extreme cold weather of the past week, most of the high school pupils from here were unable to attend school.

I. J. Mahoney was one of the visitors to Duluth Thursday.

Mr. Bowser was doing business in Duluth Thursday.

Peter Minzner, vice president of the John W. Tuchill Lumber company, visited with J. F. Hermann Wednesday.

At the Congregational church Sunday morning Mr. Sanford, the pastor, will preach a sermon to the children. In the evening his topic will be "The Sin of Fear."

The churches are all planning some entertainment for the children for Christmas.

Thursday evening Rev. J. I. Sanford gave an "Art Talk" to the Chautauqua circle and to his class in painting.

U. C. Tower was in Duluth on business Wednesday.

B. T. McIver, of the St. Paul & Duluth railway, was in town Wednesday superintending the repairs to the depot.

The following is the program for the "Find Sisekle" Chautauqua circle Monday evening: Roll call, response to by the name of a favorite heroine of history, and the reason for your preference; "French History," chapter 12, led by Miss Smith; "French Traits," "Democracy," led by Mrs. Cooke; "A Talk on the Principles of Art," Mr. Sanford.

Word has been received from Mr. Kelly, who went to Colorado Springs to benefit his health, that he finds the climate there too cold and he is going on to California.

M. F. Yollemstein left Thursday for an extended visit to his home in Michigan.

The city has a gang of men at work trying to make a passage way through the drifts. Picks and shovels are used and the snow is taken out in square, hard cakes.

The new water tank by the school house is a failure as yet, as it will hold no water.

Miss Therean Lynn was in New Duluth Thursday.

At the Presbyterian church Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, the Rev. W. L. Hackett will preach on "Faithful in Little, Faithful in Much," and his evening topic "David's Cry For Pardon."

## MAKING CAVIARE.

### Preparation of the Russian Delicacy.

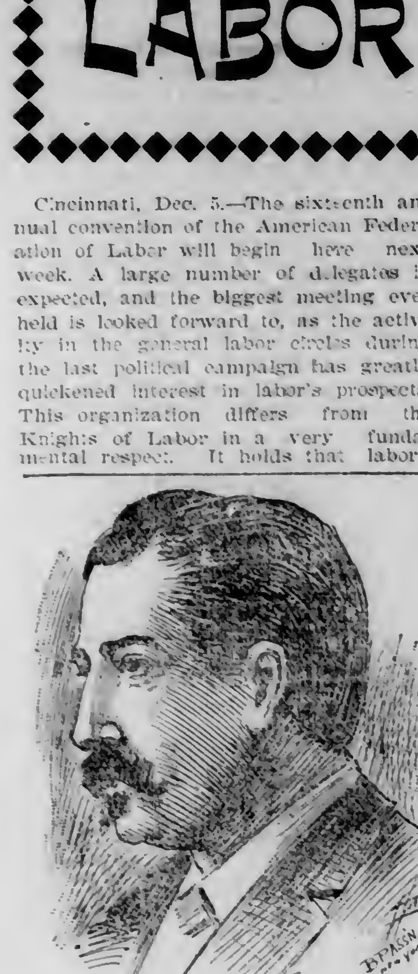
Fishing is one of the most important branches of Russian industry. There is, perhaps, no other country in the world where fish plays such a leading part in the economy of life. In proportion to other countries, there are more people in Russia who, not being able to buy meat, have to depend upon fish for food, says the Art Journal. On fast days, of which there are many, fish is an indispensable article for the whole nation. Russia has a large number of important rivers, streams and lakes, besides a coast of 498 miles, which are rich in fish, with some rare and very fine species. The most valuable products of the fish industry in Russia are cod liver oil and caviare. Russian caviare is obtained mainly from sturgeon. The United States consul general at St. Petersburg says that although the preparation of caviare does not differ from that in other countries, its superiority being due to the fine quality of the roe, he has studied the process of its manipulation, which is as follows: When a sturgeon is admitted into the fishing section where caviare is being prepared he finds it supplied with a number of troughs, wooden tubs and vats, a stand, looking like a bench with upper frame open, on which is placed the freshly salted caviare in order to separate it from the superfluous brine. There is also a very important implement—the caviare press—with which the pressed caviare is prepared. On the walls hang the caviare sieves, consisting of wooden frames and nets of strong cords. The workmen separate the caviare from the egg bags, in which it is inclosed, by rubbing it with the hand through a sieve into a vat. The egg skin does not go through, but remains on the surface of the sieve. When fish are in the first stages of decomposition the egg skins get so soft that they can be separated from the roe, and from these the low grades of caviare are made. Next, in the salting of the caviare, it is salted only with brine made of fine salt. The difference in "fresh" caviare is caused by the smaller or greater quantities of salt contained in the brine, and this is regulated to meet the length of time the caviare is to be kept. The fresh brine is kept in large wooden tubs, and the fine, clean salt used for the preparation of the brine is put into small barrels. The superfluous brine is used again. Immediately after the eggs have been rubbed through the sieves they are put through the brin, and as soon as they are deprived of the superfluous salt they are placed in tin jars or cans and small wooden kegs, and the so-called fresh caviare which is high-priced, is ready for market. The cheaper kind is cured in the brine and then put into linen bags and pressed. This is called pressed caviare. The roe should not be taken from the fish before the third or fourth year, when it is ripe, and grown to its full size. Many fish are cut before the roe is ripe, and in such case the roe must be used immediately. This is one reason why fresh caviare can be obtained at all times. During ten months of 1885 Russia exported 4,658,448 pounds of pressed caviare and 613,994 pounds of fresh caviare.

### PRIMITIVE METHODS.

A recent visitor to Washington was asked the other day what had surprised her most in the wonders of the capital, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. "Do you know," she replied, "that of all the beautiful sights and instructive pleasures I have enjoyed here nothing has impressed me so much as the way books are procured up at the Congressional library. An applicant for literature came to the library the other day when I was up there, and, in this age of electricity and light for all, what did the librarian do but take a smoky, dejected-looking coal oil lamp, such as are seen in the most dilapidated roadside cabins, light it, and disappear into a thicket of precious volumes, peering hither and thither by the light of this solitary flame. It is a wonder to me that there is any library at all or even a half dozen volumes to transport to the beautiful new building waiting for them across the way."

# IN THE LABOR FIELD

Cincinnati, Dec. 5.—The sixteenth annual convention of the American Federation of Labor will begin here next week. A large number of delegates is expected, and the biggest meeting ever held is looked forward to, as the activity in the general labor circles during the last political campaign has greatly quickened interest in labor's prospects. This organization differs from the Knights of Labor in a very fundamental respect. It holds that labor's success depends on trades unions, while the Knights claim that the workingmen can be benefited only by abolishing monopolies, and especially single out the monopoly of land for attack. This is why in political campaigns the Knights as an order are more aggressive political workers than Federationists. The Knights at their recent convention in Rochester, N. Y., adopted a strong resolution favoring free silver. It remains to be seen if the Federation will take such a decided action. Another important matter to come up will be President Gompers' plan to establish a big federation in Chicago in place of the old system of divided effort. Among prominent figures in the convention will be P. J. McGuire, Secretary A. McGrath and ex-President McBride. The old-time enemies of Mr. Gompers promise to be on hand again this year and make it interesting for him.



PRESIDENT SAMUEL GOMPERS.

EX-PRESIDENT McBRIDE.

P. J. McGUIRE.

The Federation was organized at Columbus, Ohio, in December, 1886. It has about eighty national labor organizations in its membership, aggregating 650,000 workers. There are 7000 local unions in the order.

## IN LOCAL CIRCLES.

The growing sentiment among the barbers in favor of legislation providing for licensing and regulating their trade will take shape in the provisions of a bill embodying the feature of the plan, which will be discussed at the convention of members of the craft, to be held in St. Paul, immediately following the conventions of the State Federation and the plumbers. The Barbers' union here will probably not send a delegate, but will make arrangements to have one of the delegates to the state convention remain over and represent them.

There seems to be no prospect of an amicable adjustment of the difficulty between the cooks and waiters and the management of Moody's restaurant, and both sides have settled down to a fight. The indications are that it will be a long and bitter one.

An endeavor is being made to organize the boot and shoe makers, and, also, the brewery workmen. Secretary Dworschak, of the Cigarmakers' union, has the latter matter in hand, and Alfred McCullum has been asked to co-operate by the secretary of the National union of Brewery Workmen.

James L. Travers will attend the state convention as a delegate from the Bartenders' union and Frank McDonald will go as the representative of the waiters.

The labor temple committee reports continued success in its work of raising funds for the project.

## GLASS FACTORIES TO RESUME.

Twelve thousand employes of the window glass interests of Pittsburg and Southern Pennsylvania will return to work Dec. 13 at midnight, after an idleness of six months, at the old wages and with an assurance of steady employment until June 30 at least. An agreement satisfactory to both sides was reached last week at a conference between representatives of the Window Glass Workers' association and the great glass manufacturing companies. The settlement of the long-standing differences was not all the men had hoped for, as they had asked an advance for some branches, but the officials of the union were convinced that the manufacturers were submitting their ultimatum.

The manufacturers renewed their offer of last year's wages and rules, which were accepted. The workers then took up the tariff end of the matter and demanded some provision for an advance in wages to be proportionate to the advance in the rates in the glass schedule. They pointed out that as the workers conceded their reduction of 22½ per cent off the list in anticipation of tariff reduction in 1892, the manufacturers should make some concession from their side, in view of the certainty of a tariff advance before the end of the fire. The manufacturers agreed, and the figuring resulted in a clause providing for advance in wages in case of tariff legislation between the time of beginning, blowing and the end of the scale year, June 30. If the Dingley bill or any other measure is passed fixing an increased duty on glass of 15 per cent the single strength blowers and gatherers shall receive 10 per cent in addition to their earnings, and the double strength blowers and gatherers 5 per cent above their earnings. If the tariff advance is more than 15 per cent the wage committees shall meet again and revise the whole scale and discount. The additions to the wages based upon the tariff advances shall be payable sixty days after the adoption of such legislation.

Then the workers demanded a stipulation that the manufacturers shall run their factories continuously to the end of the scale year. Last year there were two suspensions during the fire, and the workers said that was opposed to the spirit of the wage settlement. The manufacturers agreed to that clause also, and the scale was signed.

## NATIONAL UNION OF CYCLE MAKERS.

Bicycle makers will watch with interest the convention of the American Federation of Labor in Cincinnati Dec. 14, because of the intention of that body to make a national organization of the craft. There are various branches to the bicycle business, but that will not interfere with the formation of a compact national body on the lines of the International Typographical union, which recognizes compositors, stereotypers and electrotypers, mailers, newspaper writers, photo-engravers and other branches. At the present time there are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor twenty-three unions of bicycle workers, as follows: Seven general and two federal labor unions, which admit men from all departments; six unions of screwmakers, two of drop forgers, two of filers, one each of assemblers, grinders and strappers, lathe operators and enamelers. Aside from these, whose total membership is nearly 6000, there are independent unions in and around New York and Chicago with approximately 5000 more members. All these combined could work with mutual advantage to each other without losing their individuality and in harmony with the other national organizations, part of whose membership is employed in bicycle factories.

## EARLIEST STRIKE ON RECORD.

Firm contention is made by James O'Connor and his friends of the Chicago Musical society that there is no union so ancient as that of the musicians, and that none struck so early in the world's history. They cite for authority the Roman historian, Livy, who tells of the strike of the Flute Players' union in the year 300 B. C. It is narrated that the flute players, dissatisfied because the latest censors had forbidden them to take part in the banquet in Jupiter's temple, according to the ancient custom, withdrew every one of them to Tibur, so that nobody was left in Rome to play during the sacrifices.

This incident shocked the religious sentiment of the senate, and the senators sent messengers to invite the inhabitants of Tibur to make every effort in order that the players should be restored to the Romans. The Tiburtines, having promised not to neglect anything necessary for that purpose, caused the flute players to come to the place where the senate met, and exhorted them to go back to Rome. Seeing that they could not prevail upon them to do so, they employed a stratagem in keeping with their character. On that day of the festival, under the pretext that music would increase the joy of the feast, every citizen invited the flute players individually to his house, and wine, of which people of that profession are usually fond, was given to them in such quantities that they fell into a deep sleep. They were then thrown into wagons and transported to Rome. They only became aware of what had happened on the day after, when dawn surprised them lying on the carts, which had been left in the forum. A large crowd had assembled, and they were induced to promise that they would remain in Rome. The right of attending the banquet was restored to these flute players.

## SETS TYPE SIXTY-EIGHT YEARS.

For sixty-eight years Elijah Rawson, a compositor in Milwaukee, has worked steadily at the case, night or day as occasion might require, and losing few days. The Milwaukee Journal claims for him that he is the oldest printer in the country. His position is not one of honorary membership in the trade.

He is by no means a superannuated workman, who keeps his job because of his long service, but holds his place with his fellow printers, and may be seen at his post day after day, almost as active and industrious as any of the younger men. He is nearly 84 years old, and has seen a number of radical changes introduced into the trade since he first took hold of it.

## FREE LECTURES AND LIBRARIES.

In New York the state has for several years provided free lectures for the working people in the public schools and halls during the winter. These have been successful beyond expectation—are attended, in fact, by tens of thousands weekly. In 1886 the labor unions of New Jersey had an act drawn up permitting any city of the state to tax itself to establish a free public library upon a certain percentage of the citizens petitioning for it, and a majority of votes being cast at the polls for the project.

Since then the larger cities have taken advantage of the law and established excellent libraries in handsome buildings, which are frequented mostly by the working classes. The free public library, as an institution, has become a feature in the towns and cities of the United States within the last decade or two. In this respect Massachusetts leads. There are free public libraries in all of the thirty cities of that great state, and in 260 of its towns (parishes.) Everywhere the labor unions help to promote the establishing of those libraries.

## PATROL DUTY BY STRIKERS.

The question as to whether pickets of unions involved in a strike may be prohibited from patrolling the streets in the vicinity of the establishments involved and seeking to induce workmen not to take the strikers' places has been decided adversely to the unions by the Massachusetts supreme court. The case, which affected the International Furniture Workers of America, was a suit brought by Frederick O. Vegelahn against George H. Gunter et al, and dealt with the power of a court in equity to enjoin striking employes from interfering with their employer carrying on his business.

The majority of the court, in an opinion written by Judge Allen, hold that the plaintiff was entitled to an injunction to restrain the defendants from patrolling the sidewalk in front of his premises for the purpose of preventing persons from entering his employ and from intimidating persons by threats or otherwise from entering his employ or continuing in his service, and from conspiring among themselves to prevent any person from entering his employ who may desire to do so.

The majority of the court stands upon the doctrine of Sherry vs. Perkins, the Lynn banner case.

It states that an employer has a right to engage all persons who are willing to work for him, at such prices as may be mutually agreed upon, and persons employed or seeking employment have a corresponding right to enter into or remain in the employment of any person or corporation willing to employ them.

And it holds that no one can lawfully interfere by force or intimidation to prevent employes, or persons employed or wishing to be employed, from exercising these rights. It also holds that intimidation is not limited to threats of violence or physical injury to person or property.

The patrol is held to be an unlawful interference with the plaintiff's rights. This is contrary to the view of Judge Holmes, who heard the case upon its merits, and who now dissents from the majority of the court. And Justice Field also dissents from the majority, holding that the decree entered in the case by Judge Holmes at the trial should be affirmed without any modifications.

"One of the eternal conflicts out of which life is made up is that between the effort of every man to get the most he can for his services and that of society, disguised under the name of capital, to get his services for the least possible return," said Justice Holmes, dissenting. "Combination on the one side is potent and powerful. Combination on the other is the necessary and desirable counterpart if the battle is to be carried on in a fair and equal way.

"If it be true that workingmen may combine with a view, among other things, to getting as much as they can for their labor, just as capital may combine with a view to getting the greatest possible return, it must be true that when combined they have the same liberty that combined capital has to support their interests by argument, persuasion and the bestowal or refusal of those advantages which they otherwise lawfully control.

"I can remember when many people thought that, apart from violence or breach of contract, strikes were wicked, as organized refusals to work. I suppose that intelligent economists and legislators have given up that notion today. I feel confident that they equally will abandon the idea that an organized refusal by workmen of social intercourse with a man who shall enter their antagonist's employ is unlawful, if it is dissociated from any threat of violence and is made for the sole object of prevailing, if possible, in a contract with their employer about the rate of wages. Indeed, the question seems to me to have been decided long ago."

## WOMEN WORKERS IN AUSTRALIA.

Energetic organizing among the female workers of South Australia has resulted in the formation of the Working Women's Trades union, the principle objects of which are to arrange for the amicable settlement of all disputes by reference to a board of conciliation or otherwise, to insure an adequate rate of wages, to regulate the hours of labor, and generally to watch over and conserve the interests of the workers in such various ways as may be deemed necessary.

The union is composed of female workers engaged in all branches of labor, whether as efficient operatives, assistants or apprentices. A sick fund is also connected with it, the objects of which are to raise funds to afford mutual assistance to members in time of sickness, and to abolish the system of collecting in the various factories in case of sickness. The contribution toward the sick fund is 1 pence per week per member.

## HERO IN LABOR'S CAUSE.

Away back in 1853 there lived in old Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, a plain, ordinary workingman, whose name was not known beyond the limits of his native town. I might call him Jack Dunning, says a writer in the American Federationist, and, perhaps, not one of those who read this sketch might know whether it was his right name or not, but he was a man of clear, distinct character, and the first out-and-out trades unionist I ever knew. Any workingman of sound, practical commonsense might do all, or more, than he did, and yet he did mighty things.

At that time the trades union was in its infancy in this country and in Europe, and the great mass of the trades, as well as other toilers, worked from fourteen to sixteen hours for a day's work, and the writer of this sketch, when a youth, has done many a day's honest, hard, manual labor of eighteen hours a day, and I want to write down the emphatic opinion that only for trades unionism the day's work would now be as long and dreary as it ever was. Mark the assertion I make: Capital never did and never will, of its own free will, give one iota of freedom or wage-deliverance to humanity in the creation of the world.

But to my man. This one man aroused thought and action among dozens of mechanics and laborers in his circle of life by hammering away at men and boys on the lines of labor reform and organization. He did not go out of the rounds of his daily work, and was always at his post in working hours. He lost no time to do it, but, in season and out of season, the great theme of his life was to uplift and humanize everyone around him, and yet he was no crank. He was at home on any topic of the time. If he drove a nail, he drove it with a will. There was no twaddle in anything he did. He made vigorous, hearty trades unionists of every man and boy in the place where he lived, and of women and girls as well.

And I think the circle of his influence is widening still, though he sleeps quietly—as he lived—with no stone to mark the spot where he lies. Not one of his children was even known to do a mean act, and all of them fill good positions among the best of men and women. No doubt there are thousands of such men in our country, but no eulogy can be too high for such a man, and not one of such can ever live in vain.

## MICHIGAN LABOR CONVENTION.

The convention of the Michigan Federation of Labor, which meets at Lansing next Tuesday, is regarded by trades unionists throughout the state as the most important in the history of the organization, and for the first time delegates will be present from the upper peninsula points, says the Detroit Free Press. The particular province of the state federation is to voice the sentiment of organized labor upon economical and industrial matters that are to come before the state legislature.

Among the excellent measures now on the statutes that are to be credited to trades unionists are the Australian ballot, free text books, the blower act for shops in which emery wheels and other health-destroying devices are used, the Sunday closing law and the factory inspection and child labor regulations. This latter law, or collection of laws, has never been enforced to the satisfaction of labor, and unionists are hopeful that the coming appointee of Governor Pingree will prove less of a politician than a friend of the working people.

President Tossy is preparing his annual address, which will exhibit the growth of organized labor throughout the state during the year and contain some of the recommendations which the convention will doubtless indorse to the legislature, chief of which will be the referendum. By the adoption of an amendment submitted the federation will hold biennial instead of annual conventions hereafter, meeting on the first Monday in December, prior to the convening of the sessions of the legislature.

## TRADE DISPUTES IN ENGLAND.

Fifty-five trade disputes, involving 11,000 people, took place in Great Britain last month, as compared with fifty-one, involving about 9000 workpeople, in September, and seventy-seven, involving about 18,000 workpeople, in October, 1895. Fifteen disputes took place in the engineering and shipbuilding trades; eight each in the building, mining and quarrying and textile trades; five in the miscellaneous metal trades; three in the clothing trades; two in connection with seafaring, and six in a miscellaneous group of trades. Of the fifty-five new and old disputes involving about 15,000 workpeople, of which the settlement has been reported, twenty-one, involving about 4700 persons, terminated in favor of the workpeople; seventeen, involving about 3100, in favor of the employers, and ten, involving about 1100 in a compromise; the results of the remaining seven disputes, involving about 6100 persons, cannot yet be stated.

In the same period changes of rates of wages affected about 12,000 workpeople, of whom 11,800 received an advance averaging about 1 shilling 7 pence per head per week, and 167 sustained decreases. The increases include 9000 workpeople engaged in the engineering and shipbuilding industries. Changes affecting 10,800 workpeople were arranged without any strike after negotiation or by mutual arrangement. Other changes affecting about 900 workpeople were preceded or accompanied by strikes, and one change, involving 300 workmen, was determined under a wages board. Wages of agricultural laborers rose 1 shilling a week in several districts of Norfolk.

Of the 3823 workpeople whose hours of labor were changed, 3623 had them shortened by an average of two and twenty-seven-one hundredths hours per week, and 200 had them lengthened by two hours per week.

## PRESIDENT GOMPERS' VIEWS.

The American Federation of Labor meets in annual convention in Cincinnati, Dec. 14. President Gompers says in his call:

We are prompted to call attention to the emergency of full and complete representation by all who are entitled thereto. As we often justly complain of the lack of interest manifested by some of our members in our local bodies, their failure to attend the meetings, their failure to share the burdens and responsibilities of the legislation of our movement and their consequent indifference thereafter, and possibly their antagonism, so with a number of unions affiliated they fail to send delegates and then possibly complain at the legislation. They are unwilling to bear part of the burden of expense incurred in sending a delegate and consequently desire immunity from the responsibility of the legislation of the delegates to the convention chosen by their respective unions.

We entertain the earnest hope that the Cincinnati convention will prove a new departure and that all unions which can bear the financial burden or can make even the temporary sacrifice will be represented. Certainly the conditions of the wage-earners of the country are such as should prompt us to devise the best ways and means by which they may become the larger sharers in the product of their labor. Surely the progress made along the lines of economic and social reform is not such as to lull ourselves or our fellow workers into a fancied security of an industrial elysium.

Such an organization is the American Federation of Labor, where at its conventions is voiced the true and untrammeled sentiments and demands of the wageworkers of our land. To participate in the deliberations at its conventions is not only an honor and a privilege, but is also the duty of our fellow workers. To take counsel with each other, to recount the struggles of the past and plan wisely for our future campaigns, so that errors may be avoided and tangible successes attained for our fellow toilers is a part of the duties which we owe to each other and which are now only possible on that freest of all forums—the floor of the American Federation of Labor.

The basis of representation in the convention is: From national or international unions, for less than 4000 members, one delegate; 4000 members or more, two delegates; 8000 or more, three delegates; 16,000 or more, four delegates; 32,000 or more, five delegates; and so on. Local, trade or federal labor unions, state federations, central labor unions, trade assemblies or trade councils, one delegate each.

The Cincinnati Central Labor council has appointed a committee on arrangements and a reception committee, the members of which will meet delegates upon their arrival at the railroad stations, providing proper notification is given as to route of travel and time of contemplated arrival, to Louis Benjamin, 1728 Baymiller street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Blank printed credentials will be sent to secretaries from this office as soon as advised that delegates have been elected. No delegate can be seated who is not provided with a credential duly authenticated.

## SEAMEN'S INTERNATIONAL UNION.

Encouraging reports of the progress of the proposed international seamen's and dock laborers' international organization have been received by trades unionists in this city. As had been proposed, the first union in America was started in New York by the delegate from England, who came to this country as the advance agent of the movement. He began at once a crusade among the longshoremen, and their organization has just been perfected. Chicago will be the next city to be brought into line, and the work will be taken up in other lake and sea ports as quickly as possible.

Charters to be given to the American unions will be from the Union of Unions, with headquarters in England. It is a federation of the Seamen's, Dock Laborers', Firemen's and Riverside Workers' unions in Great Britain, affiliated with similar federations in Holland, Belgium, Sweden, Germany, Spain, France and Italy. The organ of the body is printed in half a dozen languages.

Organization has been perfected in thirty-eight ports and a total membership of 40,000 has been secured. There is no color line. No man is barred on account of his nationality, race or creed. The first move made by the federation was to force employers to stop the practice of working men overtime. Formerly it was no infrequent thing for men to have to go to work half an hour before the starting time and work as much longer after stopping time, besides having a short dinner hour.

The projectors of the union also contemplate combining with organized seamen, carters, bargemen, railway men and other employes of land and water transportation lines, bringing them all under one head. This plan is already under way in some of the European countries. It is claimed for the international federation that it will be stronger than independent unions can possibly be, and will encourage its members to secure concessions without the necessity of strikes. In fact, strikes are discouraged under its constitution.

## AUSTRALIAN FACTORY BOARDS.

There are to be six boards appointed under the new factories act of Victoria, Australia, to regulate wages and the conditions of trade, says the Brisbane Worker. One will deal with all kinds of boots and shoes and slippers; a second with male attire—coats (including overcoats and cloaks of every description), vests, trousers and knickerbockers (waterproof garments excepted); a third with shirts, fronts, collars and cuffs and pyjamas; a fourth with articles of female underclothing (except corsets), blouses, infants' gowns and underclothing, pinafores, aprons and pillow slips; a fifth with bread making, and a sixth with furniture.

All the boards, with the exception of the last will be elective. The boards will consist of ten members each—five to be appointed by the employers and five by the employes. Each board will choose a chairman from outside its own number, who will occupy the position of umpire. He will exercise only a casting vote. If the two parties on the board cannot agree as to a chairman, then one will be nominated by the governor in council.

## GENERAL LABOR NOTES.

Small merchants of Toronto have combined to fight department stores.

A young woman in St. Louis has opened a co-operative dining room for members of her sex.

The label of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union is now used by nineteen factories.

Miners in the Monongahela valley threaten to strike unless their wages are advanced.

More than 600,000 cotton spindles have been added to the cotton facilities of Japan in less than a year.

Textile workers throughout the South are being unionized by American Federation of Labor organizers.

Nail making machines now produce as many nails in a given time as were formerly made by 1[illegible] men.

Barbers of Cincinnati now have a duly chartered union under the jurisdiction of the international, local No. 49.

Six thousand African kaffirs working in the Transvaal mines have struck work against a reduction of wages.

Of the 14,000 persons employed directly in the sugar industry in Queensland, 8000 are composed of Japs, Kanakas and Chinese.

A project of the managers of the St. Louis house of refuge to start a weekly paper and teach inmates the printing trade is being bitterly opposed by organized labor.

The enforcement of the eight-hour law is being rigidly carried on in Missouri by Labor Commissioner Bird, who will institute criminal prosecutions against violators.

Every trade union in San Francisco will be represented at a meeting on Dec. 6, when it is purposed to organize a central labor body in that city on the labor lines.

Many Turkish soldiers, whose wages have been allowed to go far in arrears by the sublime porte, have been compelled to resort to begging on the streets of Constantinople.

Importation of coolies for public work in Georgetown, British Guiana, was physically resented by white laborers, and in riots that ensued the police shot three men and wounded several.

Striking brass workers were only allowed to return to work by the Glauber Manufacturing company, of Cleveland, on condition that they would renounce their union, and few were given employment on these terms.

Nineteen malt houses in Buffalo signed the scale and [illegible] men joined the union, 200 Chicago maltsters unionized, and after a nearly nine years' fight all the Boston breweries signed the scale and nearly 1000 men went into the union.

A judge of the superior court of Buffalo has rendered a decision which nullifies the law prohibiting employment of aliens on public work on the ground that it infringed upon the liberty of the individual to employ whom he pleases.

Under the jurisdiction of the New York board of health a clearing house for working children has been organized. It passes on all children whose eligibility to work is in doubt and issues certificates to all who are qualified under the law.

FOR OVER-INDULGENCE TAKE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

It preserves and renews the vitality, strengthens the nerves and stimulates the stomach to healthy action.

## GREAT YELLOW DIAMOND.

The largest yellow diamond in the world is now in New York. It is locked up in the depths of a ponderous safe, guarded by locks and bolts and bars, says the New York World. While it is known by reputation the world over, comparatively few people in New York have ever seen this "Tiffany diamond."

Although the big diamond is valued at $100,000, no one can buy it, for the reason that it is not for sale. For eighteen years it has been in the big safe in Union square. Sometimes it is taken out for a minute or two to be exhibited in the store to a customer, but only twice has it been more than a few dozen feet beyond its resting place in the strong box. On one of these occasions, in 1893, it was taken to the World's fair in Chicago, and a few weeks ago it was exhibited to Li Hung Chang, the grand old man of China.

The taking of the big yellow diamond from the safe is an event. No single man knows all the combinations of the different locks that have to be opened so that in order to get at the diamond even the owners must have the services of half a dozen men, each of whom releases a part of the combinations.

When the largest yellow diamond in the world was taken to the World's fair the preparations for its transportation were as carefully planned as a journey by the czar of Russia, when it is feared there are anarchists about. Half a dozen men guarded it throughout its travels.

When the diamond was taken out into the world to be shown to the representative of the emperor of China, it was done with the greatest secrecy, not even the employes in the store knowing it. Li Hung Chang, although he has seen the greatest diamonds in the world, gasped with astonishment when the great diamond was placed in his hand.

He was anxious to know how it compared with the czar's "Orloff," which is the largest of white diamonds. When it was explained that the Russian gem was one of another sort the great Li insisted on a technical description of the difference between the two.

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A Great Traveler

The woman who does the washing travels from pole to pole and crosses the line many times. She soon learns from experience that she can save time, money and labor by using

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

the best, purest and most economical soap made. She also discovers that clothes washed with Santa Claus look better and last longer than they do when washed with ordinary soap. Santa Claus is sold everywhere. Ask for it. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.

PISO'S CURE For Consumption

For the last 20 years we have kept Piso's Cure for Consumption in stock, and would sooner think a groceryman could get along without sugar in his store than we could without Piso's Cure. It is a sure seller.—RAVEN & CO., Druggists, Ceresco, Michigan, September 2, 1896.

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DR. DIX'S Celebrated Female Powders never fail. 10,000 ladies declare them safe and sure where all other remedies have failed. Particulars 4 cents. DR. S. T. DIX, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

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Pitch and Gravel, Iron, Tin and Slate Roofing.
HOT AIR FURNACES
Skylights, Cornices, Ventilation Pipe, Chimney Tops, Smokestacks, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, etc.
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TELEPHONE 642.
When you want a first-class job at a reasonable price, call on us.

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Acts as surety on bonds of assignees, receivers, etc. Legal depository for trust funds.
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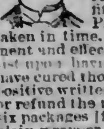
MADE ME A MAN



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For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

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Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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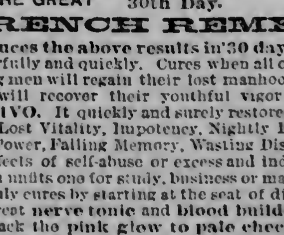
Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.



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1st Day. 15th Day. 30th Day.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.
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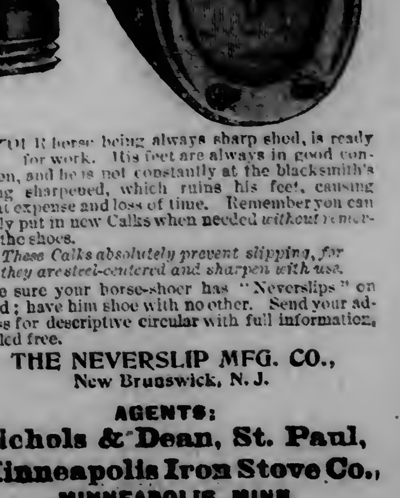
Always sharp shod with the "Neverslip"
One trial will convince you.



YOUR horse being always sharp shod, is ready for work. His feet are always in good condition, and he is not constantly at the blacksmith's being sharpened, which ruins his feet, causing great expense and loss of time. Remember you can easily put in new Calks when needed without removing the shoes.
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# THE XMAS MAGAZINES

The Christmas Scribner has another of those brilliant and beautiful covers in gold and colors that first attracted popular favor on last summer's fiction number. The Christmas design is by Bryson Burroughs. Another example of successful color printing, in which Scribner's is leading the way, is in the twelve pages of decorative designs which Oliver Herford has made, to accompany Kenneth Grahame's story, "The Magic Ring." This is the author's first appearance in an American magazine. He made his reputation here with "The Golden Age"—an idyl of childhood that has already been called a "classic" by eminent critics. This story describes the first visit of some children to a circus. The fanciful treatment of it exactly suits Mr. Herford's very original talent as an illustrator. Another novelty in illustration is Greiffenhagen's quaint pictures and cross-texts to accompany F. J. Stimson's "Law-Latin Love Story"—a thirteenth century romance. All of the fiction in this number (there are nine complete short stories) is of remarkable quality and variety. The leading article of the number is Cosmo Monkhouse's thoughtful account of the work of Sir John Millais, late president of the Royal academy. This article was prepared a short time before Millais' death, and the selection of the marvelously beautiful illustrations was made with his aid and approval.

* * *

The December Century continues to emphasize the Christmas traditions of this magazine, not only by papers and poems bearing directly upon the Christian festival, but by others breathing the spirit of the common human feelings. The frontispiece of the number is a "Study For the Head of Christ" from the painting of "The Last Supper" by Dagnan-Bouveret, exhibited at the Salon of the Champ de Mars last spring. "The Christmas Kalends of Provence," by T. A. Janvier, with illustration by Louis Loeb, is the product of intimate acquaintance with the charming life of the south of France. It presents an aspect of the subject which is novel to American readers. There are poems in the Christmas spirit by James Whitcomb Riley, R. W. Gilder, Edith M. Thomas and others. "A Painter of Motherhood" is the title given to a paper on Virginie Demont-Breton, a daughter of Jules Breton. This paper is by Mrs. Henry Bacon, and presents a view of the home life of the painter, together with three examples of her attractive pictures of children. "Light in [illegible] Places," by Jacob A. Riis, is a study of the better New York, presenting hopeful aspects of tenement house work in the metropolis, illustrated with striking pictures by Jay Hambidge. Miss Helen Everston Smith contributes a paper on life along the Hudson river early in the present century, entitled, "A Group of American Girls," dealing with the families of Chancellor Livingston, Robert Fulton, the Beekmans, and others, and setting forth in a familiar way the every-day life of the young woman of that time. The article is illustrated by Clinedinst. A unique article by William A. Coffin, the artist and art critic, presents "Souvenirs of a Veteran Collector." Sam P. Avery, of New York, accompanied by hitherto unpublished drawings made for Mr. Avery by famous French artists. Besides the serials by Dr. Mitchell and Marion Crawford, there are short stories by Mrs. M. G. Van Rensselaer, Elizabeth Eggleston Seelye and Margaret Collier Graham. Gen. Porter's recollections of Grant deal with Grant's bearing during the battle of the Wilderness.

* * *

The Christmas Ladies' Home Journal far surpasses in general excellence and attractiveness any previous issue of that magazine. Its delicate toned cover most artistically symbolizes Christmas, and the sentiment and spirit of the holiday season are reflected in its pages. An appropriate opening is a characterization of "Scrooge," from Dickens' "Christmas Carol," the first of Charles Dana Gibson's series of sketches of the great novelist's best known characters. Not less interesting, and revealing the humor and pathos of the Christmas of the children of the very poor, is a page of M. F. Woolf's waifs. In sharp and bright contrast is an article by Lady Jeune, telling "What Christmas Means to Queen Victoria," and a feature of romantic interest is a delightfully illustrated article on the "Creoles of New Orleans," by Ruth McEnery Stuart. Quite as interesting is "The Garden Party of an Empress," an American woman's description of a great social function given annually by the empress of Japan. To the Christmas Journal Rosa Bonheur contributes "The Story of My Life," and special drawings and photographs, telling of her work as an [illegible] her successes and of her daily life. Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher, in the second part of the "Great Personal Events" papers, recalls "When Mr. Beecher Sold Slaves in Plymouth Pulpit," the excitement incident to those remarkable slave auctions and their wide-reaching effect being graphically detailed. The fiction is singularly inviting.

* * *

"A French Mrs. Caudle" is something of a novelty, but that they exist is shown in a humorous sketch in the Argonaut of Nov. 30. It sets forth the unexpected close of a wedding anniversary at which the husband had been entirely too attentive to one of their fair guests and ends with the most unexpected denouement.

* * *

Of the making of magazines there still continues to be no end, but no one is likely to overlook the Christmas McClure's. It presents itself in a special cover which one can scarcely fail to see, and, we may add, scarcely fail to admire. It is decorated by a line drawing by Henry McCarter in interpretation of a well-known painting of Botticelli's, and is richly printed in colors. Moreover, the number overflows with pictures, and yields a generous entertainment for a mere turning of the leaves. In the names of its contributors, also, it makes an immediate claim on one's attention not easy to resist. There is a Christmas poem by Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford; a Christmas Drumtochty story by Ian Maclaren; a second installment poem by Kipling serial and a Kipling short story; a characteristic humorous story by Frank R. Stockton; the first of Hamlin Garland's papers on Grant; and (not to attempt to note all that is notable) a most clever and graceful story by Henry Seton Merriam. The frontispiece is the earliest known portrait of Grant, lately discovered, and never before published; and there is also published for the first time a portrait of Washington painted from life at Valley Forge by Charles Willson Peale. Mr. Garland's Grant paper gets down to the real root of the matter in its portrayal of the boyhood of Grant, and justifies the claim made for Mr. Garland in this series, that his researches have been original and that most of his material is new. The account of Nansen's hardships and discoveries in getting within half a day's railroad journey of the North pole, by Cyrus A. Adams, the well-known writer on geographical subjects, also has fresh and genuine interest. The editor of the magazine gives an account of a journey over the historic highway from Jerusalem to Bethlehem, with some interesting views taken under his personal supervision.

* * *

The Christmas number of Harper's Magazine contains the following special features: "The Martin," part third, by George Du Maurier, with six illustrations from the author's drawings; "President Kruger," by Poultney Bigelow, with new portraits of President and Mrs. Kruger; "How the Law Got Into the Chaparral," by Frederic Remington, showing the Texas Rangers as pioneers of civilization in the Southwest, with seven spirited pictures by the author; "A Middle-English Nativity," by John Corbin, who will discuss miracle-plays performed by strolling actors, in which the English drama had its beginning; "Oliver Wendell Holmes," by W. D. Howells, with eight illustrations; "Wild Ducks and Tame Decoys," by Hamblen Sears, with seven illustrations by A. B. Frost; "Electricity Direct from Coal," an interesting story of the process by its inventor, Dr. William Jacques, with illustrations; six short stories: "The Romance of an Ambrotype," a story of the Civil War, by Howard Pyle, with thirteen illustrations by the author; "The Hundred," a Christmas tale of child-life and contrasted social conditions, by Gertrude Hall, with four illustrations by W. H. Hyde; "The Defeat of Amos Wickliff," the romance of a matter-of-fact sheriff, by Octave Thanet, with an illustrations by Clifford Carleton; "Weeds," a delightful humorous story of Simpkinsville, by Ruth McEnery Stuart, illustrated by W. T. Smedley; "Sunday Sam's Statute of Limitations," a Thanksgiving story, by Henry Gallup Paine; "Clavis," by Anole Trumbull Slosson; "Christmas Carol," by Nina Frances Layard; "A Chafing-dish Party," a farce, by John Kendrick Bangs, illustrated by Edward Penfield. The number is bound in an ornamental cover designed in colors by Howard Pyle.

* * *

The complete novel in the December issue of Lippincott's is "The Chase of an Heiress," by Christian Reid. The scene is in Santo Domingo, a region hitherto unfamiliar to fiction. "The Whipping of Uncle Henry" is a tale of Georgia before the war, in that original and effective vein which is peculiar to Will N. Harben. Pauline Chackleford Colyar tells a Thanksgiving story of "Two Old Boys." "How Timmy Saved the Piece," by Livingston B. Morse, records a remarkable event in theatrical annals of the humbler sort. The methods of "Shutting Out the Sea" are set forth by George Ethelbert Walsh. D. C. Macdonald writes on "The Land of Taffy," the other name of which is Wales. George J. Varney gives the history of "Our First Silver Mine," and David Bruce Fitzgerald describes "An Old Virginia Fox Hunt." "The Evolution of the Poster" is traced by Agnes Carr Sage from the beginnings of advertising, so far as known. Arthur Inkersley discusses "Anagrams." Jean Wright has a lively essay on "Flirtation as a Fine Art." The poetry of the number is by Elizabeth Crooks, Grace F. Pennypacker, Emma C. Dowd and Arthur D. F. Randolph.

* * *

Godey's Magazine for December has an especial Christmas-time flavor. The frontispiece is a reproduction of the splendid painting of Gherardo della Notte, "The Adoration of the Shepherds," a picture never before given in an American magazine. Following this is an illustrated series, "The First Christmas," by C. F. Lester, who builds his pictures upon the text of the Scriptures, "And there were in the same country shepherds abiding in the field, keeping watch over their flocks by night," etc., a noble theme to which the artist has added the charm of his art with fine effect. To those who dwell upon the coming of the Christmastide with reverence these pictures will appeal very strongly. They certainly compose a fine collection, and are worthy to be preserved. A strong special feature of this number is the article by Grace E. Drew, on "Art and Fashion in Dinner Giving." This contribution gives so much valuable information that the homemaker woman who does not read it will lose a great deal that is worth the knowing. The subject has been thoroughly digested, is amply illustrated with pictures of the dinner table properly and improperly arranged, and covers almost every contingency that may arise to perplex and annoy a hostess. One who reads and masters the contents of this article need never fear to undertake a dinner. Another subject of especial interest in this issue is "American Women Harpists," by Frederic Reddall, fully illustrated with the portraits of women who have mastered the harp. It will be found timely and to the point. Two Christmas stories brighten the number.

* * *

The December number of the Atlantic Monthly opens with a very clear study of the most important social problem that confronts us—"Social Classes in the Republic," by E. L. Godkin, of New York. Professor B. L. Gildersleeve, of the Johns Hopkins university, writes an article, partly reminiscent and partly prophetic, on "Classical Studies in the United States." There are in this number three notable personal studies: Professor Kittredge, the associate of the late Professor Child at Harvard university, writes an appreciative article about this great scholar's work and life. William Sharp, from the point of view of a personal acquaintance and a student, writes of the late poet and artist, William Morris; the "Man and His Work." Bradford Torrey, the well-known writer on outdoor life, makes a present-day estimate and appreciation of Thoreau apropos of the appearance of a beautifully illustrated edition of Thoreau's "Cape Cod." In addition to these articles, there is a notable paper by Mrs. Mary Caroline Robbins, the author of "The Rescue of an Old Place," and a special student of outdoor decoration, on "The Art of Public Improvement." Other bright articles make up an interesting number.

* * *

John Gilliat, of Boston, has written a strong story for the current number of "Tales From Town Topics." "On the Altar of Passion" is a title that inspires curiosity in itself; and a perusal of the tale brings to light a variety of character studies that are more than interesting. Mr. Gilliat is evidently a cynic of the first water. Some of his characters are of the same mould, but they are clever cynics, who always have something sprightly to say and occasionally spout epigrams worthy of the company of a French court. By way of contrast to the cynicism—one may call it the bitterness—of an up-to-date society story, Mr. Gilliat gives us, in the earlier pages of his narrative, as dainty and tender a love-scene as ever refreshed a weary mind. The spice of a perilously close approach to indiscretion indulged in by a pair of too-devoted and world-weary married people is atoned for by their sudden determination to forsake the pursuit of illusory joys and obey the laws of the society they have learned to despise. Some decidedly pathetic reconciliations follow, and the reader closes the book with a feeling that he has been cleverly entertained and taught a profitable lesson or two besides. "On the Altar of Passion" is by turns sensuous, dramatic, sad, sprightly and convincing.

* * *

This is the season of the year when the various magazines are announcing their new and important features for the forthcoming year. Among the various periodicals which have issued announcements of this character, none strikes us as deserving of more attention than the announcement that has just reached us from the office of the Bookman. The publishers of this enterprising magazine have secured for 1897 a new serial story by Henry Seton Merriam, author of "The Sowers," entitled, "In Kedar's Tents." The great popularity which Mr. Merriman's "Sowers" has won for him in England and America makes a serial from his pen one of the events of the coming year. A pleasing series is also announced on American Bookmen, being familiar and critical studies of the life and work of some of the great New England writers, Longfellow, Lowell, Whittier, Holmes, Emerson, etc. Other attractive features are promised, and the Bookman in 1897 promises to be most readable literary magazine.

* * *

Either of the two complete stories in Outing for December would be worth the price of the magazine. In the "Pectoral Cross," a tale of the stage, by Justine Ingersoll, we are given a view of the play of passion behind the scenes, together with some masterly character sketching. This story will be read and appreciated. Another capital tale is "Zinto," by H. F. Munn. It deals with the Indians of Great Slave Lake, and sustains its interest to the end. "Hare Hunting," by Ed W. Sandys; "American Amateur Athletes of '96," by W. B. Curtis; "Golf in America to Date," by Price Collier, and "Racing Schooners," by R. B. Burchard, are among the prominent features of a strong number.

* * *

The December Arena is a brilliant number. It opens with a well written and eminently sensible article on "The Relation of Art to Religion," by the widely known sculptor, William Ordway Partridge, and closes with another of Will Allen Drumgoole's inimitable short stories entitled "Sweet 'Lasses," in which, as usual, the humor and pathos are deliciously blended. Within these limits are to be found valuable papers on a great variety of subjects, in proof of which it is sufficient to cite merely the names of some of their writers: Professor Frank Parsons, of Boston university School of Law; Edward Everett Hale, D.D., Mary A. Livermore, Lilian Whiting, Camille Flammarion, the great French astronomer, Eltweed Pomeroy, B. O. Flower, Ellen M. Henrotin, etc. Camille Flammarion contributes a psychical romance of great interest, entitled "A Celestial Love." There are two fine portraits of William Morris and Rev. E. A. Horton.

## FAITH IN FATHER.

### Good Story About Jerry Simpson's Son.

No one in Jerry Simpson's district took a keener interest in the election than the 16-year-old son of the congressman-elect, says a Wichita, Kan., dispatch to the Chicago Chronicle. The fight between Simpson and Chester I. Long, the Republican nominee, was a warm one, and it was watched by young Simpson with keenest interest. Simpson was unable to return to his home in Medicine Lodge for several weeks previous to election. On the very day of the election Long and Simpson, both residents of the same town, traveled homeward together and after arriving at Medicine Lodge at noon, the latter cast his vote, went home, washed his face, put on a clean shirt and sat down to one of those superb chicken and cranberry dinners that have made Mrs. Simpson famous as a cook all over Medicine Lodge. After Mr. Simpson had disposed of two thighs, a wing, a breast and a gizzard or two of chicken, he turned his attention to domestic affairs, and, addressing his heir, said:

"My son what has become of your watch?"

"Bet it on the election," said the boy, filling his dish with sauce.

"And the ring I gave you last Christmas?" said Jerry.

"Up on the election, too," said the young hopeful.

"And the pony?" said Jerry.

"I put him up to say that Barber county would give Simpson a majority.

"And the saddle, what has became of that?"

"Oh, the saddle is all right, if a certain man named Simpson carries Harper county by 200."

"And the shot gun?" suggested Jerry.

"Up against $6 that Long wouldn't carry Sedgwick county."

"Have you anything at all left?" said Jerry.

"The clothing I am wearing and an extra shirt," said the boy.

"What has become of your little bank account?"

"Staked on the political fortunes of my house," said the boy. "I wish I had some more money, for two men down at the livery barn have a hundred to say that Long is elected."

Jerry Simpson sipped his coffee meditatively, and, rising from the table, took out his check book and gave the boy $100. In a short time the boy came back and said:

"Pop, those livery stable boys say they would like to have another $100 of Simpson's money."

Jerry wrote another check, and in ten minutes the boy, having placed it, came back and said:

"I have bet 'em to a standstill. They want odds now."

"How much?" said Jerry.

"They want me to give 'em 1000 majority."

"Oh, that's all right," said Jerry, as he made out a check for another hundred.

The boy placed it and after that no more bets were offered.

Simpson's boy now wears diamonds.


EVERY-DAY EXCURSIONS

To all parts of the world can be arranged for any day in the year, for one or more persons, upon application to any principal ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Itineraries carefully prepared for excursions to California, Florida, Mexico, China, Japan, and to any part of Europe. Estimates furnished, including all expenses. Tickets furnished for the complete journey. It is not necessary to wait for any so-called "Personally Conducted Excursions." In these days of progressive enlightenment, with the English language spoken in every land under the sun, one does not need to depend upon the services of guides for sight-seeing, but can go it alone or in small family parties, with great comfort and security, and at one's own convenience. Write to J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, St. Paul, Minn., for details if you are contemplating a trip.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.


# SCAFFOLD

### Most Famous Instruments of Death on the American Continent.

### Grim and Ghastly Fixtures at Fort Smith, Arkansas, and Fahlequah, I. T.

### Some Nervy Criminals Who Ended Their Bloody Lives There.

The most famous instrument of death on this continent is located at Fort Smith, Ark., says the New York Herald. The next, in point of grewsome interest, is situated less than 200 miles distant from it, at Tahlequah, in the Cherokee nation, Indian territory. The Fort Smith scaffold is notorious because of its long and horrible death record. The Tahlequah scaffold is simply unique because, when not in use, it is a playground for the sheriff's children, and birds make their nests and rear their young on the very beam from which hangs the executioner's rope.

The penitentiary at Tahlequah, the capital of the Cherokee nation, its buildings, inclosure, prisoners, penal system, in fact everything connected with it, is the antithesis of the conception which people outside the territory have generally formed of what a penal institution should be. The penitentiary proper is an old-fashioned, square, 2-story house of gray sandstone, with double bars at each of its large, square windows. It stands near the southeast corner of a patch of ground an acre in extent, which is surrounded on four sides by a rough, dilapidated board fence, ten feet high.

A great woodpile in the center of the prison yard is, next to the tall scaffold in the northwest corner, the most conspicuous feature of the place. On this woodpile prisoners and guards fraternize in a familiar sort of way, though the guards never for a moment relax their vigilance or a firm grip on their ugly brown Winchesters. In addition to the guards at the prisoners' elbows, there is a heavily armed patrol, mounted on a sort of shelf running along the inside of the fence at a distance of three feet from its top. All of the officials, guards and prisoners are Indians of full or mixed blood.

The carelessness of the guards is partly assumed. The slightest suspicious movement on the part of a prisoner intent on escape would attract to himself a shower of Winchester bullets. A knowledge of this fact has a deterrent effect on the prisoners, though young Jim Cook did escape about eighteen months ago, and succeeded in eluding his pursuers for several days.

The scaffold is a permanent fixture, constructed of rough lumber, with a view to withstanding the elements. The "drop" is merely a rough door set in the floor, and hinged so that when a bolt is drawn underneath it falls downward, and the condemned falls with it.

The strangest thing about this scaffold to one unfamiliar with the peculiar penal system of this part of the Indian territory is the fact that the children of the sheriff play around and beneath it, while birds build their nests in a bird box, fastened by one of the prisoners, nailed on one of the supports. A colony of feathered songsters have made merry all summer under the sloping roof of this grim instrument of death.

The scaffold at Fort Smith holds the world's record for executions by hanging. Ninety-five times in a quarter of a century has its great beam trembled under the heavy fall of a human body shooting down to death.

This scaffold is a weather-beaten, giant-timbered structure, surrounded by a fence eighteen feet high. It faces to the north, with its rear planted against the gray stone walls which enclosed the old reservation away back in the days when the warwhoop of the Indians made the shores of the Arkansas echo with vibrant horror. It is protected by a roof that slants down to and rests upon the top of this wall.

One ghastly peculiarity about the Fort Smith scaffold is that the demand for its services by the criminal court has been so continuous that it is never taken down. Another peculiarity is that it is so constructed that if necessary six men could be executed at once without taxing its capacity. The trap door through which the condemned is dropped to death is double, with a four-foot opening extending the full width of the scaffold. The mechanism of ropes and weights is operated by a lever from the platform, and the executioner at the last moment stands with one hand on the condemned man's arm and the other on the lever. The fall is usually about seven feet, and in most cases the neck is instantly broken.

Nine-tenths of all the murderers who have stepped on its double trap to meet their fate have plunged into the unknown with lies on their lips. Old George Maledon, whose hand ushered eighty-eight men into eternity from the Fort Smith scaffold, declared that he never hanged an innocent man. The one fact above all others that impressed itself upon his stoical mind was that, though indisputably guilty, all, with rare exceptions, declared with their last breath their innocence of the crime for which they died.

"Another thing," once said Maledon to me "is that every man of the eighty-eight weakened. Some of them had to be carried to the scaffold. Charlie Finch, a negro, was brave enough till he got to the scaffold. Before leaving the prison he tried to escape, and fought the keepers, but he collapsed at the last minute."

There has never been any but the flimsiest basis for the many remarkable stories sent out from Fort Smith in former years concerning the scaffold scenes. The men who have met a just fate on this scaffold have been for the most part the worst product of our border civilization, criminals by heredity, murderers by training, the desperadoes, stage robbers and cutthroats, who in the last half century have invariably been cast up like a black, slimy froth on the advance wave of our Western and trans-Sierran civilization.

A conspicuous example of his class was Jack Childers, who went to his death with a cigar in his mouth, the nerviest of all the hardened array of criminals that followed him. Jack Spaniard was another. He removed his boots before he was pinioned and stepped upon the trap. He, too, had tried to delay his execution until after the time fixed by law.

He fought the jailers when they attempted to take him from his cell, and endeavored to brain a keeper with a stool. He met his fate in his stocking feet, because, as he told Maledon, he didn't want his friends to say that he had died, as they always said he would, with his boots on.

It was in 1871 that the weirdest episode in the history of Fort Smith executions occured. It was in connection with the execution of Jack Childers. The day was clear, with brilliant sunlight everywhere except around the scaffold and overhead, where a patch of dense black clouds obscured the sun. Out over the river, on the hills beyond, and behind on the clustered dwellings of the little town of Fort Smith the sun shone with unbroken splendor. Childers had persistently refused to admit his guilt, though prayed with and besought by a little Baptist minister, who had visited him daily for two months.

As he stepped on the trap door a light drizzling rain began to fall. Just as the cap was being drawn over his face, Childers turned to the minister and said:

"I did kill that feller, but all the witnesses lied about it."

The next instance his body shot down as the trap fell clattering against the beams, while at the same instance a flash of lightening, so vivid, and a peal of thunder so terrific that it prostrated half a dozen persons, leaped from the dark cloud overhead in the smiling sky.

The negroes, and they constituted about one-half of the assembled thousands, declared, and believe to this day, that the elemental outburst was Satan's welcome to the unrepentant soul of Jack Childers.

## DECEMBER DRIBLETS.

Indianapolis Journal: He stood as if carved from stone.

Those who knew the circumstances manifested no surprise.

He had just been chiseled out of his rocks.

Up to Date: Miss Sharpe—I celebrate my twenty-fourth birthday tomorrow. Miss Oldage—Indeed! And isn't it singular? So do I! Miss Sharpe—Oh, but I celebrate mine for the first time.

Chicago Tribune: "How did the vegetarians' congress go off?"

"All right until the last day, when some kind-hearted, but thoughtless person invited the delegates to go out and visit the hog killing establishments."

Washington Star: "Some people seem to believe that it is witty to say 'I don't think' every time anybody ventures an observation."

"Yes," replied Miss Pepperton, "and in most cases it isn't witty at all. It's merely a commonplace utterance of truth."

Philadelphia North American: "Young man," said the father, "you no doubt feel that in refusing you my daughter's hand I am doing you a wrong?"

"I do, sir."

"But I'm not, my boy. Maude is the exact counterpart of her mother."

Chicago Record: "What makes you say that women have more sense than men?" "Well, you haven't seen any women riding around town in wheelbarrows since the election, have you?"

Detroit Free Press: "Here, take my seat, lady," said the little boy on the car as he sprang from his father's knee and doffed his hat.

The lady looked like a blush rose, the women giggled, and the father signaled the conductor to stop and half a dozen men stood up while urging the lady to sit down.

Cleveland Leader: "I understand that the Dudleys have parted. What's the trouble?"

"She claims that he abused her."

"You don't say so! How?"

"He always plugged his ears full of cotton whenever he entered the house."

Indianapolis Journal: "Why don't you get a job of work?" asked the purse-proud plutocrat. "I don't dare to contribute to such a great, husky, healthy fellow as you are. Now, if you were paralyzed, for instance—"

"Me friend," interrupted Dismal Dawson, "if you want to help a paralyzed man there ain't a williner soul on earth than me to git that way."

Indianapolis Journal: "Would you believe it, I didn't sleep a day on the whole trip across the ocean?"

"How's that?"

"I slept nights!"

Atlanta Constitution: Mr. Poorly—This 'ere wall'll fall down ef ye don't fix it; th' cracks are enormous.

Landlord—All right. I'll have it papered at once.

Detroit Tribune: "Nothing shall part us," she murmured. An hour elapsed. "Go," she said. In that brief hour she had grown cold, through the machinations of a cruel father. You see he machinated with the furnace, cutting off all the heat from the front parlor.

Chicago Record: "Which do you consider more valorous, Mr. Rusher, a soldier or a football player?"

"Great Scott! soldiers have only to fight wild Indians; we have to down wild Americans."

Detroit Free Press: "I've quit selling bicycles on the installment plan," said the dealer to an applicant.

"Why's that?"

"Our machines are of such a superior quality that we are never able to catch the fellows that owe us."

Yonkers Statesman: Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Are you sure you came straight home from the office last night, John?

Mr. Crimsonbeak—Well as straight as I could, dear.

Washington Star: "I think," said the comedian, "that some of the humor which I have introduced is strictly up to date."

"Yes," replied the friend, who has a gentle method of saying unkind things, "there is no doubt of that. There is a great popular craze for the antique, at present."

Chicago Record: "Did I ever tell you how I got licked in school once?"

"No."

"Well, I got it. You see half a dozen of us boys arranged to jump on the teacher at a given signal, and—"

"You were the only one that jumped?"

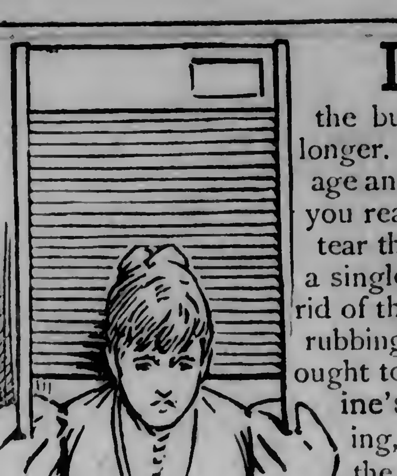
"Exactly!"

## MORE VALUABLE DEAD.

London Telegraph: Sid Wemyss Reid tells a story redolent of a grim shrewdness of canny Novocastrians: "There was a worthy, long since forgotten, in my time who was a prototype of Rogue Riderhood in 'Our Mutual Friend.' He was known as Cuckoo Jack, and he lived upon the Tyne in a well-patched old boat, picking up any trifle that came his way from a derelict corpse. One day an elderly and most estimable Quaker of Newcastle, in stepping from a river steamboat to the quay, slipped and fell into the stream. Cuckoo Jack was at hand with his boat, and quickly rescued the luckless Friend and landed him dripping on the quay. The good man drew half a crown from his pocket and solemnly handed it to his preserver. Jack eyed the coin for a moment with lack-luster gaze, spat upon it solemnly 'for luck,' and, having placed it safely in his pocket, said in a matter-of-fact tone to the soaked Quaker: 'Man, Ah'd hev gotten five shillin' for takin' ye to the deadhoose.'"


Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers.





Don't bear the burden of the wash-board any longer. Hasn't it caused enough damage and trouble and weariness? Do you realize the amount of wear and tear that it brings to your clothes in a single year? Get Pearline—get rid of the wash-board and that eternal rubbing. Be a free woman. You ought to see for yourself that Pearline's easy way of washing—soaking, boiling, rinsing—is better for the clothes and better for you. 513

Millions NOW USE Pearline


NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Soren Halvorsen, unmarried, mortgagor, to the Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, dated May 8th, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 8th, 1893, at three (3) o'clock p. m., in Book 124 of mortgages on page 43, which said mortgage was assigned by the Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company to Morgan M. Lewis, by an instrument of assignment dated June 8th, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 10th, 1893, at eight-thirty (8:30) o'clock a. m., in Book 55 of mortgages, on page 309, such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest and in the non-payment of the sum of thirty-six and 19-100 (36.19) dollars for taxes for the years 1893, 1894 and 1895, which had become and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent and were paid by the legal representatives of the assignee of the mortgagee in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, on November 2nd, 1896, and there is claimed to be due and is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred ninety-three and 76-100 (293.76) dollars, principal, interest and taxes paid, and

Whereas, the undersigned, Benjamin V. Lewis and John F. Lewis, were appointed and have qualified as administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, deceased, assignee of said mortgagee, and said administrators have filed a certified copy dated January 10th, 1895, of their appointment in the register of deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, which said instrument was recorded on January 23rd, 1896, at ten-twenty (10:20) o'clock a. m., in Book 122 of deeds on page 197 and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All that part of lot one hundred and eighty (180), in block numbered ninety-eight (98), Duluth Proper, Second Division, which lies within one hundred (100) feet of the southerly line of Third street and within twenty-five (25) feet of the southwesterly line of said lot, being a rectangular piece of land 25x100 feet in size, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt, interest and taxes paid and twenty-five (25) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on December 29th, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided for by law.

Dated November 11th, 1896.

BENJAMIN V. LEWIS and JOHN. F. LEWIS.
Administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, deceased, assignee of Mortgagee.
TOWNE & DAVIS.
Attorneys for Administrators,
103-106 Duluth Trust Co., building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-14-21-28-Dec-5-12-19-26.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, dated July 9th, 1894, made, executed and delivered by James G. McNab, guardian of the estate of Archibald Buchannan, an insane person, mortgagor, to the Duluth Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July 9th, 1894, at three thirty (3:30) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty (120) of mortgages, on page one hundred forty-three (143), which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by said Duluth Trust Company to Persis C. Thomas, by an instrument in writing, dated July 26th, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, on July 27th, 1894, at eight fifteen (8:15) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred thirty-two (132) of mortgages, on page sixty-six (66), and,

Whereas, said mortgage provides that if default shall be made in the payment of the principal, interest, or the taxes, or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, its successors or assigns, to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the taxes for the years 1894 and 1895, which had become due and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent, and amounted to the sum of thirty-seven and 31-100 (37.31) dollars, which said sum was paid by the undersigned assignee of mortgagee, on October 23rd, 1896, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, by reason whereof the undersigned assignee of said mortgagee has elected to exercise said option, and has heretofore duly declared and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon, together with the sum paid for taxes, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage to be now due and payable, and,

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice, the sum of three hundred forty-five and 21-100 (345.21) dollars, principal, interest and taxes paid, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land situate and being in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Lot numbered thirty (30), in block numbered seventy-nine (79), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file in the office of the register of deeds, in and for said county and state, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes paid on said premises, and twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of December, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided for by law.

Dated Oct. 28th, 1896.

PERSIS C. THOMAS,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company building,
Duluth, Minn.
Published in Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 31, Nov. 7, 14, 21, 28, Dec. 5, 12.


First National Bank
OF DULUTH.
United States Government Depositary.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.
Money Sent to All Parts of the World.
Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.


MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred fifty-eight and 66-100 ($158.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Sterle, mortgagor, to Frank Galop, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of September, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of September, 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 93 of mortgages on page 129; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered five (5), village of Hibbing, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the ninth day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred fifty-eight and 66-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and ten dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November 21st, A. D. 1896.

FRANK GALOP,
Mortgagee.
CHESTER McKUSICK,
Attorney for the Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-21-28-Dec-5-12-19-26.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, dated July 9th, 1894, executed and delivered by James G. McNab, guardian of the estate of Archibald Buchannan, an insane person, mortgagor, to the Duluth Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July 9th, 1894, at three thirty (3:30) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty (120) of mortgages, on page one hundred forty-five (145), which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by the said Duluth Trust Company to Morgan M. Lewis, by an instrument in writing, dated September 5th, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds on September 6th, 1894, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred thirty-two (132) of mortgages, on page seventy-one (71), and,

Whereas said mortgage provides that if default shall be made in the payment of the principal, interest or the taxes, or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, its successors or assigns, to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the taxes for the years 1894 and 1895, which had become due and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent and amounted to the sum of forty and 46-100 (40.46) dollars, which said sum was paid by the undersigned on October 23rd, 1896, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, by reason whereof the undersigned, the legal representatives and holders of said mortgage, have elected to exercise said option and have heretofore duly declared and do hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, together with the sum paid for taxes in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage to be now due and payable, and,

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice, the sum of three hundred forty-eight and 33-100 (348.33) dollars, principal, interest and taxes paid, and no action or proceedings, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and,

Whereas, the undersigned Benjamin V. Lewis and John F. Lewis were duly appointed and have duly qualified as administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, deceased, the said assignee of said mortgage, and that said administrators have filed a duly certified copy dated January 10th, 1895, of their appointment in the office of the register of deeds, for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, which said instrument was recorded on January 23rd, 1896, at ten twenty (10:20) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred twenty-two (122) of deeds, on page one hundred ninety-seven (197),

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land situate and being in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Lot numbered thirty-two (32), in block numbered seventy-nine (79), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds, in and for said county and state, which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes paid on said premises, and twenty-five (25.00) dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, on the 15th day of December, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided for by law.

Dated October 28th, 1896.

BENJAMIN V. LEWIS AND JOHN F. LEWIS,
Administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.
TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Administrators,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company building,
Duluth, Minn.
Published in Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 31, Nov. 7, 14, 21, 28, Dec. 5, 12.

BOLERO JACKETS.

The opening week of the opera serves a double purpose in the fashionable world, since it practically inaugurates the season for evening dress and supplies the lesser lights of fashion with many valuable hints for their future costumes, says the New York Sun. If it is true that the most artistically dressed women are those who fairly sacrifice their beauty sleep trying to think of something which is not worn rather than something which is, it is also true that the majority of women copy rather than originate, and are only too glad to survey the boxes with their opera glasses in search of pretty ideas for practical use.

Delicate colors, with white in the lead, are, as usual, most favored for opera gowns, and soft satin gowns embroidered with jet in fanciful designs and black satin dresses covered with black Brussels net and finished with a belt of colored velvet are very popular. Some shade of red is the usual finish with artificial flowers in the same color at the neck. Narrow ruches of net with a line of jet or silver spangles in the center trim the skirt very prettily, and one of the latest fancies is to have the sleeves quite different in design and material. One may be a round wired puff of satin like the gown, and the other made of narrow ruffles or chiffon covered by a fall of lace or with a double chiffon frill, tied upon the shoulder with a satin ribbon bow.

ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS.

Artificial flowers fine laces jewelled laces and embroideries, and beaded effects of all sorts are decided features of evening dress this season, and epaulets of flowers are seen on some gowns with garnitures of flowers on the skirts outlining an imaginary tablier or festooned in graceful curves around the front. Soft taffeta ribbons in delicate tints are used in loops with the lace and chiffon frills for a finish at the neck, and belts of various widths, made of satin, velvet or beaded embroidery are very much in evidence. The satin and velvet belts are formed with the usual bias folds and a very novel effect is gained by using satin of various colors, making each fold different, yet arranging them all so that the whole shall be a pretty harmony rather than a series of contrasts.

Bodices of colored miroir velvet, embroidered all over in jet and silver and finished with sleeves and neck trimmings of jetted and silver-spangled black net and chiffon ruffles which match the velvet in color, are worn with black satin skirts. Lace waists over white, with short bolero and apaulet effects of material like the skirt, embroidered with beads, are very good style, and many of the light satin gowns have bodices entirely covered with lace sleeves also of lace, and a belt of jewelled embroidery or plain velvet in a contrasting color.

LACE FLOUNCES.

Lace flounces which have been treasured for years are now brought out to decorate the front of evening gowns, being arranged to cover the tablier or festooned across the front of the bottom, or falling in jabot effect down either side. Lace and fur are used in combination in evening gowns, and one very pretty dress is of white Liberty silk, very fine and only a little thicker than gauze. The under dress is of rose silk, and rows of yellow Maltese lace insertion, headed with a tiny band of sable, trim the skirt, sleeves and bodice, which has a bertha made of alternate rows of insertion and silk and edged with fur. Rose pink velvet forms the belt. One of the most unusual novelties in evening dress this season is the long sleeve of some gossamer material, usually lisse, with lace embroidery scattered over it, or lisse alone fashioned into shape with innumerable tucks and bouillones, a puff at the top and a point over the hand with a lace frill. This sort of sleeve is especially favored for dinner dresses, and can be made with the lower part adjustable, to be taken out when a short sleeve is desired.

MANY SHADES USED.

Pale yellow, shell pink and purple, in every tint from mauve to the deepest shade, are popular colors for evening gowns, and yellow made striking by a touch of green is one of the new combinations. Green gowns with velvet belt and finish are also worn, and one Parisian costume is of grass green tulle over green silk, with a belt of white satin and black velvet. The satin is arranged in folds, to form the upper part of the belt, and the velvet the lower. The frill around the neck is of black net embroidered with jet. The lower sleeve is of white silk muslin shirred and embroidered with jet, and the puff at the top is of green tulle.

Unfortunately for the comfort of crowded ball rooms, long and demi-trains have made their appearance again, and these skirts are cut to fit closely over the hips, and gored to flow out gracefully at the back, where the fullness is drawn into a narrow space at the waist. If the silk of which the gown is made is not of the stand-alone variety, an interlining of light flannel makes the train hang much better. Haircloth is still used as a facing to set the skirt out around the bottom. Everything in fashion which is rich, elegant and expensive is comprised in the season's plan of evening dress but there is a great advantage in this for those who must carefully count the cost of their evening outfit, for it helps the scheme of renovating old gowns in the most satisfactory manner. Nets, chiffon, and tulle can be made to cover all the defects of a last season's silk and the wide belts of colored velvet and jewelled laces make a transformation in the bodice. Certainly when the sleeves need not be alike, fashion furnishes a great opportunity for using odd bits of material.

MANY NEW FABRICS.

There is no end of variety in thin fabrics for evening wear this season. Striped and plain gauzes, grenadines, crepe de chine and Russian nets in various patterns all come in lovely colors and textures, and any woman who is at all expert with the needle can bead her own lace and embroidery with comparatively little expense. Colored and white chiffons, with detached patterns of yellow lace scattered over, make dainty and stylish bodices for any sort of silk skirt, if the color is carefully chosen. Gowns of Russian net and tulle are sometimes made with a skirt of chiffon between the net and silk lining, making three skirts in one; but they are so carefully fitted around the hips that they are not at all clumsy.

A refreshing tendency in the fashions for evening dress this season is the harmony of color brought about by using several shades of one color, with a note of black or some contrasting color to bring out the effect. Satins, with raised patterns of velvet in varying shades of the same color, make very elegant gowns with the pompadour pointed waist and a finish of jewelled tulle and handsome lace around the neck and over the sleeves. One model among the new evening gowns has a pink satin skirt with small, soft, pink roses, without foliage outlining the seams down either side of the front and a full bodice of pink chiffon barred across with two braids of pink satin, embroidered with silver beads and spangles. More pink roses trim the neck, with a frill of chiffon, and a green velvet belt finishes the waist.

PALE PINK HAWTHORNE.

Pale pink hawthorne is a pretty flower for decoration, and this appears on a cream white spotted net made over pink silk. Among the models illustrated is a bodice of white tulle with black belt and bows, with pink hawthorne falling over the sleeves and front of waist. Black chiffon, spangled with red, combined with black satin, forms the next bodice, and quite the prettiest one of all is made of yellow miroir velvet beaded with imitation topazes and brilliants, with jet in the beaded finish around the edge. The sleeves are of velvet, and the vest and chemisette of cream lace. This is worn with a plain skirt of black moire brocade. Accordion-plaited chiffon, edged with black lace, in any fancied color may be used for the next model, with a band of jet and a black satin bow for the finish. A white moire brocade gown shows a white chiffon waist with deep pointed corselet of embroidery, and sleeves of chiffon beaded and gathered into an epaulette cap and finished with accordion-plaited frills.

WHITE SATIN POPULAR.

White satin makes another very pretty gown with a tablier front of cream bespangled chiffon over white, finished on either side with satin ribbon laid in folds, and a bow at the lower edge. The bodice is beaded around the neck and on the points which fasten over a full underbodice of chiffon with tiny buckles, and the chiffon sleeves are shirred and very long. A stylish evening dress in black, white and yellow shows accordion-plaited flounces of white chiffon around the yellow satin skirt; a white chiffon waist with a bertha of the same frills headed by a black satin band; the wide belt is also of black satin.

The variety of neck novelties for transforming a plain silk bodice into something suitable for evening wear is beyond description, but there are few illustrations which may help to solve the problem, which often seems so hopeless: Chiffon and white satin ribbon form the first combination, and another more elaborate affair has a zouave effect of Russian guipure, with velvet bands, and flounces of Mechlin lace. Gauze, ribbon, chiffon and lace fashioned together like the third model have a very good effect, and a simple theater waist of crinkled chiffon is trimmed with bands of black velvet, edged with cream lace.

The opera cloaks are very elegant this season, but as usual they are in every possible size, shape and colors, with gorgeous flowering, is the leading material, but velvet and cloth garments take their place in the motley throng, and chinchilla, ermine and the cheaper grades of light fur are used in the trimmings.

THE NEWEST CAPES.

## THE CZARINA'S GOWN.

### A Tailor Made Costume of White Broadcloth.

The czarina of Russia has left behind her no more startling evidence of her tastes in her recent European tour than the fashion of wearing a white visiting gown, says the New York World. In Paris, London and every large city which the czarina visited this amazing fashion has since sprung up, to the great astonishment of the more conservative portions of society. The empress of all the Russias is called at home, as everybody knows, the "White Czarina" because of her remarkable fondness for white costumes. At dinner, at balls, at the opera, at receptions given in her honor, the empress almost invariably appears in white, and most exquisitely it becomes her, if report be true. All this is within the bounds of conventionality, but when the beautiful empress defied convention and appeared on the street in a gown of pure, unrelieved white, she asserted her own individuality in a most pronounced fashion, and set an example which the most fashionable leaders of European society have lost no time in following. Now the white visiting gown is the newest and favorite innovation that has received the stamp of royal approval. A few closely resembling the original gown worn by the empress have been ordered by up-to-date New York women and will doubtless appear upon the avenue within a few weeks. At present the best idea which can be obtained of the new fashion must be gotten from a description of the empress' own gown.

COSTUME IS TAILOR-MADE.

White broadcloth was chosen as the material from which this extraordinary costume was made by the empress' favorite tailor. Broadcloth of a heavy quality enough to resist the biting winds of Russia, and at the same time so soft and silky that one might fancy it to be of a feather's weight. Though a trifle too elaborate to be called strictly a "tailor-made" gown, it has yet all the exquisite finish and consummate art of the most absolutely tailor-mode production. Its special beauty lies, of course, in the fact that its snowy whiteness is unrelieved by the slightest touch of color. Every piece of lining is of delicate white silk, which makes the costume quite dainty enough for the most fastidious bride. Indeed, did a bride choose to be married in a visiting gown, what more charmingly appropriate costume than this of white broadcloth?

EMBROIDERED IN WHITE SILK.

The skirt of this dainty gown is very plain and very full. Its only trimming consists of a V-shaped pattern on the front breadth of white silk embroidery. The embroidery is most rich and heavy, and represents hours of toil by skillful artist hands.

Embroidery precisely similar is lavishly used on the bodice. A most artistically cut yoke is entirely covered with it, as is also a narrow pointed belt. The bodice itself is draped so cleverly as not to interrupt the curves of the figure, while in the back it is perfectly plain and, of course, exquisitely fitting.

The sleeves are a study by themselves. They are slightly draped according to the newest mode, and taper prettily towards the wrist, being rather long as is appropriate for an outdoor costume. The upper part is concealed by epaulets, also embroidered in white silk.

WITH BLACK PICTURE HAT.

Oddly enough it suited the empress' fancy to wear with this not white headgear, but a picture hat of sober black. The wide hat of black velvet, laden with graceful dusky plumes, is perhaps the most becoming hat a woman can wear, as the czarina doubtless well knows. It is infinitely prettier than a white chapeau would be, and the contrast with the pure whiteness of the gown is considered most artistic by all who have seen it.

When furs are worn with the white costume ermine is, of course, chosen, both as having a royal air of its own and because of its being the fur that would match a pure white costume. In her snowy white broadcloth, her delicate face shaded by an enormous black picture hat of unusual richness, with a deep ermine cape, heavily satin-lined, the empress is said to present so lovely a picture that it is no wonder all Europe should immediately fall to admiring her and to imitating, as fast as possible her favorite fancy. And now that the furore for white visiting gowns has reached New York the czarina's position as a leader of fashion may be said to be acknowledged by the whole world, or all that part of it which interests itself in clothes.

STOCKINGS OF A PRINCESS.

Princess Eulalia, the Spanish infanta, is renowned for her exquisite fastidiousness in matters of dress. Nothing is too dainty, costly or unheard of for her to elevate by her caprice to the height of fashion. Recently this much-imitated princess excited the envy and emulation of every lady in Paris by the designs of some silk stockings which she ordered to be made for her in the French metropolis. They comprise the princess' winter outfit of hosiery and include many dozens of both plain and fancy design. Lace ribbon and fine embroidery were freely used in their embellishment, and the result is one of the most exquisite collections of hose that ever belonged to a royal wardrobe.

Of course there were scores of black stockings, but one of the prettiest designs of all was made of silk of a cobweby texture, trimmed with an applique of Renaissance lace which extended from knee to toe, the pattern being traced in seed pearls. Another pair had an applique of heavier lace and a design in gold threads worked around the edges of the lace.

Then there were numberless pairs of white silk stockings. One pair had heavy clocks worked in yellow silk and a tiny all-over pattern embroidered in the same silk. A pair which was of a deliciously creamy shade had pink roses embroidered all over them in the natural colors, even the pale green leaves not being overlooked in the reproduction.

COLORED STOCKINGS.

The colored stockings included every hue of the rainbow and many more besides. Every gay colored gown that the princess has chosen for her brilliant and characteristically Spanish outfit during the coming winter must of course have its own set of stockings to match. It is no wonder that the Parisian ladies were constrained to admire the result. One pair of scarlet stockings was especially admired. They had appliques of dentelle stripes so arranged that they diminished very much at the ankle and flared at the calf to give graceful lines to the leg. Another effective design was a delicately ribbed affair of pale lilac, with heavy spiral bands of solidly worked purple embroidery. Altogether it will be seen that the stockings of a princess are well worth imitation.

EVENING BODICES.

Evening bodices are the ruling passion of the moment. Now that she is brought to realize the exigencies of theater, opera and horse show, the young woman who has not fortified herself for the strain of these few weeks is anathematizing her dressmaker and pretending that she is laid up with a cold. The wise virgin, on the other hand, has dozens of the pretty affairs, among which she has wide liberty of choice and can appear in a new bodice every evening. Fashions were never so alluring, nor the evening bodice ever in half so perfect a stage of development. As it appears the present season, it offers so many and so varied styles that the whole of fashionable New York could be clothed in evening bodices and yet the styles not be half exhausted.

IMPORTANCE OF SLEEVES.

As usual, the forms in which the bodice appears resolve themselves after all into a matter of sleeves. As the bodice amounts to but little when it has no pretension of a sleeve, so the sleeve that it may have determines its character and decides its styles. An awkward sleeve settles the unhappy fate of many an otherwise charming bodice, while a dainty sleeve may be the saving touch of one that is otherwise hopelessly commonplace. But this is in the province of the dressmaker rather than of the wearer or observer. It is said merely to call attention to the sleeves of the new bodices which are reproduced in the accompanying illustration. They are th every newest importations from the Parisian creators of modes, and represent the very topmost notch of fashion in the line of gowns.

One of the most prominent fashions embodied in an especially pretty bodice is the Medici collar, which is always a becoming addition, but particularly so when made of delicate Mechlin lace, as in this new bodice. The bodice is cut squarely decollette in front, but high in back to admit of the collar. Pearl-colored crepe is the material, which is found to make particularly graceful fluted sleeves and a puffed front. Pearl embroidery is combined with the lace in the further decoration of the bodice, and a pearl tiara should be worn with it. It is an exquisite affair.

OF GOLD EMBROIDERY.

Hardly less dainty is a bodice of pale daffodil yellow silk, trimmed with heavy gold embroidery. The outline of the neck achieved in designing this bodice is remarkably successful, and the tapering effect at the waist, accomplished by a clever adjustment of the embroidery, also helps to make the bodice as stylish as it is. Another happy idea is the gold fringe which hangs from the embroidery where it meets at the center of the bodice in front, and where it forms a puff for the gracefully puffed sleeves.

Most Frenchy in effect is the bodice trimmed with rows of narrow flutings, held in place by Oriental embroidery. Rather a wide effect is given across the shoulders, as the flutings make almost a straight line across the front, the gown being caught up by jaunty ribbon bows upon the shoulders. This arrangement leaves the shoulders bare and gives the appearance of a slashed sleeve. It is one of the very newest ideas and emphasizes wonderfully the good points of a pretty shoulder.

A SUCCESSFUL SLEEVE.

A similar effect is given by a bodice which is of pale mauve velvet, with a draped satin front. The bodice proper opens with a coat effect over the draped front and has very small lapels, which are widest at the shoulder line. Large buttons are used at the waist and beneath the lapels. The prettiest part of the bodice is the sleeve, which is also made of satin. The shoulder is left entirely uncovered, save for the narrow lapels, and the loose drapery of the sleeve sinks in charmingly negligee fashion nearly to the elbow. A more becoming sleeve could hardly be designed, and the flounce is probably as dainty as any that will appear during the winter.

Soft crepes and silks are particularly in demand for bodices now, because of their capacity for being draped, and draping is one of the most prominent features of the new gowns.

BLACK TRIMMED LINGERIE.

New underwear has a decidedly funereal tinge. Pure white linen garments, lace or ribbon trimmed, are no longer fashionable. To be quite up-to-date the dainty skirt or corset cover must have a wide edge of black embroidery. This is a French idea, but it was quickly adopted by American women, many of whose wardrobes have now a decidedly half-mourning air.

The embroidery used is very wide and usually very fine. A tiny sample of it is sufficiently dismal, but the new garments have rows upon rows of it, the craze for deep, overlapping flounces being at a climax. At intervals the sober effect is accentuated by a broad black ribbon bow, and the scheme is even carried out so far as to have each garment fastened by tiny black buttons.

A very striking petticoat which was made recently for a New York woman was finished by several deep flounces of the black embroidery and adorned by numberless black bows. The addition of the black is supposed to give a very chic effect, and in some of the daintiest underwear the gloomy effect is possibly not so manifest. At all events it is characteristically a French fancy, and has been taken up by New York women with all the enthusiasm which anything Parisian evokes.

LATE STYLE IN HATS.

## BLAZING WITH GEMS.

### An Expensive Call of Imperious Dame Fashion.

The fashionable woman this winter is positively sensational. She sparkles. But it is not due to her wit. It is merely a matter of clothes. When she is arrayed in her best costume she is ablaze with jewels from her head to her toes. As a spectacular figure in ball room or drawing room she has never had an equal in this or any other age, says the New York Journal.

To deck herself with jewels is her very latest fad. And she does not use the dazzling gems sparingly. Women of fashion and economy have never been very friendly, and this season they are not even speaking acquaintances. Yet the gems are not genuine. They are mock jewels, but so cleverly made that it is almost impossible to distinguish them from the real gems. They are rhinestones so finely cut that they sparkle like a diamond of the purest water, and there are violet, yellow, green and blue quartz, which make effective substitutes for amethyst, topaz, emerald and sapphire. And the novelty of it all constitutes one of the most significant features of the modern tendency toward a pronounced style of dressing.

BRILLIANTS EVERYWHERE.

Now for the manner in which the woman of fashion makes use of them. They sparkle from her hat and the revers and cuffs of her coat. They form a glistening circle around her waist. They gleam among the soft meshes of the laces which she wears. They are used to embroider her party gowns, and as trimmings they can be bought by the yard.

Then there are jewelled fabrics this season which are as costly as they are gorgeous. Jewelled veils are another novelty of the hour, as well as jewel-embroidered dancing slippers. The newest pocketbook is jewelled; likewise the latest muff.

JEWELLED SPANGLES.

Many of these jewelled novelties, particularly those used as trimmings, are combined effectively with spangles and sequins. The gauze trimmings for evening costumes show flowers made of tiny spangles, with a jewel in the center, or the entire flower made of gems.

The prettiest of the spangles come in iridescent colors, and when formed into flowers are most effective. When a large design is to be wrought in spangles, they frequently alternate with jewels the same size.

A design of true lovers' knots on a pale pink moire gown was of spangles in changing shades of green rhinestones.

A number of French dancing gowns are trimmed with lace flowers, appliqued to the fabric, and then showered with jewels. Most dazzling effects are produced in this way.

These imitation jewels, when adorning a costume, are in a variety of designs. The floral pattern is much in favor, but conventional and lace designs are also in demand.

BLACK VELVET AND JEWELS.

The illustration shows the extent to which the jewelled fad has been carried by fashionable women. Every visible article of wearing apparel sparkles with jewels; yet the costume is by no means one in bad taste. On the other hand, it is one of the most magnificent costumes of the season. It is appropriate to wear in making a formal call or in attending a 5 o'clock tea.

The gown is of black velvet, and the jewels which make it sparkle are imitation emeralds, both white and pink rhinestones and amethysts, which are perfect enough to make them appear real.

The waist is made with a bolero jacket of a gold bullion fabric, exquisitely embroidered in jewels. The jewels are wrought in a conventional floral design, and stand out conspicuously against their shimmering background. To give the effect of a double bolero, an inch or so of black velvet extends beyond the bullion jacket. A jabot of Italian point lace, the design traced with tiny jewels, forms a soft, becoming vest.

Around the waist is a black velvet crush belt, which, at the left side, is formed in a bow. Through the center of the bow a jewelled buckle is caught.

A SUNBURST OF DIAMONDS.

The collar is made with a stock of black velvet, which, at each side, is arranged in three loops. Back of the loops there is a high, full frill of bullion, veiled with white chiffon. In the center of the stock a real jewelled brooch is fastened. It is a sunburst of diamonds and emeralds.

The sleeves of this gown are extremely novel. They are made of black velvet. At the shoulder there is a small puff. Below the puff there are five tine velvet tucks, and between each tuck there are two rows of tiny jewels, one in mock emeralds and the other in rhinestones.

The rest of the sleeve is plain and tight fitting. At the wrist it forms a bell cuff, which falls over the hand. The cuff is studded with a row of rhinestones, which look like dewdrops against the black velvet.

The back of the bodice is embroidered with jewels. Two black velvet sash ends

## THE BLUES.

### A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF THE DREADFUL FEELING.

**What Is Meant by This Form of Acute Misery—Where Doctors Make Mistakes.**

When a cheerful, brave, light-hearted woman is suddenly plunged into that perfection of misery, the BLUES, it is a sad picture.

It is usually this way:—

She has been feeling "out of sorts" for some time; head has ached, and back also; has slept poorly; been quite nervous, and nearly fainted once or twice; head dizzy, and heart has beat very fast; then that bearing-down feeling. Her doctor says, "cheer up, you have dyspepsia; you'll be all right soon."

But she doesn't get "all right." She grows worse day by day, till all at once she realizes that a distressing female complaint is established.

Her doctor has made a mistake.

She has lost faith in him; hope vanishes; then comes the brooding, morbid, melancholy, everlasting BLUES Her doctor, if he knew, should have told her and cured her, but he did not, and she was allowed to suffer. By chance she came across one of Mrs. Pinkham's books, and in it she found her very symptoms described and an explanation of what they meant. Then she wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice, feeling that she was telling her troubles to a woman. Speedy relief followed, and vigorous health returned.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound instantly asserts its curative powers in all those peculiar ailments of women. It has been the standby of intelligent American women for twenty years, and the story recited above is the true experience of hundreds of women, whose letters of gratitude are to be found on file in Mrs. Pinkham's library.

start from the waist line and fall to the bottom of the skirt. They also are embroidered with jewels, and the same conventional design which adorns the back of the bodice is carried out on the sash ends. Jewels trimmine front of the skirt. They appear like two narrow panels, bordering the front breadth.

HAT AND MUFF BEJEWELLED.

The hat worn with this gorgeous costume was designed purposely for it. It is a black velvet creation with a soft crown much like a Tam O'Shanter, and a brim which curves up effectively at the sides and the back. Under the crown is a broad band of gold bullion thickly studded with jewels, and a line of jewels stud the edge of the brim. At the left side of the hat is perched a merle bird with jewelled eyes, and above the wings, with their shaded tints of greens and blues, a paradise plume.

The muff has also been made to order. The muff hal also been made to order to match the gown, and it, too, sparkles with jewels. It is made of emerald green velvet embroidered with mock gems. A long Russian sable tail is coiled around the velvet, and a little sable head nestles close to the muff at the side right under the broad lace frills which finish the muff. Another jewel, but this time a genuine one, forms the top of the gold purse which the fashionable woman lets swing from a fine gold chain worn about her neck. In this case the gem is an emerald, and the long gold chain is caught here and there by a small emerald, or if emeralds are too expensive, tourmalines are used. The gloves worn with this costume are fawn color, stitched with tiny green stones.

THE COST OF IT ALL.

The money that it takes to sparkle in this fashion, even when the gems are mock jewels, is something sad to contemplate. The fact that every particle of jewelling is hand work adds greatly to the price of the different garments. It takes an astonishing length of time to make a jewelled gown. When spangles and sequins are used they are also sewed by hand.

Here is the approximate estimate of the cost of the costume shown in the illustration: Velvet gown, embroidered in jewels, $600; hat, $50; gloves, $7; muff, $50; jewelled lace scarf which forms the jabot, $30; mock jewelled buckle, $15; making a total of $752. This does not reckon in the cost of the real jewels used to form the brooch, the top of the purse or those which stud the gold chain. The sunburst brooch may cost anywhere from $200 to $1000, and the purse and chain might be bought for $75 or $250, according to the value of the gems used.

The jewelled craze has taken fast hold of the fashionable umbrella handle. It glistens with gems in a most up-to-date manner. The newest fans, too, are sprinkled with jewels, and gems are also [illegible] upon the sticks.

Leather pocketbooks, as well as the gold purses, are studded with gems in various ways. Some of the new monkey skin pocketbooks have the corners capped with gold, and each gold corner glistening with a jewel. Other costly pocketbooks have the circle which is cut out to show the face of a watch bordered with jewels, so that the watch looks as though it were framed in gems. Then there are the leather pocketbooks, decorated with an enamel flower, the center of which is a radiant jewel. A tan-colored pocketbook has a green enamel four-leaf clover.

OTHER JEWELLED NOVELTIES.

The satin dancing slippers with jewelled toes are dainty and beautiful, as well as inconveniently expensive. Then there are many jewelled accessories to the feminine toilet which are encrusted with jewels where no design whatever is carried out.

In addition to the imitation jewels, a greater number of real gems are worn this year than for many seasons past. The gold mesh purses which are so much in vogue have a large gem for their top. And the gold chain from which the purse swings is caught here and there by a jewel. Lorgnettes now have their handles studded with jewels, and the most costly umbrella handles are treated in the same fashion. Jewelled garter buckles are not uncommon, nor jewelled buckles.

The jewelled slippers are made in various ways. Some of them are embroidered with tiny beads and jewels worked together to form a set design. Others have the toe studded with one large jewel. The effect of the glistening jewel on the toe of a dainty satin slipper as it peeps out from beneath a party gown is quite bewitching. It is sure to attract an unusual amount of attention. The evening slippers which are made with straps over the instep are also embroidered in jewels. A pair of bronze slippers made in this style showed the toe studded with green and white rhinestones and the straps embroidered in the same way. Another pair of bronze slippers were made with one large topaz gleaming from the toe. White satin wedding slippers are encrusted with pearls and are very beautiful. Occasionally rhinestones are mingled with the pearls, so that the slippers glitter. And there are jewel-studded stockings, as well as jewelled slippers. They are among the most exclusive novelties in hosiery, and only a few dozen pairs have been imported this season. The stockings are of the finest silk, and the jewels appear only over the instep. One pair of white silk stockings had the instep entirely of lace, the design picked out with tiny rhinestones and jet beads. To match the jewel-studded bronze slippers there are bronze silk stockings, with bits of imitation topaz studding the lacework instep.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

## GOSSIP OF ★ ★ THE STAGE.

The well-known Irish comedian Joseph Murphy will be at the Lyceum next Monday and Tuesday. This actor has succeeded in making for himself an enduring place in the Milesian drama. What Joseph Jefferson and Rip Van Winkle are to contemporary comedy Joseph Murphy and his Hibernian dramas, "The Kerry Gow" and "Shaun Rhue," are to the tens of thousands of patrons of the theater who enjoy the comedies redolent of old Ireland, her humor and her pathos, her wit and her belligerency, her trials and her endurance, her suffering and her courage. Joseph Murphy is a trained actor of the old school. To thorough knowledge of the histronic art he adds a personal magnetism that invests his efforts with an indescribable yet undeniable charm—a pleasing mystic force that is part of the man, which enchains while delighting

his audiences. The enduring merit of his efforts is attested by the number of years the public has demanded him in "Kerry Gow" and "Shaun Rhue."

It is in the second act of the latter drama that Mr. Murphy as Larry, with a heart overladen with grief, lingers by the side of the grave of his mother before taking his departure from the land he loves so well to sing in his own touching style "A Handful of Earth." It never fails to move audiences to a pathetic sympathy with Larry's mood. Equally absorbing, although appealing to the humorous side of human nature, is Mr. Murphy's consummate acting in the horse shoeing scene of the Kerry Gow. As the heavy-handed, light-hearted, clear-headed blacksmith, Mr. Murphy is quite as interesting as in Larry, though in a diametrically opposite direction. Like the skilled artist that he is, he can at his will move an audience to tears or convulse it with uncontrollable laughter.

The star brings with him the best company yet seen in his support, and it has been his undeviating practice to surround himself with actors and actresses of more than average merit.

An American has written Sara Bernhardt a new play, a play which she herself planned, in which she expects to score a great success. This is Dr. Louis H. Frechette, of Montreal. He is a French-American, a noted scholar and the man who translated Shakespeare for the Comedie Francaise, in Paris. The play is just finished and is now on its way to France. About a year ago Bernhardt came to see Dr. Frechette and said: "I want a new play, with a part written especially for me. I have been hampeerd by my former plays. These dear authors have tried their best to understand my artistic temperament, but even Sardou has only partly succeeded. They do not know my capacity, my desires, my feelings, as well as I do. They have given me some beautiful pieces, but they have not given me an apportunity to show myself at my best. This time I will choose my character myself, and you shall write the play, 'mon cher maitre.'"

Then she unfolded her plan. The character she had chosen was that of Veronica Cybos (pronounced "Chibo"), a new character in Florentine history.

The opportunity for scenic display and gorgeous costuming is unlimited. The time is the early part of the seventeenth century; the place, Florence. It is in the reign of Ferdinand II, and the atmosphere is charged with intrigue, conspiracy and murder. The leading character is that of a rich noblewoman of uncertain age and indifferent attractions, who gave her hand and fortune to the duke of San Juliano, a young, handsome and impecunious gallant whose diet consists of broken hearts, duels and debts. The play was read to a company of fashionable French-Canadian people in Montreal the other evening.

It opens in the castle of San Juliano, where Veronica and her husband have a love scene, wherein the affection displayed is all on one side. There is talk among the company about the trouble which the great scientist Galileo is having with the church of Rome, and during this a letter is brought to the duke from his mistress, Stella. The Duchess Veronica suspects this, and, as the duke leaves, works herself into a jealous rage, which is increased by the remark of a child who, when he sees her weep, exclaims: "How ugly you are!" Accompanied by a devoted Moorish retainer, she goes to Florence to wreck vengeance upon her husband's mistress.

In the second act they are discovered in the street where the protector of Galileo lives. The emissaries of the grand inquisitor of Rome have arrived to take away Galileo, if necessary, by force. The protector of Galileo defends his guest and the cause of science against the unjust suspicions of the church, and calls upon the Florentine soldiers to drive the inquisitors away. In the midst of all this turmoil the moor has become acquainted with a tipsy soldier, who, it appears, is the brother of Stella, the woman they are looking for. The moor manages to steal the key of his sister's house from him.

They enter Stella's house in the third act and hide themselves in an alcove. Soon Stella enters with a candle in her hand. She has a presentiment that something terrible is going to happen and is unable to sleep. She also expects a visit from Lorenzo, by which name she only knows the duke. He comes in, and there is a pretty love scene, which is being watched by Veronica and the moor. While this goes on the tipsy soldier, Veronica's brother, enters and recognizes in his sister's lover the duke. He denounces him, and Stella promises to give him up. The duke throws the brother a purse, but the latter indignantly spurns it. Later Stella repents, and calls the duke, and he finally leaves her with a promise to return in the morning. When he is gone a terrible scene ensues between Veronica and Stella, to which the moor is a silent listener. Veronica declares that Stella must die, and the latter, in her terror, grovels at the feet of the woman she has knowingly wronged and begs her to spare her life, pleading her youth and innocence. But Veronica is implacable, and tells the moor that she must have Stella's head. The moor takes her at her word. He drags the young woman into the alcove. There is a struggle, and the moor comes out carrying the head of his victim in the fold of his cloak. The act ends by the brother returning more drunk than ever, only to faint over his sister's headless corpse.

The fourth act depicts the excitement over the mysterious murder, and hints that the duke and Veronica have been mixed up with it. The duchess is haggard and ill, and the duke suspects her. An officer of the Florentine guard comes in and desires the duke to explain how it is that a purse bearing his arms was found near the murdered girl. The duke is about to accuse Veronica of the deed, when the moor steps forward and accuses himself, making a full confession, which exonerates Veronica. The last and fifth act is one of retribution, and ends with the death of Veronica, who wastes away from remorse and the knowledge that she has lost her husband forever.

It is a question which is the better story teller, Wilton Lackaye or Maurice Barrymore, but whenever they meet the one is a complement to the other. One day last summer Lackaye and Barrymore were swapping stories with others of the brethren at the Lambs' club in New York, and the publication of a certain autobiography became the topic. The author of the book is a well-known entertainer who is popularly supposed to have never been separated from his money even for a moment since his birth.

"So he is going to publish his autobiography, is he?" said Lackaye—"with the accent on the buy, I hope."

"No," quickly responded Barrymore, "with the accent on the 'ought to!'"

Minnie Maddern Fiske began her tour in Chester, Pa., on Thanksgiving day and will proceed directly South, where she will play in the leading cities. Experts of drama and those who saw the remarkable development of this actress last season say that in her new play, "The Right to Happiness," Mrs. Fiske has a medium for the display of every shade of her great talent.

In this drama she is said to have a character at once complex and sympathetic and one wholly new to the stage. The story of the play is declared to be absorbingly interesting and finally happy, and those who witnessed the closing rehearsals in New York are enthusiastic both over the play itself and because it fits this unique actress so admirably. Mrs. Fiske is this season under the management of A. M. Palmer.

Not without reaon does the New York Dramatic Mirror call attention to the fact that the leases of two or three New York theaters are in the market. The tenant of one well-known establishment is eager to get rid of it at any price, and in another case the house has been offered at a rental of $10,000 less than the owner has received hitherto. Of New York it is especially true that theaters are worse than useless to managers unless they can either exploit or control enough of the better attractions to keep them on a steadily paying basis. In New York competition is feverishly active; the public rejects plays and stars that enjoy deserved popularity elsewhere; stupid and ignorant criticism is the order of the day, combined with an evident preference to whoop up trash and sensationalism, on the principle, perhaps, that it goes with the prevalent journalistic policy of appealing to vulgar and vitiated tastes; the cost of conducting a metropolitan theater is greater than that of conducting a theater anywhere else in the land, while the opportunities for profit are comparatively smaller. In these circumstances is it strange that theater management is a hazardous business; that managers frequently get into tight places, and that it is easier to lease a New York playhouse than to pay its rent?

How four girls from the Jack and the Beanstalk company went thirsty—and perhaps hungry—to bed, is a story that Yale boys are telling each other with great delight. The young ladies, who are as pretty a quartet as could be selected from the array of fair ones in the handsome company, have had a suite of rooms in the third story of an apartment-house, near the Hyperion, the past week, and just across an alleyway are the rooms of half a dozen Yale men, says the New Haven Register. The girls are, naturally much fatigued from their labors every night, and have been in the habit of going to their rooms immediately after the evening performance, eating a light lunch, enjoying a drink of beer and retiring. To keep their liquid refreshment cool, they have set it on the sill of the main window of their parlor, about nine feet across from the window of the Yale boys.

On Friday afternoon about dusk the boys decided on some fun, and while the young ladies were absent rigged up a fishpole with a lasso attachment and, bottle by bottle, hooked the beer across to their window. The boys might have stolen the beer, but they didn't want beer, they wanted fun, and they stood the bottles, untouched, on the sill of their own window. Then they had a sign as big as a campaign banner, painted, inscribed "Drink With Us," and hung it just over the beer.

When Friday night's performance was over the girls made for their room and prepared for a lunch. They threw open the window and one of them said, "Why, where's our beer?" They couldn't find it, and searched all through the room in vain. Finally one of them caught sight of the bottles in the opposite window, and she shouted: "Why, there it is across there." The girls held a council, wondered how it got there, whether it was really their beer or not, and how they could get it. Then they spied the sign, and by lighting a newspaper, read it.

They uttered some very angry language when they realized that they had been fooled, but could hit on no plan to get back their beer. They called for the Yale men, but the latter were hiding behind the curtains of an opposite window and didnt want to be seen. The girls went beerless to bed. The boys finally repented. They had witnessed the tears of the thirsty girls and one of them said: "I think its too bad."

Another said: "And they were such pretty girls, too."

But the boys decided not to disturb the young ladies by returning their beer that night. Next morning, however, the young ladies found, when they opened their door, the beer, with the sign hung around the bottles, and they read the words, which sounded far less ironical than the night before: "Drink with us."

Adelaide Herrmann does not appear to be more than 25 or 26, but her amiable wizard of a husband will not allow her to tell her age. Just how old Herrmann is no one can even guess. Whenever he is, however, he is the youngest in health and spirits. He will not let even the children underbid him in this.

Thomas W. Keene is the owner of a famous historical place where he lives on Staten Island, N. Y. It is situated at Castleton Corners, one of the most beautiful spots on the island. The house is an old-fashioned structure, and part of it was used as the headquarters of American generals during the revolution possesses peculiar interest. Many people from New York and elsewhere have visited the spot to see this celebrated house, which Mr. Keene has filled with many relics of bygone days and mementoes of his career on the stage. The colection is very interesting, and one might spend hours with pleasure and profit looking at the various relics and hearing their history. Historians relate that under one of the apple trees which stood in Mr. Keene's garden, and which was finaly cut down because of age and decay, revolutionary generals held a very important conference regarding the line of their campaign against their foreign foes. There are other trees standing, however, that while suffering from advanced age, possess almost equal historical interest. The tragedian finds in his beautiful and somewhat secluded country home a pleasant spot to pass the summer days in seeking relaxation and physical strength from the exacting duties of his professional travels.

The public have no idea of the number of letters which successful women on the stage receive from unknown admirers. There is a young man in New York, who has for three or four years been writing lengthy letters of adoration to Jessie Bartlett Davis, and who seems to feel that it is his mision to attract her from the giddy influence of the stage to the quiet of domestic life. Of course, she never replied to these letters, but they arrived with invariable regularity, and finally her unknown correspondent became a positive nuisance. When ever she came to New York he would send in his card and beg to see her, while she had to resort to much strategy to avoid him. At last his letters assumed a threatening tone, and when Miss Davis was at Murray Hill theater in New York, a few weeks ago, he came to the stage door and demanded an interview. His audacity caused him to be pretty roughly handled one night by some of the male members of the company, and then he wrote a scathing letter to the pretty contralto of the Bostonians, declaring that he would abduct her some evening. Miss Davis employed a detective, established his identity and communicated with his parents, who apologized for the young man's conduct and promised to see that she was not annoyed any more. But he kept up his letter writing, and even now she receives epistolary sobs and walls from the disappointed one, who begs her to let him save her from the evil influence of the stage. His family say he is demented on the subject.

R. A. Barnet was coming out of the New York Casino on the first night of "Jack and the Beanstock" when he heard the following dialogue between two chapples: "I suppose you have seen Madge Lessing in almost everything?" "Yes, and in almost nothing. Why?" "I want to ask you which you consider her best part?" "Her leg, dear boy," was the quick retort.

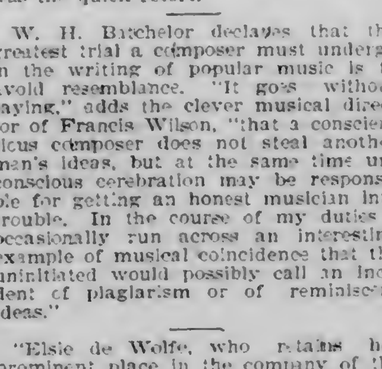
W. H. Batchelor declares that the greatest trial a composer must undergo in the writing of popular music is to avoid resemblance. "It goes without saying," adds the clever musical director of Francis Wilson, "that a conscientious composer does not steal another man's ideas, but at the same time unconscious cerebration may be responsible for getting an honest musician into trouble. In the course of my duties I occasionally run across an interesting example of musical coincidence that the uninitiated would possibly call an incident of plagiarism or of reminiscent ideas."

"Elsie de Wolfe, who retains her prominent place in the company of the Empire theater, though she will have no part in this season's play, 'Under the Red Robe,' has been warmly praised in many cities for her acting of Agnes in 'Marriage,' that witty and ironical comedy that was neglected by the New York theater goers last winter. Miss De Wolfe has lately made much progress in her art, and her delineation of the subtleties of the Hon. Mrs. Chudleigh, whose assumption of innocence conceals a purposeful and designing nature, is one of her best achievements." So writes Edward A. Dithmar, in the New York Times.

"In university towns," says James O'Neill, "there is seldom a lack of 'supers' for theatrical shows, for the students think it quite a lark to go on the stage as Romans or other belligerents. Some of them are so placed that an addition of 50 cents a night to their income is not unacceptable, but there are others who are willing to pay for the privilege of carrying banners in order to flirt with the 'ladies of the ballet.' It is whispered that the captain of the supes in a well known Boson' playhouse has been able to make a profitable investment in real estate with the offerings of Harvard students who made a debut in his corps. It is said, too," adds Mr. O'Neill, "that Henry Irving had Oxford students among his auxilliaries when he first came to America. They saw the country at little cost."


THE GRANDEST REMEDY.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowle, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by the use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

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## A SEA WANDERER.

### Vessel Floated 6000 Miles Before She Was Caught.

One of the most remarkable derelicts in the history of modern navigation met not long ago the fate which sooner or later overtakes these menaces to the shipping of the world. She was a first-class oak ship, guaranteed by her builders for fifteen years from the date of her completion in 1890, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

She was engaged in the lumber trade, which in all probability furnishes more derelicts than all the other carrying trades put together. The lumber seems to give a certain buoyancy to the vessels and prevents them sinking, even when waterlogged. The Alma Cummings, for that was her name, was wrecked in the early part of last year, and had to be abandoned by her captain and crew. In the hope of preventing her being a source of danger to the other ships, the men set fire to her before they left her. The seas, however, put out the flames when they reached the water line.

When she was sighted, a couple of days after she had been fired, some of the lumber was still smouldering. It was this attracted notice to her. In the course of these forty-eight hours she had drifted some sixty miles.

Two or three weeks later she was again encountered about 550 miles from the place where she had been wrecked having drifted across the gulf stream. Continuing her course, she got into the regular "steamship lane," as it is called, and was off the Banks of Newfoundland by the end of March, 1895, some six weeks after she had been abandoned. She had then drifted about 1200 miles.

During April and May in the same year, she was occasionally seen on the southern tack, and then nothing was heard of her until March of this year, when she was encountered by the captain of the British ship Ormiston, over 1000 miles to the south of where she was seen in May last year. During this period of nine months and a half she covered apparently about 3000 miles. In all probability, however, it was much greater, for she most likely became entangled in the weed of the Saragossa sea, and drifted about in it from side to side, instead of going directly to the south.

It has been calculated that during her wanderings over the Atlantic, from the place where she was abandoned to the island of the San Blas coast in the Caribbean sea, where she was being picked to pieces by the Indians, she covered a distance of considerably over 6000 miles. In other words, she had traversed the distance between Liverpool and New York and back.

The most wonderful thing is that although they are frequently passed by steamers, these derelicts seldom or never are run into, and, therefore, cause no damage, although they are considered a menace to the safety of the seas.


DAMAGING A REPUTATION.

The reputation, originally good, of many proprietary articles, is in some instances damaged by that most egregious of all business follies, flamboyant advertising. The public soon becomes disgusted with an article concerning which statements are made with the evident design of hoodwinking it, by reckless claims of impossible merits. It has ever been the aim of the proprietors of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to make the published allegations relating to it conform with reason and proven facts. That they have succeeded in this laudable design is shown by the fact that their remedy is not only popular, but widely respected. Experience without the aid of bombast, has demonstrated that it is a safe tonic of the first order, a safe and thorough remedy for and preventive of malarial diseases, a salutary anti-spasmodic and remedy for debility, and a capital corrective of disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels.


## Notice of Application

### For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Jefferson Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of four hundred eighty-five (485) dollars and thirty-nine (39) cents, upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in Jefferson street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Fourteenth avenue east to a point 250 feet west of Fourteenth avenue east, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 7, Banning & Ray's sub-division.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works. (Seal)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

## ASSESSMENT

### FOR Sprinkling District No. 5.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of the following streets and avenues in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, to-wit: Third avenue west, from First street to Second street; Second street, from Sixth avenue west to Sixth avenue east; Sixth avenue east, from Second street to Third street, and Third street, from Sixth avenue east to Second avenue east; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of three hundred seventy-two (372) dollars and ninety (90) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: R. MURCHISON, (Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.


What is

CASTORIA

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Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.


## Notice of Application

### For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Helm Avenue.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of two thousand seventy-seven (2077) dollars and nine (9) cents, upon the real estate benefited by grading and otherwise improving Helm avenue, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-eight avenue west to Thirtieth avenue west, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 1, 2 and 3, block 5; lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, block 6; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 13; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7, block 14, all in Helm Addition: lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32, block 6; the northerly 100 feet of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, and all of lots 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, block 2, all in Marine Division.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works. (Seal)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

## ASSESSMENT

### FOR Sprinkling District No. 3.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Lake avenue, from Superior street to the ship canal; Michigan street, from Second avenue east to Sixth avenue west; and Fifth avenue west, Fourth avenue west, Third avenue west, Second avenue west, First avenue west, First avenue east and Second avenue east, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Michigan street to Superior street; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred eight (708) dollars and eighty-six (86) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: R. MURCHISON, (Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.


SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

*Sold by all druggists.*


## ASSESSMENT

### FOR Sprinkling District No. 2.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for sprinkling First street, from Seventh avenue west to Third avenue east; and Second avenue east, First avenue east, Lake avenue, First avenue west, Second avenue west, Third avenue west, Fourth avenue west, and Fifth avenue west, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Superior street to First street; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred five (705) dollars and seventy (70) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: R. MURCHISON, (Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

## Notice of Application

### For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Fifth Alley.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota, November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of two hundred twenty (220) dollars and fifty-one (51) cents, upon the real estate benefited by grading and otherwise improving the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Second avenue west to Mesaba avenue, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lot 34, West Fifth street, and lots 33, 35, 37, 39 and 41, West Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First Division; lots 39 and 41, block 52, Duluth Proper, Third Division.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works. (Seal)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

# AMONG THE SPORTS.

New York, Dec. 5.—A 6-day international bicycle tournament will run through the whole of next week in Madison Square garden. Such famous American professionals as Shock, Walker, Alberts, Golden and Ashinger have entered, but the interest centers in the world beaters from Europe. These include such men as William Lumsden, champion of Scotland, who has beaten Jimy Michael several times; Tom Linton, who holds the world's hour record; W. Chapple, former amateur champion

TOM LINTON.

of the same country; J. Platt-Betts, holder of the English record at one mile, and the international one-mile record in competition made at Copenhagen a few months ago, and A. A. Chase, champion of the world at sixty-two miles, and his brother, Tom Chase.

Linton is one of the greatest middle distance riders the world has today. In Europe his name is a household word in cycledom. He is a brother of Arthur Linton, who died last summer from excessive road-racing. Tom has the honor of being the first man to ride thirty-one miles an hour. He did this a few weeks ago. He had no sooner done it than J. W. Stocks went him a few yards better, going thirty-one miles forty-eight yards. Then Linton went at the record again and managed to top Stock's record, put-

WILLIS LUMSDEN.

ting the hour figures where they now stand, at thirty-one miles 528 yards. Platt-Betts is by odds the fastest "disch" rider in England. As a goer against the watch, he is about such a flier as John S. Johnson. Chase is one of the crack long-distance men of Europe. There are only two others in the class with him; thew are Stocks and Constant Huret, of France. Stocks and Chase have been "having it" back and forth the last summer as representatives of rival chain firms. It is expected that in this match some indoor records will be made. The most picturesque fellow on the track, one can rest assured, will be the "fly from bonnie Scotland." Lumsden has an inclination to wear the striking garb

J. PLATT BETTS.

of his country and he has been charming Parisians recently by an exhibition of eccentricity in apparel. The Chase brothers are likely to do some tandem record-riding. Oct. 27, at the Crystal palace track, London, they cut the world's mile-tandem record of McGregor and Nelson from 1:50 1-5 to 1:48 1-5, and in 3-5 seconds inside the precious best world's record.

The racing carnival begins this evening, with a number of short events for professionals and amateurs, and will end with a one-hour-paced contest between J. F. Starbuck and James Michael. The track in Madison Square garden will be ten laps to the mile. Although the corners will be banked high, the smallness of the track is likely to prevent the men doing their best in the sprints.

• • •

Lester Reiff, the famous Wichita Kans., jockey, has just returned from England laden with freshly-earned laurels and bringing with him the cordial good wishes of thousands of English turfites, who accord him one of the highest places among the princes of the pigskin. During the season just closed, he wore the green and white of Mr. Wishard, whose American stable at Newmarket won more successes than any other stable of American horses running in England and, by his original riding methods, upset British racing traditions. He had his first winning mount there on May 28, in the Wilton welter handicap plate at Manchester, on which occasion he rode to victory the 3-year-old gelding Wishard, bred in the United States, by Bob Miles—Orange Blossom. Reiff had ridden one other winner up to the end of the first week in June, Helen Nichol, a 6-year-old chestnut mare, giving him a successful mount in the Epsom town plate, the first race of the Derby day.

Reiff is American born and bred. Although only 20 years old, he has seen a good deal of service in the saddle, having for the last five years been a horseman, and always occupying a good position in the winning list. Last season he was credited with something like a hundred successful mounts.

English sporting papers have given a great deal of attention to Reiff and his methods, and his picture adorns the pages of recent numbers of all the leading turf publications. The favorable impressions of American horsemanship which they confess to have received are credited to him. Reiff is particularly "nippy" at the starting post, and does not believe in riding "waiting" races. As he himself expresses it, "I like to make up ground when my horse is fresh, not when he is being asked to do his best." In this respect he differs radically from British riders.

"He gets away like a flash and gains so much in the first furlong that it is almost hopeless to try and catch him," is the way the English jockeys explain their numerous defeats. "Any attempt to live with him during that time would altogether demoralize our horses, who know not what it is to race from the very flag fall, and if asked to do so would get all abroad and never be properly balanced," said one of them.

• • •

The pugilistic G. A. R. will assemble at one of the New York clubs on the evening of Dec. 14, when Jem Mace, once the premier of all Engandle boxers, and Mike Donovan, who once occupied nearly as exalted a position in this country, will meet in a ten-round contest. It will be a battle a la the old school, and the sporting men of Gotham say there will not be a vacant chair in the building. Jem Mace is nearly 66 years of age, but of such remarkable and well preserved physique that he looks fifteen or twenty years younger, and every whit the hero of the 150 battles he has fought. There is no doubt but what he was the greatest boxer in his day, and in fact was considered peerless up to the time he met Charlie Mitchell several years ago and was whipped in a round. Donovan is a much younger man than the Englishman, yet anything but a spring chicken. He was a fighter from Fightesville in his time, and is yet rated as one of the most skillful exponents of the great art of self-defense in the country.

• • •

Fast miles for 1896 are now over, the season for extreme speed reached its close with the big Lexington meeting last month, and it will be useless to expect further additions to the 2:10 list. But it has been a great season. We come within a half second of seeing the 2-minute horse, and surely that was glory enough for one year. There are a good many competent judges who think that John R. Gentry could have got there, but that is problematical, as is the expectation that he will get there next year. His achievements this season were of a caliber to startle the horsey world and it is not very reasonable to expect him to do anything greater next year. It is not mahy years since 2:20 was a phenomenally fast record, but times and methods, as well as trappings, have changed, and now the 2:20 horse cuts but little figure from a racing standpoint. It is rarely the trainer has the temerity to start out on a campaign unless he has horses which have demonstrated to him their ability to trot or pace in 2:12 or better. Horses which have trotted or paced better than 2:12 this year are very numerous, and up to the present time the acquisitions to the 2:10 list are thirty-seven, of which thirty-one are pacers and six trotters.

• • •

Pat Carroll, the American professional distance champion runner of Waltham, Mass., has been matched against Mullen, the Irish champion of Dublin, for a 5-mile race for $100 a side. Carroll will leave for Ireland about holiday time, and should he defeat Mullen, will challenge Bacon, Conneff and Crossland for a series of races to be run while he is on the other side. Good judges of feet artists in this country think that Carroll will prove an easy winner, and there are some who say he is the best distance runner in the world. These international matches are becoming so numerous that they excite little or no more interest than purely local events. They are proving pretty conclusively, however, that the British athlete is not in it with the article we grow on this side, and, while the Johnny Bulls are getting any quantity of first-class sport they have failed thus far to get very much satisfaction out of it.

• • •

Pat Tobin, in an interview at St. Louis, said that the Cleveland club would not go to Hot Springs next spring, and that there would be no radical changes in the makeup of the team. He continued: "Our team has been playing together for several seasons, and each and every member of the club is thoroughly broken. We have different styles of play and a thorough study of the other teams in the league has given us a line of what kind of a game is the most effective against them. We know their moves are our meat. We know their tricks and rarely fail to down them with any kind of base ball luck."

• • •

It is said that W. H. Watkins, once manager of the Duluth Ball club, will manage the Philadelphias next season.

• • •

The college football season of 1896 has ended, the players have laid aside their harness and the rigorous training of months has been broken. To some of them the rest and relief from anxiety comes with joyful satisfaction, while to others with deep disappointment and the determination to win better fortune next fall. The season has been a particularly fortunate one for the game from the fact that there have been fewer injuries, less squabbling and rough play. No! a man has been put off the field for slugging. This certainly is a record to be proud of, and all lovers of the sport might well congratulate the players for their manly action in keeping the dirty elements out of the game. It is difficult to arrange the order of the "big four" definitely, but on a basis of scores in the big matches it must be stated thus: Princeton, of course, unquestionably first; Pennsylvania, which defeated Harvard by a narrow margin, second; Harvard, third, inasmuch as her defeat by Princeton was not so decisive as Yale's, and the New Haven team where it is not accustomed to be last.

• • •

The breach between W. W. Preston and the Duluth Curling club, which was serious enough for all purposes last week, has become a yawning gulf this week, and the wedge which increased the break was introduced by Mr. Preston himself. It is an action in law, in which he alleges breach of contract, and sues for $3000. Beyond an attempt at garnishment of the club's deposit in the American Exchange bank, no steps have been taken in the suit.

• • •

The Duluth Curling club appears to be as happy as though there had been no trouble whatever. It has made an advantageous deal in securing the Talk warehouse, both from a financial standpoint and because, it is claimed, the warehouse will make a better rink. Little preparation is necessary except the tedious working of making ice, and it was hoped to have rinks ready for play today. At any rate, curling will be in lively operation by next week. The club has nearly 200 members, and it is looking forward to a livley winter, one that will eclipse all previous years. Superior is going to have a bonspiel this winter, in which Duluth curlers will take part, and perhaps Duluth will have a bonspiel too. Whether there is one or not, however, there will be lots of curling. There is going to be a strong rivalry among the new rinks which have been formed, and the question of superiority will be a vexed one throughout the winter. The old curlers have been divided among the new rinks in such a manner that nearly all will be on an equal footing. There are strong possibilities in many of the new rinks, and there should be some exciting play.

• • •

An absurd rumor of a split in the Curling club itself was published during the week, and most emphatically denied. The only vestige of truth in the story was that a few of the curlers will play at the old Glen Avon rink at times during the winter. They will play there because they live there, and not because of any split in the club, with which they will play quite as much. The Glen Avon rink will be used for skating this winter, and undoubtedly one or two lees will be prepared for curling. Those curlers who live at Glen Avon and Woodland Park, who might otherwise find it hard to take care of the winter evenings, will thus pass a good many hours pleasantly.

• • •

W. W. Preston's new rink is rapidly nearing completion, and already it is in such shape that skating may and has taken place there. Monday night there was a large crowd on the new lee, and several times during the week there has been skating. The formal opening will take place Monday night, when a good band will be in attendance. Music will be furnished during the winter on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, and the rink will be open every day except Sunday.

• • •

The polo clubs have not yet made themselves manifest by any playing, though there is no reason why there should not be an extremely lively winter for polo as well as for curling. The Zenith club have been industriously endeavoring to get up games of polo or prison goal with any club, especially with the Superior clubs, but so far without avail.

• • •

Superior, with her customary enterprise, is talking of having a carnival this winter, and some of her most prominent citizens have endorsed the idea. Encouraging letters have been received from a number of northern towns, and it looks very much like a go. The plan is to devote a week, beginning about January, to the carnival, to have a palace of Lake Superior ice, and to have a sham battle between the Sioux and the Chippewas. The Superior Curling association will cooperate, and will have a bonspiel in connection with the carnival, in which Duluth players will take part. A meeting will be held next Tuesday to take the matter up and decide it.

• • •

The Zenith Polo club is talking of opening up the Endion rink again at the East End car barn. The barn has been given up by the Duluth Polo club, and as the Zeniths are in need of a place where they can practice, they will probably open the Endion rink.

### PUZZLES OF THE SAHARA.

M. Bonnel de Mezieres, member of the Maistre and Attanoux Missions, has expressed his opinion on the future of Sahara, to the effect that there is no doubt that immense sand ocean will be in time changed into a fruitful territory, says the Boston Transcript. "The Saraha rivers which I have crossed," says M. de Mezieres, "all hide a rich subterranean stratum of water, and form the natural passage to the Soudan, on which, with very little trouble, vegetation can be largely developed. In the South of Temassinin and in the Gharghars, there are groves of tamarind, gum trees, etc., two miles long, scarcely separated by grassy and clover-covered plains. The rivers, which in spring are full of water, are from three to ten miles wide.

"When the water retreats, the beds of the rivers are changed into rich meadows. The date seeds planted by Flatters at El-Biod have grown without the slightest care into fine trees, and the same is the fact also of the seeds planted near the cisterns of Tehalbalet, in spite of the inconsiderate manner in which the Tuaregs get in the harvest. These are not so sure in the Sahara as is supposed. The Tuaregs often assured our expedition that we should have to march two or three days without finding water, but very soon we found a little out of the path, some filled-up or otherwise purposely filled wells.

"For the Tuaregs, who serve as guides for caravans, always choose the most difficult and desolate routes, in order to keep the caravans in a state of dependency. Caravans will become more frequent; travelers will succeed each other, but the secret of the Sahara is well kept, and its reputation for bareness is still preserved. For example, Oscar Lenz crossed the Sahara and reached Timbuctoo without seeing anything but desert land, and yet he mentions that behind a chain of hills which he passed there was a place called by the natives 'The Head of the Waters.' Dr. Barth, who was for months in Tuareg camps, and was the guest and friend of Sheik El Bakey, was told innumerable facts about the traditions and manners of the land, but his geography was hidden from him. When Lieut. Hourst and Lieut. Bluyet explored the region and an arm of the Niger, they found a lake nearly 100 miles long. And when the officers of the Timbuctoo extended their excursions they found that not only one, but more than twenty lakes existed all very large, and stretching far to the north into the very heart of the supposed arid Sahara. If there be no water, and, therefore, no vegetation, where does the charcoal come from which is sold by the Tuaregs? Where do they find nourishment for the numerous camels, horses, sheep, asses and goats they possess?

New remedies are being constantly introduced to the public, but Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup still maintains its pre-eminence.


# INSANITY

## French Physician Has Discovered a Real Cure For the Malady.

## Recovery Wrought By Injection of Serum From a Cured Madman.

## Power of Anti-Toxin Demonstrated in a Very Remarkable Manner.

A real cure for insanity has at last been discovered. It consists in injecting into the veins of the lunatic serum taken from a person who has just recovered from madness. This is not a theory, but a fact, and Professor Vires of the Montpelier insane asylum, near Paris, has actually cured a patient by this method, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

It has for some time been an accepted fact in the medico-scientific world that the microbe or germ of insanity really exists. This germ courses with the blood through the human body, and places all the nerve cells in harmony with the madness that fills the brain. To successfully combat the influence of this microbe it is necessary to inject a serum or anti-toxin which shall prove the deadly enemy of the toxin, or germ of lunacy.

This is exactly what this French discoverer means, and the Parisian savant who has demonstrated the practicability of this new and remarkable theory has achieved a medical success that stands alone. To thoroughly understand the action of the microbe of insanity, which the serum from the former maniac has succeeded in overcoming, it must be understood that the duty of anti-toxin is to prevent the toxin, or germ, from making its way through the cells of the human organism.

The majority of experts' experience has shown the fact to be beyond question. Such famous men as Buchner, Ehrlich, Roux, Vaillard, Calmette and Bouchard vouch for it. So it is that the serum from the maniac, while it does not actually affect the toxin, really acts on the organism of the body and brain, putting the cells in such a condition that the toxin cannot pass through or even affect them.

There has been a marked inclination among medical men to deprecate the use of serum taken from the human body, although it has only been used in a somewhat crude form. This is largely due to the action of many doctors several years ago is using for purposes of inoculation against smallpox the agglutinized matter which had formed over the inclison on limbs of persons who had been vaccinated. It was found that in a number of instances this method actually resulted in the patient thus inoculated being stricken with the smallpox in most virulent form. Thus it was that the careful practitioner learned to look upon all that savored of human serum with disfavor.

The genius of the French physician has, however, taught the medical world a lesson in this respect, and possibly paved the way to other and equally wonderful results. It is not in the serum that the fault lies, but in the crude and improper method of utilizing it. The experience in the case of the maniac who was cured shows that experiment and perseverance, combined with genius, have accomplished exactly what the insanity experts and all the aids that medical science could give them have heretofore failed to learn.

The patient treated by the French doctor at the Montpelier asylum was a woman who suffered from lunacy in acute form. She combined the two most dangerous qualities that a lunatic may possess—keen intelligence, that her mania only seemed to intensify, and a marked inclination to do violence in any form possible. It was worse than a homicide mania. It was a mania of viciousness and death. Solely because of the qualities mentioned this woman was selected for the purpose of experiment.

Twenty injections of serum of five cubic centimetres each were administered, each injection being followed by apparent drunkenness, the patient then relapsing into profound slumber. The sleep of the patient was long and healthful, and when it came to an end, and the senses began their action, a marked improvement was noticeable. This change for the better, however, proved to be only temporary, for, after a few hours, the mental excitement became the same as before the serum was injected.

The doctors who conducted this experiment were undiscouraged by this fact. There had been a distinct improvement, though it only proved of a few hours' duration. If, they said to themselves, an improvement though silent can be brought about by means of twenty injections what will fotry injections accomplish? So the experiment was repeated, under exactly the same conditions as before, with the one exception that the injections were administered at longer intervals, extending over a period of twenty-four hours. What was the result? When the patient emerged from her heavy, dreamless sleep, it was found that reason had again resumed its sway. She was absolutely sane. Not a trace of the mania that had made her the most dangerous of all the patients in the Montpelier asylum remained.

The cure of this woman, Mlle. Felice Languerre, was permanent. There is no saner woman in Paris today than she. The only trace that remains of her madness, and that is hardly a trace of madness is that the entire period during which she was afflicted with lunacy, is a blank in her memory. A most important fact in connection with the new cure is that it does not impair the brain in the slightest, the opposite of the charge that has often been brought against so-called cures of various maniac which the human mind is heir to, and are not classed as what are considered mental disorders. Mlle. Languerre's mind is as bright as it ever was in her most mental days.

The feat of conquering the microbe of insanity is even more remarkable than it would seem at first thought. To begin with, the blood of human beings is a decidedly unfavorable medium for the development of microbes. Experiment has shown that only a small proportion of microbes introduced into the blood of a person live at all. Thus it may be seen that the surviving microbe is of great strength and power. To overcome its action the anti-toxin, or serum, must be possessed of great strength. The insanity microbe crude experiment has shown to be one of the most, if not the most dangerous of all microbes, because of its remarkable strength. This is probably the reason why it has never before succumbed to the attacks of all the forces that medical science could bring to bear.

It is believed that one result, and probably the most important of the successful experiment of Dr. Vires, will be that it will become possible to inoculate a person against insanity, just as now it is possible by the injection of virus into the blood of a person to prevent smallpox from claiming him as a victim. A well-known theory of some men of medicine is that there is in every brain the germ of insanity, and that it is developed to greater or less extent according to circumstances and environment. This theory makes it possible for almost any person to be made insane by sudden shock or emotional excitement. It will be practical by means of this new discovery to guard against insanity in any person of particularly nervous or emotional temperature, just as it is now possible to guard against smallpox, or save the diphtheretic patient from death.

The fact that insanity is hereditary makes the cure discovered in France the possible solution of a problem that has been an absolute mystery to the world ever since any one has known anything about medicines. If, the French physicians say, this serum from the human system cures madness, why may it not eliminate from the blood of persons cursed with hereditary lunacy the microbe that has caused them perpetual sorrow, and has wrapped their lives in a gloom that no ray of mental sunshine could penetrate. There have, of course, from time to time, been cases where physicians have hastened to herald the fact that a possible cure for madness had been discovered. Unfortunately, these cures have always been possible, not probable. The case of Mlle. Languerre stands alone. There has never been anything like it in the history of the world.

### A GREAT LOD LIFTED.

She had agreed to become his wife, says the Chicago Times Herald. For a long time he had sat in silence, too full of emotion to say anything, so great was his happiness at having at last achieved the fondest dream of his life. At length his face hitherto wreathed with smiles, became clouded. A scowl of annoyance settled upon it. She, who had been attentively watching his countenance, was quick to observe the change.

"What is the matter, George?" she asked in alarm. "You are not sorry you asked me to marry you and that I consented? Oh, George, I hope that is not it."

"No, dear. You know that I love you as never woman was loved before."

"Then what is it that causes you distress? Tell me that I may console you. It is the duty of a little wifey to comfort her husband in affliction, and I am going to be your little wifey. Ain't I, George?"

"Yes, darling, you are."

And there was silence, during which no sound fell upon the air except a noise like the popping of champaigne corks.

"Well, George, now tell me all about it."

"Well, dear, I was wondering what your father will say when I ask him for your hand. You are such a precious jewel that I dare not ask him for you. I feel as if I were robbing him of the most precious thing in the world."

"Well," she replied, "if that's all that's the matter with you I might as well tell you that father and I rehearsed the whole act last night after you left, and I am sure he will reflect credit upon my lessons when you speak to him."

And a great load was lifted from his heart, while he deposited another in his lap.

### BEST AND PUREST.

Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.

### EGYPT.

The present khedive of Egypt is Abbas II, who ascended the throne Jan. 7, 1892. The first independent viceroy of Egypt was Mehemet Ali Pacha in 1801, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Egypt has had a list of sovereigns extending back to prehistoric times. The first traditional sovereign of Egypt was Isis, whose reign is conjectured by different computators to have been somewhere between 250,000 and 25,000 years B. C. The first dynasty of which historic records remain began 2700 years B. C. From Isis to Alexander the Great there were twenty-six kings; then came fifteen Ptolemies, the rule of this dynasty closing with that of the infamous Cleopatra and her husband-brother, Ptolemy, in 51 B. C. The country was then made a Roman province, and remained under the rule of Rome until 638 A. D., when it passed under the control of the Saracens and was governed by the caliphs until 1163; when it fell under Turkish rule, until the accession of Mehemet Ali Pacha in 1801. The country is now virtually a dependency of Great Britain, and, although not formally a part of the British empire, is treated as such in all the government publications of England.

### IT PLEASED HIM

Indianapolis Journal: "I'm mighty glad them tight sleeves for women is coming back," said Mike the Grab.

"What's it to you?" asked his friend.

"Look kin now see what sort o' arm a woman's gal. I remember tryin' to swipe a young woman's dough—little weak-lookin' thing in the face—an' she soaked me so hard dat I wasn't able to be out for six months."

### HALF RATE EXCURSIONS.

South and West, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Tickets and particulars, ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.



## FREE TO EVERY MAN.

### THE METHOD OF A GREAT TREATMENT FOR WEAKNESS OF MEN.

### WHICH CURED HIM AFTER EVERYTHING ELSE FAILED.

Painful diseases are bad enough, but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his aid in the shape of a combination of medicines that not only completely restored the general health, but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor, and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the method of this wonderful treatment free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost, because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist, nor do I pose as an enthusiast, but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a remedy as the one that cured me. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the information, but send for it, and learn that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get are worth a fortune to some men and mean a lifetime of happiness to most of us. Write to Thomas Slater, box 296, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain sealed envelope.


## Notice of Application

### For an Order Confirming Final Assessment for Grading Palm Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota.
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of forty-one hundred ninety-three (4193) dollars and seventy-one (71) cents upon the real estate benefited by the grading of Palm street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Arlington avenue to the west line of Duluth Heights, Fifth division, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessments affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Lots 17 to 22, inclusive, block 1; lots 6 to 14, inclusive, block 2; lots 18 to 34, inclusive, block 3; lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 4; lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 5; lots 17 to 30, inclusive, block 6; lots 3 to 16, inclusive, block 7; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 8; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 9; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 10; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 11; and lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 12; all in Duluth Heights, Fifth division.

M. J. DAVIS.
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON.
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

## Notice of Application

### For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Seventh Alley.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota.
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of four hundred forty-four (444) dollars and eighty (80) cents, upon the real estate benefited by the grading of the alley between Sixth and Seventh streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Fifth avenue east to Sixth avenue east, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93 and 95, East Sixth street; lots 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92 and 94, East Seventh street; all in Duluth Proper, First Division. Lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 6, Norton's Division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal)
R. MURCHISON.
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5

## Notice of Application

### For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Fifth Alley.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota.
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of six hundred seven (607) dollars and twenty-five (25) cents upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-sixth avenue west to Twenty-seventh avenue west, with an outlet in Twenty-seventh avenue west to the alley between Third and Fourth streets, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessments affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions: viz:

All lots in block 119, Duluth Proper, Second division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON.
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

## ASSESSMENT

### FOR

### Sprinkling District No. 6.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn.,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Third street from Second avenue east to Fifth avenue west and Fourth street from Fifth avenue west to Sixth avenue east in the city of Duluth, Minnesota; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of three hundred ninety-one (391) dollars and seventy-one (71) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

## Notice of Application

### For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Seventeenth Avenue West.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of one hundred forty-nine (149) dollars and twelve (12) cents upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in Seventeenth avenue west, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Piedmont avenue, west to Superior street, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Lots 276, 278 and 280, block 56, and lot 274, block 57, Duluth Proper, Second division.

M. J. DAVIS.
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON.
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

## ASSESSMENT

### FOR

### Sprinkling District No. 4

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota.
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Superior street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-third avenue west to Fourteenth avenue west and Piedmont avenue in said city, from Fourteenth avenue west to Eighth avenue west; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred thirty-six (736) dollars and ninety-three (93) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2 and 5.

## ASSESSMENT

### FOR

### Sprinkling District No. 1.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for sprinkling Superior street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Eighth avenue west to Ninth avenue east; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D., 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred seventy-three (773) dollars and ninety-four (94) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shal have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 27, Dec. 2-5.